SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lucas SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Lucas SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product number : 10043, 10046, 10066, 10067, 10069

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Lubricating oil.

Supplier's details : Lucas Oil Products, Inc
302 North Sheridan Street
Corona, California 92880-2067
Toll Free: (800) 342-2512
Tel: (951) 270-0154
Fax: (951) 270-1902
Website: www.LucasOil.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : (951) 493-1149
(951) 847-5949
Markn@lucasoil.com

7:00A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday thru Friday

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based	30 - 60	72623-83-7
Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	10 - 30	68037-01-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	No special precaution is required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	:	Amber.
Odor	:	Petroleum. Sulfur.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>260°C (>500°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 212.77°C (415°F)
Burning time	:	Not applicable.
Burning rate	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.9042
Solubility	:	Negligible at 25°C
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (100°C (212°F)): 0.15 cm^2/s (15 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

There is no data available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin	:	There is no data available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes : There is no data available.

Respiratory : There is no data available.

Sensitization

Skin : There is no data available.

Respiratory : There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

There is no data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

There is no data available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-

Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1 - 5
Supplier notification	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.

New York : None of the components are listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate

California Prop. 65

No products were found.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory: Not determined.
Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals : Not listed

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 0 Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 0 Flammability : 1 Instability : 0

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 12/30/2012

Version : 1

Revised Section(s) : Not applicable.

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: **APR 2015**
Supersedes: **NOV 2014**

Weld-On® 750 HOTWELD™ Low VOC Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: **Weld-On® 750 HOTWELD™ Low VOC Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe**

PRODUCT USE: Low VOC Solvent Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe

SUPPLIER:

MANUFACTURER: IPS Corporation
17109 South Main Street, Gardena, CA 90248-3127
P.O. Box 379, Gardena, CA 90247-0379
Tel. 1-310-898-3300

EMERGENCY: Transportation: CHEMTEL Tel. 800.255-3924, +1 813-248-0585 (International) **Medical:** CHEMTEL Tel. 800.255-3924, +1 813-248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

Health		Environmental		Physical	
Acute Toxicity:	Category 4	Acute Toxicity:	None Known	Flammable Liquid	Category 2
Skin Irritation:	Category 3	Chronic Toxicity:	None Known		
Skin Sensitization:	NO				
Eye:	Category 2				

GHS LABEL:



Signal Word:
Danger

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: CLASS B, DIVISION 2
CLASS D, DIVISION 1B

Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor	P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
H319: Causes serious eye irritation	P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
H335: May cause respiratory irritation	P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness	P337+P313: Get medical advice/attention
H351: Suspected of causing cancer	P403+P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
EUH019: May form explosive peroxides	P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

	CAS#	EINECS #	REACH Pre-registration Number	CONCENTRATION % by Weight
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	109-99-9	203-726-8	05-2116297729-22-0000	45 - 65
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	201-159-0	05-2116297728-24-0000	0 - 10
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	203-631-1	05-2116297718-25-0000	10 - 20
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	05-2116297713-35-0000	0 - 10

All of the constituents of this adhesive product are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing.
* Indicates this chemical is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR372).
indicates that this chemical is found on Proposition 65's List of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Contact with eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes and seek medical advice immediately.
Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice.
Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical advice.
Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately.

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye and Skin Contact

Acute symptoms and effects:
Inhalation: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages.
Eye Contact: Vapors slightly uncomfortable. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjunctival inflammation on contact with the liquid.
Skin Contact: Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact.
Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and mental sluggishness.

Chronic (long-term) effects: Category 2 Carcinogen

SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide gas, foam, Halon, water fog.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray or stream.
Exposure Hazards: Inhalation and dermal contact
Combustion Products: Oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride and smoke
Protection for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face positive pressure airline masks.

	HMIS	NFPA	
Health	2	2	0-Minimal
Flammability	3	3	1-Slight
Reactivity	0	0	2-Moderate
PPE	B		3-Serious
			4-Severe

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.
Provide sufficient ventilation, use explosion-proof exhaust ventilation equipment or wear suitable respiratory protective equipment.
Prevent contact with skin or eyes (see section 8).
Environmental Precautions: Prevent product or liquids contaminated with product from entering sewers, drains, soil or open water course.
Methods for Cleaning up: Clean up with sand or other inert absorbent material. Transfer to a closable steel vessel.
Materials not to be used for clean up: Aluminum or plastic containers

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid breathing of vapor, avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Keep away from ignition sources, use only electrically grounded handling equipment and ensure adequate ventilation/fume exhaust hoods.
Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling.
Storage: Store in ventilated room or shade below 44°C (110°F) and away from direct sunlight.
Keep away from ignition sources and incompatible materials: caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates.
Follow all precautionary information on container label, product bulletins and solvent cementing literature.

SECTION 8 - PRECAUTIONS TO CONTROL EXPOSURE / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Component	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	OSHA PEL	OSHA STEL	OSHA PEL-Ceiling	CAL/OSHA PEL	CAL/OSHA Ceiling	CAL/OSHA STEL
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	50 ppm	100 ppm	200 ppm	N/E	N/E	200 ppm	N/E	250 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	N/E	N/E	200 ppm	N/E	300 ppm
Cyclohexanone	20 ppm	50 ppm	50 ppm	N/E	N/E	25 ppm	N/E	N/E
Acetone	500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm	N/E	N/E	500 ppm	3000 ppm	750 ppm

Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust as needed.
Monitoring: Maintain breathing zone airborne concentrations below exposure limits.
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
Eye Protection: Avoid contact with eyes, wear splash-proof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards and side shields, etc. as may be appropriate for the exposure.
Skin Protection: Prevent contact with the skin as much as possible. Butyl rubber gloves should be used for frequent immersion.
Use of solvent-resistant gloves or solvent-resistant barrier cream should provide adequate protection when normal adhesive application practices and procedures are used for making structural bonds.
Respiratory Protection: Prevent inhalation of the solvents. Use in a well-ventilated room. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed above.
With normal use, the Exposure Limit Value will not usually be reached. When limits approached, use respiratory protection equipment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Blue, medium syrupy liquid		
Odor:	Ketone	**Odor Threshold:**	0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone)
pH:	Not Applicable		
Melting/Freezing Point:	-108.5°C (-163.3°F) Based on first melting component: THF	**Boiling Range:**	56°C (133°F) to 156°C (313°F)
Boiling Point:	56°C (133°F) Based on first boiling component: Acetone	**Evaporation Rate:**	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)
Flash Point:	-20°C (-4°F) TCC based on Acetone	**Flammability:**	Category 2
Specific Gravity:	0.962 @23°C (73°F)	**Flammability Limits:**	**LEL:** 1.1% based on Cyclohexanone
Solubility:	Solvent portion soluble in water. Resin portion separates out.		**UEL:** 12.8% based on Acetone
Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not Available	**Vapor Pressure:**	190 mm Hg @ 20°C (68°F) Acetone
Auto-ignition Temperature:	321°C (610°F) based on THF	**Vapor Density:**	>2.0 (Air = 1)
Decomposition Temperature:	Not Applicable	**Other Data: Viscosity:**	Medium bodied
VOC Content:	When applied as directed, per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A,VOC content is: ≤ 510 g/l.		

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable
Hazardous decomposition products:	None in normal use. When forced to burn, this product gives off oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride and smoke.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources.
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizers, strong acids and bases, amines, ammonia

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:	LD_{50}	LC_{50}	**Target Organs**
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Oral: 2842 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation 3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m^3 (rat)	STOT SE3
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	Oral: 2737 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 6480 mg/kg (rabbit)	Inhalation 8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m^3 (rat)	STOT SE3
Cyclohexanone	Oral: 1535 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 948 mg/kg (rabbit)	Inhalation 4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)	
Acetone	Oral: 5800 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation 50,100 mg/m^3 (rat)	STOT SE3

Reproductive Effects	**Teratogenicity**	**Mutagenicity**	**Embryotoxicity**	**Sensitization to Product**	**Synergistic Products**
Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	None Known
Mobility:	In normal use, emission of volatile organic compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place, typically at a rate of ≤ 510 g/l.
Degradability:	Not readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulation:	Minimal to none.

SECTION 13 - WASTE DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow local and national regulations. Consult disposal expert.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name:	Adhesives
Hazard Class:	3
Secondary Risk:	None
Identification Number:	UN 1133
Packing Group:	PG II
Label Required:	Class 3 Flammable Liquid
Marine Pollutant:	NO

EXCEPTION for Ground Shipping
DOT Limited Quantity: Up to 5L per inner packaging, 30 kg gross weight per package.
Consumer Commodity: Depending on packaging, these quantities may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D" .

TDG INFORMATION	
TDG CLASS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3
SHIPPING NAME:	ADHESIVES
UN NUMBER/PACKING GROUP:	UN 1133, PG II

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: Highly Flammable, Irritant, Carc. Cat. 2

Symbols: F, Xi

Ingredient Listings: USA TSCA, Europe EINECS, Canada DSL, Australia AICS, Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MITI (ENCS)

Risk Phrases:

R11: Highly flammable.
R36/37: Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.
R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R67: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Safety Phrases:

S2: Keep out of the reach of children
S9: Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S25: Avoid contact with eyes.
S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S33: Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Specification Information:

Department issuing data sheet: IPS, Safety Health & Environmental Affairs

E-mail address: <EHSinfo@ipscorp.com>

All ingredients are compliant with the requirements of the European Directive on RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances).

Training necessary: Yes, training in practices and procedures contained in product literature.

Reissue date / reason for reissue: 4/21/2015 / Updated GHS Standard Format

Intended Use of Product: Solvent Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe

This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Harvey's A-6 ABS Black Cement**

Other means of identification

Product code 3300E

Synonyms Part Numbers: 018500, 018501, 018502, 018504, 018510, 018512, 018520, 018521, 018530, 018532, 018534, 018536, 018540, 458451, 458503, 090 7400, 618500, 618510, 618520, 618530

Recommended use Joining ABS Pipes

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name William H. Harvey Company

Address 4334 South 67th Street
Omaha, NE 68117

Telephone 402-331-1175

E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response Do NOT induce vomiting. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	40-60
ABS Resin	9003-56-9	30-40
Acetone	67-64-1	10-20
Other components below reportable levels		2.41

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and water.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Opaque liquid.

Color Black.

Odor Solvent.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 151 °F (66.11 °C)

Flash point 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Evaporation rate 5.5 - 8

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) 1.8

Flammability limit - upper (%) 11.8

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

Vapor density 2.5

Relative density 0.89 +/- 0.02

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 500 - 1500 cP

Viscosity temperature	77 °F (25 °C)
Other information	
Bulk density	7.4 lbs/gal
VOC (Weight %)	285 g/l SQACMD 1168/M316A

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Respiratory tract irritation. Narcotic effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	0.29

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1133
UN proper shipping name Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions T11, TP1, TP8, TP27
Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 201
Packaging bulk 243

IATA

UN number UN1133
UN proper shipping name Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -

Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	35 %WV
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 27-May-2015

Revision date -

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 7/29/2015 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (1/6/2015)

1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier**: Aervoe Construction Marking Paint - Aerosol**

Product name: **Construction Marking Paint**

Fluorescent Colors	Non-Fluorescent Colors	16 oz. I.A.C.
246 Red 247 Orange 248 Green 249 Pink 250 Blue 253 Yellow 283 Red-Orange	251 Black 252 Yellow 254 Blue 255 White 256 Red 257 Orange 258 Hi Vis Yellow 259 Green 260 Purple	261 Red 262 Yellow 263 Blue 265 Orange 267 White 270 Fluorescent Red 272 Fluorescent Orange 274 Fluorescent Green 275 Fluorescent Red/Orange 279 Fluorescent Pink

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Designed to adhere to most surfaces, including pavement, gravel, and soil.
Uses advised against: Do not apply if surface is wet, or if rain is imminent within 4 hours of application.

CAS No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
EC No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
Index No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
Manufacturer/Supplier:	**Aervoe Industries Incorporated**
Street address/P.O. Box:	**1100 Mark Circle**
Country ID/Postcode/Place	**Gardnerville, Nevada 89410**
Telephone number:	**001 (0) 1-775-782-0100**
e-mail:	**mailbox@aervoe.com**
National contact:	**Aervoe Industries Incorporated**
For Product Information:	00**1 (0) 1-800-227-0196**
Emergency telephone number:	**001 (0) 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)** **English Language Service**

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards:	Aerosol - Category 1 Flam. Gas. 1 Press. Gas Flam. Liq. 2
Health Hazards:	Car 1B Muta 1B Asp Tox. 1

Eye Irrit. - 2
Rep. 2
Skin. Irr. 2
STOT SE3

Environmental Hazards: Aquatic Chronic 2

Labeling

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
H220 – Extremely flammable gas
H222 – Extremely flammable aerosol
H225 – Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated
H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 – Causes skin irritation.
H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340 – May cause genetic defects
H350 – May cause cancer
H361 – Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child .
H373 – May cause damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure(Inhalation)
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements:
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102 - Keep out of reach of children
P103 - Read label before use
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
P264 - Wash … thoroughly after handling
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50ºC/122ºF
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

Date Prepared/Revised: 7/29/2015 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (1/6/2015)

Symbols/Pictograms:



3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Composition

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS Number	Weight Percent	Hazard Category	H-Code
Hydrocarbon Propellant	LPG	68476-86-8	270-705-8	10-30%	Press. Gas Flam. Gas 1 Carc. 1B Muta. 1B	H220 H350 H340
Hexane	n-Hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	5-10%	Flam. Liq. 2 Repr. 2 Asp. Tox. 1 STOT RE 2 * Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Aquatic Chronic 2	H225 H361f *** H304 H373 ** H315 H336 H411
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	Solvent Naphtha	64742-89-8	265-192-2	5-10%	Carc. 1B Muta. 1B Asp. Tox. 1	H350 H340 H304
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	265-191-7	1-5%	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	Solvent Naphtha	8032-32-4	232-453-7	1-5%	Carc. 1B Muta. 1B Asp. Tox. 1	H350 H340 H304
Non-fluorescent colors also contain:						
Acetone	Propanone	67-64-1	200-662-2	1-5%	Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	H225, H319, H336

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice:	If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.
Inhalation First Aid:	Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact First Aid:	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.
Eye Contact First Aid:	If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion First Aid:	If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects:	Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties:	Aerosol
Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not Available
Suitable extinguishing media:	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None known
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	None known
Hazardous combustion products:	Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide
Fire & Explosion Hazards:	Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure from extreme temperatures.
Precautions for fire-fighters:	Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:
1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.
Do not use near sources of ignition.
Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.
Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.
Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).
No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.
Keep away from sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:
Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection
Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:
Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS Number	ACGIH TLV (TWA)	ACGIH TLV (STEL)	OSHA PEL (TWA)	OSHA PEL (STEL)

Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-88-7	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-89-8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Hydrocarbon Propellant	68476-86-8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	8032-32-4	200ppm	300ppm	200ppm	N/AV
Hexane	110-54-3	50ppm	N/AV	500ppm	N/AV
Acetone	67-64-1	500ppm	750ppm	1000ppm	N/AV

***Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH**

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Color varies by product.	Odor: Hydrocarbon Odor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: N/AV
Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)	Evaporation Rate: Faster than n-Butyl Acetate
Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable gas	LEL: 0.9% UEL: 13%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/ water: N/AV	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions
Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources
Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents
Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: (Acetone) Acute oral LD50: 5800mg/kg(rat)

	(Acetone) LC50: 21000 ppm / 8 hr (rat) (Hexane) LD50: 2870 mg/kg (Rat-Oral)
Eye irritation data:	N/AV
Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data:	N/AV
Reproductive toxicity data:	N/AV
Mutagenicity data:	Muta 1B
Symptoms associated with physical contact:	N/AV
Acute/chronic effects from short/long term exposure:	Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.
Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:	
NTP:	N/AV
IARC:	IARC3:Classification not possible from current data
OSHA:	TLV-A4

* Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: **No Data Available**
Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available**
Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**
Mobility in soil: **No Data Available**
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: **No Data Available**
Other adverse effects: **No Data Available**

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or

laws governing your location.
Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference 49 CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference IMDG code part 3

IATA:

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:
This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.
SARA Title 3:
Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.
TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.
WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.
PROP 65 (CA): WARNING: This product may contain chemicals know to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 7/29/2015 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (1/6/2015)

This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 7-29-2015
Supersedes: (1/6/2015)

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Butane**

Other means of identification

SDS number WC026

Recommended use Hand Torch Fuel

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Industries Incorporated

Address 200 Old Wilson Bridge Road
Columbus, OH 43085
United States

Email: cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone Number: 866-928-2657

CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS:

Within US and Canada 800-424-9300

Outside US and Canada +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable gases — Category 1
Gases under pressure — Liquefied gas

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Simple asphyxiant

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear respiratory protection.

Response Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Isobutane	75-28-5	60-80
Butane	106-97-8	20-40

Composition comments	Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Skin contact	Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.
Ingestion	This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
General information	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Extremely flammable gas. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from damage. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas (Liquefied).

Form Compressed liquefied gas.

Color Colorless.

Odor Faint. Gasoline-like.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-216.76 °F (-138.2 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-11.7 °F (-24.28 °C)
Flash point	-76.3 °F (-60.2 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	8.4 %
Vapor pressure	28 psig (Approximate)
Vapor density	> 2 (Air = 1)
Relative density	0.57 (H2O = 1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	< 0.1 % in water at 70°F
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	548.33 °F (286.85 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.
Eye contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.
Ingestion	This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Not classified.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

Persistence and degradability Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential Not applicable.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	2.89
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	2.76

Mobility in soil Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1011

UN proper shipping name Butane

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1

Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions T50

Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	304
Packaging bulk	314, 315

IATA

UN number	UN1011
UN proper shipping name	Butane
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1011
UN proper shipping name	Butane
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	LISTED
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 28-May-2015

Revision date 30-May-2016

Version # 02

Further information The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

HMIS® ratings
Health: 1
Flammability: 4
Physical hazard: 1

NFPA ratings



References

ACGIH
EPA: AQUIRE database
NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (2004)
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices (2009)
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer

All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

WARREN UNILUBE, INC.

CARQUEST PREMIUM SAE 80W-90 GEAR OIL

Revision Date: May 17, 2013

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: CARQUEST Premium SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil (all containers)
Synonyms: Gear Oil
Product Use: Multi-purpose hypoid gear lubricant for use in passenger cars, trucks and off-highway vehicles.
Chemical Family: Blend

Manufacturer: Warren Unilube, Inc.
915 E. Jefferson Ave.
West Memphis, AR 72301
Phone: 1-800-428-9380
Fax: 870-732-7851

CHEMTREC NUMBER
Domestic: 800-424-9300
International: 703-527-3887

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:
(800) 428-9284
MSDS Prepared by: Warren Oil Company, Inc.
WHMIS (Canada): THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION AND INGREDIENTS

Chemical Ingredient

Base Lubricating Oils	90 - 94%
Proprietary Additives	<10%

The base lubricating oils contains <3% (w/w) DMSO extract, as measured by IP346.

SECTION 3: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: *Oil mist, if generated.*

	HMIS Hazard Rating	NFPA Hazard Rating
H	1	0
F	1	1
R	0	0



US OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: Product assessed in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR

1910.1200 and determined not to be hazardous.
WHMIS (Canada): THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.
There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to the health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Potential Health Effects:
Inhalation: Vapor pressure is very low. Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is normally not a problem.
Eye Contact: Expected to be minor eye irritant.
Skin Contact: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis.
Ingestion: Not expected to be acutely toxic.
Chronic: None known.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water, for at least 15 minutes, until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Skin Contact: No treatment is necessary under ordinary circumstances. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated area thoroughly with soap and water. If redness or irritation occurs and persists, seek medical attention. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If victim exhibits signs of lung aspiration such as coughing or chocking, seek immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability: NFPA Class-IIIB combustible material.
Flashpoint (method): Typical >360°F / >182°C (ASTM D-92)
Special Properties: This material can burn but will not readily ignite. This material will release vapors when heated above the flash point temperature that can ignite when exposed to a source of ignition. In enclosed spaces, heated vapor can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays may burn at temperatures below the flash point.
Autoignition Temperature: No Data Available
Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.
Fire-Fighting Instructions: Dense smoke may be generated while burning. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion. Avoid breathing smoke and vapor.
Fire-Fighting Equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Water may be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.
Hazardous Combustion By-products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, ketones, and combustion products of sulfur and nitrogen.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill/Leak Procedures: Remove sources of ignition. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Take up small spills with absorbent pads. Large spills may be taken up with pump or vacuum.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Temperature: Ambient
Storage Pressure: Atmospheric
General: Keep container closed. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Empty containers may contain residues.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

A: General Product Information

If oil mists are generated, observe the OSHA exposure limit of 5 mg/m3. The following are recommended exposure limits for hydrogen sulfide: OSHA PEL 8H TWA 10ppm; 14mg/m3, Ceiling 20 ppm and ACGIH 8H TWA 10ppm; 14mg/m3.

B: Component Exposure Limits

No information is available.

Engineering Controls

Use general ventilation and use local exhaust, where possible, in confined or enclosed spaces. If product is heated above 70 C (155 F) in the presence of water, hydrogen sulfide vapors may be released. Ventilation should be sufficient to keep hydrogen sulfide levels below recommended exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes/Face

Wear safety glasses. Wear chemical goggles or faceshield if splash or mist occurs.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin

Use impervious gloves for prolonged contact. Wear oil-impervious garments if contact is unavoidable.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

If mist is generated (heating, spraying) and engineering controls are not sufficient, wear approved organic vapor respirator suitable for oil mist.

Personal Protective Equipment: General

Use good hygiene when handling petroleum product. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Excessive misting may cause slippery floors - wear appropriate footwear. Eye wash fountains are recommended.



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Viscous liquid
Vapor Density: > 1 (air =1.0)
Vapor Pressure: Not available
Evaporation rate: Not available
Boiling Point: Not available
Melting/Freezing Point: Not available
pH: Not available
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution: Not available
Solubility in Water: Insoluble
Specific Gravity: 0.90
Flashpoint (method): Typical >400°F / >204°C (ASTM D-92)
Odor: Typical petroleum
Color: Light amber
Odor Threshold: Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Yes
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid formation of mists, keep away from extreme heat, sparks, and open flame.
Incompatibility: This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition: Decomposition of this product may yield oxides of boron, calcium, magnesium, nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur including hydrogen sulfide and zinc as well as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.
Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Oral Toxicity (rats): Practically non-toxic (LD50: greater than 5000 mg/kg.)
Dermal Toxicity (rabbits): Practically non-toxic (LD50: greater than 2000 mg/kg.)
Inhalation Toxicity (rats): Practically non-toxic (LC50: greater than 5 mg/l).
Eye Irritation (rabbits): Practically non-irritating. (Draize score: greater than 6 but 15 or less.)
Skin Irritation (rabbits): Practically non-irritating. (Primary Irritation Index: greater than 0.5 but less than 3.)
Carcinogenicity
A: General Product Information: No data available on the product as a whole. Note that USED oils tend to contain higher amounts of the cancer-causing aromatics, which have been linked to scrotal and lung cancer in humans.
B: Component Carcinogenicity: None of this product's components are listed by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA, NIOSH, or NTP.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Regulatory Information: All disposals must comply with federal, state and local requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

US DOT Information: Not regulated as a hazardous material
Hazard Class: Not classified
UN/UA#: Not classified
Packing Group: Not classified
Required Label (s): None
IMO/IMDG Shipping Description: Not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.
ICA/IATA Shipping Description: Not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.
International Transportation Regulations: Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Canada: Transportation (TDG): Not regulated. Shipping Name: None, UN Number: None, Class Description: None,
PIN Number: None.
THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.
DSL/NDSL Status: This product and /or all components are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA: This material is in compliance with the Toxic Substances control Act (15 USC 2601-2629) and is listed in the TSCA Inventory.

SARA 302/304: This product does not contain reportable quantities of any "extremely hazardous substances" listed pursuant to Title II of the

Hazard Categories for SARA 311/312 Reporting:

Health	Immediate (Acute)	No
Health	Delayed (Chronic)	No
Physical	Fire	No
Physical	Sudden Release of Pressure	No
Physical	Reactive	No
Physical	Nuisance Mist/Dust Only	No

SARA 313 Toxic Release Inventory: This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of SARA 313.

CERCLA: This product does not contain any "hazardous substances" listed under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) in 40 CFR Part 302, Table 30.24.

Clean Water Act / Oil Pollution Act: This product contains petroleum distillates and may be subject to regulation by Section 311 of the Clean Water Act and the Oil Pollution Act. Releases of the product into or leading to surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802.

NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION: Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows: Petroleum Oil (Gear Oil)

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING:
Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm may be found in petroleum products. Although it is possible to sufficiently refine the petroleum products to remove the potential for cancer, we are advising that one or more of the listed chemicals may be present in some detectable quantities. Read and follow directions and use care when handling these petroleum products.

Other state regulations may apply.

WHMIS (Canada): Not controlled under WHMIS.

SARA Hazardous Substances

Ingredient	CAS No.	%, wt	Sec 313	Sec 302	RQ, lb	TPQ, lb

None

Key: Sec 313 = Toxic Chemicals, Section 313
Sec 302 = Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS)
RQ = Reportable Quantity of EHS
TPQ = Threshold Planning Quantity of EHS

Section 16 - Other Information

Revision Information

THIS INFORMATION RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED AND MAY NOT BE VALID FOR SUCH MATERIAL USED IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIALS OR IN ANY PROCESS. SUCH INFORMATION IS TO THE BEST OF THIS COMPANY'S KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEVED ACCURATE AND RELIABLE AS OF THE DATE INDICATED. HOWEVER, NO REPRESENTATION, WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE IS MAKE AS TO THE ACCURACY, RELIABILITY OR COMPLETENESS. IT IS THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO THE SUITABLENESS AND COMPLETENESS OF SUCH INFORMATION FOR HIS OWN PARTICULAR USE.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Product Name: **CAT HYDRAULIC OIL (HYDO) SAE 10W**
Product Description: Base Oil and Additives
Product Code: 20202050B020, 478909-00, 971670
Intended Use: Hydraulic/transmission fluid

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier: **EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**
3225 GALLOWS RD.
FAIRFAX, VA. 22037 USA

24 Hour Health Emergency	609-737-4411
Transportation Emergency Phone	800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC
Product Technical Information	800-662-4525
MSDS Internet Address	http://www.exxon.com, http://www.mobil.com

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1900.1200.

PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS
No significant hazards.

HEALTH HAZARDS
High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
No significant hazards.

NFPA Hazard ID:	Health:	0	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0
HMIS Hazard ID:	Health:	0	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert

advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3	1 - 2.5%	H315, H318, H401, H411

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Pressurized mists may form a flammable mixture.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulfur oxides, Incomplete combustion products

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [ASTM D-92]
Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0
Autoignition Temperature: N/D

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

STORAGE

The container choice, for example storage vessel, may effect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep away from incompatible materials.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product: When mists/aerosols can occur the following are recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction), 5 mg/m³ - OSHA PEL.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to

be considered for this material include:
No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:
No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:
No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid
Color: Amber
Odor: Characteristic
Odor Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.878
Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A
Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [ASTM D-92]
Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0
Autoignition Temperature: N/D
Boiling Point / Range: > 316°C (600°F) [Estimated]
Decomposition Temperature: N/D
Vapor Density (Air = 1): > 2 at 101 kPa [Estimated]

Vapor Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C [Estimated]
Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D
pH: N/A
Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5 [Estimated]
Solubility in Water: Negligible
Viscosity: 37.7 cSt (37.7 mm2/sec) at 40 °C | 6.1 cSt (6.1 mm2/sec) at 100°C
Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D
Melting Point: N/A
Pour Point: -18°C (0°F)
DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on assessment of the components.
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point data for material.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on assessment of the components.
Sensitization	
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

for material.	
Skin Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the components.
Aspiration: Data available.	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of the components.
Carcinogenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the components.
Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment of the components.
Lactation: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.
Repeated Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

OTHER INFORMATION

Contains:
Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC	3 = IARC 1	5 = IARC 2B
2 = NTP SUS	4 = IARC 2A	6 = OSHA CARC

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

Marine Pollutant: No

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: This material is not considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AICS, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TSCA

EPCRA SECTION 302: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: None.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Typical Value
ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3	1 - 2.5%

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3	13, 15, 17, 19

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK
5 = TSCA 4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = MI 293	

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):
H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2
H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1
H401: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:
Updates made in accordance with implementation of GHS requirements.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Product Name: **CAT DEO-ULS 15W-40**
Product Description: Base Oil and Additives
Product Code: 20202040B022, 452607-00, 97AJ57
Intended Use: Engine oil

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier: **EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**
3225 GALLOWS RD.
FAIRFAX, VA. 22037 USA

24 Hour Health Emergency	609-737-4411
Transportation Emergency Phone	800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC
Product Technical Information	800-662-4525
MSDS Internet Address	http://www.exxon.com, http://www.mobil.com

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1900.1200.

PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS
No significant hazards.

HEALTH HAZARDS
High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
No significant hazards.

NFPA Hazard ID:	Health:	0	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0
HMIS Hazard ID:	Health:	0	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert

advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
ZINC ALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE	113706-15-3	0.1 - < 1%	H303, H315, H318, H401, H411

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Sulfur oxides, Oxides of carbon, Incomplete combustion products, Smoke, Fume

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >215°C (419°F) [ASTM D-92]
Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0
Autoignition Temperature: N/D

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers,

basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Avoid contact with used product. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

STORAGE

The container choice, for example storage vessel, may effect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product: When mists/aerosols can occur the following are recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction), 5 mg/m³ - OSHA PEL.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid
Color: Brown
Odor: Characteristic
Odor Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15.6 °C): 0.876 [ASTM D4052]
Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A
Flash Point [Method]: >215°C (419°F) [ASTM D-92]
Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0
Autoignition Temperature: N/D
Boiling Point / Range: > 316°C (600°F)
Decomposition Temperature: N/D
Vapor Density (Air = 1): > 2 at 101 kPa
Vapor Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C
Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A
Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5
Solubility in Water: Negligible
Viscosity: 112.8 cSt (112.8 mm2/sec) at 40 °C | 15 cSt (15 mm2/sec) at 100°C [ASTM D 445]
Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D
Melting Point: N/A
Pour Point: -27°C (-17°F) [ASTM D97]
DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on assessment of the components.
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point data for material.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on assessment of the components.
Sensitization	
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the components.

