UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
TAMPA DIVISION

REVIN RICHARD HERRICK,

Petitioner,

CASE NO: TAMPA, FLORIDA

8:97-cv-2205-T-23MAP

MICHAEL W. MOORE,

Respondent.

May 20, 2002

1:18 p.m.

VOLUME II (144 - 319) TRANSCRIPT OF EVIDENTIARY HEARING BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARK A. PIZZO

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1 AFTERNOON SESSION 2 MR. GILLICK: Could I have Petitioner's Exhibit No. 1? That's Mr. Leinster's file. 3 MR. GILLICK: May I approach, Your 4 5 Honor? 6 THE COURT: You may. 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION (Cont.) BY MR. GILLICK: 8 9 Mr. Herrick, I'd like to show you what's been 10 marked as Petitioner's Exhibit No. 1 and ask you to 11 take a look at that. And that's been identified 12 previously as Mr. Leinster's file. 13 Is that familiar with you? It appears that it would be the same documents 14 15 that I received a copy of, and yes. 16 0. And Mr. Herrick, at the very front of that file 17 there is an index. Is that something that came with 18 the file or was prepared by you? No, sir. I created this when I obtained a copy 19 20 of it. When my sisters mailed it to me, I inventoried it and documented what was there. 21 22 And how many pages is in the index that you 23 created? 24 A. Five.

Okay. Thank you.

25

Q.

 $1 \parallel A$. The first top five pages.

THE COURT: Mr. Gillick, is Petitioner's
No. 1 the document that you obtained from the
Petitioner himself?

MR. GILLICK: To my understanding, it is, Your Honor. I believe that was the testimony. The first five pages are not -- the first five pages are an index that was prepared by Mr. Herrick.

Ms. Russo's testimony was that appeared to be the exhibit -- that exhibit appeared to be what she had obtained originally from Mr. Leinster, although she was not certain of that. And this witness had said that it appears to be what he had indexed and obtained from Ms. Russo. And I'm just asking you, as an officer of the court, whether you obtained that from the Petitioner.

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{MR}}$.$ GILLICK: I obtained that from ${\operatorname{\mathtt{Mr}}}.$ Herrick.

THE COURT: Okay.

Q. Mr. Herrick, before we broke for lunch, you indicated that you had asked Mr. Leinster -- after receiving some information from the Court, you asked Mr. Leinster to file a motion for new trial.

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- Yes, sir. 1 Α.
- 2 Did he do so? Q.
- 3 He had already filed one, he told me, at that point when we were standing in the hallway. And I said, "I want to file it. I want to do that." 5 6 he says, "We've already done that." He said that

the judge will rule on that particular motion.

- Had he given you a copy of that motion?
- No, sir. 9 Α.

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- 10 Ο. And the motion that he did file, was that 11 timely filed?
- 12 I ultimately learned that it was not. Α.
- 13 And what do you mean that it was not?
- The certificate of service date, after 15 acquiring a copy of it through the court system, 16 they may have got it. When I got his particular
- 17 file, I actually seen the motion that he drafted and
- 18 sent to the court, and the certificate of service
- 19 date was marked the 18th, I believe, of October of
- 20 1990. I was convicted on October 3rd.
- 21 So it was actually filed before you were
- 22 sentenced?
- 23 Α. Yes, sir.
- And did Mr. Leinster ever file a proper motion 24 25 for a new trial?

- It appears that he attempted to file another 1 Α. 2 one after my sentencing. There was another document created called Motion for New Trial. 3 It has no 4 record of being filed with the court, but he believes that it was sometime in, I think, July of 5 '95, around there sometime. One of his secretaries 6 7 or paralegals, Ms. Samuels, wrote Bernie McCabe, the 8 State Attorney of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, and 9 asked if they had a copy of it. She felt that it 1.0 might possibly have been filed with them by 11 mistake. It turned out that it was apparently 12 Ms. C. Marie King provided her with a copy of the 13 particular motion and it was dated somewhere around January 8th, but Ms. King pointed out that it wasn't 14 15 a correct certificate of service date.
 - MR. FISHKIN: Objection to what Ms. King pointed out, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- Q. And was that second motion for new trial timely filed?
- A. No, sir, it was not.
- Q. Did you ever get a motion for new trial ruled upon?
- 24 | A. No, sir.

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25 \parallel Q. Did you ever have an opportunity to go before

- - A. No, sir.

- Q. Did Mr. Leinster file a notice of appeal in your case?
- A. Yeah, but it was apparently lost or filed with the State Attorney's office. They ultimately got a belated appeal about six, seven months later, after my conviction.
 - Q. Okay. When you say a belated appeal, was that one that was not timely filed?
 - A. Apparently, Mr. Leinster had to file what I know has been documented or called or entitled a Motion for Belated Appeal to the clerk of court. Me and my family -- I was sent to prison in January of '91 -- we attempted to call Mr. Leinster as far as finding out what's going on with the motion for new trial, what's going on with the appeal, what issues would be raised, this, that, and the other, you know, basically what is going to happen. I've been sentenced to life; we're trying to figure out what's happening, when I can get out.

MR. FISHKIN: Your Honor, I'm going to object. The witness is testifying to what other people were doing and his own personal beliefs.

THE COURT: Well, as to his own personal beliefs, to that extent this objection is overruled, as to his comments regarding others and what others may have done, the objection is sustained.

MR. FISHKIN: Just to clarify, Your Honor, when I say his own personal beliefs, his own personal beliefs as to why it's important to him because he was sentenced to life in prison and all that.

THE COURT: The ruling's the same as to that.

- Q. Mr. Herrick, when did you say that the notice of appeal was, in fact, filed?
- A. As far as I know, none was ever filed with the clerk of court until six, seven months later, Judge Downey granted a belated appeal and Alynngee Amboffel (ph) filed a notice of appeal.
- Q. Did Mr. Leinster send you a copy of the notice of appeal?
- A. No, sir.
- 22 | Q. Did he ever discuss an appeal with you?
- 23 | A. No, sir.
- Q. Did you ever talk to Mr. Leinster after your sentencing in January of 1990?

- 1 | A. No, sir.
- 2 \parallel Q. Did he ever send you anything?
- 3 | A. No, sir.
- 4 \mathbb{Q} . Did your appeal come to be heard at some point,
- 5 or did someone do an appeal on your behalf?
- 6 A. Alynngee Amboffel of the public defender's
- 7 | office here in Bartow, I believe it is.
- 8 | Q. Did she file a brief?
- 9 \parallel A. She filed what's called an Anders brief, sent
- 10 | me a letter, a copy of her brief, said no reversible
- 11 | error, essentially nothing she could do.
- 12 \parallel Q. And did you file your own brief at that time?
- 13 A. No, sir. I didn't know how. I didn't have any
- 14 | idea what to do.
- 15 \parallel Q. What was your education level when you were
- 16 | convicted?
- 17 \parallel A. I'd completed a GED while I was in prison
- 18 | before at River Junction Correctional Institution.
- Prior to that, I dropped out of school in the tenth
- 20 grade.
- 21 \parallel Q. Mr. Herrick, did you have any formal legal
- 22 | training of any kind?
- 23 | A. No, sir.
- 24 \parallel Q. Did you have any legal writing or research
- 25 | experience?

- 1 | A. No, sir.
- 2 | Q. And what happened with the Anders brief that
- 3 | was filed?
- 4 | A. I guess the court agreed. They just sent what
- 5 | I now know is a blanket opinion, no written opinion,
- 6 per curiam affirmed.
- 7 | Q. Did you receive a copy of that?
- 8 A. Yes, I did.
- 9 | Q. And did you file anything thereafter --
- 10 \parallel A. Did I file anything as far as postconviction?
- 11 | Q. -- in your case?
- 12 A. Related to the direct appeal?
- 13 | O. Yes.
- 14 | A. No, sir.
- 15 \parallel Q. Okay. At some point did you file any pleadings
- 16 | in your case?
- 17 | A. Yes, sir.
- 18 | Q. Pro se, or on your own?
- 19 A. All pro se, yeah. From that point on, it was
- 20 \parallel on my own.
- 21 | Q. Did you have an attorney assist you?
- 22 A. No. I asked the court -- that was the first
- 23 | thing that I filed was a motion for appointment of
- 24 \parallel counsel to the circuit court in Pinellas County.
- 25 \parallel Q. And what happened to that motion?

- 1 Α. They never responded.
- 2 ο. Did you ever get a ruling on that?
- 3 When Judge Downey ruled on my original postconviction, I believe he denied that, also.
- 5 Q. You indicated at some point you filed an 6 original motion for postconviction relief.
- 7 Α. Yes, I did.

- 8 Do you recall how that was titled?
- 9 Defendant's Motion for Postconviction Relief, I 10 believe.
- 11 Did you have any legal assistance?
- I had befriended another inmate who was hanging 12 13 out in the law library working there, and Chris Helton was assisting me or trying to similarly --14 15 you know, we were both in the same boat, sitting in
- prison and trying to figure out what to do. 16
- 17 And did you understand what that motion for 18 postconviction relief was?
- I'm not sure I know how to answer that question 20 or can answer that question. Did I understand what 21 it was in the sense that it was something to let the 22 judge know what was wrong with my conviction? Did I understand the procedural requirements of it 23
- and everything that could be raised in it? 24 No; or
- 25 what couldn't be or what could be, no.

- 1 \parallel Q. Do you recall a date that you filed that?
- 2 A. It was about May 20th, '93, something like
- 3 | that.
- 4 | Q. And what was the outcome of that?
- 5 A. Summarily denied.
- 6 \parallel Q. Did you have a hearing?
- $7 \parallel A$. No, sir.
- 8 Q. Did the State Attorney or anyone respond to
- 9 | your motion?
- 10 | A. No, sir.
- 11 Q. And were you given any reason why that was
- 12 | denied?
- 13 | A. It addressed the merits of the issues raised.
- 14 | I don't think that I was very accurate. For
- 15 \parallel instance, one issue was -- the first issue is, I'd
- 16 | raised something similar to that I was denied
- 17 || effective assistance of counsel for Mr. Leinster's
- 18 \parallel failure to object to questions and answers posed to
- 19 | Theresa Porrey during her videotaped deposition.
- 20 | From memory of what took place, I felt that there
- 21 \parallel was some things, after reading some law books, that
- 22 | he shouldn't have -- Mr. Bulone shouldn't have been
- 23 \parallel able to ask her, particularly about being threatened
- 24 \parallel to be sued and some things of that nature.
- The judge responded to that by saying that

- I'm not allowed to object to a discovery deposition;

 and this wasn't a discovery deposition in that it

 was perpetuated testimony being brought in in lieu

 of live testimony where any objections that would

 have normally been able to have been made in the

 courtroom to that particular witness testifying
- 7 should be able to make. I just felt that it wasn't
- 9 Q. Did you appeal the judge's denial of your 10 motion?
- 11 | A. Yes, sir.

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- 12 | Q. To whom?
- 13 A. The Second District Court of Appeal.
- 14 \parallel Q. What happened with that?

addressed properly.

- 15 A. The same thing, no written opinion, per curiam affirmed.
- 17 Q. Did you subsequently file another motion for 18 postconviction relief?
 - A. Yes. I filed a second -- could I back up to the first motion? I did file a motion for rehearing at the same time I filed a notice of appeal on that.
- Q. And what happened with your motion for rehearing?

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A. Well, because I filed a notice of appeal at the same time, the motion for rehearing was dismissed.

- 1 Q. Were you familiar with the procedures at the 2 time you filed that?
- A. No, sir. I was led to believe that if I file
 both at the same time in the same envelope, they
 both went at the same time; that in the event that
 they denied the motion for rehearing, the notice of
 appeal would mature and things would take place, the
- 9 Q. And now to a second motion for postconviction 10 relief. Did you file one?

events would take place to secure the appeal.

- 11 | A. Yes, I did.
- 12 | Q. When?

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- 13 A. I'm thinking August of 1994.
- Q. And in August of 1994, were there any additional grounds that you hadn't raised in your first motion?
- 17 | A. Yes, there were.
- 18 | Q. What grounds?
 - A. Well, to explain, I guess, just to try to go through each one, the most important ground would be the failure to timely file a motion for new trial.

 And the reason why that is in the second motion and was not in the first motion is because at the time when I filed my first motion, I didn't know it was untimely. I'd raised it in my first motion as

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saying that the court denied me due process in failing to rule on the motion.

I was led to believe by Mr. Leinster that the motion was timely filed; that when we were standing in the hallway and I asked him about it, that it would be filed. Therefore, when Judge Downey denied my first motion, he informed me that, Hey, your motion for new trial was not timely filed; therefore, you weren't denied due process. That happened on December 1st, 1993. August, I think it was August 4th that I filed the second motion for postconviction relief. I filed the issue raising for the first time ineffective assistance based upon Mr. Leinster's failure to timely file the motion for new trial.

- Q. Any other additional issues?
- A. There was quite a few. All of the other issues had not been presented in -- other than, I think, I again raised the videotape motion, the issue regarding Theresa Porrey's -- Mr. Leinster's failure to object to the questions and answers simply because I felt that I was given a very insufficient response and ruling by the court in the first time. I couldn't -- without seeing a list of them, I couldn't recite each issue. There were some

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regarding Pat Porrey, David Stewart, failure to investigate the tag number, things of that nature.

By that time that I'd filed that motion, I'd also filed the legal malpractice suit against

Mr. Leinster on January 4th, 1994, and was essentially attempting to litigate any way that I could to prove my innocence. The same issues -- by that time, I knew there were problems procedurally, not so much procedurally in 3.850 but in the criminal judicial system. From what I was seeing in other people's cases taking place, I was concerned with how things were going to come out.

And in that endeavor to seek any possible way of showing my innocence, I decided that a legal malpractice claim would be appropriate. At that time, I'd been learning more about the law, and by the time I filed the legal malpractice, had a better idea of understanding of collateral relief and various aspects of what to do.

- Q. Did you file that action against Mr. Leinster on your own?
- A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And what was the outcome of your second motion for postconviction relief?
 - A. On June 5th, just about a year later, Judge

Susan Schaeffer denied the motion. 1 2 MR. FISHKIN: Excuse me, Your Honor. I'd just like to inquire of counsel, are we just 3 going to go through the entire procedural 4 5 history, which is part of the record? 6 MR. GILLICK: No. I'm going to have him 7 explain his postconviction motions. 8 MR. FISHKIN: That's all a part of the record in this. 9 10 MR. GILLICK: It is, but there are 11 explanations that I believe I have a right to 12 talk about. 13 Well, I'm assuming, THE COURT: 14 Mr. Gillick, that you are trying to establish 15 cause and prejudice. 16 Yes, Your Honor. MR. GILLICK: 17 THE COURT: Well, let's confine it to 18 that and whatever information is necessary to 19 understand the cause and prejudice argument. 20 MR. GILLICK: Okay. Thank you. 21 And did Judge Schaeffer deny that with or Q. 22 without prejudice? 23 At that time she had denied it saying that I 24 had already filed a motion for postconviction relief and failed to explain why these particular issues 25

- 1 | were not raised in the first motion. At that time I
- 2 \parallel filed a motion for rehearing.
- 3 | Q. Did you receive a response in that regard from
- 4 | Judge Schaeffer?
- 5 A. For the denial?
- 6 | Q. Yeah.
- 7 \parallel A. I'm not sure what your question is.
- 8 | Q. You said you filed a motion for rehearing. Did
- 9 | Judge Schaeffer respond to that?
- 10 A. Yes, she did.
- 11 \parallel Q. In what manner?
- 12 A. She denied the motion for rehearing without
- 13 | prejudice to me filing an amended 3.850.
- 14 | Q. And did you subsequently file an amended 3.850?
- 15 A. Ultimately, I did, yes.
- 16 | Q. And amended your prior motion?
- 17 | A. Yes, I did.
- 18 Q. Was it a new motion or simply an amendment?
- 19 A. Simply an amendment of the second motion.
- 20 \parallel Q. When did you file that?
- 21 \parallel A. I believe that it was filed January 8th, 1996.
- 22 \parallel Q. And what was the outcome of that?
- 23 A. Judge Peters, another judge, apparently took
- 24 over the case. He denied it in the same form that
- 25 | Susan Schaeffer did, saying that I had already filed

- a motion for postconviction relief and I didn't
 explain why these issues weren't raised in there.

 In addition, he addressed that the motion for new
 trial issue, I discovered it by Judge Downey's

 December 1st, 1993 order denying my first motion for
 postconviction relief, that I had not filed within
 two years of discovering that.
 - Q. Okay. In your amended motion, was there information in there that you could not have discovered prior to filing your first postconviction motion?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- \parallel Q. What information?
 - A. The hair analysis report by FDLE that

 Mr. Leinster had, like I testified to before, that

 led me to believe that that was inconclusive, that

 the testing results were inconclusive. After filing

 a legal malpractice suit against him, I asked for a

 production of his case file. I had received the

 copy of that case file that you've introduced there,

 went through it, and discovered that there were no

 FDLE reports regarding hair analysis. At that point

 in time, using my sisters, I asked them to contact

 FDLE and determine whether or not I could acquire a

 copy of these reports that detailed examination

results.

Ultimately, after going back to -- being directed to go back to Largo Police Department, get the evidence numbers, and various things that they require, one of my sisters, Vicki, had contacted FDLE, acquired the reports and sent them to me. I discovered for the first time that these hair analysis results were not inconclusive, as Mr. Leinster says; that they exculpate me as far as being my hair is not found in that bed where the evidence was found, where hair was found.

At that point in time, I drafted a supplemental issue to my second motion for postconviction relief and sent it -- I'm thinking that it was right when Judge Schaeffer originally -- her June 5th denial came to me, I believe they crossed in the mail. It was right at that same time I had sent it between the 4th and maybe the 8th of June, 1995.

At that point, I received Judge Schaeffer's denial, went through the process of rehearing where she granted -- or essentially said without prejudice file an amended motion. I didn't receive that order immediately. I received it in December of '95. I amended -- once receiving it, found out that I could

amend my motion, I amended it, and included in my explanations of why these particular issues were not raised in my original postconviction motion, why the hair analysis issue was not raised in either of the first or second but presented by the supplemental issue, and immediately sent it to the court.

- Q. When was your state postconviction process exhausted, if you know?
- A. It would be, I believe, at the conclusion of the -- when the mandate was issued from the Second District Court of Appeal on appealing the denial of my amended motion, which would be October 7th, 1996.
- Q. And you've previously discussed that

 Mr. Leinster failed to properly file a motion for -
 basically a motion for new trial for the judge to

 review. What is the importance of that?
- A. From my understanding of the concepts in the motion for new trial, the motion for new trial allows the trial judge to sit as an additional juror as a safety valve in cases where the evidence is technically sufficient to withstand the motion for judgment of acquittal. However, the weight of the evidence goes against the jury's verdict. It gives them an opportunity to determine the credibility of the witnesses and the weight of the evidence. In my

- case, there was no evidence. There was nothing.

 Scott and Cheryl's testimony, two people giving different descriptions.

 MR. FISHKIN: Your Honor, I'm going to object to -
 THE COURT: Sustained.
 - Q. And Mr. Herrick, during our break, did you have the opportunity to look over the FDLE report, laboratory reports, and so forth?
- 10 | A. Yes, sir.

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- 11 | Q. And did you notice anything missing therefrom?
- 12 A. No, sir. I didn't notice anything missing.
- Q. Were there any reports regarding fingerprint identification?
 - A. Fingerprints?
- 16 | Q. Yes.
 - A. The ones that you had shown me? I don't believe those are FDLE. The fingerprints aren't. I believe they're done by Largo Police Department.
 - Q. I'd like to show you what is being marked as Petitioner's Exhibit 3 and 4 and ask you to look at Exhibit No. 3 and see if you can recognize that.
- And do you recognize Petitioner's Exhibit 3, sir?

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A. Yes, sir.

 \parallel Q. And take a look at No. 4.

(Counsel confer)

MR. GILLICK: Judge, I'm advised they're in apparently another exhibit, No. 33, so I will not need to introduce these.

THE COURT: All right. Well, let's make sure that by the end of this particular hearing, that is, after Mr. Herrick's hearing is about to close, I want to make certain that any lab report or fingerprint report or any type of scientific or expert report that Mr. Herrick contends his lawyer should have introduced but didn't is part of the record so that there is no longer any claim that we've missed something.

MR. GILLICK: Okay. I understand.

Q. Well, let me clarify this, then. Exhibit

No. 3, sir --

about it or the more appropriate way to go about it would be to ask Mr. Herrick when he filed his third Rule 3.850 motion, in which one of his claims was that counsel failed to investigate or present results of microanalysis testing on hair fibers recovered from the scene and hair samples submitted by Mr. Herrick. What is he talking

about? And let me ask -- just a moment. Just a moment, please.

