BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2025

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Certified Public Accountant

P.O. Box 2229

Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

(208) 736-8747

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 September 16, 2025

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234 as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234 and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u> Page Two

involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*. I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and schedule of employer's contribution, and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor and major fund financial statements and schedule of changes in net position - fiduciary funds, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u> Page Three

underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 16, 2025, on my consideration of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025

	Government	al Activities
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash Investments Net Receivables Inventory	\$ 5,391 1,594,668 84,673 32,238	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		\$ 1,716,970
NONCURRENT ASSETS Long-Term Receivables Cash - Restricted Investments - Restricted Net OPEB Asset Non-depreciated Assets Capital Assets (net)	\$ 1,795 140,745 845,370 71,107 12,000 1,656,292	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		2,727,309
TOTAL ASSETS		4,444,279
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB Obligations Pension Obligations	\$ 20,301 380,624	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		400,925
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$ 52,480 267,907 2,802 102,644	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		425,833
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Net Pension Liability Deferred Amount on Net Bond Premium Capital Lease Payable (net of current portion) Bond Payable (net of current portion)	\$ 1,052,649 0 18,422 0	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		1,071,071
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,496,904

	tal Activities	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Sources OPEB Sources	\$ 19,107 25,229	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		44,336
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,544,424	
Non-spendable:		
Inventory	32,238	
Restricted for:		
Debt Service	262,570	
Federal and State Programs	95,934	
Capital Projects	576,520	
Unrestricted	792,278	
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 3,303,964

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		Program Revenues			
		_	Operating	Capital	
Primary Government		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,853,985		\$ 836,052		
Support	191,971				
General Administrative	407,465				
Custodial/Maintenance	272,628			\$ 573,104	
Student Transportation	90,591		64,343		
Non-Instructional - Food Service	93,825	\$ 8,401	57,761		
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	6,678		68,689		
Total Governmental Activities	2,917,143	8,401	1,026,845	573,104	
Business-Type Activities					
None					
Total Business-Type Activities	0	0	0	0	
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,917,143	\$ 8,401	\$ 1,026,845	\$ 573,104	

General Revenue

Property Taxes State Formula Support Local Revenue Earnings on Investments

Total General Revenue

Changes in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Drimary Covernment				
Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type				
Activities		Total			
Activities	Activities		TOtal		
\$ (1,017,933)		\$	(1,017,933)		
(191,971)		Ψ	(1,017,933)		
(407,465)			(407,465)		
300,476			300,476		
(26,248)			(26,248)		
(27,663)			(27,663)		
62,011			62,011		
(1,308,793)			(1,308,793)		
(1,000,100)			(1,000,100)		
0	\$ 0	_	0		
(1,308,793)	0		(1,308,793)		
80,715			80,715		
1,861,227			1,861,227		
5,228			5,228		
101,726			101,726		
2,048,896	0		2,048,896		
740,103	0		740,103		
7 70, 100	V		1 -0, 100		
2,563,861	0		2,563,861		
\$ 3,303,964	\$ 0	\$	3,303,964		
ψ 5,505,304	Ψ	Ψ	0,000,804		

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS , IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

100570	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted - Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,391	\$ 1,538	\$ 228
Investments Restricted - Investments Property Taxes Receivable Due From Other Governments Other Local Receivables Interfund Receivables	1,594,668 2,115 41,203 4,575 26,208	5,780	256,435 5,907
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,674,160	\$ 7,318	\$ 262,570
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Payables TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 10,707 246,222 	\$ 81 7,028 	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	200,323	7,109	Ψ 0
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows from Property Taxes	191		534
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	191	0	534
FUND BALANCES Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Debt Service Restricted - Capital Projects Fund Unassigned - General Fund	1,417,040	209	262,036
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,417,040	209	262,036
TOTAL LIABILITIES ,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,674,160	\$ 7,318	\$ 262,570

			School		Other		Total
	Capital	Mo	dernization	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
Pro	jects Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
\$	12,881			\$	126,098	\$	5,391 140,745
							1,594,668
	5,079	\$	583,856				845,370
	11,835						19,857
					15,053		62,036
							4,575
							26,208
\$	29,795	\$	583,856	\$	141,151	\$	2,698,850
\$	37,131			\$	4,561	\$	52,480
Ψ	07,101	\$		Ψ	14,657	Ψ	267,907
		*			26,208		26,208
	27.404						
	37,131		0		45,426		346,595
	1,070						1,795
							.,
	1,070		0		0		1,795
					95,725		95,934
					,		262,036
	(8,406)		583,856				575,450
							1,417,040
	(8,406)		583,856		95,725		2,350,460
\$	29,795	\$	583,856	\$	141,151	\$	2,698,850
Ψ	20,100	Ψ	505,050	Ψ	171,101	Ψ	2,000,000

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234

BLISS, IDAHO

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

DEV/ENUEC	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest State Foundation Support	\$ 14,134 37 2,193,246		\$ 32,487 306
Other State Support/Grants Federal Revenue/Grants Other Local Revenue	233,449 5,000 5,228	\$ 57,761 8,401	68,689
TOTAL REVENUES	2,451,094	66,162	101,482
EXPENDITURES Instruction Support General Administrative Custodial/Maintenance Student Transportation Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	1,384,545 118,921 339,434 255,102 73,868 11,538 42,870	76,377	
Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest & Costs			85,000 6,737
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,226,278	76,377	91,737
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	224,816	(10,215)	9,745
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings on Investments Operating Transfers In (Out)	86,245 (255,371)	25,368	2,947
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(169,126)	25,368	2,947
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	55,690	15,153	12,692
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,361,350	(14,944)	249,344
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,417,040	\$ 209	\$ 262,036

Capital Projects Fund		School Modernization Fund		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 34,791 200						\$ 81,412 543 2,193,246
	\$	573,104		\$	107,528 172,399 50,000	982,770 235,160 63,629
34,991		573,104	_		329,927	3,556,760
					214,271 50,597	1,598,816 169,518 339,434 255,102 73,868
176,926 16,742 2,161			_		52,341	87,915 272,137 101,742 8,898
195,829		0	_		317,209	2,907,430
(160,838	<u> </u>	573,104	-		12,718	649,330
237 168,739	_	10,752	_		61,264	100,181
168,976		10,752	_		61,264	100,181
2.455		500.050			70.000	740 544
8,138 (16,544	١	583,856 0			73,982 21,743	749,511 1,600,949
\$ (8,406		583,856	- :	\$	95,725	\$ 2,350,460

