### **Engagement Policy Implementation Statement ("EPIS")**

# AMG UK Group 2006 Pension Plan (the "Plan") Plan Year End – 31 December 2023

The purpose of the EPIS is for us, the Trustee of the AMG UK Group 2006 Pension Plan, to explain what we have done during the year ending 31 December 2023 to achieve certain policies and objectives set out in the Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP"). It includes:

- 1. How our policies in the SIP about asset stewardship (including both voting and engagement activity) in relation to the Plan's investments have been followed during the year; and
- 2. How we have exercised our voting rights or how these rights have been exercised on our behalf, including the use of any proxy voting advisory services, and the 'most significant' votes cast over the reporting year.

The EPIS has been prepared by the Trustee and covers the Retirement Benefits Plan (RBP) Section of the Plan covering the Plan year from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023.

#### Our conclusion

Based on the activity we have undertaken during the year, we believe that the policies set out in the SIP have been implemented effectively.

In our view, most of the Plan's material investment managers were able to disclose good evidence of voting and/or engagement activity, and the activities completed by our managers align with our stewardship expectations.

We delegate the management of some of the Plan's assets to our fiduciary manager, Aon Investments Limited ("Aon"), who were appointed in December 2023. Whilst the Plan's assets were not transferred into the fiduciary arrangement until after the end of the Plan year, Aon were the investment manager for some of the pooled funds held by the Plan. We believe the activities completed by our fiduciary manager to review the underlying managers' voting and engagement policies, and activities align with our stewardship expectations. We believe our voting rights have been implemented effectively on our behalf.

As part of the move into the new fiduciary mandate, the appointed fiduciary manager selects the underlying investments managers on behalf of the Trustee. As such, the Plan will delegate monitoring of ESG integration and stewardship of the underlying managers to the fiduciary manager.

## How voting and engagement policies have been followed

The Plan is invested in pooled funds, and so the responsibility for voting and engagement is delegated to the Plan's investment managers, which is in line with the policies set out in our SIP. We reviewed the stewardship activity of the material investment managers carried out over the Plan year and in our view, most of the investment managers were able to disclose good evidence of voting and/or engagement activity. More information on the stewardship activity carried out by the Plan's investment managers can be found in the following sections of this report.

Over the reporting year, we monitored the performance of the Plan's investments on a quarterly basis and received updates on important issues from our investment adviser, Aon Investments Limited ("Aon"). In particular, we received quarterly ESG ratings from Aon for the funds the Plan is invested in where available.

Each year, we review the voting and engagement policies of the Plan's investment managers to ensure they align with our own policies for the Plan and help us to achieve them.

The Plan's stewardship policy can be found in the SIP: <u>JLT EB - FULL WIDTH REPORT - No Cover Image (wsimg.com)</u>

### Our Engagement Action Plan

Based on the work we have done for the EPIS, we have decided to take the following steps over the next 12 months:

- We, with the support of our fiduciary manager, will engage with the following managers to inform them of our expectations of better disclosures in the future:
  - a. LGIM and BlackRock provided fund-level engagement information but not in the industry standard template.
     Additionally, the managers did not provide any firm-level engagement information.
- 2. We will undertake more regular meetings with our fiduciary manager if required, to ensure our fiduciary manager is using its resources to effectively influence positive outcomes in our relevant funds.

#### What is stewardship?

Stewardship is investors using their influence over current or potential investees/issuers, policy makers, service providers and other stakeholders to create long-term value for clients and beneficiaries leading to sustainable benefits for the economy, the environment and society.

This includes prioritising which Environmental Social Governance ("ESG") issues to focus on, engaging with investees/issuers, and exercising voting rights.

Differing ownership structures means stewardship practices often differ between asset classes.

Source: UN PRI

### Our fiduciary manager's engagement activity

We invest some of the Plan's assets in Aon's Managed Growth Strategy and Low Risk Bonds Strategy. These are fund of funds arrangements, where Aon selects the underlying investment managers on our behalf.

We delegate monitoring of ESG integration and stewardship of the underlying managers to Aon.

Over the year, Aon held several engagement meetings with many of the underlying managers in its strategies. Aon discussed ESG integration, stewardship, climate, biodiversity and modern slavery with the investment managers. Aon provided feedback to the managers after these meetings with the aim of improving the standard of ESG integration across its portfolios.

Over the year, Aon engaged with the industry through white papers, working groups, webinars and network events, as well as responding to multiple consultations.

In 2021, Aon committed to achieve net zero emissions by 2050, with a 50% reduction by 2030 for its fully delegated clients' portfolios and defined contribution default strategies (relative to baseline year of 2019).

Aon also successfully renewed its signatory status to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code.

### What is fiduciary management?

Fiduciary management is the delegation of some, or all, of the day-to-day investment decisions and implementation to a fiduciary manager. But the trustees still retain responsibility for setting the high-level investment strategy.