Counsel, I'm looking at the preevidentiary hearing stipulation which purports to summarize each postconviction motion, and I note that the third postconviction motion is referenced on Page 6, 7, 8, and 9, which includes the history of that particular motion from its filing until its ultimate appellate conclusion; and scanning those paragraphs, I do not see anything about fingerprints. I see it about hair analysis and microanalysis. Was the fingerprint examination or testing a part of that particular Rule 3.850; do you know, Mr. Gillick?

MR. GILLICK: Without looking at that particular motion, I don't know offhand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GILLICK: I can find out quickly.

- Q. Mr. Herrick, do you know --
- A. I don't believe that it was, no, sir.
- || Q. Okay.

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A. The fingerprints weren't -- I don't recall ever raising anything on fingerprints, simply because as far as I knew at trial, they told me that the

- 1 | fingerprints weren't mine; they all matched Scott.
- 2 | Q. Did Mr. Leinster ever show you a fingerprint
- 3 ∥ report?
- $4 \parallel A$. No, sir.
- 5 | Q. Do you know when you obtained copies of
- 6 | fingerprint analysis reports, if you did?
- 7 | A. These particular reports, I believe, I acquired
- 8 | from the State Attorney's office by access to public
- 9 | records.
- 10 | Q. Do you recall when that was?
- 11 | A. It would have been in -- after '96, possibly
- 12 | after May of '96, 'cause I was at Hardy Correctional
- 13 | Institution at that time. Maybe October of '96,
- 14 | about then.
- 15 \parallel Q. How does that relate to -- would that be
- 16 | subsequent to or prior to your filing --
- 17 A. It would be after.
- 18 | Q. -- the amended motion?
- 19 A. After.
- 20 MR. GILLICK: May I have just a
- 21 | moment --
- 22 THE COURT: Sure.
- 23 MR. GILLICK: -- with my client?
- 24 | (Counsel for Petitioner and his client
- 25 | confer)

1 MS. McCARTHY: Your Honor, while he's 2 speaking with his client, can I just do some witness control outside to --3 4 THE COURT: Sure. 5 MS. McCARTHY: -- coordination, because it looks like we're running quite a bit behind 6 7 our own --THE COURT: All right. 8 9 MS. McCARTHY: -- preplanned schedule. 10 Q. Mr. Herrick, we've previously discussed that 11 you filed a second motion for postconviction relief 12 that Judge Susan Schaeffer denied. You requested a 13 rehearing and that was denied, correct? 14 Yes, sir. Α. 15 Did you receive a copy of that denial? Α. No, sir. 16 17 When did you finally get a copy of the judge's 18 denial? 19 On about December 8th, '96. That's when I learned that it was without prejudice to amending 20 that motion. 21 22 And when did you then amend after receiving the 23 denial in December?

January 8th, within 30 days or so. It took a

little bit to put everything together and finally

24

1 got it filed about 30 days later, January 8th, '96.

MR. GILLICK: Okay. I've got nothing further, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Fishkin.

Mr. Fishkin, before you begin, it might be wise for us to stop a moment and let me ask Mr. Herrick a couple of questions -- and Mr. Gillick, you can follow-up -- because I want to make certain that I understand what Mr. Herrick's claims of ineffective assistance of counsel are.

You are saying, Mr. Herrick, that your lawyer should have done certain things. In particular, what is it that he should have done that he didn't do?

THE WITNESS: I believe that

Mr. Leinster should have used the FDLE hair

analysis reports, or Marilyn Hildreth [sic], who

had committed or had done those analysis, to

demonstrate to the jury that the hair fibers that

were found on the scene of the crime did not

belong to me.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: I believe that Mr. Leinster should have timely filed a motion

for new trial, in that it would have given me the opportunity to have the trial court address the police telling Scott and Cheryl that bloody clothes and a bloody knife was found in my room, that my fingerprints were found in their house, when that was, in fact, not true. It would have given me the opportunity to have him, like I spoke before, weigh the credibility of the witnesses of their testimony. It would have given me the opportunity to raise any other issues that an attorney could come up with at that time.

I feel that at that time

constitutionally -- at a time motion for new

trial is filed, I'm constitutionally entitled to

representation. I wasn't given that opportunity

at all. Even when I raised in the 3.850 motions

that he failed to timely file the motion for new

trial, the State Attorney responded that

everything is harmless, and I don't understand

how you can say that it's harmless if you've

never given me an opportunity to raise the issues

themselves and have them supplemented with

evidence and argument from counsel.

THE COURT: All right. So as I

understand it, the failure of Mr. Leinster to file a timely motion for new trial prejudiced you because the trial court judge did not get an opportunity to weigh the credibility of the witnesses; and had he done so, he would have ruled in your favor.

THE WITNESS: I believe that's reasonably probable.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else about the motion for new trial?

THE WITNESS: Just the police misconduct. Are you familiar with that?

THE COURT: What are you speaking about?

THE WITNESS: Throughout the investigation, the police, when they arrested me, they went into my bedroom and took a pair of pants of mine and a shirt, a red shirt and a pair of blue jeans. They recovered a firearm, a knife, and they had apparently, through deposition and trial testimony of Scott and Cheryl, told them that there was blood on those pants and that there was blood on the knife and that my fingerprints were found in their apartment.

When Scott and Cheryl after 15 months came to testify at trial, they still believed this to be true when, in fact, FDLE shows that -the serologist analysis shows that there were no blood on the knife, there was no blood on any pants and that my fingerprints from Largo Police Department analysis, my fingerprints are not in their house. In my opinion, that changes their -- it contaminates their entire testimony. For 15 months, they believed that these things are true. It contaminates their testimony, and I can never test that, the reliability of that in a courtroom setting, 'cause no matter what you say to them, they're convinced that I had to have done it when, in fact --

THE COURT: And as I take it, you have never challenged in any of your Rule 3.850's that your lawyer should have filed a motion before the trial saying that the out-of-court identification was wrong, was impermissible, was unconstitutional.

THE WITNESS: No, sir, I did not.

THE COURT: You've only raised it in connection with your motion for new trial?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: What else?

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the jury room. At that particular time, they came in and asked to see the videotape again. I don't know how much of it they watched. I believe Mr. Leinster should have required them to have it in the courtroom. I think the judge should have done it in the courtroom. That way, at least we'd all know that they watched the entire video and all the testimony. Rather, I don't know if they started from the beginning or started from the prosecutor's side.

THE COURT: And do you recall, and if you don't, that's fine, I'll find it, but in what Rule 3.850 you addressed that particular issue?

THE WITNESS: In my first motion for postconviction relief, it's incorporated in the first issue there, like the example that I gave before was that I had raised Mr. Leinster's failure to object to questions. And in addition to it, I stated he failed to object to the video being taken into the jury room.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else?

THE WITNESS: Thinking off the top of my head, I think that's --

THE COURT: Mr. Gillick, if you wish to --

MR. GILLICK: If I may, Your Honor, there was another issue regarding failure to investigate the exculpatory testimony of Patrick Porrey and David Stewart.

Q. Is that important to you, sir?

A. It's important. I think that it -- you know, honestly, I don't know that it's exhausted properly in the second motion. I believe that the second and amended motion are one and the same, a continuation of each. I couldn't raise it in my first one simply because I didn't know how. I didn't know what to raise. I did the best that I could. And under the circumstances, the only thing I could do is continue.

It's things like that -- if I was allowed to consult with an attorney to represent me in a motion for new trial, I could have said -- thinking clearly say, you know, "Look, I also have these witnesses, Patrick and David, that could have testified to this that Mr. Leinster didn't call;" or if Mr. Leinster is still representing me at that time, tell the judge, "Hey, when it's going on in the trial, I didn't know what to say to who or what

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- to do or who to complain to, or if I can complain."

 The only thing I know is they convicted me of

 something I didn't do and then start screaming that
- 5 MR. GILLICK: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 6 THE COURT: All right, Mr. Fishkin.
- 7 \parallel Thank you for giving me a moment.

they want to give me life.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

- BY MR. FISHKIN:
- Q. During the course of the trial, there was no evidence presented, no forensic evidence presented,
- 12 | linking you to the crime scene; is that correct?
- 13 | A. That's correct, sir.
- Q. And that fact was brought out to the jury; was
- 15 | it not?

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- 16 | A. Yes, sir.
- 17 | Q. In fact, Mr. Leinster, in his opening
- 18 | statement, made reference to the fact that there was
- 19 | absolutely no physical evidence connecting you to
- 20 | the scene of the crime; isn't that correct?
- 21 | A. Yes, but I don't think what Mr. Leinster said
- 22 \parallel was evidence that the jury could consider.
- 23 \parallel Q. Did Mr. Leinster say that in his opening
- 24 || statement?
- 25 A. I think the judge did.

- Q. Did Mr. Leinster say in his opening statement
- 2 \parallel that there was no physical evidence connecting you
- 3 | to the scene of the crime?
- $4 \parallel A$. I would think he did, yes.
- 5 \parallel Q. He told that to the jury, didn't he?
 - A. Yes, I would think that he did.
- 7 | Q. And through the course of the trial, no
- 8 \parallel physical evidence was presented to that jury linking
- 9 | you in any way to that crime; is that correct?
- 10 | A. That is correct.
- 11 | Q. And in summation, Mr. Leinster hammered the
- 12 | fact to the jury that no physical evidence was
- 13 | presented connecting you to the crime; is that
- 14 | correct?

- 15 A. That is correct.
- 16 \parallel Q. Okay. Now, you've made a claim that the
- 17 | failure to call the hair expert prejudiced you.
- 18 | A. Uh-huh.
- 19 | Q. How?
- 20 | A. How?
- 21 | Q. Tell us how it prejudiced you.
- 22 A. Well, I believe it prejudiced me in that it was
- 23 | the only physical evidence available that
- 24 | demonstrates that I didn't commit this crime and
- 25 | that there's somebody else out there that did.

- There's hair fibers left in the bedsheets that this
 person was on top of. Those hair fibers are not
 mine.
- 4 Q. How do you know there were hair fibers? Does
 5 the lab report say there were hair fibers found on
 6 the bedsheet that were not --
- 7 A. I believe that the Largo police report requests
 8 that -- requesting hair analysis to be done, it says
 9 that there was hair.
 - Q. I'm not talking about the request. I'm talking about the actual report. Did the actual report find anything connecting --
 - A. Can I see the report? I believe the report says that it was my hair, Cheryl's hair, and Scott's hair was tested against hair fibers or debris in the sheets.
- 17 | Q. And none were found?
- 18 A. None matched.
- 19 Q. None were found matching you anyway; is that 20 correct?
- 21 | A. Correct.

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- 22 \parallel Q. Now, in fact, let me refer you --
- MR. FISHKIN: Unfortunately, Your Honor,
 Exhibit 33 is not paginated, but in there on
 Page 2 of the lab report, it shows the results of

- the hair analysis.

 (Counsel confer)

 Q. Let me show it to you. I'd like you to take a look at this paragraph.
- 5 Do you recall that? Do you recall seeing that?
- 6 | A. Yes.

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- Q. All right. Now, that paragraph basically talks about hair debris removed or debris removed from your pants; is that correct? Now, by the way --
- 10 A. I would say removed from a pair of pants, yeah.
- Q. Well, it says from your pants, whether they -that's what it says, doesn't it? Is that what it
- 13 | says?
- 14 A. That's what it says.
- Q. Okay. Now, by the way, Cheryl died her hair, didn't she?
- 17 | A. I wouldn't know.
- 18 0. You don't know?
- 19 A. No, I do not know.
 - Q. But a hair was found that had been chemically lightened that was both consistent and inconsistent with Cheryl Hagan's hair. Isn't that what it says?
- 23 \parallel A. That's what that report says, yes, sir.
- Q. Okay. So, theoretically, if a hair expert had gotten up on the stand, that expert would have

- testified that there was a hair that was similar to in some respects and dissimilar to in some respects
- 3 Cheryl Hagan's hair. Right?
- 4 A. Taken out of the pair of pants that they found,
- 6 | Q. That's correct.

correct.

- 7 | A. That's what they could have testified to.
- 8 Q. And Mr. Leinster, by not calling a hair expert,
- 9 kept that out; did he not?
- 10 | A. I don't know.
- 11 \parallel Q. Well, did that information ever go to the jury?
- 12 A. No. That stuff was not brought before the
- 13 | jury. I personally don't believe that that
- 14 | particular analysis for those pants would have been
- 15 \parallel allowed before the jury.
- 16 \parallel Q. Why wouldn't they have been allowed?
- 17 A. Well, sir, if you're familiar with the sequence
- 18 | of events of what Scott testified to -- you've read
- 19 \parallel the transcripts, I take it -- in the room where
- 20 | he's stabbed, he's stabbed by a naked man.
- 21 | Q. What difference does it make?
- 22 A. I'll show you. He's stabbed by a naked man.
- 23 | The man has blood all over him. At that point the
- 24 \parallel man pulls on his pants. These particular pants, if
- 25 | you try to make the relevance of that particular

paragraph and that hair found in those pants

admissible, there would be blood on these pants. We

know that there's blood left on the sliding glass

doors and the door handle to the bedroom at that

particular time. If there's blood after he pulls on

his pants left on those items, there would have been

blood on those pants. There's no blood on those

pants that they tested right there for that hair.

- Q. Mr. Herrick, have you ever listened to a forensic expert testify?
- A. No, sir.

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- 12 Q. Do you have any idea about what hair transfer 13 is, transference?
 - A. No, sir.
 - Q. So you don't know the significance of this paragraph, is that fair, in the hands of an expert?
 - A. I know the significance of no blood being on those pants. It means that those pants weren't the pants worn by the person in that room who stabbed Scott.
 - Q. Do you know the significance --

THE COURT: Mr. Fishkin, your questions are argumentative in form. It seems to me that the significance is for me to determine and not for Mr. Herrick to determine.

MR. FISHKIN: All right.

THE COURT: So if you have evidence that you intend to present showing the lack of significance or the significance, that's something different.

MR. FISHKIN: We'll do that, Your Honor.

Q. Now, you claim as one of your grounds that Mr. Bulone should not have been allowed to ask Theresa Porrey about her fear of a lawsuit during

the videotaped deposition. Did you say that?

- A. That was an example of what I remembered of hearing on the video that I felt was inappropriate.
- Q. Okay. And you think that would not be allowable testimony?
 - A. I'm not sure if she answered it in the sense that, no, she wasn't. And then he kept it a point where she got to saying she's scared now of being sued because he keeps bringing it up.
 - Q. Well, would that be legitimate testimony, though?
- A. I have no idea, sir. I raised the issue simply because I didn't think it was right.
- \parallel Q. So you don't know the answer, okay.
- 24 | A. I don't know the law to that, no.
- 25 | Q. Ms. Porrey was the only witness who testified

- 1 | on your behalf; is that correct?
- 2 A. That's the only witness Mr. Leinster called.
 - Q. All right. And she testified as to alibi?
- $4~\parallel$ A. Essentially, yes, that she came and woke me up.
- 5 | Q. Okay. Mr. Leinster, again, in summation was
- 6 | very strong with the jury about how you couldn't
- 7 | have done it because she woke you up at the time
- 8 | that it was happening; is that correct?
- 9 A. I believe so. I would have to reread the
- 10 | transcripts.

- 11 | Q. And do you think that it prejudiced you that
- 12 | your only witness was allowed to repeat her
- 13 | testimony more than once to the jury?
- 14 \parallel A. I believe that it very well could prejudice me
- 15 | if all's they watched was the State Attorney's
- 16 cross-examination.
- 17 | Q. And you don't know what they watched?
- 18 A. We have no idea.
- 19 \parallel Q. For all you know, they were watching her direct
- 20 || testimony about her waking you up?
- 21 | A. That's very possible.
- 22 | Q. And that would have benefited you and not
- 23 || prejudiced you; is that correct?
- 24 | A. I think that in order to be fair, you'd need to
- 25 \parallel have the whole thing played. Whether it benefits me

- 1 | or prejudices me to give only portions of testimony
- 2 | is not fair for either me or the State, but I think
- 3 | I'm the one that has it all to lose.
- 4 | Q. You weren't worried about prejudice to the
- 5 | State, were you?
- 6 A. I want the truth to come out. If that means
- 7 || giving everybody the opportunity to be fair, that's
- 8 | fine with me.
- 9 \parallel Q. And the only other ones you wanted to be heard
- 10 | were David Stewart and Patrick Porrey; is that
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. And the hair analysis people.
- 13 | Q. Now, if I remember correctly from your
- 14 | testimony, you never spoke to David Stewart again
- 15 | after that night?
- 16 | A. No, sir.
- 17 | Q. And you haven't spoken to Patrick Porrey since
- 18 | that night?
- 19 | A. No, sir.
- 20 \parallel Q. By the way, do you have Patrick's deposition?
- 21 | Do you have a copy of that?
- 22 A. I have a copy of it, yes.
- 23 \parallel Q. Do you have a copy of the other witness
- 24 depositions in this case?
- 25 | A. Yes.

- 1 \parallel Q. How long have you had them?
- 2 A. After I was convicted in '91, my sister Lori
- 3 | purchased them for me. I was at Okaloosa
- 4 | Correctional Institution. So I would say since the
- 5 | middle of '91, '92, beginning of '92, in that area.
- 6 Q. So you had them before you filed your first
- 7 | 3.850?
- 8 A. Yes, I did.
- 9 Q. Now, you were aware on the second day of trial
- 10 \parallel when the jury went out that Patrick Porrey and David
- 11 | Stewart had not testified; were you not?
- 12 | A. Excuse me. Yes, I was.
- 13 | Q. Now, also, do you know whether Patrick Stewart
- 14 | was ever found by anybody?
- 15 | A. Patrick Stewart?
- 16 Q. I mean David Stewart. I'm sorry.
- 17 | A. No, sir. I don't know if anybody's talked to
- 18 | him or where he is or where he could be.
- 19 | Q. And you don't know if anyone could find him?
- 20 | A. No, sir.

anymore.

- 21 | Q. You don't know if he --
- 22 A. I know my family has done a lot of looking.
- 23 | I'm sure Mr. Gillick has done a lot of looking. I
- 24 | don't know where he is, don't know where to look
- 25

- 1 Q. So you don't know if David Stewart wanted to be 2 found?
 - I couldn't venture a guess, sir. I have no idea.
- 5 Would it be fair to say that you don't know what David Stewart might have said had he been 6 found? 7
 - No, sir. Given the fact that he's under oath and he's supposed to testify truthfully, the events as I had testified to them are what he would testify to in that that's what's happened.
 - 0. I believe you said that he went with Patrick Porrey twice to talk to Darren Barfield, or Scott Barfield -- Darren's his first name, isn't it?
- 15 Α. Yes, sir.
- 16 -- prior to your being arrested?
- 17 That is my understanding, yes. Α.
- And you also, by the way, don't know whether 18 19 Patrick wanted to be found, do you, at that time?
 - I don't know. I haven't spoke to him.

he had been found and did talk to them?

- 21 And you don't know what Patrick might have said to either the State or to Mr. Leinster if, in fact, 22
- Again, it would be consistent to what I've 25 testified to in that they would be testifying

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- 1 | truthfully. Those are the events that took place.
- Q. And that's your supposition, that they would testify consistently with what you've said?
- 4 A. At that particular time, I believe they would
- 5 | have.
- 6 Q. But you don't know that? Is that fair?
- 7 \parallel A. I know it as much as you would know it. I
- 8 | mean, how do I know what they would testify to other
- 9 | than the events that I know them to be? They were
- 10 present for a particular series of events. It would
- 11 | be consistent with what I've said. I don't know
- 12 | what else to tell you.
- 13 \parallel Q. In your first 3.850 filed, what was it, May
- 14 | 19th, 1993?
- 15 \parallel A. May 19th, May 20th, something like that.
- 16 | Q. You raise no issue about Patrick Porrey or
- 17 | David Stewart being available as alibi witnesses and
- 18 | not being called, did you?
- 19 \parallel A. No, I did not.
- 20 | Q. Yet you knew about it?
- 21 | A. Yes, I knew about it.
- 22 | Q. Nothing prevented you from raising it?
- 23 A. A lack of knowledge.
- 24 | Q. A lack of knowledge that you had alibi
- 25 | witnesses who the defense lawyer didn't call?

- A. No, sir, lack of knowledge of what exactly I could, should, or am supposed to put in my motion for 3.850.
 - Q. Well, you put in he failed to make appropriate motions as to admissibility of questions and answers posed to the witness Theresa Porrey.
- 7 | A. Yes.

