

**NEWSDAY TV** 

FEED ME OPINION

#### LONG ISLAND/ENVIRONMENT **ONLY IN NEWSDAY**

## 'Forever chemicals' found in Suffolk's private water wells since 2016, data shows

By Vera Chinese

Updated April 4, 2022 1:07 pm



Owners of private water wells are concerned over a lack of testing and an increase of contaminants on Long Island. Newsday's Steve Langford reports. Credit: Randee Daddona and Kendall Rodriguez

Two years after "forever chemicals" were regulated by the state, Long Island's health departments are not offering testing for the compounds, which have been found in hundreds of homeowners' private wells, county officials said.

Forever chemicals, perflourinated compounds also known as PFAS, have been linked to immune system problems, cancers and other health impacts, according to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

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Perfluorinated compounds are a group of human-made chemicals that have been used in firefighting foam, food packaging and other stain and water-resistant products. They don't break down easily, hence the nickname "forever chemicals."

Suffolk County does not have the capability to test private wells for PFAS, but the compounds have been detected in hundreds of the county's wells since 2016, according to data obtained by Newsday. County health officials could

#### WHAT TO KOW

- **PFAS** are commonly found in the environment, but New York State does not regulate PFAS in private wells.
- High-dose studies in animals indicate that exposure to water with PFAS can cause a wide range of health effects, with the most consistent findings being effects on the liver, immune system, and impaired fetal growth and development.
- Information on the health risks associated with PFAS comes mostly from studies of high-level exposure in laboratory animals. Less is known about the chances of human health effects occurring from lower levels of exposure.
- **Using a filter, even a relatively** inexpensive filtered water pitcher, can reduce your exposure to PFAS.

Source: New York State Department of Health

not estimate how many of the 45,000 wells serving an estimated 200,000 people might be impacted.

Nassau has only 500 private wells serving an estimated 1,500 people, county spokesperson Chris Boyle said. The county does not have the ability to test for the compounds and could not provide data on how many wells might contain PFAS, he said.

New York State in 2020 set drinking water standards for perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), the most studied PFAS compounds, at 10 parts per trillion. The amount of PFOS and PFOA permitted

in drinking water is so low that it is the equivalent of 10 grains of sand in an Olympic-size swimming pool.

## Private well survey results

Results include testing for perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), both forever chemicals deemed dangerous even in minuscule quantities. The state's maximum contaminant level for both are 10 parts per trillion.

Private Well Survey Title	Hamlet	No. of wells sampled	Wells w/ PFOS over 10 ppt	Wells w/ PFOA over 10 ppt	Total w/ PFOS or PFOA over 10 ppt	Maximum PFOS/PFOA Concentration
Wainscott/East Hampton Airport	Wainscott	504	46	34	65	791.00
Yaphank Firematics	Yaphank	46	32	17	32	1,024.00
ANG Gabreski	Westhampton	61	13	6	13	1,880.00
Former Damascus Rd	East Quogue	98	7	6	11	220.40
Old Country Rd. Westhampton	Westhampton	41	9	9	11	204.00
Speonk Solvent Plume	Speonk	56	5	7	9	66.00
VID Industries/Morabito Landfill Vicinity^^	East Patchogue	13	3	8	9	52.00
Old Country Rd. Westhampton Repeat 2020	Westhampton	51	4	4	6	54.50
BNL	Upton/Shirley	83	2	5	5	123.00
Navy (former Grumman Site)	Calverton	108	5	1	5	98.50
SCWA Church Street Well Field /MacArthur Airport**	Bohemia	7	3	4	4	673.00

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Freon-12 (Middle Road)+++	Calverton	25	4	1	4	72.00
Private Well Survey		No. of wells	Wells w/ PFOS over 10	Wells w/ PFOA over 10	Total w/ PFOS or PFOA over	Maximum PFOS/PFOA
Title	Hamlet	sampled	ppt	ppt	10 ppt	Concentration
Brookhaven Town Landfill	Brookhaven	10	1	3	3	44.60
East Patchogue/Medford (Vacinity of the SCWA Foxcroft Well Field)	E. Patchogue /Medford	35	0	3	3	21.70
Bull Path Landfill	East Hampton	60	0	3	3	18.30
South River Rd	Calverton	6	2	0	2	49.28
Sebonac Road Vicinity	Southampton	4	2	1	2	46.00
Gerald Wright	Deer Park	2	2	1	2	35.70
Hampton Bays Water District	Hampton Bays	4	0	2	2	31.70
SCWA North Rd Well Field	Greenport	3	1	1	2	30.60
Quogue	Vicinity of Quogue	18	0	2	2	26.00
Smithtown Highway Yard	Smithtown	3	1	1	1	154.40
Ranch Court	Sagaponack	12	0	1	1	109.00
SCWA Great Neck Rd Well Field (vicinity of Republic Airport)	Amityville	1	1	1	1	48.50
Oakside Drive	Smithtown	32	1	0	1	48.30
Eastport Landfill	Eastport	1	0	1	1	40.85
Gerald Wright Repeat 2021	Deer Park	1	1	1	1	40.00

## 18-T-0604

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Roanoke Sand & Gravel	Middle Island	11	1	0	1	17.70
Private Well Survey Title	Hamlet	No. of wells sampled	Wells w/ PFOS over 10 ppt	Wells w/ PFOA over 10 ppt	Total w/ PFOS or PFOA over 10 ppt	Maximum PFOS/PFOA Concentration
Forge Rd	Calverton	1	0	0	0	-
Hampton Bays Landfill /Fire Training Area	Hampton Bays	2	0	0	0	-
North Cartwright Road Vicinity	Shelter Island	1	0	0	0	-
Sand Land	Noyac	22	0	0	0	-
SCWA Falcon Drive Well Field	Hauppauge	0	0	0	0	-
SCWA Oxhead Rd Well Field	Stony Brook	0	0	0	0	-
SCWA Stem Lane Well Field	South Setauket	1	0	0	0	-
SCWA Wheeler Rd Well Field	Smithtown	0	0	0	0	-
Watch Hill Sand and Gravel	Islip	0	0	0	0	-
Yaphank Firematics 2020	Yaphank	0	0	0	0	-
Yaphank Firematics 2021	Yaphank	0	0	0	0	-
Coram Sand & Gravel (Brookhaven 7 Aggregates)	Miller Place	7	0	0	0	13.45
Shelter Island	Shelter Island	7	0	0	0	9.83
East Quogue	Vacinity of East Quogue	18	0	0	0	9.80
Old Northport Road Area	Kings Park	18	0	0	0	9.80
Manorville - s/o Navy/Grumman Site	Manorville	19	0	0	0	7.60

## Exhibit E (Page 6 of 11)

Private Well Survey Title	Hamlet	No. of wells sampled	Wells w/ PFOS over 10 ppt	Wells w/ PFOA over 10 ppt	Total w/ PFOS or PFOA over 10 ppt	Maximum PFOS/PFOA Concentration
Robert Cushman Murphy County Park	Manorville	4	0	0	0	7.50
BNL – 2021	Upton/Shirley	5	0	0	0	7.20
BNL - 2020	Upton/Shirley	5	0	0	0	5.20
Riverhead Landfill	Riverhead	3	0	0	0	3.87
Manorville Landfill	Manorville	6	0	0	0	3.37
TOTALS		1,415	146	123	202	6,098.65

Suffolk hopes to soon have the in-house ability to test for PFAS. The county "has a sophisticated and accredited laboratory, but is not yet equipped to analyze samples for PFAS, which requires specialized equipment," Department of Health Services spokeswoman Grace Kelly-McGovern wrote in an email. "The department is in the process of establishing that capability and anticipates that it will be operational by the end of the year."

Here are things to know about PFAS.

#### What are PFAS?

Long Island relies on underground aquifers for drinking water, drilling wells sometimes hundreds of feet deep into water-saturated sand to supply its taps.

That groundwater also has been the landing spot for decades of industrial, commercial, agricultural and residential pollution. That contamination has led to efforts to test and treat water out of concern over possible health effects. A 2019 report from the Albany-based New York Public Interest Research Group found that Long Island had the most emerging contaminants in its drinking water than any other region in the state.

On Long Island, firefighting training sites are known to cause PFAS contamination, but so can inactive landfills, wastewater treatment plants, paper mills and any site that dealt in textiles, said David Andrews, a senior scientist with the Environmental Working Group, a Washington, D.C.-based national nonprofit advocacy organization.

"Because these chemicals have been used in so many different products, and with really little oversight and scrutiny, it turns out that landfill waste in particular can be a significant source of contamination," Andrews said.

A 2020 study from Andrews' organization estimates that 200 million Americans are drinking water with detectable levels of PFOS or PFOA, and that 18 million to 80 million are drinking water above New York's state standard.

### Why would PFAS be in private wells?

Private well pollution from lead, bacteria and other contaminants always has been an area of concern, but environmental advocates said PFAS has elevated the issue because the chemicals are more widespread and considered harmful in tiny amounts.

Public water is regularly tested and treated to meet state drinking water standards, while private wells are pumped directly from the ground with no mandate to test or treat.

Suffolk residents who test through a private lab, which the state estimates can cost \$300 to \$600 per test, and receive a PFAS reading above state drinking water standards should contact the county health department, Kelly-McGovern said.

Thousands of people on Long Island rarely, or, in some cases, never test their private wells, advocates said.

"Ignorance is not bliss. Ignorance is dangerous," said Adrienne Esposito, executive director of the Farmingdale-based Citizens Campaign for the Environment. "To compound it, most private well owners don't even know

they should have their well tested. I talk to them and they're like, 'Well, it tastes good.' "

#### Where has PFAS been found?

New York State has investigated and taken action to remediate PFAS at targeted sites where contaminated groundwater has been discovered since 2016, according to the state Department of Health.

The Suffolk health department has surveyed private wells near airports, firefighter training sites, inactive landfills and more, and has found chemicals in hundreds of wells. These include wells in Wainscott south of East Hampton Airport and others near Francis S. Gabreski Airport in Westhampton Beach, Brookhaven National Laboratory in Upton, the Suffolk County Firematics Training Facility in Yaphank, and more.

The state health department stressed that the known issues have been addressed.

"To be clear, private well owners in known areas of potential concern in Suffolk County have already been sampled, and those with exceedances of state MCLs [maximum contaminant limits] have been provided with an alternative water system — bottled water, connection to public water supply, or a POET [Point of Entry Treatment] system," said Erin Silk, a spokeswoman for the state health department.

## How many wells impacted?

The Suffolk health department is not yet sampling for PFAS in private wells through a program where homeowners pay \$100 to have their wells tested. The county does, however, contract with other laboratories to test for PFAS through its private well survey program, which is typically conducted near sites where contamination already has been discovered.

Newsday obtained data showing that 689 of 1,415, 47%, of private wells the county sampled from 2016 until February 2022 through the survey program

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had some detection of the compounds. Of those wells, 202 had detections of either PFOS or PFOA above drinking water standards.

The data suggests that many more Suffolk private wells could have some detection of the chemicals, environmentalists said. And those who've paid the county to sample their water wouldn't be made aware.

"Some people might have thought, we'll find the worst of this in 2017, when this was all really coming to light, but then it won't be a problem beyond that," said Rob Hayes, director of clean water for the Albany-based nonprofit Environmental Advocates NY.