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2025

Total	Governmental	Fund I	Ralances
TOLAI	Governmentar	ı unu ı	Daiaiices

\$ 2,350,460

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balances, \$12,000 of non-depreciated assets plus \$3,860,478 net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,204,186.	\$ 1,668,292
Interest is recorded when paid for funds but is reported when payable in the current period for government wide statements.	(2,802)
Bond premiums are financial resources to fund statements but are reported as earned for government-wide reporting. Bond premiums of \$29,463 net of amortization of \$29,463	0
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
- Bond - Lease	(85,000) (36,066)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	1,795
Amounts resulting from pension liabilities as a result of GASB 68 are not recorded in the fund statements:	
-Deferred Outflows Pension Obligations	380,624
-Deferred Inflows Pension Sources	(19,107)
-Net Pension Liability	(1,052,649)
Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements.	32,238
Amounts resulting from OPEB assets as a result of GASB 75 are not recorded in the fund statements:	
-Deferred Outflows OPEB Obligations	20,301
-Deferred Inflows OPEB Sources	(25,229)

Net Changes 953,504

Net Position of Governmental Activities

-Net OPEB Asset

3,303,964

71,107

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 749,511

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.

outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. - Depreciation - Capital Expenditures	\$ (120,210) 230,642
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(1,240)
Proceeds from bond premiums are listed as other financing sources in the funds but are reported as earned in the Statement of Activities	1,545
Payments of bond and capital lease principal are considered as an expenditure for the funds statement but as a reduction of liability for the Statement of Activities.	101,742
Changes in net OPEB asset and related OPEB source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	(8,217)
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	(215,890)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstand bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	2,220
Net Changes	

Net Changes (9,408)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 740,103

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	81,581
<u>Total Assets</u>		81,581
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable		0
Total Liabilities		0
Net Position Restricted for Organizations		81,581
Total Net Position	\$	81,581

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

Additions Dues and Contributions	\$ 48,937
Total Contributions	 48,937
Investment Earnings Interest, Dividends, and Other	
Total Investment Earnings	
Total Additions	 48,937
Deductions Student Group Expenditures	39,137
Total Deductions	 39,137
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	9,800
Net Position - Beginning	 71,781
Net Position - Ending	\$ 81,581

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2025.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Trustees which possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Board is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits, and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance school system operations and construction. All operations controlled by the Board are included within these financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

B - REPORTING ENTITY

The District follows GASB Statement No.'s 14 and 39, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, in determining the reporting entity and component units. The financial reporting entity consists solely of the primary government. Accordingly, the financial statements include all funds and agencies of the primary government whose budgets are controlled or whose boards are appointed by the District's Board. Control or dependence on the District was determined on the basis of appointment authority, budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the District and legal standing.

The District contributes to the multi-employer Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). Persi is administered by the State of Idaho. A ten year history is provided in PERSI's annual report.

The District was established in 1921 under the laws and regulations of the State of Idaho. Idaho Code 33-301 *School Districts Bodies Corporate* states that each school district, now or hereafter established, when validly organized and existing, is declared to be a body corporate and politic, and in its corporate capacity may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its establishment, extension and existence. It shall have authority to issue negotiable coupon bonds and incur such other debt, in the amounts and manner, as provided by law. Title 33 of Idaho statutes dictates the laws that the District must operate under. The District is governed by a Board of Trustees.

C - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's federal grants, state grants, debt service, capital projects, plant facilities, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The District has no services classified as business-type activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the Statement of Net Positions.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (local revenue, education foundation support, grants, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (instruction, support, administrative, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. All interfund activity has been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

D - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. *GASBS No. 34* sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District can electively add funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the District. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the District's judgment.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund maintained by the District is the student body account.

E - MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current
 financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating
 statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period.
 These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end
 of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.
- 2. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods/services type transactions are classified as "due to/from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable ." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 6 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end. All interfund activity has been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activity.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, grants, and State foundation funding. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

In the government-wide statements, materials, supplies and food commodities are carried in an inventory account at the lower of cost or market and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Inventories also include plant maintenance, operating, and instructional supplies. In the fund financial statements, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond proceeds to be used for a capital construction project of the District and to state and federal grants. For expenditures that apply to both restricted and unrestricted resources, the District uses restricted funds first.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts and can represent a reservation of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements. The District does not use encumbrance accounting. Therefore, there is no reservation of fund balance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net assets that relate to future periods and are reported in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental funds financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources from pension obligations affect the government-wide statements and no deferred outflows effect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is because the District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and has only one type of item which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred outflows of resources reported in its government-wide financial statements is a deferred amount arising from the bond premium arising from when the bond was issued and pension sources. This deferred premium amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the bond as part of investment income.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. For fund financial statements, the District has maintained a \$500 limit before an item is recorded as a capital expenditure. The limits for the government-wide statements vary and are shown below.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are not required to be valued and reported on the District's financial statements and the District has not elected to report them. Therefore, the value of any infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003, are not included in these statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation based on its capitalization amount. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization limits by type of asset are as follows:

Canitalization

		Capitalization
<u>Description</u>	Life	Amount
Aggregate Cost of Library Books	3 - 6	\$5,000
Automobiles	5 - 10	\$5,000
Office and Light-weight Equipment	5 - 10	\$5,000
Heavy Equipment	7 - 20	\$10,000
Buildings and Improvements	40	\$15,000
Infrastructure	50	\$50,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Liability for Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue 5 days personal leave each year. At the end of the year, the employees are paid for all unused personal days. The days are paid at the rate paid to substitutes and is included in their June pay check. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been incurred or recorded at year end.

Vacation and sick days are not allowed to be carried over at the District level. Therefore, there is no liability associated with vacation or sick leave days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are reported in the deferred inflows of resources section in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium of discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense; (expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Budget

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

Equity Classifications (Net Position and Fund Balance)

Government-wide Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - The component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position—All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees. Formal action is done by making and approving a motion of the Board.

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The Board delegates to the Superintendent or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. If the Board chooses not to adopt a policy addressing the order of spending, the default approach of reducing committed, then assigned, then unassigned fund balances will be used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of Idaho Code Sections 33-701 and 67-1210. Under Idaho Code, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposits provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States treasury bill rates.

The classifications of risk associated with cash and investments are concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk. These are defined as:

Concentration of Credit Risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The exposure to an unfavorable change in interest rates.

Credit Risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District does not have formal investment policies to limit the concentration of credit risk or the interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2025, the District had a carrying value of cash deposits of \$227,717 and a bank balance of \$233,701. Of the total bank balance, all was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Based on the above definitions, the District is subject to \$0 of concentration of credit risk.