Aspiration: Data available.	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of the components.
Carcinogenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the components.
Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment of the components.
Lactation: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.
Repeated Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

OTHER INFORMATION

For the product itself:

Diesel engine oils: Not carcinogenic in animals tests. Used and unused diesel engine oils did not produce any carcinogenic effects in chronic mouse skin painting studies.
Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.

Contains:
Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC	3 = IARC 1	5 = IARC 2B
2 = NTP SUS	4 = IARC 2A	6 = OSHA CARC

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

Marine Pollutant: No

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: This material is not considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: DSL, KECI, TSCA
Special Cases:

Inventory	Status
AICS	Restrictions Apply

EPCRA SECTION 302: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: None.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY: This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release Program.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
DIPHENYLAMINE	122-39-4	18
ZINC ALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE	113706-15-3	15

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK
5 = TSCA 4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = MI 293	

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):
H303: May be harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 5
H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2
H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1
H401: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:
Updates made in accordance with implementation of GHS requirements.

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DGN: 7064527XUS (1021113)

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Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Cat ® ELC (Extended Life Coolant) Extender

Product Use: Corrosion Inhibitor for cooling systems
Product Number(s): 226279
Company Identification
Chevron Products Company
Global Lubricants
6001 Bollinger Canyon Rd.
San Ramon, CA 94583
United States of America
www.chevronlubricants.com

Transportation Emergency Response
CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887
Health Emergency
Chevron Emergency Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800) 231-0623 or (510) 231-0623
email : lubemsds@chevron.com

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: Target organ toxicant (single exposure): Category 1. Eye irritation: Category 2A. Skin irritation: Category 2. Acute aquatic toxicant: Category 2.



Signal Word: Danger

Health Hazards: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Environmental Hazards: Toxic to aquatic life.
(Blood/Blood Forming Organs).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:
Prevention: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.
Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF exposed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician. Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).
Storage: Store locked up.
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED: Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Sodium tolyltriazole	64665-57-2	1 - 3 %weight
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0	1 - 3 %weight

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures
Eye: Flush eyes with water immediately while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if worn, after initial flushing, and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin: Wash skin with water immediately and remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if any symptoms develop. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.
Ingestion: If swallowed, get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation: No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS
Eye: Contact with the eyes causes severe irritation. Symptoms may include pain, tearing, reddening, swelling and impaired vision.
Skin: Contact with the skin causes irritation. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Symptoms may include pain, itching, discoloration, swelling, and blistering.
Ingestion: May be irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Symptoms may include pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
Inhalation: Not expected to be harmful if inhaled.

DELAYED OR OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:
Target Organs: Contains material that may cause damage to the following organ(s) if swallowed based on animal data:Blood/Blood Forming Organs Risk depends on duration and level of exposure. See Section 11 for additional information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Not Applicable

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:
Fire Fighting Instructions: This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.
Combustion Products: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Combustion may form oxides of: Nitrogen, Sodium.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures: Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.
Spill Management: Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.
Reporting: Report spills to local authorities and/or the U.S. Coast Guard's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling Information: Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.
Precautionary Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not get in eyes. Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of the reach of children.
Static Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures.
Container Warnings: Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:
Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:
Use in a well-ventilated area.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
Eye/Face Protection: Wear protective equipment to prevent eye contact. Selection of protective equipment may include safety glasses, chemical goggles, face shields, or a combination depending on the work operations conducted.
Skin Protection: Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Selection of protective clothing may include gloves, apron, boots, and complete facial protection depending on operations conducted. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Natural rubber, Nitrile Rubber.
Respiratory Protection: No respiratory protection is normally required.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component	Agency	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Sodium tolyltriazole	Not Applicable	--	--	--	--
Sodium Nitrite	Not Applicable	--	--	--	--

No applicable occupational exposure limits exist for this material or its components.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: Red
Physical State: Liquid
Odor: Faint or Mild
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: 11
Vapor Pressure: <0.01 mmHg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Vapor Density (Air = 1): >1
Initial Boiling Point: No data available
Solubility: Completely Soluble
Freezing Point: No data available
Melting Point: No data available
Specific Gravity: 1.06 @ 15.6°C (60.1°F) / 15.6°C (60.1°F)
Viscosity: No data available
Evaporation Rate: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:
Flammability (solid, gas): No Data Available

Flashpoint: Not Applicable
Autoignition: No data available
Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: Not Applicable Upper: Not Applicable

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Incompatibility With Other Materials: May form cancer-causing nitrosamines when mixed with secondary amines.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known (None expected)
Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: The eye irritation hazard is based on an evaluation of the data for the components.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Skin Sensitization: The skin sensitization hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Dermal Toxicity: The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity: The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.
Acute Toxicity Estimate: Not Determined

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Carcinogenicity: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Reproductive Toxicity: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:
Nitrite salts can cause methemoglobin to form in the blood, resulting in a fall in blood pressure, cyanosis, coma and possibly death. Infants are particularly susceptible to nitrite toxicity. Rats chronically exposed to sodium nitrite in drinking water had pathological changes in heart and lung tissue.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY
This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

MOBILITY
No data available.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY
This material is expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of this material is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material.
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

POTENTIAL TO BIOACCUMULATE
Bioconcentration Factor: No data available.
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by international, country, or local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

DOT Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL UNDER 49 CFR

IMO/IMDG Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER THE IMDG CODE

ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER ICAO

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code:
Not applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA 311/312 CATEGORIES:

1.	Immediate (Acute) Health Effects:	YES	
2.	Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects:	NO	
3.	Fire Hazard:		NO
4.	Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard:	NO	
5.	Reactivity Hazard:		NO

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

01-1=IARC Group 1	03=EPCRA 313
01-2A=IARC Group 2A	04=CA Proposition 65
01-2B=IARC Group 2B	05=MA RTK
02=NTP Carcinogen	06=NJ RTK
	07=PA RTK

Sodium Nitrite	03, 05, 06, 07

CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITIES(RQ)/EPCRA 302 THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITIES(TPQ):

Component	Component RQ	Component TPQ	Product RQ
Sodium Nitrite	100 lbs	None	3367 lbs

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:
All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), EINECS (European Union), ENCS (Japan), IECSC (China), KECI (Korea), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (United States).
Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows: Refer to components listed in Section 3.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

HMIS RATINGS: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0
(0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *- Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

LABEL RECOMMENDATION:
Label Category : ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 12 - AFC12

REVISION STATEMENT: This revision updates the following sections of this Safety Data Sheet: 1-16
Revision Date: APRIL 29, 2015

ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
GHS - Globally Harmonized System	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
API - American Petroleum Institute	SDS - Safety Data Sheet
HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System	NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA)
DOT - Department of Transportation (USA)	NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer	OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NCEL - New Chemical Exposure Limit	EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus	

Prepared according to the 29 CFR 1910.1200 (2012) by Chevron Energy Technology Company, 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583.

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Christy's® Red Hot Blue Glue® PVC Plastic Pipe Cement

Date Revised: **MAY 2016**
Supersedes: **MAR 2015**

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: **Christy's® Red Hot Blue Glue®** SYNONYMS:

PRODUCT USE: Solvent Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe

SUPPLIER and MANUFACTURER: T Christy Enterprises, Inc.
655 East Ball Road, Anaheim, CA 92805-5910
Tel. 1-714-507-3300 (North America)
Tel. 1-714-507-3300 (International)

EMERGENCY: Transportation/Medical issues: Tel. 800.535.5053 INFOTRAC

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

Health		Environmental		Physical	
Acute Toxicity:	Category 4	Acute Toxicity:	None Known	Flammable Liquid/Aerosol/Gas:	Category 2
Skin Corrosion/Irritation:	Category 3	Chronic Toxicity:	None Known		
Carcinogenicity	Category 2				
Eye:	Category 2B				

Signal Word: **DANGER**

GHS LABEL



WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: CONTROLLED PRODUCT
CLASS B, DIVISION 2 CLASS D, DIVISION 2B

Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements (See Section 15 for all advisory and required precautions)
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
H302 Harmful if swallowed	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
H319 Causes serious eye irritation	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
H332 Harmful if inhaled	P261 Avoid breathing fumes/gas/vapours
H335 May cause respiratory irritation	P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective/ clothing/ eye protection/ face protection
	P330 Rinse Mouth
	P304 + P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
	P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical adivce/attention
	P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P405 Store locked up
	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

	CAS#	EINECS #	REACH Pre-registration Number	CONCENTRATION % by Weight
Polyvinyl Chloride Resin (PVC)	NON/HAZ			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)** (Stabilized)	109-99-9	203-726-8	05-2116297729-22-0000	45 -70
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)*	78-93-3	201-159-0	05-2116297728-24-0000	5 - 15
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	203-631-1	05-2116297718-25-0000	10 - 30

All of the constituents of this adhesive product are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing.
*This chemical is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR372).

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Contact with eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes and seek medical advice immediately.
Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice.
Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical advice.
Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately.

SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide gas, foam, Halon, water fog.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray or stream.
Exposure Hazards: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and smoke
Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and smoke
Protection for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face positive pressure airline masks.

	HMIS	NFPA	
Health	2	2	1-Slight
Flammability	3	3	2-Moderate
Reactivity	1	1	3-Serious
			4-Severe

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.
Provide sufficient ventilation, use explosion-proof exhaust ventilation equipment or wear suitable respiratory protective equipment.
Prevent contact with skin or eyes (see section 8).
Environmental Precautions: Prevent product or liquids contaminated with product from entering sewers, drains, soil or open water course.
Methods for Cleaning up: Clean up with sand or other inert absorbent material. Transfer to a closable metal container
Materials not to be used for clean up: Aluminum or plastic containers

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid breathing of vapor, avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Keep away from ignition sources, use only electrically grounded handling equipment and ensure adequate ventilation/fume exhaust hoods.
Do not eat; drink or smoke while handling.
Storage: Store in ventilated room or shade below 27°C (80°F) and away from direct sunlight.
Keep away from ignition sources and incompatible materials: caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates.
Follow all precautionary information on container label, product bulletins and solvent cementing literature.

SECTION 8 - PRECAUTIONS TO CONTROL EXPOSURE / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Component	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	OSHA PEL	OSHA STEL:
Tetrahydrofuran (THF) #,##	50 ppm skin	100 ppm	200 ppm	250 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	300 ppm
Cyclohexanone	20 ppm skin		50 ppm	

Mfg. Recommended Allowable Exposure Limit (AEL): 25 ppm
Mfg. Recommended STEL: 75 ppm

Engineering Controls: If ventilated cabinet, enclosure or fume hood is necessary, average airflow should be at least 100 FPM (50.8 cm/sec).
Monitoring: Maintain breathing zone airborne concentrations below exposure limits.
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
Eye Protection: Avoid contact with eyes, wear splash proof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards and side shields, etc. as may be appropriate for the exposure.
Skin Protection: Prevent contact with the skin as much as possible. Polyethylene or PVA coated rubber gloves should be used for frequent immersion. Use of latex/nitrile surgical gloves or solvent-resistant barrier cream should provide adequate protection when normal adhesive application practices and procedures are used for making structural bonds.
Respiratory Protection: Prevent inhalation of the solvents. Use in a well-ventilated room. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed above. With normal use, the Exposure Limit Value will not usually be reached. When limits approached, use respiratory protection equipment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Blue, Medium syrupy liquid		
Odor:	Ethereal	**Odor Threshold:**	N/D
P.H.	Not Applicable		
Melting/Freezing Point:	-108.5°C (-163°F) Based on first freezing component: THF	**Boiling Range:**	67°C (151°F)
Boiling Point:	67°C (151°F) Based on first boiling component: Tetrahydrofuran (TH	**Evaporation Rate:**	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)
Flash Point:	-14°C (7°F) T.C.C. based on THF	**Flammability:**	Category 2
Specific Gravity	@23°C ± 2° (73°F ± 3.6°) Typical 0.944 ± 0.01	**Flammability Limits:**	**LEL:** 2%
Solubility:	Solvent portion completely soluble in water. Resin portion separates out.		**UEL:** 11.8%
Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not Available	**Vapor Pressure:**	143 mm Hg @ 20°C (68°F): THF
Auto-ignition Temperature:	321°C (609.8°F): THF	**Vapor Density:**	2.49 (Air = 1)
Decomposition Temperature:	Not Applicable	**Other Data: Viscosity:**	Medium bodied
VOC Content :	When applied as directed, per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A,VOC content is: ≤ 600 g/l.		

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Hazardous decomposition products: None in normal use. When forced to burn, this product gives off carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), hydrogen chloride (HCl) and smoke.

Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye and Skin Contact

Acute symptoms and effects:

Inhalation: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages.

Eye Contact: Vapors slightly uncomfortable. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjunctival inflammation on contact with the liquid.

Skin Contact: Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact.

Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and mental sluggishness.

Chronic (long-term) effects: None known to humans

Carinogenicity:

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3- Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknow Relevance to Humans

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3- Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknow Relevance to Humans

Toxicity:	LD_{50}	LC_{50}
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Oral: 2880 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation 3 hrs. 21,000 PPM (rat)
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)_	Oral: 3.98 g/kg (rat), Dermal: 8-10 mg/kg (rabbit)	Inhalation 4 hrs. 4,000 PPM (rat)
Cyclohexanone	Oral: 1900 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 1.0 g/kg (rabbit)	Inhalation LCLO, 4 hrs, 2,000 PPM (rat)

Reproductive Effects	Teratogenicity	Mutagenicity	Embryotyxicity	Sensitization to Product	Synergistic Products
May cause embryofetal toxicity	Not Applicable	Not Available	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Available

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Category IV

Mobility: In normal use, emission of volatile organic compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place. Typically at a rate of ≤ 600 Grams/Liter. Minimal other adverse effects include possible ground water contamination from release to soil, sewers, drains or water course.

Degradability: Biodegradable

BioAccumulation: Minimal to none.

SECTION 13 - WASTE DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow local and national regulations. Consult disposal expert. Can be disposed of by controlled incineration. May be allowed to dry and disposed of as trash. Excessive quantities should not be permitted to enter drains, sewers or water courses. Empty containers should be air dried before disposing.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT, IATA, ADR, IMO/IMDG SHIPPING INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name:	Adhesives	DOT/IMDG	EXCEPTION: Case quantities of cement in containers of less than one liter may be
Hazard Class:	3		shipped as LIMITED QUANTITY when properly labeled and marked.
Secondary Risk	None	ICAO/IATA	May be shipped by air as CONSUMER COMMODITY, ID 8000 when
Identification Number:	UN 1133		properly packaged, labeled and marked.
Packing Group:	II	**TDG INFORMATION**	
Label Required:	Flammable Liquid	TDG CLASS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3
		SHIPPING NAME:	ADHESIVES (TETRAHYDROFURAN)
Marine Pollutant:	NO	UN NUMBER:	1133, PG II

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: Highly Flammable, Irritant

Symbols: F, Xi

Risk Phrases:

R-11 Highly Flammable
R-20 Harmful by inhalation
R-21 Harmful in contact with skin.
R-22 Harmful if swallowed.
R-36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Safety Phrases:

S-2 Keep out of reach of children.
S-7 Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
S-9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S-15/16 Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking.
S-23 Do not breathe vapor.
S-24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
S-29 Do not empty into drains.
S-37 Wear suitable gloves.
S-45 If seeking medical advice show physician label or SDS.
S-46 Use only in well ventilated areas.

Ingredient Listings: USA TSCA, Europe EINECS, Canada DSL, Australia AICS, Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MITI (ENCS)

All ingredients are compliant with the requirements of the European Directive on RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances).

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Specification Information:

Department issuing data sheet: Environmental Health & Safety

e-mail address: <EHSinfo@tchristy.com>

Training necessary: Yes, training in practices and procedures contained in product literature.

Reissue date / reason for reissue: MAY 2016/ Updated Information

Intended Use of Product: Adhesive for bonding/cementing PVC plastic pipe and fittings

This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **NAPA® Non-Chlorinated Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner**

Other means of identification

Product code 091847

Recommended use Brake parts cleaner

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Industries, Inc.

Address 885 Louis Dr.
Warminster, PA 18974 US

Telephone

General Information 215-674-4300

Technical Assistance 800-521-3168

Customer Service 800-272-4620

24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC) 800-424-9300 (US)
703-527-3887 (International)

Website www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidneys, lungs, skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Do not breathe gas. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
3-Methylhexane		589-34-4	20 - 30
n-Heptane		142-82-5	20 - 30
Methylcyclohexane		108-87-2	10 - 20
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	10 - 20
Cyclohexane		110-82-7	5 - 10
Isopropyl alcohol		67-63-0	5 - 10
Carbon dioxide		124-38-9	3 - 5
n-Hexane		110-54-3	< 1
n-Octane		111-65-9	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Provide oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not breathe gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, please see the product label.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3
		300 ppm
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	PEL	2000 mg/m3
		500 ppm
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3
		500 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3
		500 ppm
n-Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	PEL	2350 mg/m3
		500 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm
n-Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	TWA	300 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
		30000 ppm
	TWA	9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	1050 mg/m3
		300 ppm
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	1600 mg/m3
		400 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3 440 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m3 85 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3 50 ppm
n-Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3 385 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m3 75 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol.

Color Clear. Colorless.

Odor Pleasant.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -195.9 °F (-126.6 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range 179.6 °F (82 °C) estimated

Flash point	0 °F (-17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Fast.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12 % estimated
Vapor pressure	2630.9 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.73 estimated
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	539.6 °F (282 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity (kinematic)	Not available.
Percent volatile	95.5 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents. Isocyanates. Chlorine. Alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	May cause slight eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.

Product	Species	Test Results
NAPA® Non-Chlorinated Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	2290.3545 mg/kg estimated
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	59.6922 mg/l, 4 hours estimated
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5202.9453 mg/kg estimated

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	May cause slight eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidneys, lungs, skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product		Species	Test Results
NAPA® Non-Chlorinated Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	29166.4414 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Fish	8.036 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components		**Species**	**Test Results**
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7550 - 13299 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	3200 mg/l, 96 hours
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	5.8 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Cyclohexane	3.44
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05
Methylcyclohexane	3.61
n-Heptane	4.66
n-Hexane	3.9

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

n-Octane	5.18

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of waste from residues / unused products If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, limited quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, limited quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, LIMITED QUANTITY, MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	1000 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 311/312 Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)
3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
n-Octane (CAS 111-65-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s))	95.5 %
Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)	Not regulated

State

Consumer products	This product is regulated as a Brake Cleaner. This product is not compliant to be sold for use in California, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and parts of Utah and Virginia. This product is compliant in all other states.
VOC content (CA)	95.5 %
VOC content (OTC)	95.5 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	12-05-2013
Revision date	08-29-2014
Prepared by	Allison Cho
Version #	02
Further information	CRC # 881A

HMIS® ratings

Health: 2*
Flammability: 4
Physical hazard: 0
Personal protection: B

NFPA ratings

Health: 2
Flammability: 4
Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

CRC cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC Industries' knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industries.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CT2 DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : CT2 DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid

Product code : 2900500000

MSDS # : 1270

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: For professional use only. : Industrial applications: Diesel Exhaust Fluid

Supplier's details : Chemtool Incorporated
801 West Rockton Road
Rockton, IL 61072 U.S.A.
Tel: 815.957.4140
Fax: 815.624.0292

Emergency telephone number : INFOTRAC
U.S. and Canada - 800.535.5053
Outside the U.S. and Canada - +1 352.323.3500

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : Not applicable.

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid [Clear.]

Color : Colorless

Odor : Mild.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 7.99

Melting point : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.07 to 1.09 g/cm³

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause skin irritation.

Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory : Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray or mist may produce respiratory tract irritation.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No specific information is available in our database regarding the skin sensitizing properties of this product. Sensitization not suspected for humans.

Respiratory : Sensitization not suspected for humans.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Mutagenicity not suspected for humans.

Carcinogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Carcinogenicity not suspected for humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Not considered to be dangerous to humans, according to our database.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Teratogenicity not suspected for humans.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Expected to be rapidly degradable. This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
CT2 DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-

Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	No listed substance		
Supplier notification	No listed substance		

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting : None of the components are listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey : None of the components are listed.

Florida substances : None of the components are listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Illinois Chemical Safety Act	:	None of the components are listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act	:	None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Reporting	:	None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Spill	:	None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Spill	:	None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Substances	:	None of the components are listed.
Michigan Critical Material	:	None of the components are listed.
Minnesota Hazardous Substances	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Spill	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Hazardous Substances	:	None of the components are listed.
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances	:	None of the components are listed.
New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting	:	None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances	:	None of the components are listed.
Rhode Island Hazardous Substances	:	None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

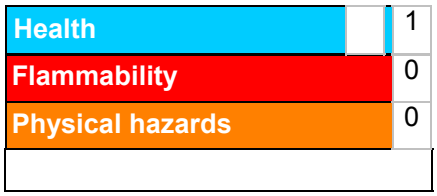
Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI	:	None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	:	None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory; DSL/ NDSL	:	All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/6/2015.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Regulatory Department, Chemtool Inc.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Diesel Fuel

Synonyms: Diesel Fuel, Motor Vehicle Diesel Fuel, Dyed Diesel, * DieselOne®, * DieselOne® w/Platinum Plus DFX, Low Sulfur Diesel (LSD), Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD)

Intended use of the product: Fuel

Contact:
Global Companies LLC
Water Mill Center
800 South St.
Waltham, MA 02454-9161
www.globalp.com

Contact Information: EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER (24 hrs): CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
COMPANY CONTACT (business hours): 800-542-0778

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US):

Flam. Liquid	Category 3	H226
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2	H315
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1	H304
STOT SE	Category 3	H336
Carcinogenicity	Category 2	H350
Aquatic Chronic	Category 2	H411
Serious Eye Damage/ Irritation	Category 2B	H319

Labeling Elements



Signal Word (GHS-US): **Danger**

Hazard Statements (GHS-US):
H226 – Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 – Causes Skin irritation.
H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 – May cause cancer.
H411 – Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H319 – May cause eye damage/irritation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US):
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 – Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 – Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment pursuant to applicable electrical code.
P242 – Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 – Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264 – Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 – Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 – Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303+361+353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse with water/shower.
P308+311 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P301+310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor/…
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378 – In case of fire use firefighting foam or other appropriate media for Class B fires to extinguish.
P403+235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Other information:

NFPA 704
Health: 1
Fire: 2
Reactivity: 0



3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Composition Information
Mixture

Name	Product Identifier (CAS#)	% (w/w)	Classification
Diesel Fuel	68476-34-6	100	Flam Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aspiration 1, H304; STOT SE 3, H336; Carc.2. H350; Aquatic chronic 2, H411
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<0.1	Carc. 2, H351; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Additional Formulation Information:
Diesel Fuel consists of C9+ hydrocarbons resulting from distillation of crude oil.

Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel typically contains less than 500 ppm of sulfur

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel typically contains less than 15 ppm of sulfur

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Route	Measures
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, ensure an open airway and provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Aspiration Hazard: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give liquids. Obtain immediate medical attention. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances including irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, and central nervous system (brain) effects similar to alcohol intoxication. In severe cases, tremors, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.
Eye Contact	In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush with clean, low-pressure water for at least 15 min. Hold eyelids open to ensure adequate flushing. Seek medical attention. In case of contact lenses, remove immediately.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated areas thoroughly with soap and water or waterless hand cleanser. Obtain medical attention if irritation or redness develops. Thermal burns require immediate medical attention depending on the severity and of the area of the body burned.

Most Important Symptoms
Contact with eyes and face may cause irritation. Long-term exposure may cause dermatitis (itching, irritation, pain and swelling).

Inhalation may cause irritation and significant or long term exposure could cause respiratory insufficiency and pulmonary edema.

Ingestion may cause aspiration, gastrointestinal disturbance, and CNS effects.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment
For contact with skin or eyes, immediately wash or flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. If possible, irrigate each eye continuously with 0.9% saline (NS). If ingested, rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting, as this may cause chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs).

If inhaled, administer oxygen or establish a patent airway if breathing is labored. Suction if necessary. Monitor closely, anticipate seizures. Consider orotracheal or nostracheal intubation of airway control if patient is unconscious or is in severe respiratory distress.

Discard any clothing or shoes contaminated as they may be flammable.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media
Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical are most suitable

SMALL FIRES: Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, C02, water spray, firefighting foam, or Halon. Small fires in the incipient (beginning) stage may typically be extinguished using handheld portable fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment.

LARGE FIRES: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical. Water may be ineffective for fighting the fire, but may be used to cool fire-exposed containers.

Specific Hazards / Products of Combustion
Moderate fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame with a very low flash point. Product is flammable and easily ignited when exposed to heat, spark, open flame or other source of ignition. Flowing product may be ignited by self-generated static electricity. When mixed with air and exposed to an ignition source, flammable vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, vapors may travel long distances to an ignition source and flash back. Runoff to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard.

Combustion may produce smoke, carbon monoxide and other products of incomplete combustion.

Special Precautions and Protective Equipment for Firefighters
Isolate area around container involved in fire. Cool tanks, shells, and containers exposed to fire and excessive heat with water.

For massive fires the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to further minimize personnel exposure. Major fires may require withdrawal, allowing the tank to burn. Large storage tank fires typically require specially trained personnel and equipment to extinguish the fire, often including the need for properly applied firefighting foam.

Fighting Equipment/Instructions
Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat, smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH- approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece and protective clothing.

Refer to Section 9 for fire properties of this chemical including flash point, auto ignition temperature, and explosive limits.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACTIVATE FACILITY SPCC, SPILL CONTINGENCY or EMERGENCY PLAN.

Personal Precautions
Due to high vapor density, flammable / toxic vapors may be present in low lying areas, dikes, pits, drains, or trenches. Vapors may accumulate in low lying areas and reach ignitable concentrations. Ventilate the area. Use of non-sparking tools and intrinsically safe equipment is recommended. Potential for flammable atmosphere should be monitored using a combustible gas indicator positioned downwind of the spill area. Refer to Sections 2 and 7 for further hazard warnings and handling instructions.

Use appropriate personal protective equipment to prevent eye/skin contact and absorption. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection, if warranted, to prevent exposures above permissible limits. Refer to Section 8. Contaminated clothing should not be near sources of ignition.

Emergency Measures
As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Consider wind direction. Secure all ignition sources (flame, spark, hot work, hot metal, etc.) from area. Evaluate the direction of product travel, diking sewers, etc. to confirm spill areas. Do not touch or walk-through spilled material. For large spills, isolate initial action distance downwind 1,000 ft. (300 m).

Environmental Precautions
Stop the spill to prevent environmental release if it can be done safely. Product is toxic to aquatic life. Take action to isolate environmental receptors including drains, storm sewers and natural water bodies. Keep on impervious surface if at all possible. Use water sparingly to prevent product from spreading. Foam and absorbents may be used to reduce / prevent airborne release.

Spills may infiltrate subsurface soil and groundwater; professional assistance may be necessary to determine the extent of subsurface impact.

Follow federal, state or local requirements for reporting environmental release where necessary. Refer to Section 15 for further information.

Containment and Clean-Up Methods
Carefully contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so. Protect bodies of water by diking absorbents, or absorbent boom, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material. The use of firefighting foam may be useful in certain situations to reduce vapors. The proper use of water spray may effectively disperse product vapors or the liquid itself, preventing contact with ignition sources or areas/equipment that require protection.

Take up with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible, inert oil absorbing materials. Carefully shovel, scoop or sweep up into a waste container with clean, non-sparking tools for reclamation or disposal. Response and cleanup crews must be properly trained and must utilize proper protective equipment. Refer to Section 8 for appropriate protective equipment.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

USE ONLY AS A FUEL.
DO NOT SIPHON BY MOUTH.

Handling Precautions
Handle as a flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. No smoking. Electrical equipment should be approved for classified area. Bond and ground containers during product transfer pursuant to NFPA 70 and API RP 2003 to

reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion. Follow precautions to prevent static initiated fire.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Use only with protective equipment specified in Section 8. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Use only outdoors or in well ventilated areas. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Do not use as a cleaning solvent on the skin. Do not use solvents or harsh abrasive skin cleaners for washing this product from exposed skin areas. Waterless hand cleaners are effective. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use care when laundering to prevent the formation of flammable vapors which could ignite via washer or dryer. Consider the need to discard contaminated leather shoes and gloves. Emergency eye wash capability should be available in the near proximity to operations presenting a potential splash exposure.

Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as this product) - see API RP 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out Of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents."

Storage
Large quantities of diesel fuel are stored in tanks or portable containers at an ambient storage temperature. Separate from incompatible chemicals (Refer to Section 10) by distance or secondary containment. Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved vented containers that are clearly labeled. Label all secondary containers that this material is transferred into with the chemical name and associated hazard(s). Empty product containers or vessels may contain flammable vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to sources of ignition.

Storage tanks should have a venting system. If stored in small containers, the area should be well ventilated, away from ignition sources and protected from potential damage or vehicular traffic. Post “No Smoking” signs in product storage areas. This storage area should comply with NFPA 30 “Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code” or applicable building code. The cleaning of tanks previously containing this product should follow API Recommended Practice (RP) 2013 “Cleaning Mobile Tanks in Flammable and Combustible Liquid Service” and API RP 2015 “Safe Entry and Cleaning of Petroleum Storage Tanks”.

Incompatibles
Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

Component	CAS #	List	Value
Diesel Fuel	68476-34-6	ACGIH TLV-TWA	100 mg/m3*
Naphthalene	91-20-3	ACGIH TLV-TWA OSHA PEL ACGIH STEL	10 ppm 10 ppm 15 ppm

*Critical effects; Skin; A3; CNS impairment.

Engineering Controls
Use adequate ventilation to keep vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces. Intrinsically safe equipment and non-sparking tools shall be used in circumstances where concentrations may exceed lower flammable limits. Grounding and bonding shall be used to prevent accumulation and discharge of static electricity. Emergency shower and eyewash should be provided in proximity to handling areas in the event of exposure to decontaminate.