In fiduciary management arrangements, the trustees will often delegate monitoring ESG integration and asset stewardship to its fiduciary manager.

### Our managers' voting activity

Good asset stewardship means being aware and active on voting issues, corporate actions and other responsibilities tied to owning a company's stock. We believe that good stewardship is in the members' best interests to promote best practice and encourage investee companies to access opportunities, manage risk appropriately, and protect shareholders' interests. Understanding and monitoring the stewardship that investment managers practice in relation to the Plan's investments is an important factor in deciding whether a manager remains the right choice for the Plan.

Voting rights are attached to listed equity shares, including equities held in multi-asset funds. We expect the Plan's equity-owning investment managers to responsibly exercise their voting rights.

### Why is voting important?

Voting is an essential tool for listed equity investors to communicate their views to a company and input into key business decisions. Resolutions proposed by shareholders increasingly relate to social and environmental issues.

Source: UN PRI

#### Voting statistics

The table below shows the voting statistics for each of the Plan's material funds with voting rights for the year to 31 December 2023.

| Funds                                       | Number of resolutions eligible to vote on | % of resolutions voted | % of votes against management | % of votes abstained from |
|---|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| BlackRock – Emerging Markets<br>Equity Fund | 23,247                                    | 98.7%                  | 9.6%                          | 2.8%                      |
| LGIM – Multi-Factor Equity Fund             | 12,217                                    | 99.9%                  | 21.3%                         | 0.1%                      |

Source: Managers. Please note that the 'abstain' votes noted above are a specific category of vote that has been cast, and are distinct from a non-vote.

### Use of proxy voting advisers

Many investment managers use proxy voting advisers to help them fulfil their stewardship duties. Proxy voting advisers provide recommendations to institutional investors on how to vote at shareholder meetings on issues such as climate change, executive pay and board composition. They can also provide voting execution, research, record keeping and other services.

Responsible investors will dedicate time and resources towards making their own informed decisions, rather than solely relying on their adviser's recommendations.

The table below describes how the Plan's managers use proxy voting advisers.

### Why use a proxy voting adviser?

Outsourcing voting activities to proxy advisers enables managers that invest in thousands of companies to participate in many more votes than they would without their support.

| Managers   | Description of use of proxy voting adviser(s) (in the managers' own words)  |
|--|---|
| BlackRock  | We use Institutional Shareholder Services' (ISS) electronic platform to execute our vote instructions, manage client accounts in relation to voting and facilitate client reporting on voting. In certain markets, we work with proxy research firms who apply our proxy voting guidelines to filter out routine or non-contentious proposals and refer to us any meetings where additional research and possibly engagement might be required to inform our voting decision. |
| Legal & General<br>Investment Management<br>("LGIM") | LGIM's Investment Stewardship team uses ISS's 'ProxyExchange' electronic voting platform to electronically vote clients' shares. All voting decisions are made by LGIM and we do not outsource any part of the strategic decisions. To ensure our proxy provider votes in accordance with our position on ESG, we have put in place a custom voting policy with specific voting instructions.   |

Source: Managers.

#### Significant voting examples

To illustrate the voting activity being carried out on our behalf, we asked the Plan's investment managers to provide a selection of what they consider to be the most significant votes in relation to the Plan's funds. A sample of these significant votes can be found in the appendix.

### Our managers' engagement activity

Engagement is when an investor communicates with current (or potential) investee companies (or issuers) to improve their ESG practices, sustainability outcomes or public disclosure. Good engagement identifies relevant ESG issues, sets objectives, tracks results, maps escalation strategies and incorporates findings into investment decision-making.

The table below shows some of the engagement activity carried out by the Plan's material managers. The managers have provided information for the most recent calendar year available.

| Funda  | Number of engagements |              |  |  |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Funds  | Fund level            | Firm level   | Themes engaged on at a fund level  |  |
| Aegon Asset Management –<br>European Asset Backed<br>Securities ("ABS") Fund | 127                   | 528          | Environment - Climate Change<br>Governance - Board Effectiveness - Diversity;<br>Leadership - Chair/CEO; Remuneration<br>Other - General Disclosure                    |  |
| Robeco – Short Dated<br>Credit Fund  | 28                    | 319          | Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource<br>Use/Impact<br>Social - Human and Labour Rights<br>Governance - Board Effectiveness - Other<br>Other - SDG Engagement |  |
| Abrdn – Climate Transition<br>Bond Fund                                      | 101                   | 2,008        | Other - Climate; Environment; Corporate<br>Governance; Labour Management; Corporate<br>Behaviour   |  |
| BlackRock – Emerging<br>Markets Equity Fund                                  | 396                   | Not provided | Environment - Climate Risk Management Governance - Corporate Strategy; Board Composition & Board Effectiveness; Business Oversight; Remuneration                       |  |
| LGIM – Multi-Factor Equity<br>Fund   | 296                   | Not provided | Environment - Climate Impact Pledge; Climate<br>Change<br>Social - Gender Diversity<br>Governance - Remuneration; Board Composition                                    |  |
| Robeco – Sustainable<br>Development Goals ("SDG")<br>Credit Income Fund      | 17                    | 319          | Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource Use/Impact Social - Human and Labour Rights Governance - Board Effectiveness - Other Other - SDG Engagement             |  |

Source: Managers.

