

Spokane Holistic Healing Client Handout Low Vitamin D and Mood Disorders

Low vitamin D levels are strongly linked to mood disorders, particularly **depression**, **anxiety**, **and fatigue**. Here's how vitamin D impacts mood and mental health:

1. Role in Serotonin Production

Vitamin D helps regulate **serotonin**, a neurotransmitter that influences mood, happiness, and emotional stability. Low vitamin D can lead to reduced serotonin levels, increasing the risk of **depression and mood swings**.

2. Association with Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD)

SAD is a type of depression that occurs in winter when sunlight exposure is low. This is partly due to reduced vitamin D production, as sunlight is the primary source of this nutrient.

3. Impact on Brain Inflammation

Low vitamin D levels are linked to increased **inflammation in the brain**, which can contribute to **anxiety, depression, and cognitive decline**.

4. Connection to Fatigue and Low Energy

Vitamin D deficiency is a common cause of **chronic fatigue** and low motivation, which can make daily activities feel more exhausting and lead to **irritability and mood imbalances**.

5. Hormonal Balance and Stress Regulation

Vitamin D plays a role in regulating **cortisol**, the stress hormone. Deficiency can make it harder for the body to manage stress, increasing feelings of **anxiety and overwhelm**.

How to Boost Vitamin D Naturally

- **Sunlight Exposure:** Aim for **10–30 minutes of sunlight** per day, depending on skin type and location.
- Dietary Sources: Fatty fish (salmon, tuna), egg yolks, fortified dairy, and mushrooms.
- **Supplements:** If levels are low, a vitamin D3 supplement may be needed (best taken with food for absorption).



How to Check Your Vitamin D Levels

To determine if you have low vitamin D, you can:

1. Get a Blood Test:

- o The **25-hydroxyvitamin D (25(OH)D) test** measures your vitamin D levels.
- Ideal levels are typically 30-50 ng/mL, while below 20 ng/mL is considered deficient.
- You can request this test from your doctor, got to a direct-to-consumer lab, or use an at-home test kit.

Vitamin D Supplement Recommendations

- Type: Vitamin D3 (cholecalciferol) is more effective than D2.
- Dosage:
 - Mild deficiency: 1,000–2,000 IU daily
 - Severe deficiency: 5,000 IU daily (under medical supervision)
 - o **Maintenance:** 600–2,000 IU daily, depending on your sun exposure
- Best Absorption: Take it with food containing healthy fats (e.g., avocado, nuts, or fish).
- **Combo Supplements:** Vitamin D3 is often paired with **Vitamin K2** to help calcium absorption and prevent buildup in arteries.

Natural Ways to Boost Vitamin D

- **Sunlight:** 10-30 minutes of midday sun exposure on skin (without sunscreen) a few times per week.
- **Dietary Sources:** Fatty fish (salmon, mackerel), egg yolks, fortified dairy, and mushrooms.
- UV Lamps: If you live in a low-sunlight area, a UVB lamp can help boost vitamin D production.