Personal Protective Equipment

Exposure	Equipment
Eye / Face	Wear appropriate chemical protective glasses or goggles or face shields to prevent skin and eye contact especially caused from splashing.
Skin	Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Gloves constructed of nitrile, neoprene or PVC are recommended when handling this material. Chemical protective clothing such as of E.I. DuPont TyChem®, Saranex® or equivalent recommended based on degree of exposure. Note: The resistance of specific material may vary from product to product as well as with degree of exposure.

Exposure	Equipment
Respiratory	A NIOSH/MSHA-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are or may be expected to exceed exposure limits or for odor or irritation. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2-1992, NIOSH Respirator Decision Logic, and the manufacturer for additional guidance on respiratory protection selection and limitations. Use a positive pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is a potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, in oxygen-deficient atmospheres, or any other circumstance where an air-purifying respirator may not provide adequate protection.
Thermal	Product is stored at ambient temperature. No thermal protection is required except for emergency operations involving actual or potential for fire. Use adequate ventilation to keep vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Value	
Appearance	Clear or straw-colored liquid. May be dyed red for distribution.	
Odor	Mild characteristic petroleum distillate odor.	
Odor Threshold	<1 ppm	
pH	Not available	
Melting Point	-22 to -0.4 ˚F (-30 to -18 ˚C)	
Boiling Point Range	320 to 690 ˚F (160 to 366 ˚C)	
Flash Point	> 125.6 ˚F (52 ˚C) PMCC	
Evaporation Rate	Slow, varies with conditions	
Flammability	Flammable liquid	
Flammable Limits	0.6 % - 6.5%	
Vapor Pressure	0.009 psia @ 70 ˚F	
Vapor Density	> 1	(air=1)
Specific Gravity	0.83-0.86 @ 60 ˚F (16 ˚C)	(water=1)
Solubility	Insoluble in water; miscible with other petroleum solvents.	
Partition Coefficient (N-octanol/water)	Log Kow range of 3.3 to >.6.0	
Autoignition Temperature	494 ˚F (257 ˚C)	
Decomposition Temperature	When heated it emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors.	
Viscosity	>3 cSt	
Percent Volatiles	100	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability
This is a stable material that is flammable liquid (OSHA/GHS hazard category 3). Stable during transport.

Reactivity
Material is not self-reacting. Flammable concentrations may be present in air. Compound can react with oxidizing materials.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Incompatibility
Keep away from strong oxidizers such as nitric and sulfuric acids.

Conditions to Avoid
Avoid high temperatures, open flames, sparks, static electricity, welding, smoking and other ignition sources.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity:
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation LC50)
Diesel Fuel (68476-34-6)
LC50 Inhalation Rat >6 mg/l/4h

Acute Toxicity (Dermal LD50)
Diesel Fuel (68476-34-6)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity (Oral LD50)
Diesel Fuel (68476-34-6)
LD50 Oral Rabbit >5000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Prolonged and repeated contact may cause skin irritation leading to dermatitis. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are exposed repeatedly.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: OSHA: NO, IARC: Group 3, NTP: NO, ACGIH: NOIC:A3, NIOSH: NO

IARC: Group 3 – Not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans

ACGIH: A3 – Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Studies have shown that similar products produce skin tumors in laboratory animals following repeated applications without washing or removal. The significance of this finding to human exposure has not been determined. Other studies with active skin carcinogens have shown that washing the animal's skin with soap and water between applications reduced tumor formation.

IARC classifies whole diesel fuel exhaust particulates (byproduct of combustion of this material) carcinogenic to humans (Group 1) and NIOSH regards diesel fuel exhaust particulate as a potential occupational carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Inhalation exposure may cause drowsiness or dizziness by inhalation exposure.

Aspiration Hazard: The major health threat of ingestion occurs from the danger of aspiration (breathing) of liquid drops into the lungs, particularly from vomiting. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death.

Potential Health Effects: Vapor irritating to skin, eyes, nose, and throat. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, including irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea, and central nervous system (brain) effects similar to alcohol intoxication. In severe cases, tremors, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest, and death may occur.

WARNING: The burning of any hydrocarbon as a fuel in an area without adequate ventilation may result in hazardous levels of

combustion products, including carbon monoxide, and inadequate oxygen levels, which may cause unconsciousness, suffocation, and death.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:
This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Data for Component: Diesel Fuel (68476-34-6)

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms based on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 >1 but ≤ 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Material is a long-term aquatic hazard based on a chronic basis (LC50/EC50 >1 but ≤ 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Persistence and Degradation: This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Not available

Mobility in Soil: Not available

Other Adverse Effects: None known

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Consult federal, state and local waste regulations to determine appropriate disposal options. May be considered a hazardous waste if disposed. Direct solid waste (landfill) or incineration at a solid waste facility is not permissible. Do not discharge to sanitary or storm sewer. Personnel handling waste containers should follow precautions provided in this document.

Shipping containers must be DOT authorized packages. Follow licensure and regulations for transport of hazardous material and hazardous waste as applicable.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT

UN Identification Number	NA 1993 / UN 1202
Proper Shipping Name	Diesel Fuel
Hazard Class and Packing Group	3, PGIII
Shipping Label	Combustible liquid
Placard / Bulk Package	Combustible liquid, 1993
Emergency Response Guidebook Guide Number	128

IATA Information

UN Identification Number	UN 1202
Proper Shipping Name	Combustible-Liquid, N.O.S. (Fuel, Diesel)
Hazard Class and Packing Group	3, PGIII
ICAO Label	3
Packing Instructions Cargo	310
Max Quantity Per Package Cargo	220L
Packing Instructions Passenger	309Y
Max Quantity per Package	60L

ICAO

UN Identification Number	UN 1202
Shipping Name / Description	Combustible-Liquid, N.O.S. (Fuel, Diesel)
Hazard Class and Packing Group	3, PG III
IMDG Label	3

IMDG

UN Identification Number	UN 1202
Shipping Name / Description	Combustible-Liquid, N.O.S. (Fuel, Diesel)
Hazard Class and Packing Group	3, PGIII
IMDG Label	3
EmS Number	F-E-S-E
Marine Pollutant	Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal, State, and Local Regulatory Information
Any spill or uncontrolled release of this product, including any substantial threat of release, may be subject to federal, state and/or local reporting requirements. This product and/or its constituents may also be subject to other federal, state, or local regulations; consult those regulations applicable to your facility/operation.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning And Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard	Yes
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No

Clean Water Act (Oil Spills)
Any spill or release of this product to “navigable waters” (Essentially any surface water, including certain wetlands) or adjoining shorelines sufficient to cause a visible sheen or deposit of a sludge or emulsion must be reported immediately to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802) or, if not practical, the U.S. Coast Guard with follow up to the National Response Center, as required by U.S. Federal Law. Also contact appropriate state and local regulatory agencies as required.

CERCLA Section 103 and SARA Section 304 (Release to the Environment)
The CERCLA definition of hazardous substances contains a “petroleum exclusion” clause which exempts this material. This product does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of CERCLA Section 103 or SARA 304.

SARA Section 313- Supplier Notification
This product does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

EPA Notification (Oil Spills)
If the there is a discharge of more than 1,000-gallons of oil into or upon navigable waters of the United States, or if it is the second spill event of 42 gallons or more of oil into water within a twelve (12) month period, a written report must be submitted to the Regional Administrator of the EPA within sixty days of the event.

Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance list:
The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Component	CAS	Amount
Diesel Fuel	68476-34-6	100%

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance list:
The following product components are cited in the New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Component	CAS	Amount
Diesel Fuel	68476-34-6	100%

California Proposition 65 WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause Cancer or Reproductive Toxicity.

Component	CAS	Amount
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<0.1%

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act
All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30.

CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)
All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

Canadian Regulatory Information (WHMIS)
Class B3 – Combustible Liquid
Class D2A – Materials causing other toxic effects. (Very Toxic)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Version	4
Issue Date	May 20, 2016
Prior Issue Date	May 3, 2015

Description of Revisions
Revised to meet Globally Harmonized System for chemical hazard communication requirements pursuant to OSHA regulatory revisions 77 FR 17884, March 26, 2012.

Abbreviations

˚F	Degrees Fahrenheit (temperature)
<	Less than
=	Equal to
>	Greater than
AP	Approximately
C	Centigrade (temperature)
kg	Kilogram
L	Liter
mg	Milligrams
mL	Milliliter
mm^2	Square millimeters
mmHg	Millimeters of mercury (pressure)
N/A	Not applicable
N/D	Not determined
ppm	Parts per million
sec	Second
ug	Micrograms

Acronyms

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA	American Industrial Hygiene Association
AL	Action Level
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
API	American Petroleum Institute
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation
EC50	Ecological concentration 50%
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
ERPG	Emergency Response Planning Guideline
GHS	Global Harmonized System
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Information System
IARC	International Agency for Research On Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
Koc	Soil Organic Carbon
LC50	Lethal concentration 50%
LD50	Lethal dose 50%
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
NOIC	Notice of Intended Change

NTP	National Toxicology Program
OPA	Oil Pollution Act of 1990
OSHA	U.S. Occupational Safety & Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA)
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III
REL	Recommended Exposure Limit (NIOSH)
RVP	Reid Vapor Pressure
SARA	Superfund Amendments and
SCBA	Self Contained Breathing Apparatus
SPCC	Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit (generally 15 minutes)
TLV	Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH)
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA	Time Weighted Average (8 hr.)
UN	United Nations
UNECE	United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA)
WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer of Expressed and Implied Warranties

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable, and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but is not guaranteed to be so. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, we make no warranties, expressed or implied, except those that may be contained in our written contract of sale or acknowledgment.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material, even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.

** End of Safety Data Sheet **

Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: Gasoline All Grades

SDS No. 9950
US GHS

Synonyms: Hess Conventional (Oxygenated and Non-oxygenated) Gasoline; Reformulated Gasoline (RFG); Reformulated Gasoline Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending (RBOB); Unleaded Motor or Automotive Gasoline

* * * Section 1 - Product and Company Identification * * *

Manufacturer Information

Hess Corporation
1 Hess Plaza
Woodbridge, NJ 07095-0961

Phone: 732-750-6000 Corporate EHS
Emergency # 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC
www.hess.com (Environment, Health, Safety Internet Website)

* * * Section 2 - Hazards Identification * * *

GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquid - Category 2
Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B
Carcinogenicity - Category 1B
Toxic to Reproduction - Category 1A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3 (respiratory irritation, narcosis)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure) - Category 1 (liver, kidneys, bladder, blood, bone marrow, nervous system)
Aspiration Hazard - Category 1
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment – Acute Hazard - Category 3

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Causes damage to organs (liver, kidneys, bladder, blood, bone marrow, nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Avoid release to the environment.

Response

In case of fire: Use water spray, fog, dry chemical fire extinguishers or hand held fire extinguisher.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place.
Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients * * *

CAS #	Component	Percent
86290-81-5	Gasoline, motor fuel	100
108-88-3	Toluene	1-25
106-97-8	Butane	<10
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1-15
95-63-6	Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	<6
64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	0-10
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	<3
71-43-2	Benzene	0.1-4.9

110-54-3	Hexane	0.5-4

A complex blend of petroleum-derived normal and branched-chain alkane, cycloalkane, alkene, and aromatic hydrocarbons. May contain antioxidant and multifunctional additives. Non-oxygenated Conventional Gasoline and RBOB do not have oxygenates (Ethanol). Oxygenated Conventional and Reformulated Gasoline will have oxygenates for octane enhancement or as legally required.

* * * Section 4 - First Aid Measures * * *

First Aid: Eyes

In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush with clean, low-pressure water for at least 15 min. Hold eyelids open to ensure adequate flushing. Seek medical attention.

First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated areas thoroughly with soap and water or with waterless hand cleanser. Obtain medical attention if irritation or redness develops.

First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give liquids. Obtain immediate medical attention. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Monitor for breathing difficulties. Small amounts of material which enter the mouth should be rinsed out until the taste is dissipated.

First Aid: Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.

* * * Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures * * *

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Vapors may be ignited rapidly when exposed to heat, spark, open flame or other source of ignition. Flowing product may be ignited by self-generated static electricity. When mixed with air and exposed to an ignition source, flammable vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, vapors may travel long distances to an ignition source and flash back. Runoff to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke). Contact with nitric and sulfuric acids will form nitrocresols that can decompose violently.

Extinguishing Media

SMALL FIRES: Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fire fighting foam, or gaseous extinguishing agent.

LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or fire fighting foam. Water may be ineffective for fighting the fire, but may be used to cool fire-exposed containers.

Firefighting foam suitable for polar solvents is recommended for fuel with greater than 10% oxygenate concentration.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Small fires in the incipient (beginning) stage may typically be extinguished using handheld portable fire extinguishers and other fire fighting equipment. Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat, smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH/MSHA- approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing. Isolate area around container involved in fire. Cool tanks, shells, and containers exposed to fire and excessive heat with water. For massive fires the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to further minimize personnel exposure. Major fires may require withdrawal, allowing the tank to burn. Large storage tank fires typically require specially trained personnel and equipment to extinguish the fire, often including the need for properly applied fire fighting foam.

* * * Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures * * *

Recovery and Neutralization

Carefully contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Take up with sand or other oil absorbing materials. Carefully shovel, scoop or sweep up into a waste container for reclamation or disposal. Caution, flammable vapors may accumulate in closed containers.

Emergency Measures

Evacuate nonessential personnel and remove or secure all ignition sources. Consider wind direction; stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Evaluate the direction of product travel, diking, sewers, etc. to confirm spill areas. Spills may infiltrate subsurface soil and groundwater; professional assistance may be necessary to determine the extent of subsurface impact.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Response and clean-up crews must be properly trained and must utilize proper protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental Precautions

Protect bodies of water by diking, absorbents, or absorbent boom, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material. The use of fire fighting foam may be useful in certain situations to reduce vapors. The proper use of water spray may effectively disperse product vapors or the liquid itself, preventing contact with ignition sources or areas/equipment that require protection.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

* * * Section 7 - Handling and Storage * * *

Handling Procedures

USE ONLY AS A MOTOR FUEL.
DO NOT SIPHON BY MOUTH

Handle as a flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame! Electrical equipment should be approved for classified area. Bond and ground containers during product transfer to reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion.

Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as this product) - see API Publication 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out Of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents."

Storage Procedures

Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved vented containers. Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to sources of ignition.

Store in a well-ventilated area. This storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". Avoid storage near incompatible materials. The cleaning of tanks previously containing this product should follow API Recommended Practice (RP) 2013 "Cleaning Mobile Tanks In Flammable and Combustible Liquid Service" and API RP 2015 "Cleaning Petroleum Storage Tanks".

Incompatibilities

Keep away from strong oxidizers.

* * * Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection * * *

Component Exposure Limits

Gasoline, motor fuel (86290-81-5)

ACGIH: 300 ppm TWA
500 ppm STEL

Toluene (108-88-3)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA
OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA
150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA
150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL

Butane (106-97-8)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)
OSHA: 800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH: 800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

ACGIH: 100 ppm TWA
150 ppm STEL
OSHA: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
150 ppm STEL; 655 mg/m3 STEL

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)

NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

ACGIH: 1000 ppm STEL
OSHA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA
OSHA: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL
NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL

Benzene (71-43-2)

ACGIH: 0.5 ppm TWA
2.5 ppm STEL
Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA: 5 ppm STEL (Cancer hazard, Flammable, See 29 CFR 1910.1028, 15 min); 0.5 ppm Action Level; 1 ppm TWA
NIOSH: 0.1 ppm TWA
1 ppm STEL

Hexane (110-54-3)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA
Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA: 500 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH: 50 ppm TWA; 180 mg/m3 TWA

Engineering Measures

Use adequate ventilation to keep vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

A NIOSH/MSHA-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are or may be expected to exceed exposure limits or for odor or irritation. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.

Use a positive pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is a potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, in oxygen-deficient atmospheres, or any other circumstance where an air-purifying respirator may not provide adequate protection.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Gloves constructed of nitrile, neoprene, or PVC are recommended.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended where there is a possibility of splashing or spraying.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Chemical protective clothing such as of E.I. DuPont TyChem®, Saranex® or equivalent recommended based on degree of exposure. Note: The resistance of specific material may vary from product to product as well as with degree of exposure. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

* * * Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties * * *

Appearance:	Translucent, straw-colored or light yellow	**Odor:**	Strong, characteristic aromatic hydrocarbon odor. Sweet-ether like
Physical State:	Liquid	**pH:**	ND
Vapor Pressure:	6.4 - 15 RVP @ 100 °F (38 °C) (275-475 mm Hg @ 68 °F (20 °C)	**Vapor Density:**	AP 3-4
Boiling Point:	85-437 °F (39-200 °C)	**Melting Point:**	ND
Solubility (H2O):	Negligible to Slight	**Specific Gravity:**	0.70-0.78
Evaporation Rate:	10-11	**VOC:**	ND
Percent Volatile:	100%	**Octanol/H2O Coeff.:**	ND
Flash Point:	-45 °F (-43 °C)	**Flash Point Method:**	PMCC
Upper Flammability Limit (UFL):	7.6%	**Lower Flammability Limit (LFL):**	1.4%
Burning Rate:	ND	**Auto Ignition:**	>530°F (>280°C)

* * * Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information * * *

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid high temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding, smoking and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Products

Keep away from strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke). Contact with nitric and sulfuric acids will form nitrocresols that can decompose violently.

* * * Section 11 - Toxicological Information * * *

Acute Toxicity

A: General Product Information

Harmful if swallowed.

B: Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Gasoline, motor fuel (86290-81-5)

Inhalation LC50 Rat >5.2 mg/L 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

Toluene (108-88-3)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 12.5 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat >26700 ppm 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 636 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 8390 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rat 12124 mg/kg

Butane (106-97-8)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/L 4 h

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)
Inhalation LC50 Rat 5000 ppm 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 47635 mg/L 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit >1700 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)
Inhalation LC50 Rat 18 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 3400 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit >3160 mg/kg

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)
Oral LD50 Rat 7060 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 Rat 124.7 mg/L 4 h

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Inhalation LC50 Rat 17.2 mg/L 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 15354 mg/kg

Benzene (71-43-2)
Inhalation LC50 Rat 13050-14380 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1800 mg/kg

Hexane (110-54-3)
Inhalation LC50 Rat 48000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 25 g/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 3000 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

Practically non-toxic if absorbed following acute (single) exposure. May cause skin irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are repeatedly exposed.

Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Moderate irritant. Contact with liquid or vapor may cause irritation.

Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, including irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea, and central nervous system (brain) effects similar to alcohol intoxication. In severe cases, tremors, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest, and death may occur.

Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Excessive exposure may cause irritations to the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Central nervous system (brain) effects may include headache, dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.

WARNING: the burning of any hydrocarbon as a fuel in an area without adequate ventilation may result in hazardous levels of combustion products, including carbon monoxide, and inadequate oxygen levels, which may cause unconsciousness, suffocation, and death.

Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

This product may cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

May cause cancer.

IARC has determined that gasoline and gasoline exhaust are possibly carcinogenic in humans. Inhalation exposure to completely vaporized unleaded gasoline caused kidney cancers in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The U.S. EPA has determined that the male kidney tumors are species-specific and are irrelevant for human health risk assessment. The significance of the tumors seen in female mice is not known. Exposure to light hydrocarbons in the same boiling range as this product has been associated in animal studies with effects to the central and peripheral nervous systems, liver, and kidneys. The significance of these animal models to predict similar human response to gasoline is uncertain.

This product contains benzene. Human health studies indicate that prolonged and/or repeated overexposure to benzene may cause damage to the blood-forming system (particularly bone marrow), and serious blood disorders such as aplastic anemia and leukemia. Benzene is listed as a human carcinogen by the NTP, IARC, OSHA and ACGIH.

B: Component Carcinogenicity

Gasoline, motor fuel (86290-81-5)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

Toluene (108-88-3)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
IARC: Monograph 100E [in preparation] (in alcoholic beverages); Monograph 96 [2010] (in alcoholic beverages) (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans))

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
IARC: Monograph 77 [2000] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans))

Benzene (71-43-2)

ACGIH: A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen
OSHA: 5 ppm STEL (Cancer hazard, Flammable, See 29 CFR 1910.1028, 15 min); 0.5 ppm Action Level; 1 ppm TWA
NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen
NTP: Known Human Carcinogen (Select Carcinogen)
IARC: Monograph 100F [in preparation]; Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 29 [1982] (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans))

Reproductive Toxicity

This product is suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

This product may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

The major health threat of ingestion occurs from the danger of aspiration (breathing) of liquid drops into the lungs, particularly from vomiting. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death.

* * * Section 12 - Ecological Information * * *

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of sewers, drainage areas and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable, under Federal and State regulations.

B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

Gasoline, motor fuel (86290-81-5)

Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Alburnus alburnus	119 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinodon variegatus	82 mg/L [static]	
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	56 mg/L	
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	170 mg/L	

Toluene (108-88-3)

Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	15.22-19.05 mg/L [flow-through]	1 day old
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	12.6 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	5.89-7.81 mg/L [flow-through]	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	14.1-17.16 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	5.8 mg/L [semi-static]	
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	11.0-15.0 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes	54 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	28.2 mg/L [semi-static]	
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	50.87-70.34 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	>433 mg/L	
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	12.5 mg/L [static]	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static]	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	11.5 mg/L	

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	13.4 mg/L [flow-through]	

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	2.661-4.093 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	13.5-17.3 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	13.1-16.5 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	19 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	7.711-9.591 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	23.53-29.97 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	780 mg/L [semi-static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	>780 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	30.26-40.75 mg/L [static]
48 Hr EC50 water flea	3.82 mg/L
48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris	0.6 mg/L

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	7.19-8.28 mg/L [flow-through]
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	6.14 mg/L

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	12.0 - 16.0 mL/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	>100 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	13400 - 15100 mg/L [flow-through]
48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna	9268 - 14221 mg/L
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10800 mg/L
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	2 mg/L [Static]

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	11.0-18.0 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	4.2 mg/L [semi-static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	7.55-11 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	32 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	9.1-15.6 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	9.6 mg/L [static]
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	4.6 mg/L
96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	>438 mg/L
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	2.6 - 11.3 mg/L [static]

96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	1.7 - 7.6 mg/L [static]
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	1.8 - 2.4 mg/L

Benzene (71-43-2)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	10.7-14.7 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	5.3 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	22.49 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	28.6 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	22330-41160 µg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	70000-142000 µg/L [static]
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	29 mg/L
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	8.76 - 15.6 mg/L [Static]
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10 mg/L

Hexane (110-54-3)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	2.1-2.98 mg/L [flow-through]
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	>1000 mg/L

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in Soil

No information available.

* * * Section 13 - Disposal Considerations * * *

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 14 - Transportation Information * * *

Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

Component	CAS #	
Gasoline, motor fuel	86290-81-5	DOT regulated marine pollutant

DOT Information

Shipping Name: Gasoline
UN #: 1203 **Hazard Class:** 3 **Packing Group:** II
Placard:



* * * Section 15 - Regulatory Information * * *

Regulatory Information

A: Component Analysis

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

Toluene (108-88-3)
SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)
SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 100 lb final RQ; 45.4 kg final RQ

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)
SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
SARA 313: 0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

Benzene (71-43-2)
SARA 313: 0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 10 lb final RQ (received an adjusted RQ of 10 lbs based on potential carcinogenicity in an August 14, 1989 final rule); 4.54 kg final RQ (received an adjusted RQ of 10 lbs based on potential carcinogenicity in an August 14, 1989 final rule)

Hexane (110-54-3)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

SARA Section 311/312 – Hazard Classes

Acute Health	Chronic Health	Fire	Sudden Release of Pressure	Reactive
X	X	X	--	--

Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

Component	CAS #	
Gasoline, motor fuel	86290-81-5	DOT regulated marine pollutant

State Regulations

Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	**CAS**	**CA**	**MA**	**MN**	**NJ**	**PA**	**RI**
Gasoline, motor fuel	86290-81-5	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
Toluene	108-88-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Butane	106-97-8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	95-63-6	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Benzene	71-43-2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Hexane	110-54-3	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause reproductive/developmental effects.

Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Toluene	108-88-3	1 %
Butane	106-97-8	1 %
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	95-63-6	0.1 %
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	0.1 %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 %
Benzene	71-43-2	0.1 %
Hexane	110-54-3	1 %

Additional Regulatory Information

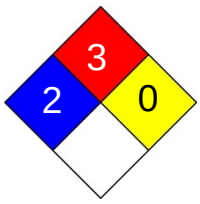
Component Analysis - Inventory

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Gasoline, motor fuel	86290-81-5	No	DSL	EINECS
Toluene	108-88-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Butane	106-97-8	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	95-63-6	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Benzene	71-43-2	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Hexane	110-54-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS

* * * Section 16 - Other Information * * *

NFPA® Hazard Rating

Health	2
Fire	3
Reactivity	0



HMIS® Hazard Rating

Health	2	Moderate
Fire	3	Serious
Physical	0	Minimal
		*Chronic

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable, and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but is not guaranteed to be so. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, we make no warranties, expressed or implied, except those that may be contained in our written contract of sale or acknowledgment.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material, even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.

End of Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Gunk Belt Conditioner**

Other means of identification

SDS number M206

Part No. M206

Tariff code 2901.23.0000

Recommended use Belt Dressing

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name RSC Chemical Solutions

Address 600 Radiator Road
Indian Trail, NC 28079
United States

Telephone Customer Service: (704) 821-7643
Technical: (704) 684-1811

Website www.rscbrands.com

E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number Emergency Telephone: (303) 623-5716
Emergency Contact: RMPDC (877-740-5015)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	89.85% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 85.4% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Stoddard Solvent		8052-41-3	80 - < 90
Carbon Dioxide		124-38-9	3 - < 5
Trimethylbenzene		25551-13-7	3 - < 5
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	1 - < 3
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-		98-82-8	< 1
Other components below reportable levels			5 - < 10

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3 50 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3 500 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)	TWA	25 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
		30000 ppm
	TWA	9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3
		125 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3
	TWA	350 mg/m3

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Hazy
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-94 °F (-70 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	302 °F (150 °C) estimated
Flash point	104.0 °F (40.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.9 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	6 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	2 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	450 °F (232.22 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	6.84 lbs/gal estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Combustible II estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	34.27 kJ/g estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	2.57 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.82 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	89.02 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
		24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	8970 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-	3.66
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
Stoddard Solvent	3.16 - 7.15

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	Not available.
UN proper shipping name	Comsumer Commodity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	ORM-D
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosol, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Forbidden.
Cargo aircraft only	Forbidden.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1 - < 3
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-	98-82-8	< 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed: April 6, 2010
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-20-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Telephone (704) 987-4555
8935 NorthPointe Executive Park Dr.
Huntersville, NC 28078
www.irwin.com

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IRWIN Chalk – Red, Permanent	December 23, 2016
	Revision 2

1. PRODUCT and COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Commercial Product Name: IRWIN Chalk – Red, Permanent

Company: IRWIN Tools

Use of product: Snap line mark

Emergency contact: 1-800-464-7946 8:00am-5:00pm Monday-Friday

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazards Identification: GHS Classification and Hazard Statement

Carcinogenicity – May cause cancer (lung) Category 1A, H350

Signal Word: DANGER

Precautionary Statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P308 and P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified or Not Covered by GHS:

Eye: May cause irritation. Chalk dust is discomforting and abrasive to the eyes.

Skin: Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation. When the product is used as intended, it is unlikely to cause discomfort.

Ingestion: Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation. Ingestion is considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial or industrial environments.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. When the product is used as intended, it is unlikely to cause discomfort.

Chronic: Repeated and prolonged inhalation exposure to crystalline silica dust above exposure limits may cause delayed, chronic lung injury (silicosis). Prolonged inhalation of iron oxide dust is known to produce a benign lung condition known as siderosis. When the project is used as intended, dust levels should not exceed exposure limits. See Sections 8 and 11.



DANGER

Hazard Ratings:

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS):

Health 2*, Flammability 0, Reactivity 0 *chronic effects

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

Health 2, Flammability 0, Reactivity 0

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	Value (%)	CAS No.	EC No.
Calcium carbonate	75 - 80	471-34-1	207-439-9
Red Iron Oxide	20 - 25	1309-37-1	215-168-2
Silica (crystalline quartz)[1]	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7	238-878-4

[1] Calcium carbonate may contain crystalline silica at levels between 0.1 and 1.0 % and varies naturally.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately.
Encourage the patient to blow nose to ensure clear breathing passages.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Skin contact: Wet clothing first to minimize dust generation, then; remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Launder contaminated clothing before wearing again.
Wash affected area with water (and soap if available)
Get medical aid in the event of irritation.

Eye contact: Do not rub eyes, rubbing may cause abrasions. Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Ingestion: If the victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Get medical aid immediately.

Additional advice: Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Substance is noncombustible, however; the containers may burn, releasing carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide. Use appropriate extinguishing media for the combustible material involved in a fire.

Explosion: No information found.

Specific hazards: If oxidation of this product should occur, heat will be liberated which could cause surrounding combustibles to burn.

Special protective equipment for Firefighters: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8.

Environmental precautions: Do not allow this material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits.

Methods for cleaning up: Recover the product whenever possible. Avoid generating dust when sweeping/shoveling up. If required, wet the material with water to prevent creating dust. Pick up and place in a suitable container for reclamation or disposal. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120)

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage: Store this product in a tightly-closed container in a dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Handling: Avoid creating, or breathing dust. Practice good personal hygiene, (hand washing, etc.) after using this product. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Packaging material: No information found.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Component	CAS No.	% by weight	Exposure Limit 8-Hour TWA[1] (mg/m^3) OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	471-34-1; (1317-65-3)	70-75	15[2] 5[3]	10[2]	10[2] 5[3]
Red Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	25-30	10	5[3]	5
Silica-Crystalline Quartz[4]	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	0.05[3]	0.025[3]	0.05[3]

[1] TWA = Time-weighted average
[2] Total dust.
[3] Respirable dust.
[4] Calcium carbonate may contain crystalline silica at levels between 0.1 and 1.0 % and varies naturally.

