## BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2024

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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 September 16, 2024

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234 as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234 and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may

### <u>Independent Auditor's Report</u> Page Two

involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*. I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and schedule of employer's contribution, and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor and major fund financial statements and schedule of changes in net position - fiduciary funds, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the

### <u>Independent Auditor's Report</u> Page Three

underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 16, 2024, on my consideration of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

## BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmenta	al Activities
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash Investments Net Receivables Inventory	\$ 0 1,526,746 167,347 32,238	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		\$ 1,726,331
NONCURRENT ASSETS Long-Term Receivables Cash - Restricted Investments - Restricted Net OPEB Asset Non-depreciated Assets Capital Assets (net)	\$ 3,035 154,752 65,029 57,947 12,000 1,545,860	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		1,838,623
TOTAL ASSETS		3,564,954
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB Obligations Pension Obligations	\$ 40,237 514,874	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		555,111
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$ 57,708 255,217 5,022 102,060	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		420,007
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES  Net Pension Liability  Deferred Amount on Net Bond Premium  Capital Lease Payable (net of current portion)  Bond Payable (net of current portion)	\$ 990,116 1,545 35,748 85,000	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		1,112,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,532,416

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Sources OPEB Sources	Governmental Activities			
	\$ 0 23,788			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		23,788		
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,328,485			
Non-spendable: Inventory Restricted for:	32,238			
Debt Service	250,643			
Federal and State Programs	6,799			
Unrestricted	945,696			
TOTAL NET POSITION				
		\$ 2,563,861		

## BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Program Revenues		
			Operating	Capital
Primary Government		Charges for	•	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$ 1,568,514		\$ 1,873,661	
Support	169,636		60,060	
General Administrative	382,708			
Custodial/Maintenance	289,676		20,600	\$ 58,521
Student Transportation	83,585		63,998	
Non-Instructional - Food Service	117,492	\$ 14,547	74,570	
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	10,612		54,786	
Total Governmental Activities	2,622,223	14,547	2,147,675	58,521
Business-Type Activities				
None				
Total Business-Type Activities	0	0	0	0
T (   D : 0 )				
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,622,223	\$ 14,547	\$ 2,147,675	\$ 58,521

### General Revenue

Property Taxes State Formula Support Local Revenue Earnings on Investments

Total General Revenue

Changes in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position					
			Government		
G	Governmental Business-Type				
	Activities	Act	ivities		Total
\$	305,147 (109,576) (382,708) (210,555) (19,587) (28,375) 44,174 (401,480)			\$	305,147 (109,576) (382,708) (210,555) (19,587) (28,375) 44,174 (401,480)
	0	\$	0		0
	(401,480)		0		(401,480)
	100,103 524,838 24,431 90,703				100,103 524,838 24,431 90,703
	740,075		0		740,075
	338,595		0		338,595
	2,225,266		0		2,225,266
\$	2,563,861	\$	0	\$	2,563,861

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS , IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

100570	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted - Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted - Investments Property Taxes Receivable Due From Other Governments Other Local Receivables Interfund Receivables	\$ 1,526,746 1,911 102,381 1,362	\$ 4,922	\$ 57,187 60,188 9,460 123,808
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,632,400	\$ 4,922	\$ 250,643
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Payables  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 11,121 228,054 31,613 270,788	\$ 782 11,190 7,894 19,866	\$ 0
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows from Property Taxes  TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>262</u> <u>262</u>	0	1,299
FUND BALANCES  Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Debt Service Restricted - Capital Projects Fund Unassigned - General Fund	1,361,350	(14,944)	249,344
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,361,350	(14,944)	249,344
TOTAL LIABILITIES ,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,632,400	\$ 4,922	\$ 250,643

	0	N /			Other		Total
	Capital Projects Fund		Match		vernmentai Funds	G	overnmental Funds
\$	4,841			\$	97,565	\$	0 154,752 1,526,746 65,029
	10,732	\$	8,047		31,567		22,103 146,917 1,362 123,808
\$	15,573	\$	8,047	\$	129,132	\$	2,040,717
\$	28,911			\$	16,894	\$	57,708
•		\$	5,523	•	10,450	*	255,217
	1,732		46,941		35,628	_	123,808
	30,643		52,464		62,972		436,733
	1,474			_			3,035
	1,474		0		0		3,035
	(16,544)		(44,417)		66,160		6,799 249,344 (16,544) 1,361,350
	(16,544)		(44,417)		66,160		1,600,949
\$	15,573	\$	8,047	\$	129,132	\$	2,040,717

### BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234

### **BLISS**, IDAHO

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

DEVENUES	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES Property Taxes Property Tax Populty and Interest	\$ 3,342 41		\$ 60,108
Property Tax Penalty and Interest State Foundation Support	1,999,886		397
Other State Support/Grants Federal Revenue/Grants	256,281	\$ 74,570	54,786
Other Local Revenue	24,431	14,547	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,283,981	89,117	115,291
EXPENDITURES Instruction Support General Administrative Custodial/Maintenance	1,298,784 96,702 361,011 229,067		
Student Transportation Non-Instructional - Food Service	72,986 8,004	106,604	
Capital Expenditures Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest & Costs	2,457		80,000 10,450
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,069,011	106,604	90,450
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	214,970	(17,487)	24,841
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings on Investments Operating Transfers In (Out)	85,853 (35,748)		3,050
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	50,105	0	3,050
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	265,075	(17,487)	27,891
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,096,275	2,543	221,453
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,361,350	\$ (14,944)	\$ 249,344

Capital Projects Fund	Medicaid Match	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 35,864 221			\$ 99,314 659
	\$ 48,412	\$ 92,899 204,200	1,999,886 452,378 278,770 38,978
36,085	48,412	297,099	2,869,985
84,770	70,307	139,844 60,060	1,508,935 156,762 361,011 313,837
16,625 2,278		67,673	72,986 114,608 70,130 96,625 12,728
103,673	70,307	267,577	2,707,622
(67,588)	(21,895)	29,522	162,363
249 33,288		2,460	89,152 0
33,537	0	2,460	89,152
(34,051)	(21,895)	31,982	251,515
17,507	(22,522)	34,178	1,349,434
\$ (16,544)	\$ (44,417)	\$ 66,160	\$ 1,600,949

### BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO

### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 1,600,949
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial \$ 1,557,86 resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balances, \$12,000 of non-depreciated assets plus \$3,629,836 net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,083,976.	0
Interest is recorded when paid for funds but is reported when payable in the current period for government wide statements. (5,02)	2)
Bond premiums are financial resources to fund statements but are reported as earned for government-wide reporting. Bond premiums of \$29,463 net of amortization of \$27,918.	5)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
- Bond (170,00 - Lease (52,80	•
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period 3,03 expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	5
Amounts resulting from pension liabilities as a result of GASB 68 are not recorded in the fund statements:	
-Deferred Outflows Pension Obligations 514,87	4
-Deferred Inflows Pension Sources	0
-Net Pension Liability (990,11	6)
Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements.	8
Amounts resulting from OPEB assets as a result of GASB 75 are not recorded in the fund statements:	
-Deferred Outflows OPEB Obligations 40,23	
-Deferred Inflows OPEB Sources (23,78	•
-Net OPEB Asset 57,94	<u>7</u>
Net Changes	962,912
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,563,861

### BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO

### RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances -	Covernmental Fund Palances
Nei Change in Fung Balances -	Governmental Funo Balances

\$ 251,515

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.

outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period Depreciation - Capital Expenditures	\$	(101,197) 94,027	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		130	
Proceeds from bond premiums are listed as other financing sources in the funds but are reported as earned in the Statement of Activities		1,551	
Payments of bond and capital lease principal are considered as an expenditure for the funds statement but as a reduction of liability for the Statement of Activities.		96,625	
Changes in net OPEB asset and related OPEB source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.		(10,959)	
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.		4,787	
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstand bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	_	2,116	

Net Changes 87,080

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

338,595

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 71,781	
<u>Total Assets</u>	71,781	
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable	0	
Total Liabilities	0	
Net Position Restricted for Organizations	71,781	
Total Net Position	\$ 71,781	

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Additions	
Dues and Contributions	\$ 43,567
Total Contributions	 43,567
Investment Earnings Interest, Dividends, and Other	
Total Investment Earnings	
Total Additions	43,567
<u>Deductions</u> Student Group Expenditures	32,657
Total Deductions	32,657
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	10,910
Net Position - Beginning	60,871
Net Position - Ending	\$ 71,781

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Trustees which possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Board is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits, and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance school system operations and construction. All operations controlled by the Board are included within these financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

### **B - REPORTING ENTITY**

The District follows GASB Statement No.'s 14 and 39, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, in determining the reporting entity and component units. The financial reporting entity consists solely of the primary government. Accordingly, the financial statements include all funds and agencies of the primary government whose budgets are controlled or whose boards are appointed by the District's Board. Control or dependence on the District was determined on the basis of appointment authority, budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the District and legal standing.

The District contributes to the multi-employer Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). Persi is administered by the State of Idaho. A ten year history is provided in PERSI's annual report.

The District was established in 1921 under the laws and regulations of the State of Idaho. Idaho Code 33-301 *School Districts Bodies Corporate* states that each school district, now or hereafter established, when validly organized and existing, is declared to be a body corporate and politic, and in its corporate capacity may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its establishment, extension and existence. It shall have authority to issue negotiable coupon bonds and incur such other debt, in the amounts and manner, as provided by law. Title 33 of Idaho statutes dictates the laws that the District must operate under. The District is governed by a Board of Trustees.

### C - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's federal grants, state grants, debt service, capital projects, plant facilities, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The District has no services classified as business-type activities.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the Statement of Net Positions.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (local revenue, education foundation support, grants, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (instruction, support, administrative, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. All interfund activity has been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

### D - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. *GASBS No. 34* sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District can electively add funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the District. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the District's judgment.

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund maintained by the District is the student body account.

### E - MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Measurement Focus**

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements
  and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of
  accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues,
  including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have
  been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and
  expenses are recognized when incurred.
- 2. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### F - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

### Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

### Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods/services type transactions are classified as "due to/from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable ." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 6 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end. All interfund activity has been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activity.

### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, grants, and State foundation funding. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

### Inventories

In the government-wide statements, materials, supplies and food commodities are carried in an inventory account at the lower of cost or market and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Inventories also include plant maintenance, operating, and instructional supplies. In the fund financial statements, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond proceeds to be used for a capital construction project of the District and to state and federal grants. For expenditures that apply to both restricted and unrestricted resources, the District uses restricted funds first.

### **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts and can represent a reservation of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements. The District does not use encumbrance accounting. Therefore, there is no reservation of fund balance.

### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net assets that relate to future periods and are reported in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental funds financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources from pension obligations affect the government-wide statements and no deferred outflows effect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

### Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is because the District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and has only one type of item which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred outflows of resources reported in its government-wide financial statements is a deferred amount arising from the bond premium arising from when the bond was issued and pension sources. This deferred premium amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the bond as part of investment income.

### Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. For fund financial statements, the District has maintained a \$500 limit before an item is recorded as a capital expenditure. The limits for the government-wide statements vary and are shown below.

### **Government-wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are not required to be valued and reported on the District's financial statements and the District has not elected to report them. Therefore, the value of any infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003, are not included in these statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation based on its capitalization amount. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization limits by type of asset are as follows:

Canitalization

		Capitalization
<u>Description</u>	Life	Amount
Aggregate Cost of Library Books	3 - 6	\$5,000
Automobiles	5 - 10	\$5,000
Office and Light-weight Equipment	5 - 10	\$5,000
Heavy Equipment	7 - 20	\$10,000
Buildings and Improvements	40	\$15,000
Infrastructure	50	\$50,000

### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

### Liability for Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue 5 days personal leave each year. At the end of the year, the employees are paid for all unused personal days. The days are paid at the rate paid to substitutes and is included in their June pay check. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been incurred or recorded at year end.

