TCS556-DM
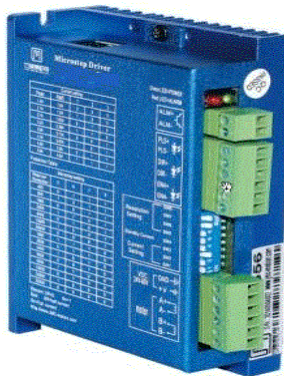## Digital Stepper Drive
Manual

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Thanks for selecting stepper motor driver. We hope that the superior performance, outstanding quality, excellent cost performance of our product can help you accomplish your motion control project.

The content in this manual has been carefully prepared and is believed to be accurate, but no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies.

Technovision Control Systems Pvt. Ltd.

Version	Editor	Verifier
V1.0	R&D	R&D

Contents

1. Overview

The TCS556 is a two phase digital stepper driver based on DSP. Its Micro step resolutions and output current are programmable. And it has advanced control algorithm, which can brings a unique level of system smoothness, provides optimum torque and mid-range instability. The control algorithm of Multi-Stepping can make stepper motor has smooth system performance. The control algorithm of torque compensation can improve the torque of motor in the high speed. The control algorithm of motor self-test and parameter auto-setup technology offers optimum responses with different motors and easy-to-use. The control algorithm of smoothness can enhance the acceleration and deceleration of motor. Its unique features make the TCS556 to be an ideal solution for applications.

2. Features

Parameter auto-setup and motor self-test

Multi-Stepping inside

Small noise, low heating, smooth movement

Torque compensation in high speed

Variable current control technology, High current efficiency

Accelerate and decelerate control inside, Great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor

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Support PUL/DIR and CW/CCW modes

Storage the position of motor

Optically isolated input and compatible with 5V or 24V

User-defined micro steps

Micro-step resolutions and Output current programmable

Over current, over voltage and low voltage protection

Green light means running while red light means protection or off line

3. Ports Introduction

3.1 ALM signal output ports
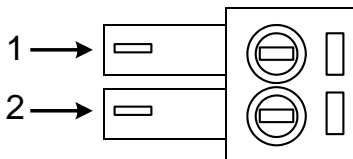
Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	ALM+	Alarm output +	
2	ALM-	Alarm output -	

3.2 Control Signal Input Ports
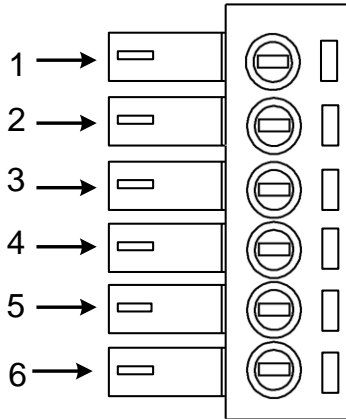
Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	PLS+	Pulse signal +	Compatible with
2	PLS-	Pulse signal -	5V or 24V
3	DIR+	Direction signal+	Compatible with
4	DIR-	Direction signal-	5V or 24V
5	ENA+	Enable signal +	Compatible with
6	ENA-	Enable signal-	5V or 24V

3.3 Power Interface Ports
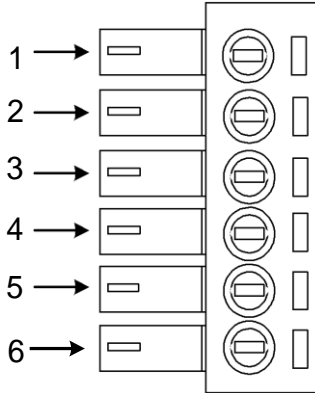
1	Power Input	GND	Input Power-	DC24V-60V
2	Ports	VCC	Input Power +	DC24V-60V
3	Motor Phase Wire Input Ports	A+	Phase A+	Motor Phase A
4		A-	Phase A-	Motor Phase A
5		B+	Phase B+	Motor Phase B
6		B-	Phase B-	Motor Phase B

4. Technological Index

Input Voltage		DC24V-60V
Pulse Frequency max		200K
Communication rate		57.6Kbps
Over voltage value		80V
Overall Dimensions（mm）		$118 \times 75.5 \times 34$
Weight		Approximate 260g
Environment Specifications	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases
	Operating Temperature	+70℃ Max
	Storage Temperature	-20℃~+80℃
	Humidity	40~90%RH
	Cooling method	Natural cooling or forced air cooling