Exposure and Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should have potable water available for washing eyes and skin. Use sufficient general area (or outdoor) ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation should be used if airborne concentrations of dust exceed limits cited in Section 8.

Personal protective equipment:

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves
Eye protection: Wear safety glasses, or chemical goggles in windy conditions or where eye contact is possible.
Respiratory protection: When engineering controls are not sufficient to reduce exposure, seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Always use a NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator when necessary.

Hygiene measures: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Environmental exposure controls: No information found.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Powder
Color:	Black
Odor:	Odorless.
pH (at 10% solids):	8.5-9.5
Boiling point/range:	No data available.
Melting point/range:	Decomposes at 1,517 °F (825°C).
Flash point:	No data available.
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Vapor density:	No data available.
Solubility in water:	<0.0002 (Trace)
Explosive properties:	No data available.
Oxidizing properties:	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Relative density (H_2O=1):	3.40-3.45
Viscosity:	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, calcium oxide.

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, aluminum, fluorine, magnesium, peroxides hydrazine, calcium hypochlorite, performic acid, and bromine pentafluoride.

Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials.

Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Note: Toxicological effects described in this section are those that would be expected based on data from the components of this product.

Acute toxicity: Calcium carbonate (CAS# 471-34-1): Draize test, rabbit, eye: 750 ug/24H Severe; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H Moderate; Oral, rat: LD50 = 6,450mg/kg.

Inhalation: (Silica, crystalline quartz) Human: LC_{Lo}: 300 µg/m^3/ intermittent exposure over a 10-year period produced pulmonary system effects.

Skin contact: (Calcium carbonate) Rabbit: 500mg administered for 24 hours produces moderate skin irritation.

Eye contact: (Calcium carbonate) Rabbit: 0.750 mg administered for 24 hours produced severe irritation.

Ingestion: (Calcium carbonate) Rat: LD_{50}: 6,450 mg/kg.
(Iron Oxide) Rat: LD_{50}: >5,000 mg/kg.

Chronic toxicity/Carcinogenicity: Repeated and prolonged inhalation exposure to crystalline silica dust above exposure limits may cause delayed, chronic lung injury (silicosis). When the product is used as intended, dust levels should not exceed exposure limits.

Quartz – crystalline silica:
The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated this substance Group 1, “carcinogenic to humans”.
The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has designated this substance: Group K “known to be a human carcinogen”
American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has designated this substance A2; suspected human carcinogen. The agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose levels, by route of administration, at sites of histologic type(s) or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemiologic studies are conflicting or insufficient to confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bioaccumulation: No information found.
Ecotoxicity effects: No information found.
Fish Toxicity: Golden Orfe (Leucisus idus) LC_{Lo}: greater than 1,000 mg/l. Limestone (which is primarily composed of calcium carbonate) is not classified as a “Toxic pollutant” or a “hazardous substance under Section 307 and 311 of the United States Clean Water Act.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues of this product is not a hazardous waste according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations. Disposal by landfill may be acceptable.
Consult an expert on the disposal of recovered material for compliance with state, provincial, and/or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT: Not regulated

ADR/RID: Not regulated

IMDG: Not regulated

ICAO/IATA: Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations
OSHA: Ingredients are listed as air contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000).
Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

CERCLA: Hazardous Substance, (40 CFR 302.4): Not Listed.
Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355): Not Listed.

SARA Hazard Category: This product has been reviewed according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following category:
"An immediate (acute) and chronic health hazard."

Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of SARA and 40 CFR Part 372: None.

STATE REGULATIONS:
California's "Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986" (Proposition 65)

This product contains the following Proposition 65 regulated materials known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. The listed typical amounts are a result of their natural presence in the raw materials from which this product is produced.

Silica-crystalline quartz	equal to, or less than 1.0 percent

CANADA WHIMS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR), and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The contents and format of this SDS are in accordance with the U.S. Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200; the Canadian CPR, and Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS); and EEC Commission Directive 1999/45/EC, and EEC Commission Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH) Annex II.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product.
If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

End of document

Masterchem Industries LLC

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:	**KILZ® Original**
Product Code:	1000
SDS Manufacturer Number:	1000
Manufacturer Name:	Masterchem Industries LLC
Address:	3135 Old Highway M Imperial, MO 63052-2834
General Phone Number:	(636) 942-2510
General Fax Number:	(636) 942-3663
Customer Service Phone Number:	(800) 325-3552
CHEMTREC:	For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300
Canutec:	In Canada, call CANUTEC: (613) 996-6666 (call collect)
SDS Creation Date:	February 05, 2014
SDS Revision Date:	April 30, 2015
(M)SDS Format:	

SECTION 2 : HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

GHS Pictograms:



Signal Word: Warning.

GHS Class:
Flammable Liquid, Category 3.
Aspiration Hazard, Category 1.
Eye Irritant, Category 2.
Skin Irritant, Category 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure, Category 3.
Acute Inhalation Toxicity, Category 4

Hazard Statements:
Flammable liquid and vapor
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements:
DO NOT use this product unless you can achieve cross-ventilation by opening windows and doors during application and drying or use the product outdoors.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Extinguish all flames and pilot lights and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors, high intensity lights and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone.
In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for large fires.
Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye, and face protection.
Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Dispose of unused contents, container, and other contaminated wastes in accordance with local, state, federal, and provincial regulations.
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes and remove contacts if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing and get medical attention if eye irritation persists.
If on skin or hair: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical attention.
If inhaled: Leave the area if you experience headaches, drowsiness or dizziness to obtain fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If difficulty continues, get medical attention immediately.
If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting and get medical attention immediately.

Emergency Overview:
DANGER! Flammable. Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage. Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Irritant.

Route of Exposure: Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential Health Effects:

- Eye: Causes severe eye irritation and possible injury.
- Skin: Causes skin irritation.
- Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.
- Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion can cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and gastrointestinal irritation. Aspiration of petroleum distillates into the lungs can cause severe chemical pneumonitis that can be fatal.

Chronic Health Effects:
Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin, which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).
Repeated or prolonged inhalation may cause toxic effects.

Signs/Symptoms:	Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.
Target Organs:	Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system. Central nervous system. Kidney.
Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:	May aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders, allergy, eczema, or skin conditions.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS#	Ingredient Percent	EC Num.
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-49-0	10 - 30 by weight	
Rutile	1317-80-2	5 - 10 by weight	
Calcium carbonate (limestone)	1317-65-3	5 - 10 by weight	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Kerosine - unspecified	64742-47-8	10 - 30 by weight	
Silicate, mica	12001-26-2	10 - 30 by weight	
Nepheline Syenite	37244-96-5	1 - 5 by weight	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10 by weight	
Amorphous Silica	112926-00-8	1 - 5 by weight	

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Remove contacts if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention, if irritation or symptoms of overexposure persists.
Skin Contact:	Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Other First Aid:	Due to possible aspiration into the lungs, DO NOT induce vomiting if ingested. Provide a glass of water to dilute the material in the stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have the person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration.

SECTION 5 : FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties:	Flammable liquid.
Flash Point:	75°F (24°C)
Flash Point Method:	None.
Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not applicable.
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:	0.8% by volume
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:	8.9% by volume
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Flammable. Cool fire-exposed containers using water spray.
Extinguishing Media:	Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for large fires.
Protective Equipment:	As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Unusual Fire Hazards:	Flammable liquid. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to a distant ignition source and flash back.

NFPA Ratings:

NFPA Health:	1
NFPA Flammability:	3
NFPA Reactivity:	1

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:	Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.
Environmental Precautions:	Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.
Methods for containment:	Contain spills with an inert absorbent material such as soil or sand. Prevent from spreading by covering, diking or other means. Provide ventilation. Eliminate all ignition sources including those beyond the immediate spill area if safe to do so.
Methods for cleanup:	Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. Collect spill with a non-sparking tool. Place into a suitable container for disposal. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING and STORAGE

Handling:	**DO NOT** use this product unless you can achieve cross-ventilation by opening windows and doors during application and drying or use the product outdoors. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures.
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
Work Practices:	To reduce potential for static discharge, bond and ground containers when transferring material.
Special Handling Procedures:	Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.
Hygiene Practices:	Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid inhaling vapor or mist.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:	Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.
Eye/Face Protection:	Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.
Skin Protection Description:	Chemical-resistant gloves and chemical goggles, face-shield and synthetic apron or coveralls should be used to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.
Respiratory Protection:	A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Other Protective:	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.
PPE Pictograms:	

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Kerosine - unspecified :

Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 200 mg/m3 (Negligible aerosol exposures)

Silicate, mica :

Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 3 mg/m3 (Respirable)
Guideline OSHA:	OSHA-TWA: 20 mg/m3

Titanium dioxide :

Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 10 mg/m3
Guideline OSHA:	OSHA-TWA: 15 mg/m3

Amorphous Silica :

Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 10 mg/m3
Guideline OSHA:	OSHA-TWA: 20 mg/m3

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Liquid.
Color:	White
Odor:	Solvent.
Odor Threshold:	Not applicable.
Boiling Point:	>99°F (>37°C)
Melting Point:	Not applicable.
Density:	10.25
Solubility:	Not applicable.
Vapor Density:	Not applicable.
Vapor Pressure:	Not applicable.
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable.
pH:	Not applicable.
Viscosity:	50-140
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:	Not applicable.
Flammability:	Liquid.
Flash Point:	75°F (24°C)
Flash Point Method:	None.

Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not applicable.
VOC Content:	443 g/L

SECTION 10 : STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Not reported.
Conditions to Avoid:	Heat, flames, ignition sources, and sparks. Incompatible materials. Freezing or temperatures below 0°C (32°F).
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing agents. Strong acids and alkalis.

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Titanium dioxide :

Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Human Standard Draize test.: 300 ug/3D (Intermittent) (RTECS)
Chronic Effects:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure to particulates or powder.. Normal application procedures for this product pose no hazard as to the release of respirable titanium dioxide dust, but grinding or sanding dried films of this product may yield some respirable titanium dioxide.
Carcinogenicity:	IARC: Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.
Environmental Fate:	No environmental information found for this product.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:	Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name:	Paint.
DOT UN Number:	UN1263
DOT Hazard Class:	3
DOT Packing Group:	III
DOT Exemption:	Not applicable.
IATA Shipping Name:	Paint.
IATA UN Number:	1263
IATA Hazard Class:	3
IATA Packing Group:	III
Canadian Shipping Name:	Paint.
Canadian UN Number:	1263
Canadian Hazard Class:	3
Canadian Packing Group:	III
IMDG UN NUmber :	1263
IMDG Shipping Name :	Paint.
IMDG Hazard Class :	3
IMDG Packing Group :	III
Marine Pollutant:	Not applicable.
ADR UN Number:	1263
ADR Shipping Name :	Paint.
ADR Hazard Class:	3
ADR Packing Group :	III

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

Aliphatic Hydrocarbon :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed

Rutile :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
State Regulations:	Listed in the Pennsylvania State Hazardous Substances List.
Canada DSL:	Listed

Calcium carbonate (limestone) :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
State Regulations:	Listed in the Pennsylvania State Hazardous Substances List.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Kerosine - unspecified :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed

Silicate, mica :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Not listed
State Regulations:	Listed in the New Jersey State Right to Know List. Listed in the Pennsylvania State Hazardous Substances List.
Canada DSL:	Listed

Nepheline Syenite :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Not listed
Canada DSL:	Listed

Titanium dioxide :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
State Regulations:	Listed in the New Jersey State Right to Know List. Listed in the Pennsylvania State Hazardous Substances List.
Canada DSL:	Listed

Amorphous Silica :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Not listed
Canada DSL:	Listed

SECTION 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings:

HMIS Health Hazard:	1
HMIS Fire Hazard:	3
HMIS Reactivity:	1

SDS Creation Date:	February 05, 2014
SDS Revision Date:	April 30, 2015
MSDS Revision Notes:	"Quarterly formula update"
SDS Format:	
MSDS Author:	Actio Corporation

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Revision Number: 003.0

Issue date: 08/07/2014

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: **LOCTITE LB 8070 known as LOCTITE HD AntiSeize 20g stk E**

IDH number: 864067

Product type: Lubricant

Item number: 41205

Restriction of Use: None identified

Region: United States

Company address:
Henkel Corporation
One Henkel Way
Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067

Contact information:
Telephone: (860) 571-5100
MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center
1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711
TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC
1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887
Internet: www.henkelna.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW	
WARNING:	CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.

HAZARD CLASS	HAZARD CATEGORY
SKIN IRRITATION	2
EYE IRRITATION	2A

PICTOGRAM(S)



Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye and face protection. Wear protective gloves.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to remove. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing.

Storage: Not prescribed

Disposal: Not prescribed

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	Percentage*
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	30 - 60
Mineral oil light naphthenic hydrotreat. <3% DMSO	64742-53-6	10 - 30

Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5	10 - 30
Graphite	7782-42-5	10 - 30

* Exact percentage is a trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash with soap and water. If symptoms develop and persist, get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Keep individual calm. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Get medical attention.

Symptoms: See Section 11.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special firefighting procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

Unusual fire or explosion hazards: Not available.

Hazardous combustion products: Oxides of carbon.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways.

Clean-up methods: Ensure adequate ventilation. Scrape up as much material as possible. Clean residue with soap and water. Store in a closed container until ready for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Refer to Section 8.

Storage: For safe storage, store between 15 °C (59°F) and 49 °C (120.2 °F)

For information on product shelf life contact Henkel Customer Service at (800) 243-4874.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

Hazardous Component(s)	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	AIHA WEEL	OTHER
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	5 mg/m3 TWA mist 10 mg/m3 STEL mist	5 mg/m3 TWA mist 500 ppm (2,000 mg/m3) PEL 5 mg/m3 PEL Mist.	None	None
Mineral oil light naphthenic hydrotreat. <3% DMSO	None	500 ppm (2,000 mg/m3) PEL 5 mg/m3 PEL Mist.	None	None
Calcium fluoride	2.5 mg/m3 TWA (as F)	2.5 mg/m3 PEL (as F) 2.5 mg/m3 TWA Dust.	None	None
Graphite	2 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction.	5 mg/m3 PEL Respirable fraction. 15 mg/m3 PEL Total dust. 15 MPPCF TWA	None	None

Engineering controls: Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits.

Respiratory protection: Use NIOSH approved respirator if there is potential to exceed exposure limit(s). Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Eye/face protection: Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available.

Skin protection: Use impermeable gloves and protective clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Solid
Color: Black
Odor: Mild, Petroleum
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: Not applicable
Vapor pressure: Not determined
Boiling point/range: Not available.
Melting point/ range: Not available.
Specific gravity: 1.1777
Vapor density: Not available.
Flash point: Not available.
Flammable/Explosive limits - lower: Not determined
Flammable/Explosive limits - upper: Not determined
Autoignition temperature: Not determined
Evaporation rate: Not determined
Solubility in water: Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined
VOC content: 13.3 %; 157 g/l
Viscosity: Not available.
Decomposition temperature: Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

Hazardous reactions: Will not occur.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon. Hydrocarbons.

Incompatible materials: Acids. Alkalis.

Reactivity: Not available.

Conditions to avoid: None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Relevant routes of exposure: Skin, Eyes

Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. This product has low volatility and is not expected to cause respiratory tract irritation during normal conditions of use.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Principal hazard of ingestion is aspiration into the lungs and subsequent pneumonitis.

Hazardous Component(s)	LD50s and LC50s	Immediate and Delayed Health Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	None	Irritant
Mineral oil light naphthenic hydrotreat. <3% DMSO	None	Irritant
Calcium fluoride	Oral LD50 (RAT) = 4,250 mg/kg	Teeth, Muscle, Respiratory
Graphite	None	Lung

Hazardous Component(s)	NTP Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	No	No	No
Mineral oil light naphthenic hydrotreat. <3% DMSO	No	No	No
Calcium fluoride	No	No	No
Graphite	No	No	No

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information: Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

Recommended method of disposal: Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal.

Hazardous waste number: Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The transport information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration.

U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR)

Proper shipping name: Not regulated
Hazard class or division: None
Identification number: None
Packing group: None

International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA)

Proper shipping name: Not regulated
Hazard class or division: None
Identification number: None
Packing group: None

Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG)

Proper shipping name: Not regulated
Hazard class or division: None
Identification number: None
Packing group: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.
TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification: None above reporting de minimis

CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: None above reporting de minimis
CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: Immediate Health, Delayed Health
CERCLA/SARA Section 313: None above reporting de minimis

California Proposition 65: No California Proposition 65 listed chemicals are known to be present.

Canada Regulatory Information

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status: All components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: New Safety Data Sheet format.

Prepared by: Catherine Bimler, Regulatory Affairs Specialist

Issue date: 08/07/2014

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

8100

Section 1. Identification

Product name : NAPA® Mac's® Glass Cleaner with Ammonia

Product code : 8100

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Manufacturer : Manufactured for:
Automotive Redistribution Center
c/o Balkamp, Inc.
Corporate Office:
Indianapolis, IN 46241

Emergency telephone number of the company : (800) 535-5053

Product Information Telephone Number : Not available.

Regulatory Information Telephone Number : (216) 566-2902

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist.

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage : Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
2-Butoxyethanol	4.9	111-76-2
2-Methylpropane	4.9	75-28-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-Butoxyethanol	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).** TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).** **Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).** **Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-Methylpropane	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).** TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).** STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 11

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 0.09 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 1.1%
Upper: 10.6%

Vapor pressure : 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 1 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 0.95

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): >0.07 cm^2/s (>7 cSt)
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.07 cm^2/s (>7 cSt)

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Heat of combustion : 0.00000359 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
2-Methylpropane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-Methylpropane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Methylpropane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
2-Methylpropane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	26315.3 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, non-flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information	Special provisions	Special provisions	Special provisions	Special provisions	Emergency schedules (EmS)
	LIMITED QUANTITY	LIMITED QUANTITY	(ERG#126)	LIMITED QUANTITY	LIMITED QUANTITY, F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations :

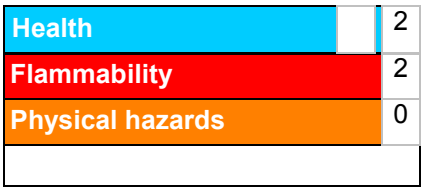
State regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:	31-0569-9	**Version Number:**	3.00
Issue Date:	07/18/14	**Supercedes Date:**	05/07/13

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
D149, Quik Interior Detailer (23-129A): D14901, D14905

Product Identification Numbers
14-1000-6291-9, 14-1000-6292-7

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Automotive, Interior detailer

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	Meguiar's, Inc.
DIVISION:	Meguiar's
ADDRESS:	17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614, USA
Telephone:	949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Not classified as hazardous according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Not applicable.

Symbols
Not applicable.

Pictograms
Not applicable.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified
None.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
WATER	7732-18-5	77 - 97 Trade Secret *
METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Conditioners	Trade Secret*	< 5 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	
METHYL ACETATE	79-20-9	OSHA	TWA:610 mg/m3(200 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection
No chemical protective gloves are required.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Odor, Color, Grade:	Slight flowery fragrance; Clear, water-like liquid
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	7 - 8
Melting point	*Not Applicable*
Boiling Point	212 ºF
Flash Point	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*Not Applicable*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*Not Applicable*
Vapor Pressure	*No Data Available*
Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	.94 - 1.04 g/cm3
Specific Gravity	0.99 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Complete
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*Not Applicable*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Viscosity	*No Data Available*
Volatile Organic Compounds	0.2 % weight
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	*No Data Available*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat
Light

10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong acids
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:
Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Eye Contact:
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
METHYL ACETATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
METHYL ACETATE	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 49 mg/l
METHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Conditioners	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Conditioners	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
METHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Conditioners	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
METHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Conditioners	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
METHYL ACETATE	Human	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
METHYL ACETATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
METHYL ACETATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
METHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
METHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
METHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	blindness	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
METHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
METHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	28 days
METHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | immune system | kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.1 mg/l	28 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

General Transportation Statement This product does not require classification by DOT, IATA, ICAO or IMDG.

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information
311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 1 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	31-0569-9	**Version Number:**	3.00
Issue Date:	07/18/14	**Supercedes Date:**	05/07/13

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Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:	26-6693-1	**Version Number:**	3.00
Issue Date:	04/22/15	**Supercedes Date:**	04/07/11

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
M66, Quick Detailer (21-141A): M6601

Product Identification Numbers
14-1000-1282-3, 14-1000-1283-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
One-step cleaner/wax

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	Meguiar's, Inc.
DIVISION:	Meguiar's
ADDRESS:	17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614, USA
Telephone:	949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (central nervous system): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Warning

Symbols
Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements
Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements
General:
Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage:
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified
None.

1% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

19% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	40 - 70 Trade Secret *
Petroleum Distillates	64742-48-9	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Conditioners	Trade Secret*	< 5 Trade Secret *
Calcined Kaolin	92704-41-1	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Observe precautions from other sections. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	CMRG	TWA:165 ppm	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Skin Notation
Naphtha	64742-48-9	OSHA	TWA:400 mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Petroleum Distillates	64742-48-9	Manufacturer determined	TWA:100 ppm	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Neoprene
Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Odor, Color, Grade:	Sweet, pleasant odor; Blue liquid
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	7 - 8
Melting point	*Not Applicable*
Boiling Point	390 ºF
Flash Point	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*Not Applicable*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*Not Applicable*
Vapor Pressure	*No Data Available*
Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	0.956 - 0.99 g/cm3
Specific Gravity	0.96 - 0.99 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Moderate
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*

Viscosity	23,000 - 28,000 centipoise
Volatile Organic Compounds	14.66 % weight

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents
Strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:
Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eye Contact:
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:
Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE > 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation-Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcined Kaolin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3.0 mg/l
Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Irritant
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Petroleum Distillates	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Petroleum Distillates	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Petroleum Distillates	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | blood | liver | muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard
Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

General Transportation Statement This product does not require classification by DOT, IATA, ICAO or IMDG.

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information
311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

15.2. State Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	26-6693-1	**Version Number:**	3.00
Issue Date:	04/22/15	**Supercedes Date:**	04/07/11

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

CHS Inc.
P.O. Box 64089
Mail station 525
St. Paul, MN 55164-0089

Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC) : **1-800-424-9300**
Technical Information : **1-651-355-8443**
SDS Information : **1-651-355-8445**

Product name : Molyplex 500+, #1, #2 Grease
Common name : Grease, Multipurpose
Chemical name : Soap-Thickened Oil Lubricant
Chemical family : Hydrocarbon.

SDS no. : 0150-L02A00
Revision date : 01/15/2014
Chemical formula : Mixture

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910. 1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	**Health :**	0	**Flammability :**	1	**Physical hazards :**	0	
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	**Health :**	0	**Flammability :**	1	**Instability :**	0	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : Soap-Thickened Oil Lubricant

Other means of identification : Grease, Multipurpose

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : If material comes in contact with the eyes, immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : If person breathes in large amounts of material, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep the person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as possible.

Skin contact : If the material comes in contact with the skin, wash the contaminated skin with soap and water promptly. If the material penetrates through clothing, remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water promptly. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : If material has been swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Foam, dry chemical or water spray (fog) to extinguish fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Toxic fumes gases or vapors may evolve on burning.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
Sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : When fighting fires wear full turnout gear and self contained breathing apparatus. Water may cause splattering. Material floats on water.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Not applicable.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill : Contain with dikes or absorbent to prevent migration to sewers/streams. Take up small spill with dry chemical absorbent; large spills may require pump or vacuum prior to absorbent. May require excavation of severely contaminated soil.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in closed container away from all ignition sources. Handling temperatures should not exceed 175°F (80°C). Wash thoroughly after handling. Odorous and toxic fumes may form from the decomposition of this product if stored at excessive temperatures for extended periods of time. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Recommended: Splash goggles and a face shield, where splash hazard exists.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves.
Body protection	:	Recommended: Long sleeved coveralls.
Other skin protection	:	Recommended: Impervious boots.
Respiratory protection	:	If ventilation is inadequate, use a NIOSH-certified respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and P95 particulate filter.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Semi-solid gel, smooth texture
Color	:	Gray-black.
Odor	:	Mild petroleum.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>316°C (>600.8°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: >204°C (>399.2°F)
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.88 to 0.92
Evaporation rate	:	<1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	<0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) (68°F)
Vapor density	:	>1 [Air = 1]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	See handling and storage section.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

There is no data available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin	:	There is no data available.
Eyes	:	There is no data available.
Respiratory	:	There is no data available.

Sensitization

Skin	:	There is no data available.
Respiratory	:	There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

There is no data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

There is no data available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER Not applicable. **DOT proper shipping name** Not applicable.

DOT Hazard Class(es) Not applicable. **PG** Not applicable. **DOT EMER. RESPONSE GUIDE NO.** Not applicable

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 313 : This product (does/not) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Product name	CAS number	%
Not applicable.		

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: Molybdenum disulphide
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	:	None of the components are listed.
California Prop. 65	:	No products were found.

Section 16. Other information

Revision date	:	01/15/2014	**Supersedes**	:	06/09/2011
Revised Section(s)	:	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.	**Prepared by**	:	KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Notice to reader

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS SDS RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL IDENTIFIED. IT DOES NOT COVER USE OF THAT MATERIAL IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL OR IN ANY PARTICULAR PROCESS. IN COMPLIANCE WITH 29 C.F.R. 1910.1200(g), CHS HAS PREPARED THIS SDS IN SEGMENTS, WITH THE INTENT THAT THOSE SEGMENTS BE READ TOGETHER AS A WHOLE WITHOUT TEXTUAL OMISSIONS OR ALTERATIONS. CHS BELIEVES THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN TO BE ACCURATE, BUT MAKES NO REPRESENTATION, GUARANTEE, OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ABOUT THE ACCURACY, RELIABILITY, OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION OR ABOUT THE FITNESS OF CONTENTS HEREIN FOR EITHER GENERAL OR PARTICULAR PURPOSES. PERSONS REVIEWING THIS SDS SHOULD MAKE THEIR OWN DETERMINATION AS TO THE MATERIAL'S SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS FOR USE IN THEIR PARTICULAR APPLICATIONS.

CENEX®
OUR ENERGY COMES THROUGH.®
A BRAND OF CHS

NAPA® PREM PERF HD SAE 30
MOTOR OIL
NP75110

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Ashland	Regulatory Information Number	1-800-325-3751
P.O. Box 2219	Telephone	614-790-3333
Columbus, OH 43216	Emergency telephone	1-800-ASHLAND (1-800-274-5263)

Product name	NAPA® PREM PERF HD SAE 30 MOTOR OIL
Product code	NP75110
Product Use Description	No data

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance: liquid

CAUTION! PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY THE SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION AND BURNS.

Potential Health Effects

Routes of exposure

Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye contact

Unlikely to cause eye irritation or injury.

Skin contact

Unlikely to cause skin irritation or injury. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry and crack the skin.

Ingestion

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful.

Inhalation

It is possible to breathe this material under certain conditions of handling and use (for example, during heating, spraying, or stirring). Breathing small amounts of this

material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are not expected at air concentrations below the recommended exposure limits, if applicable (see Section 8.).

Aggravated Medical Condition

Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material:, skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions)

Symptoms

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include:, stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways)

Target Organs

No data

Carcinogenicity

Used motor oil has been shown to cause skin cancer in laboratory animals continually exposed by repeated applications. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

Reproductive hazard

Based on the available information, risk to the fetus from maternal exposure to this material cannot be assessed.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Concentration
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	64742-54-7	>=90-<=100%
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	64742-54-7	>=90-<=100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist or there is any visual difficulty, seek medical attention.

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Give one glass of milk or water, and get medical attention immediately. If possible, do not leave victim unattended.

Inhalation

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Notes to physician

Hazards: Acute aspiration of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Repeated aspiration of small quantities of mineral oil can produce chronic inflammation of the lungs (i.e. lipoid pneumonia) that may progress to pulmonary fibrosis. Symptoms are often subtle and radiological changes appear worse than clinical abnormalities. Occasionally, persistent cough, irritation of the upper respiratory tract, shortness of breath with exertion, fever, and bloody sputum occur. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

Treatment: No information available.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Water mist, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical

Hazardous combustion products

carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and phosphorus, various hydrocarbons

Precautions for fire-fighting

Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively. Dense smoke may be generated while burning.Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA). DO NOT direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools of liquid since this may cause frothing and increase fire intensity. Frothing can be violent and possibly endanger any firefighter standing too close to the burning liquid.

Flammability Class for Flammable Liquids

Combustible Liquid Class IIIB

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

No data

Environmental precautions

Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

Methods for cleaning up

Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source, dike area of spill to prevent spreading, pump liquid to salvage tank. Remaining liquid may be taken up on sand, clay, earth, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and shoveled into containers. Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area, away from incompatible substances.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines
General advice

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Personal protective equipment should be selected for individual applications and should consider factors which affect exposure potential, such as handling practices, chemical concentrations and ventilation. It is ultimately the responsibility of the employer to follow regulatory guidelines established by local authorities.

Exposure controls

General room ventilation should be adequate for normal conditions of use. However, if unusual operating conditions exist, provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below exposure guidelines (if applicable) or below levels that cause known, suspected or apparent adverse effects.

Eye protection

Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear splash-proof safety goggles if material could be misted or splashed into eyes.

Skin and body protection

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier).
Wear normal work clothing including long pants, long-sleeved shirts and foot covering to prevent direct contact of the product with the skin. Launder clothing before reuse. If skin irritation develops, contact your facility health and safety professional or your local safety equipment supplier to determine the proper personal protective equipment for your use.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under normal conditions of use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	liquid
Form	No data
Colour	No data

Odour	No data
Boiling point/boiling range	No data
pH	No data
Flash point	(>)390 °F / 199 °C, Cleveland open cup
Evaporation rate	No data
Explosion limits	1 %(V) 6 %(V)
Vapour pressure	0.01 hPa @ 70.00 °F / 21.11 °C
Vapour density	No data
Density	0.8785 g/cm3 @ 60.1 °F / 15.6 °C
Solubility	No data
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data
log Pow	no data available
Autoignition temperature	No data

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability
Stable.

