#### **TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA**

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



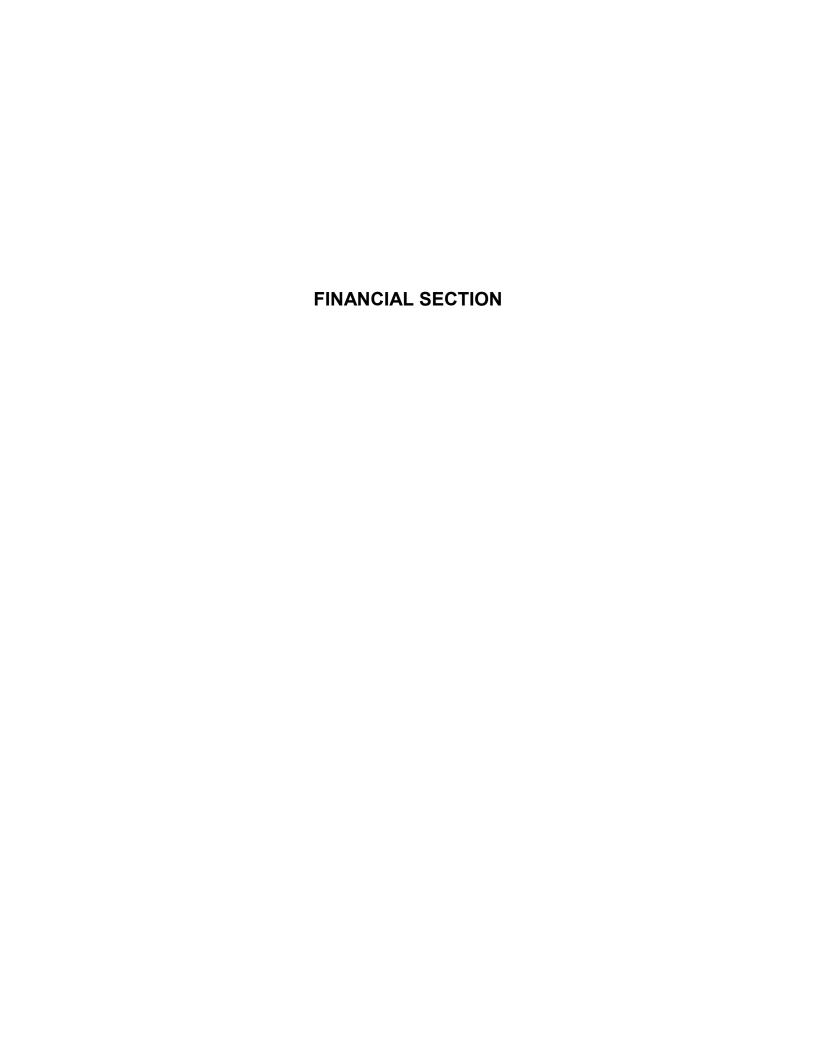
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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Honorable Mayor and the Town Council Town of Clifton, Arizona Clifton, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clifton, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Mayor and Town Council of the Town of Clifton, Arizona

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clifton, Arizona as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of a Matter

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town of Clifton, Arizona adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. As a result of the implementation of GASBS No. 68 and No. 71, the Town of Clifton, Arizona reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle (see Note 3.E.) Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9, the pension schedules on pages 50 through 55, and budgetary comparison information on pages 57 through 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona October 19, 2015

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



We (the Town of Clifton, Arizona (Town)) are pleased to provide an overview of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intended purpose of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to provide an introduction to the basic financial statements and notes, that provides an objective and easy to read analysis of our financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions, by providing an easily readable summary of operating results and reasons for changes, which will help to determine if our financial position improved or deteriorated over the past year. This report addresses current operational activities, the sources, uses, and changes in resources, adherence to budget, service levels, limitations, significant economic factors, and the status of infrastructure and its impacts on our debt and operations.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the Town of Clifton, Arizona exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,003,854 (net position). Of this amount \$284,229 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Clifton, Arizona's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,138,412, a decrease of \$401,460 in comparison with the prior year.
- ♦ At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,675,291 or 52% of total General Fund expenditures.
- General Fund revenues (on a budgetary basis) exceeded budgeted revenues by \$74,393 for fiscal year 2015. Additionally, budgetary basis expenditures were only 92% (\$236,849 (8%) in savings) of the final budget in the General Fund.
- ◆ General Fund budgetary expenditures exceeded budgetary revenues by \$356,602 which represented a positive variance of \$311,242 from the original budget.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial section of these Financial Statements for the Town of Clifton, Arizona consists of this discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and the required supplementary schedules presented after the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, including the budgetary statements for the General Fund, Highway Users Revenue Fund, and Arizona Department of Emergency Management Fund and notes to basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Clifton, Arizona's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town of Clifton, Arizona's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the Town of Clifton, Arizona is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Clifton, Arizona that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Clifton, Arizona include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation. The business-type activities include sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Also presented are the traditional fund financial statements for governmental funds. The fund financial statements focus on major funds of the Town. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Clifton, Arizona, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Clifton, Arizona can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Since the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term spendable resources, while the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements have a longer term focus, a reconciliation of the differences between the two is provided with the fund financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The Town of Clifton, Arizona maintains one type of proprietary fund.
 Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in
 the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Clifton, Arizona uses an enterprise fund
 to account for its sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the Town of Clifton, Arizona.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 18 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of
parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide
financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town
of Clifton, Arizona's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that
used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 20 of this report.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to basic financial statements (pages 21 -49) provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and should be read with the financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A

Governments have an option of including the budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major special revenue funds as either part of the fund financial statements within the basic financial statements, or as required supplementary information after the footnotes. The Town has chosen to present these budgetary statements as part of required supplementary information on pages 57 through 59. Additionally, governments are required to disclose certain information about employee pension funds. The Town has disclosed this information on page 50.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Net position may serve over time as useful indicators of a government's financial position. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position of the Town for June 30, 2015 showing that assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,003,854.

Table A-1
The Town's Net Position

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,598,693	\$ 2,762,075	\$ 15,911	\$ 6,382	\$ 2,614,604	\$ 2,768,457	
Capital Assets	004-4-	40= 0=0			221-1-	40= 0=0	
Nondepreciable	264,717	135,073	-		264,717	135,073	
Depreciable	3,163,694	2,294,139	869,897	807,599	4,033,591	3,101,738	
Total Assets	6,027,104	5,191,287	885,808	813,981	6,912,912	6,005,268	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	273,172	-	11,342	-	284,514	-	
Other Liabilities	311,613	214,087	95,938	7,444	407,551	221,531	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	40.004	00.000	4.500	4.040	40.054	00.405	
Due Within One Year	40,824	30,883	1,530	1,242	42,354	32,125	
Due in More Than One Year	1,330,744	1,069,156	75,446	75,228	1,406,190	1,144,384	
Total Liabilities	1,683,181	1,314,126	172,914	83,914	1,856,095	1,398,040	
Deferred Inflow of Resources	324,284	-	13,193	-	337,477	-	
Net Position							
Investment in Capital Assets	3,428,411	2,429,212	869,897	807,599	4,298,308	3,236,811	
Restricted	421,317	438,443	-	_	421,317	438,443	
Unrestricted	443,083	1,009,506	(158,854)	(77,532)	284,229	931,974	
Total Net Position	\$ 4,292,811	\$ 3,877,161	\$ 711,043	\$ 730,067	\$ 5,003,854	\$ 4,607,228	

The net position of the Town is \$5,003,854 in fiscal year 2015 in the governmental and business-type activities.