Vacation and sick days are not allowed to be carried over at the District level. Therefore, there is no liability associated with vacation or sick leave days.

### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are reported in the deferred inflows of resources section in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium of discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense; (expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Budget

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a
  form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of
  the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

### Equity Classifications (Net Position and Fund Balance)

### Government-wide Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - The component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position—All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees. Formal action is done by making and approving a motion of the Board.

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The Board delegates to the Superintendent or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. If the Board chooses not to adopt a policy addressing the order of spending, the default approach of reducing committed, then assigned, then unassigned fund balances will be used.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of Idaho Code Sections 33-701 and 67-1210. Under Idaho Code, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposits provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States treasury bill rates.

The classifications of risk associated with cash and investments are concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk. These are defined as:

Concentration of Credit Risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The exposure to an unfavorable change in interest rates.

Credit Risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District does not have formal investment policies to limit the concentration of credit risk or the interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2024, the District had a carrying value of cash deposits of \$204,783 and a bank balance of \$224,383. Of the total bank balance, all was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Based on the above definitions, the District is subject to \$0 of concentration of credit risk.

Restricted cash is to be used as follows:

State and Federal grants Debt Service	\$ 97,565 57,187
Total	\$ 154,752

Fiduciary funds cash balance is \$60,871.

Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. The carrying value of investments owned at year end was \$1,591,775 (Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool) which approximates market value. The Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool has no credit rating. There are no sinking fund or reserve funds required.

Investments by the District in the State Treasury Pool are specifically excluded from reporting for custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk by GASB 40.

### 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted investments are to be used as follows: Capital Projects Debt Service	\$ 4,841 60,188
Total	\$ 65,029

### **NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES**

The District's property tax is levied each October on the value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the District. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. The market value for the list of January 1, 2022 upon which the 2022 levy was based was \$179,533,640.

The tax rates assessed, per \$100 of valuation, for the year ended June 30, 2024, and maximum levy rates limited by Idaho Code Section 33-802 are as follows:

		Maximum
Type	Rate	Rate
Tort	0.0050	No Limit
Debt Service	0.0250	Voter Approved
Plant Facility	0.0283	Voter Approved

At June 30, 2024, the components of taxes receivable are as follows:

Property Tax year	(	General Fund	5	Debt Service	F	Plant acilities	Total
2023	\$	1,721	\$	7,602	\$	9,700	\$ 19,023
2022		139		1,348		749	2,236
2021		49		489		272	810
2020		2		21		11	 34
<u>Total</u>	\$	1,911	\$	9,460	\$	10,732	\$ 22,103

For fund financial statements, the recognition of revenue on taxes receivable shall not exceed 60 days collection after the June 30, 2024, year end. The collections for the 60 day period have been estimated based on prior years collection percentages. Property taxes uncollected by August 31, 2024, are deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue). The components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Fund	А	Amount	
General Fund	\$	262	
Debt Service		1,299	
Plant Facilities		1,474	
T.4.1	_		
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,035	

For government-wide statements, an allowance for uncollectable taxes is calculated. However, historical information shows that the uncollectable amount is immaterial to these statements and no allowance will be recorded until it becomes a material amount. Also, the above deferred amounts are not included in the government-wide statements.

### NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS AND OTHER RECEIABLES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives support from the State of Idaho through the School Foundation Program. All federal grants received by the District are passed through the State Department of Education. Amounts due from federal and state governments at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	(	General		Special	
Source - Description		Fund	F	Revenue	Total
State - Foundation	\$	67,735			\$ 67,735
State - Other		34,646	\$	12,969	47,615
Federal Grants				31,567	31,567
Local - Local Receivable		1,362			 1,362
<u>Total</u>	\$	103,743	\$	44,536	\$ 148,279

### **NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The District controls risk of loss by having adequate insurance coverage. The type and coverage amount is listed below which they believe is adequate to protect from losses::

Workers Compensation Insurance	Limited by State Law
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000
Building	10,000,000
Auto	3,000,000
Criminal Acts	500,000
Errors and Omissions	2,000,000
Chemical Spraying	500,000
Equipment Breakdown	5,000,000

### **NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Interfund transfers and due to/from for the District for the year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized below:

	Receiving		
Purpose	Fund	Paying Fund	Amount
Transfers:			
To cover current expenditures	Special Revenue	General	\$ 2,460
To cover bus depreciation	Cap. Proj.	General	\$ 33,288
Due To/From:			
To cover past over expenditures	General Fund	Debt Service	\$ 31,613
To cover past over expenditures	Special Rev.	Debt Service	90,463
To cover past over expenditures	Capial Projects	Debt Service	1,732

### **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 52,875
Support	12,682
General Administration	20,639
Custodial/Maintenance	1,798
Transportation	10,426
Non-Instructional	 2,777
Total	\$ 101 197

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Beginning **Ending** Balance Additions Retirements Balance Not being depreciated: Land 12,000 12,000 Subtotal 12,000 0 0 12,000 Other capital assets: **Buildings and Improvements** 2,430,989 75,145 2,506,134 274,101 274,101 Heavy Equipment and Busses 393,226 393,226 Equipment 437,493 18,882 456,375 Subtotal 0 3,629,836 3,535,809 94,027 Less accumulated depreciation for: **Buildings and Improvements** (1,299,718)(51,480)(1,351,198)Library (249,009)(6,271)(255,280)Heavy Equipment and Busses (309,818)(10,426)(320,244)Equipment (124,234)(33,020)(157,254)Subtotal (1,982,779)(101,197)0 (2,083,976)**Net Other Capital Assets** (7,170)0 1,553,030 1,545,860 **Net Capital Assets** 1,565,030 (7,170)1,557,860

### **NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES**

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would adversely affect the District. The District has received several federal/state grants for specific purposes that were subject to review and audit of compliance conditions of the programs. Some of these programs require unobligated amounts at September 30, 2024, to be returned. Since this amount is not capable of being measured at year end, no accrual has been

### **NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

recorded. The reports on internal accounting controls and compliance elements are as listed in the table of contents. This audit found no elements of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the individual programs audited.