Conditions to avoid
None known.

Incompatible products
strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products
carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and phosphorus, various hydrocarbons

Hazardous reactions
Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Thermal decomposition
No data

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	LD 50 Rat: > 15 g/kg
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	LD 50 Rat: > 15 g/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	no data available
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	no data available

Acute dermal toxicity

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	LD 50 Rabbit: > 5 g/kg
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	LD 50 Rabbit: > 5 g/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish
No data
Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates
No data

Environmental fate and pathways
No data

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods
Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. For assistance with your waste management needs - including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution's Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Dangerous goods descriptions (if indicated above) may not reflect quantity, end-use or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. Consult shipping documents for descriptions that are specific to the shipment.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

California Prop. 65
Proposition 65 warnings are not required for this product based on the results of a risk assessment.
SARA Hazard Classification Acute Health Hazard

SARA 313 Component(s)

Reportable quantity - Components

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	64742-54-7	none
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC	64742-54-7	none

	Health	Flammability	Reactivity	Other
HMIS	1	1	0	
NFPA	1	1	0	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This MSDS has been prepared by Ashland's Environmental Health and Safety Department (1-800-325-3751).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Regular Clear Advanced PVC Cement**

Other means of identification

Product code 1107E

Synonyms Part Numbers: 30881, 31925, 31926, 31927, 31928, 31929, 31958, 31959, 31960, 31961

Recommended use Joining PVC Pipes

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name Oatey Co.

Address 4700 West 160th St.
Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100

E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	30-45
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-25
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	10-25
Acetone	67-64-1	5-15
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	5-15

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3
		250 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Translucent liquid.
Color	Clear.
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)
Flash point	-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	5.5 - 8
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.8
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.9 +/- 0.02
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	80 - 500 cP
Other information	
VOC (Weight %)	488 g/l SCAQMD 1168/M316A

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization	Not available.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	Cancer

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	0.81
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	0.46
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	0.29

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 12788 LBS, Acetone RQ = 50505 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	Cancer Central nervous system Liver Blood Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	35 %WV
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-28-2015

Revision date -

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings
Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

Initial Preparation Date: ***3/02/1998***
Last Revision Date: ***9/16/2003***
Effective Date: ***7/19/2010***

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT IDENTITY: O'REILLY ANTIFREEZE & COOLANT

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT & COMPANY INFORMATION

OLD WORLD INDUSTRIES, INC.
4065 COMMERCIAL AVENUE
NORTHBROOK, ILLINOIS 60062
PHONE: 847-559-2000
EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material	***CAS#***	***% by Wt***	***PEL (OSHA)***	***TLV (ACGIH)***
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	90 - 95	50 ppm	50 ppm
Diethylene Glycol	111-46-6	0 - 5	None	None
Dipotassium Phosphate	7758-11-4	1 - 2	None	None

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Slight odor.	***May be fatal if swallowed.***	***Vapors can cause eye irritation.***

Lowest Known LD50 (Oral)	107-21-1	5840 mg/kg (Rats)
Lowest Known LD50 (Skin)	107-21-1	9530 mg/kg (Rabbits)

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM

NFPA: HEALTH: 1	**FLAMMABILITY: 1**	**REACTIVITY: 0**
HMIS: HEALTH: 2	**FLAMMABILITY: 1**	**REACTIVITY: 0**

KEY: 0 – Minimal 1 – Slight 2 - Moderate 3 - Serious 4 - Severe

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin Contact/Absorption, Eye Contact

Eye: May cause slight transient (temporary) eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. Vapors or mists may cause eye irritation.

Skin: Prolonged or repeated exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation. A single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the material being absorbed through skin in harmful amounts. Repeated skin exposure may result in absorption of harmful amounts. Massive contact with damaged skin or of material sufficiently hot to burn skin may result in absorption of potential lethal amounts.

Ingestion: Single dose oral toxicity is considered to be moderate. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), and kidney failure. Small amounts swallowed incidental to normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing amounts larger than that may cause serious injury, even death.

Inhalation: At room temperature, exposures to vapors are minimal due to physical properties; higher temperatures may generate vapor levels sufficient to cause adverse effects.

Systemic (Other Target Organ) Effects: Repeated excessive exposures may cause severe kidney and also liver and gastrointestinal effects. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may be central nervous system effects. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may be nausea and/or vomiting. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects. Observations in animals include formation of bladder stones after repeated oral doses of ethylene glycol. Reports of kidney failure and death in burn patients suggest the ethylene glycol may have been a factor. The use of topical applications containing this material may not be appropriate in severely burned patients or individuals with impaired renal function.

Cancer Information: Based on data from long-term animal studies, ethylene glycol is not believed to pose a carcinogenic risk to man.

Teratology (Birth Defects): Exposure to ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother.

Reproductive Effects: Ethylene glycol has not interfered with reproduction in animal studies except at very high doses.

CHRONIC, PROLONGED OR REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE

Effects of Repeated Overexposure: Repeated inhalation of ethylene glycol mist may produce signs of central nervous system involvement, particularly dizziness and nystagmus.

Other Effects of Overexposure: repeated skin contact with ethylene glycol may, in a very small proportion of cases, cause sensitization with the development of allergic contact dermatitis. The incidence is significantly less than 1% with the undiluted material.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES
Ensure physician has access to this MSDS.

TREATMENT

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper lids. Get medical attention as soon as possible. Contact lenses should never be worn when working with this chemical.

Skin: Flush area of skin contact immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing. If irritation persists after flushing, get medical attention promptly. Wash clothing before re-use.

Inhalation: If inhaled, immediately remove victim to fresh air and call ***emergency medical care.*** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Ingestion: Obtain medical attention immediately. If patient is fully conscious, give two glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. If medical advice is delayed, and if the person has swallowed a moderate volume of material (a few ounces), then give three to four ounces of hard liquor, such as whisky. For children, give proportionally less liquor, according to weight.

Notes to Physician:
It is estimated that the lethal oral dose to adults is of the order of 1.0 ml/kg. Ethylene glycol is metabolized by alcohol dehydrogenate to various metabolites including glyceraldehydes, glycolic acid and oxalic acid which cause an elevated anion-gap metabolic acidosis and renal tubular injury. The signs and symptoms in ethylene glycol poisoning are those of metabolic acidosis, CNS depression, and kidney injury. Urinalysis may show albuminuria, hematuria and oxaluria. Clinical chemistry may reveal anion-gap metabolic acidosis and uremia. The currently recommended medical management of ethylene glycol poisoning includes elimination of ethylene glycol and metabolites, correction of metabolic acidosis and prevention of kidney injury. It is essential to have immediate and follow up urinalysis and clinical chemistry. There should be particular emphasis on acid-base balance and renal function tests. A continuous infusion of 5% sodium bicarbonate with frequent monitoring of electrolytes and fluid balance is used to achieve correction of metabolic acidosis and forced diuresis. As a competitive substrate for alcohol dehydrogenase, ethanol is antidotal. Given in the early stages of intoxication, it blocks the formulation of nephrotoxic metabolites. A therapeutically effective blood concentration of ethanol is in the range 100-150 mg/dl, and should be achieved by a rapid loading dose and maintained by intravenous infusion. For severe and/or deteriorating cases, hemodialysis may be required. Dialysis should be considered for patients who are symptomatic, have severe metabolic acidosis, a blood ethylene glycol concentration greater than 25 md/dl, or compromise of renal functions.

A more effective intravenous antidote for physician use is 4-methylpyrazole, a potent inhibitor of alcohol dehydrogenases, which effectively blocks the formation of toxic metabolites of ethylene glycol. It has been used to decrease the metabolic consequences of ethylene glycol poisoning before metabolic acidosis coma, seizures, and renal failure have occurred. A generally recommended protocol is a loading dose of 15 mg/kg followed by 10 mg/kg every 12 hours for 4 doses and then 15 mg/kg every 12 hours until ethylene glycol concentrations are below 20 mg/100 ml. Slow intravenous infusion is required. Since 4-methyplyrozole is dialyzable, increased dosage may be necessary during hemodialysis. Additional therapeutic measures may include the administration of cofactors involved in the metabolism of ethylene glycol. Thiamine (100 mg) and pyridoxine (50 mg) should be given every six hours.

Pulmonary edema with hypoxemia has been described in a number of patients following poisoning with ethylene glycol. The mechanism of production has not been elucidated, but it appears to be non-cardiogenic in origin in several cases. Respiratory support with mechanical ventilation and positive end expiratory pressure may be required. There may be cranial nerve involvement in the late stages of toxicity from swallowed ethylene glycol. In particular, effects have been reported involving the seventh, eighth and ninth cranial nerves, presenting with bilateral facial paralysis, diminished hearing and dysphasia.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties
Flash Point: 119°C (247°F)
Method Used: Setaflash
Autoignition Temperature: Autoignition temperature for ethylene glycol is 398°C (748°F).

Flammability Limits - % of vapor concentration at which product can ignite in presence of spark.
Lower Flammability Limit: 3.2%
Upper Flammability Limit: 15.3%

Hazardous Combustion Products: Hazardous combustion products may include and are not limited to carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and trace amounts of aldehydes and organic acids. When available oxygen is limited, as in a fire or when heated to very high temperatures by a hot wire or plate, carbon monoxide and other hazardous compounds such as aldehydes might be generated.

Extinguishing Media: Water fog or fine spray. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred if available. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but much less effectively. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Fire Fighting Instructions: No fire and explosion hazards expected under normal storage and handling conditions (i.e. ambient temperatures). However, ethylene glycol or solutions of ethylene glycol and water can form flammable vapors with air if heated sufficiently. Keep people away. Isolate fire area and deny unnecessary entry.

Protective Equipment for Fire Fighters: Wear positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire-fighting helmet, coat, pants, boots and gloves).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protect People: Material is moderately toxic when ingested. Take adequate precautions to keep people, especially children away from spill site. PVC-coated rubber gloves and monogoggles or face shield can be used during cleanup of spill site. Product on surfaces can cause slippery conditions. Practice reasonable care and cleanliness. Avoid breathing spray mists if generated. Keep out of reach of children. Product may become a solid at temperatures below -18°C (0°F). Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

Protect the Environment: Do not dump used product or diluted material into sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water.

Cleanup: Small spills: Soak up with absorbent material. Large spills: Dike and pump into suitable containers for disposal. Ensure compliance with all applicable statues that require notification of appropriate government officials.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of the spilled or released fluid.

Other Precautions: Use normal precautions in handling any combustible liquid. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from heat or open flame. Product on surfaces can cause slippery conditions. Practice reasonable care and cleanliness. Avoid breathing spray mists if generated. Keep out of reach of children. Product may become a solid at temperatures below -18°C (0°F). Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is required if airborne concentration exceeds TLV. At any detectable concentration any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode or any supplied-air respirator with a full face piece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode.

Escape: Any air-purifying full face piece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style or front- or back-mounted organic vapor canister or any appropriate escape-type self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Protection: Protective gloves recommended when prolonged skin contact cannot be avoided. Polyethylene; Neoprene; Nitrile; Polyvinyl alcohol; Natural Rubber, Butyl Rubber. Safety shower should be available.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles and face shield. Emergency eyewash should be available. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this chemical.

Engineering Controls: Use general or local exhaust ventilation to meet TLV requirements.

EXPOSURE LIMITS

Component	**Exposure Limits**	**Skin Form**
Ethylene glycol	100 mg/m3 CEILING ACGIH	Aerosol
Ethylene glycol	125 mg/m3 CEILING OSHA-vacated	
	50 ppm CEILING OSHA – vacated	
	100 mg/m3 CEILING UCC	Aerosol and Vapor
Diethylene glycol	50 ppm TWA8 AIHA WEEL	Aerosol and Vapor
Diethylene glycol	10 mg/m3 TWA8 AIHA WEEL	Aerosol

In the Exposure Limits Chart above, if there is no specific qualifier (i.e., Aerosol) listed in the Form Column for a particular limit, the listed limit includes all airborne forms of the substance that can be inhaled.

A “blank” in the Skin column indicates that exposure by the cutaneous (skin) route is not a potential significant contributor to overall exposure.

9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Range:	171 - 175°C (339 - 348°F)
Freeze Point:	-18°C (0°F)
Specific Gravity (Water =1):	1.12
Pounds/Gallons:	9.3
Vapor Pressure (mm of Hg) @ 20C:	<0.1
Vapor Density (air=1):	2.1
Water Solubility:	Complete
Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1):	Nil
% Volatile By Volume:	97.0
Appearance:	Green
Odor:	Mild
pH (50% Water Solution):	10.5-11.0

10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:	Stable
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from flame
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):	Strong acid or oxidizing agents
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Incomplete combustion may produce CO gas
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Ingestion: The lethal dose in humans is estimated to be 100 ml (3 ozs.). The oral LD50 for rats is in the 6000-13,000-mg/kg range.

Mutagenicity (The Effects on Genetic Material): In vitro mutagenicity studies were negative. Animal mutagenicity studies were negative.

Significant Data with Possible Relevance to Humans: Ethylene glycol has been shown to produce dose-related teratogenic effects in rats and mice when given by gavage or in drinking water at high concentrations or doses. The no-effect doses for developmental toxicity for ethylene glycol given by gavage over the period of organogenesis has been shown to be 150 mg/kg/day for the mouse and 500 mg/kg/day for the rat. Also, in a preliminary study to asses the effects of exposure of pregnant rats and made to aerosis at concentrations of 150, 1000 and 25000 mg/m3 for 6 hours a day throughout the period of organogenesis, teratogenic effects were produced at the highest concentration, but only in mice. The conditions of these latter experiments did not allow a conclusion as to whether the developmental toxicity was mediated by inhalation of aerosol percutaneous absorption of ethylene glycol from contaminated skin, or swallowing ethylene glycol as a result of grooming the wetted coat. In a further study, comparing effects from high aerosol concentration by whole-body or nose-only exposure, it was shown that nose-only exposure resulted in maternal toxicity (1000 and 25000 mg/m3) and developmental toxicity with minimal evidence of teratogenicity (2500 mg/m3). The no-effects concentration (based on maternal toxicity) was 500 mg/m3. In a further study in mice, no teratogenic effects could be produced when ethylene glycol was applied to skin of pregnant mice over the period of organogenesis. The above observations suggest that ethylene glycol is to be regarded as an animal teratogen. There is currently no available information to suggest that ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in humans. Cutaneous application of ethylene glycol is ineffective in producing developmental

toxicity. Exposure to high aerosol concentrations is only minimally effective in producing developmental toxicity. The major route for producing developmental toxicity is perorally. Two chronic feeding studies, using rats and mice, have not produced any evidence that ethylene glycol causes dose-related increases in tumor incidence or a different pattern of tumors compared with untreated controls. The absence of carcinogenic potential for ethylene glycol has been supported by numerous in vitro genotoxicity studies showing that it does not produce mutagenic or clastogenic effects.

A chronic dietary feeding study of diethylene glycol with rats showed mild kidney injury at 1%, while concentrations of 2% and 4% caused more marked kidney injury. In addition, at 2% and 4% of diethylene glycol in the diet, some rats developed benign papillary tumors in the urinary bladder. These have been attributed to the presence of urinary bladder calcium oxalate stones. No evidence for carcinogenicity was found with a chronic skin-painting study with diethylene glycol in mice. The absence of a direct chemical carcinogenic effect addords with the results in vitro genotoxicity studies that show that it does not produce mutagenic or clastogenic effects. A feeding study employing up to 5.0% diethylene glycol in the diet failed to produce any teratogenic effects. In a mouse continuous breeding study with large doses of diethylene glycol in drinking water, there was evidence for reproductive toxicity at 3.5% (equivalent to 6.1 g/kg/day) as reduced number of litter, live pups per litter and live pup weight. No such effects were seen at 1.75% (approximately 3.05 g/kg/day). The relevance of these very high dosages to human health is uncertain. Pregnant rats receiving undiluted diethylene glycol by gavage over the period of organogenesis had toxic effects at 4.0 and 8.0 ml/kg/day as mortality, decreased body weight, decreased food consumption increased water consumption and increased liver and kidney weights. Fetotoxicity was seen only at these maternally toxic dosages. Decreased fetal body weight occurred at 8.0 ml/kg/day, and increased skeletal variants at 4.0 and 8.0 ml/kg/day. No embryotixic or teratogenic effects were seen. Neither maternal toxicity nor fetotoxicity occurred at 1.0 ml/kg/day. In a study with mice also receiving undiluted diethylene glycol over the period of organogenesis, maternal toxicity occurred at 2.5 and 10.0 ml/kg/day, but not at 0.5 ml/kg/day. Definitive developmental toxicity was not seen in this species.

ACUTE TOXICITY

Peroral: The lethal dose in humans is estimated to be 3 oz. or 100 ml.
Rat: LD50 (6000 – 13000) mg/kg

Percutaneous:
Rabbit: LD50 = >22270 mg/kg; 24 h occluded

Inhalation:
Rat: 8-hour exposure, substantially saturated vapor studies, dynamic generation method

Mortality: 0/6

Inhalation: Mist/vapor study, rat, at 170°C, 8-hour exposure = 2.2 mg/l

Mortality: 0/6

Inhalation:
Rat: 8-hour exposure, fog = 10000 ppm; 65° - 70°C

Mortality: 0/6

IRRITATION

Skin:

Rabbit: 24-hour occluded contact, 0.5 ml
Results: Minor erythema and edema

Skin:

Human: Primary irritation patch test, 48-hour occluded, 0.2 ml
Results: Evidence of irritation

Eye:

Rabbit: 0.1 ml
Results: Minor transient iritis, conjunctival irritation with discharge

REPEATED EXPOSURE

In a 7-day dietary study with rats, a significant increase in kidney weights in females was observed at 5.0 gm/kg. The NOEL was 2.5 gm/kg.

In a 24-month dietary study with rats, increased mortality in males was observed at the highest dose, 1.0 gm/kg/day. There were multiple signs: mineralization of several organs, including the cardiac vessels, cardiac muscle, vas deferens, stomach and pulmonary vessels; cellular hyperplasia of the parathyroids, hemosiderosis of the spleen, myocardial fibrosis, portal fibrosis of the liver, bile duct hyperplasia and hydronephrosis and oxylate nephrosis of the kidneys. Ethylene glycol was not oncogenic.

In a 90-day dietary study with dogs, repeated exposures to 2.5 gm/kg resulted in acute renal failure and deaths. The NOAEL was 1.0 gm/kg.

SENSITIZATION (ANIMAL AND HUMAN STUDIES)

Repeated skin contact with ethylene glycol may, in a very small proportion of cases, cause sensitization with the development of allergic contact dermatitis. The incidence is significantly less than 1% with the undiluted material.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

A three-generation study indicated that ethylene glycol did not affect reproductive parameters at dietary concentrations up to 1.0 gm/kg/day in any generation.

CHRONIC TOXICITY AND CARCINOGENICITY

Two chronic feeding studies, using rats and mice, have not produced any evidence that ethylene glycol causes dose-related increases in tumor incidence or a different pattern of tumors compared with untreated controls. The absence of a carcinogenic potential for ethylene glycol has been supported by numerous in vitro genotoxicity studies showing that it does not produce mutagenic or clastogenic effects.

GENETIC TOXICOLOGY

In Vitro: Ethylene glycol was devoid of genotoxic activity in an Ames test, forward gene mutation and sister chromatid exchange (SCE) studies in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells and an in vitro cytogenetics study.

In Vivo: Ethylene glycol by three different routes (intravenous, peroral and percutaneous) demonstrates apparent first-order pharmacokinetic behavior for the disposition in and the elimination from the plasma. Dose-dependent changes occur for the elimination of metabolites in the urine and as $14CO^2$ after single doses for the intravenous and peroral, but not the percutaneous route. The hypothesis from literature sources exists that developmental toxicity is caused by a metabolite of ethylene glycol, called glycolic acid, and not parent ethylene glycol. Under most conditions of ethylene glycol exposure, the glycolic acid metabolite is present in the blood in very low levels. However, it can become the major metabolite following large doses of ethylene glycol due to saturation of glycolic acid oxidation and/or elimination. When levels of this acidic metabolite exceed the capacity of maternal blood buffers to neutralize it, a maternal metabolic acidosis ensues, which has been hypothesized to be the true agent responsible for ethylene glycol induced developmental toxicity. Research suggests that ethylene glycol developmental toxicity is due to a dose-rate dependent toxicokinetic shift leading to glycolate accumulation and metabolic acidosis.

ADDITIONAL STUDIES

Ethylene glycol has been shown to produce dose-related teratogenic effects in rats and mice when given by gavage or in drinking water at high concentrations or doses. The no-effect doses for developmental toxicity for ethylene glycol given by gavage over the period of organogenesis has been shown to be 150 mg/kg/day for the mouse and 500 mg/kg/day for the rat. Also, in a preliminary study to assess the effects of exposure of pregnant rats and mice to aerosols at concentrations of 150, 1000 and 2500 mg/m^3 for 6 hours a day throughout the period of organogenesis, teratogenic effects were produced at the highest concentration, but only in mice. The conditions of these latter experiments did not allow a conclusion as to whether the developmental toxicity was mediated by inhalation of aerosol, percutaneous absorption of ethylene glycol from contaminated skin, or swallowing of ethylene glycol as a result of grooming the wetted coat. In a further study, comparing effects from high aerosol concentration by whole-body or nose-only exposure, it was shown that nose-only exposure resulted in maternal toxicity (1000 and 2500 mg/m^3) and developmental toxicity with minimal evidence of teratogenicity (2500 mg/m^3). The no-effects concentration (based on maternal toxicity) was 500 mg/m^3. In a further study in mice, no teratogenic effects could be produced when ethylene glycol was applied to the skin of pregnant mice over the period of organogenesis. The above observations suggest that ethylene glycol is to be regarded as an animal teratogen. There is currently no available information to suggest that ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in humans. Cutaneous application of ethylene glycol is ineffective in producing developmental toxicity. Exposure to high aerosol concentrations is only minimally effective in producing developmental toxicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

Movement & Partitioning: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or Log Kow less than 3). Log octanol/water partition coefficient (log Kow) is -1.36. Henry's Law Constant (H) is 6.0E-08 atm-m3/mol. Bioconcentration factor (BCF) is 10 in golden orfe.

Degradation & Transformation: Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD greater than 40%). 5-Day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5) is 0.78 p/p. 10-Day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD10) is 1.06 p/p. 20-Day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD20) is 1.15 p/p. Theoretical oxygen demand (THOD) is calculated to be 1.29 p/p. Biodegradation may occur under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions (in either the presence or absence of oxygen). Inhibitory concentration (IC50) in OECD "Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test" (Guideline # 209) is < 1000 mg/L. Degradation is expected in the atmospheric environment within days to weeks.

Ecotoxicology: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species). Acute LC50 for fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) is 51000 mg/L. Acute LC50 for bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) is 27549 mg/L. Acute LC50 for rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) is about 18000-46000 mg/L. Acute LC50 for guppy (Poecilia reticulata) is 49300 mg/L. Acute LC50 for water flea (Daphnia magna) is 46300-51100 mg/L. Acute LC50 for the cladoceran Ceriodaphnia dubia is 10000-25800 mg/L. Acute LC50 for crayfish is 91430 mg/L. Acute LC50 for brine shrimp (Artemia salina) is 20000 mg/L. Acute LC50 for golden orfe (Leuciscus idus) is greater than 10000 mg/L. Acute LC50 for goldfish (Carassius auratus) is greater than 5000 mg/L. Growth inhibition EC50 for green alga Selenastrum capricornutum is 9500-13000 mg/L.

BOD (% Oxygen Consumption):

Day 5	Day 10	Day 15	Day 20	Day 30
51%	80%		97%	

ECOTOXICITY

Toxicity to Micro-organisms:
Bacterial / NA: 16 h; IC50
Result Value: >10000 mg/l

Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates:
Daphnia: 48 h; LC50
Result Value: >100000 mg/l

Toxicity to Fish
Fathead Minnow: 94 h; LC50
Result Value: 70000 mg/l

FURTHER INFORMATION

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) – Measured: 1.29 mg/mg
Theoretical Oxygen Demand (THOD) – Calculated: 1.30 mg/mg

Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient – Measured: -1.36

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DO NOT discharge to sewer. Wear appropriate personal protection. Take up with sand, vermiculite, or similar inert material. Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Non-Bulk
Not regulated by the US D.O.T. (in quantities under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package)

Bulk

Proper Shipping Name:	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, LIQUID N.O.S. (ETHYLENE GLYCOL)
Technical Name:	ETHYLENE GLYCOL
ID Number:	UN 3082
Hazard Class:	9
Packing Group:	PG III
Reportable Quantity:	5,000 lb.

IATA
Non-Bulk
Not Regulated by IATA

IMDG
Non-Bulk
Not regulated by IMDG (in quantities under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS COMPONENT(S) CITED ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS.

	Chemical Name	***Cas Number***
	Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1

United States - TSCA Inventory: Listed

Water Standards: No data available

Atmospheric Standards: Clean Air Act (1990) - List of Hazardous Air Contaminants: listed

CERCLA: Reportable Quantity (RQ): 5,000 pounds (532 gallons)

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This product is a "hazardous chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SARA Title III: Section 311/312 - Categories: Acute hazard; chronic hazard

Section 312 - Inventory Reporting: Ethylene glycol is subject to Tier I and/or Tier II annual inventory reporting.

Section 313 - Emission Reporting: Ethylene glycol is subject to Form R reporting requirements.

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances: Ethylene glycol is not listed.

State Right-To-Know:

California - Exposure Limits - Ceilings:	vapor-50 ppm ceiling; 125 mg/m3 ceiling
Director's List of Hazardous Substances:	listed
Florida - Hazardous Substances List:	listed
Massachusetts - Right-to-Know List:	listed
Minnesota - Haz. Subs. List:	listed (particulate and vapor)
New Jersey - Right-to-Know List (Total):	Present greater than 1.0%
Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List:	environmental hazard

Canadian Regulations: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required.

WHMIS Information: D2A - material has potential toxic effects. Refer elsewhere in the MSDS for specific warnings and safe handling information. Refer to the employer's workplace education program.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): The normal consumer use of this product does not result in exposure to chemicals known to the state of California to cause Cancer and/or reproductive harm above the significant risk level for carcinogens or the maximum allowable dose levels for reproductive toxins. Warnings are not required for consumer packaging. However, industrial or other occupational use of this product at higher frequency and using larger quantities of this product may result in exposures exceeding these levels and are labeled accordingly.

California SCAQMD Rule 443.1 (South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 443.1, Labeling of Materials Containing Organic Solvents):

VOC: Vapor pressure 0.06 mmHg at 20°C
1113.38 g/l

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Contact: Thomas Cholke Phone: (847) 559-2225

Old World Industries, Inc. makes no warranty, representation or guarantee as to the accuracy, sufficiency or completeness of the material set forth herein. It is the user's responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity and suitability of his own use, handling and disposal of this product. Since actual use by others is beyond our control, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made by Old World Industries, Inc. as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained or the safety and toxicity of this product, nor does Old World Industries, Inc. assume liability arising out of the use by others of this product referred to herein. The data in this MSDS relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

	A
1	***Aervoe Construction Marking Paint***
2	***Butane***
3	***CARQUEST PREMIUM SAE 80W-90 GEAR OIL***
4	***CAT DEO-ULS 15W-40***
5	***Cat ® ELC (Extended Life Coolant) Extender***
6	***CAT HYDRAULIC OIL (HYDO) SAE 10W***
7	***CT2 DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID***
8	***Diesel Fuel***
9	***Gasoline All Grades***
10	***Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Storage Fuel Stabiliser***
11	***Gunk Belt Conditioner***
12	***Harvey's A-6 ABS Black Cement***
13	***IRWIN Chalk – Red, Permanent***
14	***KILZ® Original***
15	***Loctite LB8070***
16	***Lucas SAE 80-90 gear lube***
17	***Meguiars Quik Interior Detailer***
18	***Meguiars Quick Detailer***
19	***Molplex 500***
20	***NAPA® Mac's® Glass Cleaner with Ammonia***
21	***NAPA® Non-Chlorinated Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner***
22	***NAPA® PREM PERF HD SAE 30 MOTOR OIL***
23	***Regular Clear Advanced PVC Cement***
24	***O'REILLY ANTIFREEZE & COOLANT***
25	***PEAK Extended Life Concentrate Antifreeze***
26	***Permatex 133k Anti Seize***
27	***Permatex Fast Orange hand cleaner***
28	***Phoenix 27-XL Water Dispersible Pipe Joint Lubricant***
29	***Prestone® Hi-Temp Brake Fluid DOT 3***
30	***Purple Power Prime shine auto glass cleaner***
31	***RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER***
32	***Rectorseal® T Plus 2***
33	***Red Hot Blue Glue® PVC Plastic Pipe Cement***
34	***Rust-oleum Marking Paint***
35	***Rust-oleum gloss paint***

	A
36	***Sta-PlexTM Extreme Pressure Premium Red Grease***
37	***STIHL HP (High Performance) 2-Cycle Engine Oil***
38	***STIHL PLATINUM BAR & CHAIN OIL***
39	***Vibra-TITE® VC-3®***
40	***750 HOTWELDTM Low VOC Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe***
41	***WELD-ON® P-70TM Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic***
42	***Zip Wax Car Wash***
43	***WD40 AEROSOL***

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PEAK Extended Life Concentrate Antifreeze and Coolant

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 03/01/2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Product name : PEAK Extended Life Concentrate Antifreeze and Coolant

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Antifreeze & Coolant

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Old World Industries, LLC
4065 Commercial Ave.
Northbrook, IL 60062 - USA
T (847) 559-2000
www.oldworldind.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (800) 424-9300; (703) 527 3887 (International)
Chemtrec

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS07 GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors
P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P280 - Wear personal protective equipment as required
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call doctor/physician or poison center
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% by wt	GHS-US classification
ethylene glycol	(CAS No) 107-21-1	<= 50	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	< 50	Not classified
diethylene glycol	(CAS No) 111-46-6	< 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
denatonium benzoate	(CAS No) 3734-33-6	30 - 50 ppm	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Rinse immediately with plenty of water (for at least 15 minutes), Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper lids. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice and attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Obtain emergency medical attention. Rinse mouth. If the person is fully conscious, make him/her drink two glasses of water. Never give an unconscious person anything to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If medical advice is delayed, and if the person has swallowed a moderate volume of material (a few ounces), then give three to four ounces of hard liquor, such as whiskey. For children, give proportionally less liquor, according to weight.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Causes damage to organs (kidneys) Oral.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. The lethal dose in humans is estimated to be 100 mL (3 oz).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

A more effective intravenous antidote for physician uses is 4-methylpyrazaole, a potent inhibitor of alcohol dehydrogenases, which effectively blocks the formation of toxic metabolites of ethylene glycol. It has been used to decrease the metabolic consequences of ethylene glycol poisoning before metabolic acidosis coma, seizures, and renal failure have occured.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water fog. Fine water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream. May spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire-fighting helmet, coat, pants, boots and gloves).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Refer to section 8.2.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Small quantities of liquid spill: take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shovel into container for disposal. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources. Keep container closed when not in use. Product may become solid at temperatures below -37 ºC (-34 ºF). Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies. Do not cut, drill, weld, use a blowtorch on, etc. containers even when empty.

