



## Topic 1: Worked Solutions & Mark Scheme

Marks are awarded for Method (M), Accuracy (A), and Reasoning (R). (M1) or (A1) indicates an implied mark.

1. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Easy, 4 marks]
  - (a) 0.0451. A1
  - (b) 0.045. A1
  - (c)  $4.51 \times 10^{-2}$ . A1A1
2. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Easy, 5 marks]
  - (a)  $PE = \left| \frac{8.2-8.5}{8.5} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)(A1)  
 $= \left| \frac{-0.3}{8.5} \right| \times 100\% = 3.53\% (3.52941\dots\%)$ . A1
  - (b) It is an underestimate. A1  
Because  $8.2 < 8.5$  (the measured value is lower than the exact value). R1
3. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Easy, 5 marks]
  - (a) Half of 0.1 is 0.05.  
Lower bound: 6.35 cm. Upper bound: 6.45 cm. A1A1
  - (b) Max perimeter uses the upper bound. (M1)  
Max Perimeter =  $4 \times 6.45$ . (A1)  
 $= 25.8$  cm. A1
4. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Medium, 6 marks]
  - (a)  $T = 4(3.32 \times 10^{-5})(5.67 \times 10^{10})$ . (M1)  
 $T = 7529760$ . A1
  - (b)  $7.52976 \times 10^6$ . A1A1
  - (c)  $PE = \left| \frac{7500000-7529760}{7529760} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)  
 $= 0.395\% (0.395231\dots\%)$ . A1

5. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Medium, 5 marks]

- (a)  $6.89 \rightarrow 7, 21.3 \rightarrow 20, 0.485 \rightarrow 0.5.$  (A1)  
 $P \approx \frac{7 \times 20}{0.5} = \frac{140}{0.5} = 280.$  A1
- (b)  $P_{exact} = 302.591\dots$  A1
- (c)  $PE = \left| \frac{280 - 302.591\dots}{302.591\dots} \right| \times 100\%.$  (M1)  
 $= 7.47\% (7.4661\dots\%).$  A1

6. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Medium, 6 marks]

- (a) Half of 5 is 2.5.  
 LB of  $L = 120 - 2.5 = 117.5$  m. A1  
 LB of  $W = 85 - 2.5 = 82.5$  m. A1
- (b) Min Area =  $117.5 \times 82.5.$  (M1)  
 $= 9693.75 \text{ m}^2.$  A1
- (c)  $9690$  (to 3 s.f.)  $\implies 9.69 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2.$  A1A1

7. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Medium, 6 marks]

- (a) Half of 10 is 5. Upper bound  $d = 205$  m. A1
- (b) Half of 1 is 0.5. Lower bound  $t = 23.5$  s. A1
- (c) Max speed relies on max distance and min time. (M1)  
 $v_{max} = \frac{205}{23.5}.$  (A1)  
 $v_{max} = 8.72 \text{ m/s} (8.7234\dots).$  A1

8. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Hard, 6 marks]

- (a)  $y = \frac{3(4.2)^2}{1.5} = \frac{3(17.64)}{1.5}.$  (M1)  
 $y = 35.28.$  A1
- (b)  $y \approx 35.$  A1
- (c)  $PE = \left| \frac{35 - 35.28}{35.28} \right| \times 100\%.$  (M1)(A1)  
 $= 0.794\% (0.79365\dots\%).$  A1

9. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Hard, 6 marks]

- (a) Lower bound  $r = 6.45$  cm. A1
- (b)  $V_{min} = \frac{4}{3}\pi(6.45)^3.$  (M1)  
 $V_{min} = 1124.004\dots$  (A1)  
 Correct to 3 s.f.:  $1120 \text{ cm}^3.$  A1
- (c) No, it is not possible. A1  
 The absolute minimum possible volume is  $1124.004\dots \text{ cm}^3,$  so the exact volume cannot be as low as  $1123 \text{ cm}^3.$  R1

10. [Paper 2 Style, Longer Question, Hard, 12 marks]

- (a) Half of 100 is 50.  
Lower Bound = 4450 kg. Upper Bound = 4550 kg. A1A1
- (b) Max 1 crate =  $\frac{4550}{50} = 91$  kg. (M1)A1  
Min 1 crate =  $\frac{4450}{50} = 89$  kg. A1
- (c) Worst case scenario means the crates weigh their maximum: 91 kg. (M1)  
Number of crates =  $\frac{2000}{91} = 21.978\dots$  (M1)(A1)  
Must round down to ensure safety: 21 crates. A1
- (d) Estimated mass =  $21 \times 90 = 1890$  kg. (A1)  
Exact mass =  $21 \times 89.5 = 1879.5$  kg. (A1)  
 $PE = \left| \frac{1890 - 1879.5}{1879.5} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)  
 $= 0.559\%$  (0.55865...%). A1