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- Q. How is that different than ineffectiveness by not calling essential witness?
- A. I'm not positive of what could be raised in a 3.850 and what couldn't be raised. You yourself, as a practicing attorney, know that some things you can raise in collateral relief. At that time I don't understand collateral relief. The only thing I understand is I've been convicted of something I didn't do.
- about. Without Patrick Porrey, who was basically not an alibi witness but a witness who would attack the credibility of Darren Barfield; is that correct?

Let's get down to what this trial was really

- A. Yeah. He would testify that when he spoke to him before he called the police, he told him he wasn't sure it was me.
- 24 | O. Now --
- 25 A. That's what it comes down to.

- 1 Q. But without that, this is basically a case of 2 your word or Mrs. Porrey's word in this case against 3 that of Darren Barfield?
 - No, sir. I believe that it more could be better characterized as a three-way swearing contest between what Darren testifies to, what Cheryl testifies to, and what Theresa testifies to, because Darren and Cheryl's testimony is in just as much conflict as Theresa's is.
- 10 Q. Well, Cheryl never identified you.
- 11 I would agree with you there, sir.
- 12 Cheryl said she thought it was her neighbor but Q. 13 she couldn't be sure; isn't that right?
- 14 That is correct, sir.
 - THE COURT: Are you saying this is in the trial testimony, Mr. --
 - MR. FISHKIN: That's correct, Your Honor.
 - THE COURT: Well, you may want to read the trial testimony again 'cause that's not what she says.
- 22 MR. FISHKIN: Okay.
- 23 THE COURT: One of the questions
- 25 MS. McCARTHY: She thought it was him

asked --

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from the get-go. 1 2 MR. FISHKIN: Yeah. THE COURT: One of the questions 3 asked -- just a moment. 4 5 MR. FISHKIN: Page 28, Your Honor, starting at Line --6 7 THE COURT: I know. I'm not referring to that. 8 MR. FISHKIN: I'm sorry? 10 THE COURT: I said I'm not referring --11 I'm referring to my notes. Just a moment. 12 Page 116 of the record, or Page 30 of 13 the trial transcript, question by the prosecutor: Now, was there anything that you 14 15 observed or heard or anything like that would 16 indicate to you that it was not Kevin Herrick 17 that did this to you? 18 Answer: No. 19 MR. FISHKIN: Yes, I'm referring to 20 qualifying questions. 21 Let me ask you this: Before you even spoke to Scott about who this was, did you have 22 an idea about who the attacker was? 23 24 Yes.

Who was that?

Kevin Richard Herrick.

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Why did you feel that, what

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observation?

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Just everything. It was just like in the dark shirt, he always wore the same shirts

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when he was walking around the apartment. It was

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like the dark shirt. And his build, the outline

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of his hair, just everything. Not only that, but

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it was just everything that led up to it. I just

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thought it was him. It just looked like him in

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the dark. I couldn't see him, but I just had a

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2 feeling.

correct?

testified to?

Q. In any event, the main testimony was Darren,

14 | was Scott, correct?

A. (Nods head up and down.)

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Q. Who said from the get-go, he knew it was you,

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but he didn't initially tell the police. Is that

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A. I believe that would be correct.

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Q. And then when he was released from the hospital

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after he was taken to the hospital, he called the

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police and told them it was you. Is that what he

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A. That's what he testified to.

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. Now, in Mr. Porrey's deposition, did he not

- indicate that his conversation with Mr. Barfield was after you were arrested, not before?
 - A. I don't know if he indicated that in his deposition or not. I know that the conversation he had with Mr. Barfield would have been before my arrest.

I would also point out that Pat's deposition was taken 12-and-a-half years after these events took place. I don't expect his memory to be a lot. I think as a result of Mr. Leinster's failure to secure his testimony and put it in the record, I've lost a lot already in that testimony.

MR. FISHKIN: Page 24 of the deposition, Your Honor.

Q. I believe it was in the courtyard, and even I -- I can remember even to this day that after they took Kevin away, Darren said something, he wasn't for sure if Kevin was the one.

He told you that?

Yeah. I remember him saying that he wasn't too sure 'cause it was dark, he said.

A. That sounds to me like he's talking about talking in the courtyard and not the conversation that he had with him over at Cheryl's mother's house.

- Q. You'd indicated that Mr. Porrey was not there
 when this incident occurred and that you saw him for
 the first time about three hours later. Is that
- 5 A. You're speaking of Patrick?
- 6 Q. Patrick.

correct?

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- 7 \parallel A. Yes. Yeah, he woke me up.
- 8 | Q. Three hours later?
- 9 A. Essentially three hours. I don't recall the 10 exact time that he woke me up.
- 11 Q. But it was substantially after this event had 12 occurred?
- 13 | A. Yes, sir.
- Q. It was after Mrs. Porrey woke you up, you went outside, and then you went back inside and went to sleep?
 - A. Yes, sir. Theresa woke me up, the police came, investigated, Scott was taken to the hospital, and everybody left. Theresa's sister, who lived down
- 20 | the triplex down the way, had came and was
- comforting her, relaxing her. I went to bed. Pat came in and woke me up. Excuse me.
- Q. And yet in his deposition, Patrick said that he woke you up initially.
 - A. Yes, he did. What Patrick is speaking of there

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1 | is waking me up.

Q. Page 17. All I remember doing is waking him up out of his sleep, out of the room. That's all I can remember. I don't know, he might have went outside when we all were standing out trying to figure out what was happening while people were outside, Cheryl, Darren, David, and you.

Did Cheryl Hagan at that point accuse him of anything?

No.

That was before the police came, wasn't it?

A. No. That would have -- before the police came and arrested me. I don't --

- Q. The police came --
- A. I was never in the presence of Scott and Cheryl with Patrick Porrey. That's what I'm talking about as far as 12-and-a-half years later of Pat's testimony, because Mr. Leinster didn't secure it, Pat's testimony is in some respects good and some things I don't think he remembers clearly.

You know, what were you doing 12-and-a-half years ago? I remember things very clearly simply because this has been my life for the last 13 years of battling this conviction. I know what I did that night. I know what was going on. I know where

- things were. Pat has no reason to really think

 about it. When you get Scott and Cheryl in here and

 they testify, they aren't going to remember things

 very well either.
 - Q. They remembered things pretty well during the trial, didn't they?
- 7 Α. No. I think there's a couple of spots in there 8 where they're, I don't remember, I can't remember details, little details; but I can tell you 9 10 important things such as that. You know, like I 11 say, if you never talk to him and then bring it up 12 12-and-a-half years later, 13 years later, they're 13 not going to remember.

THE COURT: Let me stop here. We're getting argumentative in nature. I mean, this dialog here is not assisting me any in deciding what I'm supposed to decide.

- Q. Now, were you sharing a room with Patrick?
- 19 | A. No, sir.

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- 20 Q. You had your own room?
- 21 | A. Yes, sir.
- 22 | Q. Patrick had his own room?
- 23 | A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You were not paying rent. You were a guest in the house; is that right?

- A. Essentially a guest, and when I could get a job and get things going, then I would, you know, pitch
- in and show my appreciation for their letting me
- 4 | stay there.
- Q. And when you last saw Mrs. Porrey, did you indicate she was in the kitchen?
- 7 A. No, when I was --
- 8 | Q. Prior to waking you up.
- 9 A. Prior to waking me up? Yeah, she was in the 10 kitchen area.
- 11 Q. Okay. And that kitchen area had a wall so you
- 12 | couldn't see -- I think you indicated you couldn't
- 13 \parallel see the living room from the kitchen --
- 14 | A. No, you couldn't.
- 15 | Q. -- from the table.
- 16 \parallel A. No, you could not, unless you were at the
- 17 \parallel doorway looking through. It has little pillars and
- 18 \parallel stuff in there. But other than that -- if you were
- 19 \parallel just looking over, you would not see the living
- 20 | room.
- 21 \parallel Q. And is it your testimony that she woke you up
- 22 \parallel when she heard screaming, or is that what she told
- 23 | you?
- 24 A. It's my testimony that she woke me up screaming
- 25 \parallel that the girl next door was being raped. I know

- that her testimony is she heard screaming and went up and came back and woke me up.
 - Q. Now, that was from the videotape?
- 4 | A. Yeah.

- 5 \parallel Q. When is the last time you saw the videotape?
- 6 A. I've never seen the video. I heard it during 7 my trial.
- 8 | Q. And did you take notes during your trial?
- 9 A. No, I did not.
- 10 \parallel Q. So is this your memory today based on what you
- 11 | heard 13 years ago?
- 12 \parallel A. My family has also purchased a copy of the
- 13 | videotape. I know what's being said on it.
- 14 \parallel Q. So did they tell you what was being said on it?
- 15 A. Yes, they did.
- 16 Q. So is part of your testimony based upon what
- 17 ∥ they told you?
- 18 A. Part of my testimony as opposed to what, which
- 19 || part?
- 20 Q. I don't know.
- 21 \parallel A. Neither do I.
- 22 \parallel Q. Your testimony about the videotape, is that
- 23 | what someone else told you?
- 24 \parallel A. I would say it's probably a little bit of both,
- 25 remembering what was done and what they've told me,

- what they've written down for me, as far as what's on the video. As far as my testimony of her waking me up screaming, "The girl next door is being raped," that's my personal knowledge of what
- Q. And how long was it from the time that you got outside until the police actually arrived?
- 8 I don't think it was more than five, six minutes, simply because when he came back telling 9 10 David to write down the tag number, Dave went in, I believe, and was on the telephone calling the 11 police. I got everybody calmed down, got Theresa 12 13 inside her kitchen, got her back inside to relax, 14 sit down and quit hyperventilating. I instructed him to go inside and take care of his pot. 15 16 stepped out front, and it couldn't have been two, 17 three minutes after that that the first squad car 18 pulled up.
 - Q. And when did Cheryl and Darren confide in you about what had happened?
 - A. When did Cheryl and Darren?
- 22 | Q. Yeah.
- A. Darren, Scott, told me that -- when I came out
 the front door and he was coming back at that
 particular time, he told me he chased the guy to the

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happened to me.

car, he got in the car, and he left the tag number to David, blah, blah, blah. Later on that evening, once the police had come, the EMT's had come, fire rescue had come, Scott was inside. I don't recall if he ever came out again until he was on the stretcher being wheeled away.

During that period of time, Cheryl came out her door, stood there with me, Theresa, and David, and possibly David's wife, and told us that the guy put a scalpel to her neck and tried to rape her.

Q. Now, knowing that Mrs. Porrey is dead, that David has never been found and Barbara has never been found, essentially, there's nobody to corroborate, except for Darren and Cheryl, this story about what they're telling you; is that correct?

- A. I don't understand your question. Corroborate the story who's telling what?
- Q. I'll withdraw the question.

THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Fishkin?

MR. FISHKIN: If I can have a moment,

Your Honor.

(Counsel for Respondent confer)

MR. FISHKIN: Nothing else, Your Honor.

MR. GILLICK: Briefly, Your Honor.

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REDIRECT EXAMINATION

2 BY MR. GILLICK.

- Q. Mr. Herrick, Mr. Fishkin discussed a laboratory
- 4 | report regarding debris and hair fibers with you.
- 5 | Do you remember that?
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. And he read part of it, correct?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 \parallel Q. Isn't it true that report specifically says:
- 10 No hairs microscopically like those contained in
- 11 | Herrick's known hair samples were found in the
- 12 debris recovered from the bedsheets?
- 13 A. Yes, sir. That's my main point.
- 14 \parallel Q. And that report was never presented to the
- 15 | jury, was it?
- 16 | A. No, sir.
- 17 \parallel Q. And as to the trial testimony of Cheryl Hagan
- 18 and Darren Scott Barfield, did both of them
- 19 positively identify you at trial as the assailant?
- 20 A. I don't believe so. You know, you read the
- 21 | trial. Cheryl say that she believes it's me because
- 22 \parallel the individual characteristics of the person she
- 23 \parallel saw, the description, which contradicts what Scott
- 24 says, and because Scott told her and Scott won't lie
- 25 \parallel to her. That's what she says in trial. And she

says she believes that because the police found the knife and bloody clothes in my room. That is not true. So do I believe that she herself identified from her personal knowledge of what she's seen that it's me? No, I do not believe that that is what took place in trial.

Q. Okay. Thank you.

MR. GILLICK: Nothing further.

THE WITNESS: Could I -- Mr. Gillick.

Q. Yes.

A. I have one -- when you discussed that report there, the significance of those pants, when you look at those pants -- they also recovered a T-shirt. They took a T-shirt. Cheryl describes these particular clothes. Apparently, by seizing them and taking them into evidence, they believe that these clothes were used. These are the pants that they say had blood on them. Did not. Cheryl describes the person as wearing a dark black or blue T-shirt. What they recovered there and took and sent to FDLE was a red T-shirt.

That's what I was trying to point out to Mr. Fishkin, that those clothes are not the clothes that could possibly have been used in that attack.

One, there's no blood on them; the shirt is

different; the pants are different; there's no large belt buckle on these pants, as Cheryl says that this attacker has on his pants. There's no nothing.

This little hair that he makes significance that the hair analysis would come out and say, well, it looks like it could be Cheryl's and it might not be Cheryl's, the bottom line is that these pants can't be shown to have been placed in there. The only relevant evidence coming from there is the stuff that is found in the bedsheets, and the stuff that is found in the bedsheets does not match my hair that I voluntarily gave them.

- Q. Did Cheryl have hair when she testified at trial?
- A. Did she have what?
- Q. Did she have hair, or was she bald?
- 17 A. She had hair, sir.
- 18 Q. There was plenty of other hair they could have 19 taken from her to test, right?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. Okay. Thanks.
- 22 \parallel MR. GILLICK: No further questions.
- 23 | THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir.
- MS. McCARTHY: Your Honor, just as a --
- 25 \parallel I know this would be taking out of order, but we

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thought we'd have gotten on a little bit
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     further. We've sent some witnesses home to come
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     back tomorrow morning, but there's one FDLE
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     analyst I hadn't approached Mr. Gillick about
     taking out of order. I don't anticipate her
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 6
     taking terribly long, but she's from Orlando
 7
     and --
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              THE COURT:
                           Is that all right,
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     Mr. Gillick?
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              MR. GILLICK: Do you have any idea how
     long? My problem is, I've got Mr. Doherty, who
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     is employed elsewhere, and --
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              MS. McCARTHY: I would say 15 to 20
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     minutes.
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              MR. GILLICK: I've got no objection to
     that.
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. GILLICK: Can I explain to
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     Mr. Doherty, Your Honor?
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              THE COURT:
                          Sure.
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              THE CLERK: Hi, ma'am. Raise your right
22
     hand, please.
            MARIANNE HILDRETH, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS,
23
24
     SWORN
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THE CLERK: Ma'am, please state your

full name for the record, and spell your last name.

THE WITNESS: My name is Marianne M. Hildreth, H-I-L-D-R-E-T-H.

THE CLERK: Thank you. Be seated, please.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. McCARTHY:

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- Q. Would you state your current occupation?
- 10 A. Yes. I'm employed by the Florida Department of
- 11 | Law Enforcement at the Orlando Regional Crime
- 12 | Laboratory as a microanalyst.
- 13 | Q. All right. Back in 1990, were you so employed?
- 14 | A. Yes, I was.
- Q. Had you at that time been previously qualified as an expert in microanalysis?
- 17 | A. Yes, ma'am.
 - MS. McCARTHY: I believe counsel would stipulate that the witness is an expert in the field of microanalysis of hair.
- MR. GILLICK: We would so stipulate.
- 22 THE COURT: All right.
- Q. I'm going to call your attention back to
 1990, mid-1990. Did you have submissions from
 the Largo Police Department in relation to a case

- 1 | involving Kevin Richard Herrick?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And did you happen to receive samples from bedsheets taken from the victims' home?
- 5 | A. Yes, I received debris from the bedsheets.
- Q. All right. And did you receive known hair standards of both victims, Cheryl Hagan and Darren Barfield, and the suspect, Kevin Richard Herrick?
- 9 A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Did you compare those with the debris from the bedsheets?
- 12 A. Yes, I did.
- 13 Q. What were your results of that comparison?
- 14 A. Found within the debris from the bedsheet were
- 15 | two pubic hairs that were microscopically like
- 16 | Cheryl Hagan's known pubic sample, two head hairs
- 17 | that were microscopically like Hagan's known head
- 18 | hair sample, one animal hair, two head hair
- 19 | fragments that were too limited for a significant
- 20 \parallel comparison, and three Caucasian head hairs that were
- 21 microscopically different from all of the submitted
- 22 | known head hair samples.
- 23 Q. All right. So you did not find a comparison
- 24 | with any hair standard that was submitted by the
- 25 | Defendant Herrick?

- A. That's correct. None of those hairs in the debris from the bedsheet were found to be like the known hair samples from the defendant.
 - Q. All right. Now, you had mentioned that there were three hairs that had different characteristics that you found that you didn't compare to any of the three; is that correct?
 - A. I did compare those three hairs to the known hair samples from all three of those individuals.
 - Q. And you weren't able to exclude or include them?
 - A. Those three hairs were all different from the submitted known hair samples from the victim, from Mr. Barfield, and from Mr. Herrick.
 - Q. Okay. I understand that micro hair analysis is a process of exclusion. Can it be a process of actually identifying someone as the source of the -- or the contributor of the hair?
 - A. Based upon a microscopic hair comparison, I would never be able to say that a questioned hair came from a particular individual to the exclusion of all other individuals. If I find that a questioned hair displays all the same microscopic characteristics as a person's known hair sample, what I can say is that it's consistent with having

- come from that person or it could have come from
 that person, but I can't say that it did come from
 that person. On the other hand, I can say, if there
 are significant differences, that a hair did not
- 5 come from a particular person.
 - Q. Now, you had described three different hairs that you excluded as coming from the victims and Herrick.
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, can you talk about those a little bit more? Describe for us the different characteristics of, I think how you described it is hair A, B, and C.
 - A. That's correct. May I refer to my notes where I describe those characteristics?
 - Q. Sure.
 - A. The main differences with each of those hairs and the known hair samples would be related to their color and their pigmentation. For example, hair A I described in my notes as having no pigment, so that would be either a blond or almost colorless hair; and in that one characteristic alone, it was different from all the submitted known hair samples.

Do you want me to go into the other features of

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- that hair, as well, hair A?
- Q. Yes, briefly.

- A. Okay. I described the cortex. The cortex of a hair is the main central portion of the hair. It comprises about 90 percent of the hair. I described the cortex as being striated. The cuticle, which refers to the scales on the outside of the hair, I describe it as being thin and looped in some areas, looping being a form of cuticular damage. And the medulla, which is the central core of hair cells that run down the middle of the hair, I describe as being discontinuous, moderate in diameter, and areas
- 14 | Q. All right.
 - A. Then hair B?
- 16 | Q. Correct.
 - A. Hair B I describe as being a light brown color; the pigment density was light to sparse; the pigment grain size was medium; the pigment was distributed along the periphery of the hair or toward the cuticle regions. The cuticle in this case, which, again, was the scales, I described as being thin and colorless with slight protrusion. And that medulla that I previously described as being discontinuous in hair A was absent in hair B.

where it's opaque and translucent.

1 Q. All right.

- And then hair C I described as being a light
- yellow/brown color near the root, and it changed to 3
- a light red/brown color as you move to the tip of 4
- 5 The pigment was sparse near the root and the hair.
- became a little more heavily pigmented toward the 6
- 7 The grain size was small, and it was tip.
- 8 distributed proximally, or near the root area; it
- was distributed peripherally, meaning along the 9
- cuticle edge; and then more even as you travel 10
- 11 toward the tip of the hair. And the medulla on this
- particular hair, hair C, I describe there is no 12
- 13 medulla in that hair, as well.
- 14 All right. I understand there were differences
- 15 in hair lengths.
- 16 Α. Yes, that's correct.
- 17 Could you describe that to the Court? Q.
- 18 Yes, I could. Hair A is seven inches long; Α.
- 19 hair B, one-and-a-half inches; and hair C was two
- and three-quarter inches long. 20
- 21 Ο. If you had been called to testify back in 1990
- 22 to these findings, would you have been able to
- 23 testify that the person who had been identified as
- contributing samples from Kevin Richard Herrick was 24
- 25 not present in the -- or had any contact with the

| bed clothing?

