

# Representative Government



Government

Greater Toluca Lake Neighborhood Council (GTLNC) Resolution Tuesday, June 17<sup>th</sup>, 2025 **Position: SUPPORT** 



Vote: 9 / 0 / 0

#### Having reviewed and considered the objections of two attorneys from the Los Angeles City Attorney's Office seeking to constrain its free speech and advocacy, GTLNC finds their arguments unconvincing and contrary to its independence and sovereignty, and to the representative capacity and fiduciary duty promised and owed to the stakeholders and People of Greater Toluca Lake.

While reaffirming and remaining true to the conditions and obligations of elected office, GTLNC objects to the attempt to interfere with and constrain the collective First Amendment and other rights of GTLNC, its Directors and Officers, and to abridge the communication of its resolutions and advocacy to any level of local, county, state or federal government relevant to and on behalf of its stakeholders, voters, residents and taxpayers under its own authorized, unique and

unambiguous name, while avoiding the likelihood of confusion with the official positions of the City of Los Angeles by its policymakers and officers. GTLNC further disagrees with the anonymous and unattributed opinions proclaimed in an unsigned memorandum entitled The Role of Neighborhood Councils as Advisors to City Decision-Makers dated August 2020, as a limitation on its protected expressions of opinion (Exhibit 1, attached).

As its own democratically constituted body, having been duly elected by the qualified registered stakeholder voters of Greater Toluca Lake, and operating in accordance with its obligations, and acceptable, reasonable and transparent parameters, GTLNC shall not allow its autonomy and self-determination to be interfered with or infringed upon, nor have its identity and independence subordinated or subsumed.

GTLNC urges its fellow Neighborhood Councils to likewise reject the unjustified meddling and intrusions into its public interest services by City staff. The Greater Toluca Lake Neighborhood Council

By: Tess Taylor President

At its Special Board Meeting on Tuesday, April 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2025, after hearing public testimony, deliberating, and over the

objection of GTLNC's DONE representative, GTLNC passed a resolution by unanimous decision (10/0/0) to support the

California Legislature's consideration of Entertainment Industry Bills which affect the economy of the City of Los Angeles

GTLNC BOARD ACTIONS AFFIRMING THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS DECLARATION

were actually or potentially affected.

## and Greater Toluca Lake. GTLNC voted likewise on state legislation and to oppose SB 79 (VOTE: 12 / 0 / 0) on Tuesday, March 18<sup>th</sup>, 2025, and voted to

oppose then-current Los Angeles County District Attorney George Gascón Policies (VOTE: 9/0/0) on Tuesday, November 14<sup>th</sup>, 2023. It should be noted that other Neighborhood Councils have appropriately advocated for their respective stakeholders both within the City of Los Angeles and to other agencies and levels of government where the interest of such stakeholders

OPINION ATTEMPTS TO LIMIT GTLNC FUNCTION AND **ADVOCACY** 

than to the City itself and that this is outside the role of NCs. The City offers an unsigned memo captioned *The Role of* Neighborhood Councils as Advisors to City Decision-Makers dated August 2020 (the "Memo") (Exhibit 1) which is nowhere on the Web sites of the Los Angeles City Attorney, Los Angeles City Clerk or of the Department of Neighborhood Empowerment (DONE). The only online copy can be found in one obscure location: the Northridge West NC's Web Site.

Los Angeles City Charter Section 900 (from Article IX, creating Department of Neighborhood Empowerment): "Purpose.

To promote more citizen participation in government and make government more responsive to local needs, a citywide

### system of neighborhood councils, and a Department of Neighborhood Empowerment is created. Neighborhood councils shall include representatives of the many diverse interests in communities and shall have an advisory role on issues of concern to the neighborhood [emphasis added]."

NO LIKELIHOOD OF CONFUSION GTLNC does not represent, nor purport to represent, the City of Los Angeles, and there is no credible evidence to the contrary. There is no likelihood of confusion between GTLNC and the City of Los Angeles, nor any of its departments or agencies. Any position GTLNC may take on behalf of its stakeholders is distinguished with this clear disclaimer:

GTLNC is relied upon as a central source by our elected representatives from all branches of government to communicate

media accounts. Is this intended to be one-way communication only? How counterintuitive is it that GTLNC can't express

with people in Greater Toluca Lake via GTLNC regular board and committee meetings, its email newsletter and social

people" according to DONE. NCs act as volunteer service providers and buffers for Los Angeles City Councilmembers,

each of whom represent over a quarter of a million Angelenos. Compare the levels of representation provided by GTLNC

its collective view? GTLNC must have the unfettered right to advocate for the people who elected us.

#### **DISPROPORTIONATE REPRESENTATION** The NC system was created in 1999 to address the San Fernando Valley's claim of the failure of representative democracy and its threat to secede from the City of Los Angeles. NCs are intended to be "the closest form of government to the

with the disproportionate population concentrations of other elected officials:

NCs from taking a position and advocating to non-city entities. \_

**COMMUNICATION HUBS** 

**Population Elected Body GTLNC** 15,000 Est Number of GTLNC Board of Directors 15

Number of LA City Council Hembers	15
County of Los Angeles	9,663,345 (2025)
Number County Board Supervisors	5
29th US Congressional District: U.S. Representative Luz Rivas	719,359 (2023)
United States Senators: Alex Padilla and Adam Schiff	40,000,000 (2025)
27th State Senate District: Senator Henry Stern	993,140 (2020)
44th State Assembly District: Assemblymember Nick Schultz	514,564 (2020)
5th Supervisorial District: Supervisor Kathryn Barger	1,896,455 (2021)
3rd Board of Equalization: Antonio Vazquez	10,000,000
City of Los Angeles Population	3,770,958 (2025)
City of Los Angeles Council District 2: Councilmember Adrin Nazarian	256,691 (2010)
LAUSD	520,000 Students
LAUSD-Board of Education 6th District, Rep. Kelly Gonez	Approx.74,285
Metropolitan Water District of So. California	19,000,000
Greater L A County Vector Control	6,000,000
L A County Flood Control	2.1M Land Parcels
UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION  In its decision in Bond v. Floyd, 385 U.S. 116 * (1966), the United States Supreme Court held (in possible to speak out on public issues "Chief Justice Earl Warren reasoned that "while the State is legislators to swear to a belief in constitutional processes of government, surely the oath givits legislators' capacity to discuss their views of local or national policy."  Warren's opinion provided broad free-speech protection for legislators' political speech. "The respect to the protection of the prote	ot forfeit their constitutional mas an interest in requiring wes it no interest in limiting
Amendment in a representative government requires that legislators be given the widest latit on issue of policy," Warren wrote. "Just as erroneous statements must be protected to give free	•

#### It is a waste of taxpayer funds and a misapplication of precious resources to attempt to make controversial such petty and inconsequential matters as the ones raised. This is made more painfully obvious in the midst of recent disclosures about Councilmember bribery and staff corruption, management incompetence, squandered and missing public funds,

\* Citation error corrected on August 11th, 2025.

Joey Freeman, Deputy Mayor, Intergovernmental Affairs

Jared Rivera, Deputy Mayor, Office of Community Engagement

Elise Ruden, Team Leader, Neighborhood Council Advice Department

Ayelet Feiman, Neighborhood Council Advice Department

cc: Department of Neighborhood Empowerment

To: Mayor Karen Bass

### Preliminary list of recipients, subject to confirmation and possible supplementation. This list is for information purposes only and is not part of the subject resolution itself.

services and resources – often without even reimbursement of direct out-of-pocket expenses – for the benefit of the City

members and Officers are probably the only institutionalized labor force in the City of Los Angeles which is completely

unrepresented and uncompensated – and with no pension and medical benefits, and no sick leave or paid vacations.

and their respective communities, with zero or near-zero undesirable effects on the City of Los Angeles. NC Board

disabled contractor tracking mechanisms, uncollected fees and fines, budget deficits and pending layoffs.

Carmen Chang, General Manager Erica Gatica Doughty, Neighborhood Empowerment Advocate

Members of the Los Angeles City Council

cc: Los Angeles City Attorney

Hydee Feldstein Soto, City Attorney

HE ROLE OF NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS AS

The Charter's specification of these roles ensures a system where the City speaks with one voice to avoid confusion on matters involving county, state or federal legislation and other issues. Neighborhood councils, in their advisory role, are permitted to send their board-approved positions to the City Council and Mayor. Also, neighborhood council board members may in their individual capacity advocate for or against county, state or federal issues as long as it is made clear that they are communicating in their private capacities and not using public resources to present their opinions.

Exhibit 1 (continued)

Neighborhood councils serve an important role by weighing in on city business before

decisions are made and are expected to bring issues of community concern to city

neighborhood council can advise city decision-makers and present an important

perspective upon which elected officials may rely. However, it is ultimately and

exclusively within the elected officials' authority acting as collectively as the City

Council and Mayor to determine and convey the City's position on legislation and

departments and leaders. Thus, as advisory bodies by design, an effective

Board members may use their neighborhood council titles for identification purposes only. Revised August 2020

intergovernmental relations (Charter Section 231(h)).

similar policy issues.

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**GTLNC Board Meetings** 

10153 1/2 Riverside Dr. Suite 215 Toluca Lake, CA 91602

**Mailing Address** 

Third Tuesday of the month 7:00 pm

Toluca Lake Elementary 4840 Cahuenga Blvd, North Hollywood, CA 91601

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Declaration of Commitment to Representative

The City asserts it is improper for GTLNC – or any Neighborhood Council (NC) – to advocate to any agency or entity other

GTLNC disagrees with this interpretation taken by the City, as nothing contained in the City Charter or Ordinances prohibit

"GTLNC's position may not reflect the official position of the City of Los Angeles." **NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS ARE VITAL** 

**High Concentration Counterparts** 

City of Los Angeles 3,770,958 (2025) Number of LA City Councilmembers 15

27th State Senate District: Senator Henry Stern	993,140 (2020)
44th State Assembly District: Assemblymember Nick Schultz	514,564 (2020)
5th Supervisorial District: Supervisor Kathryn Barger	1,896,455 (2021)
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CONCLUSION:	
GTLNC and its 98 NC counterparts throughout Los Angeles contribute substantial and valuable services and resources – often without even reimbursement of direct out-of-pocket expenses –	

NEIGHBORHOOD

COUNCILS

Los Angeles City Charter Section 900 specifies that neighborhood councils "shall have

councils have suggested that this language allows their boards to communicate their

position on local, state or federal legislation, rules, regulations and policies, subject to

the Mayor's veto (Charter Section 254). Administrative Code Section 2.19 sets forth a

represent that the City of Los Angeles supports, opposes, seeks, wishes to amend or

position has been adopted as an official position of the City of Los Angeles." Further,

has any position regarding any legislation, rules, regulations or policies unless such

detailed process the City must follow to take an official position. Pursuant to that

Section, "No person or department affiliated with the City of Los Angeles may

the Charter confers on the Mayor the power to engage in and supervise

an advisory role on issues of concern to the neighborhood." Some neighborhood

interpretation conflicts with the Mayor and City Council's role under the Charter.

The Charter vests the City Council with the power to establish the City's official

positions directly with county, state, and/or federal legislators. However, this

Exhibit 1

Revised August 2020

School Our Community Contact Us

<u>(0)</u>