Incompatible products : Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Upper Respiratory Tract (URT) & Eye irritant
OSHA	Not applicable	

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.



Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection not required in normal conditions. If exposed to levels above exposure limits wear appropriate respiratory protection.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Amber
Odor	:	Mild
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	8
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	Nil
Freezing point	:	-37 °C (-34 ºF)
Boiling point	:	107 °C (224 ºF)
Flash point	:	116 °C (241 ºF) [100% Ethylene Glycol] *ASTM D56*
Auto-ignition temperature	:	400 °C (752 ºF) [100% Ethylene Glycol] *Literature*
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	< 0.1 @ 20 ºC
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Specific Gravity	:	1.06
Density	:	1.06 kg/l (8.84 lbs/gal)
Solubility	:	Water: Complete
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	:	Not applicable.
Explosive limits	:	Not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Extremely high or low temperatures. Keep away from any flames or sparking source.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

alcohols. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Fume. alcohols. Aldehydes. Ethers.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
LD50 oral rat	584.00 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2,000.00 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
ATE US (oral)	584.00 mg/kg bodyweight

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5,000.00 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (oral)	500.00 mg/kg bodyweight

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	11,890.00 mg/kg (Rabbit)
ATE US (oral)	500.00 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	11,890.00 mg/kg bodyweight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
pH: 8.00

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
pH: 8.00

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. The lethal dose in humans is estimated to be 100 mL (3 oz).

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
LC50 fish 1	> 1,000.00 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 Daphnia 1	13.00 mg/l (EC50; 48 h; Daphnia magna)

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10,000.00 mg/l (EC50; 24 h)
LC50 fish 2	40,761.00 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri)

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
LC50 fish 1	> 5,000.00 mg/l (LC50; 24 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10,000.00 mg/l (EC50; 24 h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available. No (test) data on mobility of the substance available.

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.47 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.24 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	1.29 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.36

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil. Photolysis in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.02 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.51 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	1.51 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.02

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
BCF fish 1	1.4 - 3.6 (BCF; BCFBAF v3.00)
Log Pow	1.78 (Estimated value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
BCF fish 1	10.00 (BCF; 72 h)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	0.21 - 0.6 (BCF)
BCF other aquatic organisms 2	190.00 (BCF; 24 h)
Log Pow	-1.34 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
BCF fish 1	100.00 (BCF; Other; 3 days; Leuciscus melanotus; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Log Pow	-1.98 (Calculated; Other)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4. Mobility in soil

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Surface tension	0.05 N/m (20 ºC / 68 ºF)

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
Surface tension	0.05 N/m
Log Koc	Koc,SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Calculated value; log Koc; SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66; 0; Calculated value

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No known effect on the ozone layer

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN3082

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.

Class (DOT) : 9 - Class 9 - Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140

Packing group (DOT)	:	III - Minor Danger
Hazard labels (DOT)	:	9 - Class 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous materials)



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	241
DOT Symbols	:	G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	155
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	No limit
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	No limit
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	A - The material may be stowed ''on deck'' or ''under deck'' on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel
Other information	:	Non Bulk: Not regulated by the US D.O.T. (in quantities under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package).

TDG

Refer to current TDG Canada for further Canadian regulations

Transport by sea

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not regulated by IMDG (in quantites under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package)

Air transport

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Not regulated by IATA (in quantites under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

PEAK Extended Life Concentrate Antifreeze and Coolant	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): The intentional ingredients of this product are listed

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb(s)
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Ethylene glycol is subject to Tier I and/or Tier II annual inventory reporting
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	Ethylene glycol is subject to Form R Reporting requirements.

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

PEAK Extended Life Concentrate Antifreeze and Coolant	
WHMIS Classification	This SDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR. Applicable GHS information is listed in section 2.2 of this SDS

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

PEAK Extended Life Concentrate Antifreeze and Coolant
DSL (Canada): The intentional ingredients of this product are listed ECL (South Korea): The intentional ingredients of this product are listed EINECS (Europe): The intentional ingredients of this product are listed ENCS (Japan): The intentional ingredients of this product are listed

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental toxicity and/or reproductive toxicity

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 03/01/2016

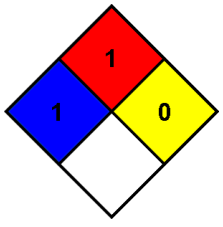
Full text of H-statements:

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating		
Health	:	2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	:	1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 ºF (93 ºC). (Class IIIB)
Physical	:	0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.
Personal Protection		B - Safety glasses, Gloves

SDS GHS US (GHS HazCom 2012) OWI

Old World Industries, LLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee as to the accuracy, sufficiency or completeness of the material set forth herein. It is the user's responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity and suitability of his own use, handling and disposal of this product. Since actual use by others is beyond our control, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made by Old World Industries, LLC as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained or the safety and toxicity of this product, nor does Old World Industries, LLC assume liability arising out of the use by others of this product referred to herein. The data in this SDS relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 27-Oct-2016 **Version** 5

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier
Product Name 133K ANTI-SEIZE LUBRICANT 8OZ

Other means of identification
Product Code 80078
Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended Use Lubricant
Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufactured and Distributed by:
ITW Permatex
6875 Parkland Blvd.
Solon, OH 44139 USA

May Also Be Distributed by:
ITW Permatex Canada
35 Brownridge Road, Unit 1
Halton Hills, ON Canada L7G 0C6
Telephone: (800) 924-6994

Company Phone Number 1-87-Permatex
(877) 376-2839
24 Hour Emergency Phone Number Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924
International Emergency:
00+1+ 813-248-0585
Contract Number: MIS0003453

E-mail address mail@permatex.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Warning

Harmful if swallowed



Appearance Silver	**Physical state** Paste	**Odor** Petroleum

Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Precautionary Statements - Response
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
Rinse mouth

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Not applicable

Other Information
- The classification as a carcinogen 1 need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. This note applies only to certain complex oil derived substances in Annex I

Unknown acute toxicity 19.23275 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance(s)

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	64742-52-5	30 - 60	*
ALUMINIUM POWDER	7429-90-5	5 - 10	*
PARAFFIN OILS (PETROLEUM), CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT	64742-71-8	3 - 7	*

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN:. Wash skin with soap and water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED:. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Self-protection of the first aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms See section 2 for more information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
None in particular.

Explosion data
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Ensure adequate ventilation. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Alkalis, Amines

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines .

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
ALUMINIUM POWDER 7429-90-5	TWA: 1 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ Al Aluminum	TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ Al

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Showers
Eyewash stations
Ventilation systems

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear protective natural rubber, nitrile rubber, Neoprene™ or PVC gloves.

Respiratory protection Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister, as appropriate.

General Hygiene Considerations When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Paste
Appearance Silver
Odor Petroleum
Odor threshold No information available

Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No information available	
Melting point / freezing point	No information available	
Boiling point / boiling range	No information available	
Flash point	> 93 °C / > 200 °F	Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	< 1	Butyl acetate = 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available	
Flammability Limit in Air		
Upper flammability limit:	No information available	
Lower flammability limit:	No information available	
Vapor pressure	<5 mm Hg	
Vapor density	>1	Air = 1
Relative density	1.17	
Water solubility	Negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition coefficient	No information available	
Autoignition temperature	No information available	
Decomposition temperature	No information available	
Kinematic viscosity	No information available	
Dynamic viscosity	No information available	

Explosive properties No information available
Oxidizing properties No information available

Other Information

Softening point No information available
Molecular weight No information available
VOC Content (%) 0
Density No information available
Bulk density No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
No data available

Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid
Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Alkalis, Amines

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Carbon oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Eye contact Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Skin contact May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.
Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC 64742-52-5	A2	Group 1	Known	X
PARAFFIN OILS (PETROLEUM), CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT	A2	Group 1	Known	X

64742-71-8				

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)
X - Present

Target Organ Effects Central Vascular System (CVS), Eyes, Respiratory system, Skin.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 1978 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 32255 mg/l

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

32.42995 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Persistence and degradability
No information available.

Bioaccumulation
No information available.

Mobility
No information available.

Other adverse effects
No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container.

US EPA Waste Number Not applicable

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
ALUMINIUM POWDER 7429-90-5	Ignitable powder

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT
Proper shipping name: Not regulated

IATA
Proper shipping name: Not regulated

IMDG

Proper shipping name: Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies
ENCS	Complies
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
ALUMINIUM POWDER - 7429-90-5	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
CALCIUM OXIDE 1305-78-8	X	X	X
GRAPHITE 7782-42-5	X	X	X
ALUMINIUM POWDER 7429-90-5	X	X	X
PARAFFIN OILS (PETROLEUM),	-	X	-

CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT 64742-71-8			
COPPER 7440-50-8	X	X	X

U.S. EPA Label Information
EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

WHMIS Hazard Class
D2B - Toxic materials

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA	**Health hazards** 1	**Flammability** 1	**Instability** 0	-
HMIS	**Health hazards** 1	**Flammability** 1	**Physical hazards** 0	**Personal protection** B

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)
HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Revision Date 27-Oct-2016

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 24-Mar-2016 **Version** 4

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier
Product Name FAST ORANGE PUMICE LOTION HAND CLEANER 15 FL.OZ

Other means of identification
Product Code 25122
Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended Use Hand Cleaner or Soap - Heavy Duty
Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address
ITW Permatex
6875 Parkland Blvd.
Solon, OH 44139 USA

Distributor
ITW Permatex Canada
35 Brownridge Road, Unit 1
Halton Hills, ON Canada L7G 0C6
Telephone: (800) 924-6994

Company Phone Number 1-87-Permatex
(877) 376-2839

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924
International Emergency:
00+1+ 813-248-0585
Contract Number: MIS0003453

E-mail address mail@permatex.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status
This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label elements

Emergency Overview

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health

Appearance White **Physical state** Lotion **Odor** Citrus

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Not applicable

Other Information
- May cause sensitization especially in sensitive humans

Unknown acute toxicity 12.01 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

substance(s)

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
WATER	7732-18-5	60 - 100	*
PUMICE	1332-09-8	5 - 10	*
ETHOXYLATED C11-C16 ALCOHOL	127036-24-2	1 - 5	*

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Eye contact IF IN EYES:. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact None under normal use conditions.

Inhalation None under normal use conditions.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED:. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.

Self-protection of the first aider Avoid contact with eyes.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms See section 2 for more information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media
None.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
None in particular.

Explosion data
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with eyes.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Ensure adequate ventilation. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with eyes.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep from freezing.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines .
Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Eyewash stations

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection No special technical protective measures are necessary.

Skin and body protection None under normal use conditions.

Respiratory protection None under normal use conditions.

General Hygiene Considerations Avoid contact with eyes.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Lotion

Appearance	White
Odor	Citrus
Odor threshold	No information available

Property	**Values**	**Remarks • Method**
pH	6.0-8.5	
Melting point / freezing point	No information available	
Boiling point / boiling range	> 100 °C / >212 °F	
Flash point	> 95 °C / > 203 °F	
Evaporation rate	> 1	Butyl acetate = 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available	
Flammability Limit in Air		
Upper flammability limit:	No information available	
Lower flammability limit:	No information available	
Vapor pressure	No information available	
Vapor density	>1	Air = 1
Relative density	1.06	
Water solubility	Soluble in water	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition coefficient	No information available	
Autoignition temperature	No information available	
Decomposition temperature	No information available	
Kinematic viscosity	No information available	
Dynamic viscosity	No information available	
Explosive properties	No information available	
Oxidizing properties	No information available	

Other Information

Softening point	No information available
Molecular weight	No information available
VOC Content (%)	<1%
Density	No information available
Bulk density	No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
No data available

Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid
Excessive heat. Keep from freezing.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Carbon oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation None known.

Eye contact Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Skin contact Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons.

Ingestion None known.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
WATER 7732-18-5	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.
Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)
X - Present

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .
ATEmix (oral) 382796 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 435430 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

97.65 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Persistence and degradability
No information available.

Bioaccumulation
No information available.

Mobility
No information available.

Other adverse effects
No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container.

US EPA Waste Number Not applicable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name: Not regulated

IATA

Proper shipping name: Not regulated

IMDG

Proper shipping name: Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Not Listed.
ENCS	Not Listed.
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Not Listed.
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
LANOLIN 8006-54-0	-	-	X

U.S. EPA Label Information
EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

WHMIS Hazard Class
Non-controlled

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA	**Health hazards** 1	**Flammability** 1	**Instability** 0	-
HMIS	**Health hazards** 1	**Flammability** 1	**Physical hazards** 0	**Personal protection** B

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)
HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Revision Date 24-Mar-2016

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 18-Feb-2014 **Revision Date: 19-Nov-2015** **Version** 2

1. IDENTIFICATION

GHS Product Identifier
Product Name Phoenix 27-XL Water Dispersible Pipe Joint Lubricant

Other Means of Identification
SDS #
Chemical Formula 11-4 or 11-4R1
Other Information

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use
Recommended Use Lubricant

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet
Supplier Address
JTM Products, Inc.
31025 Carter Street
Solon, OH 44139
Tel. 440-287-2302
800-229-6744
Fax. 440-287-3095

Emergency Telephone Number
Emergency Telephone Chemtel 1-800-255-3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
This chemical is considered non-hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

GHS classification
Hazard categories:
Skin Irritant 3
Eye irritation: Eye Irritant 2B

Label elements
Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
H320 Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health.

Components

CAS No.	Chemical Name	Quantity
TSRN 0210	Proprietary Lubricity Enhancers	40 -50
7782-13-5	Water	20-35%
68606-06-4 EINECS 271-723-9	Mixed sodium and potassium salts of tall oil (soap)	15-25%

Where range is displayed, the exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation.

Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water. Water spray (fog). Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

No information available.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personal Precautions Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental Precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. See Section 12 for additional Ecological information

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment Dike to collect large liquid spills. Prevent leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material Place the bulk of any spilled material into properly labeled containers. Rinse any remaining material to sewage treatment facility. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering Controls Eyewash stations Showers Ventilation systems.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection Lightweight protective clothing. Chemical resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Respiratory Protection No special protective equipment required. If respirators are used, OSHA requires a written respiratory program that includes at least: medical certification training, fit testing, periodic environmental monitoring, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient, sanitary storage areas.

General Hygiene Considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

Control Parameters N.A.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Paste		
Appearance	Off-White Paste	**Odor**	Bland
Color	Off-white	**Odor threshold**	Not determined

Property	**Values**	**Remarks – Method**
pH	≈9	5% solution
Melting point/freezing point	< 0° C/< 32° F	
Boiling point/boiling range	> 104° C/ > 220° F	
Flash point	> 104° C/ > 220° F	
Evaporation rate	Not applicable	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined	

Flammability Limits in Air	
Upper Flammability Limits	Not applicable
Lower Flammability Limits	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Vapor Density	Not applicable
Specific Gravity	1.2
Water Solubility	Completely soluble
Solubility in other Solvents	Not determined
Partition Coefficient	Not determined
Autoignition Temperature	Not determined
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined
Explosive Properties	None
Oxidizing Properties	None

Other Information

VOC Content (%) **<**5%

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing

Conditions to Avoid

Contact with incompatible material

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Route of Exposure

Product Information

Inhalation	Not a likely route of exposure
Eye Contact	Causes eye irritation
Skin Contact	May cause mild skin irritation
Ingestion	Do not taste or swallow
Symptoms	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation

Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-Term Exposure

Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP

Numerical Measures of Toxicity – Product
The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document:
LD50 Oral 22665 mg/kg; Acute toxicity estimate mg/kg mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Persistence and Degradability
No information available.

Mobility
Not Determined.

Other Adverse Effects
Not Determined.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods
Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Contact your supplier or a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations.

Contaminated Packaging Do not re-use empty containers. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated
IATA Not regulated
IMDG Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories
TSCA All ingredients appear on inventory
DSL/NDSL All components of this product are listed or are exempt
EINECS/ELINCS - *European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances / not available (N.A.)*
ENCS – *Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances/not available (N.A.)*
IECSC – *China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/not available (N.A.)*
KECL – *Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances/not available (N.A.)*
PICCS – *Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances/not available (N.A.)*

Legend:

TSCA - *United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory*
DSL/NDSL – *Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances* List
EINECS/ELINCS - *European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances*
ENCS – *Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances*
IECSC – *China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances*
KECL – *Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances*
PICCS – *Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances*

US Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42): None known

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302): None Known

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations: Not applicable

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number: Not Applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA	**Health Hazards**	**Flammability**	**Instability**	**Special Hazards**
	1	0	0	Not determined
HMIS	**Health Hazards**	**Flammability**	**Physical Hazards**	**Personal Protection**
	1	0	0	Not determined

Issuance Date	18-Feb-2014
Revision Date	19-Nov-2015
Revision Note	TSRN inclusion

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product And Company Identification

SDS ID: SDS 042
PRODUCT NAME: Prestone® Hi-Temp Brake Fluid DOT 3
PRODUCT NUMBER: AS400, AS400Y, AS401, AS401Y, AS402, AS402-6, AS403, AS405, AS455
FORMULA NUMBER: 2075-28, 2075-36, 2276-69, 2396-88, 2482-138, 2488-67, 310, 345, 360, 436

MANUFACTURER:
Prestone Products Corporation
Danbury, CT 06810-5109

CANADIAN OFFICE:
FRAM Group (Canada), Inc.
Mississauga, Ontario L5L 3S6

MEDICAL EMERGENCIES AND ALL OTHER INFORMATION PHONE NUMBER:
(800)890-2075 (in the US)
(800)668-9349 (in Canada)
TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER (Chemical Spills and Transport Accidents only):
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (in the US)
CANUTEC (613)996-6666 (in Canada)
SDS DATE OF PREPARATION/REVISION: 05/05/2014

PRODUCT USE: Automobile brake fluid – consumer product
RESTRICTIONS ON USE: None identified

2. Hazards Identification

GHS/HAZCOM 2012 Classification:

Health	Physical
Acute Oral Toxicity Category 4 Eye Corrosion Category 1 Skin Irritant Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure Category 2	Not Hazardous

Label Elements



DANGER!
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H373 May cause damage to kidneys, and liver through prolonged or repeated ingestion.

Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, or face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
P330 Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a doctor.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

The exact concentrations are a trade secret.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

Component	CAS No.	Amount
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	143-22-6	1-70%
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	1-60%
Polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether	9004-74-4	0-50%
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether	112-50-5	0-40%
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	1-30%
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether	112-35-6	0-30%
Pentaethylene glycol	4792-15-8	0-25%
Tetraethylene glycol	112-60-7	0-20%
Triethylene glycol	112-27-6	0-20%
Polyethylene glycol monobutyl ether	9004-77-7	0-20%
Tetraethylene glycol propyl ether	6881-94-3	0-10%
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	0-10%
Polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3	0-5%
Sodium phosphate	7601-54-9	0-5%
Diisopropanolamine	110-97-4	0-5%
Methyldiethanolamine	105-59-9	0-5%
Hexaethylene Glycol	2615-15-8	0-5%
Tetraethylene glycol monoethyl ether	5650-20-4	0-5%
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate	7778-77-0	0-5%
Phosphoric acid, monosodium Salt	7558-80-7	0-5%

The exact concentrations are a trade secret.

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air if effects occur and seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash all affected and exposed areas with soap and water. If skin irritation or redness develops or persists, seek medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Exposed eyes should be immediately flushed with copious amounts of water using a steady stream for a minimum of 20 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: If swallowed, get immediate medical advice by calling a Poison Control Center or hospital emergency room. If advice is not available, take victim and product container to the nearest emergency treatment center or hospital. Do not attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS: Eye contact may cause irritation with possible corneal injury. May cause mild skin irritation or sensitization. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Breathing high concentrations of vapors or mists may cause irritation, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, loss of sense of balance and visual disturbances. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal disturbances including irritation, abdominal pain, back pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, visual disturbances, decreased urine production, malaise, unconsciousness and liver or kidney damage. May cause chronic effects.

INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT, IF NEEDED: Seek immediate medical attention for eye contact, or large ingestions.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: It is estimated that the lethal oral dose of diethylene glycol in adults is 1.0-1.2 ml/kg. Diethylene glycol may cause an elevated anion-gap metabolic acidosis and renal tubular injury. Liver injury may occur, but not as severe as kidney injury. The signs and symptoms in diethylene glycol poisoning are those of metabolic acidosis, CNS depression and kidney injury. Urinalysis may show albuminuria, hematuria and oxaluria. The current medical management of diethylene glycol poisoning includes elimination of diethylene glycol, correction of metabolic acidosis and prevention of kidney injury. It is essential to have immediate and follow-up urinalysis and clinical chemistry. There should be particular emphasis on acid-base balance, and liver and kidney function tests. For severe and/or deteriorating cases, hemodialyis may be required. Dialysis should be considered for patients who have severe metabolic acidosis, or compromise of renal function. There is no conclusive evidence that ethanol treatment will be beneficial. 4-Methyl pyrazole (Fomepizole®) shows some promise as treatment because of its apparent lack of toxicity. Consult your poison control center.

5. Firefighting Measures

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water spray or fog, foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL: A solid stream of water or foam directed into hot, burning liquid can cause frothing. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and nitrogen oxides.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHERS: Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

6: Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment (See Section 8).

METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT/CLEANUP: Collect with absorbent material and place in appropriate, labeled container for disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Avoid eye contact. Avoid prolonged skin contact. Avoid breathing vapors and mists. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after use.

Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without any obvious ignition sources. Spills of this product on hot, fibrous insulation may result in spontaneous combustion.

Empty containers retain product residue and may be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, drill, etc. containers, even empty. Do not reuse empty containers unless properly cleaned.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: Keep away from excessive heat and open flames. Do not add nitrites or other nitro sating agents. Nitrosamine, which may cause cancer, may be formed. Keep containers closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry area.

NFPA CLASSIFICATION: Not Applicable

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

CHEMICAL	EXPOSURE LIMIT
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	None Established
Diethylene glycol	25 mg/m^3 TWA AIHA WEEL
Polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether	None Established
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether	None Established
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	35 ppm TWA Manufacturer 10 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV (Inhalable fraction and vapor)
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether	None Established
Pentaethylene glycol	10 mg/m^3 TWA Manufacturer
Tetraethylene glycol	None Established
Triethylene glycol	None Established
Polyethylene glycol monobutyl ether	None Established
Tetraethylene glycol propyl ether	None Established
Polypropylene glycol	10 mg/m^3 TWA AIHA WEEL
Polyethylene glycol	10 mg/m^3 TWA AIHA WEEL
Sodium phosphate	10 mg/m^3 TWA AIHA WEEL
Diisopropanolamine	10 ppm Manufacturer
Methyldiethanolamine	None Established
Hexaethylene Glycol	None Established
Tetraethylene glycol monoethyl ether	None Established
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate	None Established
Phosphoric acid, monosodium Salt	None Established

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS: General ventilation should be adequate for normal use. For operations where the product is heated or misted and exposures may be excessive, mechanical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to minimize exposure.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: None under normal use conditions. For operations where exposures may be excessive, a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and a dust/mist prefilter or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration. Select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

GLOVES: Chemical resistant gloves such as PVC coated gloves are recommended to prevent prolonged/repeated skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Splash proof goggles are recommended to prevent eye contact.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT/CLOTHING: Protective clothing if needed to avoid prolonged/repeated skin contact. Suitable washing and eye flushing facilities should be available in the work area. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered or dry cleaned before re-use.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

APPEARANCE:	Clear amber or yellow liquid	ODOR:	Mild odor
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not determined	pH:	Not determined
MELTING/FREEZING POINT:	<-60°F (<-51°C)	BOILING POINT/RANGE:	>450°F (>232°C)
FLASH POINT:	> 250°F (>121°C) PMCC	EVAPORATION RATE:	Not determined
FLAMMABILITY (SOLID, GAS)	Not Applicable	FLAMMABILITY LIMITS:	LEL: Not determined UEL: Not determined
VAPOR PRESSURE:	< 0.01 mmHg @20°F	VAPOR DENSITY:	>1
RELATIVE DENSITY:	1.00 – 1.07	SOLUBILITIES	Water: 100%
PARTITION COEFFICIENT (n-octanol/water)	Not determined	AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not determined
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:	Not determined	VISCOSITY:	Not determined

10. Stability and Reactivity

REACTIVITY: Normally unreactive

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Reaction with strong oxidizers will generate heat.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Contact with nitrites or other nitro sating agents may produce nitrosamine, a known animal carcinogen.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidizing agents, acids and strong alkalis.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Thermal decomposition will product carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, aldehydes, ketones, organic acids.

11. Toxicological Information

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

ACUTE HAZARDS:
INHALATION: None expected from short term exposures at ambient temperatures. At elevated temperatures, product may cause respiratory irritation, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, loss of sense of balance and visual disturbances. High concentrations of vapors at ambient temperatures may cause lung injury, liver dysfunction or kidney damage.

SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause mild irritation with redness and discomfort. Prolonged contact may cause defatting or drying of the skin.

EYE CONTACT: May cause irritation with tearing, blurred vision and possible corneal damage.

INGESTION: Ingestion may cause abdominal pain, back pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, visual disturbances, decreased urine production, malaise, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), unconsciousness and liver or kidney damage.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product may possibly lead to irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated exposures may cause damage to the central nervous system, blood, lung, liver or kidneys. Adverse reproductive effects may also occur. Prolonged or widespread contact may result in the absorption of potentially harmful amounts resulting in effects similar to those listed under ingestion. Massive contact with damaged skin or with material sufficiently hot to burn the skin may result in absorption of potentially lethal amounts.

CARCINOGENICITY LISTING: None of the components is listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, or OSHA.

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES:

Calculated ATE for product:	LD50: Oral 833 mg/kg
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether:	LD50: Oral Rat 5,300 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit 3,540 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol:	LD50: Oral Rat 5,660 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 2,700 mg/kg
Polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether:	LD50: Oral Rat 22 mL/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: >20 mL/kg
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether:	LD50: Oral Rat 10,610 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 3,540 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether:	LD50: Oral Rat 5,660 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 2,700 mg/kg
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether:	LD50: Oral Rat >10,500 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 2,700 mg/kg
Pentaethylene glycol:	LD50: Oral Guinea pig: 22,500 mg/kg
Tetraethylene glycol:	LD50: Oral Rat >18,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 20,000 mg/kg
Triethylene glycol:	LD50: Oral Rat >2,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 16,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene glycol monobutyl ether:	LD50: Oral Rat >2,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 3,540 mg/kg
Polypropylene glycol:	LD50: Oral Rat >2,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: >20,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene glycol:	LD50: Oral Rat >4,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: >20,000 mg/kg
Sodium phosphate:	LD50: Oral Rat: >2,000 mg/kg
Diisopropanolamine:	LD50: Oral Rat >4,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: >20,000 mg/kg
Methyldiethanolamine:	LD50: Oral Rat 1945 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: 2,700 mg/kg
Hexaethylene Glycol:	LD50: Oral Rat 32,000 mg/kg
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate:	LD50: Oral Rat 7,740 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: >20,000 mg/kg
Phosphoric acid, monosodium Salt:	LD50: Oral Rat >2,000 mg/kg
	LD50: Skin Rabbit: >2,000 mg/kg

12. Ecological Information

ECOTOXICITY:

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether:	LC50: Pimephales promelas (Fathead minnow) 2400 mg/L/96 hr.
	LC50: Daphnia magna 2210 mg/L /48 hr.;

Diethylene glycol:	LC50 Western mosquitofish >32,000 mg/L/96 hr.
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether:	LC50: Pimephales promelas (Fathead minnow) >10,000 mg/L/96 hr.
	LC50: Daphnia magna 10,000 mg/L /48 hr.
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether:	LC50 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) 1300 mg/L/96 hr.
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether:	LC0 Brachydanio rerio >5000 mg/L/96 hr.
	LC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea, neonate) >10,000 mg /L/48 hr.
Tetraethylene glycol:	LC50 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) >10,000 mg/L/96 hr.
	LC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea, neonate) 7746 mg /L/48 hr.
Triethylene glycol:	LC50 Lepomis macrochirus >10,000 mg/L/96 hr.
	EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea, neonate) >10,000 mg /L/48 hr.
Polypropylene glycol:	EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea, neonate) >109 mg /L/48 hr.
Polyethylene glycol:	LC50 Poecilia reticulata>100 mg/L /96 hr.
Sodium phosphate:	LC50 Gambusia affinis (Western mosquitofish) 28.5 mg/L/96 hr.
Diisopropanolamine:	LC50 Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) >1000 -2200 mg/L/ 96 hr.
Methyldiethanolamine:	LC50 Salmo gairdneri 762 mg/L/96 hr.
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate:	LC50 Rainbow Trout >100 mg/L/96 hr.
	EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea, neonate) >100 mg /L/48 hr.
Phosphoric acid, monosodium Salt:	LC50 Rainbow Trout >100 mg/L/96 hr.
	EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea, neonate) >100 mg /L/48 hr.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether: The theoretical BODs for triethylene glycol monobutyl ether are 0, 5, and 24% for 5 days, 10 days, and 20 days, respectively
Diethylene glycol: Readily biodegradable (>70% in 19 days).
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether: Readily biodegradable
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether: Readily biodegradable (95% in 5 days).
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether: Readily biodegradable
Tetraethylene glycol: Readily biodegradable
Triethylene glycol: Readily biodegradable
Polypropylene glycol: Readily biodegradable
Polyethylene glycol: Readily biodegradable
Diisopropanolamine: Achieved 39% of its theoretical oxygen demand using a sewage sludge following a 20 day incubation period.
Methyldiethanolamine: Was found to be non-biodegradable after 28 days.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether: An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for triethylene glycol monobutyl ether. This BCF suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Diethylene glycol: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Tetraethylene glycol: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Triethylene glycol: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Diisopropanolamine: An estimated BCF of 3 suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.
Methyldiethanolamine: An estimated BCF of 3.2 was calculated for N-methyldiethanolamine. This BCF suggests the potential for bio concentration in aquatic organisms is low.