5. Connections to Control Signal

5.1 Connections to Common Anode
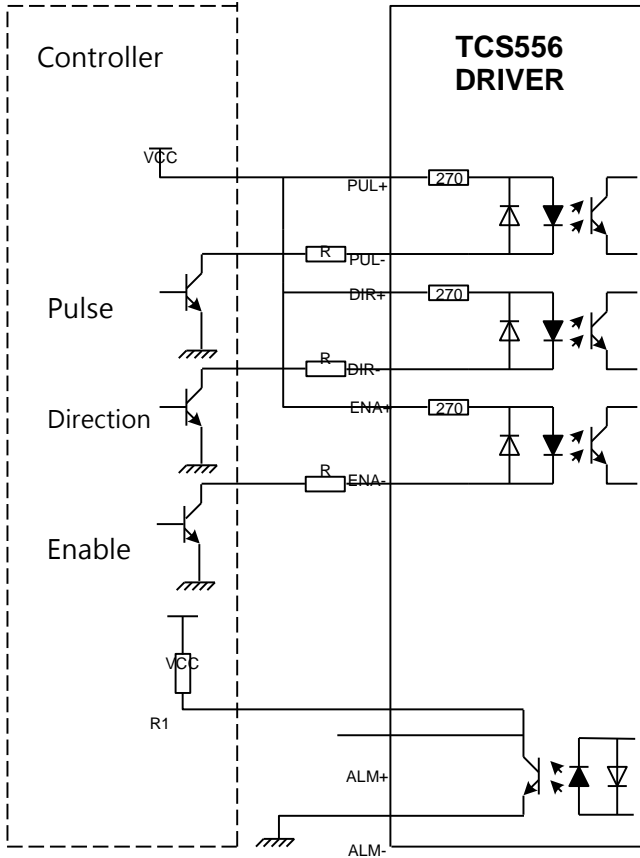
Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(2.2Kohm) must be connected to control signal terminal.
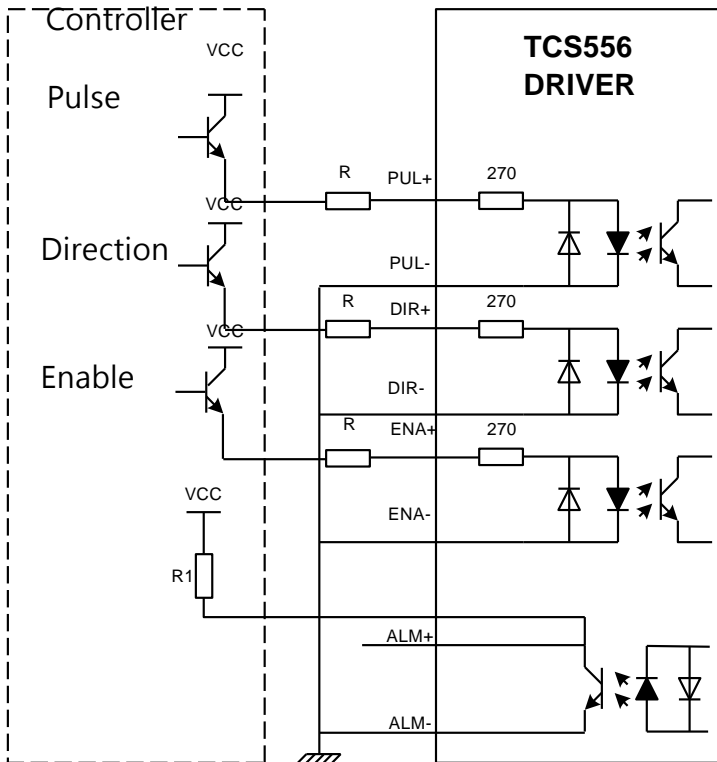
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5.2 Connections to Common Cathode

Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(2.2Kohm) must be connected to control signal terminal.

