### SECTION INFORMING OFSTED

Changes that must be notified by Springwood to Ofsted as soon as possible but no later than within 14 days:

- Any change in address of premises.
- Any change in the address to premises that may affect the space available to children and the quality of childcare available to them..
- Change of name of setting or name of provider
- Change of nominated person, registered person or manager
- Change of address etc of contact person (usually manager).
- Changes to hours or days during which childcare is provided
- Any change in Company name or registered number at Companies House.
- Change in registration of Charity status or change of number etc.
- Change of Trustees DBS check by Ofsted. Trustee completes EY2 online.
- Change of Manager-(preferably in advance) provider responsible for DBS check.
- Change to the premises which affect space or quality of care available to the children
- Any significant event, which is likely to affect the suitability of the provider or any person who cares for, or is in regular contact with, children on the premises.
- Details of any order, determination, conviction, or other ground for disqualification from registration.
- Details of any criminal convictions cautions of the applicant and the nominated individual.
- Accident involving broken bones or fatal accident.
- Food Poisoning affecting more than two children.
- Change of purpose of organisation eg from Early Years Education to Childcare.
- Notifiable Disease NO notification unless few outbreak in short period of time.

### **DETAILED GUIDANCE CAN BE FOUND IN EARLY YEARS COMPLIANCE HANDBOOK 2019**

## **ACCIDENT REPORTING**

If you are a childcare provider on the Early Years Register and/or Childcare Register, you are required to notify Ofsted and in some cases, RIDDOR, HSE, HPT, local child protection agencies if a child suffers a serious accident or injury whilst in your care. Along with informing statutory bodies Springwood will follow appropriate procedures for e.g first aid, informing parents, etc

- You must inform Ofsted as soon as you reasonably can, and in all cases, within 14 days of the incident
- If you also need to notify your local child protection agency, you are advised to do this at the same time
- The quickest and easiest way to notify Ofsted is to ring them on **0300 123 1231**, you can also use online form: <a href="https://ofstedonline.ofsted.gov.uk/outreach/Ofsted\_Statutory\_Notification.ofml">https://ofstedonline.ofsted.gov.uk/outreach/Ofsted\_Statutory\_Notification.ofml</a>

### Early Years and/or Childcare Register

If you are on the Early Years Register (this includes pre-schools, childminders etc. looking after children from birth to 5 years)**you must tell Ofsted about a child accident, injury or death on the premises while the child is in your care**.

IMPORTANT: If you are on the Early Years or Childcare register you are committing an offence by not notifying Ofsted within 14 days, unless you have a reasonable excuse.

You do NOT have to inform Ofsted if:

- any other person has had such an incident
- the incident happens off the premises
- it happens to a child not in your care, eg with their parent after the end of any care period on their way out of the premises

# Serious injuries which must be reported to Ofsted include:

- broken bones or a fracture
- loss of consciousness
- pain that is not relieved by simple pain killers
- acute confused state
- persistent, severe chest pain or breathing difficulties
- amputation
- dislocation of any major joint including the shoulder, hip, knee, elbow or spine
- loss of sight (temporary or permanent)
- chemical or hot metal burn to the eye or any penetrating injury to the eye
- injury resulting from an electric shock or electrical burn leading to unconsciousness, or requiring resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
- any other injury leading to hypothermia, heat-induced illness or unconsciousness; or requiring resuscitation; or requiring admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
- unconsciousness caused by asphyxia or exposure to harmful substance or biological agent
- medical treatment or loss of consciousness arising from absorption of any substance by inhalation, ingestion or through the skin
- medical treatment where there is reason to believe that this resulted from exposure to a biological agent, or its toxins, or infected material.

### Minor injuries that do not need to be reported to Ofsted include:

- sprains, strains, grazes and bruising
- insect and animal bites
- minor eye injuries
- minor injuries to the back, shoulder and chest
- minor cuts
- wound infections
- minor burns and scalds
- minor head injuries
- IMPORTANT: You must however keep a record of all the injuries

**Examples of injuries can be found in Compliance Handbook 2019**