MOBILITY IN SOIL:

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Diethylene glycol: Diethylene glycol is highly mobile in soil.
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Tetraethylene glycol: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Triethylene glycol: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Diisopropanolamine: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.
Methyldiethanolamine: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: None known

13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose of product in accordance with all local, state/provincial and federal regulations.

14. Transport Information

U.S. DOT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

DOT MARINE POLLUTANTS: This product does not contain Marine Pollutants as defined in 49 CFR 171.8.

IMDG CODE SHIPPING CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

CANADIAN TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

15. Regulatory Information

EPA SARA 311/312 HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: Acute Health, Chronic Health

EPA SARA 313: This Product Contains the Following Chemicals Subject to Annual Release Reporting Requirements Under SARA Title III, Section 313 (40 CFR 372):

Glycol Ethers	NA	<100%

PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE: This product is not known to contain or to have been manufactured with ozone depleting substances as defined in 40 CFR Part 82, Appendix A to Subpart A.

CERCLA SECTION 103: This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements, however, many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: This product does not contain chemicals regulated under California Proposition 65.

EPA TSCA INVENTORY: All of the components of this material are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substances Inventory.

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT: All of the ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Class D - Division 2 - Subdivision B - (Toxic material causing other chronic effects)

CANADIAN WHIMIS HAZARD SYMBOLS: 

This SDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

EUROPEAN INVENTORY OF EXISTING COMMERCIAL CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES (EINECS): All of the ingredients are listed on the EINECS inventory.

AUSTRALIA: All of the ingredients of this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

CHINA: All of the ingredients of this product are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China (IECSC).

16. Other Information

NFPA Rating: Fire: 1 Health: 2 Instability: 0

REVISION SUMMARY: All Sections – conversion to Hazcom 2012 classification and labeling and format.

SDS Date of Preparation/Revision: March 21, 2014

This SDS is directed to professional users and bulk handlers of the product. Consumer products are labeled in accordance with Federal Hazardous Substances Act regulations.

While Prestone Products Corporation believes that the data contained herein are factual and the opinions expressed are those of qualified experts regarding the results of tests conducted, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Prestone Products Corporation assumes legal responsibility. They are offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

If more information is needed, please contact:

Prestone Products Corporation
69 Eagle Road
Danbury, CT 06810
(800) 890-2075

SAFETY DATA SHEET

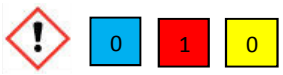
Purple Power Prime-Shine Auto Glass Cleaner

Section 1: Product and Company Identification:

Product Name: Purple Power Prime-Shine Auto Glass Cleaner
Product Use: Glass & Multi-Surface Cleaner
Part#'s: 2117PS, 2120P, 2125, 2140
Manufacture/Supplier: Aiken Chemical Company, Inc.
P.O. Box 27147, Greenville, SC 29616
12 Shelter Drive, Greer, SC 29650
Phone Number: (864) 968-1250
1-800-828-1860
Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300
Date of Preparation: March 30, 2015

Section 2: Hazards Identification:

Hazard Determination System (HDS): Health, Flammability, Reactivity



Emergency Overview:
Warning: May cause moderate irritation.
Potential Health Effects: See Section 11 for more information.
Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact, skin contact, ingestion, and inhalation.
Eye: Can cause redness, tearing and irritation which may result in impairment of vision.
Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact to unprotected skin may cause moderate irritation, defatting and dermatitis of the skin. Skin absorption may be hazard.
Ingestion: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and possible damage to the throat and esophagus. May affect the central nervous system.
Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of vapors may cause irritation of nasal and respiratory passages, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. May cause central nervous system depression.
Chronic Effects: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Signs and symptoms: Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, de-fatting and cracking of the skin.
Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Because of its irritating properties, product may aggravate preexisting skin, eye, and respiratory conditions.
Target Organs: Skin, eyes, gastrointestinal tract, respiratory system
Potential Environmental Effects: See Section 12 for more information.

Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients:

Ingredient	CAS#	Percent
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1-5

Section 4: First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Skin Contact: Thoroughly wash exposed area with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Always wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Inhalation: If breathing is hampered, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If problems persist, seek medical attention.
Ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting. Dilute by giving water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
General Advice: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. Show the label or SDS where possible.
Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures:

Flammability: Although this product has a flash point below 200 Deg. F, it is an aqueous solution containing an alcohol and does not sustain combustion. If product has undergone partial or complete evaporation, may be combustible.

Means of Extinguishing:

Suitable extinguishing media:	Dry chemical, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	Not Available
Products of Combustion:	Not Available
Explosion Data:	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:	Not Available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge:	Not Available
Protection of Firefighters:	Keep Upwind of fire. Wear full fire-fighting turn-out gear, (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA)

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures:

Personal Precautions:	Use personal protection recommended in section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.
Environmental Precautions:	Not Available.
Methods for Containment:	Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material, (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment, (PPE).
Methods for Clean-up:	Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.
Other Information:	Not Available.

Section 7: Handling and Storage:

Handling:	Store in a dry and cool area. Avoid breathing vapors. Protect skin and eyes. Do not swallow. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep product away from all sources of heat. Never use a welding or cutting torch or other source of heat on or near the product container because the product may ignite explosively
Storage:	Keep in tightly closed containers. Store in a cool area with adequate ventilation.
Other Precautions:	Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain product and vapors. Avoid contact with residual product.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protections:

Exposure Guidelines:

Ingredient	**Exposure Limits**	
	OSHA-PEL	**ACGIH-TLV**
Isopropanol**:**	400 ppm TWA	400 ppm STEL

Engineering Controls:	Use Ventilation adequate to keep exposures, (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.), below recommended exposure limits.
Personal Protective Equipment:	
Eye/Face Protection:	Splash goggles or safety glasses.
Hand Protection:	Wear suitable gloves, (Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber, and Polyethylene).
Skin and Body Protection:	Wear body-covering, impervious clothing, chemical resistant gloves and boots.
General Hygiene Considerations:	Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties:

Appearance and Odor:	Clear, Colorless
Physical State:	Liquid
pH:	7.0 – 8.0
Freezing Point:	~0°C (~32°F)
Boiling Point:	~100°C (~212°F)
Flash Point (Method Used):	190°F (Seta closed cup)
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate= 1) :	<1.0
LEL:	Not Determined
UEL:	Not Determined
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.):	Not Determined
Vapor Density (AIR=1):	Not Determined
Specific Gravity:	1.000
Solubility in Water:	Complete
Melting Point:	~0°C (~ 32°F)
Auto-Ignition Temperature:	Not Determined

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity:

Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.
Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures and/or mixing with oxidizing agents.
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Oxidizing Agents
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Sulfur compounds, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
Hazardous Polymenzation: Will Not Occur.

Section 11: Toxicology Information:

Effects of Acute Exposure

Component Analysis: May be irritating to eyes or cause vision impairment. May irritate skin and may affect central nervous system if large amounts inhaled or ingested.

Section 12: Ecological Information:

Ecotoxicity: Not Available
Persistence/Degradability: Not Available
Bioaccumulation/Accumulation: Not Available
Mobility in Environment: Not Available

Section 13: Disposal Considerations:

Disposal Instructions: This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information:

DOT, TDG, IMDG Classification: Not D.O.T. Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: Cleaning Compound, Non-Hazardous, n.o.s.
UN Number: N/A
Hazard Class: N/A
Packing Group N/A

Section 15: Regulatory Information:

Chemical Inventories:

TSCA: All components are listed on the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substances Inventory
SARA Section 311: Acute Health Hazard
SARA Section 313: Toxic Release Inventory Chemical: Glycol Ether PNP.

California Safe Drinking Water Enforcement Act (Prop 65): This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-to-Know act):

Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance list: This material contains the following components that appear on the PA list:

Component	CAS#	Amount
Isopropanol	67-63-0	≤ 2%

New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List: This product contains the following components that are on the NJ list:

Component	CAS#	Amount
Isopropanol	67-63-0	≤ 2%

Massachusetts Substance List: To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals that require reporting under this statute

Section 16: Other Information:

	Health Hazard	Flammability	Instability	Physical &Chemical Hazards
NFPA	0	1	0	NA

	Health Hazard	Flammability	Physical Hazard	Personal Protection
HMIS	0	1	0	C

Prepared By: Aiken Chemical Company, Inc.
12 Shelter Drive
Greer, SC 29650

Preparation/Revision Date: March 30, 2015

General Disclaimer: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Material Safety Data Sheet

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

Version *2*.0

Revision Date 03/19/2012

Print Date 06/07/2012

MSDS Number 350000009682
SITE_FORM Number
30000000000000003992.002

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product information

Trade name	:	RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)
Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Insecticide
Company	:	S.C. Johnson and Son, Limited 1 Webster Street Brantford ON N3T 5R1
Emergency telephone number	:	24 Hour Transport & Medical Emergency Phone (866) 231-5406 24 Hour International Emergency Phone (952) 852-4647 24 Hour Canadian Transport Emergency Phone (CANUTEC) (613) 996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance / Odor	:	colourless / aerosol / Chemical
Immediate Concerns	:	Caution CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. May be harmful if swallowed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate. Do not store at temperatures above 120 Deg. F (50 Deg C), as container may burst. Contents under pressure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas.

Potential Health Effects

Exposure routes	:	Eye, Skin, Inhalation, Ingestion.
Eyes	:	May cause: Mild eye irritation
Skin	:	Causes moderate skin irritation. May cause systemic effects. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

Inhalation	:	Excessive exposures may affect human health, as follows: Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.
Ingestion	:	May cause irritation to mouth, throat and stomach. May cause abdominal discomfort. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.
Aggravated Medical Condition	:	Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to irritating effects.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous chemicals present at or above reportable levels as defined by OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 or the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations are listed in this table:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	60.00 - 100.00
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1.00 - 5.00
Permethrin	52645-53-1	0.10 - 1.00
Tetramethrin	7696-12-0	0.10 - 1.00

For additional information on product ingredients, see www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses. Flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	:	Flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is affected, get medical attention.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

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5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Aerosol Product - Containers may rocket or explode in heat of fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Further information	:	Fight fire from maximum distance or protected area. Cool and use caution when approaching or handling fire-exposed containers. Wear full protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Flash point	:	96.6 °C 205.88 °F Method: Tag Closed Cup (TCC)
Lower explosion limit	:	Note: no data available
Upper explosion limit	:	Note: no data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	:	Remove all sources of ignition. Wear personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Outside of normal use, avoid release to the environment.
Methods for cleaning up	:	If damage occurs to aerosol can: Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Use only non-sparking equipment. Clean residue from spill site.

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

Version *2*.0
Revision Date 03/19/2012

Print Date 06/07/2012
MSDS Number 350000009682
SITE_FORM Number
30000000000000003992.002

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not puncture or incinerate.
Do not enter places where used or stored until adequately ventilated.
Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas.
For personal protection see section 8.
Do not spray toward face.
Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.
Use only as directed.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Do not store at temperatures above 120 Deg. F (50 Deg C), as container may burst.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	mg/m3	ppm	Non-standard units	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	1,200 mg/m3	152 ppm	-	SUPPLIER
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	-	30,000 ppm	-	ACGIH STEL
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	-	5,000 ppm	-	ACGIH TWA

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection		Do not spray in enclosed areas.
Hand protection	:	If prolonged or repeated contact is possible: Wear suitable gloves. Rubber gloves
Eye protection		Safety glasses with side-shields
Skin and body protection	:	No special requirements.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly after handling. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	:	aerosol
Color	:	colourless
Odor	:	Chemical
pH	:	not applicable
Boiling point	:	no data available
Freezing point	:	no data available
Flash point	:	96.6 °C 205.88 °F Method: Tag Closed Cup (TCC)
Autoignition temperature	:	no data available
Lower explosion limit	:	no data available
Upper explosion limit	:	no data available
Vapour pressure	:	no data available
Density	:	0.79 g/cm3
Water solubility	:	immiscible
Partition coefficient: n-	:	

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

Version *2*.0
Revision Date 03/19/2012

Print Date 06/07/2012
MSDS Number 350000009682
SITE_FORM Number
300000000000000003992.002

octanol/water		no data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	no data available
Volatile Organic Compounds Total VOC (wt. %)*	:	0 % - additional exemptions may apply *as defined by US Federal and State Consumer Product Regulations

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Materials to avoid	:	Do not mix with oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours.
Hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 estimated > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 estimated > 2.0 mg/l
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 estimated > 2,000 mg/kg

Chronic effects

Carcinogenicity	:	no data available
Mutagenicity	:	no data available

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

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30000000000000003992.002

Reproductive effects	:	no data available
Teratogenicity	:	no data available
Sensitisation	:	Not known to be a sensitizer.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects : Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

PESTICIDAL WASTE:
Observe all applicable Federal, Provincial and State regulations and Local/Municipal ordinances regarding disposal.
Consumer may discard empty container in trash, or recycle where facilities exist.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport

- **U.S. DOT and Canadian TDG Surface Transportation:**

Proper shipping name	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, non-flammable, 2.2
Class:	2.2
UN number	1950
Packaging group:	None.
Note:	Limited quantities derogation may be applicable to this product, please check transport documents.

Sea transport

- *IMDG:*

Proper shipping name	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, non-flammable, 2.2
Class:	2
UN number:	1950
Packaging group:	None.
EmS:	F-D, S-U

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

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MSDS Number 350000009682
SITE_FORM Number
30000000000000003992.002

Note: Limited quantities derogation may be applicable to this product, please check transport documents.

Air transport

- *ICAO/IATA:*

Proper shipping name	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, non-flammable, 2.2
Class:	2.2
UN/ID No.:	UN 1950
Packaging group:	None.
Note:	SC Johnson typically does not ship products via air. Refer to IATA/ICAO Dangerous Goods Regulations for detailed instructions when shipping this item by air.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Notification status : All ingredients of this product comply with the New Substances Notification requirements under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA).

Canada Regulations : This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings

Health	2
Flammability	1
Reactivity	0

NFPA Ratings

Health	2
Fire	1
Reactivity	0
Special	-

Further information

RAID® WASP & HORNET BUG KILLER 6 (REG. NO. 28686 P.C.P. ACT)

Version *2*.0

Revision Date 03/19/2012

Print Date 06/07/2012

MSDS Number 350000009682
SITE_FORM Number
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This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable. It does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Actual conditions of use are beyond the seller's control. User is responsible to evaluate all available information when using product for any particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws and regulations.

Prepared by:	SC Johnson Global Safety Assessment & Regulatory Affairs (GSARA)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

RECTORSEAL® T PLUS 2®

Pipe Thread Sealant with PTFE

Section 1 – Product and Company Information

Product Name
Rectorseal® T Plus 2®

Product Codes
23112, 23191, 23271, 23391, 23431, 23551, 23552, 23631, 23633, 23710, 23714

Chemical Family
Organic

Use
Pipe thread sealant

Manufacturer's Name
The RectorSeal Corporation
2601 Spenwick Drive
Houston, Texas 77055 USA

Date of Validation
January 23, 2015

Date of Preparation
May 30, 2013

HMIS Codes

Health	1
Flammability	1
Reactivity	0
PPI	B

Emergency Telephone No.
Chemtrec 24 Hours
(800)-424-9300 USA
(703)-527-3887 International

Technical Service Telephone No.
(800)-231-3345 or (713)-263-8001

Section 2 – Hazards Identification

GHS CLASSIFICATION

Physical Hazards

None

Health Hazards

Acute Toxicity:
Oral: Not Classified
Dermal: Not Classified
Inhalation: Not Classified
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not Classified
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not Classified
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not Classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not Classified
Carcinogenicity: Not Classified
Reproductive Toxicology: Not Classified
Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Single Exposure: Not Classified
Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: Not Classified

Aspiration Toxicity: Not Classified

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment: Not Classified
Acute aquatic toxicity: Not Classified
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Not Classified
Bioaccumulation potential: Not Classified
Rapid degradability: Not Classified

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram: None

Signal Word: None

Hazard Statements: None

Precautionary Statements:
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

May produce slight to moderate skin and eye irritation.

Route Of Exposure, Signs And Symptoms

INHALATION
None known.

EYE CONTACT
Irritation, watering may occur.

SKIN CONTACT
Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate and cause dermatitis.

INGESTION
May cause nausea and vomiting. Not expected to produce toxic effects unless large amounts are ingested.

SUMMARY OF CHRONIC HAZARDS
None known.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE
Individuals with pre-existing or chronic diseases of the eyes, skin or persons with chemical sensitivity may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposures.

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% by WT	CAS Number	INGREDIENT	UNITS

None as defined by OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If inhaled:	N/A
If on skin:	Wash with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
If in eyes:	Flush with large amounts of water. Get medical attention if irrtation persists.
If swallowed:	If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media
Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and other protective clothing. Hazardous decomposition products possible (see Section 10).

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Heat may build up pressure and rupture closed containers. Above 500°F (260°C) the fumes are acutely toxic.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled: Wipe or scrape up spilled material to prevent footing hazard and place in trash.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing: Keep container closed and upright when not in use.

Other Precautions: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or clothing. Empty containers may contain residues; treat as if full and observe all products precautions. Do not reuse empty containers.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type): None required.

Ventilation - Local Exhaust: N/A

Special: N/A

Mechanical (General): N/A

Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Wear rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical splash goggles (ANSI Z-87.1 or equivalent)

Other Protective Clothing Or Equipment: Coveralls recommended.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Where use can result in skin contact, wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling point:	N/D
Specific gravity (H20 = 1):	1.32
Vapor pressure (mmHg):	< 1 @77°F (25°C)
Melting point:	N/A
Vapor Density (Air = 1):	N/A
Evaporation rate (Ethyl Acetate = 1):	N/A
Appearance/Odor:	White paste/Slight odor
Solubility in water:	Negligible
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Content (theoretical percentage by weight):	0% or (0 g/L)
Flash point:	>300°F (149°C) SETA CC
Lower explosion limit:	N/D
Upper explosion limit:	N/D

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable

Conditions To Avoid: None known.

Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): Gaseous oxygen and strong oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: CO, CO_2 and fragmented hydrocarbons.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 – Toxicology Information

Chronic Health Hazards
No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Toxicology Data

Ingredient Name

Oral-Rat LD50:	N/A
Inhalation-Rat LC50:	N/A

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Ecological Data

Ingredient Name:	
Food Chain Concentration Potential	N/A
Waterfowl Toxicity	N/A
BOD	N/A
Aquatic Toxicity	N/A

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Waste Classification: Non-regulated solid waste

Disposal Method: Approved landfill

Waste from this product is not considered hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulation regarding pollution.

Section 14 – Transportation Information

DOT:	Non-regulated
Ocean (IMDG):	Non-regulated
Air (IATA):	Non-regulated
WHMIS (Canada):	Non-regulated

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

Regulatory Data

Ingredient Name:	
SARA 313	N/A
TSCA Inventory	All components listed
CERCLA RQ	N/A
RCRA Code	N/A

Section 16 – Other Information

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made.

Consult RectorSeal for further information: (713) 263-8001

Safety Data Sheet

RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION
* Trusted Quality Since 1921 *
www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

Product Name: ICWB LSPR 12PK WHITE MARKING

Revision Date: 5/24/2017

Product Identifier: 203039

Supercedes Date: 12/19/2016

Product Use/Class: Marking Paint

Supplier:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Rust-Oleum Consumer Brands Canada (RCBC)
200 Confederation Parkway
Concord, ON L4K 4T8
Canada

Manufacturer:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word
Danger

Possible Hazards
27% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Compressed Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P405	Store locked up.

P410+P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.%	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Propane	74-98-6	17	GHS04	H280
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	8.9	Not Available	Not Available
n-Butane	106-97-8	8.0	GHS04	H280
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	7.5	GHS08	H304
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332
Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate)	14807-96-6	2.1	Not Available	Not Available
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	1.7	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.2	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H225-304-332-351-373

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate)	14807-96-6	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	5.0	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	**Physical State:**	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	**Odor Threshold:**	N.E.
Relative Density:	0.882	**pH:**	N.D.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	**Viscosity:**	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Miscible	**Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ water:**	N.D.
Decompostion Temp., °C:	N.D.		
Boiling Range, °C:	-37 - 537	**Explosive Limits, vol%:**	0.9 - 12.6
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	**Flash Point, °C:**	-96
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	**Auto-ignition Temp., °C:**	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	**Vapor Pressure:**	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	2500 mg/kg	N.I.
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
14807-96-6	Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate)	6000	N.I.	30
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt	68187-76-8

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS
Health: 2* **Flammability:** 4 **Physical Hazard:** 0 **Personal Protection:** X

NFPA RATINGS
Health: 2 **Flammability:** 4 **Instability** 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 531

SDS REVISION DATE: 5/24/2017

REASON FOR REVISION: Substance Chemical Name Changed
Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed
Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Safety Data Sheet

RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION
* Trusted Quality Since 1921 *
www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

Product Name: PTOUCH 2X +SSPR 6PK SEMI-GLOSS BLACK

Revision Date: 5/19/2017

Product Identifier: 249061

Supercedes Date: 12/7/2016

Product Use/Class: Topcoat/Aerosol

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word
Danger

Possible Hazards
33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Compressed Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.
P410+P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-336
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	GHS04	H280
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	10-25	GHS08	H304
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	GHS04	H280
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	2.5-10	GHS08	H304
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate)	14807-96-6	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H225-304-332-351-373
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H304-340-350
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
No Chemical Name Found	13462-86-7	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	111-76-2	0.1-1.0	GHS07	H302-312-315-319-332

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Acetone	67-64-1	30.0	250 ppm	500 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate)	14807-96-6	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	1.0	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
No Chemical Name Found	13462-86-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	111-76-2	1.0	20 ppm	N.E.	50 ppm	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	**Physical State:**	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	**Odor Threshold:**	N.E.
Relative Density:	0.749	**pH:**	N.D.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	**Viscosity:**	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	**Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ water:**	N.D.
Decompostion Temp., °C:	N.D.		
Boiling Range, °C:	-37 - 537	**Explosive Limits, vol%:**	0.9 - 13.0
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	**Flash Point, °C:**	-96
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	**Auto-ignition Temp., °C:**	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	**Vapor Pressure:**	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage. Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5000 mg/L Rat
14807-96-6	Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate)	6000	N.I.	30
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
64742-89-8	Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	N.I.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
13462-86-7	No Chemical Name Found	>15000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
111-76-2	Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	470 mg/kg Rat	1,060 mg/kg Rabbit	11 mg/L

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	111-76-2

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health:	2*	**Flammability:**	4	**Physical Hazard:**	0	**Personal Protection:**	X

NFPA RATINGS

Health:	2	**Flammability:**	4	**Instability**	0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 546

SDS REVISION DATE: 5/19/2017

REASON FOR REVISION: Product Composition Changed
Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
02 - Hazard Identification
Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Storage Fuel Stabiliser

Trico Products

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: **1**

Chemwatch: **4789-34**
Version No: **4.1.1.1**
Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **24/02/2014**
Print Date: **01/08/2014**
Initial Date: **Not Available**
S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Storage Fuel Stabiliser
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	118 ml Bottle (PN: 27222), 236 ml Bottle (PN: 27223), 473 ml Bottle (PN: 27228), Pack Size:, formerly : Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Fuel Stabiliser
Proper shipping name	Not Applicable
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	Not Applicable

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Fuel stabiliser for gasoline powered engines.

Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	Trico Products	Gold Eagle	
Address	Unit 1, 80 Fairbank Road Clayton 3169 VIC Australia	4400 South Kildare Avenue Chicago 60632 IL United States	
Telephone	+61 3 9271 3288	+1 312 376 4400	
Fax	+61 3 9271 3290	Not Available	
Website	http://www.tricoproducts.com	Not Available	
Email	sales@tricoproducts.com.au	marketing@goldeagle.com	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	Not Available	
Emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9271 3288	+1 800 535 5053	
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9271 3288	+1 800 535 5053	

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, regulated for storage purposes only

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max
Flammability	1	
Toxicity	1	
Body Contact	1	
Reactivity	1	
Chronic	0	

0 = Minimum
1 = Low
2 = Moderate
3 = High
4 = Extreme

Poisons Schedule	S5

Continued...

GHS Classification [1]	Flammable Liquid Category 4, STOT - SE (Narcosis) Category 3, Aspiration Hazard Category 1, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3
Legend:	*1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI*

Label elements

GHS label elements	
SIGNAL WORD	**DANGER**

Hazard statement(s)

H227	Combustible liquid
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement(s): Response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use… to extinguish.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
64742-47-8.	95	isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP
Not Available	5	additives

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

Continued...

	▸ Wash out immediately with fresh running water. ▸ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. ▸ Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. ▸ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: ▸ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ▸ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▸ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	▸ If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. ▸ Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. ▸ Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. ▸ Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. ▸ Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Ingestion	▸ For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. ▸ Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. ▸ If swallowed do **NOT** induce vomiting. ▸ If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. ▸ Observe the patient carefully. ▸ Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. ▸ Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. ▸ Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For acute or short term repeated exposures to petroleum distillates or related hydrocarbons:
- Primary threat to life, from pure petroleum distillate ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure.
- Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO2 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.
- Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and/or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.
- A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.
- Epinephrine (adrenalin) is not recommended for treatment of bronchospasm because of potential myocardial sensitisation to catecholamines. Inhaled cardioselective bronchodilators (e.g. Alupent, Salbutamol) are the preferred agents, with aminophylline a second choice.
- Lavage is indicated in patients who require decontamination; ensure use of cuffed endotracheal tube in adult patients. [Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

	▸ Foam. ▸ Dry chemical powder. ▸ BCF (where regulations permit). ▸ Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	▸ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Continued...

Fire Fighting	▸ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▸ Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. ▸ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▸ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	▸ Combustible. ▸ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. ▸ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. ▸ On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	▸ Remove all ignition sources. ▸ Clean up all spills immediately. ▸ Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. ▸ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. ▸ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. ▸ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▸ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	▸ Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. ▸ Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. ▸ Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. ▸ Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
Other information	▸ Store in original containers. ▸ Keep containers securely sealed. ▸ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▸ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▸ Metal can or drum ▸ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. ▸ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	▸ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP	White spirits	790 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(see Chapter 16)

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP	500 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm

Continued...

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP	29,500 mg/m3	20,000 mg/m3
additives	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	‣ Safety glasses with side shields. ‣ Chemical goggles. ‣ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	‣ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. ‣ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and.has to be observed when making a final choice.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	‣ Overalls. ‣ P.V.C. apron. ‣ Barrier cream.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:
***"*Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".**
The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the ***computer-generated*** selection:
Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Storage Fuel Stabiliser Not Available

Material	CPI

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index
A: Best Selection
B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion
C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion
NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -
* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.
Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

^ - Full-face
A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

Continued...

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Red liquid with a solvent odour; does not mix with water.

Physical state	Liquid	**Relative density (Water = 1)**	0.9
Odour	Not Available	**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water**	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	**Auto-ignition temperature (°C)**	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	**Decomposition temperature**	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	**Viscosity (cSt)**	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	82	**Molecular weight (g/mol)**	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	84 (TOC)	**Taste**	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	**Explosive properties**	Not Available
Flammability	Combustible.	**Oxidising properties**	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	7.0	**Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)**	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	0.8	**Volatile Component (%vol)**	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	**Gas group**	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	**pH as a solution(1%)**	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	**VOC g/L**	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▸ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. ▸ Product is considered stable. ▸ Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo. There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage.
Ingestion	Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result. (ICSC13733) Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives . Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Skin contact with the material may damage the health of the individual; systemic effects may result following absorption.
Eye	There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.

Continued...

Chronic	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure. There has been some concern that this material can cause cancer or mutations but there is not enough data to make an assessment. Constant or exposure over long periods to mixed hydrocarbons may produce stupor with dizziness, weakness and visual disturbance, weight loss and anaemia, and reduced liver and kidney function. Skin exposure may result in drying and cracking and redness of the skin.

	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Storage Fuel Stabiliser	Not Available	Not Available
isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available

** Value obtained from manufacturer's msds*
unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

Gold Eagle - Sta-Bil Storage Fuel Stabiliser, ISOPARAFFINS PETROLEUM HYDROTREATED HFP	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Acute Toxicity	⊘	**Carcinogenicity**	⊘
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	⊘	**Reproductivity**	⊘
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	⊘	**STOT - Single Exposure**	✔
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	⊘	**STOT - Repeated Exposure**	⊘
Mutagenicity	⊘	**Aspiration Hazard**	✔

Legend: ✔ *– Data required to make classification available*
✘ *– Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification*
⊘ *– Data Not Available to make classification*

CMR STATUS

Not Applicable

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.
Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Not Available	Not Available

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Not Available	Not Available

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must

Continued...

	refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked. A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate: ▸ Reduction ▸ Reuse ▸ Recycling ▸ Disposal (if all else fails) This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, regulated for storage purposes only
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP	Y

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

isoparaffins petroleum hydrotreated HFP(64742-47-8.) is found on the following regulatory lists	"International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index","Australia Exposure Standards","FisherTransport Information","Australia FAISD Handbook - First Aid Instructions, Warning Statements, and General Safety Precautions","IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 2: Pollutant only mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes","United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)","OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)","International Chemical Secretariat (ChemSec) SIN List (*Substitute It Now!)","International Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Declarable Substances Chemical List - ARP9536","OECD Existing Chemicals Database","Sigma-AldrichTransport Information","Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)","United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (Spanish)","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)","International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations","Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists","International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements","Australia - New South Wales Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005 - Characteristics of trackable wastes"

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.
A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:
www.chemwatch.net/references

Continued...