5.3 Connections to Differential Signal
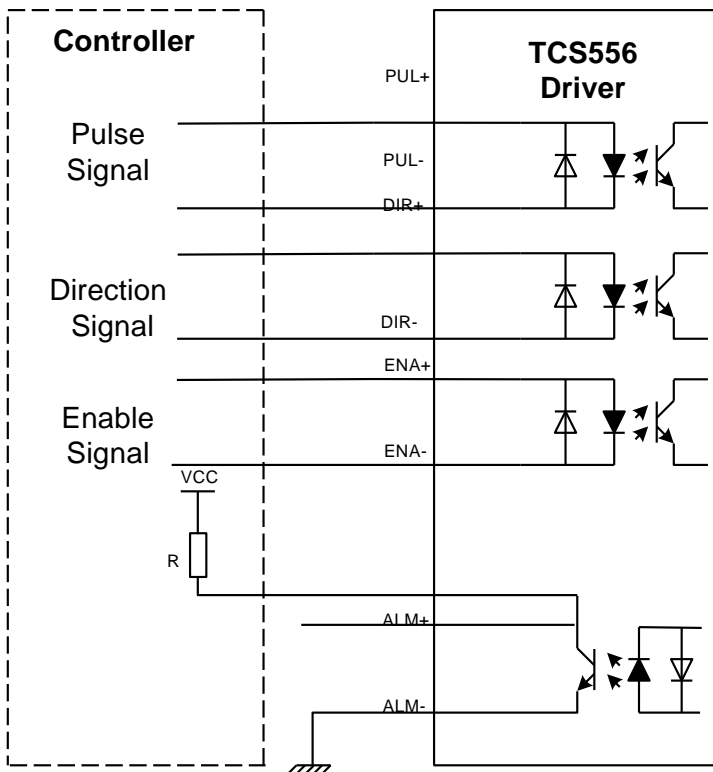
Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(2.2kohm) must be connected to control signal terminal.

5.4 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface

PIN1 ——————— PIN6   PIN1 ⟶ ⟵ PIN6
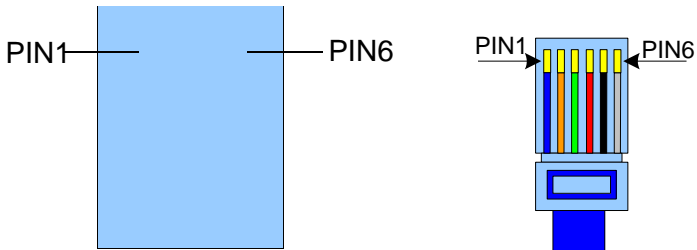
Crystal Head foot	Definition	Remark
1	TXD	Transmit Data
2	RXD	Receive Data
4	+5V	Power Supply to HISU
6	GND	Power Ground

5.5 Sequence Chart of Control Signals

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:
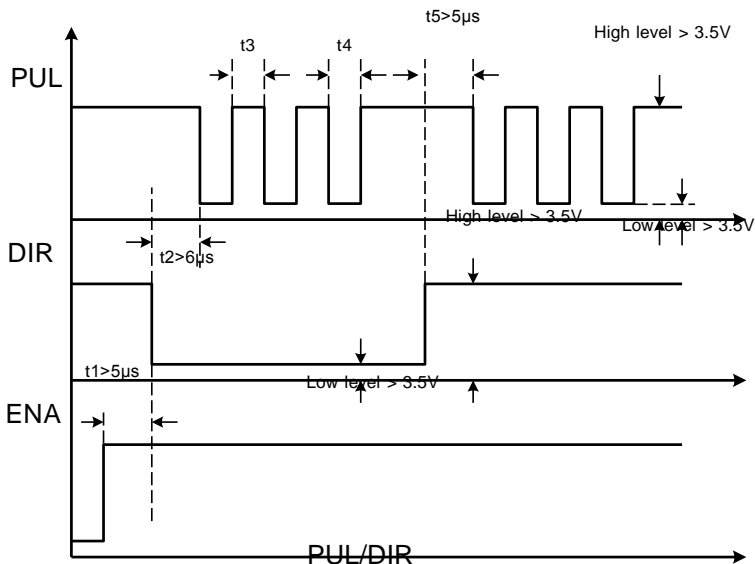
Remark:

a. t1: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least 5μ s. Usually, ENA+ and ENA- are NC (not connected).

b. t2: DIR must be ahead of PUL active edge by 6μ s to ensure correct direction;

c. t3: Pulse width not less than 2.5μ s;

d. t4: Low level width not less than 2.5μ s.