Net position consists of three components. The largest portion of the Town of Clifton, Arizona's net position (86%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, sewer collection system, furniture, equipment and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Clifton, Arizona uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Clifton, Arizona's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town of Clifton, Arizona's net position (8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$284,229) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Clifton, Arizona is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole.

Table A-2 **Change in Net Position** 

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Fees, Fines, and Charges							
for Services	\$ 290,639	\$ 312,805	\$ 144,524	\$ 101,803	\$ 435,163	\$ 414,608	
Operating Grants and Contributions	698,398	590,730	-	-	698,398	590,730	
Capital Grants and Contributions	311,154	105,749	-	124,085	311,154	229,834	
General Revenues:							
Local Taxes	760,674	854,601	-	-	760,674	854,601	
Property Taxes	254,272	253,330	-	-	254,272	253,330	
Franchise Taxes	81,052	80,950	-	-	81,052	80,950	
State Shared Revenues	1,001,467	948,621	-	-	1,001,467	948,621	
Investment Earnings	827	711	-	-	827	711	
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of							
Capital Assets	1,250	-	-	-	1,250	-	
Total Revenues	3,399,733	3,147,497	144,524	225,888	3,544,257	3,373,385	
EXPENSES							
General Government	743,537	899,232	-	-	743,537	899,232	
Public Safety	1,359,978	1,044,132	-	-	1,359,978	1,044,132	
Highways and Streets	665,202	693,711	-	-	665,202	693,711	
Culture and Recreation	181,292	127,599	-	-	181,292	127,599	
Sewer	-	-	197,622	209,115	197,622	209,115	
Total Expenses	2,950,009	2,764,674	197,622	209,115	3,147,631	2,973,789	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							
BEFORE TRANSFERS	449,724	382,823	(53,098)	16,773	396,626	399,596	
Transfers	(34,074)	(609,609)	34,074	609,609	-	-	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	415,650	(226,786)	(19,024)	626,382	396,626	399,596	
Net Position - Beginning of Year,		, ,	, ,				
As Restated	3,877,161	4,103,947	730,067	103,685	4,607,228	4,207,632	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,292,811	\$ 3,877,161	\$ 711,043	\$ 730,067	\$ 5,003,854	\$ 4,607,228	

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$415,650. Key factors contributing to the increase include an increase in state shared sales taxes, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$19,024. This decrease was attributable to the current year operating loss of the sewer system.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of Governmental funds reported by the Town include the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

As of the end of the current fiscal year the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,138,412, a decrease of \$401,460 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 82% of this total amount, \$1,755,092 constitutes General Fund balance, which is available for contribution to the committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance. At fiscal year-end 2014-2015 fund balances were as follows:

#### Table A-3 Fund Balances

		1	Increase	
	(Decreas			
Fund	Balance	From	FY 2013-14	
General Fund	\$ 1,755,092	\$	(501,365)	
Highway Users Revenue Fund	369,222		116,174	
Arizona Department of Emergency				
Management Fund	-		-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	14,098		(16,269)	

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Clifton, Arizona. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,755,092, while total fund balance reached \$2,138,412. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both General Fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. General Fund balance represents 54% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 66% of that same amount. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased due to an excess of expenditures over revenues in the current year as the Town spent additional funds on capital projects and on fully staffing the Town's police department.

The fund balance of the Highway Users Revenue Fund increased by \$116,174 as a result of the Town less expenditures on rehabilitation and other road related projects in the current year in comparison to 2014.

All nonmajor governmental funds of the Town are combined into one column on the governmental fund statements and the decrease in fund balance of \$16,269 was not significant.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Town's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the Town. Budgetary comparison statements are required for the General Fund, the Highway Users Revenue Fund, and the Arizona Department of Emergency Management Fund and are found on pages 57 - 59. These statements compare the original adopted budget, the budget if amended throughout the fiscal year, and the actual expenditures prepared on a budgetary basis.

General Fund revenues of \$2,208,261 on a budgetary basis, were greater than budgeted revenues of \$2,133,868 by \$74,393 while budgetary basis expenditures of \$2,564,863 were only 92% of budgeted expenditures (savings of \$236,849). The budget savings was primarily due to the Town experiencing a cost savings in the code enforcement, police, and parks departments and an uptick in sales tax revenues.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

The Town's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$4,298,308 (net of accumulated depreciation), a net increase of 33%. For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. See Note 3.A.3. in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets.

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, sewer system, and furniture, equipment, and vehicles. During fiscal year 2015 the annual depreciation expense for governmental activities was \$268,687 and depreciation expense for business-type activities was \$32,126. Additions to governmental activities capital assets during the fiscal year totaled \$1,296,527. Additions to business type activities capital assets during the fiscal year totaled \$94,424. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Repair and resurfacing of Ward Canyon Road
- ◆ Roof Repair and replacement for the Town Hall
- Purchase and installation of new splash pad and related facilities
- Upgrades and repairs to the Town's sewer system

The following table provides a breakdown of the capital assets of the Town at June 30, 2015 and 2014.

### Table A-4 Capital Assets (Net)

	Government	al Activities Busine		Business-Type Activities				To	otal								
	2015 2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2015	15 20		2014 20			2014
Land	\$ 102,865	\$	102,865	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,865	\$	102,865						
Construction in Progress	161,852		32,208		-		-		161,852		32,208						
Land Improvements	37,259		39,382		-		-		37,259		39,382						
Building and Improvements	751,064		701,836		-		-		751,064		701,836						
Infrastructure	1,097,366		709,109		-		-		1,097,366		709,109						
Sewer System	-		-		860,073		795,278		860,073		795,278						
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	1,278,005		843,812		9,824		12,321		1,287,829		856,133						
Total Capital Assets	\$ 3,428,411	\$	2,429,212	\$	869,897	\$	807,599	\$	4,298,308	\$	3,236,811						

#### **Debt Administration**

The Town did not have any long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