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Sta-Plex™ Extreme Pressure Premium Red Grease**

Other means of identification

Product code SL3190, SL3191, SL3195, SL3197

Recommended use Lubricating grease

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Industries, Inc.

Address 885 Louis Dr.
Warminster, PA 18974 US

Telephone

General Information 215-674-4300

Technical Assistance 800-521-3168

Customer Service 800-272-4620

24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC) 800-424-9300 (US)
703-527-3887 (International)

Website www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Sensitization, skin Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Avoid breathing vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye/face protection.

Response If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic		64742-52-5	60 - 70

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic		64742-65-0	20 - 30
Calcium carbonate		471-34-1	5 - 10
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts		68649-42-3	3 - 5
2-(2-cis-Heptadec-8-enyl-2-imidazol in-1-yl)ethanol		95-38-5	1 - 3

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Provide oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact
Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

General fire hazards
No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, please see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Latex. Rubber.

Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Grease.
Color	Red.
Odor	Mild petroleum.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	680 °F (360 °C) estimated
Flash point	475 °F (246.1 °C) Cleveland Open Cup
Evaporation rate	Slow.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.9
Solubility (water)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	500 °F (260 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity (kinematic)	> 21 mm²/s (104 °F (40 °C))
Percent volatile	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides. Metal oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Can cause stomach ache and vomiting.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May cause an allergic skin reaction. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Product	Species	Test Results
Sta-Plex™ Extreme Pressure Premium Red Grease		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	2632 mg/kg estimated
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	60 mg/l estimated
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5472 mg/kg estimated

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not available.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Product		Species	Test Results
Sta-Plex™ Extreme Pressure Premium Red Grease			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	32.6798 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	179.3869 mg/l, 96 hours estimated

Components		Species	Test Results
Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	> 56000 mg/l, 96 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5000 mg/l, 96 hours
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts (CAS 68649-42-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	1 - 5 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of waste from residues / unused products This product is not a RCRA hazardous waste (See 40 CFR Part 261.20 – 261.33). Empty containers may be recycled. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts (CAS 68649-42-3)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts (CAS 68649-42-3) Listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

Not listed.

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 311/312 Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

US state regulations

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts (CAS 68649-42-3)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts (CAS 68649-42-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) Not determined

Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) Not regulated

State

Consumer products Not regulated

VOC content (CA) Not determined

VOC content (OTC) Not determined

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 07-30-2015

Prepared by Allison Cho

Version # 01

Further information Not available.

HMIS® ratings
Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Physical hazard: 0
Personal protection: B

NFPA ratings
Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC Industries' knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industries.

Safety Data Sheet

1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product **Zip Wax Car Wash**
HSDS Code **4600-02**
Product Use **Wash**
Contact Address **Turtle Wax Limited, East Gillibrands, Skelmersdale, Lancashire, England,WN8 9TX**
Contact Numbers **Tel ; +44 (0) 1695 722 161** **Fax ; +44 (0) 1695 716 621**

2 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON CONSTITUENTS

Potentially hazardous constituents greater than 1% (or 0.2% for Aerosols) according to directive 2001-58-EC, CHIP 3

Chemical	Amount	CAS Number (s)	Einecs / EC Number	Risk Phrase(s)	Symbol (s)
ANIONIC-NONIONIC SURFACTANT BLEND	10.00 - 20.00%	N/a		36/38	Xi

3 HAZARD INFORMATION

Not classified as hazardous under CHIP 3

See Section 15 for further information

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eyelids. Continue rinsing for 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin Contact Wash with soap and water, and rinse thoroughly. If clothes are contaminated clean before re-use. If there is any irritation / discomfort of the skin seek medical attention.
Inhalation N/a
Ingestion Rinse mouth out with water and give large amounts of water or milk to people not unconscious. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If discomfort continues, get medical attention

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinction Media Powder, Dry Chemicals, Sand, Water spray, fog or mist
Special Procedures Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.
Avoid Using N/a
Special Hazard(s) N/a

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions See Section 15 for Safety Warnings wear suitable protective clothing for removal of product.
Environmental Precautions DO NOT discharge into surface water or ground water drains
Cleaning Methods Dilute with water and mop up

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Read instructions carefully before use.
Storage Store in cool frost free areas

8 EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

For industrial users follow your own CoSHH assessment for this product.

Ingredient Name	CAS Number	STD	LT exp (8hrs)	St exp (15 min)
N/a				

Comments	OES = Occupations Exposure Standard
Protective Equipment	N/a
Ventilation	N/a
Respirators	N/a
Gloves	N/a
Eye Protection	N/a
Other	N/a
Hygienic Work Routine	DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA, Wash hands after use and before eating etc.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Opaque viscous liquid
Colour	Green
Odour / Fragrance	Perfumed
pH (undiluted)	8.2
Flash point	N/a
Flammability	N/a
Vapour Pressure	N/a
Explosive characteristics	N/a
Boiling Point	100C
Melting Point	0C
Solubility	Completely soluble in water
Density	1.01 @ 15C
Evaporation Rate	< 0.1 N Butyl Acetate = 1.0

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid	Avoid frost and temperatures in excess of 35C
Materials to avoid	N/a
Hazardous decomposition products	Fire creates; vapours/ gases/ fumes of carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazards – General	N/a
Inhalation	N/a
Ingestion	Constituents indicate a low level of oral toxicity
Skin	N/a
Eyes	N/a

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Not classified as eco-toxic
Mobility	Water soluble High degree of mobility in soil
Persistence & Degradability	Readily biodegradable
Bio accumulative Potential	Not likely to bio-accumulate, surface active
Other adverse affects	May cause foaming

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose with household refuse if the article has environmentally friendly package marking (♻) otherwise take the waste to an approved site for disposal.

14 TRANSPORT

ROAD (ADR)		SEA (IMDG)	
UN Number	N/A	**UN Number**	N/A
ADR Class	N/A	**Class**	N/A
Code	N/A	**Marine Pollutant**	N/A
		IMDG Page no;	N/A

Shipping Name N/A
Notes Exempt from control as limited quantity provisions apply
Shipping label
No label required

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Product Label No label required

Risk Phrase(s) N/a

Safety Phrase(s) S2 Keep out of reach of children

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Phrase information from Section 2

R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin

You are recommended to refer to all international, national or local measures or requirements, which may apply.
The attention of users is drawn to the possible existence of other requirements complementing these requirements.

This data sheet complements the technical instruction sheets / label, but does not replace them.
The information it contains is based on our knowledge concerning the product on the date shown. It is given in good faith.
Under no circumstances does it exempt users from knowing and applying all regulations governing their business. They shall take the precautions linked to how they the use the product at their sole responsibility.

Users are also forewarned about any hazards incurred when a product is used for any other purposes than those for which it is designed.

Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 06/06/2017 *Reviewed on 04/26/2017*

1 Identification

- ***Product identifier***
  - ***Trade name:*** Vibra-TITE® VC-3®
    - ***Synonyms:*** VC-3 Threadmate
    - ***Part number:*** VT213
    - ***Application of the substance / the mixture*** Thread locking and sealing
- ***Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet***
  - ***Manufacturer/Supplier:***

ND Industries, Inc
1000 North Crooks Road
Clawson, MI 48017
USA
Telephone: +1-248-288-0000
Email: info@ndindustries.com
Website: www.ndindustries.com

  - ***Information department:*** Product safety department
  - ***Emergency telephone number:***

United States: 1-800-424-9300
International: +1-703-527-3887

2 Hazard(s) identification

- ***Classification of the substance or mixture***


GHS02 Flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.


GHS07

Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- ***Label elements***
  - ***GHS label elements*** The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
    - ***Hazard pictograms***


GHS02 GHS07

    - ***Signal word*** Danger
    - ***Hazard-determining components of labeling:***

methyl ethyl ketone
Acrylic Polymer

    - ***Hazard statements***

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

    - ***Precautionary statements***

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P280	Wear protective gloves.

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Trade name: Vibra-TITE® VC-3®

(Contd. of page 1)

P280	Wear eye protection / face protection.
P303+P361+P353	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- ***Classification system:***
  - ***NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)***



Health = 1
Fire = 3
Reactivity = 0

  - ***HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)***



Health = *1
Fire = 3
Reactivity = 0

- ***Other hazards***
  - ***Results of PBT and vPvB assessment***
    - ***PBT:*** Not applicable.
    - ***vPvB:*** Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- ***Chemical characterization: Mixtures***
  - ***Description:*** Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.
  - ***Dangerous components:***

78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	60-69%
28262-63-7	Acrylic Resin	Combustible Dust	30-39%
	Acrylic Polymer	Repr. 2, H361; Skin Sens. 1B, H317	1-4%

4 First-aid measures

- ***Description of first aid measures***
  - ***After inhalation:***
    Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.
    In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.
    Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
  - ***After skin contact:*** Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
  - ***After eye contact:*** Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.
  - ***After swallowing:*** If symptoms persist consult doctor.
  - ***Information for doctor:***
    - ***Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed*** No further relevant information available.
    - ***Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed***
      No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- ***Extinguishing media***
  - ***Suitable extinguishing agents:***
    CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
    CO2, sand, extinguishing powder. Do not use water.
  - ***For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:*** Water with full jet
- ***Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Advice for firefighters***
  - ***Protective equipment:***
    Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
    Wear fully protective suit.

*
6 Accidental release measures

- ***Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures***
  Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

(Contd. on page 3)

Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA HCS

(Contd. of page 2)

Ensure adequate ventilation
Wear protective clothing.
- ***Environmental precautions:*** Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- ***Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:***
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).
Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents
Dispose of the collected material according to regulations.
- ***Reference to other sections***
See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for disposal information.
- ***Protective Action Criteria for Chemicals***

- ***PAC-1:***		
78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone	200 ppm
67762-90-7	Synthetic amorphous silica (fumed)	120 mg/m3

- ***PAC-2:***		
78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone	2700* ppm
67762-90-7	Synthetic amorphous silica (fumed)	1,300 mg/m3

- ***PAC-3:***		
78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone	4000* ppm
67762-90-7	Synthetic amorphous silica (fumed)	7,900 mg/m3

7 Handling and storage

- ***Handling:***
  - ***Precautions for safe handling***
Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
Open and handle receptacle with care.
Prevent formation of aerosols.
No special precautions are necessary if used correctly.
  - ***Information about protection against explosions and fires:***
Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.
Protect against electrostatic charges.
Keep respiratory protective device available.
- ***Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities***
  - ***Storage:***
    - ***Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:*** Store in a cool location.
    - ***Information about storage in one common storage facility:*** Not required.
    - ***Further information about storage conditions:***
Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.
- ***Specific end use(s)*** No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- ***Additional information about design of technical systems:*** No further data; see item 7.
- ***Control parameters***
  - ***Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:***
The following constituent is the only constituent of the product which has a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit.
At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

78-93-3 methyl ethyl ketone	
PEL	Long-term value: 590 mg/m³, 200 ppm
REL	Short-term value: 885 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 590 mg/m³, 200 ppm
TLV	Short-term value: 885 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 590 mg/m³, 200 ppm BEI

- ***Ingredients with biological limit values:***

78-93-3 methyl ethyl ketone	
BEI	2 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: MEK

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Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA HCS

(Contd. of page 3)

- ***Additional information:*** The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.

- ***Exposure controls***
  - ***Personal protective equipment:***
    - ***General protective and hygienic measures:***
      Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
      Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.
      Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
      Store protective clothing separately.
      Avoid contact with the eyes.
      Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
    - ***Breathing equipment:***
      Not required.
      In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.
    - ***Protection of hands:***


Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.
Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation
      - ***Material of gloves***
        The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.
        Nitrile rubber, NBR
      - ***Penetration time of glove material***
        The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.
    - ***Eye protection:***


Tightly sealed goggles

    - ***Body protection:*** Protective work clothing

9 Physical and chemical properties

- ***Information on basic physical and chemical properties***	
- ***General Information***	
- ***Appearance:***	
- ***Form:***	Viscous
- ***Color:***	Red
- ***Odor:***	Solvent-like
- ***Odor threshold:***	Not determined.
- ***pH-value:***	Not determined.
- ***Change in condition***	
- ***Melting point/Melting range:***	Undetermined.
- ***Boiling point/Boiling range:***	79 °C (174 °F)
- ***Flash point:***	-4 °C (25 °F)
- ***Flammability (solid, gaseous):***	Not applicable.
- ***Ignition temperature:***	410 °C (770 °F)
- ***Decomposition temperature:***	Not determined.
- ***Auto igniting:***	Product is not selfigniting.
- ***Danger of explosion:***	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapor mixtures are possible.
- ***Explosion limits:***	
- ***Lower:***	1.8 Vol %
- ***Upper:***	11.5 Vol %
- ***Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):***	105 hPa (79 mm Hg)
- ***Density:***	Not determined.

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Trade name: Vibra-TITE® VC-3®

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- ***Relative density***	Not determined.
- ***Vapor density***	Not determined.
- ***Evaporation rate***	Not determined.
- ***Solubility in / Miscibility with***	
- ***Water:***	Not miscible or difficult to mix.
- ***Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):***	Not determined.
- ***Viscosity:***	
- ***Dynamic:***	Not determined.
- ***Kinematic at 40 °C (104 °F):***	250 mm²/s
- ***Solvent content:***	
- ***Organic solvents:***	60.2 %
- ***VOC content:***	60.2 % 602.0 g/l / 5.02 lb/gl
- ***Solids content:***	19.6 %
- ***Other information***	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- ***Reactivity*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Chemical stability***
- ***Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:*** No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- ***Possibility of hazardous reactions*** No dangerous reactions known.
- ***Conditions to avoid*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Incompatible materials:*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Hazardous decomposition products:***
Aldehyde
Hydrocarbons

11 Toxicological information

- ***Information on toxicological effects***
- ***Acute toxicity:***

- ***LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:***		
78-93-3 methyl ethyl ketone		
Oral	LD50	3300 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	5000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Acrylic Polymer		
Oral	LD50	5000 mg/kg (rat)

- ***Primary irritant effect:***
- ***on the skin:*** No irritant effect.
- ***on the eye:*** Irritating effect.
- ***Sensitization:*** Sensitization possible through skin contact.
- ***Additional toxicological information:***
The product shows the following dangers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations:
Irritant

- ***Carcinogenic categories***

- ***IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)***
None of the ingredients is listed.

- ***NTP (National Toxicology Program)***
None of the ingredients is listed.

- ***OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)***
None of the ingredients is listed.

12 Ecological information

- ***Toxicity***
- ***Aquatic toxicity:*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Persistence and degradability*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Behavior in environmental systems:***
- ***Bioaccumulative potential*** No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 6)

Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA HCS

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Trade name: Vibra-TITE® VC-3®

(Contd. of page 5)

- ***Mobility in soil*** No further relevant information available.
- ***Additional ecological information:***
  - ***General notes:***
    Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water
    Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
- ***Results of PBT and vPvB assessment***
  - ***PBT:*** Not applicable.
  - ***vPvB:*** Not applicable.
- ***Other adverse effects*** No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- ***Waste treatment methods***
  - ***Recommendation:*** Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- ***Uncleaned packagings:***
  - ***Recommendation:*** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

- ***UN-Number***	
- ***DOT, IMDG, IATA***	UN1139
- ***UN proper shipping name***	
- ***DOT***	Coating solution
- ***IMDG, IATA***	COATING SOLUTION
- ***Transport hazard class(es)***	
- ***DOT***	
	
- ***Class***	3 Flammable liquids
- ***Label***	3
- ***IMDG, IATA***	
	
- ***Class***	3 Flammable liquids
- ***Label***	3
- ***Packing group***	
- ***DOT, IMDG, IATA***	II
- ***Environmental hazards:***	
- ***Marine pollutant:***	No
- ***Special precautions for user***	Warning: Flammable liquids
- ***Danger code (Kemler):***	33
- ***EMS Number:***	F-E,S-E
- ***Stowage Category***	B
- ***Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code***	Not applicable.
- ***Transport/Additional information:***	
- ***DOT***	
- ***Quantity limitations***	On passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L On cargo aircraft only: 60 L
- ***IMDG***	
- ***Limited quantities (LQ)***	5L
- ***Excepted quantities (EQ)***	Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

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Trade name: Vibra-TITE® VC-3®

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- ***UN "Model Regulation":*** UN 1139 COATING SOLUTION, 3, II

* 15 Regulatory information

- ***Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture***
  - ***Sara***
    - ***Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):***

None of the ingredients is listed.

    - ***Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):***

78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone

    - ***TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):***

methyl ethyl ketone
Acrylic Resin
Trioctyl trimellitate
Synthetic amorphous silica (fumed)
Pigment

  - ***Proposition 65***
    - ***Chemicals known to cause cancer:***

None of the ingredients is listed.

    - ***Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:***

None of the ingredients is listed.

    - ***Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:***

None of the ingredients is listed.

    - ***Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:***

None of the ingredients is listed.

  - ***Carcinogenic categories***
    - ***EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)***

78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone	I

    - ***TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)***

None of the ingredients is listed.

    - ***NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)***

None of the ingredients is listed.

- ***Chemical safety assessment:*** A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- ***Department issuing SDS:*** ND Industries, Inc. - Safety, Health and Environmental Affaires
- ***Contact:*** Safety, Health and Environmental Affaires
  - ***Date of preparation / last revision*** 06/06/2017 / 19
  - ***Abbreviations and acronyms:***

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
DOT: US Department of Transportation
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety
OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
REL: Recommended Exposure Limit
BEI: Biological Exposure Limit
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B: Skin sensitisation – Category 1B
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

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Trade name: Vibra-TITE® VC-3®

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STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

- **** Data compared to the previous version altered.***

- ***Disclaimer***

The information set forth is based on information that ND Industries, Incorporated believes to be accurate. No warranty, expressed or implied, is intended. The information is provided solely for your information and consideration and ND Industries Inc. assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance thereon. In the event of a discrepancy between the information on the non-English document and its English counterpart, the English version shall supersede.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET
WD40 AEROSOL

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT NAME: WD40 AEROSOL

APPLICATION: Anti-squeak. Moisture repellant. Releasing agent

SUPPLIER:
WD40 Company Limited
PO Box 440
Kiln Farm
Milton Keynes
MK11 3LF
Tel: 01908 555400
Fax: 01908 266900
info@wd40.co.uk

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 00 44 1908 555 400 (08.00 - 16.30)

2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Flammable. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

CLASSIFICATION: R10, R66.

ENVIRONMENT

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited.

HUMAN HEALTH

See section 11 for additional information on health hazards. This substance has no evidence of carcinogenic properties.

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	EC No.	CAS-No.	Content	Classification
CARBON DIOXIDE	204-696-9	124-38-9	1-5%	-
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	265-150-3	64742-48-9	60-80%	Xn;R65. R10,R66.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

INGESTION

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! NEVER MAKE AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON VOMIT OR DRINK FLUIDS! Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water (200-300 ml). Get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

EYE CONTACT

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use: Foam. Water spray, fog or mist. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS

Fire or high temperatures create: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2).

PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN FIRE

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

SPILL CLEAN UP METHODS

Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Absorb with inert, damp, non-combustible material, then flush area with water.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

USAGE PRECAUTIONS

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after handling.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	Std	LT - ppm	LT - mg/m3	ST - ppm	ST - mg/m3
CARBON DIOXIDE			Asphyxiating		Asphyxiating

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT





ENGINEERING MEASURES

Provide adequate ventilation.

HAND PROTECTION

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably probable.

HYGIENE MEASURES

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE	Liquid Aerosol
COLOUR	Light (or pale) Amber
ODOUR	Characteristic
SOLUBILITY	Insoluble in water

RELATIVE DENSITY	0.817 @ 21°C	VAPOUR DENSITY (air=1)	> 1
VAPOUR PRESSURE	95-105 psi @ 21°C	VOLATILE BY VOL. (%)	57%
FLASH POINT (°C)	44°C TOC (Tag open cup).	FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - LOWER(%)	0.6%
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - UPPER(%)	8.0%		

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

During fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2) are formed.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INHALATION

Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

SKIN CONTACT

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EYE CONTACT

Spray and vapour in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

Other Health Effects

This substance has no evidence of carcinogenic properties.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

The product contains substances which contribute to global warming (greenhouse effect).

BIOACCUMULATION

The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

DEGRADABILITY

The product is easily biodegradable.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHODS

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Make sure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION



UK ROAD CLASS	2.1		
PROPER SHIPPING NAME	AEROSOLS		
UN NO. ROAD	1950	UK ROAD PACK GR.	#
ADR CLASS NO.	2.1	ADR CLASS	Class 2: Gases
ADR PACK GROUP	#	ADR LABEL NO.	2.1
CEFIC TEC(R) NO.	20G5F	RID CLASS NO.	2.1
RID PACK GROUP	#	UN NO. SEA	1950
IMDG CLASS	2.1	IMDG PACK GR.	#
EMS	F-D, S-U	MFAG	See Guide
MARINE POLLUTANT	No.	UN NO. AIR	1950
AIR CLASS	2.1	AIR PACK GR.	#

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

CONTAINS PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

RISK PHRASES

R10	Flammable.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SAFETY PHRASES

S2	Keep out of the reach of children
S16	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S23	Do not breathe vapour/spray.
S37	Wear suitable gloves.
S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas.
A1	Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
A2	Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

EU DIRECTIVES

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging) Regulations.

APPROVED CODE OF PRACTICE

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

GUIDANCE NOTES

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

16 OTHER INFORMATION

REVISION COMMENTS

Re-issued in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

REVISION DATE	09-2007
REV. NO./REPL. SDS GENERATED	3 / 02-2007

RISK PHRASES IN FULL

NC	Not classified.
R10	Flammable.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

DISCLAIMER

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use. ,

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: **APR 2017**

WELD-ON® P-70™ Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe Supersedes: **FEB 2017**

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: **WELD-ON® P-70™ Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe**

PRODUCT USE: Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe

SUPPLIER:

MANUFACTURER: IPS Corporation
17109 South Main Street, Gardena, CA 90248-3127
P.O. Box 379, Gardena, CA 90247-0379
Tel. 1-310-898-3300

EMERGENCY: Transportation: CHEMTEL Tel. 800.255-3924, +1 813-248-0585 (International) **Medical:** CHEMTEL Tel. 800.255-3924, +1 813-248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

Health		Environmental		Physical	
Acute Oral Toxicity:	Category 4	Acute Toxicity:	None Known	Flammable Liquid	Category 2
Skin Irritation:	Category 3	Chronic Toxicity:	None Known		
Skin Sensitization:	NO				
Carcinogenity	Category 2				
Eye:	Category 2				

GHS LABEL:



Signal Word:
Danger

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: CLASS B, DIVISION 2
CLASS D, DIVISION 2B

Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor	P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
H319: Causes serious eye irritation	P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
H332: Harmful if inhaled	P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
H335: May cause respiratory irritation	P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness	P403+P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
H351: Suspected of causing cancer	P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation
EUH019: May form explosive peroxides	

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

	CAS#	EINECS #	REACH Pre-registration Number	CONCENTRATION % by Weight
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	109-99-9	203-726-8	05-2116297729-22-0000	45 - 59
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	201-159-0	05-2116297728-24-0000	19 - 29
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	203-631-1	05-2116297718-25-0000	5 - 15
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	05-2116297713-35-0000	5 - 20

All of the constituents of this adhesive product are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing.
* Indicates this chemical is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR372).
indicates that this chemical is found on Proposition 65's List of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Contact with eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes and seek medical advice immediately.
Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice.
Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical advice.
Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately.

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye and Skin Contact

Acute symptoms and effects:

Inhalation: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages.
Eye Contact: Vapors slightly uncomfortable. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjunctival inflammation on contact with the liquid.
Skin Contact: Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact.
Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and mental sluggishness.

Chronic (long-term) effects: Category 2 Carcinogen

SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide gas, foam, Halon, water fog.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray or stream.
Exposure Hazards: Inhalation and dermal contact
Combustion Products: Oxides of carbon and smoke

	HMIS	NFPA	
Health	2	2	1-Slight
Flammability	3	3	2-Moderate
Reactivity	0	0	3-Serious
PPE	B		4-Severe

Protection for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face positive pressure airline masks.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.
Provide sufficient ventilation, use explosion-proof exhaust ventilation equipment or wear suitable respiratory protective equipment.
Prevent contact with skin or eyes (see section 8).
Environmental Precautions: Prevent product or liquids contaminated with product from entering sewers, drains, soil or open water course.
Methods for Cleaning up: Clean up with sand or other inert absorbent material. Transfer to a closable steel vessel.
Materials not to be used for clean up: Aluminum or plastic containers

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid breathing of vapor, avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Keep away from ignition sources, use only electrically grounded handling equipment and ensure adequate ventilation/fume exhaust hoods.
Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling.
Storage: Store in ventilated room or shade below 44°C (110°F) and away from direct sunlight.
Keep away from ignition sources and incompatible materials: caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates.
Follow all precautionary information on container label, product bulletins and solvent cementing literature.

SECTION 8 - PRECAUTIONS TO CONTROL EXPOSURE / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Component	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	OSHA PEL	OSHA STEL	OSHA PEL-Ceiling	CAL/OSHA PEL	CAL/OSHA Ceiling	CAL/OSHA STEL
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	50 ppm	100 ppm	200 ppm	N/E	N/E	200 ppm	N/E	250 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	N/E	N/E	200 ppm	N/E	300 ppm
Cyclohexanone	20 ppm	50 ppm	50 ppm	N/E	N/E	25 ppm	N/E	N/E
Acetone	500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm	N/E	N/E	500 ppm	3000 ppm	750 ppm

Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust as needed.
Monitoring: Maintain breathing zone airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Eye Protection: Avoid contact with eyes, wear splash-proof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards and side shields, etc. as may be appropriate for the exposure.
Skin Protection: Prevent contact with the skin as much as possible. Butyl rubber gloves should be used for frequent immersion.
Use of solvent-resistant gloves or solvent-resistant barrier cream should provide adequate protection when normal adhesive application practices and procedures are used for making structural bonds.
Respiratory Protection: Prevent inhalation of the solvents. Use in a well-ventilated room. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed above.
With normal use, the Exposure Limit Value will not usually be reached. When limits approached, use respiratory protection equipment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Clear or purple, thin liquid		
Odor:	Ethereal	**Odor Threshold:**	0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone)
pH:	Not Applicable		
Melting/Freezing Point:	-108.5°C (-163.3°F) Based on first melting component: THF	**Boiling Range:**	56°C (133°F) to 156°C (313°F)
Boiling Point:	56°C (133°F) Based on first boiling component: Acetone	**Evaporation Rate:**	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)
Flash Point:	-20°C (-4°F) TCC based on Acetone	**Flammability:**	Category 2
Specific Gravity:	0.858 @23°C (73°F)	**Flammability Limits:**	**LEL:** 1.1% based on Cyclohexanone
Solubility:	Solvent portion soluble in water.		**UEL:** 12.8% based on Acetone
Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not Available	**Vapor Pressure:**	190 mm Hg @ 20°C (68°F) Acetone
Auto-ignition Temperature:	321°C (610°F) based on THF	**Vapor Density:**	>2.0 (Air = 1)
Decomposition Temperature:	Not Applicable	**Other Data: Viscosity:**	Water-thin
VOC Content:	When applied as directed, per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A,VOC content is: ≤ 550 g/l.		

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable
Hazardous decomposition products:	None in normal use. When forced to burn, this product gives off oxides of carbon and smoke.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources.
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizers, strong acids and bases, amines, ammonia

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:	**LD_{50}**	**LC_{50}**	**Target Organs**
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Oral: 2842 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation 3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m^3 (rat)	STOT SE3
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	Oral: 2737 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 6480 mg/kg (rabbit)	Inhalation 8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m^3 (rat)	STOT SE3
Cyclohexanone	Oral: 1535 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 948 mg/kg (rabbit)	Inhalation 4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)	
Acetone	Oral: 5800 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation 50,100 mg/m^3 (rat)	STOT SE3

Reproductive Effects	Teratogenicity	Mutagenicity	Embryotoxicity	Sensitization to Product	Synergistic Products
Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	None Known
Mobility:	In normal use, emission of volatile organic compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place, typically at a rate of ≤ 550 g/l.
Degradability:	Not available
Bioaccumulation:	Minimal to none.

SECTION 13 - WASTE DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow local and national regulations. Consult disposal expert.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran)
Hazard Class:	3
Secondary Risk:	None
Identification Number:	UN 1993
Packing Group:	PG II
Label Required:	Class 3 Flammable Liquid
Marine Pollutant:	NO

EXCEPTION for Ground Shipping
DOT Limited Quantity: Up to 1L per inner packaging, 30 kg gross weight per package.
Consumer Commodity: Depending on packaging, these quantities may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D" .

TDG INFORMATION	
TDG CLASS:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3
SHIPPING NAME:	Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran)
UN NUMBER/PACKING GROUP:	UN 1993, PG II

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: Highly Flammable, Irritant, (Carc.-THF) Cat. 2

Symbols: F, Xi

Risk Phrases:
R11: Highly flammable.
R20: Harmful by inhalation.
R36/37: Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.
R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R67: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Safety Phrases:
S9: Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S25: Avoid contact with eyes.
S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S33: Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
S46: If swallowed, seek medical advise immediately and show this container or label.

Ingredient Listings: USA TSCA, Europe EINECS, Canada DSL, Australia AICS, Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MITI (ENCS)

Compliant SDS for GHS: HazCom 2012 / United States

This SDS was prepared in accordance with European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Specification Information:	
Department issuing data sheet:	IPS, Safety Health & Environmental Affairs
E-mail address:	<EHSinfo@ipscorp.com>
Training necessary:	Yes, training in practices and procedures contained in product literature.
Reissue date / reason for reissue:	4/28/2017 / Updated GHS Standard Format
Intended Use of Product:	Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe

This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.