- A. Based on the lack of a hair transfer or the lack of evidence of a hair transfer, I can't exclude anyone from being in contact with a particular item. I can merely say that the evidence that was submitted to me did not contain any hairs that were like that particular person.
- Q. Can a person have contact with bedsheets without transferring hair?
- A. Yes. That's certainly possible.
- 11 Q. All right. Now, with respect to these three
 12 hairs, did you come to any conclusion as to whether
 13 it came from one person, two people, or three
 14 people?
 - A. A hair comparison is normally approached from the aspect of receiving known hair samples from the individuals involved in an incident and then examining each unknown hair as an individual hair and comparing it just to those hair standards. So the question that you ask is not normally how I would approach an examination, but I wouldn't be able to tell you whether those three hairs came from one person, two people, or three people. Any of those would be possible.
 - Q. The differences in characteristics you

- 1 described today, would you characterize those as
 2 fairly broad differences?
 - A. I would say that those hairs are described as being fairly different from one another, correct.
 - Q. If you were asked as to the probabilities or possibilities as to whether those three hairs came from one person or more than one person, what could you say about that?
 - A. I would indicate in my opinion that it's more likely that they came from more than one person, just based on the range of characteristics that those hairs display.
 - Q. So if an attorney were to try to portray that there were alien hairs found there that didn't get compared to any of the known standards or that it was one person, you couldn't give an expert opinion that that was true at all? You couldn't --
 - A. No.
 - Q. -- reach that opinion?
 - A. I would not normally agree with that scenario with that hypothetical question, that they all came from one person.
 - Q. And can you tell us what the possibility, if at all, it was that those hairs came from three individuals?

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- That's possible. I don't know that I could 1 Α. give you a probability.
 - Q. Was it unlikely, likely?

MR. GILLICK: Judge, at this point she's asking for speculation. The witness has already testified in this regard that she doesn't know and can't say.

THE COURT: I'm going to overrule the objection.

- If you can't say, that's fine. Ο. That's a valid answer, too. But can you describe any kind of possibility as to whether these hairs came from three different individuals?
- I'd say it's possible that it came from three individuals, but I don't know.

THE COURT: Ms. Hildreth, it's my understanding that you testified that it's more likely that these hairs came from more than one individual. Is that your testimony?

THE WITNESS: That's correct, based on the characteristics described by these hairs, but now I think the follow-up question is could they be from three, so it's --

- Q. From three individuals?
- I would say it --

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1 THE COURT: And the answer is you don't 2 know. 3 THE WITNESS: More than one, so that 4 leaves --5

- More than one? Okay. 0.
- Α. Two or three --
- Q. That's fine.

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- 8 -- would be most likely.
 - Now, referring to Respondent's Exhibit 30 ---
 - MS. McCARTHY: If I can approach the witness.

12 THE COURT: You may.

> On the second page of the report, and I believe you do have a copy, you had analyzed -- and I'm going to the Herrick's pants.

THE COURT: You're going to the what? MS. McCARTHY: Herrick's pants, the analysis of Herrick's pants, as opposed to the bedsheets.

- Q. Turning to the analysis of what you found there, I understand from your report there was a hair there that you've looked AT that you reached some, at least, observations about.
- Α. That's correct.
- And could you describe those for the Court? Q.

A. Yes. The debris from the pants, from Mr. Herrick, there were two hairs that I founded on a microscope slide to do a comparison with. One of the hairs was too limited for comparison. The second hair is a Caucasian head hair that was microscopically different from the known hair samples of both Herrick and Barfield. And when I compared that head hair then with the known head hair of Hagan, I found both similarities and differences with that particular hair.

And my result -- the paragraph you're referring to describes the fact that I found both similarities and differences and I was basically inconclusive as to the origin of that hair, although I can say it was different from the two males involved in this case. I was inconclusive with whether or not it could have originated from Hagan.

Q. Okay. And when you talked about the hair analysis, micro hair analysis, as being one of exclusion, were you able to exclude the victim as the source of that hair?

A. No, I could not exclude her as a possible denomination.

- A. No, I could not exclude her as a possible donor of that hair.
- Q. And I understand there was also another hair that you had found on a shirt submitted by -- or of

- 1 | Herrick's. Is that correct?
- A. On the shirt from Mr. Herrick, there were

 actually two hairs that were microscopically like

 his own head hair sample and an additional Caucasian

 head hair that was different from all the submitted
- 7 Q. And were you able to exclude the victims?
 - A. Yes. None of those hairs were microscopically consistent with Hagan or Barfield.
- 10 Q. Were you able to reach any conclusion as to who 11 that hair belonged to or came from?
 - A. The extraneous hair?

known hair samples.

13 | Q. Uh-huh.

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- A. No, I wasn't, other than saying it was
 different from each of these individuals and it
 didn't come from any of those three known hair
 samples I had.
 - Q. Now, with respect to the hairs that you described as A, B, and C found in the debris --
- 20 A. From the sheets.
 - Q. -- of the bedsheets, could the differences -- let's say there's three different people or one different person. Can those be accounted for in just an innocent transfer?
 - A. That's certainly possible. Each individual

normally sheds approximately 100 hairs a day just through normal hair growth and hair shedding, so hairs can then be either directly transferred onto an item or indirectly transferred, and this happens all the time. For example, if I shed a hair on this chair and the next witness sits down, that individual can pick up that hair on their clothing even though I never had direct contact with that individual, we were just in the same location. So hairs are transferred that way, as well.

Q. So would it be correct to conclude the it is possible that the contributor of hair A, B, and C may not have had direct contact with the sheets?

A. That's possible.

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{MS.\ McCARTHY:}}$ No further. Tender the witness.

 $$\operatorname{MR.\ GILLICK:}\ I've\ got\ no\ questions\ of$ this witness.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, ma'am.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MS. McCARTHY: Oh, Your Honor, I'm sorry, just one additional question. I apologize.

THE COURT: Very well.

Q. When we talked about innocent transfer, is one

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example, then, a transfer of laundry, say, a laundry
  1
      service or a laundromat? Can hairs be transferred
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      in that fashion?
           They certainly can, yes, picked up in a washing
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      machine or a dryer or anything, along those lines,
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      correct.
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               MS. McCARTHY:
                              Thank you.
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               THE COURT:
                           Thank you, ma'am.
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               THE WITNESS:
                             Thank you.
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               THE COURT: Please continue,
     Mr. Gillick.
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               MR. GILLICK:
                             Judge, could we take a
     very quick break before I call Mr. Doherty?
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               THE COURT: All right. Let's begin back
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     again at 3 o'clock
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             (Recess at 2:48 p.m., until 3:03 p.m.)
              THE COURT: Mr. Gillick, are you ready
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     to begin?
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              MR. GILLICK: Yes, Your Honor.
                                               We would
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     call Patrick Doherty.
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              MS. SWANK: Please raise your right hand
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     and repeat after me.
            PATRICK DOHERTY, PETITIONER'S WITNESS,
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     SWORN
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              MS. SWANK: Please state your full name
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- for the record, and spell it for the record,
 please.
- THE WITNESS: Patrick Doherty,

4 \parallel D-O-H-E-R-T-Y.

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DIRECT EXAMINATION

- 6 BY MR. GILLICK:
 - Q. Mr. Doherty, what is your profession?
- 8 A. I'm a lawyer.
- 9 \parallel Q. How long have you been a lawyer?
- 10 | A. Since 1973.
- 11 | Q. You're not a mathematician, so I won't ask you
- 12 \parallel how many years. Where are you admitted to practice?
- 13 A. I'm admitted to practice in Florida,
- 14 | Massachusetts, Louisiana, and Colorado.
- 15 | Q. And have you practiced since 1973?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And Mr. Doherty, where are you currently
- 18 | employed?
- 19 \parallel A. I'm presently working at Wilkes & McHugh, which
- 20 \parallel is a personal injury firm in downtown Tampa.
- 21 \parallel Q. Mr. Doherty, since 1973, when you commenced
- 22 \parallel practice, what has been the bulk of your area of
- 23 | expertise?
- 24 | A. Criminal trial work.
- 25 \parallel Q. And how long did you do criminal trial work

- 1 | since 1973?
- 2 \parallel A. Probably 25 years, that period of time.
- 3 | Q. And Mr. Doherty, in your criminal trial work,
- $4 \parallel$ did you practice in both state and federal courts?
- 5 \parallel A. Yes. The bulk of my work was in state court.
- 6 Q. And where were you officed most of your career?
- 7 | A. Pinellas County, Clearwater.
 - Q. And do you have a rating in Martindale-Hubbell?
- 9 | A. Yes. I was --
- 10 \parallel Q. What is it?
- 11 || A. -- AV.

- 12 \parallel Q. That's the highest rating you can get?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 \parallel Q. Mr. Doherty, do you have any idea about
- 15 | approximately how many criminal cases you've handled
- 16 | in your career?
- 17 | A. Handled?
- 18 | Q. Yes.
- 19 \parallel A. I really don't know how many I've handled. I
- 20 | know I've tried about -- I think I've tried about
- 21 | 125 felonies.
- 22 \parallel Q. Would it be fair to say that the number of
- 23 | cases you've handled would be in the thousands?
- 24 | A. Oh, yeah.
- 25 \parallel Q. And would that include felonies and other

- 1 | serious crimes?
- 2 | A. Oh, yes. Uh-huh, yeah.
- 3 | Q. You handle murders?
- $4 \parallel A$. Yes, a lot of them.
- 5 | Q. Death penalty cases?
- 6 A. A lot of them, yeah.
- Q. Have you handled other types of cases that potentially involved a life sentence?
- 9 | A. Oh, yeah, a lot of them, of course.
- Q. Mr. Doherty, aside from actually practicing
- 11 criminal law, have you lectured in the area of
- 12 | criminal law?
- 13 A. Yes, I have. On several occasions, I've
- 14 \parallel lectured in the area of criminal law, and I was
- Board-certified in the area of criminal trial work
- 16 \parallel and all that sort of thing. I don't think I've ever
- 17 \parallel written any articles, but -- well, yes, I have, as a
- 18 \parallel matter of fact, now that I think of it. I did back
- 19 | in the '70s.
- 20 \parallel Q. And Mr. Doherty, have you ever before been
- 21 | qualified as an expert in --
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. -- in a criminal case?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 \parallel Q. And Mr. Doherty, have you ever met Kevin

- 1 | Herrick prior to today?
- 2 A. No, I never have.
- 3 \parallel Q. Do you know any members of his family?
- 4 | A. I don't believe I do, no.
- 5 | Q. And Mr. Doherty, have you reviewed any
- 6 materials in the Kevin Herrick's case?
- 7 A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Can you give us an idea of what types of materials you reviewed?
- 10 A. Well, of course, I read the transcript; and in
- 11 \parallel addition to reading the transcript, I read Pat
- 12 | Porrey's deposition and I read Mrs. Porrey, Pat's
- 13 mother's deposition. I read the police reports. I
- 14 \parallel went through the hair analysis package, if you want
- 15 | to call it that. And I think that's about -- I
- 16 | think that's about it. I think there was some other
- 17 | trace analysis stuff along with the hair, but I
- 18 | think that's it.
- 19 Q. And do you know attorney Ed Leinster?
- 20 | A. No, I don't.
- 21 \parallel Q. Ever had any dealings at all with Mr. Leinster?
- 22 | A. No.
- 23 \parallel Q. Mr. Doherty, with your expertise in --
- 24 MR. GILLICK: Judge, first, I would
- 25 \parallel offer Mr. Doherty as an expert in the area of

criminal defense law.

MR. FISHKIN: No objection.

THE COURT: All right.

- Q. Mr. Doherty, in your expertise in criminal defense and your review of materials previously discussed, have you formed an opinion regarding Edward Leinster's performance in representation of Kevin Herrick --
- A. Yes, I have.
- \parallel Q. -- in this matter?

What is your opinion of Mr. Leinster's performance?

- A. I feel that his performance was below the standard in the community, the prevailing standard in the community, and I think it was so much below the prevailing standard in the community that it affected the outcome of the trial; and but for his lack of preparation on several items really, the outcome of this case could have, would have, and should have been different.
- Q. And Mr. Doherty, have you formed an opinion whether Mr. Leinster's deficient performance prejudiced Kevin Herrick in this case?
- 24 | A. Yes, I have.
 - Q. And what is your opinion in that regard?

Α. When you read the transcript, I honestly believe that if a fair-minded person sits down and reads this transcript, they will get up from the table, and there is just no way in the world that a fair-minded person would say, "That's the truth. know everything I need to know about this case." This is without a doubt one of the flakiest cases I have ever seen. It's certainly one of the flakiest cases I've ever seen. Therefore, this young man is on trial in this case; he's denied it from day one; he was adamant in his denial at the scene from day one; and his lawyer obviously, from the very record itself, was absolutely unprepared for this case. He's not bad on his feet. I don't mean to

He's not bad on his feet. I don't mean to suggest that this is a person that doesn't have any talent, by any means. He just didn't do the groundwork that he needed to do to get ready for this trial with this young man, with this young man's stance in this case, being that he was innocent. This was a lawyer that was seeing things for the very first time right then, right there, in front of the jury. That should never happen. That should never ever, ever happen.

Q. Could that be considered a strategic act by a lawyer to fail to investigate a case such as this?

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A. There is no way that a failure to investigate a case can ever be explained as a strategic move.

There is just no -- there is just no way. This is not just a guy who said, "I'm not going to call the hair expert because, in my opinion, the hair expert might be equivocal." He's hearing about the hair expert at the same time Kevin Herrick is hearing about the hair expert, in front of the jury. The jury is hearing about the hair expert at the same time as the defense lawyer, and he basically says so.

It's not that he made a conscious decision or a trial decision or weighed the strategy of introducing photographs. He clearly is saying in this trial transcript, "This is the first time I've seen the photographs. Let me take a look at them. Is there anything in here?" Given the fact that this young man from day one said that he was innocent, given the fact that this young man was all too eager to give up hair samples and whatnot to prove his innocence, this is egregious conduct. This is deficient conduct.

Q. Would there be an excuse for Mr. Leinster not to talk to or present as witnesses Patrick Porrey and David Stewart?

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I don't know about David Stewart, but I do know 1 Α. that Patrick Porrey was present during the time that 2 3 the deposition of Theresa Porrey was taken because he has a cameo appearance in that. He comes on, he 4 says something to his mother and is like, Are you --5 Do you need a glass of water, Mom, or something like 6 7 He's definitely in the Theresa Porrey that? deposition, so he's definitely right there. And 8 having read his deposition afterward -- he's 9 looking back 13 years -- he would have corroborated 10 Mrs. Porrey's prior testimony. And I think that in 11 and of itself would have changed the outcome of this 12 13 case. 14 Do you think that Mr. Leinster was acting 15

Q. Do you think that Mr. Leinster was acting competently or incompetently by failing to present the physical evidence results that were available, I don't know if he had them, but that were available regarding blood, hair, fiber, and fingerprints?

A. Well, it is pretty clear when you read the transcript that he did not have them, notwithstanding the fact that he should have had them, but --

THE COURT: What makes you say that he didn't have them, Mr. Doherty?

THE WITNESS: Because on Page --

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THE COURT: Particularly when you read his opening statement.

THE WITNESS: Beg your pardon?

THE COURT: I said particularly when you read his opening statement, because if I can look real quickly, they start talking on Page 122: I thought I'd been provided with all discovery, says Mr. Leinster. I did not specifically ask for photographs other than any kind of discovery request, but I have, as counsel, asked to have a copy of all reports and matters of evidence. I don't know that there's anything in here of materiality, but I would like to know if there is anything else I haven't gotten.

Mr. Bulone says, "We're going to introduce latent fingerprints taken from the door and the known fingerprints of the victim."

As it turned out, the fingerprints of the victim were matched by the fingerprints taken from the door and they all matched.

Did you receive a copy of the fingerprints?

Mr. Leinster says, "I've --" he doesn't say yes. He says, "I've been assured by counsel these were not a match from Mr. Herrick."

Mr. Bulone says, "What was sent to him was a report about a match for the victim. It wasn't a match for the defendant, but the victim."

The Court then says, "For the victim and not the defendant?"

Mr. Leinster, again, has an opportunity to say, "Well, yeah, I got those. I read those."

He says, "I have no problem with that. I have no problem with these pictures. I just haven't seen them before. Are there any reports that you or the witnesses have that I never saw?"

Bulone said, "No."

THE WITNESS: I get the distinct impression, Judge, that he's saying this is all new to him and he's going on the word of the prosecutor right then, right there. It sure seems that way when he's talking, Judge.

- Q. Mr. Doherty, in a case where the evidence against Mr. Herrick was eyewitness identification only by Cheryl Hagan and Mr. Barfield, would it be important for a jury to see the actual laboratory reports that exculpated Mr. Herrick, such as hair, blood, fiber, and fingerprint reports?
- A. I would think so. I would think so for --

THE COURT: How would laboratory reports even come into evidence, Mr. Doherty?

THE WITNESS: No, I would say you should call the lab technician and have them testify to those results. And the reason is that I think in this case Mr. Leinster had already made the decision to put on a piece of evidence other than Mr. Herrick's testimony, so he's already made the decision that he's giving up a closing argument to put on Mrs. Porrey. Having made that decision there's no down side, then, to put on the lab technicians. They can equivocate, to some extent I'm sure, but the bottom line is, nothing in this apartment matches Mr. Herrick. That, in itself, is remarkable, if you think about what we're saying went on here.

We're thinking about -- we're thinking about a rape that is supposed to have occurred in a bedroom, in a crime scene that's fairly -- it's -- the integrity is pretty well kept, according to these people. The fact that there's no hair that matches Herrick is -- it's not in itself something that will exculpate him, but it's something that's odd. That's certainly unusual where a rape has occurred just five

minutes ago.

The fact that there's no blood from Mr. Herrick, because people frequently, if they're stabbing other people, cut themselves in the process of doing so, ala O.J. Simpson. In my experience, blood is sticky and slippery and your hand can slip off the handle of a blade.

Okay. So the fact that there's no blood there of Mr. Herrick's, that's not that remarkable, but it's another thing that's missing. The fact that there's no fingerprints there of Mr. Herrick, that is pretty remarkable. The fact that there isn't any forced entry into this building, boy, that's very remarkable. And you go on and on and on in this case to the fact that these people who say they identified him did not identify him until later. That's unusual.

The fact that a dog is supposed to track the perpetrator of this crime but can't track anybody except Mr. Barfield from the police reports, that's kind of odd. The fact that Mr. Herrick is back at the house, how did Mr. Herrick -- how was that supposed to have happened? That's very, very odd.

And so in the final analysis, you get

all of these things and you add them up, and is
there some mathematical possibility that all of
those things could have occurred at the same
time. And I think the answer is yes, there is
some mathematical possibility of that, but it's

on the order of the mathematical possibility of

being hit by a meteor. It could happen.

Q. Mr. Doherty, you mentioned identification, and that's my next point. From your review of this case, do you have any conclusion about the identification by Hagan and Barfield being tainted in any way?

A. Yes, I do think it's tainted. And a person could file a motion to say that it's tainted, but here's how I've taken that, to be honest with the -- to be honest. Those motions are in such disfavor that I'm not sure that the actual filing of the motion is critical; but every time I've reached a conclusion that a -- that I ought to file a motion and it ought to be suppressed, it never is suppressed. But the flip side of that is that a jury sees it the same way.

This is a -- to say this is highly suggestive is the understatement of the millennium. They lied to these people in order to get them --

they lied to these people for some reason. They told them that evidence was found in Mr. Herrick's room that would inculpate him, and it simply was not.

But I'll say one thing about this motion thing, and that is that when you start thinking about that, it does focus your mind on something, and that is that even the police, when they're saying this to Ms. Hagan and Mr. Barfield, even the police are saying, We should have found something in Herrick's room. If Herrick was the guy, we should have found something and we did. Okay. Well, that turns out to be false.

But I agree with the first part of the proposition. Yeah, they should have found something. If Herrick was the person who did that crime, among other things, you might want to find, say, the big belt buckle. Where is that? They talked about the -- you know, in the course of this identification, they testified -- Ms. Hagan testified that, why, she recognized Barfield because he had that big belt buckle. Where's the big belt buckle? There's not even that in his room.

Q. Mr. Herrick [sic], in a case of this nature where a person is charged with such serious

felonies, where a person is facing a life sentence in prison, would it be appropriate or would it be ineffective for a lawyer not to provide the

- A. Well, we used to common -- I will say that we used to commonly do that. I don't know that that in itself would be ineffective assistance of counsel. We used to commonly provide our client with discovery materiels because it is, after all, their trial and they have their own information and insight they can give to the stuff, and, yeah, we commonly would do that. And as public defenders in the Sixth Judicial Circuit, I think they always did
- Q. Would it be important for a lawyer to discuss the trial strategy with a defendant sometime prior to trial?
- A. Sure.

that.

Q. Would it be important for the lawyer to advise a defendant in a serious case of what the witnesses are saying and what the evidence is against him?