"We are seeing still concerning levels of these PFAS chemicals, and I think that really shows that this problem is not just a blip on the radar. It's not going away," he added.

## What are homeowners saying?



Frank Riina, of the East Hampton hamlet of Springs, stands in his basement next to a system that checks the water coming in from his private well. Credit: Randee Daddona

Frank Riina, a resident in the East Hampton Town hamlet of Springs and a retired teacher, is an advocate for private well testing and education. Riina said he tests his water every other year through the county's program, but had not considered that his water wasn't being sampled for PFAS until the issue was raised by Newsday. His results have otherwise all been within state drinking water standards.

"That does worry me," he said. "But this information [on emerging contaminants] comes to us in dribs and drabs."

Riina believes that greater access to public water is the answer for many people who have contamination in their wells. But for him, regular testing makes him feel comfortable sticking with private water even though he could connect to a public system if he wanted to.

In Calverton and Manorville, Kelly McClinchy, a middle school teacher in the Tuckahoe school district, has rallied her neighbors living south and east of the former Grumman naval weapons plant. The Suffolk health department tested 108 wells there in 2020 and found 16 had some PFAS and that additional wells had other contaminants.



Kelly McClinchy stands behind a sign outside her home in Manorville. She has rallied her neighbors living south and east of the former Grumman naval weapons plant. Credit: Randee Daddona

A \$7 million allocation from a federal omnibus spending bill will fund the hookup to the public water supply for a total of 124 homes in both communities. Riverhead Town and the Suffolk County Water Authority will receive \$3.5 million apiece from the \$1.5 trillion omnibus spending bill agreement signed into law March 15 by President Joe Biden.

"This funding means access to clean water, and clean water means a great deal to our families and our future," said McClinchy, whose own well tests have been within drinking water limits.

#### More testing to come

Groundwater investigations completed since 2017 by the DEC at 342 of 1,901 inactive landfills in the state found at least some PFAS in the water 97% of the time and above drinking water standards 71% of the time, according to the agency. An additional 326 investigations are in progress, according to the DEC. The agency also has investigated 1,096 state Brownfield and Superfund sites as of October. Of those, 734 were above drinking water standards for PFOA, and 685 were above drinking water standards for PFOS.

Of the 78 sites on Long Island, the Demascus Road landfill in East Quogue, where PFOS was discovered in a test well at 11,200 parts per trillion in 2018, was one of the highest priorities for remediation.

How much more contamination is out there is unknown.

"This is a significant problem that I think the full extent won't even be known necessarily for years," Andrews said.



### By Vera Chinese

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Vera Chinese joined Newsday in 2017 and covers the towns of Southampton, East Hampton and Shelter Island. A Long Island native, she has reported on East End issues for 10 years.

#### Source:

www.newsday.com/long-island/environment/private-wells-testing-contaminants-drinking-water-pfas-v49xdvtl



# U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

## Georgica Pond Site Exhibit G



April 26, 2022

#### Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

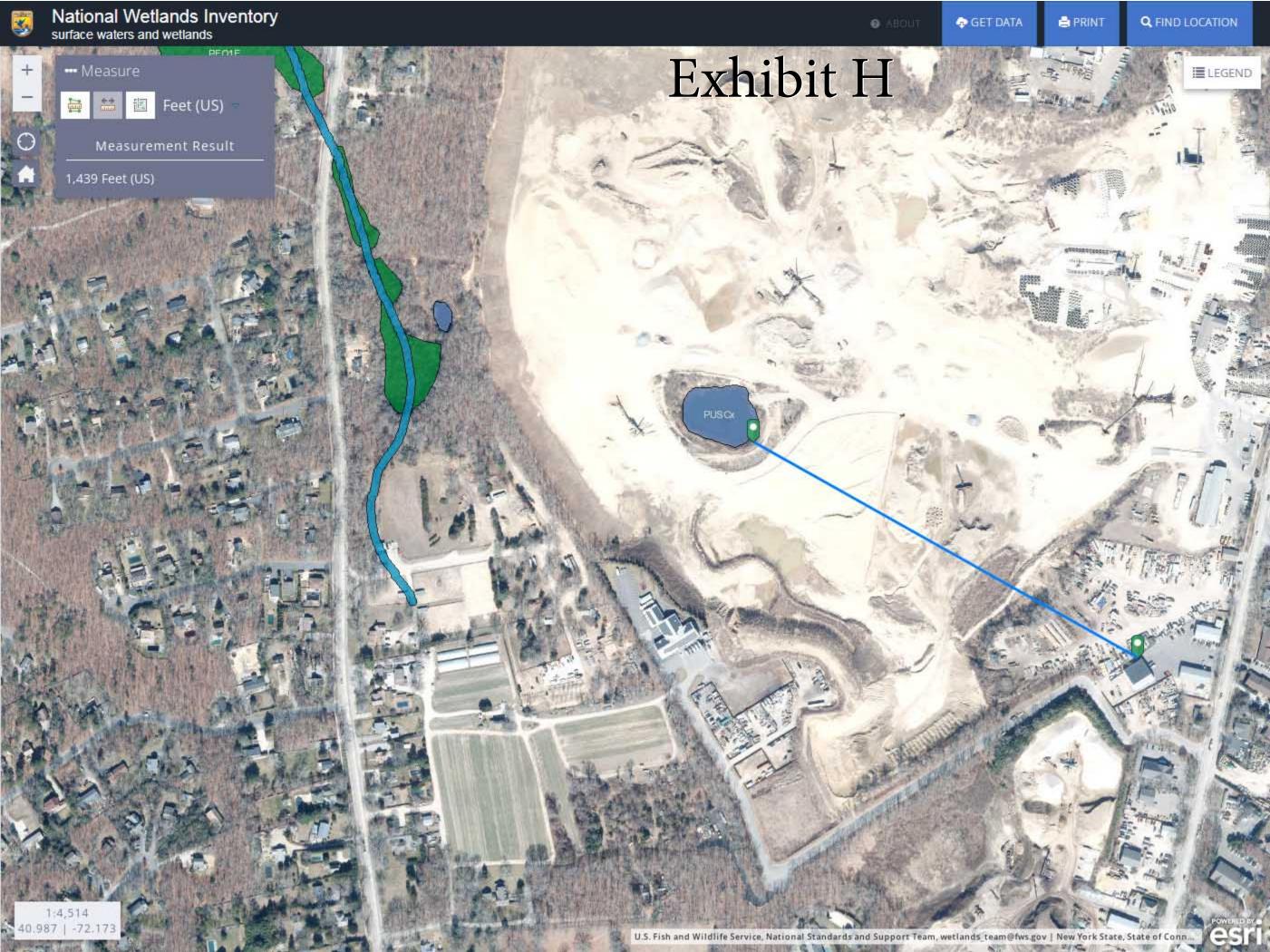
Lake

Other

Other

Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



Three and a half years ago, the Town voted in favor of a resolution granting South Fork Wind<sup>1</sup> an easement. The resolution misled residents into believing that a "full environmental review will be undertaken as part of the Public Service Commission" proceeding that included an "in-depth environmental and economic analysis." <sup>2</sup>

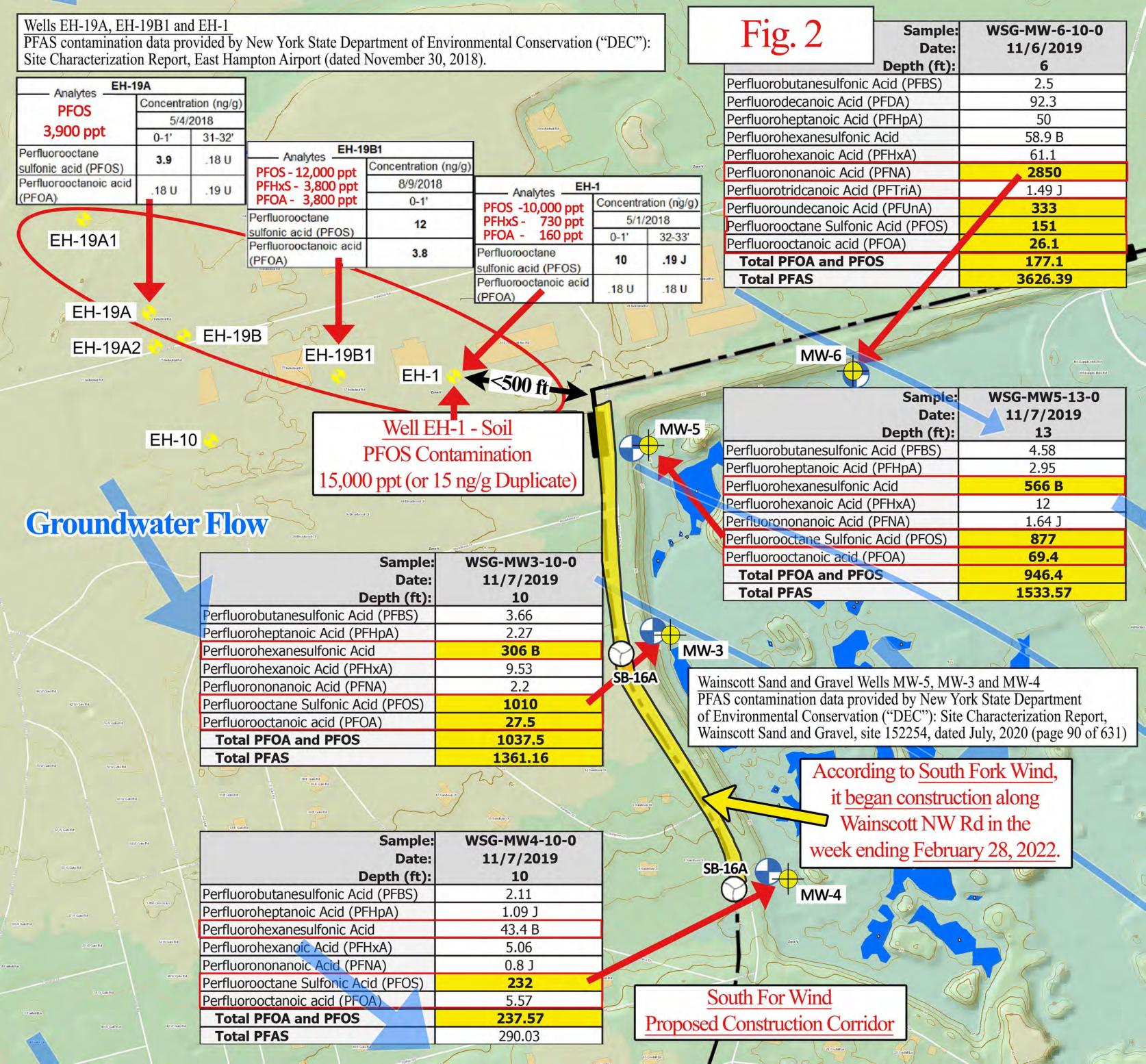
The environmental review did <u>not</u> include testing soil or groundwater from South Fork Wind's proposed construction corridor for *any* potential contaminants, including PFAS contamination. South Fork Wind refused to conduct such tests for three years until the Public Service Commission closed its evidentiary record, avoiding regulatory oversight and public scrutiny.<sup>3</sup>

