

A Resolution supporting Universal Childcare

Committee: Women's Issues

Resolution: WMN-20-02

- 1. WHEREAS, Families of color experience inequities in childcare due to issues such as
- 2. affordability or access to childcare programs within their community.
- 3. WHEREAS, Since COVID-19 one quarter of the childcare sector has shut down. Due to
- 4. the disproportionate rates of women of color in childcare these job losses are extremely
- 5. harmful for families of color.

6. WHEREAS, Economic hardships within the African American community prior to the

7. pandemic allowed families to rely on childcare programs to feed their children

8. throughout the day. It is likely the shutdown of these programs has led to an increase in

9. hunger.

10. WHEREAS, Ninety-three percent of childcare workers in the United States are women

11. and forty-five percent of those workers are women of color. Half of the childcare

12. businesses are minority owned within the United States.

13. WHEREAS, There is a history of African American women being excluded from basic

- 14. rights as workers such as the 1938 Fair Labor Standards Act that excluded domestic
- **15.** workers, intentionally leaving out many black workers from protections such as

16. minimum wage and overtime eligibility.

17. WHEREAS, A June survey of more than 5,000 childcare providers demonstrated that18. without additional federal support two out of five of the providers will have to close

19. permanently.

20. WHEREAS, When considering loans a black-owned business is more than twice as21. likely to be discouraged from applying for a loan compared to a white business, those that22. do apply are nearly 20% more likely to be denied the loan.

23. WHEREAS, Evidence suggests that families of color are referred to childcare services

24. more frequently than their white counterparts, yet necessary services are unavailable or25. not easily accessible to communities of color.

26. WHEREAS, Data shows that parents with low incomes are twice as likely to report that

27. they won't be able to and/or don't know if they will be able to return to previous

28. arrangements compared to households with middle or low incomes since COVID-19.

29. WHEREAS, The Center for American Progress founded that after the DC Universal

30. Pre-school Program became implemented it increased the share of mothers with young

31. children participating in the cities labor force by 10%.

32. WHEREAS, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act provides33. federal funding to states for child care subsidies for low-income families with children34. under age 13.

35. WHEREAS, Congresswoman Pramilia Jayapal has announced support for the CARES36. Act to put more more into the pockets of struggling families as well as providing critical37. relief to small businesses and nonprofits.

38. WHEREAS, The Child Care Is Essential Act, led by Rep. Rosa DeLauro would
39. appropriate \$50 billion for the establishment of a grant program within the Department of
40. Homeland Security's Child Care and Development Block Grants that would aid providers
41. who have either remained open or are temporarily closed due to Covid-19.

42. THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that NOBEL Women will return to their respective
43. legislative bodies to work on legislation for a statewide adoption of childcare programs.
44. THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that NOBEL Women supports the Childcare for
45. Working Families Act of 2019
46. THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that NOBEL Women support the CARES Act
47. providing support for essential workers who need childcare as well as the funding to
48. support childcare providers.

49. THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that NOBEL Women will work to ensure the50. long-term stability of support for child care at a federal level.

Introduced by The Honorable Rena Moran

Minnesota Legislator