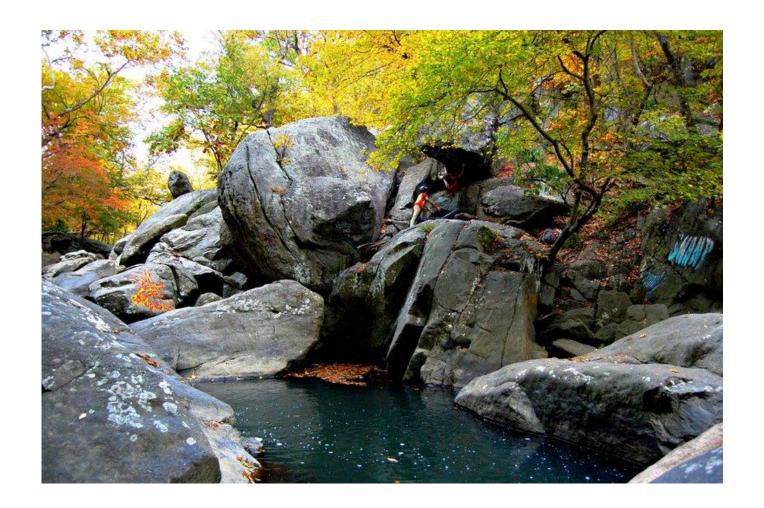
#### Macro and Microplastics Pollution

By: Tiffany Boone-Hines

# **MONTGOMERY**



# Types of Pollution in the Stream

#### **Plastics**

a synthetic material made from a wide range of organic polymers such as polyethylene, PVC, nylon, etc., that can be molded into shape while soft and then set into a rigid or slightly elastic form.



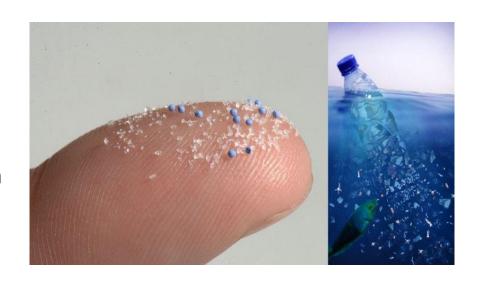
#### Macroplastics

Large and visible pieces of plastics that can be easily caught.



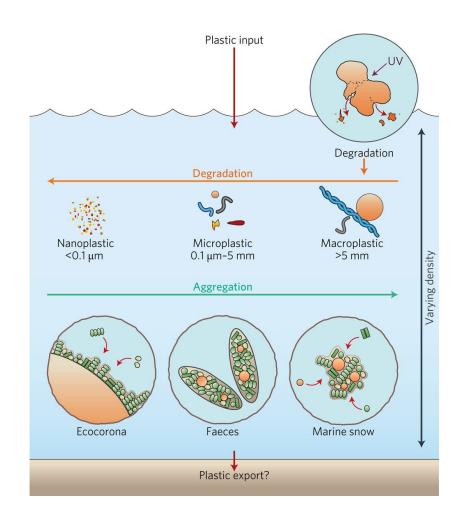
#### Microplastics

Small plastic pieces less than five millimeters long which can be harmful to our ocean and aquatic life.



## How microplastics are formed:

Microplastics are the products of the Degradation of larger pieces of plastics; which break into continuously smaller pieces overtime.



How Microplastics affects the Ecology of the Stream

# Endangers the Health of Marine Life

Overtime Organisms that consume the plastic will have an accumulation of it in it's digestive system, which will no longer be able to feed properly and eventually die.

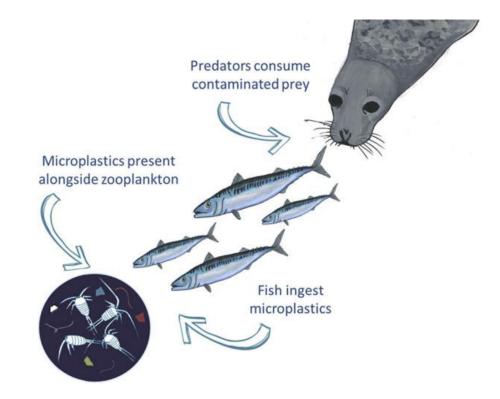




This is an image of a fish that was dissected and was found to have several pieces of pollution within it's system

## Travels Up the Food Chain

The fish and organisms that become contaminated from eating Microplastics will soon be eaten my other organisms which will eventually lead up the food chain.

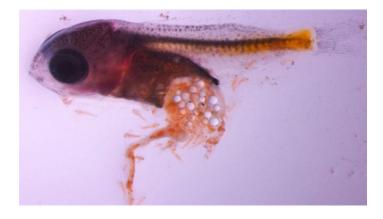


# How Microplastics affects Human Health

# The Plastic is in our Food

Seafood that we consume whole such as Shrimp, Tuna, Sardines, Shellfish, mussels, and oyster have been shown to have a micro and nanoplastics within their system.

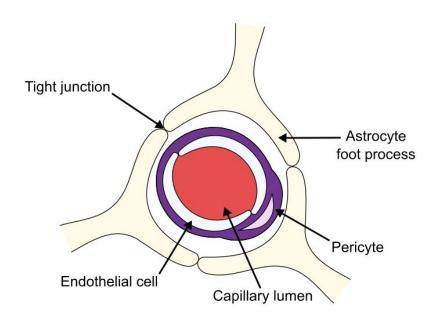




## Researchers have concerns

Although there is no conclusive data Researchers are worried if the nano plastics that we consume could possibly pass through our Blood-Brain Barrier

#### **Blood-Brain Barrier**



#### **Our Project**

#### Clean-up at the Stream

We cleaned up the Northwest Branch Anacostia River by picking up nearby trash surrounding the stream. As well as collecting samples microplastics from the stream.





# We Analyzed the Data

We visited a chemistry lab at Montgomery College Science Center to analyze our samples we gathered from the stream.





# Can't we just scoop out the plastic?

# We Can't, It's impossible

Since Microplastics are so small and sink, most would be found at the bottom of the ocean which would be an extremely costly and nearly impossible process.



#### What we can do to help!

### Reduce and Use Less Plastics

To prevent the Plastic Pollution epidemic from growing the best thing we can do, is encourage a plastic free life and push for laws that places restrictions or outlaws plastic production.







https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-Yp1KKWpPpU

#### Ways to Reduce Your Plastic Use:

- Use reusable bags when grocery shopping
- 2. Stop using plastic straws
- Reuse containers for storing leftovers
- 4. Bring your own container for take-out or your restaurant doggy-bag since many restaurants use styrofoam.



What we have done so far!

## States that have Placed Restrictions on Plastic

Notable Cities/Counties with Plastic Bag Bans and Fees	
Cities with Plastic Bag Bans	Cities with Plastic Bag Bans and Fees
Boston	Boulder, Colo.
Chicago	Montgomery County, Md.
Los Angeles	New York
San Francisco	Portland, Maine
Seattle	Washington, D.C.

#### Montgomery County Ban on Polystyrene

Expanded polystyrene (#6-PS) products, such as foam containers, bowls, plates, trays, cartons, cups, egg cartons, etc. are not recyclable in Montgomery County, Maryland. This legislation effectively bans the use and sale of this material in the County.