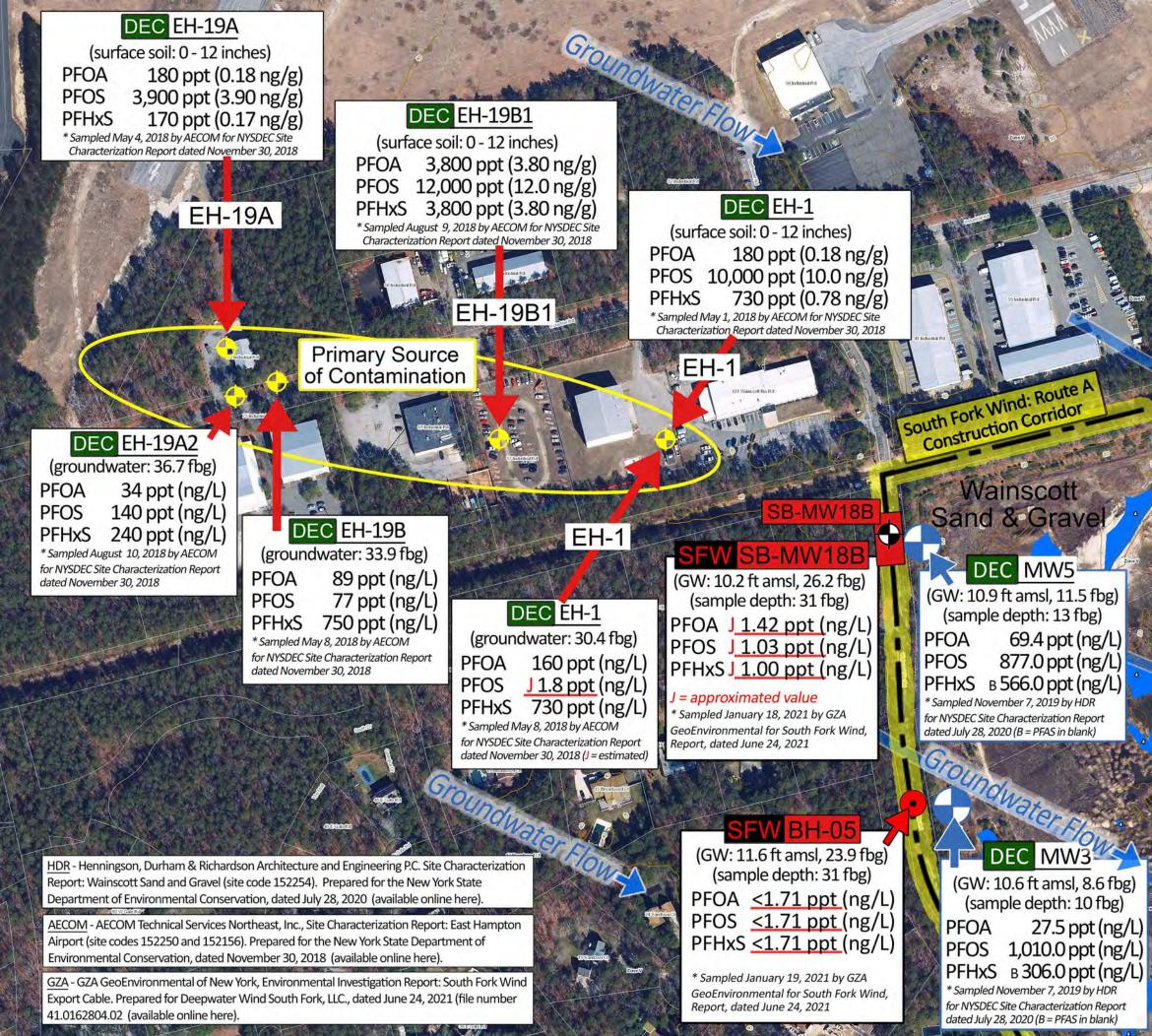
<sup>1</sup> South Fork Wind LLC (formerly Deepwater Wind South Fork LLC)

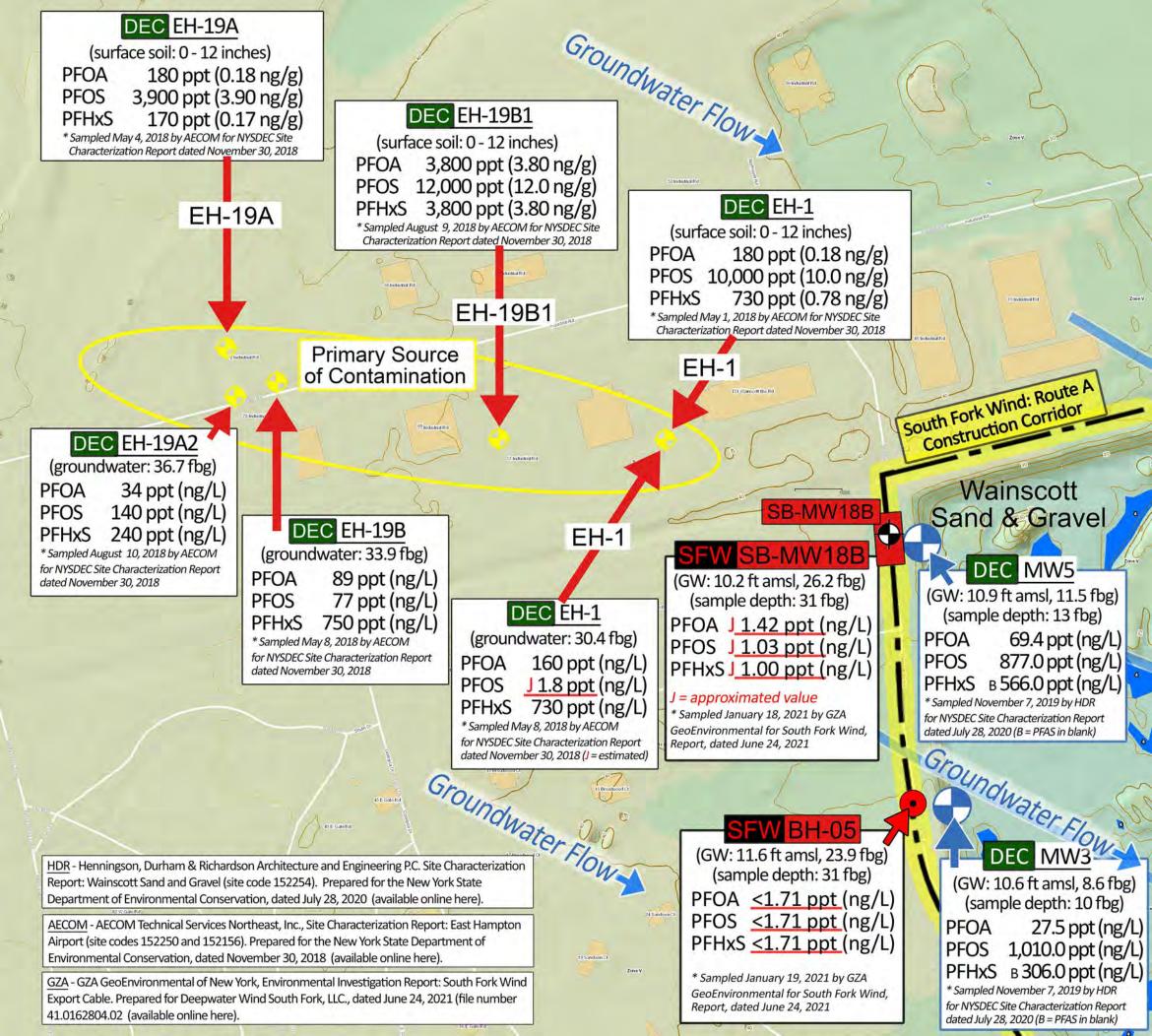
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Town Board Resolution 2018-888, dated July 19, 2018 (attached).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> South Fork Wind commenced testing its four-mile-long construction site on December 22, 2020, two weeks *after* the evidentiary record had closed on December 8, 2020.









#### **Table 3-PFAS Results** South Fork Export Cable-LIRR GZA Job No. 41.0162804.02

SC60331-12

SC60331-15

PARAMETERS	UNITS	SB-19A	SB-19B-2	SB-20A	5B-21A-1			
Matrix:		Grab Soil	Grab Soil	Grab Soil	Grab Soil	Grab Soil - BD		
Sample Depth:		3 ft	4 ft	3 ft	6 ft	6 ft		
Sample Date:		12/23/2020	12/23/2020	12/23/2020	12/23/2020	12/23/2020		
PFAS (EPA PFC_IDA)		A CONTRACTOR						
1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2)	μg/kg	< 0.031	< 0.030	< 0.030	< 2.14	< 2.15		
1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2)	μg/kg	< 0.023	< 0.023	< 0.023	< 2.14	< 2.15		
N-ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (NEtF	μg/kg	< 0.032	< 0.031	< 0.031	< 2.14	< 2.15		
N-methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (NMe	μg/kg	< 0.036	< 0.036	< 0.036	< 2.14	< 2.15		
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	μg/kg	0.012 J, B	< 0.0092	0.13 J, B	0.014 J, B	< 0.22		
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	μg/kg	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	0.26 J	< 0.54		
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS)	μg/kg	< 0.020	< 0.020	< 0.020	< 0.21	< 0.22		
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	μg/kg	< 0.022	< 0.022	< 0.022	< 0.21	< 0.22		
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	μg/kg	< 0.016	< 0.016	< 0.016	< 0.21	< 0.22		
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic Acid (PFHpS)	μg/kg	< 0.016	< 0.016	< 0.016	< 0.21	< 0.22		
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	μg/kg	0.025 J	0.03 J	0.08 J	0.24	0.047 J		
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	μg/kg	0.027 J, B	0.02 J B	0.17 J, B	0.021 J, B	0.017 J, B		

SC60331-16

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTe	(A:
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTriA)	

Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)

Notes

Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (PFOSA)

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)

Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)

Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)

Lab ID:

µg/kg µg/kg µg/kg

µg/kg

µg/kg

ug/kg

µg/kg

µg/kg

0.14 ] 0.14 J, B < 0.019 < 0.020

< 0.014

0.033 J

0.055 J

< 0.0093

0.2 J 0.2 J, B < 0.019 < 0.020

< 0.014

0.03 J

0.049 J

< 0.0092

0.096 J 0.24 B 0.026 J < 0.020

< 0.014

0.067 J

< 0.021

< 0.0092

0.53 B 0.13 J < 0.21 < 0.21

0.17 J

< 0.21

< 0.21

0.11 J

SC60331-01

0.10 J, B < 0.22 < 0.22 < 0.22

< 0.22

< 0.22

< 0.22

< 0.22

SC60331-02

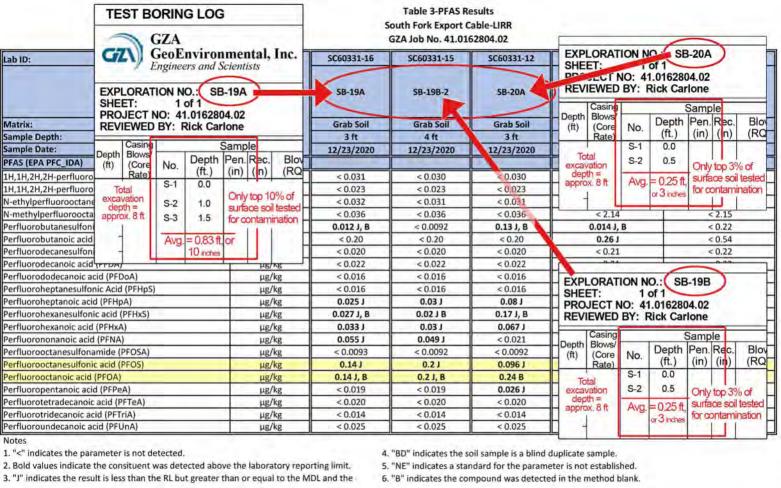
- < 0.025 µg/kg 1. "<" indicates the parameter is not detected.