### **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN**

### Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <a href="www.persi.idaho.gov">www.persi.idaho.gov</a>.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	54,680
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16,106
Active plan members	76,668
Total	147,454

### Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

### NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2023 it was 7.16% for general employees and 9.13% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$154,181, \$123,644 and \$143,313 for the three years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .0248108 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$263,099. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	169,714	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		98,042		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		92,937			
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		-		-	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		154,181		-	
Total	\$	514,874	\$		

\$154,181 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

### **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2022 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 is 4.6 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2024	\$ 128,270
2025	\$ 60,278
2026	\$ 187,515
2027	\$ (15,370)
Thereafter - Additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources	\$ -
may impact these numbers.	

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.05%
Investment rate of return	5.45%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of Living (COLA) Adjustme	nts 1%
☐ Contributing Members, Service	e Retirement Members, and Beneficiaries .
☐ General Employees and All B	eneficiaries
□ Males Pub-2010 General Tab	les, increased 11%
☐ General Employees and All B	eneficiaries - Page 4 of 6
□ Females Pub-2010 General T	ables, increased 21%.
□ Teachers - Males Pub-2010 T	eacher Tables, increased 12%.
☐ Teachers - Females Pub-201	O Teacher Tables, increased 21%.
☐ Fire & Police - Males Pub-201	0 Safety Tables, increased 21%.
☐ Fire & Police - Females Pub-2	2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%
☐ 5% of Fire and Police active n	nember deaths are assumed to be duty
□ Disabled Members - Males Pເ	ub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 38%.
□ Disabled Members - Females	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 36%.

Assumptions used to calculate the above figures were derived from a 2021 Experience Study which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2021 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2021.

### **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of PERSI's assets. The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

The real rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation of 2.25% to expected long-term geometric returns.

Asset Class  Broad US Equity Developoed Ex US Equity	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Broad US Equity	39.30%	4.90%
Developoed Ex US Equity	10.70%	4.75%
Fixed Income	50.00%	0.50%

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

### Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.45% as well as what the employers' liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (4.45%) (5.45%)					1% Increase (6.45%)	
State Members - Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	(32,934)	\$	(35,514)	\$	(37,813)	
School Members - Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	(12,118)	\$	(18,004)	\$	(23,388)	

### NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <a href="https://www.persi.idaho.gov">www.persi.idaho.gov</a>.

### Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

### **NOTE 10 - DEBT**

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt obligations and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Outstanding Amount Beginning		Issued	 Retired	utstanding Amount Ending
Bond Issue - Series 2005 4.36% 2022 Bus Lease 3.49%	\$	250,000 69,433	\$	\$ 80,000 16,625	\$ 170,000 52,808
<u>Total</u>	\$	319,433	\$ 0	\$ 96,625	\$ 222,808

Bond premium is being amortized over the life of the bond. Original amount of premium was \$31,014 with \$27,918 amortized to date. Current amount amortized was \$1,551.

The annual requirements to amortize the bond issue at 4.36% as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal	 nterest	 Total
2025	\$ 85,000	\$ 7,650	\$ 92,650
2026	85,000	3,825	88,825
<u>Total</u>	\$ 170,000	\$ 11,475	\$ 181,475

The annual requirements to amortize the bus lease at 3.49% as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal Interest			Total		
2025	\$	\$ 17,060		\$ 1,843		18,903	
2026		17,650		1,253		18,903	
2027		18,098		805		18,903	
<u>Total</u>	\$	52,808	\$	3,901	\$	56,709	

The capital leases have no special assessments made for funding of the leases. A special, voter approved, tax assessment is used to pay for the bond debt requirements. See Note 3 for the levy rate and other tax information concerning the debt funding assessment. Bond funds were to be used for the construction/remodel of the school building.

### NOTE 11 - REQUIRED DISCLOSURE - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following nonmajor funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2024:

Title I-A Local Program	\$ (6,884)
Title II Improving Teacher Quality	(690)
REAP Program	(764)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	(981)
Title IV Student Support	(3,393)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Preschool)	(1,308)
Food Service Program	(14,944)
Capital Projects	(16,544)
IDEA - ARPA	(29)
ESSER III Grant (Cares Act)	(347)
State Professional Technology	(2,750)
Medicaid Match	(44,417)

### **NOTE 12 - MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT**

Under federal law, local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B (IDEA-B) funds must maintain local or combined local and state expenditures in each subsequent year of funding. This requirement is called "maintenance of effort" (MOE). Below is the MOE for the District.

	For the year ended June 30,							
Account	 2024		2023		2022		2021	
100-521XXX 100-522XXX 100-616XXX Medicaid Reimbursement	\$ 61,351 0 17,357	\$	58,610 0 5,716	\$	45,005 0 9,520	\$	51,834 0 2,108	
Maintenance of Effort	\$ 78,708	\$	64,326	\$	54,525	\$	53,942	

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### Plan Description

The Bliss Joint School District #234 contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

#### Other Post Employment Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

#### **Employer Contributions**

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .0798544 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of \$7,808 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30% Salary increases including inflation 3.05%

Investment rate of return 5.45%, net of pension plan investment expense

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Fund investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the approach used builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is more conservative than the current allocation of the System's assets. The formal asset allocation policy is more conservative than the current allocation of the System's assets. The real rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation of 2.25% to expected long-term returns.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

### Capital Market Assumptions from Callen 2021

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Broad U.S. Equity	39.30%	4.90%
Global Ex U.S. Equity	10.70%	4.78%
Fixed Income	50.00%	0.50%
Cash Equivalents	0.00%	0.00%

Lana Tarm

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

### Sensitivity of the net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.45 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.45 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.45 percent) than the current rate:

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

		Decrease 4.45%)	Dis	Current count Rate (5.45%)	<del>-</del>	1% Increase (6.45%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	<u>\$</u>	(39,002)	\$	(57,947)	\$	(75,275)

