1 2 3	DAVID R. ZARO (BAR NO. 124334) JOSHUA A. DEL CASTILLO (BAR NO. 239015) NORMAN M. ASPIS (BAR NO. 313466) ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP 865 South Figueroa Street, Suite 2800 Los Angeles, California 90017-2543	
4		
5	Phone: (213) 622-5555 Fax: (213) 620-8816	
6	E-Mail: dzaro@allenmatkins.com jdelcastillo@allenmatkins.com	
7	naspis@allenmatkins.com	
8	Attorneys for Receiver GEOFF WINKLER	
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11		
12	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	Case No. 2:18-cv-05008-FMO-AFM
13	Plaintiff,	Ctrm: 6D Judge Hon. Fernando M. Olguin
14	ŕ	
15	v. RALPH T. IANNELLI and ESSEX	REPLY IN SUPPORT OF STIPULATION TO AUTHORIZE DECEMBER DISCORGEMENT
16	CAPITAL CORP.,	EFFORTS AND ESTABLISH DISGORGEMENT PROCEDURES
17	Defendants.	DISGORGEMENT PROCEDURES
18		
19	TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:	
20	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT Geoff Winkler (the "Receiver"), the	
21	Court-appointed permanent receiver for Defendant Essex Capital Corporation	
22	("Essex") and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, the or "Entities"), hereby	
23	submits the following Reply in Support of Stipulation to Authorize Receiver's	
24	Disgorgement Efforts and Establish Disgorgement Procedures (the "Stipulation")	
25	(ECF No. 157, et seq.), as follows:	
26	I. <u>INTRODUCTION.</u>	
27	Defendant Ralph Iannelli's Response to the Stipulation (Defendant's	
28	"Response") (ECF No. 165) should be ignored by this Court. As a preliminary	
Gamble		

LAW OFFICES

Allen Matkins Leck Gamble
Mallory & Natsis LLP

matter, Defendant Iannelli lacks standing to assert anything akin to an affirmative defense on behalf of prospective third-party disgorgement defendants. His effort to do so merely underscores that his Response is nothing more than a baseless, brazen attempt to frustrate the Receiver's efforts to recover funds for the benefit of the Entities and their investors and creditors, in order to benefit a select group of profiting investors whom Mr. Iannelli perceives may be among those against whom the Receiver intends to commence litigation.

More critically, Defendant Iannelli's Response is predicated upon a profound mischaracterization of the Stipulation, and the associated Proposed Order thereon. Most critically, the Stipulation does not do what Defendant Iannelli claims: Neither the Stipulation nor its associated Proposed Order request that this Court make a finding that Defendant Iannelli operated a Ponzi scheme. As such, Defendant Iannelli's Response is entirely irrelevant to the relief requested in the Stipulation, which is entirely administrative in nature.

The Receiver submits that the Court should not countenance Defendant Iannelli's improper and baseless attempt to interfere with the Receiver's collection efforts, and respectfully requests that the Stipulation, filed in consultation with the Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), be granted, in its entirety, and the Receiver permitted to commence his disgorgement efforts.

## II. ARGUMENT.

## A. As A Threshold Matter, Mr. Iannelli Lacks Standing To Challenge The Stipulation.

Defendant Iannelli lacks standing to challenge the Stipulation because he consented to entry of a final judgment (the "Final Judgment") against him in the above-entitled enforcement action, pursuant to which he waived his rights to a jury trial and to appeal the Final Judgment, entered by the Court on June 5, 2019. (See ECF Nos. 90 and 93.) Upon entry of the Final Judgment, Mr. Iannelli's interests in connection with the instant action were terminated, extinguishing his standing to