- < 0.025 < 0.025
- < 0.22
- < 0.21
- 4. "BD" indicates the soil sample is a blind duplicate sample.
- 5. "NE" indicates a standard for the parameter is not established.
- 2. Bold values indicate the consituent was detected above the laboratory reporting limit. 3. "J" indicates the result is less than the RL but greater than or equal to the MDL and the
- 6. "B" indicates the compound was detected in the method blank.

								TEST BORING LOC	,					-	_	
GI			nviron			Inc.		Eversource Energy South Fork Wind Farr East Hampton, New Yo				EXPLORAT SHEET: PROJECT N REVIEWED	1 of 1 IO: 41.01	1628		
Drilli	Logged By: Jessie Batalon  Drilling Co.: ADT  Foreman: Chris lodice						Rig	Rig Model: N/A Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 38						H. Datum: V. Datum:	NAVD88	
Hami	mor Tv	no. M	/Δ				Ç.	mpler Type: Hand Auger	4			Ground	dwater D	epth	(ft.)	
	Hammer Type: N/A Hammer Weight (lb.): N/A							mpler O.D. (in.): 4"		Da	te	Time	Stab. Ti	me	Water	Casing
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	Casing			Samp	le			The state of the s	¥	¥ Field ≤ St			n I	7		
Depth (ft)	(Core Rate)	No.	Depth (ft.)	Pen. (in)	Rec.	Blows (RQD)	SPT Value	Sample Description Modified Burmister	Remark	Te	st	Stratun Descripti	on ≷ ⊕	E	quipment l	nstalled
		S-1	0.0					S-1: Railroad ballast	1			BALLAS		No E	quipment	Installed
1		S-2	1.0					S-2: Dark brown fine SAND, some	2		4	1.5 FILL	36.5			
	S-3 1.5 10 inches		_			Silt, trace fine to coarse gravel, mois S-3: Brown fine SAND, trace fine Gravel, trace Silt, moist		0.	1	SAND						
5_						-		End of exploration at 5 feet.	3		5	5	33.0			

								TEST BORIN	G LOG							
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Ham	mor Tv	no. N	/Δ				Sa	mpler Type: Hand Auge				Groun	dwater I	Depth	(ft.)	
	Hammer Type: N/A Hammer Weight (lb.): N/A					Sampler O.D. (in.): 4"			Date	Time	Stab.	Time	Water	Casing		
Ham	mer Fa	II (in.)			in.): N	I/A	Sai	mpler Length (in.): N/A ck Core Size: N/A		Me	Not easured	i				
1-1	Casing			Samp	ole			E service de la companion de l	40.00	¥	Field	Stratu	n			-
(ft)	(Core Rate)		Depth (ft.)		R∈c. (in)	Blows (RQD)	SPT Value	Sample Descript Modified Burmis		Field Test Debth		⊕ Descript	⊕ anoi	Equipment Install		nstalled
		S-1	0.0					S-1: Dark brown SILT, som	e fine	1		0.5 TOPSO	IL 33.0	No E	quipment	Installed
103		S-2	0.5					sand, trace Organics (leave	s, roots),							
1.5	-		3 Inches					moist		2			- 11			
13					S-2: Brown fine SAND, trac coarse gravel, trace Silt, mo	50 mm str.		0.3 SAND		SAND						
5_												5	28.5			
	1		1	1				End of exploration at 5 feet		3						

								TEST BORING LO	G							_	
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Drilli	ogged By: Jessie Batalon villing Co.: ADT oreman: Chris Iodice						Rig	Rig Model: N/A Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 30						H. Datum: V. Datum:	NAVD88		
Hami	mor Tv	no. M	Δ.				Car	mpler Type: Hand Auger	-				Groun	dwateri	Depth	(ft.)	
	Hammer Type: N/A Hammer Weight (lb.): N/A					Sampler Type: Hand Auger			Date		Time	Stab.	Time	Water	Casing		
Ham	mer Fa	I (in.)			n.): N	I/A	Sa	mpler Length (in.): N/A ck Core Size: N/A		Me	Not easure	d					
	Casing			Samp				The second construction	13	ark	Field	5	Stratun	1			
(ft)	(Core Rate)	No.	Depth (ft.)	Pen. (in)	Rec.	Blows (RQD)	SPT Value	SPT Sample Description Value Modified Burmister		Kemark	Field Stratum Test Description		E E	Equipment Installed		nstalled	
		S-1	0.0		7.1			S-1: Dark brown SILT, some fine		1		0.5	TOPSOI	L 29.5	No E	quipment	Installed
-		S-2	0.5 3 Inches					Sand, trace Organics (leaves, root moist	- 1/	2							
-	Ļ							S-2: Brown fine SAND, trace fine Gravel, trace Silt, moist			0.1		SAND				
5												5		25.0			
			-					End of exploration at 5 feet.	13	3							



South Fork Wind - Soil Boring Summary

Boring ID	Location	Depth of Soil Sampling (ft bgs)	Duct Bank Depth (ft bgs)	Sampling Results - Exceedances of NYSDE Criteria	
SB-1A	Beach Lane	0 - 5			
SB-1B	Beach Lane	0 - 5	5.9	Iron at 6,700 ppm	
SB-2A/SB-2B	Beach Lane	0 - 7	9.2	Iron at 5860 ppm	
SB-2A/SB-2B	Beach Lane	7 - 14		Iron at 6,640 ppm	
SB-3A	Beach Lane	0 - 5	7.9		
SB-3B	Beach Lane	0 - 5		Iron at 3,390 ppm	
SB-4A	Beach Lane	0-5	8.1	January 102 000 areas	
SB-4B	Beach Lane	0 - 5	8.3	Iron at 103,000 ppm	
SB-5A	Beach Lane	0 - 5		January 2, 700 mans	
SB-5B	Beach Lane	0 - 5	10.4	Iron at 2,790 ppm	
SB-6A	Wainscott Main St.	0 - 5	8.8	Iron at 9 400 nnm	
SB-6B	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 5	0.0	Iron at 8,490 ppm	
SB-7A	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 12	11.2	None	
SB-7B	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 12		None	
SB-8A	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 15	7.1	Iron at 4,420 ppm	
SB-8B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 15	6.0	111011 at 4,420 ppm	
SB-9A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		Iron at 3,780 to 4,190 ppm	
SB-9B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5			
SB-10A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12	10.8	None	
SB-10B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12		None	
SB-11A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		Iron at 4,430 ppm	
SB-11B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		111011 at 4,430 ppin	
SB-12A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12	9.6	Iron at 4,130 ppm	
SB-12B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12		ποπ ατ 4,130 ρρπ	
SB-14A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		Iron at 6,430 ppm	
SB-14B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		μισπ ατ 0,430 ρρπ	
SB-15A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12	10.6	Iron at 2,820 ppm	
SB-15B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12		ποπ ατ 2,020 ρρπ	
SB-16A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		Iron at 3,430 ppm	
SB-16B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		Попас 5,430 ррпп	
SB-17A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		Iron at 2,120 ppm	
SB-17B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 5		ποπ αι 2,120 μμπ	
SB-18A	Wainscott NW Road	0 -12		Iron at 2 810 ppm	
SR-18R	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12	10.9	Iron at 2,810 ppm	

## Notes:

Groundwater

Residential SCO for iron is 2,000 mg/kg

0 - 12

10.9

ppm = parts per million = milligrams per kilogram

**SB-18B** 

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

One or more grab samples from each boring were tested for volatile organic compounds.

Wainscott NW Road

Composite samples from paired borings were tested for hazardous waste characteristics, metals, pesticides, PCBs, herbicides, and semivolatile organic compounds. Select grab samples were tested for PFAS compounds.

NYSDEC Criteria = Soil Cleanup Objectives (SOC) for Unrestricted, Residential, Restricted Residential, Commercial, and Industrial Uses and Protection of

Iron is a naturally-occurring metal in Long Island soil.

Boring ID	Location	Depth of Soil Sampling (ft bgs)	Duct Bank Depth (ft bgs)		xceedances of NYSDEC teria
SB-1A	Beach Lane	0-5		Iron at 6,700 ppm	
S8-1B	Beach Lane	0-5	5.9	iron at 6,700 ppm	
SB-2A/SB-2B	Beach Lane	0-7	9.2	Iron at 5860 ppm	Uploaded to the Town's website the afternoon
SB-2A/SB-2B	Beach Lane	7 - 14		Iron at 6,640 ppm	
SB-3A	Beach Lane	0-5	7.9	Iron at 3,390 ppm	before the Wainscott CAC meeting on April 2,
SB-3B	Beach Lane	0-5			
SB-4A	Beach Lane	0 - 5	8.1	Iron at 103,000 ppm	two months after Councilwoman Cate Rogers
SB-4B	Beach Lane	0-5	8.3	iron at 103,000 ppm	two months after countainvoltain cate regers
SB-SA	Beach Lane	0-5		iron at 2,790 ppm	had promised. The "summary" contains -
SB-5B	Beach Lane	0-5	10.4	попас 2,790 ррш	riad proffisca. The suffirmary contains
SB-6A	Wainscott Main St.	0-5	8.8	Iron at 8,490 ppm	No DEAC requite /for acil or ground votor)
SB-6B	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0-5	0.0	mon at 6,450 ppm	No PFAS results (for soil or groundwater)
58-7A	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 12	11.2	None	No data
SB-7B	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 12		None	No date
SB-8A	Wainscott Stone Rd.	0 - 15	7.1	Iron at 4,420 ppm	No outloon
SB-8B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 15	6.0	iron at 4,420 ppm	No author
SB-9A	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		Iron at 3,780 to 4,190 p	Maria la
SB-9B	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		11011 at 3,780 to 4,130 p	No laboratory reports
SB-10A	Wainscott NW Road	0-12	10.8	None	Al-land to the second s
SB-10B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12		None	No bore logs (for soil or groundwater)
5B-11A	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		Iron at 4,430 ppm	
SB-11B	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		Itoli ac 4,430 ppili	No engineer's signature
SB-12A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12	9,6	Iron at 4,130 ppm	
SB-12B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12		non at 4,130 ppm	No scientist's or laboratory's signature
SB-14A	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		Iron at 6,430 ppm	
SB-14B	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		iron at 6,430 ppm	No accounting for fluctuation in water table hei
58-15A	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12	10.6	Iron at 2 920 mm	The state of the s
SB-15B	Wainscott NW Road	0 - 12		Iron at 2,820 ppm	
SB-16A	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		iron at 3,430 ppm	The report is magningless
SB-16B	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		11011 at 3,430 ppm	The report is meaningless.
SB-17A	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		iron at 2,120 ppm	And the state of t
SB-17B	Wainscott NW Road	0-5		lion at 2,120 ppm	