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

### Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

#### **NOTE 14 - EARNINGS ON INVESTMENTS**

Net per Government-Wide Statements	\$ 90,703
Bond Premium Amortization	 1,551
Net per Fund Statements	 89,152
Interest Income	\$ 89,152
The components of earnings on investments are:	

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 1,048,792	\$ 1,096,275	\$ 1,096,275	\$ 0	
Resources (Inflows) Local Revenue					
Property Taxes	15,586	15,111	3,342	(11,769)	
Property Tax Penalty and Interest	0	0	41	` 41 <sup>°</sup>	
Earnings on Investments	1,500	64,632	85,853	21,221	
Other Local Revenue	0	0	24,431	24,431	
Total Local Revenue	17,086	79,743	113,667	33,924	
State Revenue					
Base Support Program	1,759,568	1,690,187	1,699,684	9,497	
Transportation Support	64,896	63,187	63,998	811	
Benefit Apportionment	245,593	235,369	236,204	835	
Other State Support	114,433	198,467	256,281	57,814	
Caron State Support	111,100		200,201		
Total State Revenue	2,184,490	2,187,210	2,256,167	68,957	
Federal Revenue					
Indirect Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Transfers From Other Funds	0	0	0	0	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,250,368	3,363,228	3,466,109	102,881	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Instructional					
Elementary School Program	454.040	405 406	444.660	(e.oeo\	
Salaries	451,049 184,034	435,406	441,668	(6,262)	
Benefits	184,931	165,470	166,868	(1,398)	
Purchased Services	200	29	3,642	(3,613)	
Supplies	10,150	9,088	11,528	(2,440)	
Capital Expenditures	0	0	0	0	
Total Elementary School Program	646,330	609,993	623,706	(13,713)	

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)	
Canandam, Cabaal Drawnan					
Secondary School Program Salaries	\$ 407,451	\$ 390,055	\$ 400,825	\$ (10,770)	
Benefits	160,775	140,908	140,974	(66)	
Purchased Services	1,000	10,140	7,037	3,103	
Supplies	6,650	6,793	6,821	(28)	
Capital Expenditures	0	0	2,457	(2,457)	
				(=, 101)	
Total Secondary School Program	575,876	547,896	558,114	(10,218)	
Special Education Program					
Salaries	50,229	48,729	43,960	4,769	
Benefits	18,629	17,246	17,206	40	
Purchased Services	0	0	15	(15)	
Supplies	150	170	170	0	
Total Special Education Program	69,008	66,145	61,351	4,794	
Gifted & Talented					
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0	
Total Gifted & Talented	0	0	0	0	
<u>Interscholastic</u>					
Salaries	25,700	20,925	25,089	(4,164)	
Benefits	5,436	3,355	5,299	(1,944)	
Purchased Services	1,600	1,572	1,572	0	
Supplies	2,500	1,000	1,008	(8)	
Capital Expenditures	1,000	980	0	980	
Total Interscholastic	36,236	27,832	32,968	(5,136)	
School Activity					
Purchased Services	3,000	19,677	19,645	32	
Supplies	1,500	3,350	5,458	(2,108)	
Total School Activity	4,500	23,027	25,103	(2,076)	
Total Instructional	1,331,950	1,274,893	1,301,242	(26,349)	

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)	
Support Guidance Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	\$ 40,916 13,799 980 0	\$ 40,784 16,838 638 0	\$ 40,787 16,790 515 0	\$ (3) 48 124 0	
Total Guidance	55,695	58,260	58,092	169	
Special Services Purchased Services  Total Special Services	3,200	12,252 12,252	<u>17,357</u> 17,357	(5,105) (5,105)	
Instructional Improvement Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	0 0 18,208 0	0 0 7,402 428	5,002 424 10,866 928	(5,002) (424) (3,464) (500)	
Total Instructional Improvement	18,208	7,830	17,220	(9,390)	
Educational Media Program Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	2,000 153 802 500	2,000 153 802 3,250	0 0 900 3,132	2,000 153 (98) 118	
Total Educational Media Program	3,455	6,205	4,032	2,173	
Instructional Technology Program Purchased Services Supplies	0	0 660	1 0	(1) 660	
Total Instructional Technology Program	0	660_	1_	659	
Total Support	80,558	85,207	96,702	(11,495)	

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
				<u>,                                     </u>
General Administrative				
Board of Education	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 0
Benefits Purchased Services	\$ 0	\$ 0 13,319	\$ 0	\$ 0
	17,281	2,145	13,318 2,622	(477)
Supplies Insurance	0 0	2,145	2,022	(477) 0
liisurance				
Total Board of Education	17,281	15,464	15,940	(476)
District Administration				
Salaries	115,000	115,000	105,000	10,000
Benefits	37,183	36,000	31,709	4,291
Purchased Services	3,790	997	912	85
Supplies	250	185	244	(59)
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total District Administration	156,223	152,182	137,865	14,317
School Administration				
Salaries	33,870	36,091	46,691	(10,600)
Benefits	23,188	20,208	24,558	(4,350)
Purchased Services	6,488	1,930	1,930	0
Supplies	4,200	1,175	1,415	(240)
Total School Administration	67,746	59,404	74,594	(15,190)
Business Operations				
Salaries	66,756	96,103	99,420	(3,317)
Benefits	23,850	23,680	23,824	(144)
Purchased Services	4,000	4,235	7,328	(3,093)
Supplies	500	1,672	2,040	(368)
Capital Expenditure	0	20_	0	20
Total Business Operations	95,106	125,710	132,612	(6,902)
Total General Administrative	336,356	352,760	361,011	(8,251)