Restricted cash is to be used as follows:

State and Federal grants Capital Projects Debt Service	\$ 127,636 12,881 228
Total	\$ 140,745

Fiduciary funds cash balance is \$60,871.

Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. The carrying value of investments owned at year end was \$1,591,775 (Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool) which approximates market value. The Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool has no credit rating. There are no sinking fund or reserve funds required.

Investments by the District in the State Treasury Pool are specifically excluded from reporting for custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk by GASB 40.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted investments are to be used as follows: Capital Projects Debt Service	\$ 588,935 256,435
Total	\$ 845,370

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES

The District's property tax is levied each October on the value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the District. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. The market value for the list of January 1, 2024 upon which the 2024 levy was based was \$187,715,321.

The tax rates assessed, per \$100 of valuation, for the year ended June 30, 2025, and maximum levy rates limited by Idaho Code Section 33-802 are as follows:

		Maximum
Туре	Rate	Rate
Tort	0.0051	No Limit
Debt Service	0.0114	Voter Approved
Plant Facility	0.0266	Voter Approved

At June 30, 2025, the components of taxes receivable are as follows:

Property Tax year	C	General Fund	(Debt Service	F	Plant acilities	Total
2024	\$	1,893	\$	4,442	\$	10,609	\$ 16,944
2023		144		712		808	1,664
2022		78		753		418	1,249
2021		0		0		0	 0
<u>Total</u>	\$	2,115	\$	5,907	\$	11,835	\$ 19,857

For fund financial statements, the recognition of revenue on taxes receivable shall not exceed 60 days collection after the June 30, 2025, year end. The collections for the 60 day period have been estimated based on prior years collection percentages. Property taxes uncollected by August 31, 2025, are deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue). The components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Fund	А	Amount			
General Fund	\$	191			
Debt Service		534			
Plant Facilities		1,070			
<u>Total</u>	<u> </u>	1,795			

For government-wide statements, an allowance for uncollectable taxes is calculated. However, historical information shows that the uncollectable amount is immaterial to these statements and no allowance will be recorded until it becomes a material amount. Also, the above deferred amounts are not included in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS AND OTHER RECEIABLES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives support from the State of Idaho through the School Foundation Program. All federal grants received by the District are passed through the State Department of Education. Amounts due from federal and state governments at June 30, 2025, are as follows:

	(General	;	Special		
Source - Description	ce - Description Fund		Revenue		Total	
State - Foundation	\$	41,203			\$	41,203
State - Other		0	\$	0		0
Federal Grants				20,833		20,833
Local - Local Receivable		4,575				4,575
<u>Total</u>	\$	45,778	\$	20,833	\$	66,611

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The District controls risk of loss by having adequate insurance coverage. The type and coverage amount is listed below which they believe is adequate to protect from losses::

Workers Compensation Insurance	Limited by State Law
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000
Building	10,000,000
Auto	3,000,000
Criminal Acts	500,000
Errors and Omissions	2,000,000
Chemical Spraying	500,000
Equipment Breakdown	5,000,000

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers and due to/from for the District for the year ended June 30, 2025, are summarized below:

	Receiving			
Purpose	Fund	Paying Fund	Amount	
Transfers:				
To cover current expenditures	Special Revenue	General	\$	86,632
To cover bus depreciation	Cap. Proj.	General	\$	168,739
Due To/From:				
To cover past over expenditures	Special Rev.	Debt Service	\$	26,208

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 57,393
Support	12,380
General Administration	34,536
Custodial/Maintenance	2,698
Transportation	10,426
Non-Instructional	 2,777
	 •
Total	\$ 120 210

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Beginning **Ending** Balance Additions Retirements Balance Not being depreciated: Land 12,000 12,000 Subtotal 12,000 0 0 12,000 Other capital assets: **Buildings and Improvements** 2,506,134 170,212 2,676,346 274,101 18,800 292,901 Heavy Equipment and Busses 393,226 393,226 Equipment 456,375 41,630 498,005 Subtotal 230,642 0 3,629,836 3,860,478 Less accumulated depreciation for: **Buildings and Improvements** (1,351,198)(58,407)(1,409,605)Library (255,280)(10,031)(265,311)Heavy Equipment and Busses (320,244)(10,426)(330,670)Equipment (157,254)(41,346)(198,600)Subtotal (2,083,976)(120,210)0 (2,204,186)**Net Other Capital Assets** 110,432 0 1,656,292 1,545,860 **Net Capital Assets** 1,557,860 110,432 1,668,292

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would adversely affect the District. The District has received several federal/state grants for specific purposes that were subject to review and audit of compliance conditions of the programs. Some of these programs require unobligated amounts at September 30, 2025, to be returned. Since this amount is not capable of being measured at year end, no accrual has been

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

recorded. The reports on internal accounting controls and compliance elements are as listed in the table of contents. This audit found no elements of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the individual programs audited.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	56,084
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16,456
Active plan members	78,354
Total	150,894

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2024 it was 7.18% for general employees, 10.36% for public safety employees and 8.08% for school employees. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.96% general employees, 13.98% for public safety employees and 13.48% for school employees. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$171,332, \$154,181 and \$123,644 for the three years ended June 30, 2025, 2024, and 2021, respectively.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .0281409 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$215,890. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	In	Deferred of the sources of the sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	167,591	\$	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		41,701		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				19,107
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions				-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		171,332		-
Total	\$	380,624	\$	19,107

\$171,332 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2023 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 is 4.6 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2025	\$ 51,955
2026	\$ 196,270
2027	\$ (33,846)
2028	\$ (24,193)
Thereafter - Additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources	\$ -
may impact these numbers.	

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.05%
Investment rate of return	6.35%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of Living (COLA) Adjustments	1%
☐ Contributing Members, Service Retireme	ent Members, and Beneficiaries .
☐ General Employees and All Beneficiaries	8
☐ Males Pub-2010 General Tables, increa	sed 11%
☐ General Employees and All Beneficiaries	s - Page 4 of 6
☐ Females Pub-2010 General Tables, incr	eased 21%.
☐ Teachers - Males Pub-2010 Teacher Ta	bles, increased 12%.
☐ Teachers - Females Pub-2010 Teacher	Tables, increased 21%.
☐ Fire & Police - Males Pub-2010 Safety T	ables, increased 21%.
☐ Fire & Police - Females Pub-2010 Safet	y Tables, increased 26%
☐ 5% of Fire and Police active member de	aths are assumed to be duty
☐ Disabled Members - Males Pub-2010 Di	sabled Tables, increased 38%.
☐ Disabled Members - Females Pub-2010	Disabled Tables, increased 36%.