Iron at 2,810 ppm

Notes:

NYSDEC Criteria = Soil Cleanup Objectives (SOC) for Unrestricted, Residential, Restricted Residential, Commercial, and Industrial Uses and Protection of Groundwater

10.9

0 -12

0-12

Residential SCO for Iron is 2,000 mg/kg

SB-18A

SB-18B

ppm = parts per million = milligrams per kilogram

A feet down to be considered and a feet

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

Wainscott NW Road

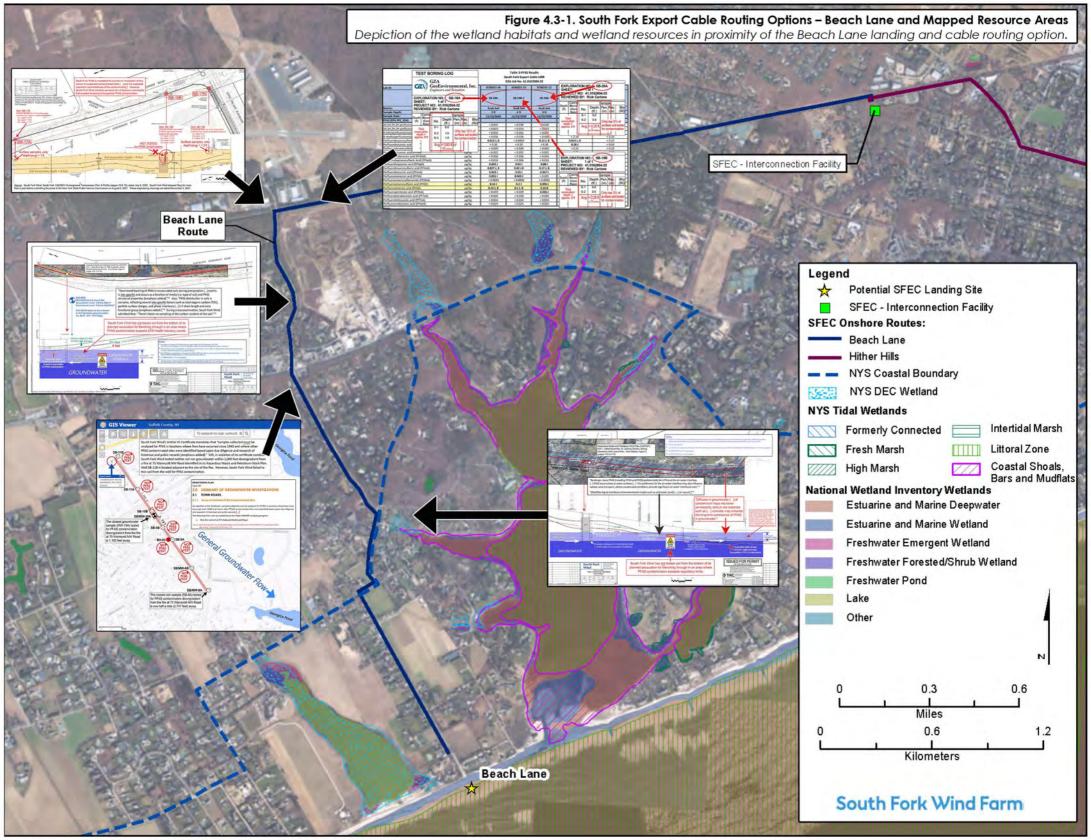
Wainscott NW Road

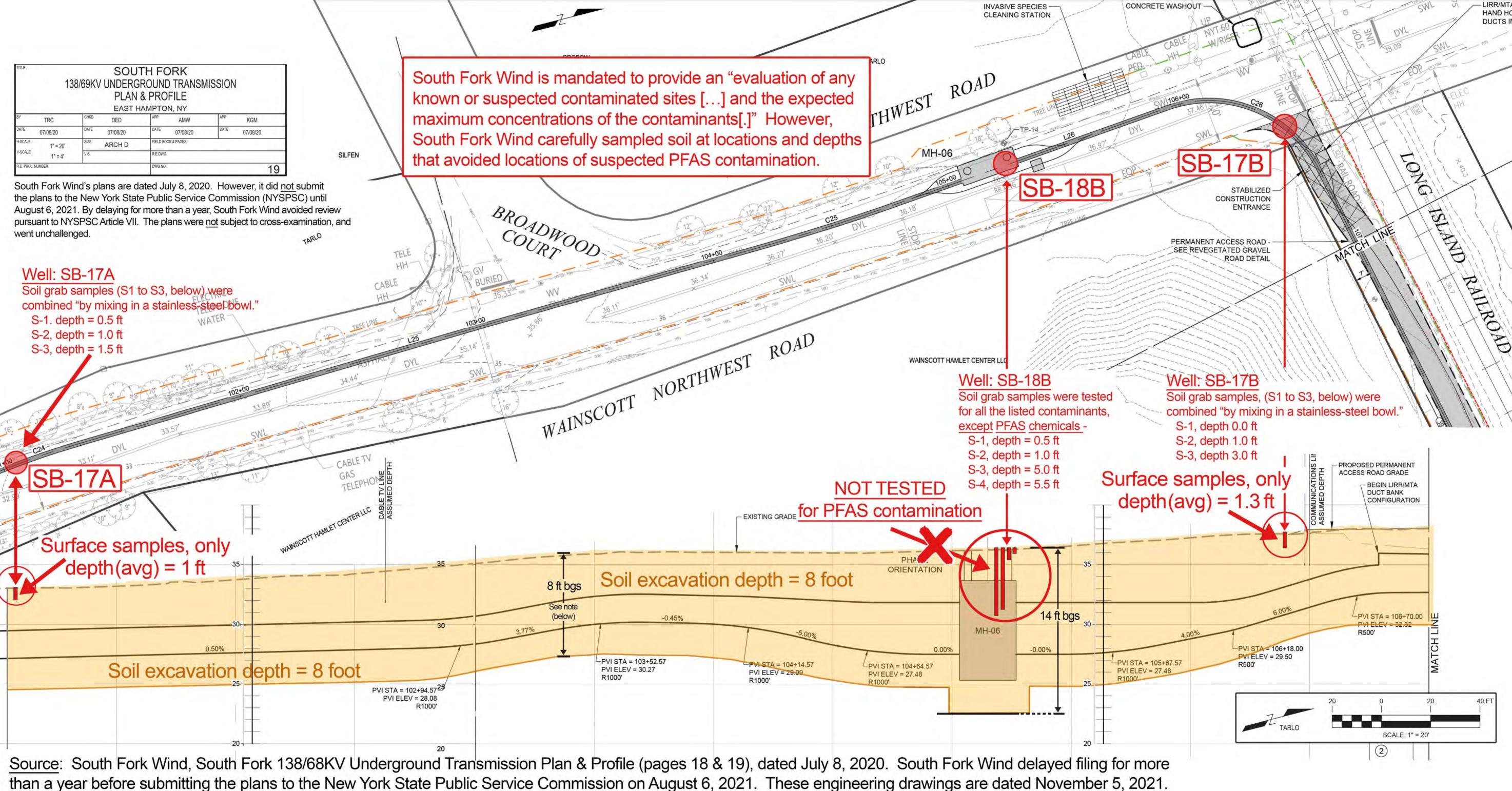
One or more grab samples from each boring were tested for volatile organic compounds.

Composite samples from paired borings were tested for hazardous waste characteristics, metals, pesticides, PCBs, herbicides, and semivolatile organic

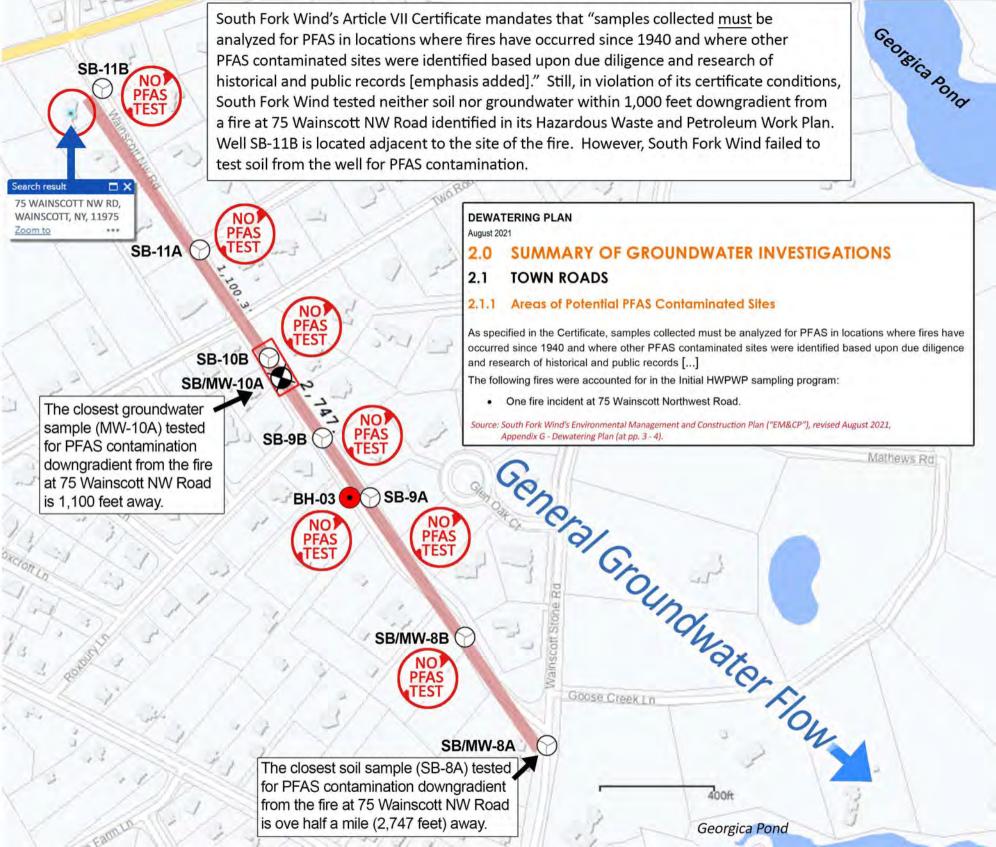
Select grab samples were tested for PFAS compounds.