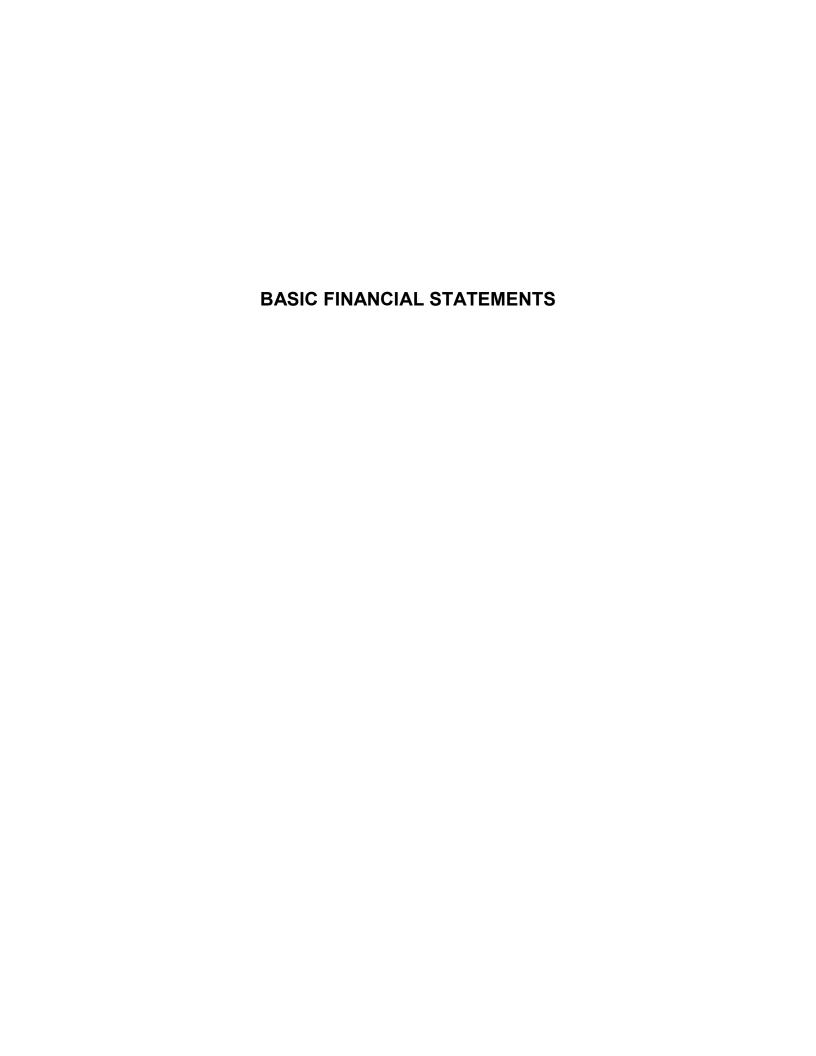
◆ In the event of emergency expenditures or revenue shortfalls, unfilled positions will not be replaced immediately or will be replaced with part-time employees as a cost savings mechanism.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all of those with an interest and to demonstrate accountability for the use of public funds. Questions about any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Town of Clifton Accounting Department P.O. Box 1415 Clifton, Arizona 85533 (928) 865-4146







## TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Primary Government						
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
ASSETS		_		_		_	
Cash	\$	2,096,465	\$	-	\$	2,096,465	
Receivables, Net:							
Accounts Receivable		13,375		15,480		28,855	
Property Taxes Receivable		7,385		-		7,385	
Intergovernmental Receivable		320,885		. <del>.</del>		320,885	
Prepaid Items		18,297		431		18,728	
Net Pension Asset		142,286		-		142,286	
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable		264,717		-		264,717	
Depreciable		3,163,694		869,897		4,033,591	
Total Assets		6,027,104		885,808		6,912,912	
Deferred Outflow of Resources		273,172		11,342		284,514	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		155,959		89,339		245,298	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		59,550		2,157		61,707	
Intergovernmental Payable		10,274		403		10,677	
Unearned Revenue		83,289		4,003		87,292	
Customer Deposits Payable		2,541		36		2,577	
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Compensated Absences		40,824		1,530		42,354	
Net Pension Liability		1,330,744		75,446		1,406,190	
Total Liabilities		1,683,181		172,914		1,856,095	
Deferred Inflow of Resources		324,284		13,193		337,477	
NET POSITION							
Investment in Capital Assets		3,428,411		869,897		4,298,308	
Restricted for:							
Highways and Streets		369,222		_		369,222	
Culture and Recreation		652		-		652	
Public Safety		51,181		_		51,181	
Other Purposes		262		-		262	
Unrestricted		443,083		(158,854)		284,229	
Total Net Position	\$	4,292,811	\$	711,043	\$	5,003,854	

#### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		P	Program Revenu	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets	\$ 743,537 1,359,978 665,202	\$ 274,884 4,798	\$ 4,306 183,399 488,093	\$ 3,400 89,568 31,179	\$ (460,947) (1,082,213) (145,930)	\$ - - -	\$ (460,947) (1,082,213) (145,930)	
Culture and Recreation	181,292	10,957	22,600	187,007	39,272		39,272	
Total Governmental Activities	2,950,009	290,639	698,398	311,154	(1,649,818)		(1,649,818)	
Business-Type Activities: Sewer	197,622	144,524				(53,098)	(53,098)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,147,631	\$ 435,163	\$ 698,398	\$ 311,154	(1,649,818)	(53,098)	(1,702,916)	
		General Rever	nues:					
		Sales Taxe	es		760,674	_	760,674	
		Property Ta			254,272	-	254,272	
		Franchise <sup>1</sup>	Taxes		81,052	-	81,052	
		State Revenu	ue Sharing		400,817	-	400,817	
		State Sales 7	Гах Revenue Sh	aring	302,588	-	302,588	
		Auto Lieu Ta	x Revenue Shar	ing	298,062	-	298,062	
		Investment E	•		827	-	827	
			osal of Capital A	Assets	1,250	-	1,250	
		Transfers			(34,074)	34,074	-	
			neral Revenues		2,065,468	34,074	2,099,542	
		Change in Net		A - D t - t l	415,650	(19,024)	396,626	
		Net Position - E	Beginning of Yea	ar, as Restated	3,877,161	730,067	4,607,228	
		Net Position - E	End of Year		\$ 4,292,811	\$ 711,043	\$ 5,003,854	

#### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		•			Go	onmajor vernmenta			
	General Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals
Assets									
Cash	\$ 1,671,347	\$	353,328	\$		\$	71,790	<b>¢</b> 1	2,096,465
Receivables:	Ψ 1,071,547	Ψ	333,320	Ψ	_	Ψ	11,130	Ψ2	2,030,403
Accounts Receivable, Net	13,375		_		_		_		13,375
Intergovernmental Receivable	139,705		31,974		120,743		28,463		320,885
Property Tax Receivable	7,385		J1,37 <del>-</del>		120,740		20,400		7,385
Prepaid Items	17,435		862		_		_		18,297
Due From Other Funds	120,743		002		_		_		120,743
Due i form Other i unus	120,743						<u> </u>		120,743
Total Assets	\$ 1,969,990	\$	386,164	\$	120,743	\$	100,253	\$ 2	2,577,150
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$ 141,793	\$	11,836	\$		\$	2,330	\$	155,959
Accrued Wages and Benefits	54,776	Ψ	4,314	Ψ	_	Ψ	460	Ψ	59,550
Intergovernmental Payable	9,406		792				76		10,274
Due to Other Funds	3,400		132		120,743		-		120,743
Unearned Revenue	_		_		120,740		83,289		83,289
Customer Deposits Payable	2,541		_		_		03,209		2,541
Total Liabilities	208,516		16,942		120,743		86,155		432,356
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable Revenues	6,382								6,382
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	17,435		862		-		-		18,297
Restricted	34,649		368,360		-		14,098		417,107
Assigned	27,717		· -		-		-		27,717
Unassigned	1,675,291		_		_		_		1,675,291
Total Fund Balances	1,755,092		369,222				14,098		2,138,412
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,969,990	\$	386,164	\$	120,743	\$	100,253	\$ 2	2,577,150