Assumptions used to calculate the above figures were derived from a 2021 Experience Study which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2021 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2021.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of PERSI's assets. The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

The real rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation of 2.3% to expected long-term geometric returns.

Asset Class Broad US Equity Developoed Ex US Equity	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return		
Broad US Equity	39.30%	4.90%		
Developoed Ex US Equity	11.00%	4.75%		
Fixed Income	50.00%	0.50%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.35% as well as what the employers' liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease (5.35%)	Discount Rate (6.35%)	1% Increase (7.35%)		
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,000,365	\$ 1,052,651	\$ 278,610		

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2025, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt obligations and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Outstanding Amount Beginning			Issued	Retired	Outstanding Amount Ending	
Bond Issue - Series 2005 4.36% 2022 Bus Lease 3.49%	\$	170,000 52,808	\$		\$ 85,000 16,742	\$	85,000 36,066
<u>Total</u>	\$	222,808	\$	0	\$ 101,742	\$	121,066

Bond premium is being amortized over the life of the bond. Original amount of premium was \$31,014 with \$27,918 amortized to date. Current amount amortized was \$1,551.

The annual requirements to amortize the bond issue at 4.36% as of June 30, 2025, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total			
2026	\$	\$ 85,000		\$ 3,825		88,825		
<u>Total</u>	\$	85,000	\$	3,825	\$	88,825		

The annual requirements to amortize the bus lease at 3.49% as of June 30, 2025, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal	lı	nterest	Total		
2026	\$	\$ 17,644		\$ 1,259		18,903	
2027		18,422		481		18,903	
<u>Total</u>	\$	36,066	\$	1,740	\$	37,806	

The capital leases have no special assessments made for funding of the leases. A special, voter approved, tax assessment is used to pay for the bond debt requirements. See Note 3 for the levy rate and other tax information concerning the debt funding assessment. Bond funds were to be used for the construction/remodel of the school building.

NOTE 11 - REQUIRED DISCLOSURE - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following nonmajor funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2025:

Title I-A Local Program	\$ (13,283)
Title II Improving Teacher Quality	(774)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	(15,306)
State Professional Technology	(1,010)

NOTE 12 - MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT

Under federal law, local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B (IDEA-B) funds must maintain local or combined local and state expenditures in each subsequent year of funding. This requirement is called "maintenance of effort" (MOE). Below is the MOE for the District.

	For the year ended June 30,								
Account		2024	2023		2022		2021		
100-521XXX 100-522XXX 100-616XXX Medicaid Reimbursement	\$	63,705 0 8,388	\$	61,351 0 17,357	\$	58,610 0 5,716	\$	45,005 0 9,520	
Maintenance of Effort	\$	72,093	\$	78,708	\$	64,326	\$	54,525	

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Bliss Joint School District #234 contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Other Post Employment Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2025, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 202r, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .0798544 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of \$8,217 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30% Salary increases including inflation 3.05%

Investment rate of return 5.45%, net of pension plan investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Fund investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the approach used builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is more conservative than the current allocation of the System's assets. The formal asset allocation policy is more conservative than the current allocation of the System's assets. The real rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation of 2.25% to expected long-term returns.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Capital Market Assumptions from Callen 2021

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Broad U.S. Equity	39.30%	4.90%
Developed Ex U.S. Equity	11.00%	4.78%
Fixed Income	50.00%	0.50%
Cash Equivalents	0.00%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.45 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.45 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4.45%)	Current Discount Rate (5.45%)	1% Increase (6.45%)
Employer's proportionate share of the			
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (5,131,577)	\$ (7,110,708)	\$ (8,920,439)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2025, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 14 - EARNINGS ON INVESTMENTS

The components of earnings on investments are:	
Interest Income	\$ 100,181
Net per Fund Statements	 100,181
Bond Premium Amortization	 1,545
Net per Government-Wide Statements	\$ 101,726

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 1,243,942	\$ 1,243,942	\$ 1,361,350	\$ 117,408
Resources (Inflows) Local Revenue				
Property Taxes	15,363	15,433	14,134	(1,299)
Property Tax Penalty and Interest	0	0	37	37
Earnings on Investments	1,500	65,000	86,245	21,245
Other Local Revenue	0	0	5,228	5,228
Total Local Revenue	16,863	80,433	105,644	25,211
State Devenue				
State Revenue Base Support Program	1,782,305	1,853,768	1,861,227	7,459
Transportation Support	62,000	63,417	64,343	7,439 926
Benefit Apportionment	257,025	267,676	267,676	0
Other State Support	178,855	232,671	233,449	778
Other State Support	170,000	202,071	200,440	110
Total State Revenue	2,280,185	2,417,532	2,426,695	9,163
Federal Revenue				
Indirect Federal Revenue	0	0	5,000	5,000
Total Federal Revenue	0	0	5,000	5,000
<u>Transfers From Other Funds</u>	0	0	0	0
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,540,990	3,741,907	3,898,689	156,782
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Instructional				
Elementary School Program Salaries	452,334	456,229	459,429	(3,200)
Benefits	452,334 182,909	450,229 164,484	177,830	(13,346)
Purchased Services	200	326	326	(13,340)
Supplies	13,323	9,246	15,293	(6,047)
Capital Expenditures	0	37,866	13,293	37,866
Capital Experiences		37,000		31,000
Total Elementary School Program	648,766	668,151	652,878	15,273

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
Canandam / Cabaal Drawnana				
Secondary School Program Salaries	\$ 407,672	\$ 453,583	\$ 451,757	\$ 1,826
Benefits	158,737	156,240	153,006	3,234
Purchased Services	1,000	19,383	18,827	556
Supplies	6,650	10,105	12,133	(2,028)
Capital Expenditures	0	41,630	41,630	0
Total Secondary School Program	574,059	680,941	677,353	3,588
Special Education Program				
Salaries	53,519	53,518	46,383	7,135
Benefits	19,193	19,084	17,127	1,957
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	150_	195	195	0
Total Special Education Program	72,862	72,797	63,705	9,092
Gifted & Talented				
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Total Gifted & Talented	0	0	0	0
<u>Interscholastic</u>				
Salaries	25,700	25,700	24,237	1,463
Benefits	5,475	4,842	4,097	745
Purchased Services	1,600	1,007	1,252	(245)
Supplies	2,500	1,000	669	331
Capital Expenditures	1,000	1,187	1,240	(53)
Total Interscholastic	36,275	33,736	31,495	2,241
School Activity				
Purchased Services	3,000	721	721	0
Supplies	1,500	1,263	1,263	0
Total School Activity	4,500	1,984	1,984	0
Total Instructional	1,336,462	1,457,609	1,427,415	30,194