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See		Variance With Final Budget - Favorable		
		Original		Final		Note 1)	(Un	favorable)
Custodial / Maintenance								
Custodians								
Salaries	\$	49,948	\$	51,962	\$	49,533	\$	2,429
Benefits		26,125		22,165		21,751		414
Purchased Services		90,400		80,400		69,034		11,366
Supplies		8,500		6,207		6,440		(233)
Capital Outlay		500		0		10.053		0
Liability Insurance		17,000		19,853		19,853		0
Total Custodians		192,473		180,587		166,611		13,976
Non-student Maintenance								
Salaries		7,884		10,305		10,305		0
Benefits		4,639		4,207		4,180		27
Supplies		0		0		0		0
Total Non-student Maintenance		12,523		14,512		14,485		27
<u>Maintenance</u>								
Salaries		31,615		30,915		30,915		0
Benefits		14,146		11,404		11,320		84
Purchased Services		1,730		0		612		(612)
Supplies		10,000		2,784		3,916		(1,132)
Total Maintenance		57,491		45,103		46,763		(1,660)
<u>Maintenance - Grounds</u>								
Supplies		600		600		1,208		(608)
Total NonMaintenance - Grounds		600		600		1,208		(608)
Total Custodial / Maintenance		263,087		240,802		229,067		11,735
Student Transportation								
School Transportation		00.404		07.00		00.400		(470)
Salaries		39,481		37,987		38,163		(176)
Benefits Purchased Services		15,652 16,960		9,910 5.183		9,885 5,330		25 (47)
		16,960		5,183 14,880		5,230 15,568		(47) (688)
Supplies Insurance		13,600		14,000		15,566		(000)
modianos		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total School Transportation		85,893		67,960		68,846		(886)

Continued

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)		Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Activity Transportation								
Salaries	\$	3,600	\$	2,800	\$	2,946	\$	(146)
Benefits		155		200		88		`112 <sup>´</sup>
Supplies		2,000		1,500		1,106		394
Total Activity Transportation		5,755		4,500		4,140		360
Total Transportation		91,648		72,460		72,986		(526)
Non-Instructional								
Contingency		45,349		0		0		0
Benefits		12,880		11,748		8,004		3,744
Total Non-Instructional		58,229		11,748		8,004		3,744
Interfund Transfers		39,748		81,416		35,748		45,668
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,	201,576	_	2,119,286	2	,104,760		14,527
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 1,	048,792	\$	1,243,942	\$ 1	,361,350	\$	117,408

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 0	\$ 2,543	\$ 2,543	\$ 0	
Resources (Inflows) Local Revenue					
Children Meal Sales	10,000	10,000	12,620	2,620	
Adult Meal Sales	1,000	1,500	1,927	427	
Other Local Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Local Revenue	11,000	11,500	14,547	3,047	
Federal Revenue					
Child Nutrition Reimbursement	67,000	60,000	74,570	14,570	
Total Federal Revenue	67,000	60,000	74,570	14,570	
Transfers From Other Funds	11,000	16,000	0	(16,000)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	89,000	90,043	91,660	1,617	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Non-Instructional					
Salaries	25,000	25,077	25,377	(300)	
Benefits	4,883	2,951	12,388	(9,437)	
Purchased Services	917	480	1,010	(530)	
Supplies	58,200	61,535	67,829	(6,294)	
Total Non-Instructional	89,000	90,043	106,604	(16,561)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	89,000	90,043	106,604	(16,561)	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (14,944)	\$ (14,944)	

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (22,522)	\$ (22,522)	
Resources (Inflows) State Revenue					
Other State Revenue	31,404	52,748	48,412	(4,336)	
Total Local Revenue	31,404	52,748	48,412	(4,336)	
Federal Revenue					
Other Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Transfers From Other Funds	13,460	21,128		(21,128)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	44,864	73,876	25,890	(47,986)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Exceptional Child					
Salaries	17,054	31,313	22,243	9,070	
Benefits	12,810	13,871	13,069	802	
Purchased Services	2,000	2,000	34,995	(32,995)	
Supplies	0	0	0	0	
Total Exceptional Child	31,864	47,184	70,307	(23,123)	
Special Services					
Purchased Services	13,000	26,692	0	26,692	
Total Special Services	13,000	26,692	0	26,692	
Total Charges to Appropriations	44,864	73,876	70,307	3,569	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (44,417)	\$ (44,417)	

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

Employer's

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's portion of net pension liability	pı sha	Employer's roportionate are of the net nsion liability	Employer's covered- employee payroll	proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	0.0248108%	\$	990,116	\$ 1,256,683	78.79%	83.83%
2023	0.0305685%	\$	1,204,019	\$ 1,035,548	116.27%	83.09%
2022	0.0313334%	\$	(24,747)	\$ 1,200,278	-2.06%	100.36%
2021	0.0301431%	\$	699,963	\$ 1,169,325	59.86%	88.22%
2020	0.0304501%	\$	347,579	\$ 1,057,881	32.86%	93.79%
2019	0.0309530%	\$	456,562	\$ 1,034,208	44.15%	91.69%
2018	0.0295573%	\$	464,590	\$ 1,006,317	46.17%	90.68%
2017	0.0307727%	\$	623,810	\$ 917,493	67.99%	87.26%
2016	0.0313015%	\$	412,190	\$ 900,008	45.80%	91.38%
2015	0.0314911%	\$	231,824	\$ 966,486	23.99%	94.95%

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2023

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required	rel	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contribution (deficiency) excess		Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2024	\$ 154,181	\$	154,181	\$	_	\$	1,256,683	12.27%
2023	\$ 123,644	\$	123,644	\$	_	\$	1,035,548	11.94%
2022	\$ 143,313	\$	143,313	\$	_	\$	1,200,278	11.94%
2021	\$ 139,617	\$	139,617	\$	-	\$	1,169,325	11.94%
2020	\$ 125,799	\$	125,799	\$	-	\$	1,057,881	11.89%
2019	\$ 117,072	\$	117,072	\$	-	\$	1,034,208	11.32%
2018	\$ 113,915	\$	113,915	\$	-	\$	1,006,317	11.32%
2017	\$ 103,860	\$	103,860	\$	-	\$	917,493	11.32%
2016	\$ 101,881	\$	101,881	\$	-	\$	900,008	11.32%
2015	\$ 109,447	\$	109,447	\$	-	\$	966,486	11.32%