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 2,138,412
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds.	6,382
Net pension assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	142,286
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Governmental Capital Assets	5,189,523
Less Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities	 (1,761,112) 3,428,411
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	273,172 (324,284)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	(40,824) (1,330,744)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,292,811

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Highway Users Revenue Fund	Arizona Department of Emergency Management Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
	Ochician i unu	revenue i unu	- I unu	1 unus	Totals
Revenues					
Taxes					
Sales Taxes	\$ 760,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 760,674
Property Taxes	256,006	-	-	-	256,006
Franchise Taxes	81,052	-	-	-	81,052
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,001,467	354,713	120,743	76,474	1,553,397
Fines and Forfeitures	31,182	-	-	4,771	35,953
Licenses and Permits	29,246	-	-	-	29,246
Charges for Services	12,185	-	-	-	12,185
Rents and Royalties	205,962	-	-	-	205,962
Contributions and Donations	368,004	-	-	50	368,054
Investment Earnings	827	-	-	-	827
Other	7,293				7,293
Total Revenues	2,753,898	354,713	120,743	81,295	3,310,649
Expenditures Current:					
General Government	764,656	_	_	3,400	768,056
Public Safety	1,222,026	_	_	25,085	1,247,111
Highways and Streets	719,518	238,539	120,743	31,179	1,109,979
Culture and Recreation	532,530	200,000	120,740	37,900	570,430
Total Expenditures	3,238,730	238,539	120,743	97,564	3,695,576
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(484,832)	116,174	-	(16,269)	(384,927)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	(34,074)	-	-	-	(34,074)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	17,541				17,541
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,533)	_			(16,533)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(501,365)	116,174	-	(16,269)	(401,460)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,256,457	253,048	-	30,367	2,539,872
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,755,092	\$ 369,222	\$ -	\$ 14,098	\$ 2,138,412

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$ (401,460)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures for Capital Assets Less Current Year Depreciation Excess Capital Expenditures Over Depreciation	 1,296,527 (268,687) 1,027,840
The statement of activities reports gains/ losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.	(28,641)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	
Property Taxes	(1,734)
Governmental funds report Town pension contributions as expenditures when made. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions, and the investment experience.	
Pension Contributions Pension Expense	 132,457 (302,871) (170,414)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Net Increase in Compensated Absences	(9,941)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 415,650

#### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Receivables, Net:	
Accounts Receivable	\$ 15,480
Prepaid Items	431
Total Current Assets	15,911
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Depreciable (Net)	869,897
Total Assets	885,808
Deferred Outflow of Resources	11,342
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	89,339
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,157
Intergovernmental Payable	403
Unearned Revenue	4,003
Customer Deposits Payable	36
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences	1,530
Net Pension Liability	75,446_
Total Liabilities	172,914
Deferred Inflow of Resources	13,193
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	869,897
Unrestricted	(158,854)
Total Net Position	\$ 711,043

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities Sewer Fund
Operating Revenue Charges for Services	\$ 144,524
Operating Expenses Cost of Sales and Services Depreciation Total Operating Expenses  Operating Income (Loss)	165,496 32,126 197,622 (53,098)
Transfers In	34,074
Change in Net Position	(19,024)
Net Position:	
Beginning of Year, as Restated	730,067
End of Year	\$ 711,043

#### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities Sewer Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from Customers  Payments to Suppliers  Payments to Employees  Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities	\$	135,393 (20,840) (54,203) 60,350
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds		34,074
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of Capital Assets		(94,424)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	\$	(53,098)
Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Adjustment for Pension Expense Change in Assets/Liabilities:		32,126 2,069
Receivables, Net Prepaid Items Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Unearned Revenue		(9,098) (431) 88,414 70 43
Compensated Absences  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(33) 288 60,350

#### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	_ Pen	Pension Trust	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash	\$	97,485	
Receivables, Net		1,836	
Total Current Assets		99,321	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Due to Other Entities		5,469	
Net Position			
Held In Trust	_\$	93,852	

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Pension Trust
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 1,321
Employee	1,321_
Total Contributions	2,642
Investment Earnings:	
Interest	47_
Total Additions	2,689
Change in Net Position	2,689
Net Position - Beginning of Year	91,163
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 93,852



#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Clifton, Arizona (Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies follows.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town adopted GASB No. 68 and GASB No.71. GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, both of which provide financial reporting guidance for reporting pension liabilities and expenses.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate from and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has identified no potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity would have been made by applying criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Generally, component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government (i.e., the Town) are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit if it: appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body; and either is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or there is a possibility of the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. In addition, a primary government may be financially accountable for a potential component unit even though the potential component unit may have a separately elected governing board, a board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board if the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government (e.g., the primary government must approve the potential component unit's budget, tax rates, etc.). Because no potential component units were identified in defining the Town's reporting entity, none have been included.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

## TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. However, intergovernmental grants and aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

### General Fund

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### Highway Users Revenue Fund (HURF)

The Highway Users Revenue Fund (HURF), a special revenue fund, accounts for the Town's share of motor fuel tax revenues and lottery proceeds.

### Arizona Department of Emergency Management Fund (ADEMF)

The Arizona Department of Emergency Management Fund (ADEMF), a special revenue fund, accounts for the Town's expenditures of state emergency funds for repair of damages relating to the 2013 flooding of the San Francisco River.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

### Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund, a proprietary fund, accounts for the activity of the Town's sewer operations.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

#### Pension Trust Fund

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified firemen.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the sewer fund include the cost of sales and services and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, for governmental activities it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For business-type activities, the use of restricted resources is governed by the applicable bond covenants.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the State Treasurer, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, repurchase agreements, obligations of the State of Arizona or any of its counties or incorporated cities, Towns or duly organized school districts, improvement districts in this state and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### 2. Receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$0 in the General Fund and \$17,837 in the Sewer Fund. The Town includes all accounts outstanding greater than ninety days in its allowance for uncollectible accounts.

### 3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at actual cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation on all assets is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	15-80 Years
Land Improvements	15-20 Years
Sewer System	50 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles	5-15 Years
Infrastructure	15 Years

The Town's policy is to prospectively report infrastructure acquired after adoption of GASB Statement No. 34.

### 5. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Town recognizes the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as a deferred outflow of resources. Reported amounts are related to the requirements of accounting and financial reporting for pensions under GASB 68.