A. Of course. Of course. And I would think that that would be ineffective assistance of counsel.

And the reason is that, with rare exceptions, a jury wants to hear what the defendant has to say for the

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simple common sense reason that most people feel if they were accused of a rape they'd want to say they didn't do it, no matter who the heck they were, whether they had two felony convictions or 10 felony convictions. If somebody accuses you of a rape that you did not do and you stand silent in the face of that accusation, that in itself is hurtful, notwithstanding the fact that the court can give an admonishment not to use a person's Fifth Amendment right against them.

So that's a long way around, but what I'm driving at is, you send your client the discovery materials, you discuss with your client what the discovery materials are, you discuss with your client what the trial strategy is, all in a kind of a overarching strategy of getting your client in a position where he understands what the Government or the State is saying and so that he can testify. And in the event that those discussions were not held, that would be ineffective assistance of counsel, and I mean without a doubt.

Q. Mr. Doherty, if an attorney had a long-standing history of chronic alcoholism, drug abuse, and numerous arrests, will that likely have an effect on his ability to properly perform at trial, or could

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it? 1 2 MR. FISHKIN: I'm going to object to that, Your Honor, the --3 THE COURT: Sustained. 4 5 MR. FISHKIN: -- material comment of 6 long-standing, unless he puts it within 7 parameters. 8 THE COURT: Sustained. 9 MR. GILLICK: I have no further 10 questions. 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. FISHKIN: 13 Good afternoon. 14 Good afternoon. 15 In your readings, did you read the opening statement that Mr. Leinster gave in this case? 16 17 I did. Α. 18 And did you read on -- depending on which number you want to use, Page 13 at the top or 39 at 19 20 the bottom in his opening: Blood was, again, left 21 by the assailant's hands on the doorknob. 22 were taken. They did not match Kevin Herrick. 23 Α. Uh-huh. So he knew going into that case that there was 24

no physical evidence linking Mr. Herrick to the

- 1 | crime?
- 2 A. I think he knew. I think there are things that
- 3 | he knew, but I think he knew them from talking to
- 4 | Joe Bulone.
- 5 | Q. But you don't know that?
- 6 A. I know he said he never saw the photographs,
- 7 | and I know that his testimony here seems to indicate
- 8 | that he didn't know about other things. The short
- 9 | answer is, no, I do not know what he knew.
- 10 \parallel Q. You've been practicing in Pinellas County for a
- 11 | number of years prior to moving over to Tampa?
- 12 A. Yes, I have.
- 13 | Q. We won't go into which is better. Is it normal
- 14 \parallel practice that as part of discovery, all the police
- 15 | reports are turned over?
- 16 A. That has varied from time to time over the
- 17 \parallel years. I am not sure that that was the case in
- 18 ∥ 1989.
- 19 \parallel Q. If police reports contain exculpatory matter,
- 20 | that's something called Brady material, isn't it?
- 21 | A. Do police reports --
- 22 \parallel Q. No, I said if.
- 23 A. If a police report contains exculpatory
- 24 | material, it would be Brady material.
- 25 \parallel Q. And that has to be turned over?

- 1 A. It's supposed to be turned over.
- 2 | Q. And also it goes --
 - A. Wait, wait, wait. Let's not get ahead of ourselves here. It is supposed to be turned over.

 Is it turned over? The truth is that in the rush of business, it may be or it may not been. It's hard
 - Q. In a life sentence case, wouldn't the police, as a matter of course, turn over in discovery witness statements, police reports that have police statements, lab reports that are contained in police reports? Isn't this done as a matter of course?
 - A. You're asking me what my opinion is of Largo Police Department. I do not know that they did it as a matter of course with Largo Police Department.
 - Q. I'm asking as your opinion as a defense attorney. Do you not normally get that?
 - A. Well, let me answer it by this. Yes, there have been periods in history where you normally get that and there were periods when you wouldn't get it and they would require you to take depositions, and then as depositions became -- well, the bottom line is depositions became so costly that you started to get police reports. And I'm not sure in 1989 where that fell in the whole process.

to tell.

- 1 Q. Okay. Depositions were taken in this case; 2 were they not?
 - A. Yes, I believe they were taken by Jane Brown.
 - Q. By the PD's office?
- 5 A. Yeah, Jane.

- Q. And when you take the depositions of police officers, the police officers are asked to bring with them their reports; are they not?
- 9 A. Sometimes.
- Q. And you indicated that in the Sixth Judicial
 Circuit -- that's Pinellas County, isn't it --
- that they've always given discovery over to the prisoners?
- 14 \parallel A. As a public defender, we used to do that.
- 15 \parallel Q. Now, what is --
- 16 A. Now, wait a second, wait a second. Let me just
- 17 | stop here. I can't be used to kind of give a
- 18 | imprimatur to what Mr. Jagger's office was doing in
- 19 | 1989 because I left there in 1975.
- 20 \parallel Q. But it was the practice in 1975 to do that?
- 21 \parallel A. I think it was, yeah.
- 22 \parallel Q. Do you have any reason to believe today that
- 23 | the practice has changed?
- 24 A. I don't have any reason to know either way. I
- 25 | think it hasn't changed, but I wouldn't know.

- Q. One of the first motions that's filed after arraignment is a discovery motion; is it not?

 A. A demand for discovery.
 - Q. And that includes Brady and, you know, I haven't done this for a while and I don't remember all the cases, but Giglio, and there's a whole progeny of cases that go beyond just the scope of exculpatory material today. Is that not so?
 - Q. And if that's not turned over, that would be the basis for all kinds of problems for the

THE COURT: Where are we going,
Mr. Fishkin? There's no claim that material
wasn't turned over, at least no claim as such in
the Petitioner's habeas corpus petition.

MR. FISHKIN: The claim, Your Honor, is that the lab reports were not admitted, and Mr. Doherty has stated that Mr. Leinster didn't know about them.

THE COURT: I think what he's actually saying is that Mr. Leinster may have had them but didn't read them.

MR. FISHKIN: Well, I didn't -THE COURT: Is that what you're saying,

Right.

prosecutor; would it not?

Mr. Doherty?

THE WITNESS: Yeah. Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: In other words, he didn't open his file.

- Q. Yet he was aware -- just to follow up on that, he was aware of what they had, at least for opening statement, what they had in them?
- A. He was aware, generally speaking, that they didn't implicate Kevin Herrick, but I don't know that he understood the significance of this or thought through the significance of this given what the allegations of this case are.

THE COURT: Mr. Doherty, are you saying that the decision by Mr. Leinster not to call experts such as the hair and fingerprint experts but yet to solicit the information included in those reports generally, namely that no physical evidence implicates Mr. Herrick, fell below that standard of effective assistance of counsel, that standard of professional representation demanded by the Sixth Amendment?

THE WITNESS: That decision in and of itself, no. The decision not to call these witnesses and to talk to them to see what they would say, yes. I would say that the lack of

preparation, the lack of that --

THE COURT: I'm talking solely about the experts, not Mr. Porrey or Mr. Stewart.

THE WITNESS: Right. But I mean I'm
just saying in the context to say, "I didn't call
the hair guy because I knew that there were no
hairs of Mr. Herrick's;" well, were there other
people's hairs? I've read this transcript, and
there's a hair there that doesn't match
Mr. Herrick and it's not a clear match to the
victim, and that could be pivotal information to
a jury.

Fingerprints, there are nine fingerprints that I counted, I think, that were taken. Four of them match Mr. Barfield. That's great evidence for Mr. Herrick. Who do the other five belong to? We know they don't belong to Herrick. Who do they belong to? And by the way, are any of those fingerprints in blood? Do we know the answer to that? No, we don't know the answer to that.

And I think that it would be -- I think it's one of those things that if it is in blood, for instance, or part of the fingerprint's in blood, then that's like a time-dated

- fingerprint. That puts whoever is there at the
- 2 \parallel time in the room at the time somebody is
- 3 | bleeding, so that could be critical exculpatory
- 4 | information. To not call these people without --
- 5 | to not call them as witnesses without having
- 6 | investigated it first, that does fall below the
- 7 standard, I think.
- 8 | Q. Mr. Doherty, you made a comment before that the
- 9 | fact that Mr. Herrick's fingerprints were not found
- 10 \parallel there was incredible if he had been there; is that
- 11 | correct?
- 12 | A. Well, I don't know. If I said that, I
- 13 | should -- it's not incredible. It's certainly
- 14 | exculpatory.
- 15 \parallel Q. Are you aware, sir, that Mr. Herrick was in
- 16 | that apartment twice within the day-and-a-half
- 17 | before this crime was committed, in fact, the very
- 18 | afternoon this crime was committed?
- 19 | A. Uh-huh.
- 20 | Q. You are?
- 21 | A. Yeah.
- 22 \parallel Q. And yet they didn't find his fingerprints as a
- 23 | result of that?
- 24 \parallel A. Yeah, but he wasn't -- no one ever said that in
- 25 \parallel those instances -- they said he was in and out, but

no one said in those instances that he was touching anything. The person who came in this house that night touched the door, obviously, because they got in, they touched the sliding glass door because they were trying to get out that sliding glass door, and I think there were a couple of other things that they mentioned that were touched and I can't think of those off the top of my head. But at any rate, there ought to be fingerprints of the perpetrator of that crime.

- Q. Is it your experience, sir, that because somebody touches something they necessarily leave a readable fingerprint?
- A. No, they don't necessarily leave a readable fingerprint, but once again, that's one of those things that where if somebody's life is on the line and they have uniformly said they were innocent from day one, you ought to look at it. You ought to talk to somebody about that.
- Q. You've talked about the fact that not interviewing Mr. Porrey and Mr. Stewart fall below the realm of acceptable conduct. Is that a fair statement?
- A. I don't know about Stewart because I don't know what Stewart had to say, but I think the failure to

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- 1 | interview Porrey is pretty low and that's pretty --
- 2 | I don't mean low morally. I mean, that's pretty far
- 3 | below the standard, yeah.
- 4 | Q. Do you know that he did not interview
- 5 | Mr. Porrey?
- 6 A. I believe he said he didn't.
- 7 \parallel Q. He said he didn't? When did he say that?
- $8 \parallel A$. It was my impression that he said to
- 9 | Mr. Herrick that he hadn't interviewed Porrey.
- 10 \parallel Q. When did he say that?
- 11 | A. I don't know.
- 12 | Q. Now, there's an interrogatory where he confuses
- 13 | Mr. Stewart with Mr. Porrey.
- 14 | A. I think it might be the interrogatory I'm
- 15 | talking about.
- 16 \parallel Q. And that was some four or five years after the
- 17 \parallel event. And it's clear, if you look at the context
- 18 | of the interrogatory, that he's talking about
- 19 | Mr. Stewart, not Mr. Porrey, because obviously he
- 20 | does talk to Mr. Porrey 'cause Mr. Porrey, as you
- 21 \parallel said, is in the videotape, so he was there. Now, is
- 22 | it possible, sir --
- 23 A. Wait a second, wait a second. Wait a minute.
- 24 \parallel Let me just -- I don't mean to be facetious, but
- 25 || what's obvious to you and me may not be obvious to

- 1 | somebody who's floridly alcoholic.
- 2 | Q. Was what?
- 3 | A. Floridly alcoholic.
- 4 | Q. Well, do you know that he was at that time?
 - A. I know he has a record that is unbelievable.
 - Q. And that record is mostly post 1989, isn't it?
- 7 | A. Okay.

- 8 Q. I think you've indicated you don't know him;
 9 you've never met him.
- 10 A. I don't know him.
- 11 Q. And you have no idea of his physical or 12 substance situation in 1989; is that fair?
- 13 A. Yes. And the next thing I would say is, in
- 14 | addition to that, I don't know whether this person
- 15 | 13 years ago knew that that was the person that his
- 16 | client had told him about 10 times. I don't know
- 17 | that he knew enough to talk to that person, and I'm
- 18 | not willing to sit here today and say that he made a
- 19 conscious decision not to talk to that person.
- Q. My question was, do you know whether he talked
- 21 | to him?
- 22 | A. No, I don't. I'm just saying I don't know
- 23 | personally, but I'm reading the same answer that
- 24 | you're reading.
- 25 | Q. Okay. Do you know if he talked to him whether

- 1 Mr. Porrey claimed to have any knowledge of this incident?
- A. I don't know. All I know is what Mr. Porrey said in his deposition with Mr. Gillick.
- 5 | Q. You've read the police reports; have you not?
- 6 A. Uh-huh.
- 7 | Q. There's nothing in the police report where
- 8 | Mr. Porrey claims, I know this individual couldn't
- 9 \parallel have done it for this reason, this reason, or this
- 10 | reason, is there?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 \parallel Q. Yet Mr. Porrey claimed in his deposition that
- 13 | he told Mr. Leinster all of this; is that right?
- 14 | A. Uh-huh.
- 15 | Q. And he also told the Largo Police Department
- 16 | everything he told to Mr. Leinster?
- 17 | A. Right.
- 18 \parallel Q. And yet there's nothing in the reports to
- 19 ∥ sustain that, is there?
- 20 \parallel A. No. You can't possibly be surprised by that.
- 21 ∥ Are you?
- 22 | Q. Well, let's talk about facts, not what
- 23 | surprises me.
- 24 \parallel A. All right. Let me just say this, then.
- THE COURT: Why don't you wait till a

- question's put to you, Mr. Doherty? Let's go ahead and proceed.
- 3 \parallel Q. Now, again, in the videotaped deposition,
- 4 Mrs. Porrey gives Mr. Herrick an alibi; does she
- 5 ∥ not?

- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 Q. She claims that he couldn't have done it 'cause
- 8 she woke him up?
- 10 \parallel Q. She was there when the police were there. She
- 11 \parallel consented, did she not, to the police searching the
- 12 | room in which Mr. Herrick was staying? Did she not?
- 13 A. I believe so, yes.

Right.

- 14 Q. Did she ever, according to the police report,
- 15 | tell the police that Mr. Herrick could not have done
- 16 | it because, I just woke him up when I heard the
- 17 | screaming?
- 18 A. I'm trying to say to you I don't know what she
- 19 \parallel told the police, and I'm not sure that you could
- 20 \parallel know that from a police report.
- 21 \parallel Q. In any event, it's not in the police report?
- 22 \parallel A. (Nods head up and down.)
- 23 Q. Now, I think you mentioned -- or did you
- 24 mention that Patrick and Mrs. Porrey were
- 25 | consistent?

- 1 A. I thought they were.
- Q. In Mr. Porrey's deposition, did he not testify that he was the one that woke up Patrick and that's
- 4 | how he knew Patrick didn't do it?
- 5 A. You mean Kevin.

- Q. Kevin, I'm sorry.
- 7 A. I think that what happened was that Kevin
- 8 | Herrick was awakened by Mrs. Porrey, came out, and
- 9 | went back in and laid down. That was my
- 10 \parallel understanding of the factual situation.
- 11 | Q. When he laid down, he was awakened three hours
- 12 | later by Mr. Porrey, according to testimony here
- 13 | today. Now, according to Mr. Porrey in his
- 14 \parallel deposition, when this happened, he was across the
- 15 | street at Poor Boys. He heard a commotion, that's
- 16 | Page 12 of his deposition, and there's a
- 17 | digression. Then how did he hear about it.
- 18 | Everybody was outside, I believe, my mother said
- 19 | something about it, and I believe Darren came
- 20 | running back and said he chased some guy down the
- 21 | street.
- And then on the next page, it goes on: All
- 23 | remember doing is waking him out of the -- out of
- 24 | the room. That's all I can remember about that. I
- 25 | don't know if he -- he might have went outside when

- we were all standing out trying to figure out what happened.

 Now, that's pretty inconsistent with the two stories, isn't it?

 A. I don't think it is, particularly given the
 - A. I don't think it is, particularly given the fact that 13 years have elapsed between the testimony of Mrs. Porrey and the testimony of her son.
 - Q. Okay. Now, in his deposition, Pat Porrey also agreed that he spoke to Mr. Leinster, didn't he?
 - A. I think he mentioned something about
- 12 \parallel Mr. Leinster being at the deposition of his mother.
- Q. Didn't he say he spoke to Mr. Leinster and that he told Mr. Leinster everything he knew about the
- incident and he told the police the same thing?
- 16 | A. Okay.

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- 17 | Q. Isn't that what the deposition says?
- 18 A. I don't know. That doesn't ring a bell, but go 19 ahead. Show me.
 - Q. I don't know if I can find it.

 Well, the deposition will speak for itself.
 - A. Okay.
- MR. FISHKIN: That's all I have.
- THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Fishkin?
- MR. FISHKIN: That's it. Thank you.

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3 THE COURT: Mr. Gillick, do you intend to ask Mr. Doherty any questions about the 4 failure to file a motion for new trial? 5 6 MR. GILLICK: Yes, briefly, Your Honor. 7 I apologize. 8 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GILLICK: 9 10 Mr. Doherty, are you aware that Mr. Leinster Q. 11 failed to timely file a motion for a new trial? 12 Α. Yes. 13 And do you think that is significant? 14 THE COURT: In the sense that the motion for a new trial is addressed to whether the judge 15 should act as a seventh juror in the case and 16 17 overturn the jury's verdict because of that. 18 THE WITNESS: I do not. And I do not for several reasons, one of which is that I don't 19 20 know that Judge Downey would ever in a million years do that; and number two -- I've just never 21 seen Judge Downey do that. 22 23 THE COURT: In your experience, have you

THE COURT:

Mr. Gillick?

MR. GILLICK: No, Your Honor.

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happened to you?

ever seen any judge do that? Has it ever

1 THE WITNESS: It's never happened to me, 2 Judge. 3 THE COURT: It never happened to me either, so that's why I asked. 4 5 MR. GILLICK: And briefly, Your Honor. Mr. Doherty, Mr. Fishkin indicated to you that 6 Q. 7 Mr. Leinster had answered some interrogatories or 8 request for admissions and made a mistake and 9 indicated that --10 Α. I had looked at those. If you've got them, I'll be able to find it. 11 12 0. I made a mistake in putting Mr. Stewart's name 13 in place of Patrick Porrey. 14 I would like to show you a Response to 15 Plaintiff's Request for Admissions and ask you to look at that, and ask you to read the answer to 16 17 No. 4. 18 THE WITNESS: This is the thing that I 19 was referring to, Judge. It's answers as to 20 four, Patrick Porrey was not located. 21 were exculpatory. 22 MR. FISHKIN: Excuse me. Can I have 23 some indication of where you're reading from? 24 THE WITNESS: I'm reading from Page 1 of

Response to Plaintiff's Request for Admissions,

which is signed by Ed Leinster on the 27th of September, 1994.

It goes on to say that even Mrs. Porrey did not know where Patrick was. David Stewart had jumped you that night demanding if you did it. I don't know what that means. I don't know what that means. But I do know that I took that to mean that he had searched for Patrick Porrey and was unable to locate him. When you see the videotape, you see that Patrick Porrey's on the videotape. That's clearly not historically accurate.

- Q. Mr. Doherty, I'd like you to review the answer to question No. 5.
- A. Yeah, even Mrs. Porrey didn't know where Patrick was.
- Q. Is there any way that that could be confused
 with David Stewart, or does that directly relate to
- 19 Mr. Porrey?

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- A. No, that's Mr. Porrey.
- 21 | Q. And that is signed by Ed Leinster?
- 22 | A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Thank you, Mr. Doherty. I've got no further questions.
- THE COURT: Any inquiry, Mr. --

MR. FISHKIN: Yes, Your Honor, just on that subject. Just a moment.

THE COURT: If you're looking for the transcript, I found it, Mr. --

MR. FISHKIN: No, I'm not looking for the transcript. I'm looking for -- it's in the police report.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. FISHKIN:

- Q. When you read the police report and the -- did you read the depositions, also?
- A. No.