challenge the Stipulation. See e.g., Evanston Ins. Co. v. OEA, Inc., No. S-02-1505 1 DFL PAN, 2004 WL 7334069, at \*3 (E.D. Cal. Nov. 22, 2004) (holding that party's 2 "interests continue to be at stake until the possibility of reversal of the Court's summary judgment ruling no longer exists ... Until that possibility no longer exists, 4 that is, until [the party] receives a final judgment, it remains a party to the ... 5 litigation."). Here, the Final Judgment has been entered, extinguishing Mr. Iannelli's 6 7 standing as a party to challenge the Stipulation. 8 Moreover, even were he to claim an interest as a third party, Defendant Iannelli cannot satisfy fundamental constitutional standing requirements. 10 Specifically, and in connection with the relief requested by the Stipulation, Mr. Iannelli cannot demonstrate that "(1) [he] has suffered an 'injury in fact' that is 11 (a) concrete and particularized and (b) actual or imminent, not conjectural or 12 hypothetical; (2) the injury is fairly traceable to the challenged action of the 13 [Receiver]; and (3) it is likely, as opposed to merely speculative, that the injury will 14 be redressed by a favorable decision." City of Sausalito v. O'Neill, 386 F.3d 1186, 15 1197 (9th Cir. 2004) (internal citation omitted). The Court need not consider the 16 second and third elements to establish Article III standing, because Mr. Iannelli has 17 18 failed to – and cannot – establish that he will suffer a concrete and particularized 19 actual 'injury in fact' if the Court grants the Stipulation, and enters the corresponding 20 Proposed Order. 21 Defendant Iannelli's Response is therefore procedurally improper and should 22 be disregarded by this Court. 23 Critically, Mr. Iannelli's Response Mischaracterizes The Receiver's В. **Presentation To The Court.** 24 25

Defendant Iannelli's challenge to the Stipulation raised in the Response is predicated upon the false claim that the Receiver is not empowered to determine the existence of a Ponzi scheme and that he has somehow sought to have this Court make a finding that a Ponzi scheme was committed in order to circumvent his

LAW OFFICES Allen Matkins Leck Gamble Mallory & Natsis LLP

26

27

28

1205359.06/LA

-3-

burden as a *prospective* litigant to demonstrate fraud in a *hypothetical* fraudulent transfer action. Mr. Iannelli is wrong on both counts.

First, this Court specifically authorized the Receiver to, among other things, "conduct such investigation as may be necessary to locate and account for the assets of or managed by the [] Entities" and to "take such action as is necessary and appropriate to preserve and take control of and prevent the dissipation, concealment, or disposition of any such" assets. (See ECF No. 113 at 6:6-12.) That those efforts led the Receiver to conclude that the Entities were used to operate a Ponzi scheme, however inconvenient that conclusion may be for Mr. Iannelli, is simply a fact. Contrary to Mr. Iannelli's assertions, the Receiver's conclusions regarding the operations of the Entities are firmly grounded in available evidence. As set forth in the Receiver's prior submissions to this Court (see, e.g., ECF Nos. 78, 103, 123, and 149), the Receiver has reviewed more than 455,000 pages of materials relating to the Entities' business operations and financial activities, reflecting hundreds of thousands of individual transactions. On the basis of his comprehensive review and analysis of these materials, the Receiver concluded that the Entities' activities bear the hallmarks of a Ponzi scheme. The Receiver did not simply conclude that the Entities were "cash poor," as Defendant Iannelli suggests, but that they were unprofitable and unsustainable absent additional cash infusions from new investment or borrowing. The Receiver further confirmed that Essex's payments of so-called returns to old investors were funded in significant part by money obtained from new investors. These operational traits are the quintessential characteristics of a Ponzi investment scheme. See In re United Energy Corp., 944 F.2d 589, 590, fn. 1 (9th Cir. 1991) ("A Ponzi scheme is a fraudulent arrangement in which an entity makes payments to investors from monies obtained from later investors rather than from any 'profits' of the underlying business venture.").