### 6. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

### 7. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and additions to/deductions from ASRS/PSPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ASRS/PSPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### 8. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Town recognizes the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as a deferred inflow of resources. Reported amounts are related to the requirements of accounting and financial reporting for pensions under GASB 68.

#### 9. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets is separately reported because the Town reports all Town assets which make up a significant portion of total net position. Restricted net position accounts for the portion of net position restricted by parties outside the Town. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position not included in the previous two categories.

#### 10. Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town Manager to make assignments of resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use restricted fund balance first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. Budgetary information

The Town Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, the Town Manager submits a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 to the Town Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation described below of all fund types as a whole. For management purposes, the Town adopts a budget by department for the General Fund and in total by fund for other funds. The Town Manager, subject to Town Council approval, may at any time transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof between a department or activity. The adopted budget cannot be amended in any way without Town Council approval.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures.

The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carryover unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

No supplementary budgetary appropriations were necessary during the year.

### **B.** Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

	Am	nount of
	Overe	expenditure
General Fund:		
Chase Creek Building and Maintenance	\$	7,695
Fire		35,332

Cash was available to cover the overexpenditure.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

#### 1. Cash

Cash at June 30, 2015 consists of the following:

Deposits:	
Cash in Bank	\$ 2,096,465
Certificates of Deposit	 97,485
Total Deposits	2,193,950
Less: Fiduciary Funds	 (97,485)
	 _
Total Cash - Statement of Net Position	\$ 2,096,465

Custodial Credit Risk — This is the risk that, in the event of a failure by a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk. However, the bank balance of deposits at June 30, 2015 was \$2,266,936 of which \$500,000 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,766,936 is collateralized by collateral held by the Town's custodial bank in the Town's name.

#### 2. Receivables

The Greenlee County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the County. The County levies property taxes due to the Town in August. Two equal installments, payable in October and March, become delinquent after the first business days in November and May. During the year, the County also levies various personal property taxes that are due the second Monday of the month following receipt of the tax notice and become delinquent 30 days later. A lien assessed again real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding the assessment levy.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied in the government-wide financial statements and represent a reconciling item between the government-wide and fund level financial statements. In the fund financial statements property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end or collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as unavailable revenues.

### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### A. Assets (Continued)

### 2. Receivables (Continued)

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follow:

	Unavailable		U	nearned
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable				
General Fund	\$	6,382	\$	-
Cash Payments not Meeting all Eligibility				
Requirements (Nonmajor Governmental Funds)				83,289
	\$	6,382	\$	83,289

### 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beg	ginning					Ending
	Balance Increases Decrea		ecreases	Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	102,865	\$ -	\$	-	\$	102,865
Construction in Progress		32,208	 129,644		-		161,852
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		135,073	 129,644				264,717
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements		173,277	5,832		-		179,109
Building and Improvements		999,061	83,602		(51,500)		1,031,163
Infrastructure		955,280	445,710		-		1,400,990
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	1	,703,526	 631,739		(21,721)		2,313,544
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	3	3,831,144	1,166,883		(73,221)		4,924,806
Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Land Improvements		(133,895)	(7,955)		-		(141,850)
Building and Improvements		(297,225)	(22,024)		39,150		(280,099)
Infrastructure		(246,171)	(57,453)		-		(303,624)
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles		(859,714)	 (181,255)		5,430		(1,035,539)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1	,537,005)	 (268,687)		44,580		(1,761,112)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	2	2,294,139	898,196		(28,641)		3,163,694
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2	2,429,212	\$ 1,027,840	\$	(28,641)	\$	3,428,411

### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### A. Assets (Continued)

### 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	24,966	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,966
Sewer System		1,144,637		94,424				1,239,061
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		1,169,603		94,424		-		1,264,027
Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Equipment		(12,645)		(2,497)		-		(15,142)
Sewer System		(349,359)		(29,629)				(378,988)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(362,004)		(32,126)				(394,130)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		807,599		62,298				869,897
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	807,599	\$	62,298	\$	-	\$	869,897

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 25,260
Public Safety	94,314
Highways and Streets	117,417
Culture and Recreation	 31,696
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 268,687
Business-Type Activities: Sewer	\$ 32,126

### B. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

As of June 30, 2015, interfund receivables and payables were as follows:

	_	Due From			
		Arizona Departmen			
		of Emergency			
		Management			
Due To	_	Fund			
General Fund	_	\$	120,743		

The interfund receivable and payable is the result of short-term borrowings to cover deficit cash balances at year-end due to an intergovernmental receivable.

### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### B. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	 Transfer In
Transfer From	 Sewer Fund
General Fund	\$ 34,074

Interfund transfers were made by the Town during the fiscal year from the General Fund to the Sewer Fund to subsidize the current year deficit cash balance of the Sewer Fund

### C. Long-Term Obligations

Compensated absences are paid by the applicable fund where each employee is regularly paid, primarily the General Fund.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	July	/ 1, 2014	In	creases	eases Decreases		June 30, 2015		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities Other Liabilities: Compensated Absences	\$	30.883	\$	30.182	\$	(20,241)	\$	40.824	\$	40,824
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	30,883	\$	30,182	\$	(20,241)	\$	40,824	\$	40,824
	July	/ 1, 2014	In	creases	De	ecreases	June	e 30, 2015		e Within ne Year
Business-Type Activities Compensated Absences	\$	1,242	\$	397	\$	(109)	\$	1,530	\$	1,530
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,242	\$	397	\$	(109)	\$	1,530	\$	1,530

#### D. Fund Balance Classification of Governmental Funds

The Town has classified its fund balances with the following hierarchy:

### Restricted for Transportation Purposes, Grants and Contributions:

Arizona Revised Statutes title 28, chapter 18, article 2 dictates, state transportation revenues received by the Town be used solely for authorized transportation purposes. Other funds are restricted by the granting agency or donor. The restricted fund balances totaled \$417,107, and represented \$368,360 for transportation, \$14,098 for grants and \$34,649 for public safety as stipulated by external resource providers.

### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### D. Fund Balance Classification of Governmental Funds (Continued)

### Assigned:

At June 30, 2015, General Fund assigned fund balance totaled \$27,717. Town management assigned fund balance as follows:

Assignment	Balance
Abatement	\$ 13,391
Outreach	4,741
Festival of Lights	8,634
Magistrate	951
Total	\$ 27,717

### Unassigned:

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$1,675,291.

### Minimum Fund Balance Policy:

It is the goal of the Town to achieve and maintain an unassigned find balance in the General Fund equal to 3% of expenditures.

### E. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town of Clifton, Arizona adopted GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. These pronouncements require the restatement of the June 30, 2014, net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and enterprise funds as shown as follows:

Cumulativa Affact

					plication of			
				nulative Affect	GASB 71 Deferred			
		of Application of				of Resources		
	Net Position as		as GASB 68		for Town Contributions		Net Position	
	Prev	iously Stated	Net Pension Liability		Made During 2013-14		As Restated	
Governmental Activities	\$	4,946,317	\$	(1,174,993)	\$	105,837	\$	3,877,161
Business Type Activities		805,295		(80,146)		4,918		730,067
Sewer Enterprise Fund		805,295		(80,146)		4,918		730,067

#### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk Management

The Town of Clifton, Arizona, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the Town is a participating member. The limit for basic coverage is for \$3,000,000 per occurrence on a claims made basis. Excess coverage is for an additional \$3,000,000 per occurrence on a follow form, claims made basis. No significant reduction in insurance coverage occurred during the year and no settlements exceeded insurance coverage during any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the Pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The Pool has the authority to assess its members additional premiums should reserves and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the Pool's obligations.