6. DIP Switch Setting

6.1 Current Setting

The current setting is in the following table.

Dial switch Current		SW1	SW2	SW3
Peak	RMS			
1.4A	1.0A	0	0	0
2.1A	1.5A	1	0	0
2.7A	1.92A	0	1	0
3.2A	2.28A	1	1	0
3.8A	2.71A	0	0	1
4.3A	3.07A	1	0	1
4.9A	3.5A	0	1	1
5.6A	4.0A	1	1	1

6.2 Standstill current Setting

SW4 is used for setting the standstill current , "off" means the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current or other current, which can be set by the HISU, the details can be seen in the tenth sections. While "on" means the standstill current is set to be the same as the selected dynamic current.

6.3 Micro steps Setting

The micro steps setting is in the following table. And the micro steps can be also setting through the HISU. The details can be seen in the tenth sections.

Dial witch / Micro steps	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8
400	0	1	1	1
800	1	0	1	1
1600	0	0	1	1
3200	1	1	0	1
6400	0	1	0	1
12800	1	0	0	1
25600	0	0	0	1
1000	1	1	1	0
2000	0	1	1	0
4000	1	0	1	0
5000	0	0	1	0
8000	1	1	0	0
10000	0	1	0	0
20000	1	0	0	0
25000	0	0	0	0

7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency

0.8s   2s

Red Alarm LED Flash   Time Interval
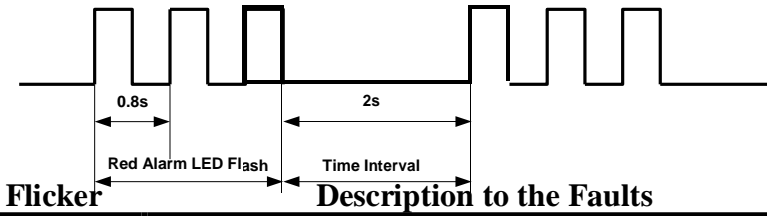
Flicker Frequency	Description to the Faults
1	Error occurs when the motor coil current exceeds the drive's current limit.
2	Voltage reference error in the drive
3	Parameters upload error in the drive
4	Error occurs when the input voltage exceeds the drive's voltage limit.