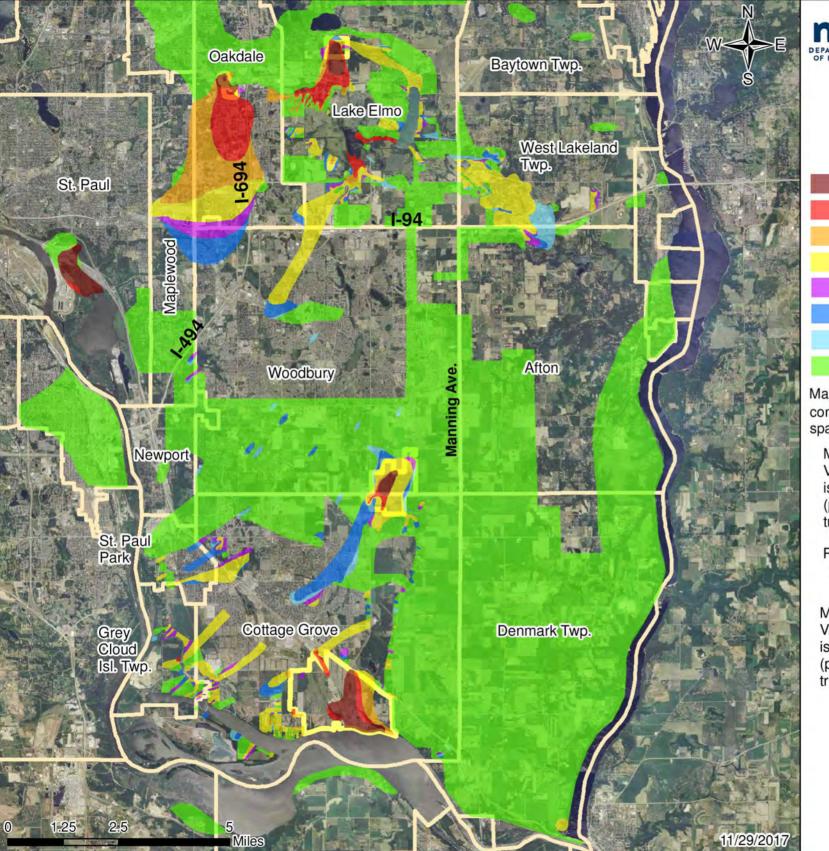
Iron is a naturally-occurring metal in Long Island soil.





than a year before submitting the plans to the New York State Public Service Commission on August 6, 2021. These engineering drawings are dated November 5, 2021.







## PFOA in East Metro - All Aquifers

## November 2017

PFOA greater than 1.75ppb (>50x HBV)

PFOA 0.351-1.75ppb (10-50x HBV)

PFOA 0.176-0.35ppb (5-10x HBV)

PFOA 0.035-0.175ppb (1-5x HBV)

-----

PFOA 0.027-0.035ppb (75-100% HBV)

PFOA 0.0175-0.026ppb (50-75% HBV)

PFOA 0.004-0.0174ppb (<50% HBV)

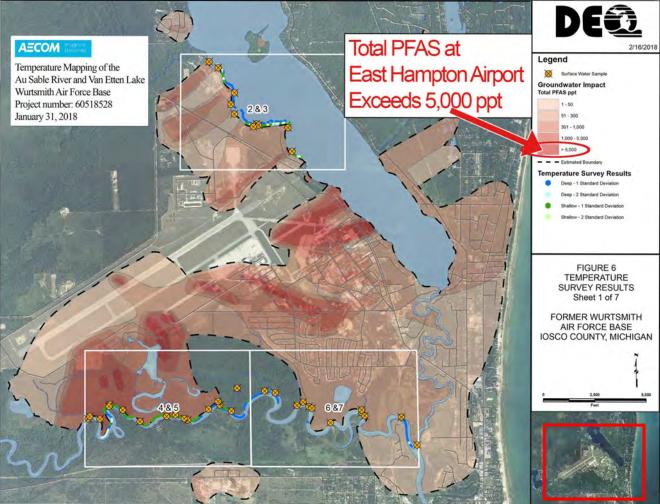
PFOA not detected

Map combines data from all aquifers, actual concentrations in any area may vary; blank spaces indicate no sample data.

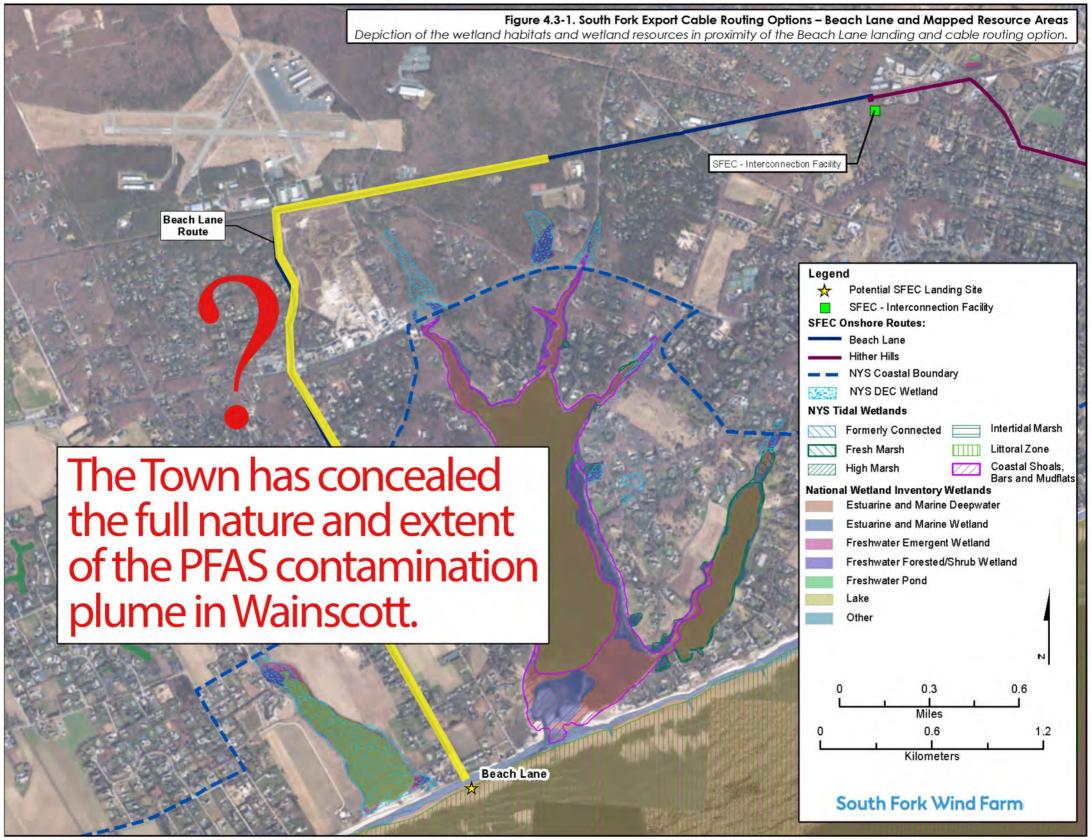
MDH Health Based Value (HBV) for PFOA is 0.035 parts per billion (ppb; or 35 parts per trillion)

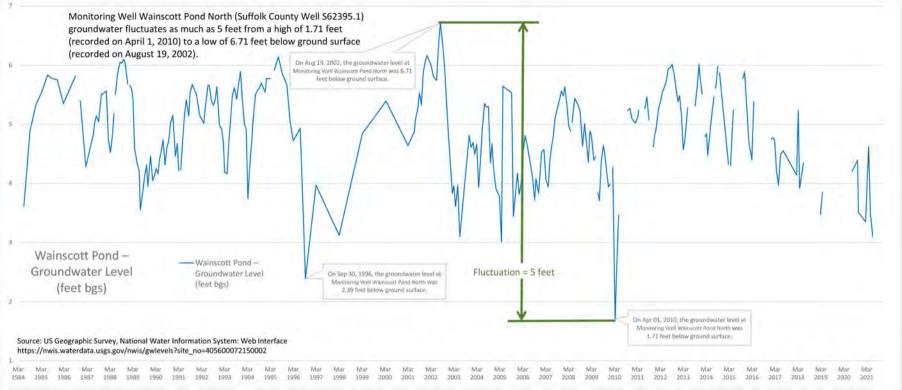
Phone: 651-201-4897 or 1-800-657-3908

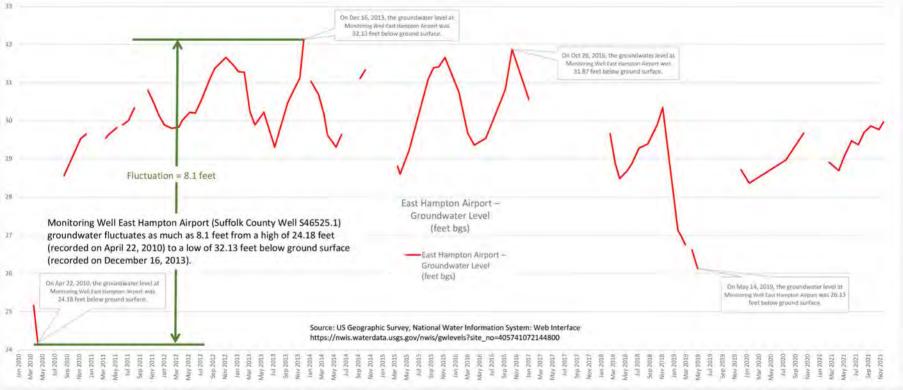
MDH Health Based Value (HBV) for PFOA is 0.035 parts per billion (ppb; or 35 parts per trillion)

