

## URGING THE PASSAGE OF A CHILD NUTRITION REQUTHORIZATION THAT SUPPORTS HEALTHY MEAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, AND TEENS

Committee: Health Resolution: HEA-17-03

- 1. WHEREAS, infants, children, and teens should have access to healthy food, no matter
- 2. where they live, yet 16.2 million children in this country live in food insecure households
- 3. and rates of food insecurity were substantially higher for households with children
- 4. headed by single women or single men, and Black- and Hispanic-headed households;
- 5. and
- 6. WHEREAS, federally funded child nutrition programs exist to serve these age groups,
- 7. but barriers to increasing participation often exist due to piecemeal authorizing legislation
- 8. and inflexible regulations; and
- 9. WHEREAS, the 2015 Child Nutrition Reauthorization offers an opportunity to update
- 10. the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, Summer Food Service
- 11. Program, Child and Adult Care Food Program, Special Supplemental Nutrition Program
- 12. for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), and the WIC Farmers Market Nutrition
- 13. Program, Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program, and the Special Milk Program; and
- 14. WHEREAS, the improvements to nutrition and quality of School Lunch Program meals
- 15. included in the Healthy Hunger Free Kids Act of 2010 resulted in clear increases in fruit
- 16. and vegetable intake without increased food waste and without decreased revenue or
- 17. participation in the vast majority of the nation's schools; and
- 18. WHEREAS, only about half of the students in this country that receive free- or
- 19. reduced-price lunch also receive School Breakfast, and there are innovative models, such

- 20. as Breakfast in the Classroom, that have shown increases in participation; and
- 21. WHEREAS, only one in seven kids who may need summer meals receives them, and the
- 22. 2015 Child Nutrition Reauthorization offers an opportunity to update the Summer Food
- 23. Service Program which includes provisions that would reduce red tape, increase
- 24. eligibility, and allow sites to serve three meals per day, giving children the same access to
- 25. meals that they have during the school year; and
- 26. WHEREAS, the Child and Adult Care Food Program served 551 million meals in 2013
- 27. and provides funding for meals for some of the most vulnerable populations such as
- 28. at-risk and homeless children; and
- 29. WHEREAS, WIC has improved at-risk children's health, growth and development, and
- 30. prevented nutrition-related and other health problems for 40 years, and promotes
- 31. breastfeeding, reduces childhood obesity and improves cognitive performance of young
- 32. children, and reduces the risk for preterm birth and low birth-weight babies by 25% and
- 33. 44%, respectively, and for every dollar spent on a pregnant woman in WIC, up to \$4.21 is
- 34. saved in Medicaid; and
- 35. WHEREAS, 1.7 million WIC participants received Farmers Market Nutrition benefits in
- 36. 2012 to increase their ability to purchase and eat fresh, healthy, local produce; and
- 37. **WHEREAS**, the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program provides produce snacks to children
- 38. in low-income schools, increasing their fruit and vegetable intake and familiarizing them
- 39. with eating produce; and
- 40. **NOW, THEREORE, BE IT RESOLVED**, that The United States
- 41. Conference of Mayors supports the ability of cities to provide access to healthy and

- 42. affordable meals before, during and after school for all children, all year long; and
- 43. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women supports the continued funding and
- 44. expansion of child nutrition programs; and
- 45. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that NOBEL Women opposes any rollbacks to the
- 46. nutrition standards included in the Healthy Hunger Free Kids Act of 2010; and
- 47. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women supports the expansion of School
- 48. Breakfast and innovative delivery models such as Breakfast in the Classroom; and
- 49. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women urges Congress to allow for more
- 50. flexibility around where children are able to eat Summer Meals, by allowing them to pick
- 51. up meals from sites and eat them at home, or allowing states the option to provide
- 52. low-income families with additional funds for groceries during the summer, and that
- 53. children be allowed to eat three meals a day through the program by removing any
- 54. restrictions to the number and type of meals that may be served; and
- 55. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women endorses the full continuous
- 56. funding for the WIC program to reach all nutritionally at-risk, eligible women and
- 57. children with nutrition services and supplemental foods and to encourage and support
- 58. breastfeeding, healthy eating, physical activity, and overweight prevention for children
- 59. and their families; and
- 60. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women supports programs that increase

- 61. access to fresh, affordable produce for children such as the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable
- 62. Program and WIC FMNP; and
- 63. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women urges Congress to continue to pass
- 64. federal legislation that reflects the innovation and flexibility that cities have demonstrated
- 65. in implementing pilots and other federal programs; and
- 66. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women supports passage of a Child
- 67. Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act, which incorporates the above stated goals and
- 68. principles, before its current expiration of September 30, 2015.

Introduced by: Del. Angela Angel (MD)