- Q. In the police report, I believe it was Officer Crosby, also, in his deposition indicated that when he arrived at the scene, Patrick Porrey was very, very upset and wanted to attack the defendant, or Mr. Herrick, for what he had done to Cheryl. Does that shed any light on whether or not when Mr. Leinster said even Mrs. Porrey he didn't know where Patrick was, David Stewart had jumped you that night demanding if you did it, that he was thinking of Patrick Porrey, not David Stewart?
- A. I honestly didn't think so. When he refers to Mrs. Porrey doesn't know where Patrick is, I think that's pretty clear that he's talking about Patrick

Porrey. THE COURT: All right. Thank you, 2 3 Mr. Doherty. 4 Call your next witness, please. 5 MS. McCARTHY: Your Honor, we have two witnesses left tonight that we were hoping to get 6 on, and we'd like to know the Court's regular 7 8 calendar. Do you recess at 5:00? 9 THE COURT: Well, I'll be glad to stay later than that. What is your situation? 10 11 MS. McCARTHY: Well, we have the State prosecutor, he's got a murder trial tomorrow, I'd 12 13 like to put him on. And Ed Leinster is on a furlough status just today, so I would like to 14 15 try to complete him if, at all possible; but we 16 have arrangements made to contact the control 17 room at DOC if we have to have him again tomorrow 18 morning. But that's the plan for tonight. 19 THE COURT: What's your situation, 20 Mr. Gillick? Are you finished or --21 MR. GILLICK: Yes, I am finished with witnesses, Your Honor. 22 23 THE COURT: So you rest. 24 MR. GILLICK: Yes, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Well, call whoever you would

like to call. 1 2 MS. McCARTHY: Yes, Your Honor. 3 would like to renew our motion for summary judgment at this time that he has not called Ed 4 5 Leinster, and the testimony is thus far susceptible to the conclusion that counsel had, 6 7 in fact, all the information available to him, including contact with Pat Porrey. 8 9 THE COURT: No. I'll deny the motion. 10 Since everybody's here, let's hear everybody's 11 testimony. 12 MS. McCARTHY: Yes, Edward Leinster. 13 THE COURT: I take it you didn't want to call your Assistant State Attorney first? 14 15 MS. McCARTHY: They said he's not in yet. He's not in yet. 16 17 MR. FISHKIN: Can we interrupt when 18 he --19 THE COURT: Sure. 20 THE CLERK: Raise your right hand, 21 please. 22 EDWARD LEINSTER, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, 23 SWORN 24 THE CLERK: Sir, state your full name 2.5 for the record, and spell your last name.

1 THE WITNESS: Edward Leinster, 2 L-E-I-N-S-T-E-R. THE CLERK: Thank you. Be seated. 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION 4 5 BY MS. McCARTHY: 6 0. Mr. Leinster, were you formally a criminal 7 defense attorney? Yes. 8 Α. When did you become admitted to the Florida 9 10 Bar? 11 Α. 1974. 12 Can you tell us how many jury trials, criminal 13 jury trials, you have had in your career in which 14 you've had a main responsibility for? 15 No. A lot. I have no idea how many. 16 THE COURT: Mr. Leinster, if you would 17 move closer to the microphone, please. 18 Were you a Board-certified criminal trial attorney at the time of the Herrick trial? 19 20 Yes. Α. 21 Q. Could you describe just to us a little bit your 22 prior experience as a criminal defense attorney? 23 My prior experience? Α. 2.4 Uh-huh. What type of work did you do? Did it

include trials, jury trials?

- 1 THE COURT: This is prior to 1989?
- 2 MS. McCARTHY: Right, 1989.
- 3 | Q. Have you ever tried a case?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. Now, I know you said you don't recall how
- 6 | many. Had you had more than one jury trial?
- 7 | A. I worked for the State Attorney's office as a
- 8 prosecutor for about a year-and-a-half; after that,
- 9 | I went into private practice. I tried a lot of
- 10 | cases. That's all I did was criminal trial law.
- 11 \parallel Q. These are jury trials?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. Did you happen to have capital cases?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 \parallel Q. Involving penalty phase?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 \parallel Q. At the time prior to the Herrick -- or at the
- 18 | time of the Herrick case, was there a
- 20 particular?
- 21 | A. I don't believe there was.
- 22 | Q. Were you on a court-appointed list, though, for
- 23 | any type of criminal case?
- 24 \parallel A. No, but that was by choice.
- 25 || Q. So you took only cases for which you were

- 1 retained?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 \parallel Q. Can you describe a little bit to the Court --
- 4 | let's see. You were practicing in Orange County; is
- 5 | that correct?
- 6 ∥ A. Primarily.
- 7 \parallel Q. Is that where your law firm was located?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Okay. Did your criminal defense work take you
- 10 | into the federal arena, as well?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. What type of cases did you handle?
- 13 | A. Criminal.
- 14 | Q. Did you also handle criminal appellate matters?
- 15 A. I have done federal appellate, yes.
- 16 | Q. And would that be on the State and federal
- 17 | side?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Just as one example, can you tell us, had you
- 20 \parallel had occasion to bring a case to the Florida Supreme
- 21 | Court?
- 22 \parallel A. I've been to the Florida Supreme Court twice.
- 23 | Q. And what cases were those?
- 24 A. One was actually a divorce case, but the other
- 25 | case involved a racketeering matter,

- 1 | prostitution-related racketeering, wiretapping.
 - Q. Were you successful in any of those appeals?
 - A. I lost the divorce appeal and won the wiretapping.
- 5 | Q. What was the upshot of the wiretap?
- A. That no longer in the State of Florida could they wiretap prostitution. That was the short version.
 - Q. Uh-huh. Did you have oral argument before the Florida Supreme Court?
- 11 | A. Yes.

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- Q. Did there come an occasion when you had been interviewed by CNN regarding one of your criminal cases?
 - THE COURT: What's the relevancy of this, Ms. McCarthy?
 - MS. McCARTHY: I'm just going into his background and qualifications.
 - THE COURT: Whether he's been interviewed by CNN or the local gazette doesn't make much difference to me.
 - MS. McCARTHY: If I may tender to the Court, without being argumentative, I think there's been a claim that there was signs of intoxication of Mr. Leinster at or about the time

- of the trial, and due to the fact that there was an interview with CNN might be probative of --
- THE COURT: Well, then get to the point as far as date and time concerning this case is concerned.

MS. McCARTHY: All right.

- Q. More particularly, with respect to this trial, this occurred in October of 1990, correct?
- 9 A. I don't know. I guess that's right.
- 10 \parallel Q. What was the time --

Mr. Herrick?

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- THE COURT: Let me ask you, do you have any independent recollection whatsoever of
- 14 THE WITNESS: Sure.
- THE COURT: Do you have any independent recollection whatsoever of the trial?
- 17 | THE WITNESS: Yes.
- Q. And in relation to the trial, do you remember when the CNN interview took place?
- 20 A. No. It would have been after that. It would 21 have been early '90s.
- 22 | Q. Prior to your incarceration?
- 23 | A. Oh, yes.
- Q. All right. I'm going to call your attention
 more to your criminal prosecutions in Pinellas. How

- 1 | did you have occasion to take cases out of Pinellas?
- 2 \parallel A. Well, I had cases other than in Orlando. I had
- 3 | cases actually out of state. But in terms of this
- 4 | particular time period, it probably was traced to
- 5 | Bill Pettit, who was --
- 6 | Q. And who was Bill Pettit?
- 7 A. Bill Pettit was incarcerated for rape. At the
- 8 | time, at least in Pinellas County, they housed all
- 9 \parallel of the people in the same vicinity, same cell, and I
- 10 \parallel believe that Bill Pettit had probably spread my name
- 11 | around in that cell, would be my quess.
- 12 \parallel Q. Had you had some degree of success in his case?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And what was that success?
- 15 \parallel A. Well, I lost the case, but -- we won several
- 16 | battles, but ultimately we lost the case.
- 17 \parallel Q. There was a major battle, I understand, on the
- 18 | DNA?
- 19 \parallel A. Yes. The DNA was suppressed, and that was a
- 20 | bit of a to-do at the time.
- 21 \parallel Q. How did you have occasion to be retained by
- 22 | Herrick?
- 23 \parallel A. I don't know. I mean, like anybody else. I
- 24 \parallel don't remember, you know, if I got a phone call. I
- 25 don't remember how we got involved.

- 1 Q. Had you had a degree of success with regard to
- 2 | other Pinellas prosecutions?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. At or about that time?
- 5 ∥ A. Yes.
- 6 \parallel Q. And had some of them gone to jury trial?
- 7 A. I think all of them went to jury trials. They
- 8 | didn't settle cases, not those kind of cases.
- 9 Q. And you gained acquittals in them?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 \parallel Q. And that was prior to the Herrick trial?
- 12 A. I couldn't swear to that. It was right around
- 13 \parallel the same time period.
- 14 \parallel Q. What was your relationship with the State
- 15 Attorney's office at the time of the Herrick case?
- 16 A. Not good.
- 17 | Q. Why?
- 18 A. They didn't settle cases. Their attitude was,
- 19 | you come to us with an offer and we'll see if we'll
- 20 accept it, and that offer usually started somewhere
- 21 | around 40 years.
- 22 | Q. In Mr. Herrick's case, do you remember who
- 23 | actually retained you --
- 24 | A. No.
- 25 \parallel Q. -- of the family?

- 1 | A. No.
- 2 \parallel Q. And I want to call your attention back to the
- 3 | original stages of it. You weren't the first
- 4 | attorney on this case, correct?
- 5 A. The public defender, as I understand.
- 6 \parallel Q. Do you recall your client contact with
- 7 | Mr. Herrick at all?
- 8 | A. I can't say that I have specific recollection
- 9 | of times and places that I talked to Mr. Herrick or
- 10 | exact conversations.
- 11 \parallel Q. Can you testify that you did, in fact, have
- 12 | conversations with him about his case?
- 13 | A. Sure.
- 14 | Q. Do you see him here in the courtroom today?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Can you recall him?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. Okay. Can you describe him for the Court?
- 19 A. Young, nice-looking fella in a blue jumpsuit.
- 20 MS. McCARTHY: Let the record reflect
- 21 | he's identifying the Petitioner.
- 22 | THE COURT: Seeing he's the only fella
- 23 | in the courtroom in a blue jumpsuit, I might as
- 24 | well.
- 25 \parallel Q. Can you say to the Court whether you, in fact,

- discussed the case with Herrick, the case against him prior to going to trial?
 - A. Yes. Yes. Yes, we did.
- Q. And can you tell us whether or not Mr. Herrick
 ever complained to you about what you were doing
- 6 | about getting ready for trial?
- 7 A. I do not recall ever having any conflict with
- 8 Mr. Herrick before trial, during trial, or directly
- 9 | after trial.

- 10 Q. Of course, you know, ultimately he had
- 11 | attempted some kind of lawsuit civilly --
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. -- against you --
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. -- subsequently?
- 16 | A. Uh-huh.
- 17 | Q. Okay. Now, if you have a client, in your
- 18 | experience, who is desirous of certain things being
- 19 | done, what was your normal practice in that regard?
- 20 A. Could you be a little more specific?
- 21 || Q. Well, if a client were to ask you or tell you
- 22 \parallel witness A is important, what would you do in your
- 23 | normal practice, Mr. Leinster?
- 24 A. I would determine whether or not, in my
- 25 \parallel opinion, the witness was important. If the witness,

- in my opinion, was not important, I would call that
 shot.
 - Q. Okay. And in this case more particularly, had Mr. Herrick pointed out to you a particular witness that he felt you needed to interview, what would you have done?
- 7 $\|$ A. The same.
- Q. Had you, in your past experience, utilized
 expert witness testimony before?
- 10 | A. Yes.

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- 11 \parallel Q. Had you called lab analysts before?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- Q. Did you deem it necessary in Herrick's case to call a lab analyst --
- 15 | A. No.
- 16 \parallel Q. -- to testify?
 - We'll get into that a little bit further here.

 As you proceeded to trial, what steps did you take
- 19 | that you recall in getting ready for trial?
- A. Well, I do not have any specific recollection
 of how I set up his particular case. I know how I
 went about preparing for most trials, and I had been
 over his files and so forth. I can only tell you --
 - MR. GILLICK: Judge, I would object as to what he did in most trials. This is
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specifically about Kevin Herrick's trial.

MS. McCARTHY: Judge --

THE COURT: I'll overrule the objection. Lay a predicate as to what his habit and custom and routine was.

- Q. Following up on the Court's comment, can you tell us what your standard and customary practice would be in preparing for a jury trial involving a criminal offense, such as a burglary or rape?
- A. In a case like Mr. Herrick's where a lot of the discovery -- while we have depositions, and production of documents and so forth had already been done, I would simply acquire all of the information that had been obtained already, and then I would review it and collate it and cross-reference it, depositions and police reports and whatnot. And that's what I believe I did in this case.
 - Q. All right. One of the allegations of Mr. Herrick I think you're aware of from the petition is that you had not done any independent investigation in his case?
- A. Well, I didn't hire a private investigator.

 When you say independent investigation, I did in this case what I did in most cases. I did what I just said. I got all the information available and

- went through it. I certainly didn't go into court
 without having a foreknowledge of what was going on.
 - Q. Were you aware of the laboratory reports concerning the hair analysis and the blood submissions?
- 6 | A. Yes.

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- 7 | Q. Prior to Herrick's --
 - A. Yes.
- 9 Q. -- trial?
 10 Prior to opening statements?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- Q. Did you make any judgment call, Mr. Leinster,
 about whether you needed to -- or did not need to
 have some testimony from those lab experts?
 - A. Yes. My recollection about that is that I was left pretty much an open field with the way the lab reports came out to argue that in the absence of anything incriminating Mr. Herrick, that he was clearly innocent of the crime.
 - Q. Did you regard the lab reports as containing anything exculpatory in nature?
- A. Yes. I thought they were exculpatory in that they did not point to Mr. Herrick.
- Q. Did you feel that you needed the lab analyst to promote that claim?

- A. I felt that calling the analyst would do
 nothing but subtract ultimately from my ability to
 argue that that lack of evidence was tantamount to
 innocence when, in fact, that lack of evidence is
 not tantamount to innocence, but that's the way it
 can be parlayed without the lab analyst.
 - Q. Had you, in your prior experience, ever encountered a situation where a lab analyst was called and the effect that you wanted to portray diminished by the State's cross?
 - A. I can't recall specifically. The point I was trying to make being somehow attenuated, but I have certainly seen that happen in court. I find that the analyst very rarely is helpful if what you're trying to do is basically obviate reality. The lab analysts are not very helpful.
 - Q. Have you ever seen an analyst been able to -- a hair analyst, more specifically, able to say your particular client didn't have contact with the submission?
 - A. No.

- \parallel Q. And why is that?
- A. Well, I don't know why exactly. My at least one experience with a hair analyst, in fact, the Bill Pettit case, was that although they examined

the hair for 16 characteristics, all of which were a match in whatever sense they meant that, they still couldn't say it was his hair. They meant to say it was his hair, they wanted to say it was his hair, they wanted to say it was his hair, they simply wouldn't say it was his hair; so from the other side of the fence, I was left to argue that it must not be his hair.

I mean, it's pretty hard to pin down the analyst on hair, in my opinion, to get a concrete answer out of them; but in this particular case, my opinion would have been that they would have said that the absence of hair means nothing. It means no hair wound up where we looked for it. That's all it means. It doesn't mean that Mr. Herrick is innocent.

- Q. Now, in making the decision whether to call the micro hair analyst, if the analyst found more than one hair that couldn't be compared to the victims and defendant, and in this case particularly Hagan and Barfield and Herrick, would you have found it necessary to put on that lab analyst to talk about those three -- or different hairs that are found that are not compared to anyone?
- A. No. If there were three different hairs unidentified, meaning three different people, it

- would have done more, I think, to subtract from the conclusion that no hair means he's innocent. It means that three other people unknown have been in and out and left hairs around.
- Q. What did the absence of the reports, or, rather, the testimony from the analysts, what did they do for you from a defense perspective not having the analyst on the stand?
 - A. It gave me the opportunity to not imply, but basically to say that he gave him the hair. The part of what's critical to their investigation is to get this evidence, these forensics. They didn't run a match, ergo, he's innocent. I mean, I said that, I believe, in opening; I said it during the trial; and I said it in closing.
 - Q. I think there was references in the closing that there were no forensic comparisons. Were you saying you didn't know that there were any comparisons?
 - A. No, I said there was no match. If I said comparison, that's what I meant, there's not a match.
- Q. Okay. So you were wanting to promote to the jury that there was nothing there?
- 25 | A. Right.

1 Q. Now, with respect to these lab reports, did you 2 have them --3 Α. Yes. 4 -- prior to trial? 5 Α. Yes. 6 Q. Now, specifically the blood and the hair 7 analysis, we've covered that. What about the 8 fingerprints? 9 Α. I knew about the fingerprints. 10 Had you reviewed the depositions? Yes. 11 Α. 12 MS. McCARTHY: Do you have the exhibits, 13 the file you introduced? 14 MR. GILLICK: Yeah. It's up there. 15 MS. McCARTHY: The exhibit, Mr. Leinster's file. 16 17 MR. GILLICK: It's right in front of 18 you. 19 MS. McCARTHY: May I approach the 20 witness? 21 THE COURT: You may. 22 If you could take a moment to look over this. 23 THE COURT: I believe you're showing him

MS. McCARTHY: Yes, Petitioner's Exhibit

Petitioner's No. 1?

24

- 1 | No. 1.
- 2 | Q. If you could take a moment to review those
- 3 documents.
- 4 A. All of them?
- Q. Well, take a moment to look over it. See if
- 6 | you can identify what that is.
- 7 A. Well, I could read what it is, motions for --
- 8 | they're pretrial motions, it looks like.
- 9 Q. All right. Maybe to shorten this a little bit,
- 10 | it's our understanding that these documents were
- 11 | originally obtained from you.
- 12 A. Oh, okay. I'm going to have to say I assume
- 13 | that's true.
- 14 | Q. Did you furnish your file to the Herrick
- 15 \parallel family?
- 16 A. I believe some of it I did. That's what one of
- 17 | the interrogatories suggests. I don't recall doing
- 18 | that, but I must have.
- 19 | Q. Did you submit the complete file to them?
- 20 A. I don't think so.
- 21 \parallel Q. And why not?
- 22 | A. I don't recall. I think they wanted a portion
- 23 | of the file, and I gave them what they were looking
- 24 | for. That's my recollection, at least.
- 25 \parallel Q. Now, depositions are not included in that

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     packet. Would you have had depositions in your
     file?
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                I should have had depositions in my file.
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          Yes.
     Q.
          All right.
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              MS. McCARTHY: May I approach?
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              THE COURT:
                           You may.
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              THE COURT: How would you maintain your
 8
     files?
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              THE WITNESS: How would I maintain
10
     them?
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              THE COURT:
                           Yes.
                                 For example, if you
     visited a client after being retained and got his
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     side of the story, did you just simply commit
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     those to memory, or did you write notes down so
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     that you could refer to them later?
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              THE WITNESS: Maybe a little --
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              THE COURT: What was your standard
     practice?
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              THE WITNESS:
                             It might have been a
20
     little bit of both. I would write down something
     that I might have thought was important.
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                                                Ι
22
     wouldn't write down everything necessarily that a
     client said.
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              THE COURT: And going back to, say,
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1989, typically how many cases would you open a

1 year? 2 THE WITNESS: Per? 3 THE COURT: Per year, per calendar year, or per fiscal year. 4 5 THE WITNESS: 150. 6 THE COURT: All right. 7 0. Taking a look at this file, the first 8 approximately five pages of it are a list. Is that 9 a list that you prepared or --10 Α. This list here? 11 Right, the first couple of pages. Can you tell 12 us whether you can identify those? 13 THE COURT: It's already been established that Mr. Herrick has prepared those. 14 15 Would those have been part of your file at the Q. 16 time that you tried the case? 17 Α. Yes, I imagine they are. 18 Q. Or summaries of what are contained in the file? 19 Right. Α. 2.0 Could there have been attorney notes that you 21 had that are not included in the packet that you turned over to the Herrick family? 22 23 Α. Sure. 24 Okay. Why wouldn't you have turned over the 25 attorney notes?

- A. Well, they're -- you're really -- you know,
 you're really asking me to speculate a lot here, but
 my notes on things, my impressions and so forth, I'm
- 4 | not sure I would have turned over.
- $5 \parallel Q$. All right.
- 6 A. But I don't recall, you know, once again, I
- 7 | don't recall specifically what I gave to the
- 8 | Herricks. I'm basing this strictly on one of the
- 9 | interrogatories I read recently.
- 10 \parallel Q. Did you have a dispute with the Herricks over
- 11 \parallel whether they had taken something out of your file?
- 12 A. I do not recall that.
- 13 Q. Now, in your preparation for trial, did you see
- 14 | or recall any need to do any additional
- 15 \parallel investigation with respect to a witness or a
- 16 | potential witness by the name of Patrick Porrey?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. Did Mr. Herrick tell you that he wanted you to
- 19 | call or to investigate a Patrick Porrey as a
- 20 possible defense witness?
- 21 \parallel A. It's possible that he said he wanted me to talk
- 22 \parallel to Patrick Porrey. That's very possible.
- 23 | Q. Did you talk to Patrick Porrey?
- 24 A. Yes, I did.
- 25 \parallel Q. And how did you recall that you spoke with him?