	Budge	ted Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)	
Support Guidance Salaries Benefits	\$ 42,569 14,161	\$ 66,034 33,706	\$ 66,940 31,290	\$ (906) 2,416	
Purchased Services Supplies	40,200 0	638 0	0	638 0	
Supplies					
<u>Total Guidance</u>	96,930	100,378	98,230	2,148	
Special Services					
Purchased Services	3,200	4,000	8,388	(4,388)	
Total Special Services	3,200	4,000	8,388	(4,388)	
<u>Instructional Improvement</u> Salaries	0	0	0.064	(2.264)	
Benefits	0	0 0	2,261 1,076	(2,261) (1,076)	
Purchased Services	15,332	2,342	7,650	(5,308)	
Supplies	0	428	333	95	
Total Instructional Improvement	15,332	2,770	11,320	(8,550)	
Educational Media Program					
Salaries	2,100	0	0	0	
Benefits	158	0	0	0	
Purchased Services	802	983	983	0	
Supplies	250	0	0	0	
Total Educational Media Program	3,310	983	983	0	
Instructional Technology Program					
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0	
Supplies	0	660	0	660	
Total Instructional Technology Program	0	660	0	660	
Total Support	118,772	108,791	118,921	(10,130)	

General Administrative Soard of Education Benefits \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 Purchased Services 17,300 13,244 13,784 (540 Supplies 1,000 0 0 0 Insurance 0 0 0 0 District Administration 18,300 13,244 13,784 (540 District Administration 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 Supplies 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 </th <th></th> <th>Budgete</th> <th>d Amounts</th> <th>Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See</th> <th colspan="2">Variance With Final Budget - Favorable</th>		Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
Board of Education \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 Benefits \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 Purchased Services 17,300 13,244 13,784 (540 Supplies 1,000 0 0 0 0 Insurance 0 0 0 0 0 0 Total Board of Education 18,300 13,244 13,784 (540 (540 District Administration 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 421 422 4283				, ,	(Unfavorable)	
Purchased Services 17,300 13,244 13,784 (540 Supplies 1,000 0 0 0 0 Insurance 0 0 0 0 0 Total Board of Education 18,300 13,244 13,784 (540 District Administration 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 To	_ _					
Supplies 1,000 0 0 0 Insurance 0 0 0 0 Total Board of Education 18,300 13,244 13,784 (540 District Administration Salaries 117,000 107,117 107,519 (402 Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 <td></td> <td>\$ 0</td> <td>\$ 0</td> <td>\$ 0</td> <td>\$ 0</td>		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Total Board of Education			13,244	13,784	(540)	
Total Board of Education 18,300 13,244 13,784 (540 District Administration Salaries 117,000 107,117 107,519 (402 Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	• •	1,000	0	0	0	
District Administration Salaries 117,000 107,117 107,519 (402 Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration 2 5 6 6,635 6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	Insurance	0	0	0	0	
Salaries 117,000 107,117 107,519 (402 Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	Total Board of Education	18,300	13,244	13,784	(540)	
Salaries 117,000 107,117 107,519 (402 Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	District Administration					
Benefits 38,674 34,032 33,611 421 Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration School Administration Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635) Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022) Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061)		117,000	107,117	107,519	(402)	
Purchased Services 3,790 3,695 3,978 (283 Supplies 250 70 130 (60 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324 School Administration Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	Benefits					
Capital Outlay 0 0 0 0 Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324) School Administration Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635) Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022) Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061) Business Operations	Purchased Services	3,790	3,695	3,978	(283)	
Total District Administration 159,714 144,914 145,238 (324) School Administration 3000 47,655 (6,635) Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022) Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061) Business Operations	Supplies	250	70	130	(60)	
School Administration Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635) Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022) Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061) Business Operations	Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	
Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	Total District Administration	159,714	144,914	145,238	(324)	
Salaries 42,937 41,020 47,655 (6,635 Benefits 23,904 22,168 25,190 (3,022 Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061 Business Operations	School Administration					
Purchased Services 6,488 1,612 1,331 281 Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061) Business Operations	Salaries	42,937	41,020	47,655	(6,635)	
Supplies 4,200 3,000 1,685 1,315 Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061) Business Operations	Benefits	23,904	22,168	25,190	(3,022)	
Total School Administration 77,529 67,800 75,861 (8,061) Business Operations	Purchased Services	6,488		1,331		
Business Operations	Supplies	4,200	3,000	1,685	1,315	
	Total School Administration	77,529	67,800	75,861	(8,061)	
	Business Operations					
70,700 77,320 (072	Salaries	78,498	74,378	74,920	(542)	
Benefits 19,808 19,517 19,418 99	Benefits	19,808	19,517	19,418	99	
Purchased Services 4,000 7,268 9,738 (2,470	Purchased Services	4,000	7,268	9,738	(2,470)	
Supplies 500 474 475 (1)	Supplies	500	474	475	(1)	
Capital Expenditure 0 0 0 0	Capital Expenditure	0	0	0	0	
<u>Total Business Operations</u> 102,806 101,637 104,551 (2,914)	Total Business Operations	102,806	101,637	104,551	(2,914)	
<u>Total General Administrative</u> 358,349 327,595 339,434 (11,839)	Total General Administrative	358,349	327,595	339,434	(11,839)	

		Budgete	d Amo		A (B Ba	Actual mounts udgetary asis) (See	Fina Fa	ance With I Budget - ivorable avorable)
		riginal		Final		Note 1)	(Uni	avorable)
Custodial / Maintenance								
Custodians								
Salaries	\$	53,129	\$	58,995	\$	56,394	\$	2,601
Benefits		25,867		23,974		25,192		(1,218)
Purchased Services		90,400		82,718		74,222		8,496
Supplies		8,500		11,097		11,097		0
Capital Outlay		500		0		0		0
Liability Insurance		21,000		20,846		20,846		0
Total Custodians		199,396		197,630		187,751		9,879
Non-student Maintenance								
Salaries		10,826		10,833		10,822		11
Benefits		5,124		4,419		4,378		41
Supplies		0,121		0		0		0
							-	
Total Non-student Maintenance		15,950		15,252		15,200		52
<u>Maintenance</u>								
Salaries		32,478		33,518		33,570		(52)
Benefits		14,053		12,207		11,986		221
Purchased Services		1,730		1,578		192		1,386
Supplies		10,000		10,000		5,234		4,766
Total Maintenance		58,261		57,303		50,982		6,321
Maintenance - Grounds								
Supplies		600		1,503		1,169		334
Total NonMaintenance - Grounds		600		1,503		1,169		334
Total Custodial / Maintenance	:	274,207		271,688		255,102		16,586
Student Transportation								
School Transportation Salaries		42,998		37,251		42,186		(4,935)
Benefits		42,996 14,417		13,529		11,891		1,638
Purchased Services		15,850		5,397		5,941		(544)
Supplies		15,000		16,302		12,264		4,038
Insurance		0		0		0		4,030
Total School Transportation		88,265		72,479		72,282		197