8. Appearance and Installation Dimensions
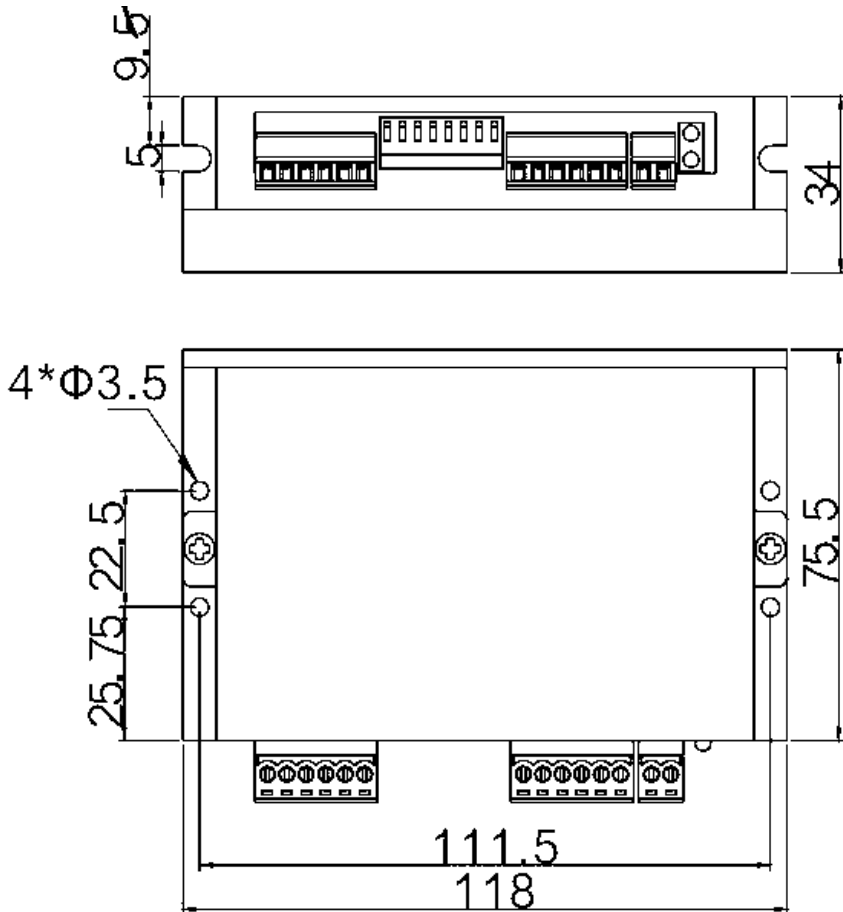
9. Typical Connection

Here is the typical connection of TCS556.

10. Parameter Setting

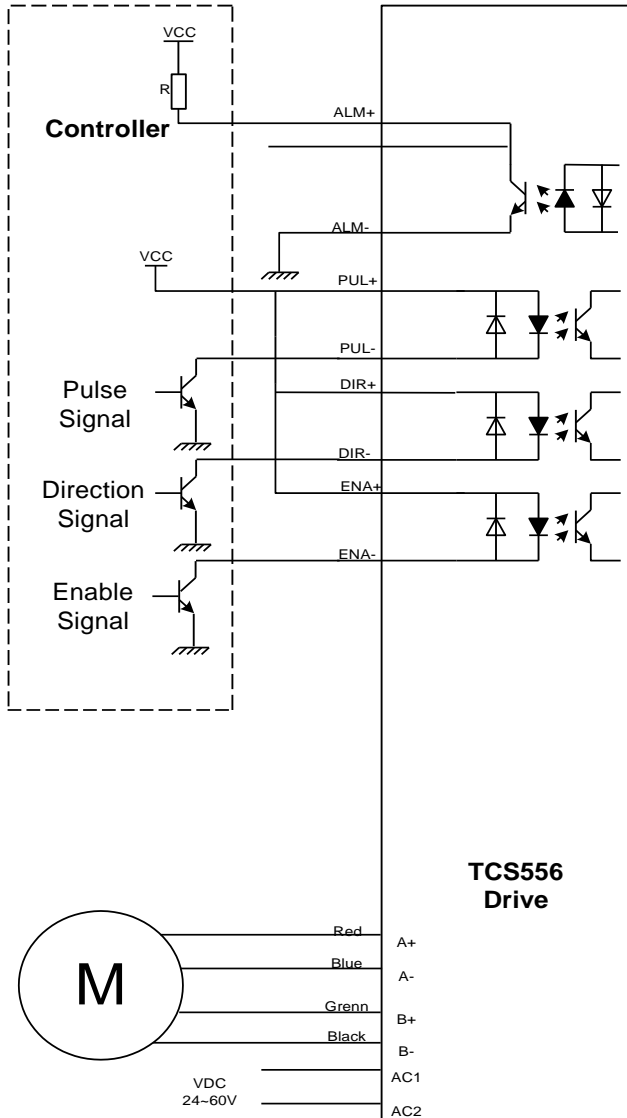The parameter setting method of TCS556 drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way we can set the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Actual value = Set value × the corresponding dimension
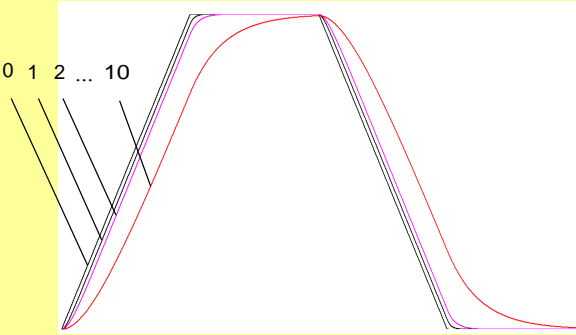
Mode	Definition	Range	Dime-nsion	Drive Restart	Default Value
P1	Current loop Kp	0—4000	1	Y	500
P2	Current loop Ki	0—1000	1	Y	100
P3	Damping coefficient	0—500	1	N	100
P4	Amplitude of first resonance point	0—100	1	N	0
P5	Phase of first resonance point	0—100	1	N	0
P6	Amplitude of second resonance point	0—100	1	N	0
P7	Phase of second resonance point	0—100	1	N	0
P8	Anti-resonance coefficient	0—1000	1	N	0
P9	Reserved				
P10	Enable signal level	0—1	1	N	1
P11	Edge of the pulse	0—1	1	N	1