- 1 \parallel A. Well, he was on the video deposition that I
- 2 | looked at again -- I say again, for the first time
- 3 | in several years, a couple of months ago -- and
- 4 | that's how I recall having talked to him about the
- 5 case.
- 6 | Q. Okay. Just to be a little bit more concise, do
- 7 | you recall actually having a conversation with
- 8 | Patrick Porrey about what he might know about the
- 9 | case?
- 10 | A. Yes. I talked to him, as I recall, at Theresa
- 11 | Porrey's residence. I never took his deposition.
- 12 | Q. In advance of Theresa Porrey's deposition, had
- 13 || you had a chance to know and suspect what she would
- 14 | say prior to perpetuating her testimony?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Okay. So if it were said you didn't do any
- 17 | investigation, something had to lead you to getting
- 18 | the prosecutor and yourself there at her home,
- 19 | correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. Okay. Would that conversation of Patrick
- 22 | Porrey have been on the day that you spoke with
- 23 | Theresa or perpetuated her testimony?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | THE COURT: Let's try not to lead the

- 1 | witness, please.
- 2 | Q. Did Patrick Porrey ever give you any
- 3 | information about any conversation with Darren
- 4 | Barfield?
- 5 | A. Nothing of any significance.
- 6 | Q. Did Mr. Herrick ever advise you that Patrick
- 7 | Porrey had information that Darren Barfield was
- 8 | uncertain about his identification of Herrick?
- 9 \parallel A. No. The only information about the uncertainty
- 10 | of Mr. Barfield's identification surrounded his
- 11 | misleading the police. There was no evidence
- 12 | offered to me by anyone that sometime after this
- 13 \parallel event that Mr. Barfield or the victim said, you
- 14 | know, We're not sure about Mr. Herrick, or, The
- 15 || fella that we've had imprisoned here, we're not sure
- 16 | that he's the one that did it. There was never
- 17 \parallel anything like that. I would have called that person
- 18 \parallel to testify if that were the case.
- 19 | Q. Had Pat Porrey said to you in the conversations
- 20 | that you had back in 1990, "Barfield told me at some
- 21 | point at the scene, 'I'm uncertain of my ID,'" would
- 22 | you have called them?
- 23 | A. I'm sorry. Could you ask that again?
- 24 | Q. Had Pat Porrey told you that Barfield had said
- 25 \parallel he was uncertain about his ID.

- A. If he said at some time after this event, after
 the initial arrest and so forth, if he'd had a
 conversation with Barfield in which Barfield
 admitted that he had made a mistake, would I have
 called him? Absolutely.
 - Q. What if it had been right at the time of the incident, right within the immediacy of the arrest while emotions are still high?
 - A. As I recall, Mr. Barfield went to the hospital. It wasn't till after he came back that he corrected the misunderstanding. Had I been told about a statement after that point where he again flip-flopped and said, Despite having flip-flopped once, now I'm going to do it again, basically, and tell you for whatever reason that I'm not at all sure of what I just told the police, then I would have certainly used him.
 - Q. All right. To follow up on that, then, and try not to be leading, if Herrick had proposed that that had occurred, that scenario, that he had flip-flopped after being released, what would you have done?

MR. GILLICK: Objection to the vagueness of the question.

THE COURT: Sustained.

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- 1 | Q. Rephrasing, if Mr. Herrick had told you --
- 2 THE COURT: It's the same question.
- 3 | It's speculative. We're talking about now 13
- 4 | years after the fact. The more important
- 5 | question is, what did Mr. Herrick tell him and
- 6 | what did he do, and those questions haven't been
- 7 | asked.
- 8 | Q. What did Mr. Herrick tell you?
- 9 | A. All right. You're asking me specifically what
- 10 | did Mr. Herrick -- I don't -- I don't -- I can't
- 11 | answer that question. I can't tell you specifically
- 12 \parallel what Mr. Herrick asked at any particular time.
- 13 \parallel Q. Well, let me go back and follow through on
- 14 | that. Did Mr. Herrick ever complain that you had
- 15 | not followed through on anything he told you?
- 16 A. I do not recall ever having a cross
- 17 \parallel conversation with Mr. Herrick about any part of my
- 18 \parallel representation until well after the fact.
- 19 \parallel Q. All right. Now, following through to trial,
- 20 | what was your chosen defense?
- 21 | A. That they had the wrong guy.
- 22 \parallel Q. Did you cross-examine the victims with their
- 23 | deposition testimony?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And you had had that deposition prior to trial,

- 1 | the deposition?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 | Q. At the conclusion of the State's case, did you
- 4 | make some assessments whether to call Herrick?
- 5 | A. I'm sure that I did. You always do.
- 6 | Q. Did Mr. Herrick want to testify?
- 7 A. Not that I recall. If he did, it was nothing
- 8 | more than the conversation between attorney and
- 9 | client about whether or not it was a good idea or
- 10 | bad idea. There was never any controversy between
- 11 | me and Mr. Herrick, as I recall, about any of my
- 12 | strategy during trial.
- 13 | Q. Do you recall what you talked to Mr. Herrick
- 14 \parallel about in terms of the progress of the trial, such as
- 15 \parallel the import of voir dire, opening statements --
- 16 A. I don't know that I did that.
- 17 | Q. What is your normal and customary practice in
- 18 | that regard?
- 19 A. You mean to give them sort of a running game
- 20 ∥ plan?
- 21 | Q. Right.
- 22 | A. I probably -- I probably didn't do that.
- 23 \parallel Q. And why would you not probably do that?
- 24 | A. Because I'm involved in the trial rather than
- 25 | interpretation of the trial as we go along. You

- know, you try to answer as many questions as you can, but a lot of times you get distracted with a client, you know, pulling on your lapel.
 - Q. Can you testify to the extent of the pretrial contact you had with Mr. Herrick?
- A. No, I can't. I can't tell you the number of times or where it took place. I can say that we had adequate communication between us. Once again, there was no problem between myself and Mr. Herrick.
- Q. Now, in addition to -- or you adduced Theresa

 Porrey's deposition. After doing that, did

 Mr. Herrick, to your recollection, ever say, "What
- 13 | else are you going to put on?"
- 14 | A. No.

- Q. Did he ever make any complaints with regard to what evidence you were putting on during the defense's case?
- 18 | A. No.
- Q. Now, I understand that you had addressed during closings the knife. There was a knife issue with regard to the knife?
- A. Well, there wasn't an issue. There was a knife found under his bed.
- 24 Q. Did that come out during the State's case?
- 25 | A. No.

- 1 | Q. Could they link him to the knife?
- A. No. I mean, with the exception it was found under his bed, I suppose that's a link, but they didn't have a blood match on the knife.
 - Q. One of the allegations is that you failed to take action with regard to suggestiveness of the identification by police; more specifically, that police had suggested to the victims at some point that there was a knife or a gun found in Herrick's
 - A. Okay.

bedroom.

- Q. Did you assess at the time the viability of a motion to suppress based on suggestiveness of police action?
- A. I doubt seriously that that would even have occurred to me to do a motion to suppress in that context. I mean, they knew who Mr. Herrick was. This was not a stranger to them. Mr. Herrick was, according to the reports, the first person that she thought had done this. Although the lighting was bad and so forth, she thought that that was who had done it. She recognized his voice or one thing or another. This was not a stranger to them. And the fact that they had extraneous information which might have tainted their identification and be

- 1 | subject to cross-examination is not the same thing 2 | as moving to suppress the identification.
- Q. Did you see any viability of a motion to suppress --
- 5 | A. No.

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 \parallel Q. -- on that basis?

Did you make any judgment call with regard to the jury having access to the video deposition of Theresa Porrey back in the jury room during deliberations?

- A. The jury could have my exhibits all day long.
- 12 \parallel Q. And why is that?
- 13 A. I want them to have it. That's why I put her
- 14 \parallel on. That's why I put the tape in.
- Q. Did you have any concern about them having unsupervised access to Theresa Porrey's deposition?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. How did you view her testimony?
- 19 \parallel A. About as good as it was going to get, I think.
 - Q. During the State's case, was there testimony elicited with regard to the victim's statements to police initially about who she thought was the perpetrator?
- 24 A. I'm sorry, who thought?
- 25 Q. Cheryl Hagan.

- 1 A. Were there reports?
- 2 \parallel Q. The statements of the victim to the police.
- A. Yes. It didn't come out in trial quite that
- 4 way, but, yes, her initial reports were that she
- 5 | thought that it was Mr. Herrick.
- 6 \parallel Q. How did you attack her identification or --
- 7 A. She didn't see --
- 8 | Q. Pardon?
- 9 A. She didn't see Mr. Herrick. She saw what she
- 10 | thought was a pair of jeans. She thought she saw a
- 11 | buckle. She saw an outline. She never saw
- 12 Mr. Herrick.
- 13 \parallel Q. With regard to Mr. Barfield, how did you attack
- 14 | his identification?
- 15 \parallel A. Essentially the same way. Mr. Barfield saw him
- 16 \parallel in very limited lighting conditions. He claimed to
- 17 \parallel have seen him under a streetlight as he paused in
- 18 | the middle of a frantic chase down the street. Bad
- 19 | identification.
- 20 Q. We've addressed this briefly. During your
- 21 \parallel closings, you promoted that there were no forensics
- 22 \parallel comparisons. Okay. And what was your objective in
- 23 | that regard?
- 24 A. Again, that the police think it's important to
- 25 \parallel conduct these tests, and they conducted the tests

- and came up empty, and the only way to translate that is he's not quilty.
- Q. Immediately after the verdict or during the sentencing phase or that period of time, did
- 5 Mr. Herrick ever complain that you had not produced those lab reports --
- 7 | A. No.
- 8 \parallel Q. -- to the jury?
- 9 | A. No.
- Q. Now, had you filed a motion for new trial in
- 11 | this case, in Mr. Herrick's case?
- 12 A. It appears that I did.
- 13 \parallel Q. Okay. Did Mr. Herrick -- or let me back up.
- 14 | In your experience, have you ever seen a motion for
- 15 \parallel new trial based on weight of the evidence granted?
- 16 A. No. I'm not saying it's never happened. I've never seen it.
- 18 Q. Now, you mention you referred to some
- 19 interrogatories that were issued to you in the civil
- 20 proceeding?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And had you had a chance to look at the
- 23 | inquiries regarding your investigation as to Patrick
- 24 | Porrey?
- 25 | A. Yes.

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          Did there ever come a time at that time when
     you were answering the interrogatories that you
 2
     recalled who Patrick Porrey was?
 3
 4
          Yes.
 5
          And did you believe him to be the son of
 6
     Theresa Porrey?
 7
          Did I think Patrick Porrey was Theresa -- yes,
 8
     I would have said that Patrick Porrey was Theresa
     Porrey's son. But I think I got Pat Porrey confused
 9
     with Dave Stewart at some point in time as to who
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11
     they were, because in the interrogatories I made
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     mention of Dave Stewart wanting to attack Kevin
13
     Herrick. In fact, that was Patrick Porrey that
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     wanted to do that.
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              MS. McCARTHY: May I have one moment,
     Your Honor?
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              May I have one moment with counsel?
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              THE COURT:
                         You may.
19
            (Counsel confer)
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              MS. McCARTHY: Tender the witness, Your
21
     Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          Mr. Gillick.
23
              MR. GILLICK:
                             Thank you.
24
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
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BY MR. GILLICK:

- 1 | Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Leinster.
- 2 | A. Mr. Gillick.
- 3 | Q. We've met before, haven't we?
- 4 A. Yes, we did.

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- Q. That was in prison last year?
- 6 A. That's where it was.
- 7 \parallel Q. And why were you in prison last year, sir?
- 8 | A. DUI, serious bodily injury.
 - Q. And are you still under the control --

MS. McCARTHY: Your Honor, I know we have a continuing objection in that regard, but I am sorry, I'd just ask to strike that as being irrelevant to the facts at issue.

THE COURT: Well, not under Rule 609 potentially in that he's been convicted of a felony. I presume that's where you're going to go.

MS. McCARTHY: The nature and the details and circumstances, I would submit, are irrelevant.

THE COURT: Just a minute.

Under Rule 609 A.1, the fact that this man has been convicted of a crime and the time limitations is admissible in my assessing his credibility. So for the limited purpose of what

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occurred after Mr. Leinster was the trial
attorney in this case within a ten-year period,
if he has been convicted of a crime would be
relevant, as far as I'm concerned, as to
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MR. GILLICK: Okay.

- Q. Mr. Leinster, you indicated you were convicted of a DUI, a felony of some type?
- 9 | A. Yes.

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- 10 | Q. It wasn't your first DUI, was it?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. It was your seventh, wasn't it?
- 13 \parallel A. No, my sixth.

credibility.

- 14 \parallel Q. And where did that DUI -- that was an accident,
- 15 | wasn't it?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Involving serious bodily injury?
- 18 | A. Yes.

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- 19 | THE COURT: Mr. Gillick.
- 20 MR. GILLICK: Yes, sir.
 - of a felony is sufficient. I think the case law is such that you're not to inquire as to the nature. If it's relevant for some other purpose, you may establish some predicate.

MR. GILLICK: Yes, Your Honor. I intend to show this as a lack of regard for the court system. I intend to show that Mr. Leinster bonded out, fled the jurisdiction of the State of Florida, and had to be extradited back to the State of Florida for these charges.

MS. McCARTHY: I would object. It's totally irrelevant to any ground in the petition. It's not been alleged that there's any link of any conduct, any underlying conduct, for which Mr. Leinster has led to his current situation.

THE COURT: Well, I'll tell you what I'll do, Mr. Gillick. I'll let you proffer that information as to Mr. Leinster's prior record, particularly the explanation of his prior record for his DUI felony conviction.

MR. GILLICK: Okay.

THE COURT: If you intend to go into a pattern of drinking, the critical time period is 1989.

MR. GILLICK: Okay. And I will get to that, Your Honor.

Q. Now, do you recall how much you were paid to represent Mr. Herrick?

- 1 | A. No, I don't.
- $2 \parallel Q$. I'm sorry?
- $3 \parallel A$. No, I do not.
- 4 | Q. Do you recall who paid you?
- $5 \parallel A$. I do not.
- 6 | Q. You didn't go see Mr. Herrick at the time you
- 7 | were paid, did you, in the Pinellas County jail?
- 8 A. The day I was paid?
- $9 \parallel Q$. Yes.
- 10 A. I have no idea.
- 11 | Q. Do you know a man named Charles Tiffany?
- 12 | A. I do.
- 13 | Q. And who is Charles Tiffany?
- 14 | A. He's an attorney in Kissimmee, Florida.
- 15 \parallel Q. Do you know if Charles Tiffany went to jail and
- 16 \parallel got paid and interviewed Mr. Herrick the first time?
- 17 \parallel A. That could have happened, yes. I do not know,
- 18 | but that's very possible.
- 19 \parallel Q. Do you recall if you received any notes of
- 20 | Mr. Tiffany's interview with Kevin Herrick?
- 21 | A. I do not remember.
- 22 | Q. Is it possible you did?
- 23 | A. Sure.
- 24 \parallel Q. Is it very likely that you did?
- 25 A. I can't answer that.

1 THE COURT: Did you have any association 2 with Mr. Tiffany at the time? 3 THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes, I did. 4 THE COURT: And what was your association with him? 5 6 THE WITNESS: He worked with me. He was 7 not employed by me, but we worked very closely 8 together. THE COURT: Well, is there any reason 9 for Mr. Herrick to believe that if Charles 10 11 Tiffany interviewed him it was you who would be 12 representing him and not Mr. Tiffany? 13 THE WITNESS: If Mr. Tiffany had gone to speak to him, it would have been to assist me and 14 15 it would have still been under my aegis. I mean. 16 he would have thought I was representing him, not 17 Mr. Tiffany. 18 You and Mr. Tiffany no longer have a business 19 relationship, do you? 20 Α. No, we don't. 21 And, in fact, you never visited Mr. Herrick in 22 the Pinellas County jail prior to his trial, did 23 you? 24 Α. I don't know that that's true or not true.

Do you recall if Mr. Herrick's case was set for

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- 1 trial during your representation period prior to
 2 October when it actually went to trial?
- 3 A. Was what now?
- 4 | Q. Do you know if Mr. Herrick's case was set for
- 5 \parallel trial prior to the actual trial date of October of
- 6 | 1990?
- 7 A. I do not recall. Whether it got continued, is
- 8 | that what you're asking?
- 9 | Q. Yes, basically.
- 10 | A. I think it probably did get continued.
- 11 | Q. During your course of representation of
- 12 | Mr. Herrick, did you receive letters from
- 13 Mr. Herrick?
- 14 | A. I imagine I did.
- 15 \parallel Q. Do you know what happened to those letters?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. They're not in the file before you, are they?
- 18 | A. No.
- 19 | Q. Did you receive phone calls from Mr. Herrick?
- 20 A. I'm sure I did.
- 21 | Q. Did you ever refuse to take phone calls from
- 22 | Mr. Herrick?
- 23 | A. I don't know. The only time that I -- as a
- 24 | matter of fact, I took phone calls at home. I had
- 25 \parallel my office phone forwarded to my home, not just for

- 1 | Mr. Herrick. The only time I would refuse to take
- 2 | calls from a client would be if I were with another
- 3 | client, or if I weren't there, the office might
- 4 | refuse.
- 5 | Q. Do you recall if you ever spoke to
- 6 Mr. Herrick's mother?
- 7 | A. I'm sure I did.
- 8 | Q. Do you recall how many times?
- 9 | A. No, I don't.
- 10 | Q. Did you obtain a file from the public defender
- 11 | regarding Mr. Herrick?
- 12 A. I believe I did.
- 13 | Q. Do you recall what was in it?
- 14 \parallel A. No. The depositions, the police reports, I
- 15 | mean, you're asking me do I specifically recall each
- 16 | document?
- 17 | Q. Yes.
- 18 A. No, I do not. It would have been the
- 19 | compilation of all of those things.
- 20 \parallel Q. Did you take any depositions in this case other
- 21 \parallel than the video deposition of Theresa Porrey?
- 22 | A. I don't believe I did.
- 23 | Q. And who would that be?
- 24 A. I said I don't believe I did.
- 25 | Q. Oh, I'm sorry. I misunderstood you.

- And you took Theresa Porrey's deposition the day before trial, didn't you?
 - A. I don't know, but if you say so, I take your word for it.
 - Q. Did you provide Kevin Herrick with any copies of depositions or police reports or laboratory analysis reports?
 - A. I don't know if I did or not. It would not have been my practice necessarily to supply a client with copies of those things.
- 11 | Q. Why not?

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- A. Well, in 25 years of doing that sort of thing,

 it just didn't seem to me to be all that pertinent,

 that the client have everything that I have. I
- 15 don't know a lot of trial lawyers that do that.
 - Q. In this case, the identification was a key issue, wasn't it?
- 18 \parallel A. It was the issue.
- Q. The State had no physical evidence linking
 Kevin Herrick to the crime, did they?
- 21 A. In my opinion, the State had a very weak case 22 against Mr. Herrick.
- Q. In was it your opinion that the identification by Ms. Hagan in Mr. Barfield was tainted by contact they had with police officers?

- A. In the sense that my understanding was that the police had told Mr. Barfield in Ms. Hagan that they had found the weapon with blood on it. I believe that was what was said to them.
 - Q. And at that point the identification became positive rather than speculative?
 - A. No, I'm not making that leap. My understanding was that before anything was communicated to them by the police that she had already decided it was Mr. Herrick. I think that's what her reports reflect. I mean, you could make that argument, I suppose, that all of her identification was somehow infected by this information, but I'm not sure that that would be chronologically accurate.
 - Q. Now, do you recall specifically talking with Patrick Porrey?
 - A. I remember the man's face from the video. I remember talking to him. I do not remember the exact nuts in bolts of what we had to talk about.

 I'll leave it at that for now. You can ask another question. I don't mean to get too far with you.
 - Q. Did you make any notes of your conversation with Pat Porrey?
 - A. I don't recall, sir.
 - Q. There are no notes in the file before you?

- \parallel A. There are no notes in the file, that's right.
 - Q. You don't have any notes anywhere at this point, do you?
 - A. No.

- Q. Do you know why you did not call Patrick Porrey as a witness?
- 7 | A. Yes.
 - Q. Why?
- 9 A. The primary reason would have been that
 10 Mr. Porrey, at the time after the police arrived,
 11 according to the police reports, wanted to beat up
 12 Mr. Herrick because he assumed that he was guilty.
 13 Now, there's another reason, but that was really my
 14 primary reason.