Continued

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Ai (Bu Bas	Actual mounts udgetary sis) (See lote 1)	Fin F	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Activity Transportation									
Salaries	\$	3,600	\$	1,500	\$	1,068	\$	432	
Benefits	·	155	·	[′] 15	•	, 11	·	4	
Supplies		2,000		500		507		(7)	
Total Activity Transportation		5,755		2,015		1,586		429	
Total Transportation		94,020		74,494		73,868		626	
Non-Instructional									
Contingency		45,739		0		0		0	
Benefits		12,260		11,447		11,538		(91)	
Total Non-Instructional		57,999		11,447		11,538		(91)	
Interfund Transfers		57,239		221,044		255,371		(34,327)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,	297,048		2,472,668	2	,481,649		(8,981)	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 1,	243,942	\$	1,269,239	\$ 1	,417,040	\$	147,801	

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 0	\$ (14,944)	\$ (14,944)	\$ 0
Resources (Inflows) Local Revenue				
Children Meal Sales	10,000	7,000	7,037	37
Adult Meal Sales	1,500	1,000	1,364	364
Other Local Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Local Revenue	11,500	8,000	8,401	401
Federal Revenue				
Child Nutrition Reimbursement	60,000	57,500	57,761	261
Total Federal Revenue	60,000	57,500	57,761	261
Transfers From Other Funds	18,000	35,444	25,368	(10,076)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	89,500	86,000	76,586	(9,414)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Non-Instructional				
Salaries	27,378	26,010	20,467	5,543
Benefits	3,442	3,266	167	3,099
Purchased Services	480	1,246	1,246	0
Supplies	58,200	55,478	54,497	981
Total Non-Instructional	89,500	86,000	76,377	9,623
Total Charges to Appropriations	89,500	86,000	76,377	9,623
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 209	\$ 209

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's portion of net pension liability	pı sha	Employer's roportionate are of the net nsion liability	Employer's covered- employee payroll	Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2025	0.0281409%	\$	1,052,649	\$ 1,311,273	80.28%	85.54%
2024	0.0248108%	\$	990,116	\$ 1,256,683	78.79%	83.83%
2023	0.0305685%	\$	1,204,019	\$ 1,035,548	116.27%	83.09%
2022	0.0313334%	\$	(24,747)	\$ 1,200,278	-2.06%	100.36%
2021	0.0301431%	\$	699,963	\$ 1,169,325	59.86%	88.22%
2020	0.0304501%	\$	347,579	\$ 1,057,881	32.86%	93.79%
2019	0.0309530%	\$	456,562	\$ 1,034,208	44.15%	91.69%
2018	0.0295573%	\$	464,590	\$ 1,006,317	46.17%	90.68%
2017	0.0307727%	\$	623,810	\$ 917,493	67.99%	87.26%
2016	0.0313015%	\$	412,190	\$ 900,008	45.80%	91.38%

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2023

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		_	ontribution deficiency) excess	Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2025	\$ 171,332	\$	171,332	\$	_	\$ 1,311,273	13.07%
2024	\$ 154,181	\$	154,181	\$	_	\$ 1,256,683	12.27%
2023	\$ 123,644	\$	123,644	\$	_	\$ 1,035,548	11.94%
2022	\$ 143,313	\$	143,313	\$	_	\$ 1,200,278	11.94%
2021	\$ 139,617	\$	139,617	\$	_	\$ 1,169,325	11.94%
2020	\$ 125,799	\$	125,799	\$	-	\$ 1,057,881	11.89%
2019	\$ 117,072	\$	117,072	\$	-	\$ 1,034,208	11.32%
2018	\$ 113,915	\$	113,915	\$	-	\$ 1,006,317	11.32%
2017	\$ 103,860	\$	103,860	\$	-	\$ 917,493	11.32%
2016	\$ 101,881	\$	101,881	\$	-	\$ 900,008	11.32%

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2025

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET PERSI - SICK LEAVE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30, Employer's portion of net OPEB asset proportionate share of the net OPEB asset covered-employee payroll its covered-employee percentation position percentation. position of net operation. position of net operation. OPEB asset Payroll payroll payroll payroll payroll 12 2025 0.0798544% \$ 57,947 \$ 1,311,273 5.42% 12 2024 0.0798544% \$ 57,947 \$ 1,256,683 4.61% 12 2023 0.0798544% \$ 60,791 \$ 1,035,548 5.87% 12 2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	uciary net on as a age of the PEB asset
Year Ended June 30, portion of net OPEB asset share of the net OPEB asset employee payroll employee payroll percentation 2025 0.0798544% \$ 71,107 \$ 1,311,273 5.42% 12 2024 0.0798544% \$ 57,947 \$ 1,256,683 4.61% 12 2023 0.0798544% \$ 60,791 \$ 1,035,548 5.87% 12 2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	age of the
June 30, OPEB asset OPEB asset payroll payroll total OF 2025 0.0798544% \$ 71,107 \$ 1,311,273 5.42% 12 2024 0.0798544% \$ 57,947 \$ 1,256,683 4.61% 12 2023 0.0798544% \$ 60,791 \$ 1,035,548 5.87% 12 2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	•
2024 0.0798544% \$ 57,947 \$ 1,256,683 4.61% 12 2023 0.0798544% \$ 60,791 \$ 1,035,548 5.87% 12 2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	
2024 0.0798544% \$ 57,947 \$ 1,256,683 4.61% 12 2023 0.0798544% \$ 60,791 \$ 1,035,548 5.87% 12 2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	
2023 0.0798544% \$ 60,791 \$ 1,035,548 5.87% 12 2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	8.64%
2022 0.0798544% \$ 115,965 \$ 1,200,278 9.66% 15	4.33%
	7.21%
0004 007005440/ # 00.005 # 4400.005 0.440/	2.61%
2021 0.0798544% \$ 98,325 \$ 1,169,325 8.41% 15	2.87%
2020 0.0696652% \$ 66,276 \$ 1,057,881 6.26% 13	8.51%
2019	5.69%
2018 * * * * *	*
2017 * * * * *	*
2016 * * * * *	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - OPEB PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	r	tatutorily equired ntribution	required		ontribution leficiency) excess	Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2025	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 1,311,273	0.00%
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,256,683	0.00%
2023	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 1,035,548	0.00%
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,200,278	0.00%
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,169,325	0.00%
2020	\$	7,160	\$	7,160	\$ -	\$ 1,057,881	0.68%
2019	\$	11,427	\$	11,427	\$ -	\$ 1,034,208	1.10%
2018		*		*	*	*	*
2017		*		*	*	*	*
2016		*		*	*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2025