11. [Paper 2 Style, Longer Question, Hard, 12 marks]

- (a)  $t = \frac{d}{c} = \frac{1.496 \times 10^8}{3.00 \times 10^5}$ . (M1)  
 $t = 498.666\dots$  s. (A1)  
 $t = 4.99 \times 10^2$  s (or  $4.98666\dots \times 10^2$ ). A1
- (b)  $t_{mins} = \frac{498.666\dots}{60}$ . (M1)  
 $t_{mins} = 8.31$  minutes. A1
- (c) Student  $t = \frac{1.5 \times 10^8}{3 \times 10^5} = 500$  s. (M1)(A1)  
 $t_{mins} = \frac{500}{60} = 8.33$  minutes (8.3333...). A1
- (d) Exact value is 8.3111... and approximate is 8.3333... (M1)  
 $PE = \left| \frac{8.3333\dots - 8.3111\dots}{8.3111\dots} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)(A1)  
 $= 0.267\%$  (0.26737...%). A1

12. [Paper 1 Style, Short Answer, Very Hard, 6 marks]

- (a) Half of 0.1 is 0.05.  
Lower Bound = 15.45 m. Upper Bound = 15.55 m. A1A1
- (b) Min Length =  $\frac{15.45}{4}$ . (M1)  
 $= 3.8625$  m. A1
- (c) The student incorrectly divided the measured value 15.5 by 4 instead of using the upper bound. R1  
True max length =  $\frac{15.55}{4} = 3.8875$  m. A1

13. [Paper 2 Style, Longer Question, Very Hard, 12 marks]

- (a)  $8.97 \times 10^{18} = 8970 \times 10^{15}$ .  
Value = 8970 quadrillion EUR. (M1)A1
- (b) Nearest integer  $\implies$  half is 0.5.  
 $LB = 112.5$  km,  $UB = 113.5$  km. A1A1
- (c)  $V_{max} = \frac{4}{3}\pi(113.5)^3$ . (M1)  
 $= 6128913 \dots \text{ km}^3$ . (A1)  
 $= 6.13 \times 10^6 \text{ km}^3$ . A1A1
- (d) Max value per  $\text{km}^3$  occurs when volume is minimized (Lower Bound). (M1)  
 $V_{min} = \frac{4}{3}\pi(112.5)^3 = 5964115 \dots \text{ km}^3$ . (A1)  
Ratio =  $\frac{8.97 \times 10^{18}}{5964115 \dots}$ . (M1)  
 $= 1.50 \times 10^{12} \text{ EUR/km}^3$  ( $1.50399 \dots \times 10^{12}$ ). A1

14. [Paper 2 Style, Longer Question, Very Hard, 10 marks]

- (a)  $\pi \approx 3 + \frac{1}{6.8125} = 3 + \frac{16}{109}$ . (M1)  
 $= 3.146788 \dots \implies 3.1468$ . A1A1
- (b)  $PE = \left| \frac{3.1468 - \pi}{\pi} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)  
 $= 0.166\%$  (0.16575...%). A1
- (c) Sophia  $\approx 3.1666 \dots$  (A1)  
 $PE = \left| \frac{(19/6) - \pi}{\pi} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)  
 $= 0.800\%$  (0.7995...%). A1
- (d) Katya has the more accurate approximation. A1  
Her percentage error (0.166%) is lower than Sophia's (0.800%). R1

15. [Paper 2 Style, Longer Question, Very Hard, 13 marks]

- (a) Mass:  $42.45 \leq M < 42.55$ . A1A1
- (b) Volume:  $4.75 \leq V < 4.85$ . A1A1
- (c) Max density =  $\frac{\text{Upper Bound Mass}}{\text{Lower Bound Volume}}$ . (M1)  
 $= \frac{42.55}{4.75}$ . (A1)  
 $= 8.96 \text{ kg/L}$  (8.95789...). A1
- (d) Min density =  $\frac{\text{Lower Bound Mass}}{\text{Upper Bound Volume}}$ . (M1)  
 $= \frac{42.45}{4.85}$ . (A1)  
 $= 8.75 \text{ kg/L}$  (8.75257...). A1
- (e) Engineer's estimate =  $\frac{8.95789 \dots + 8.75257 \dots}{2} = 8.85523 \dots$  (M1)  
 $PE = \left| \frac{8.85523 \dots - 8.80}{8.80} \right| \times 100\%$ . (M1)  
 $= 0.628\%$  (0.62765...%). A1