Second, neither the Stipulation nor its associated Proposed Order request that this Court make a finding that Defendant Iannelli operated a Ponzi scheme. The

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

1205359.06/LA -4-

Stipulation merely reports the Receiver's *conclusions*. (See, e.g., Stipulation at 2:23-24 ["The Receiver has concluded and reported to the Court that the activities of the Receivership Entities bear the hallmarks of a Ponzi investment scheme."]) More critically, the Proposed Order on the Stipulation does not invoke these conclusions, 4 or the Ponzi concept, at all, and instead is limited to establishing the procedures that would govern the Receiver's disgorgement and associated litigation and settlement 6 efforts. 8 Given that the Proposed Order on the Stipulation, if entered by the Court, is the only document in issue that would have any substantive impact, Defendant 10 Iannelli's challenge to the Stipulation is patently absurd, and can only be viewed as an attempt to run interference for Entity insiders or those profiting investors whom 11 Mr. Iannelli has a personal motivation to protect. The Receiver respectfully submits 12 13 that this Court should not countenance such an effort, and should therefore reject Defendant Iannelli's Response and enter an order granting the Stipulation. 14 15 III. CONCLUSION. 16 For the foregoing reasons, the Receiver respectfully requests that the Court enter an order granting the Stipulation, in its entirety. 17 18 Dated: April 20, 2020 ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE 19 MALLORY & NATSIS LLP DAVID R. ZARO 20 JOSHUA A. DEL CASTILLO NORMAN M. ASPIS 21 22 By: /s/Joshua A. del Castillo 23 JOSHUA A. DEL CASTILLO Attorneys for Receiver 24 GEOFF WINKLER 25 26 27 28

LAW OFFICES Allen Matkins Leck Gamble Mallory & Natsis LLP

1205359.06/LA

1

2

5

7

-5-

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 Securities and Exchange Commission v. Ralph T. Iannelli and Essex Capital Corporation 2 USDC, Central District of California - Case No. 2:18-cv-05008-FMO-AFM 3 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 865 S. Figueroa Street, 4 Suite 2800, Los Angeles, California 90017-2543. 5 On April 20, 2020, I caused to be served on all the parties to this action addressed as stated on the attached service list the document entitled: REPLY IN SUPPORT OF 6 STIPULATION TO AUTHORIZE RECEIVER'S DISGORGEMENT EFFORTS 7 AND ESTABLISH DISGORGEMENT PROCEDURES. 8  $\times$ **OFFICE MAIL**: By placing in sealed envelope(s), which I placed for collection and mailing today following ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with 9 the firm's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing; such correspondence would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day in 10 the ordinary course of business. 11 **OVERNIGHT DELIVERY**: I deposited in a box or other facility regularly 12 maintained by express service carrier, or delivered to a courier or driver authorized by said express service carrier to receive documents, a true copy of the foregoing 13 document(s) in sealed envelope(s) or package(s) designed by the express service carrier, addressed as indicated on the attached service list, with fees for overnight 14 delivery paid or provided for. 15 HAND DELIVERY: I caused to be hand delivered each such envelope to the 16 office of the addressee as stated on the attached service list. **ELECTRONIC MAIL**: By transmitting the document by electronic mail to the 17 electronic mail address as stated on the attached service list. 18 X **E-FILING**: By causing the document to be electronically filed via the Court's 19 CM/ECF system, which effects electronic service on counsel who are registered with the CM/ECF system. 20 **FAX**: By transmitting the document by facsimile transmission. The transmission 21 was reported as complete and without error. 22 I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of 23 the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on April 20, 24 2020 at Los Angeles, California. 25 /s/ Martha Diaz Martha Diaz 26 27 28 1153214.66/LA

- 1 -

**SERVICE LIST** Securities and Exchange Commission v. Ralph T. Iannelli and Essex Capital Corporation USDC, Central District of California – Case No. 2:18-cv-05008-FMO-AFM Mark Riera, Esq. Jeffer Mangels Butler & Mitchell LLPP 1900 Avenue of the Stars, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067-4308 1153214.66/LA

- 2 -