^{*} GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America follows:

	General Fund	Food Service
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 3,898,689	\$ 76,586
Differences - Budget to GAAP The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(1,361,350)	14,944
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenue for financial reporting purposes	0	(25,368)
Earnings from investments are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(86,245)	0
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,451,094	\$ 66,162
Uses/Outflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 2,481,649	\$ 76,377
Differences - Budget to GAAP Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting	(255,371)	0
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,226,278	\$ 76,377

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURE

The following funds had excess actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures:

<u>Fund</u>	_	Budget	 Actual	Overage		
General Fund	\$	2,472,668	\$ 2,481,649		\$	(8,981)

NOTE 3 - BUDGETING PROCEDURES

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- 1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. he board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - PENSION DISCLOSURES

TI	1 - 1	1:	:4		: _			I			:4	1-4	1_	41	!
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1110		10 11 11 19		omination		10941104		\sim	aicoicoca	au		atoo			porioior.

- Changes of benefit terms: None

Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit

terms: None

- Changes of assumptions: Discount rate changed from 6.35% to 5.45%.

NOTE 5 - OPEB DISCLOSURES

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms: None

- Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit

terms: None

- Changes of assumptions: None

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Medicaid		State Professional Technical		Te	Basic chnology Grant	itle I-A Local rogram
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments					\$	75,720	\$ 6,301
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	75,720	\$ 6,301
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable			\$	1,010	\$		\$ 3,551 6,301 9,732
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	0		1,010		0	 19,584
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		0		(1,010)		75,720	 (13,283)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		0		(1,010)		75,720	 (13,283)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	75,720	\$ 6,301

	Title IV Student Support		Ed G Stat	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)		ecial eation - echool DEA chool)	REAP Grant		
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments									
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	0	\$	11,155 4,151 15,306	\$	0	\$	0	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		0		(15,306)		0		0	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		0		(15,306)		0		0	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

	Improving Teacher Quality		State Drug Free		Securing Our Future Grant		Preschool Grant	
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments	\$	8,752	\$	378			\$	50,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,752	\$	378	\$	0	\$	50,000
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,752 774 9,526	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(774)		378		0_		50,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(774)		378		0		50,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,752	\$	378	\$	0	\$	50,000

	IDEA - ARPA		ESSE Grant (Cares	Ш	Total		
ASSETS Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments					\$	126,098 0 15,053	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	141,151	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	4,561 26,208 14,657 45,426	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		0_		0_		95,725	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		0		0		95,725	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	141,151	

BLISS, IDAHO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Medicaid	State Professional Technical	Basic Technology Grant	Title I-A Local Program
REVENUES Local State Federal TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 13,287 	\$ 37,762 37,762	\$ 52,859 	\$ 73,227 73,227
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	25,898	38,833	30,597	79,626
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	25,898	38,833	30,597	79,626
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(12,611)	(1,071)	22,262	(6,399)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers	57,028	2,811		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	57,028	2,811	0	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	44,417	1,740	22,262	(6,399)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(44,417)	(2,750)	53,458	(6,884)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0	\$ (1,010)	\$ 75,720	\$ (13,283)

BLISS, IDAHO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Title IV Student Support	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	Special Education - Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	REAP Grant
REVENUES Local State				
Federal	\$ 14,030	\$ 20,503	\$ 710	\$ 1,391
TOTAL REVENUES	14,030	20,503	710	1,391
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative	8,637	34,828	798	627
Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	2,000			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,637	34,828	798	627
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	3,393	(14,325)	(88)	764
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers			1,396	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	1,396	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,393	(14,325)	1,308	764
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(3,393)	(981)	(1,308)	(764)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0	\$ (15,306)	\$ 0	\$ 0

BLISS, IDAHO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Improving Teacher Quality		Sta	ate Drug Free	Securing Our Future Grant		Preschool Grant		
REVENUES Local State Federal	\$	11,850	\$	3,620			\$	50,000	
TOTAL REVENUES		11,850		3,620	\$	0		50,000	
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service		11,934		13,090		20,000			
Capital Expenditures									
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,934		13,090		20,000		0	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		(84)		(9,470)		(20,000)		50,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers									
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0_		0_		0_		0	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(84)		(9,470)		(20,000)		50,000	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		(690)		9,848		20,000		0	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	(774)	\$	378	\$	0	\$	50,000	

BLISS, IDAHO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	IDEA - AR	RPA	ESSER Grant III (Cares Act)	Total
REVENUES Local State Federal TOTAL REVENUES	\$	<u>s</u>	\$ 50,688 50,688	
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures			50,341	214,271 50,597 0 0 52,341
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		0	50,341	317,209
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		0	347	12,718
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers		<u> 29</u> _		61,264
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		29	0	61,264
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		29	347	73,982
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(29)	(347	21,743
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	0 5	\$ 0	\$ 95,725

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

	Capital Construction Fund		Plant Facilities Fund		Total	
ASSETS Cash Investments Property Taxes Receivable Interfund Receivable		\$	12,881 5,079 11,835	\$	12,881 5,079 11,835 0	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 0	<u>\$</u>	29,795	\$	29,795	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 0	\$ - -	37,131 37,131	\$ 	37,131 0 37,131	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows From Property Taxes			1,070		1,070	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0		1,070		1,070	
FUND BALANCES Restricted	0		(8,406)		(8,406)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	0	_	(8,406)		(8,406)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 0	\$	29,795	\$	29,795	

BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Capital Construction Fund		Plant Facilities Fund		Total	
REVENUES Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest			\$	34,791 200	\$	34,791 200
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	0		34,991		34,991
EXPENDITURES Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest				48,051 9,004 119,871 16,742 2,161		48,051 9,004 119,871 16,742 2,161
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		0		195,829		195,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		0		(160,838)		(160,838)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings from Investments Interfund Transfers TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				237 168,739		237 168,739
SOURCES (USES)		0		168,976		168,976
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0		8,138 (16,544)		8,138 (16,544)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	0	\$	(8,406)	\$	(8,406)

