

THE CLASSROOM LICE STUDY

What the research shows.



2,230
STUDENTS
EXAMINED



118
CLASSROOMS



466
STUDENTS
HAD HEAD LICE
(20.9%)



14,033
LICE COLLECTED
FROM STUDENTS



LICE RECOVERED
FROM CLASSROOM
FLOORS



ZERO LICE RECOVERED FROM CLASSROOM FLOORS.

Classroom floors were not shown to be a source
of head lice transmission.

BUSTING THE MYTHS



Pets Spread Lice

Wrong! Lice only feed on human blood on the scalp. Lice are "species specific" and can't survive on pets.



Lice Means Clean EVERYTHING

Wrong! Lice dies in 24 hours, eggs don't survive off the scalp. Pillow case & bath towel in a hot dryer. Use a sticky lint roller on fabric. Don't share brushes.



Everyone Who Gets Lice Will Itch

Wrong! Itchiness is an allergic reaction to the saliva. Only 50% of people are allergic, and 50% feel NOTHING.



Buzz Cut Gets Rid of Lice

Wrong! Nits/eggs are within 1/4 of the scalp. If hair is too short, eggs can't be combed off.



Lice Jump from Head to Head

Wrong! Lice don't jump, fly, burrow or swim. They need a boost piece of hair as a bridge or ladder to the head. Best prevention: BRAIDS AND BUNS

Learn more: [LiceFreeKids.com](https://www.LiceFreeKids.com)

TEACHER QUICK GUIDE

3 SIMPLE WAYS TO REDUCE RISK

Small steps. Big peace of mind.

1

KEEP HAIR CONTAINED



Braids, buns, or clips reduce opportunities for head-to-head contact.

2

KEEP A STICKY LINT ROLLER NEARBY



Roll backpacks, beanbag chairs, headphones, or fabric surfaces # gives you peace of mind.

3

STAY CALM



Head lice do not spread disease. They are considered a nuisance – not a health risk.



SCHOOL OF LICE