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2024

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET PERSI - SICK LEAVE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

						Employer's proportional share of the net OPEB asset as	
	Employer's		mployer's oportionate	I	Employer's covered-	a percentage of its covered-	Plan fiduciary net position as a
Year Ended	portion of net	•	re of the net		employee	employee	percentage of the
June 30,	OPEB asset		PEB asset		payroll	payroll	total OPEB asset
0004	0.07005440/	•	57.047	•	4 050 000	4.040/	40.4.000/
2024	0.0798544%	\$	57,947	\$	1,256,683	4.61%	124.33%
2023	0.0798544%	\$	60,791	\$	1,035,548	5.87%	127.21%
2022	0.0798544%	\$	115,965	\$	1,200,278	9.66%	152.61%
2021	0.0798544%	\$	98,325	\$	1,169,325	8.41%	152.87%
2020	0.0696652%	\$	66,276	\$	1,057,881	6.26%	138.51%
2019	0.0740683%	\$	61,436	\$	1,034,208	5.94%	135.69%
2018	*		*		*	*	*
2017	*		*		*	*	*
2016	*		*		*	*	*
2015	*		*		*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - OPEB PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

Year Ended June 30,	r	tatutorily required entribution	rela	,		Contribution (deficiency) excess		Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,256,683	0.00%	
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,035,548	0.00%	
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,200,278	0.00%	
2020	\$	7,160	\$	7,160	\$	-	\$	1,169,325	0.61%	
2019	\$	11,427	\$	11,427	\$	_	\$	1,057,881	1.08%	
2018		*		*		*		*	*	
2017		*		*		*		*	*	
2016		*		*		*		*	*	
2015		*		*		*	*		*	
2014		*		*		*		*	*	

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2024

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024

## **NOTE 1 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP**

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America follows:

	General Fund	Food Service	Medicaid Match		
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 3,466,109	\$ 91,660	\$ 25,890		
Differences - Budget to GAAP  The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(1,096,275)	(2,543)	22,522		
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenue for financial reporting purposes	0	(10,351)	0		
Earnings from investments are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(85,853)	0	0		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,283,981	\$ 78,766	\$ 48,412		
Uses/Outflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 2,104,760	\$ 106,604	\$ 70,307		
Differences - Budget to GAAP Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting	(35,748)	0	0		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,069,012	\$ 106,604	\$ 70,307		

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024

### NOTE 2 - REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURE

The following funds had excess actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures:

<del>-</del> und		Budget		Actual	Overage		
Food Service	\$	90,043	\$	106,604	\$	(16,561)	

#### **NOTE 3 - BUDGETING PROCEDURES**

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- 1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. he board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024

## **NOTE 4 - PENSION DISCLOSURES**

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms: None

- Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit

terms: None

- Changes of assumptions: Discount rate changed from 6.35% to 5.45%.

## **NOTE 5 - OPEB DISCLOSURES**

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms: None

- Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit

terms: None

- Changes of assumptions: None

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Premium Pay		State Professional Technical		Te	Basic chnology Grant	Title I-A Local Program	
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments					\$	67,717	\$ 20,530	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	67,717	\$ 20,530	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable	\$		\$	26 2,724	\$	14,259	\$ 274 20,530 6,610	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0		2,750		14,259	 27,414	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		0_		(2,750)		53,458	(6,884)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		0		(2,750)		53,458	 (6,884)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	67,717	\$ 20,530	

	Title IV Student Support	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	Special Education - Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	REAP Grant		
ASSETS Cash						
Interfund Receivable						
Due From Other Governments	\$ 2,243	\$ 8,794				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,243	\$ 8,794	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,988					
Interfund Payable	2,243	\$ 8,794	\$ 1,308			
Contracts and Benefits Payable	1,405	981		\$ 764		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,636	9,775	1,308	764		
FUND BALANCES						
Unreserved	(3,393)	(981)	(1,308)	(764)		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(3,393)	(981)	(1,308)	(764)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,243	\$ 8,794	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0		

	Improving Teacher Quality		State Drug Free		Securing Our Future Grant		Grant	SER I (Cares ct)
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments			\$	9,848	\$	20,000		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	9,848	\$	20,000	\$	0
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	690 690	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(690)		9,848		20,000		0
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(690)		9,848		20,000	-	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	9,848	\$	20,000	\$	0

	Gra	ESSER Grant II (Cares Act)		IDEA - ARPA		ESSER Grant III (Cares Act)		Total	
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments							\$	97,565 0 31,567	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	129,132	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable  TOTAL LIABILITIES	<del></del>	0	\$	29	\$	347	\$	16,894 35,628 10,450 62,972	
FUND BALANCES	<u> </u>								
Unreserved  TOTAL FUND BALANCES		0		(29)		(347)		66,160	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0_	\$	0_	\$	0	\$	129,132	

## **BLISS, IDAHO**

	Premium Pay	State Professional Technical	Basic Technology Grant	Title I-A Local Program	
REVENUES Local State Federal		\$ 21,134	\$ 48,235	\$ 44,853	
TOTAL REVENUES	0	21,134	48,235	44,853	
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	325	22,909	3,550 56,992	43,325	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	325	22,909	60,542	43,325	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(325)	(1,775)	(12,307)	1,528	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers	890				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	890	0	0	0	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	565	(1,775)	(12,307)	1,528	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(565)	(975)	65,765	(8,412)	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0	\$ (2,750)	\$ 53,458	\$ (6,884)	

## **BLISS, IDAHO**

	Title IV Student Support	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	Special Education - Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	REAP Grant
REVENUES Local				
State Federal	\$ 13,170	\$ 34,218	\$ 29	\$ 15,172
TOTAL REVENUES	13,170	34,218	29	15,172
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service	14,262	32,434		5,544
Capital Expenditures				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,262	32,434	0	5,544
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,092)	1,784	29	9,628
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,092)	1,784	29	9,628
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(2,301)	(2,765)	(1,337)	(10,392)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (3,393)	\$ (981)	\$ (1,308)	\$ (764)