#### **Data limitations**

At the time of writing, LGIM and BlackRock provided fund-level engagement information but not in the industry standard template. Additionally, the managers did not provide any firm-level engagement information.

This report does not include commentary on certain asset classes such as liability driven investments, gilts or cash because of the limited materiality of stewardship to these asset classes. Further, this report does not include the additional voluntary contributions ("AVCs") due to the relatively small proportion of the Plan's assets that are held as AVCs.

### Appendix – Significant Voting Examples

In the table below are some significant vote examples provided by the Plan's managers. We consider a significant vote to be one which the manager considers significant. Managers use a wide variety of criteria to determine what they consider a significant vote, some of which are outlined in the examples below:

| BlackRock -                        | Company name   | Banco de Chile SA  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Emerging<br>Markets Equity<br>Fund | Date of vote   | 23-Mar-2023  |  |
|                                    | Approximate size of  |  |  |
|                                    | fund's/mandate's holding as at<br>the date of the vote (as % of<br>portfolio)  | Not provided   |  |
|                                    | Summary of the resolution  | Elect Francisco Perez Mackenna as Director   |  |
|                                    | How you voted?   | Voted against resolution   |  |
|                                    | Where you voted against management, did you communicate your intent to the company ahead of the vote?                                | We endeavour to communicate to companies when we intend to vote against management, either before or just after casting votes in advance of the shareholder meeting. We publish our voting guidelines to help clients and companies understand our thinking on key governance matters that are commonly put to a shareholder vote. They are the benchmark against which we assess a company's approach to corporate governance and the items on the agenda to be voted on at the shareholder meeting. We apply our guidelines pragmatically, taking into account a company's unique circumstances where relevant. Our voting decisions reflect our analysis of company disclosures, third party research and, where relevant, insights from recent and past company engagement and our active investment colleagues. |  |
|                                    | Rationale for the voting decision  | The nominee serves on an excessive number of public company boards, which we believe raises substantial concerns about the director's ability to exercise sufficient oversight on this board. Our concern is that when directors serve on too many boards, they may not have capacity to fulfil their duties on each, particularly in times of crisis.   |  |
|                                    | Outcome of the vote  | Pass   |  |
|                                    | Implications of the outcome eg were there any lessons learned and what likely future steps will you take in response to the outcome? | BlackRock Investment Stewardship will continue to monitor Banco de Chile's steps to enhancing their corporate governance structures, including board quality and director commitments, as well as the region's progress towards publishing more fulsome and timely disclosures.  |  |
|                                    | On which criteria have you assessed this vote to be most significant?  | Not provided   |  |
| LGIM – Multi-                      | Company name   | Alphabet Inc.  |  |
| Factor Equity                      | Date of vote   | 02-Jun-2023  |  |
| Fund                               | Approximate size of fund's/mandate's holding as at the date of the vote (as % of portfolio)  | 0.7  |  |
|                                    | Summary of the resolution  | Approve Recapitalization Plan for all Stock to Have One-vote per<br>Share  |  |
|                                    | How you voted?   | Voted supporting resolution  |  |
|                                    | Where you voted against management, did you communicate your intent to the company ahead of the vote?                                | LGIM publicly communicates its vote instructions on its website the day after the company meeting, with a rationale for all votes against management. It is our policy not to engage with our investee companies in the three weeks prior to an AGM as our engagement is not limited to shareholder meeting topics.  |  |
|                                    | Rationale for the voting decision  | Shareholder Resolution - Shareholder rights: A vote in favour is applied as LGIM expects companies to apply a one-share-one-vote standard.   |  |
|                                    | Outcome of the outcome of  | Fail  I GIM will continue to monitor the board's response to the relatively.   |  |
|                                    | Implications of the outcome eg were there any lessons learned  | LGIM will continue to monitor the board's response to the relatively high level of support received for this resolution.   |  |
|                                    | were there any lessons learned   | riigir ievei oi suppoit receiveu ioi tiils resolution.   |  |

| and what likely future steps will |
|-----------------------------------|
| you take in response to the       |
| outcome?                          |

On which criteria have you assessed this vote to be most significant?

High Profile meeting: This shareholder resolution is considered significant due to the relatively high level of support received.

Source: Managers.