The Town is also insured by Arizona Municipal Workers Compensation Fund for potential worker related accidents.

### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

**Lawsuits** – The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, the Town has some exposure to loss; however, the Town is vigorously defending these claims and any loss or dollar value of the loss is not determinable.

### C. Retirement Plans

### Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund

The Town of Clifton, Arizona's Volunteer Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund is a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Town and a board of trustees for the Town's volunteer firefighters. The board of trustees established the plan and may amend the active plan members' and Town contribution rates.

The plan covers the Town's volunteer firefighters. For the year ended June 30, 2015, there were 20 active plan members and 3 retirees.

A defined contribution pension plan provides benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefit the individual is to receive. According to state statute, a volunteer firefighter who has served for 25 years or more or has reached 60 years of age and has served 20 years or more shall be eligible to receive a monthly retirement not to exceed \$400 per month based on the benefits available to members of the Town's volunteer firefighters, as

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund (Continued)

determined by the board of trustees. Such pension, if paid, may be increased or decreased in amount, or discontinued at the discretion of the board of trustees. If the funds provided in the fund are insufficient to pay fully the pensions authorized, the fund shall be prorated among those entitled thereto. A firefighter who leaves the service without being eligible for retirement benefits is entitled to all previous deductions from his salary plus interest at a rate determined by the board of trustees. As established by state statute, in lieu of another acceptable pension plan, all volunteer firefighters must participate in the pension plan from the date they enter service.

Each volunteer must contribute 5.0% of covered compensation which is equally matched by the Town. In addition, the State of Arizona is required by statute to contribute a portion of the annual tax received on fire insurance premiums. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town and firefighters were not required to make contributions; however, the Town contributed \$1,321 and the firefighters contributed \$1,321.

No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions made by the Town or its volunteer firefighters.

The Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund held no securities of the Town or other related parties during the fiscal years or as of the close of the fiscal year.

Separate financial statements for the Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund are not prepared.

### **Cost-Sharing and Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plans**

The Town contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) for police officers and the PSPRS for firefighters. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	overnmental Activities	ness-Type .ctivities	Total
Net Pension Assets	\$ 142,286	\$ _	\$ 142,286
Net Pension Liabilities	1,330,744	75,446	1,406,190
Deferred Outflows of Resources	273,172	11,342	284,514
Deferred Inflows of Resources	324,284	13,193	337,477
Pension Expense	302,871	6,362	309,233

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Cost-Sharing and Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plans (Continued)**

The Town reported accrued payroll and employee benefits of \$6,109 for outstanding pension contribution amounts payable to all pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2015. Also, the Town reported \$136,750 of pension expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

### **Arizona State Retirement System**

**Plan Descriptions** – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described on the following pages participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan; and a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at www.azasrs.gov.

**Benefits Provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement	
Initial	Membership	Date:

		iemp Bate.
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011
		July 1, 2011
Years of service	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55
and age required	10 years age 62	25 years age 60
to receive benefit	5 year age 50*	10 years age 62
	any years age 65	5 years age 50*
		any years age 65
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive
salary is based on	months of last 120 months	months of last 120 months
Benefit percentage		
per year of service	2.1% to 2.3 %	2.1% to 2.3 %

<sup>\*</sup> With actuarially reduced benefits.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2015, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.60% (11.48% for retirement and 0.12% for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.60% (10.89% for retirement, 0.59% for the health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12% for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.57% (9.51% for retirement and 0.06% for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS. The Town's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015, were \$77,093. The Town's contributions for the current and two preceding years for OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	 th Benefit ement Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund	
Year Ended June 30,			-
2015	\$ 4,177	\$	850
2014	4,263		1,705
2013	4,140		1,529

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 84% from the General Fund, 10% from the Highway Users Revenue Fund, and 6% from the Sewer Fund.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Pension Liability** – At June 30, 2015, the Town reported a liability of \$1,124,630 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

The Town's reported liability at June 30, 2015, decreased by \$70,066 from the Town's prior year liability of \$1,194,696 because of changes in the ASRS' net pension liability and the Town's proportionate share of that liability. The ASRS' publicly available financial report provides details on the change in the net pension liability.

The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's FY 2013 contributions. The Town's proportion measured as of June 30, 2014, was 0.0076%, which was a increase of 0.0004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources –** For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$94,837. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows

Deferred Inflores

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	57,157	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		196,663
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		47,913		-
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		77,093		-
Total	\$	182,163	\$	196,663

The \$77,093 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Aı	Amount		
2016	\$	3,483		
2017		3,483		
2018		35,461		
2019		49,166		

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions –** The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date

Actuarial Roll Forward Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Investment Rate of Return

Projected Salary Increases

Inflation

Permanent Benefit Increase

Mortality Rates

June 30, 2014

Entry Age Normal

8%

3 - 6.75%

Included

Included

Mortality Rates

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79% using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	63%	7.03%
Fixed Income	25%	3.20%
Real Estate	8%	4.75%
Commodities	4%	4.50%
Total	100%	

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8%, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7%) or 1 percentage point higher (9%) than the current rate.

	Current Discount					
	1%	Decrease		Rate	•	1% Increase
		(7%)		(8%)		(9%)
Town's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	1,421,475	\$	1,124,630	\$	963,577

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

### **Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)**

**Plan Descriptions -** Town police employees and Town firefighters who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS Web site at www.psprs.com.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Benefits Provided -** The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Initial Membership Date:				
	Before	On or After			
Retirement and Disability	January 1, 2012	January 1, 2012			
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years any age 15 years age 62	25 years age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years			
Benefit percent					
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retireme	ent, whichever is greater			
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months the normal retirement, v				
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with or 20 years of credited service, w years of credited service (not to	hichever is greater, multiplied by			
Survivor Benefit Retired Members	 80% to 100% of retired m	nember's pension benefit			
Active Members		ility retirement benefit or 100% of if death was the result of injuries on the job			

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50% of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms –** At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Police	PSPRS Firefighters
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1	-
Active employees	6	-
Total	8	1

**Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost** – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2015, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS	PSPRS
	Police	Firefighters
Active Members - Pension	11.05%	11.05%
Town		
Pension	10.86%	0.00%
Health Insurance Premium Benefit	0.60%	0.00%

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

For the agent plans, the Town's contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended June 30, 2015, were:

	PSPRS Police		PSPRS Firefighters	
Pension Contributions Made	\$	39,657	\$	20,000
Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
Annual OPEB Cost		2,191		-
Contributions Made		2,191		-

During fiscal year 2015, the Town paid for PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions 100% from the General Fund.