P12	Reserved				
P13	Command Type	0—1	1	Y	0
	User-defined micro steps				
P15	Time of standstill current	0—4000	1ms	N	1000
P16	Percentage of standstill current	0—100	1	Y	50
P17	Speed smoothness	0—10	1	Y	0
P18	Enable of position memory	0—1	1	Y	0
P19	User-defined resistance of motor	0—100	mh	Y	0
P20	User-defined inductance of motor	0—100	0.1Ohm	Y	0
P21	Result of position memory	0—128	1		0
P22	Time of enable position memory	0—100	1s	Y	5

There are total 22 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

Item	Description
Current loop Kp (P1) Current loop Ki (P2)	The P1 and P2 is used to set Kp and Ki of Current loop at the moment of power-on. When the motor is turning, the Kp and Ki is got by the Self-tuning algorithm.
Damping coefficient (P3)	This parameter is used to change the damping coefficient in case of the desired operating state is under resonance frequency. This parameter is useful in high speed.
Amp 1—2 Phase 1—2 (P4,P5,P6,P7)	TCS556 Driver provides robust anti-resonance control to stop the vibrations and maintain equilibrium. **Amp1** and **Phase1** is Phase adjustment for 1st and Amplitude adjustment for 1st resonance area respectively. Usually between 0.6rps and 1.2rps. **Amp2** and **Phase2** is Phase adjustment for 2nd and Amplitude adjustment for 2nd resonance area respectively. Usually between 1.2rps and 2.4rps.
Anti-resonance coefficient (P8)	This parameter is used for reducing resonance. Usually

	between 3rps and 4rps.
Enable signal level (P10)	This parameter is set to control the Enable Input signal level. 0 means low, while 1 means high.
Edge of the pulse (P11)	This parameter is set to choice the edge of the input pulse. 0 means rising edge, while 1 means falling edge.
Command Type (P13)	This parameter is set to choice the PUL/DIR mode or CW/CCW mode. 0 means PUL/DIR mode, while means CW/CCW mode.
User-defined micro steps (P14)	This parameter is set of user-defined micro steps. The actual micro steps = the set value × 50. For example, if the parameter is 4, the micro steps is 4 × 50 =800. But if this parameter is 0, which means micro steps is set by the outer DIP switches.
Time of standstill current (P15)	This parameter is set the time when the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current or other current.
Percentage of standstill current	This parameter is set the percentage of standstill current.

Speed smoothness (P17)	This parameter is set to control the smoothness of the speed of the motor while acceleration or deceleration, the larger the value, the smoother the speed in acceleration or deceleration. 0 1 2 ... 10
Enable of position memory (P18)	This parameter is set to enable the function of position memory. 0 means disable, while 1 means enable. If set 1, the TCS556 can remember the position of motor in the next time of power on.
User-defined inductance of motor(P19)	This parameter is set the inductance of motor. **0 means TCS556 gets the inductance by control algorithm of Parameter auto-setup**, while 1 means TCS556 gets the inductance through user sets.
User defined resistance	This parameter is set the resistance of motor. **0 means TCS556 gets the resistance by control algorithm of Parameter auto-setup**, while 1 means

Of motor (P20)	TCS556 gets the resistance through user sets.
Result of position memory (P21)	This parameter is set to control the smoothness of Display the result of position memory
Time of enable position memory (P22)	This parameter is set of the time when enable the position memory. The time is mean the space of time to stop plus input.

11. Processing Methods to Common Problems and Faults

11.1 Power on power light off

No power input, please check the power supply circuit. The voltage is too low.

11.2 Power on red alarm light on

Please check the motor is connected with the drive.

The stepper digital drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or increase the input voltage.

11.4 After input pulse signal but the motor not running

Please check the input pulse signal wires are connected in reliable way.

Please make sure the input pulse mode is corresponding with the real input mode. The Driver is disabled.