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Student Group	Beginning Balance	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers In (Out)	Ending Balance
<u>Otadent Group</u>	Dalarice	reccipis	Disbursements	iii (Out)	Dalarico
Student Body	\$ 1,767.76	\$ 11,960.14	\$ 8,613.59	\$ 17,429.55	\$ 22,543.86
Mona Maag Scholarship	1,149.38	200.00	200.00	V ,	1,149.38
Harbaugh Scholarship	2,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00		2,000.00
R. Kamphaus Scholarship	300.00	,	250.00		50.00
L. J. Bronson Scholarship	0.00	250.00	250.00		0.00
S. Goolsby Scholarship	2,875.00				2,875.00
R. Thompson Scholarship	925.00				925.00
SB Class Trip	17,550.85		21.30	(17,529.55)	0.00
Elementary Funds	215.83	1.70	550.58	5,119.58	4,786.53
Annual	646.26	610.00	41.40		1,214.86
Donation - Student Needs	5,977.96	300.00		(3,477.96)	2,800.00
IDLA	512.98	300.00	225.00		587.98
Activity Cards	3,621.95	1,530.00	86.61	(5,065.34)	0.00
Athletics	(2,107.42)	7,149.55	9,547.07	4,890.34	385.40
RCD Raffle	605.00			(605.00)	0.00
Paws	0.00	9,503.35	1,561.64		7,941.71
Future Farmers of America	1,528.64		307.31		1,221.33
Greenhouse	6,839.96	3,905.01	3,025.97	140.00	7,859.00
Shop	2,991.20	292.02	5.23	11,195.66	14,473.65
Music	127.49	269.00		(127.49)	269.00
Library	17.86			(17.86)	0.00
Cheerleading	803.87				803.87
Sunshine Club	315.49	555.00	89.90	(215.00)	565.59
Book Damage	891.27			(891.27)	0.00
Girls Basketball	351.57	100.00	144.54		307.03
Girls Soccer	1,164.97	600.00	208.31		1,556.66
Boys Soccer	303.02		18.76		284.26
Boys Basketball	854.39				854.39
Wood Shop	2,100.60			(2,100.60)	0.00
Idaho Lottery	302.00				302.00
Ski Club	182.44				182.44
Bear Factory - Home Ec	5,794.60	10,228.00	12,963.29	350.00	3,409.31
Bear Factory - Ag	9,121.40	183.00	26.34	(9,095.06)	183.00
Bear Factory - Business	189.31				189.31
Finn Fund	60.16				60.16
Leader In Me	1,800.00			·	1,800.00
Total	\$ 71,780.79	\$ 48,936.77	\$ 39,136.84	\$ 0.00	\$ 81,580.72

Certified Public Accountant

P.O. Box 2229 (208) 736-8747

Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 September 16, 2025

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated September 16, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bliss Joint School District No. 234's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's Response to Findings

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

Certified Public Accountant

R. Michael Burr

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2025

None			
MATERIAL WAEKNE	<u>SSES</u>		
None			

NONCOMPLIANCE

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2023-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

This finding was corrected in thcurrent fiscal year with the hiring of additional personnel.

P.O. Box 2229 (208) 736-8747

Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 September 16, 2025

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 for the year ended June 30, 2025. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 19, 2025. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Bliss Joint School District No. 234 are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No. new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the period under audit. I noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful life of assets for depreciation is based on experience and general consensus. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful life of assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The list below summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Fair market value adjustment for investments were not made for \$3,172.04. Immaterial adjustment to accounts payable of \$257.41 was not made. Immaterial adjustment to accrued salaries of \$125.36 was not made.

In addition, the following material misstatement detected as a result of audit procedures was corrected by management. The misstatement was to reclassify revenue based on final information obtained from the State Department of Education after June 30, 2025 and to record student body transactions to fund 238 as required by the State Department of Education.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 16, 2025. You should review a copy of this letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, my professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and the responses were not a condition to my retention.

I did discover and have reported as a finding the lack of a good segregation of duties. This is discussed in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards" and the "Schedule of Questioned Cost and Responses" contained in the annual audit report.

Also, Idaho Code 33-357 requires that school districts and charter schools maintain a publicly available website where expenditures are posted at least monthly. The District is not staying current with this requirement.

Due to the federal grants, you must follow the procurement standards prescribed by the Procurement Standards in §§200.317 through 200.326 of subpart D of this part or the FAR (48 CFR part 42), as applicable. Be sure to review your policy periodically to ensure you remain in compliance.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, I made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to the audit of the financial statements. I compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Communication with Those Charged With Governance at the Conclusion of the Audit Page3

Management has been provided with a list of findings, journal entries as a result of the misstatements mentioned above, and a letter of items that did not reach the level of being material to the audit and other information. You should review these items.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's Board of Trustees and management of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr, CPA

R. MICHAEL BURR

Certified Public Accountant

P.O. Box 2229 (208) 736-8747

Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 September 16, 2025

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Bliss Joint School District No. 234, for the year ended June 30, 2025, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Bliss Joint School District No. 234's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily disclose all matters that might be reportable conditions. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls.

The reportable conditions we believe existed at June 30, 2025, are included in the schedule of finding and responses.

There were also other items we need to cover. These items are as follows:

- 1) Several funds have negative fund balances. These items need to be reviewed and corrected if possible.
- 2) Some student groups had no activity or have negative balances on the student body funds. These funds should be reviewed to see if any action is required.
- 3) Idaho Code 33-357 requires that school districts and charter schools maintain a publicly available website where expenditures are posted at least monthly. The Department of Education requires that this be part of the audit. If not kept current, it could become a reportable condition in the audit. Review Idaho Code 33-357 to ensure you are in compliance.
- 4) Due to federal requirements, be sure to maintain an inventory of capital assets purchased with federal funds and follow federal guidelines if any of those assets are sold or disposed of at a later date.
- 5) Lack of segregation of duties was listed as a finding.
- 6) Be sure to follow SDE IFARM accounting system for all funds and accounts. Follow their guidance when they request certain funds and/or accounts to be used.
- 7) Due to SDE requirements, you need to be able to track the expenditures for all "special distributions" they make.
- 8) Be certain that your procurement policy continues to meet federal requirements and that expenditures are applied properly to grants.
- 9) Be certain to continue to track time for payroll allocated to federal programs.

- 10) Be certain to continue to track sales and other dispositions of fixed assets.
- 11) Review formatting for new funds to ensure properly reported.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, Board of Trustees, State of Idaho, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr, CPA