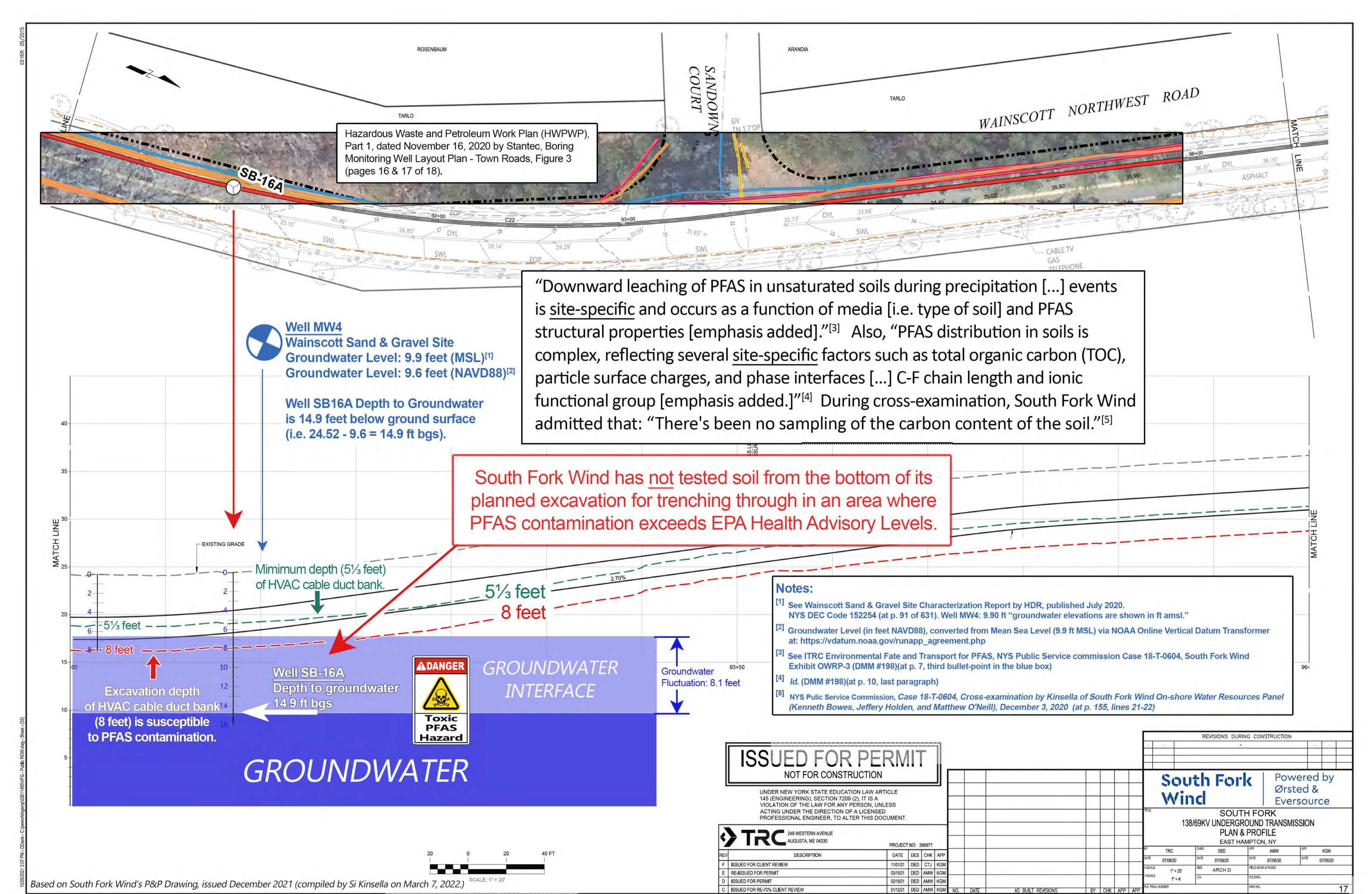


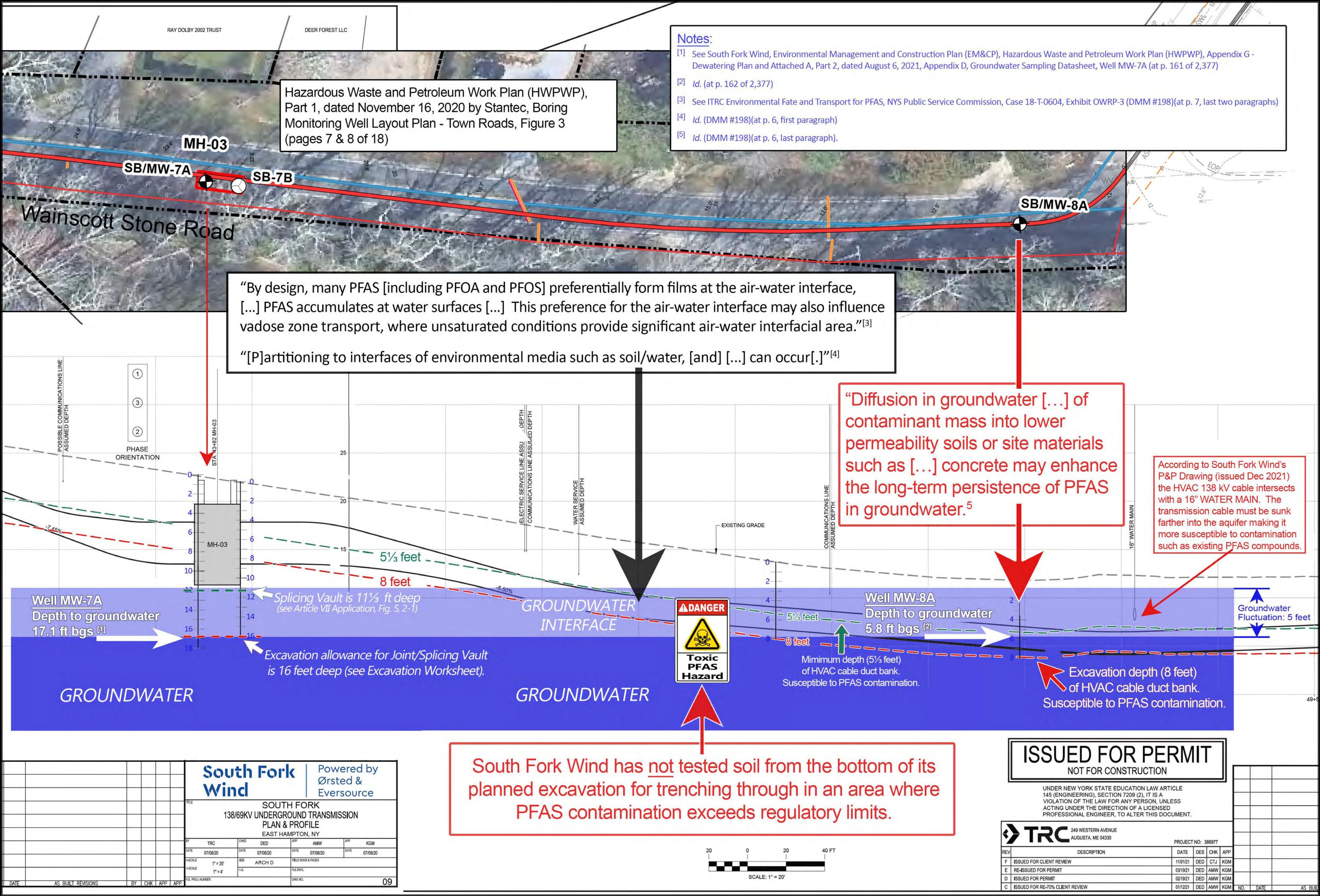
DEC Site Characterization Report: East Ham,pton Airport	Groun	dwater Sa	mple Data		
by AECOM USA for NYS DEC (Nov 30, 2018)  Table 1  Groundwater Sample Data  Analytes	East Hampton PD	ARFF			
Well EH-19A1	EH- 1	EH-19A	EH-19A1		
TOTAL PFAS: 8,388 ppt	5/8/2018	5/8/2018	8/10/2018		
Perfluoroalkane Sulfonic Acids					
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)	8.3	360	12		
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	730	240	1.5 J		
Perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid (PFHpS)	36	.88 U	.88 U		
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	1.8 J	5.0	1.4 J		
Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid (PFDS)	1.3 U	1.3 U	1.3 U		
Perfluoroalkane Carboxylic Acids					
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	37	710	3.9 J		
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	76	2600	1.1 U		
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	65	2800	1.9 J		
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	40	1500	1.2 U		
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	160	140	1.2 J		
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	1.2 U	7.0 U	.94 U		
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	.82 U	1.8 U	.52 U		
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA)	1.4 U	2.6 U	.31 U		
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoDA)	1.2 U	1.1 U	.46 U		
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	.90 U	1.7 U	.75 U		
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	1.2 U	1.2 U	1.2 U		
Perfluoroalkyl Sulfonamides					
Perflurooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	.35 U	.35 U	.35 U		
N-Methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid	4.2 UJ	4.2 UJ	4.2 UJ		
N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid	.83 U	.83 U	.83 U		
(n:2) Fluorotelomer Sulfonic Acids					
6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)	7.0	7.0	1.6 J		
8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)	.65 U	2.8 J	.65 U		