**Pension Liability (Asset) –** At June 30, 2015, the Town reported the following net pension liabilities (and asset):

		Net F	Pension
		Lia	ability
		(A	sset)
PSPRS Police	-	\$	(142,286)
PSPRS Firefighters			281,560

The net pension liabilities (and asset) were measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liabilities as of June 30, 2014, reflect the following changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions.

- In February 2014, the Arizona Supreme Court affirmed a Superior Court ruling that a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases was unconstitutional. As a result, PSPRS plans changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases.
- The wage growth actuarial assumption was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Pension Actuarial Assumptions –** The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Discount Rate

Projected Salary Increases

Inflation

Permanent Benefit Increase

June 30, 2014

Entry Age Normal

7.85%

4.0%-8.0%

4.0%

Included

Mortality Rates RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85% using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Short Term Investments	2%	3.25%
Absolute Return	4%	6.75%
Risk Parity	4%	6.04%
Fixed Income	7%	4.75%
Real Assets	8%	5.96%
GTAA	10%	5.73%
Private Equity	11%	9.50%
Real Estate	11%	6.50%
Credit Opportunities	13%	8.00%
Non-U.S. Equity	14%	8.63%
U.S. Equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100%	

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Pension Discount Rates –** The following discount rates were used to measure the total pension liabilities:

	PSPRS	PSPRS
	Police	Firefighters
Discount Rates	7.85%	5.31%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the PSPRS Police plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments for these plans to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability (Asset) – The following tables present changes in the net pension liability (asset) for PSPRS Police and PSPRS Firefighter plans as follows:

PSPRS - Police	Total Pension Liability (Asset) (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	453,094	\$	518,906	\$	(65,812)
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		42,660		-		42,660
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		34,962		-		34,962
Changes of Benefit Terms		17,094		-		17,094
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Experience in the Measurement						
of the Pension Liability		(125,329)		-		(125,329)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		47,618		-		47,618
Contributions - Employer		-		35,445		(35,445)
Contributions - Employee		-		31,409		(31,409)
Net Investment Income		-		70,213		(70,213)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(58,091)		(58,091)		-
Administrative Expenses		-		(565)		565
Other Changes				(43,023)		43,023
Net Changes		(41,086)		35,388		(76,474)
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	412,008	\$	554,294	\$	(142,286)

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

PSPRS - Firefighters	Total Pension Liability (Asset)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
D. I		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	245,343	\$	119,088	\$	126,255
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		-		-		-
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		18,111		-		18,111
Changes of Benefit Terms		19,974		-		19,974
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Experience in the Measurement						
of the Pension Liability		5,127		-		5,127
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		129,044		-		129,044
Contributions - Employer		-		2,000		(2,000)
Contributions - Employee		-		-		-
Net Investment Income		-		15,072		(15,072)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(29,265)		(29,265)		-
Administrative Expenses		-		(121)		121
Other Changes		-		-		-
Net Changes		142,991		(12,314)		155,305
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	388,334	\$	106,774	\$	281,560

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension liabilities (assets) calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be it if were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1%	Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
PSPRS Police		_				_
Rate		6.85%		7.85%		8.85%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(93,335)	\$	(142,286)	\$	(182,532)
PSPRS Firefighters						
Rate		4.31%		5.31%		6.31%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		316,621		281,560		251,240

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report.

**Pension Expense** – For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized the following pension expense:

	Pension
	 Expense
PSPRS Police	\$ 52,064
PSPRS Firefighters	162,332

**Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources –** At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS - Police	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	112,821
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		42,694		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		22,966
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		39,657		
Total	\$	82,351	\$	135,787
PSPRS - Firefighters	Deferre	ed Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of Re	esources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		5,027
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		20,000		
Total	\$	20,000	\$	5,027
	\$		\$	5,027

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (or an increase in the net pension asset) in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSPRS		PSPRS		
		Police	Fire	Firefighters	
Year Ending June 30,		_		_	
2016	\$	13,891	\$	1,257	
2017		13,891		1,257	
2018		13,891		1,257	
2019		13,891		1,256	
2020		8,036		-	
Thereafter		29.493		_	

**Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions** – The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2015, were established by the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuations, and those valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plans and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as understood by the Town and plans' members and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all PSPRS plans and related benefits (unless noted), and the actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2015 contribution requirements, are as follows:

### **PSPRS - OPEB Contribution Requirements**

. C. Ito C. EB Continbution Roqui	1011101110
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent closed for underfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess
Remaining Amortization Period	23 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess
Asset Valuation Method	7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.85%
Projected Salary Increases	4.5% - 8.5%
Wage Growth	4.5%
	Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period  Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases

**Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information –** The table below presents the annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and 2 preceding years:

Year Ended June 30	Annual OPEB Annual Cost Cost Contributed			Net OPEB Obligation		
PSPRS Police						
2015	\$	2,191	100%	\$	-	
2014		1,877	100%		-	
2013		2,101	100%		-	
PSPRS Firefighters						
2015	\$	-	-	\$	-	
2014		618	100%		-	
2013		609	100%		-	

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status –** The following table presents the funded status of the health insurance premium benefit plans as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2014, along with the actuarial assumptions and methods used.

Agent OPEB Plan Funded Status	PSPRS		PSPRS	
		Police		Firefighters
Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	\$	47,138	\$	13,606
Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)		4,366		10,381
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability				
(Funding Excess) (b) - (a)		(42,772)		(3,225)
Funded Ratio (a) / (b)		1079.7%		131.1%
Annual Covered Payroll (c)		313,353		-
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability				
(Funding Excess) as a Percentage				
of Covered Payroll (b) - (a) / (c)		-13.6%		0.0%

The funded status of the all the PSPRS health insurance premium benefit plans in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### **PSPRS - OPEB Funded Status**

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent close

Level percent closed for underfunded actuarial accrued

liability, open for excess

Remaining Amortization Period 22 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years

for excess

Asset Valuation Method 7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment Rate of Return 7.85%
Projected Salary Increases 4.0% - 8.0%
Wage Growth 4.0%



### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A



# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING PENSION PLANS JUNE 30, 2015

### **Arizona State Retirement System**

	F	Reporting Fiscal Year surement Date 2015 (2014)
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.007601%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,124,630
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	651,743
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a		
Percentage of its Covered -Employee Payroll		172.56%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total		
Pension Liability		69.49%

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS AGENT PENSION PLANS JUNE 30, 2015

### **PSPRS Police**

POPRO POIICE	Fis (Measu	eporting scal Year urement Date 2015 (2014)
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience in the Measurement of the Pension Liability Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	42,660 34,962 17,094 (125,329) 47,618 (58,091) (41,086) 453,094 412,008
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expenses Other Changes Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		35,445 31,409 70,213 (58,091) (565) (43,023) 35,388 518,906 554,294
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(142,286)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		134.53%
Covered-employee Payroll	\$	313,353
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		-45.41%

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS AGENT PENSION PLANS JUNE 30, 2015