## **BLISS, IDAHO**

	Improving Teacher Quality		State Drug Free		Securing Our Future Grant		(	SSER Grant I ares Act)
REVENUES Local State			\$	3,530	\$	20,000		
Federal	\$	6,707	Ψ	0,000	Ψ	20,000		
TOTAL REVENUES		6,707		3,530		20,000	\$	0
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures		6,506		1,501				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,506		1,501		0		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		201		2,029		20,000		0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers								1,570
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0		0		0		1,570
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		201		2,029		20,000		1,570
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		(891)		7,819		0		(1,570)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	(690)	\$	9,848	\$	20,000	\$	0

## BLISS, IDAHO

	ESSER Grant II (Cares Act)	IDEA - ARPA	ESSER Grant III (Cares Act)	Total
REVENUES Local State				\$ 0 92,899
Federal	\$ 13,381	\$ 6,329	\$ 70,341	204,200
TOTAL REVENUES	13,381	6,329	70,341	297,099
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative	3,068	823	8,665	139,844 60,060 0
Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	8,805		58,868	0 67,673
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,873	823	67,533	267,577
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	1,508	5,506	2,808	29,522
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				2,460
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	2,460
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,508	5,506	2,808	31,982
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(1,508)	(5,535)	(3,155)	34,178
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0	\$ (29)	\$ (347)	\$ 66,160

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Capital Construction Fund	Plant Facilities Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash Investments Property Taxes Receivable Interfund Receivable		\$ 0 4,841 10,732 0	\$ 0 4,841 10,732 0
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 15,573	\$ 15,573
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 0	28,911 1,732 \$ 30,643	\$ 28,911 1,732 30,643
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows From Property Taxes		1,474	1,474
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	1,474	1,474
FUND BALANCES Restricted	0	(16,544)	(16,544)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	0	(16,544)	(16,544)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 0	\$ 15,573	\$ 15,573

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## **FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

	Capital Construction Fund	Plant Facilities Fund	Total
REVENUES Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest		\$ 35,864 <u>221</u>	\$ 35,864 221
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 0	36,085	36,085
EXPENDITURES Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest		81,374 3,396 16,628 2,275	81,374 3,396 0 16,628 2,275
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	103,673	103,673
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	0	(67,588)	(67,588)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings from Investments Interfund Transfers  TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		249 33,288	249 33,288
SOURCES (USES)	0	33,537	33,537
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	0	(34,051)	(34,051)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	0	17,507	17,507
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0	\$ (16,544)	\$ (16,544)

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Beginning			Transfers	Ending
Student Group	Balance	Receipts	Disbursements	In (Out)	Balance
Student Body	\$ 2,809.90	\$ 230.80	\$ 1,272.94		\$ 1,767.76
Mona Maag Scholarship	1,249.38	100.00	200.00		1,149.38
Harbaugh Scholarship	2,500.00	1,000.00	1,500.00		2,000.00
R. Kamphaus Scholarship	0.00	800.00	500.00		300.00
L. J. Bronson Scholarship	0.00	250.00	250.00		0.00
S. Goolsby Scholarship	3,875.00		1,000.00		2,875.00
R. Thompson Scholarship	925.00		,		925.00
SB Class Trip	14,482.88	9,804.48	6,661.51	\$ (75.00)	17,550.85
Box Tops	413.71	,	197.88	, ,	215.83
Annual	708.66	690.00	752.40		646.26
Assembly	4,427.23	2,800.00	1,249.27		5,977.96
IDLA	50.00	687.98	225.00		512.98
Activity Cards	3,115.56	560.00	53.61		3,621.95
Athletics	(3,350.74)	7,370.17	6,066.85	(60.00)	(2,107.42)
RCD Raffle	605.00				605.00
Future Farmers of America	1,498.64	30.00			1,528.64
Greenhouse	6,283.73	3,846.25	3,290.02		6,839.96
Shop	1,141.21	2,161.13	346.14	35.00	2,991.20
Music	127.49				127.49
Library	17.86				17.86
Cheerleading	803.87				803.87
Sunshine Club	243.85	220.00	148.36		315.49
Book Damage	891.27				891.27
Driver's Education	0.00				0.00
Girls Basketball	351.57				351.57
Girls Soccer	880.67	612.00	327.70		1,164.97
Boys Soccer	303.02				303.02
Boys Basketball	854.39				854.39
Wood Shop	2,100.60				2,100.60
Idaho Lottery	0.00	302.00			302.00
Ski Club	182.44				182.44
Bear Factory - Home Ec	2,647.06	11,662.89	8,615.35	100.00	5,794.60
Bear Factory - Ag	8,682.40	439.00			9,121.40
Bear Factory - Business	189.31				189.31
Finn Fund	60.16				60.16
Leader In Me	1,800.00				1,800.00
Total	\$ 60,871.12	\$ 43,566.70	\$ 32,657.03	\$ 0.00	\$ 71,780.79

Certified Public Accountant

P.O. Box 2229

Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

(208) 736-8747

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314

September 16, 2024

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated September 16, 2024.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that I consider to be asignificant deficiency.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page Two

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bliss Joint School District No. 234's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Bliss Joint School District No. 234's Response to Findings

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

Certified Public Accountant

R. Michael Burr

# BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2024

### SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

## 2024-001 Segregation of Duties

Condition: Only one person is employed by the District in the accounting department which does not allow for a strict segregation of duties.

*Criteria*: Segregation of duties is an internal control that should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that one person does not have complete control over the entire

Cause: There are not enough personnel hired to allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Effect: May allow for misstatement of general purpose financial statements and misuse of assets.

Recommendation: Hire additional staff to provide a proper segregation of duties.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation. However, due to a lack of financial resources to pay for the additional staff and other controls currently in place, no action will be taken at this point.

#### MATERIAL WAEKNESSES

None

## **NONCOMPLIANCE**

None

### Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

### Finding 2023-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

The District believes that this finding applies only to the financial reporting and does not effect the federal award programs. No corrective action was taken.