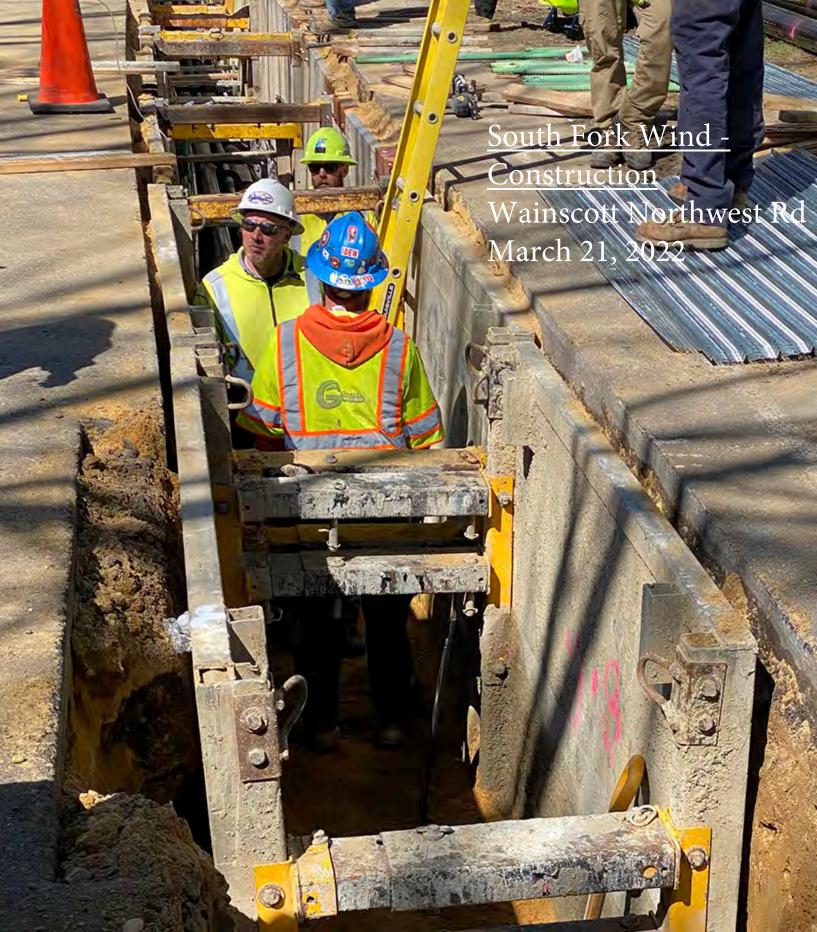






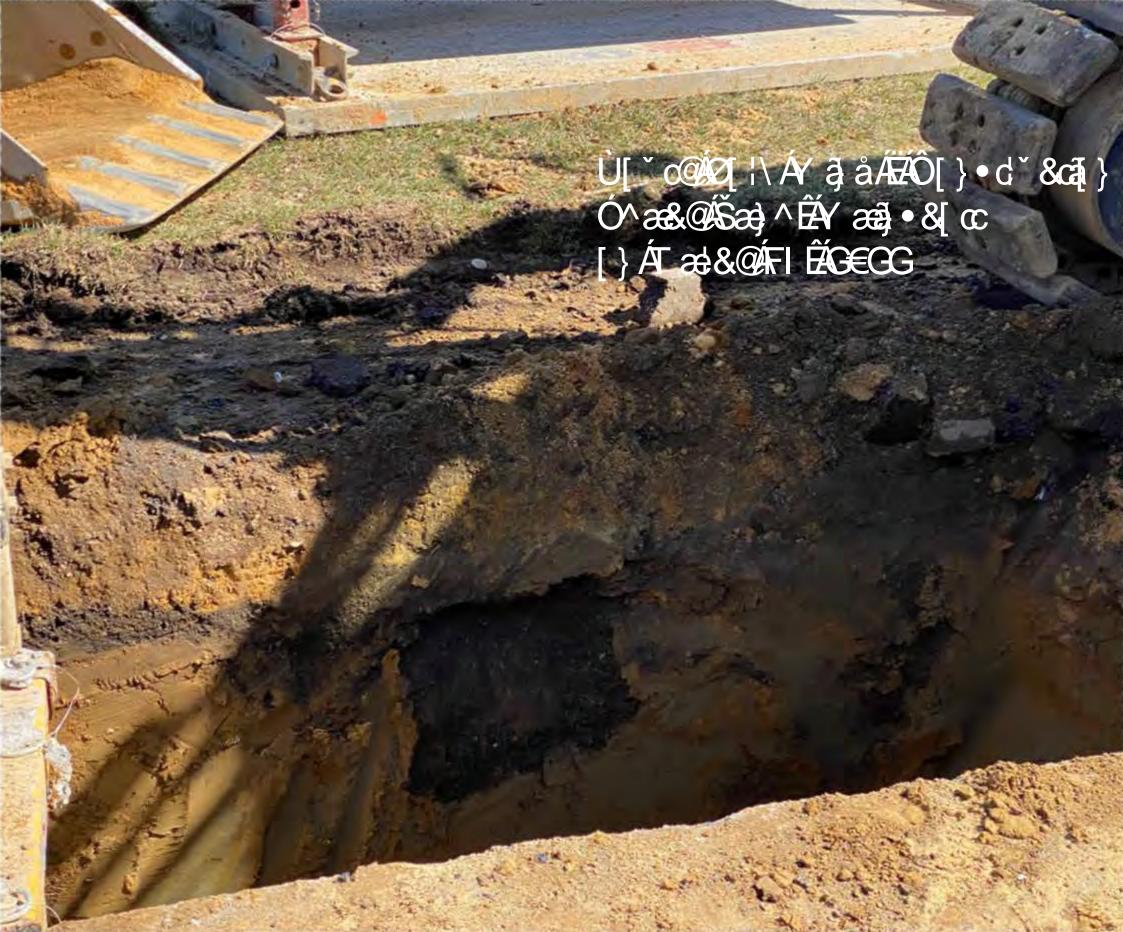




























# **State Superfund Program**

## Citizen Participation Plan for East Hampton Airport

July 2020

Site #152250 200 Daniels Hole Road Wainscott Suffolk County, New York

**Note:** The information presented in this Citizen Participation Plan was current as of the date of its approval by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. Portions of this Citizen Participation Plan may be revised during the site's investigation and cleanup process.



### State Superfund Program

No changes were made to the August 2020 Citizen Participation Plan, except for adding some contacts' names and addresses to Appendix A and B.

A "Citizen Participation Specialist" was added to Appendix A.

Citizen Participation Plan

for
East Hampton Airport

August 2020

Site #152250 200 Daniels Hole Road Wainscott Suffolk County, New York To Appendix B - Site Contact List, was added Bridget Fleming, Ken LaValle, and Fred. Thiele. Also, Adrienne Esposito (of Critizen's Campaign for the Environment), Robert DeLuca (of Group for the East End), and Dick Amper (of the Long Island Pine Barrens Society) were added, as well as Newsday, News 12, the East Hampton School District Superintendent, Richard Burns, and someone from the Wainscott School (no name provided).

Note: The information presented in this Citizen Participation Plan was current as of the date of its approval by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Portions of this Citizen Participation Plan may be revised during the site's investigation and cleanup process.

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## State Superfund Program

The only change the Town made to Public Participation Plan the Citizen Participation Plan, was to change its name to the Public Participation Plan.

It took the Town a year (from August 26, 2020 to August 31, 2021) to make that change.

**East Hampton Airport** August 2021

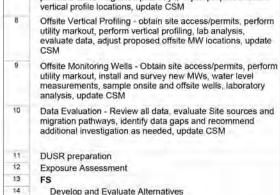
.... there was also one important addition to Appendix B , Site Contact List the inclusion of Simon Kinsella. PO Box 792 Wainscott, NY 11975.

Although, it shouldn't take a year to add un address

The Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study Work Plan, Site #152250 dated May 2021, reads: "A Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) has been approved for this Site" (at p. 3-1). 200 Daniels Hole Road Wainscott Suffolk County, New York

> Note: The information presented in this Public Participation Plan was current as of the date of its approval by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. Portions of this Public Participation Plan may be revised during the site's investigation and cleanup process.

#### **FIGURE 3.7.1** RI/FS SCHEDULE EAST HAMPTON AIRPORT SITE WAINSCOTT, NEW YORK Task Name July August leptembe October Vovembe) ecembe January February March April May June July August leptembe October Vovembe) ecembe January E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E B M E NYSDEC approval of RI/FS Work Plan RI Work Fieldwork Preparation - obtain site access, perform utility markout, request/obtain additional info for onsite wells, etc. Onsite Soil and Soil Vapor Sampling - onsite soil and soil vapor sampling, lab analyses, evaluate data, adjust vertical profiles, update CSM Onsite Vertical Profiling and Flow Direction Evaluation perform vertical profiling, lab analysis, existing well survey, water level measurements, determine groundwater flow direction, evaluate data, adjust proposed MW locations, update CSM Onsite Monitoring Wells - Obtain site access, perform utility markout, install new MWs, survey new wells, sample all onsite MWs, perform additional vertical profiles if needed, lab analyses, evaluate data, update CSM



Develop remedial recommendations

Prepare Draft RI/FS Report

15

RI/FS Report

Internal review

Onsite Data Evaluation - Review all onsite data, evaluate potential offsite migration pathways, adjust proposed offsite

According to the Order on Consent and Administrative Settlement (signed by Town Supervisor Peter Van Scoyoc on May 20, 2020), "[w]ithin twenty (20) days [by July 23, 2020] after the effective date [July 3, 2020] of this Order, Respondent [Town] shall submit for review and approval a written citizen participation plan prepared in accordance with the requirements of ECL [Environmental Conservation Law] §27-1417 [...]"

ECL §27-1417 requires that the citizen participation plan (CPP) shall "encourage citizen involvement by outlining opportunities and recommended methods for effective citizen participation [...] embody the [...] principles of meaningful citizen participation [including the] opportunities for citizen involvement [...] as early as possible in the decision making process prior to the selection of a preferred course of action [and] full, timely, and accessible disclosure and sharing of information by the department shall be provided, including the provision of technical data and the assumptions upon which the analyses are based."

The Town complied with the mandated deadline to submit the citizen participation plan (i.e., by July 23, 2020).

However, it has been nearly two years since the DEC approved the CPP for the Airport, and, still, the Town has <u>not</u> complied with New York State Environmental Conservation Law.

Will the Town please implement the airport citizen participation plan now?





**Environmental Topics** ✓

Laws & Regulations ✓

Report a Violation 🗸

About EPA ∨

News Releases: Region 02

# EPA Updates Superfund National Priorities List to Clean Up Pollution, Address Public Health Risks, and Build a Better America

**Contact Information** 

Stephen McBay (<u>mcbay.stephen@epa.gov</u>) (212)-637-3672

March 17, 2022

**NEW YORK** - Today, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) announced that it is adding 12 sites and proposing to add another five, including the Lower Hackensack River, to the Superfund National Priorities List (NPL). The federal NPL includes sites where releases of contamination pose significant human health and environmental risks.

Superfund cleanups provide health and economic benefits to communities. The program is credited for significant reductions in both birth defects and blood-lead levels among children living near sites, and research has shown residential property values increase up to 24 percent within three miles of sites after cleanup.

Further, thanks to Superfund cleanups, communities are now using previously blighted properties for a wide range of purposes, including retail businesses, office space, public parks, residences, warehouses, and solar power generation. As of 2021, EPA has collected economic data on 650 Superfund sites. At these sites, there are 10,230 businesses operating on these sites, 246,000 people employed, an estimated \$18.6 billion in income earned by employees, and \$65.8 billion in sales generated by businesses.

With this Superfund NPL update, the Biden-Harris Administration is following through on its commitment to update the NPL twice a year, as opposed to once per year. The Superfund Program is also part of President Biden's Justice40 initiative, which aims to ensure that federal agencies deliver at least 40 percent of benefits from certain investments to underserved communities.



#### Town of East Hampton Long Island, NY



Resolution RES-2022-551

## License Agreement - Staging and Storage for Installation of the Transmission Cable By Deepwater Wind South Fork, LLC (South Fork Wind LLC)

#### Information

**Department:** Town Attorney **Sponsors:** Councilwoman Cate Rogers

Category: Approvals Functions: Agreements (Contracts, Leases, Bids)

#### Body

WHEREAS, the Town Board previously authorized an easement and a Host Community Agreement with Deepwater Wind South Fork, LLC (Deepwater), now known as South Fork Wind, LLC (South Fork Wind), for their project to connect an offshore wind farm to the Long Island Power Authority (LIPA) sub-station at Cove Hollow Road, East Hampton, hereinafter, the "Project"; and

WHEREAS, South Fork Wind is in the process of obtaining sites for staging and storage in locations within the Town, and is in the process of amending their Environmental Management and Construction Plan to provide for the same; and

WHEREAS, South Fork Wind has requested the use of a portion of property at Stephen Hands Path which is already disturbed and cleared, and has been, and continues to be utilized by the New York State Department of Transportation (NYS DOT) as a highway yard, including salt storage; and

WHEREAS, the DOT has expressed a willingness to allow the temporary use of a portion of the property, and the Town Board is willing to enter into a license agreement with South Fork Wind to allow the use of portions of the property, subject to the approval of the NYS DOT, for purposes of storage of vehicles, construction materials and related equipment, together with the parking of employee vehicles, but not including the storage of any soils or water removed from the cable route; and

WHEREAS, the proposed license is an unlisted action under the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) and an environmental assessment has been prepared for the Town Board with regard to the proposed license; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that the Town Board hereby adopts a Negative Declaration pursuant to SEQRA with regard to the proposed license; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Town Board hereby authorizes the license for use of a portion of Town property located at Stephen Hands Path, Wainscott (0300-193-02-004), subject to the approval of the NYS DOT, for purposes of storage of vehicles, construction materials and related equipment utilized for or in relation to the installation of the transmission cable for the South Fork Wind project, but not including the storage of any water or soil removed from the cable route; and be it further

RESOLVED, that such license shall commence upon full execution of the license, and continue until December 31, 2023 with an option to extend for an additional six (6) month period upon the same terms; and be it further

RESOLVED, that South Fork Wind shall pay the sum of \$1.00 per sq. ft., per annum for such license, commencing upon execution of the license, and continuing until such use ceases and all materials and equipment are removed from the site; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Town Board hereby authorizes the Town Supervisor to execute a License Agreement, subject to the approval of the Town Attorney, to allow South Fork Wind to utilize the portions of the above property, subject to the approval of the NYS DOT, as indicated by a representative of the same.

#### Meeting History

East

Hampton Regular Meeting

**Board** 

RESULT: ADOPTED [UNANIMOUS]
MOVER: Cate Rogers, Councilwoman

**SECONDER:** Kathee Burke-Gonzalez, Councilwoman

AYES: Kathee Burke-Gonzalez, Sylvia Overby, Cate Rogers, Peter Van Scoyoc

ABSENT: David Lys

Apr 21, 2022 11:00 AM

#### Discussion



The License Agreement has not been disclosed. We do not know what is in the agreement. The Environmental Assessment Form (EAF) has not been disclosed. We do not know how the Town Board arrived at its SEQRA negative declaration. The resolution excludes soil



🧥 Draft

and groundwater only "from the cable route," but remains silent on whether the site will be used for storing and treating soil and groundwater containing PFAS contamination from the Interconnection Facility.

Posted by Si Kinsella 2 days ago

Exhibit J

Powered by **Granicus**