Another reason would be that when the police arrived, when they found the gun and the knife under Mr. Herrick's bed, both Theresa Porrey and Patrick Porrey, according to the reports again, had disavowed any knowledge of those items, said they must be Mr. Herrick's and they would testify to that effect, which is not the sort of testimony you would expect from people that were incensed by having a good friend accused of rape wrongfully. But my primary reason would have been the fact that he was angry in thought that Mr. Herrick might be guilty,

- 1 | ergo, wanted to beat him up.
- 2 \parallel Q. Do you recall discussing that with Patrick
- 3 | Porrey?
- 4 | A. No, I do not recall discussing that with
- 5 | Patrick Porrey. I may have, but I don't recall
- 6 | doing that.
- 7 \parallel Q. Did you ever tell Kevin Herrick that you could
- 8 | not locate Patrick Porrey?
- 9 A. I think that I answered one of the
- 10 | interrogatories that I could not locate Patrick
- 11 \parallel Porrey. I was simply wrong. I think it was
- 12 \parallel Mr. Stewart we were having trouble locating.
- 13 \parallel Q. I'll show you, sir, a copy of a document marked
- 14 \parallel Response to Plaintiff's Request for Admissions, and
- 15 \parallel ask you to look at the back page.
- 16 | A. Uh-huh.
- 17 \parallel Q. Is that from you, sir?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Signed by you?
- 20 | A. Well, it's from me. Yes.
- 21 \parallel Q. And when was it signed, sir?
- 22 | A. 27, September, 1994.
- 23 \parallel Q. Would you read the answer to No. 4, sir?
- 24 \parallel A. True as to identity, Patrick Porrey was not
- 25 | located. Neither were exculpatory.

- 1 Would you like me to read No. 5?
- 2 | Q. Yes, please.
- 3 \parallel A. Even Mrs. Porrey did not know where Patrick
- $4 \parallel$ was. David Stewart had jumped you that night
- 5 demanding that you did it. David Stewart is not the
- one that wanted to jump Mr. Herrick. It was Patrick
- 7 | Porrey.
- 8 Q. But you indicated that even Mrs. Porrey did not
- 9 | know where Patrick Porrey was?
- 10 \parallel A. I was mistaken. I was talking about
- 11 Mr. Stewart, I believe. I think I confused the two
- 12 | of them.
- 13 \parallel Q. Did you talk to Mrs. Porrey about Mr. Stewart?
- $14 \parallel A$. According to that, I must have.
- 15 \parallel Q. But you don't have any independent
- 16 | recollection?
- 17 A. I do not have independent recollection of that,
- 18 | no, sir, I don't.
- 19 | Q. Thank you.

the other.

- Did you make any attempt to locate David
- 21 | Stewart?
- 22 \parallel A. I don't recall. I must have made enough of an
- 23 \parallel effort to realize we weren't going to be able to
- locate him, but it wasn't critical to me one way or
- 25

- Q. And is there some reason you waited until about months after the incident, the day before the
- 3 trial, to take a video deposition of Theresa Porrey?
 - A. I have no idea why we waited that long. There may have been a reason. I don't recall at this
- 6 point.

- Q. As to Cheryl Hagan, didn't Officer Crosby in
- 8 \parallel his police report and deposition indicate that
- 9 | Cheryl told him she's not a hundred percent sure
- 10 | that Kevin was the attacker?
- 11 | A. Oh, yeah.
- 12 Q. Is there some reason you didn't call that
- 13 ∥ officer?
- 14 \parallel A. I don't recall. I think it was real clear that
- 15 \parallel Cheryl Hagan wasn't at all sure who her attacker
- 16 | was.
- 17 \parallel Q. As to the forensic evidence, hair, blood,
- 18 | fiber, prints, et cetera, do you know if you had
- 19 | laboratory analysis reports on hair, blood, fiber?
- 20 \parallel A. I would have had all of the lab reports.
- THE COURT: I'm sorry, Mr. Leinster, I
- 22 | didn't hear your answer.
- THE WITNESS: Yes, I would have had the lab reports.
- 25 \parallel Q. Are those lab reports in the file before you?

- 1 \parallel A. I don't know if they're in this file or not.
- 2 I'm assuming you know, so if you say they're not in
- 3 | here, I'll take your word for it.
- 4 Q. You were under a court order to provide your
- entire file, Mr. Herrick's file, to him, to his
- 6 sister.
- 7 \parallel A. Okay. I may have done that.
- $8 \parallel Q$. You indicated that you didn't call the lab
- 9 experts for certain reasons and you felt it would be
- 10 \parallel better to argue. Is that a rough statement of --
- 11 \parallel A. That's an exact statement.
- 12 \parallel Q. Did you call and talk to the lab analyst?
- 13 | A. I do not recall.
- 14 ∥ Q. Did you talk --
- 15 A. It's very possible I did not.
- 16 \parallel Q. In this file before you, are Charles Tiffany's
- 17 \parallel notes of his interview with Kevin Herrick in there?
- 18 A. I wouldn't know.
- 19 \parallel Q. Do you recall if you saved Mr. Tiffany's notes
- 20 \parallel or if you ever saw any notes from Mr. Tiffany?
- 21 | A. I do not recall.
- 22 Also, with regard to your question of seeing
- 23 | Mr. Herrick at the jail, I have no specific
- 24 | recollection, but I came over to St. Petersburg
- 25 \parallel fairly regularly at that period of time and saw my

- clients. I'm not saying I didn't see him at the jail. You're asking me for a specific recollection, and I don't recall one way or the other. It would
- 4 | be highly unlikely we didn't meet.
- Q. Your representation of Mr. Herrick commenced in 1990, didn't it?
- 7 A. I don't know. I think that's about right.
- 8 | That's a rough time period.
- 9 Q. Okay. If I told you that the trial occurred in 10 October of 1990, would you have any argument with 11 that?
- 12 A. If you can look at the notice of appearance and it's 1/31/90, so that would be a pretty good time period.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Leinster, in 1990 and prior to 1990,
 you had considerable problems with alcoholism,
 didn't you?
- 18 A. No, as a matter of fact, I didn't.
- Q. Have you ever been arrested for any alcohol offenses?
- 21 A. Yes, I have.

- Q. How many prior to October of 1990?
- 23 A. Well, I got arrested for DUI --
- MS. McCARTHY: Objection on relevancy.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. I got arrested for DUI in 1979; I got arrested for DUI in 1983. What else?
 - Q. In or prior to 1990, you were also using cocaine, weren't you?
- 5 A. Yes, I was.
- 6 | Q. A lot of cocaine?
- 7 | A. No.

- Q. Did your cocaine use have any affect on your performance?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 || Q. Ever?
- 12 | A. No.
- 13 \parallel Q. You were drinking a lot in 1990 and prior?
- 14 \parallel A. Well, we're going to have to define our terms.
- 15 | I always drank a lot, okay. I mean, you could make
- 16 \parallel a good argument that I was an alcoholic from the
- 17 \parallel time I was 16 because I drank a lot my entire life.
- 18 \parallel You asked me whether or not it affected me or if I
- 19 ever had a problem with alcohol. I had a problem
- 20 certainly getting arrested for DUI. That's always a
- 21 \parallel problem. Alcohol did not affect my ability to
- 22 practice law or to carry on my life. Alcohol was,
- 23 \parallel to me, a very integral part of my social life. I
- $24 \parallel$ grew up that way. A lot of people did in those
- 25 days. It became a problem, it became a huge problem

- much later on. As I got older, it became a huge
 problem, and I am a terrible alcoholic, but I wasn't
 then.
 - Q. The Florida Bar would disagree with you about the effect of alcohol.
- A. Well, I guess you'd have to talk to them because you're asking my opinion.
 - Q. You were put on probation, you were suspended, and eventually resigned when termination proceedings were ongoing; is that correct?
- 11 A. Yes to all of those.
 - MS. McCARTHY: Again, objection, and that was remoteness to the time of the trial.
 - THE COURT: Well, I don't have any information, Mr. Gillick, about what time period you're talking about.
 - Q. Mr. Leinster, you indicated you started drinking as a child?
- 19 | A. Yes.
 - Q. Were both of your parents alcoholics?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- Q. Weren't you arrested in 1976 on an alcohol-related charge, disorderly intoxication?

MS. McCARTHY: Objection, relevancy.

THE COURT: Sustained. I think we have

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a pattern of alcohol-related activity,

Mr. Gillick. I think the more precise question
is, was he using alcohol during the time he was
trying this case; and if so, what quantities of
alcohol he was imbibing and what effect did it
have on him.

MR. GILLICK: Yes, Your Honor.

- Q. In 1990, were you using alcohol?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And to what extent were you using alcohol?
 - A. You know, that's a really hard question to answer. I probably drank more than the average person.

THE COURT: What was average for you, Mr. Leinster?

THE WITNESS: Well --

THE COURT: Did you drink every day?

THE WITNESS: No, I didn't drink every
day. As a matter of fact, my usual regimen was
that I would be at the gym four or five days a
week or -- I mean, I was fairly religious. I was
a very hard-working man, a very disciplined
fella. I worked real hard, but I also drank; and
I probably drank, I would say, three or four
times a week.

1	THE COURT: Did you drink at a certain
2	hour?
3	THE WITNESS: Yes, usually at night.
4	THE COURT: So you never started
5	drinking in the morning?
6	THE WITNESS: Not then.
7	THE COURT: When did you begin drinking
8	in the morning?
9	THE WITNESS: Four or five months before
10	this accident, 1998.
11	THE COURT: And your use of cocaine in
12	1990, on or about October of 1990, was that a
13	recreational use of cocaine?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes. I quit cocaine in
15	1984. I had no interest in it at all after that.
16	THE COURT: Prior to 1990, had you been
17	in any rehab programs?
18	THE WITNESS: Yes.
19	THE COURT: How many times?
20	THE WITNESS: Four.
21	THE COURT: Did you consume alcohol
22	during the course of the trial, that is, either
23	at a recess or
24	THE WITNESS: No.
25	THE COURT: prior to trial?

1	THE WITNESS: No.
2	THE COURT: Did clients of yours
3	complain to you during this time period asking
4	whether or not you were using alcohol because
5	they smelled it on your breath?
6	THE WITNESS: Did clients?
7	THE COURT: Yes.
8	THE WITNESS: No.
9	THE COURT: That occurred later; did it
10	not?
11	THE WITNESS: No, I don't recall that it
12	did.
13	THE COURT: All right.
14	THE WITNESS: I'm not saying that never
15	happened. I don't recall it ever happened.
16	THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Gillick.
17	MR. GILLICK: Just a second, Your
18	Honor. One second.
19	(Counsel for Petitioner and his client
20	confer)
21	MR. GILLICK: I have nothing further.
22	MS. McCARTHY: Very briefly.
23	THE COURT: All right.
24	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
25	BY MS. McCARTHY:

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Basically one question. Mr. Leinster, were you
 1
     Q.
 2
     impaired at all due to intoxicants during
 3
     Mr. Herrick's trial?
 4
     Α.
          No.
          Were you using or consuming alcohol or any type
 5
     of intoxicants during the trial?
 6
 7
     Α.
          No.
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               MS. McCARTHY:
                              No further.
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               THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Gillick?
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              MR. GILLICK: No, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                           Thank you, Mr. Leinster.
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              MR. FISHKIN:
                             Your Honor, we have one
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     brief witness, Joe Bulone, the State Attorney.
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              MS. McCARTHY:
                              But we also have to
15
     notify the department that Mr. Leinster is on the
16
     way.
17
              THE COURT: Why don't we just take a
18
     ten-minute recess?
19
              MS. McCARTHY: Okay.
                                     Thank you.
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            (Recess at 4:55 p.m., until 5:05 p.m.)
21
              MR. FISHKIN: Call Joe Bulone.
22
              THE COURT:
                         Mr. Fishkin, do you think
     you'll be long with this witness?
23
24
              MR. FISHKIN: No, sir, I would say
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nine-and-a-half minutes.

1 THE COURT: I'll keep you to it. 2 THE CLERK: Sir, raise your right hand 3 please. 4 JOSEPH BULONE, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, SWORN 5 THE CLERK: Sir, please state your full name for the record, and spell your last name. 6 7 THE WITNESS: Joseph A. Bulone, 8 B-U-L-O-N-E. 9 THE CLERK: Thank you, sir. 10 MR. FISHKIN: I assume my time starts 11 now, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: It starts now, yes, sir. 13 DIRECT EXAMINATION 14 BY MR. FISHKIN: 15 Q. Mr. Bulone, by whom are you employed? At the State Attorney's office in Clearwater, 16 17 Pinellas County, Florida. How long have you been so employed? 18 19 Since May 1 of 1985. 20 How long have you been licensed to practice law 21 in the State of Florida? 22 Α. Since 1983. 23 During the time that you've been with the Pinellas State Attorney's office, I assume you've 24 25 tried a few cases?

- $1 \parallel A$. A few, yes.
- 2 \parallel Q. Do you have a handle on approximately how many?
- 3 \parallel A. Definitely well over a hundred jury trials,
- 4 | perhaps more than 200.
- 5 \parallel Q. And these would have all been criminal cases?
- $6 \parallel A$. Yes, sir.
- 7 \parallel Q. And would they have ranged from the most
- 8 | obscure to capital murder cases?
- 9 || A. Yes.
- 10 \parallel Q. Do you know or are you familiar with an
- 11 \parallel individual by the name of Ed Leinster?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 \parallel Q. Did you, in fact, try a case against him back
- 14 | in 1989?
- 15 \parallel A. I believe it was 1990, but --
- 16 | Q. That's even better.
- 17 Do you know Mr. Herrick?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 \parallel Q. Now, at the trial and prior to the trial, did
- 20 you have occasion to have much interaction with
- 21 Mr. Leinster?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 \parallel Q. And during that time through the end of that
- 24 \parallel trial, did you ever have any reason to believe that
- 25 Mr. Leinster was impaired in any way?

- I observed nothing which would indicate 1 Α. No. that, and I didn't hear anyone else mention it. 2
 - Now, had you had any inkling that Mr. Leinster was impaired during the course of that trial or perhaps any case that you might have been involved in, would it have been your duty to bring that to the attention of the court and have a hearing on it?
 - Α. Yes.

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- Q. And why is that?
- Well, because the potential that the defendant may not have gotten a fair trial, and that is something that should be brought to the attention of the court. And I have done that before, not in this case and not with this lawyer, but with another lawyer.
- Okay. There was no reason that you saw to do 17 it in this case?
- 18 Α. No.
- 19 Was this a hard-fought case?
- 20 Yes, it was. Α.
- And how would you describe the job that 21
- 22 Mr. Leinster did on behalf of his client?
- I thought that he worked hard for his client, I 23 thought he hit all the issues, and I thought he did 24 25 a competent and a good job.

- Q. And based upon your experience as a 19-year lawyer, did you have any reason to believe that his performance was ineffective?
 - A. No.

- Q. Now, did you know or do you know of an individual by the name of Patrick Porrey?
 - A. I knew of him, yes.
 - Q. And was he a potential witness in this case?
- \parallel A. Yes, he was.
- Q. Were you ever able to communicate with him and get him to come in and talk to you?
 - A. He was listed as a State's witness; however, it appeared as if he wasn't really cooperative with the police or the State. At one point, in reviewing my file, you know, I noticed that, you know, I tried to subpoena him in for a ring investigation and he failed to appear. I did have a file on him, as I had on all of the witnesses, and the only thing that was in there was his prior judgments and sentences; and I don't have any notes of what he said, so I don't believe I sat down and talked to him.
 - Q. Was he a well-known individual in Pinellas County at that time?
 - A. Yes. Well, he definitely had quite a prior record. I don't know how well-known he is because

- 1 | it's a big county.
 - Q. Okay. Now, was there any attempt at plea bargaining this case?
 - A. I really don't recall that.
 - Q. To your knowledge or based on your knowledge of the case, would you have offered a five-year plea on this case?

MR. GILLICK: Judge, objection. He's already indicated he doesn't know about plea bargaining.

THE COURT: Sustained. I don't think that's an issue anyway, Mr. Fishkin.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ FISHKIN: Maybe I can try it another way.

Q. Was there a policy in your office as to bargaining on life sentence cases?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ GILLICK: Judge, objection, the same objection.

THE COURT: I don't think this inquiry is relevant, Mr. Fishkin. Mr. Herrick has not made it part of his complaint that Mr. Leinster did not give him information regarding any plea offer, and whether it was true or not, Mr. Herrick rejected it.

Q. Did Patrick Porrey in any way communicate with

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- your office indicating that he had evidence that the defendant, or the Petitioner in this case,
- 3 Mr. Herrick, could not have committed this crime?
- 4 A. I do not recall that at all, and there's
- 5 | nothing in the file that indicates that.
- Q. Excuse me. One last question, and I'm within time. Does your office supply or did they in 1990
- 8 supply discovery --
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. -- to defendants?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 \parallel Q. Would that discovery include complete police
- 13 || reports, lab reports, and what have you?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 \parallel Q. Was that done in this case?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 \parallel Q. Was that done substantially prior to trial?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- MR. FISHKIN: Thank you.
- MR. GILLICK: Briefly, Your Honor.
- 21 <u>CROSS-EXAMINATION</u>
- 22 | BY MR. GILLICK:
- 23 \parallel Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Bulone.
- 24 | A. Good afternoon.
- 25 \parallel Q. As far as discovery, you provide that to a

defense attorney; you don't provide it directly to a 1 2 defendant, do you? 3 Α. No. So you don't know what the defense attorney in 4 this case did with the discovery that you provided? 5 No, I wouldn't know that. 6 Α. 7 You don't have any information or idea of what ο. contact Mr. Leinster had with Mr. Herrick prior to 8 the actual trial, do you? 9 10 I would have no way of knowing, no. Α. 11 MR. GILLICK: Okay. I've got no further 12 questions. 13 THE COURT: Thank you. 14 MR. FISHKIN: Nothing, Your Honor. 15 Thank you. THE COURT: Okay. Anything else, 16 Mr. Fishkin and Ms. McCarthy? 17 18 MS. McCARTHY: Your Honor, we do have 19 additional witnesses. Because it's close to the conclusion of the day, I'd ask the Court to 20 21 recess. We have six witnesses, I believe, 22 tomorrow. 23 THE COURT: Just a moment.

Do you think that you'll be finished

before the noon hour?

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MR. FISHKIN: I would think we should
be. We have three witnesses who will be so-so.

That's our expert and the two victims. Then we have -- the rest of them are going to be rather short. They're police officers and what have

on this: Maybe we'll go to 12:30, and for you we'll take an extended lunch break so I can deal with traffic court, which hopefully won't be too long since it's not like the traffic court that you have in your county, in Pinellas County rather; and then we'll reconvene hopefully, if we're lucky, 2:30. All right?

MS. McCARTHY: Just as a -- does the Court typically do closing arguments, 'cause I know we've previously scheduled for our memorandum?

THE COURT: When did I set for that?

MS. McCARTHY: That was the 30th, I
believe, if I'm not mistaken.

THE COURT: Well, if we need to revisit that, we can. I don't think it's particularly necessary that you make closing argument, but I don't want to deny you the right to make a five-

you.

or ten-minute closing argument. I don't particularly see it as all that helpful, but I'll leave it up to you.

MR. GILLICK: What time do we start tomorrow morning?

THE COURT: 9 o'clock. And let me see the lawyers at sidebar a moment.

This is to be recorded.

(At sidebar on the record)

THE COURT: I asked Mr. Leinster a series of questions. One of the questions I asked him was whether later on clients complained about him. So that you know, in 1995, Mr. Leinster was retained to represent an individual. I do not know the defendant's name. I have a distinct recollection of the proceeding because I was the magistrate judge assigned to the case.

The allegation by the defendant was that he no longer wanted Mr. Leinster as his counsel, and there were allegations that Mr. Leinster had been drinking. Ultimately, Mr. Leinster was removed from the case.

Shortly thereafter, Mr. Leinster had all his problems, particularly in Orlando, before

Judge Fawsett, I believe, or Judge Conway, and then other problems with the Florida Bar and with the criminal justice system, so I'm not operating on a blank slate with Mr. Leinster.

I tell you that out of an abundance of caution. I am, however, confining myself as to Mr. Leinster's alcohol usage as to what he may have been doing in 1990 and how that may have affected his performance. All right?

MS. McCARTHY: Uh-huh.

MR. GILLICK: Judge, Kevin Herrick just indicated to me that he's concerned about the DOC order. It had listed for him to be here today. He wants to make sure they bring him back tomorrow. Is there anything we need to do in that regard?

MR. FISHKIN: Just have a guard -- it's too late to get DOC, but we can tell them.

MS. McCARTHY: Yeah, it's past my transport time. I'm sure the guards can tell them.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ FISHKIN: I have a better idea if you wish, an order.

THE COURT: Do I have to do a written order?

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MR. FISHKIN: No, just tell the guards to have him back here. THE COURT: All right. (End of discussion at sidebar) THE COURT: As far as Mr. Herrick's appearance for tomorrow, he will be required to appear tomorrow, so I ask that those responsible for his transportation make the necessary arrangements to have him here for tomorrow's hearing, and I appreciate your getting him here today on time. Thank you very much. We'll be in recess. (Proceedings adjourned at 5:19 p.m.)