PSPRS Fire
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	Fi	eporting scal Year urement Date) 2015
	1	(2014)
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience in the Measurement of the Pension Liability Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	\$	- 18,111 19,974 5,127 129,044 (29,265)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		142,991 245,343 388,334
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expenses Other Changes Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		2,000 - 15,072 (29,265) (121) - (12,314) 119,088 106,774
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	281,560
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Covered employee Payroll		27.50%
Covered-employee Payroll		-
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		0.00%

### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF TOWN PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2015

Arizona State Retirement System		Reporting Fiscal Year						
		2015	2014					
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	77,093	\$	73,310				
Town's Contribution in Relation to the Statutorily								
Required Contribution		77,093		73,310				
Town's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$	-				
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll		672,018		651,743				
Town's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		11.47%		11.25%				
PSPRS Police		Reporting	Fisca	l Year				
		2015		2014				
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	39,657	\$	35,445				
Town's Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially	*	,	*	22,112				
Determined Contribution		39,657		35,445				
Town's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	-				
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll		335,187		313,353				
Town's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-								
Employee Payroll		11.83%		11.31%				
PSPRS Fire		Reporting	Fisca	l Year				
		2015		2014				
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	-	\$	4,171				
Town's Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially								
Determined Contribution		20,000		2,171				
Town's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(20,000)	\$	2,000				
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll		-		-				
Town's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-		0.053/		0.000/				
Employee Payroll		0.00%		0.00%				

### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES **JUNE 30, 2015**

#### NOTE 1 **ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES**

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

**Actuarial Cost Method** Entry age normal

Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued Amortization Method

liability, open for excess

Remaining Amortization Period

as of the 2013 Actuarial Valuation

years for excess 7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor Asset Valuation Method

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of Investment Rate of Return

return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary **Projected Salary Increases** 

increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-

23 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20

8.5%

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was Wage Growth

decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the

> type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006-June 30, 2011.

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both

males and females

#### NOTE 2 INFORMATION PRIOR TO THE MEASUREMENT DATE

Information prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2014) was not available.

## TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF AGENT OPEB PLANS' FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2015

### **Health Insurance Premium Benefits**

					U	nfunded						
Actuarial	UAAL (Funding											
Valuation	/	Actuarial	Α	ctuarial	A	Accrued			Annual	Excess) as a		
Date	Value of		Date Value of		Accrued		Liab	ility (UAAL)	Funded	(	Covered	Percentage of
June 30,		Assets		ility (AAL)	(Fund	ling Excess)	Ratio		Payroll	Covered Payroll		
<b>PSPRS Police</b>		_							_			
2014	\$	47,138	\$	4,366	\$	(42,772)	1079.7%	\$	313,353	-13.6%		
2013		-		7,774		7,774	0.0		228,560	0.0		
2012		-		7,774		7,774	0.0		304,069	0.0		
PSPRS Fire												
2014	\$	13,606	\$	10,381	\$	(3,225)	131.1%	\$	-	0.0%		
2013		-		10,642		10,642	0.0		-	0.0		
2012		-		10,787		10,787	0.0		-	0.0		

## TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF AGENT OPEB PLANS' FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 1 FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE IDENTIFICATION OF TRENDS

Beginning in Fiscal year 2014, PSPRS established separate funds for pension benefits and health insurance premium benefits. Previously, the plans recorded both pension and health insurance premium contributions in the same Pension Fund. During fiscal year 2014, the plan transferred prior-year health insurance premium benefit contributions that exceeded benefit payments from each plan's pension fund to the new health insurance fund.

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Taxes	\$ 972,326	\$ 1,097,732	\$ 125,406	
Intergovernmental Revenue	985,509	1,001,467	15,958	
Fines and Forfeitures	37,767	31,182	(6,585)	
Licenses and Permits	90,066	29,246	(60,820)	
Charges for Services	800	2,728	1,928	
Rents and Royalties	36,600	18,000	(18,600)	
Contributions and Donations	500	2,245 827	2,245 327	
Investment Earnings Other	10,300	24,834	32 <i>1</i> 14,534	
Total Revenues	2,133,868	2,208,261	74,393	
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government				
Administration	443,276	426,786	16,490	
Mayor and Council	42,462	35,333	7,129	
Waste/Sanitation	70.050	- 07.040	0.740	
Magistrate	70,652	67,912	2,740	
Chase Creek Building and Maintenance	-	7,695	(7,695)	
Code Enforcement	101,426	49,300	52,126 70,790	
Total General Government	657,816	587,026	70,790	
Public Safety Police	635,009	EEC 200	70 710	
Dispatch/Communication	202,825	556,290 187,372	78,719 15,453	
Animal Control	56,758	50,864	5,894	
Fire Department	94,415	129,747	(35,332)	
Total Public Safety	989,007	924,273	64.734	
Highways and Streets	303,007	524,275	04,704	
Public Works	756,782	719,518	37,264	
Culture and Recreation	730,702	710,010	37,204	
Parks	316,742	254,929	61,813	
Library	81,365	79,117	2,248	
Visitor's Center	-	-	-,- 10	
Total Culture and Recreation	398,107	334,046	64,061	
Total Expenditures	2,801,712	2,564,863	236,849	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(667,844)	(356,602)	311,242	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<b>,</b>	<b></b>	
Transfers Out		(34,074)	(34,074)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(34,074)	(34,074)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(667,844)	(390,676)	277,168	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	760,787	2,095,913	1,335,126	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 92,943	\$ 1,705,237	\$ 1,612,294	

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHWAY USERS REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget		
Revenue Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	308,685	\$	354,713	\$	46,028
Expenditures Current Highways and Streets		498,685		238,539		260,146
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures		(190,000)		116,174		306,174
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		190,000		253,048		63,048
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$		\$	369,222	\$	369,222

# TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget		
Revenue Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 550,000	\$	120,743	\$	(429,257)	
Expenditures Current Highways and Streets	550,000		120,743		429,257	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures	-		-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-		-		-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	

### TOWN OF CLIFTON, ARIZONA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. See Note 2A for the process of how the Town adopts its budget.

#### NOTE 2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECONCILIATION

For external reporting purposes, the General Fund includes revenues, expenditures, and fund balances of other internally maintained funds. The General Fund, however, is budgeted based on the internally maintained General Fund. Therefore the following reconciliation is necessary to reconcile the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

	General Fund									
			Fund Balance							
	Total	Total	Othe	r Financing	Change in	Beginning of	Fund Balance			
	Revenues	Expenditures	Sou	rces/Uses	Fund Balance	Year	End of Year			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 2,753,898	\$ 3,238,730	\$	(16,533)	\$ (501,365)	\$ 2,256,457	\$ 1,755,092			
Adjustments	(545,637)	(673,867)		(17,541)	110,689	(160,544)	(49,855)			
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance										
Budget and Actual	\$ 2,208,261	\$ 2,564,863	\$	(34,074)	\$ (390,676)	\$ 2,095,913	\$ 1,705,237			