

MAKING MAINSTREAM LENDING AVAILABLE AND ACCESSIBLE IN UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES

Committee: Social and Economic Justice Resolution: SEJ-17-04

- 1. WHEREAS, many consumers have occasions when ends don't meet;
- 2. WHEREAS, according to a recently conducted survey from Bankrate.com, just 37% of
- 3. Americans have enough savings to pay for a \$500 or \$1,000 emergency;
- 4. **WHEREAS**, according to the Pew Charitable Trust, payday lending usage is 57% higher
- 5. for renters than for homeowners; 62% higher for those earning less than \$40,000
- 6. annually; 82% higher for those with some college education or less; 103% higher for
- 7. those who are separated or divorced; and 105% higher for African-Americans;
- 8. WHEREAS, NOBEL Women has always been committed to financial empowerment
- 9. through improved access to mainstream credit as well as a marketplace that offers safe
- 10. and affordable lending products and services; and
- 11. WHEREAS, not all loan types are equally safe and affordable, and the structure of
- 12. certain loans significantly reduces the chances that a borrower will fall into a cycle of
- 13. debt; and
- 14. WHEREAS, responsibly structured credit is an essential part of the wealth-building
- 15. ecosystem that includes improving financial education, building a sound credit history,
- 16. providing savings and a wise investment tool; and
- 17. WHEREAS, responsibly structured credit is essential to support a household's ability to
- 18. save, build a sound credit history, and facilitate crucial investments that can provide a

- 19. foundation for other wealth-building activities; and
- 20. WHEREAS, the key structural qualities of closed end loans that are responsibly
- 21. structured, safe and affordable, are that lenders make a good faith effort to assess the
- 22. borrower's ability to repay the loan and that the loan is repayable in substantially equal
- 23. installments with no balloon payments; and
- 24. WHEREAS, because these services are not readily available in all communities, NOBEL
- 25. Women encourages both public and private sector entities to work together to make these
- 26. services both available and accessible; and
- 27. WHEREAS, there are incentives that can be provided to increase the likelihood that
- 28. these services become available and accessible in every community; and
- 29. **WHEREAS**, commercial banks have not shown a willingness to make responsibly
- 30. structured loans to and within underserved and minority communities to any significant
- 31. extent, despite the passage of the Community Reinvestment Act; and
- 32. **WHEREAS**, banks have shown an inability to underwrite and make such loans
- 33. themselves in a way that protects the security of insured depositors; and
- 34. WHEREAS, minorities and poorer communities need access to safe and affordable
- 35. installment credit, which is reported to the credit bureaus, enabling consumers to
- 36. establish, reestablish or build their credit; and
- 37. WHEREAS, there being an inverse relationship between cost and rate, lower income
- 38. Americans need access to loans which are low cost rather than low rate; and
- 39. **WHEREAS**, financial regulators through Operation Choke Point have further
- 40. discouraged banks from financing the operations of community lenders who have stepped

- 41. in to provide responsibly structured low cost loans to lower income Americans; and
- 42. **WHEREAS**, banks have been misled into thinking that providing much needed services
- 43. to lower income Americans, regardless of rate or structure, far from being a positive,
- 44. valuable and highly commendable benefit to society, constitutes a potential for reputation
- 45. risk; and
- 46. WHEREAS, a central factor in financial inclusion for these communities is financial
- 47. education that moves consumers along the path from financial anxiety to financial
- 48. comfort and, ultimately, to financial freedom
- 49. **THEREFORE**, **BE IT RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women supports small-dollar closed
- 50. end credit that offers access to mainstream financial services and tests consumers' ability
- 51. to repay the loan, reports payment history to at least one of the three major credit
- 52. agencies and is repaid in substantially equal multiple installments at fixed intervals to
- 53. fulfill the consumer's obligation; and
- 54. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women supports companies that offer
- 55. opportunities to partner with minority organizations that provide access points into
- 56. limited capital and minority communities and will make mainstream financial services
- 57. readily available and accessible in these communities; and
- 58. **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NOBEL Women recommends to the financial
- 59. regulators of this country and to the Congress of the United States, that banks be allowed
- 60. and encouraged to earn their CRA credit indirectly by providing loans to eligible third
- 61. parties, which in turn and at their own risk will make safe and affordable installment
- 62. loans to lower income Americans in minority communities when ends don't meet, and

63. that such loans be seen both by regulators and by the media as enhancing the reputatio

64. of both banks and third party lenders; and

65. **BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED**, that a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the

66. President of the United States, Vice President of the United States, members of the

67. United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate, and other federal

68. and state government officials as appropriate.

Introduced by: Rep. Laura Hall