Key vocabulary			
rock	A naturally occurring material made		
	of minerals. They can be different		
	sizes:		
	<ul> <li>stones</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>pebbles</li> </ul>		
	boulders		
fossil	The bones or other remains of living		
	things are sometimes preserved in		
	rocks as fossils.		
soil	Ground up rock mixed with plant		
	and animal remains.		

## Soils

The property of soils is affected by the:

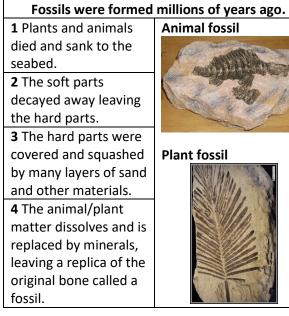
- type of rock ٠
- size of rock pieces ٠
- amount of organic matter in it. •

Peat	<ul> <li>water-logged</li> <li>contains partially</li> <li>decomposed plant material</li> <li>soft and easily compressed</li> </ul>
Sandy soil	<ul> <li>light and dry</li> <li>lots of air gaps so water</li> <li>drains through quickly</li> </ul>
Chalky soil	<ul> <li>stony and water drains</li> <li>through quickly</li> <li>found in areas with lots of</li> <li>chalk</li> </ul>
Clay soil	<ul> <li>very sticky when wet</li> <li>a heavy soil</li> <li>water does not drain</li> <li>through it quickly</li> </ul>

## **Rocks Year 3**

Significant scientists		
Mary Anning	Mary Anning was an	
<u>(1799-1847)</u>	English palaeontlogist and	
	fossil collecter. She	
9	became known around	
	the world for important	
There is a	finds she made in Jurassic	
	fossil beds in Dorset.	
Hesham Sallam	Hesham Sallam is	
(1975- to date)	an Egyptian paleontologist	
	who led the discovery and	
	description of the	
	sauropod dinosaur.	

## **Fossil formation**





**Plant fossil** 





