# Skills Assessment Supplement

Focus on English-Language Arts Standards



**FORM C** 

STUDENT MATERIALS

GRADE 2

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# **READING**

1.0	Word Analysis, Fluency, and Systematic
	Vocabulary Development

## **Decoding and Word Recognition**

Read the first word. Choose the word that has the same sound or sounds as the underlined letter or letters.

#### 1. drove

- O A. glove
- O B. crow
- O C. moth
- O D. blond

### 2. clue

- A. lure
- O B. luck
- C. bunk
- O D. hoop

## 3. throat

- A. moon
- O B. know
- O C. doll
- O D. ground

# 4. thought

- A. through
- O B. rough
- O. C. caught
- O D. shout

# 5. large

- A. shark
- O B. square
- O. C. stage
- O D. spear

# 6. weigh

- A. they
- O B. high
- O C. peg
- O D. wheat

## 7. grudge

- O A. huge
- O B. bridge
- C. shove
- O D. blurt





Read each sentence. Then mark the correct answer.

8. Choose the correct way to divide the word <u>paper</u> into syllables.

O A. pap-er

O B. paper

O. C. pape-r

O D. pa-per

9. Choose the correct way to divide the word <u>cargo</u> into syllables.

A. carg-o

O B. car-go

O. ca-rgo

O D. cargo

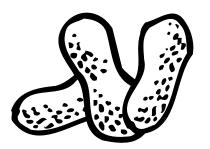
10. Choose the correct way to divide the word bottom into syllables.

A. bott-om

O B. bo-ttom

O. C. bot-tom

O D. b-ottom



Read the nonsense word. Choose the word that is divided into syllables using the same rule as the nonsense word.

#### 11. wis-ket

○ A. hap–pen

O B. nev-er

O. pea-nut

O D. bro-ken

## **12.** gir–ty

○ A. read–y

O B. like-ly

O. C. par-ty

O D. thirst-y

## 13. gi-lay

○ A. or–bit

O B. dis-play

O. c. re-lay

O D. real-ly

#### 14. row-len

○ A. no–where

O B. wood-en

O C. swol-len

O D. pow-der

# 15. gin-dle

- O B. ket-tle
- O. C. yel-low
- O D. af-ter

# Read each pair of words. Mark the answer that has an incorrect abbreviation.

- **16.** A. February Feb.
  - O B. Road Rd.
  - O. Wednesday Wed.
  - O. Thursday Thr.
- **17.**  $\bigcirc$  A. Drive Dr.
  - O B. November No.
  - C. October Oct.
  - O D. July Jul.
- **18.** ( ) A. Avenue Ave.
  - O B. Doctor Dr.
  - C. Street Str.
  - O. Monday Mon.



# Choose the word that correctly completes each sentence. Mark your answer.

<b>19.</b> Mom placed	_ around the table
-----------------------	--------------------

- A. bench
- O B. benches
- O. C. benchs
- O D. benchies

# 20. There are three red \_\_\_\_ in the yard.

- O A. fox
- O B. foxs
- O. C. foxies
- O D. foxes

# 21. Rainy \_\_\_\_ are cloudy and gray.

- O A. skys
- O B. skyes
- O C. skies
- O D. sky

# 22. The two \_\_\_\_\_ visit the store every night.

- A. elves
- O B. elfs
- O. C. elvs
- O D. elfes



**Vocabulary and Concept Development** 

Read each sentence. Find the synonym, the word that means the same as the <u>underlined</u> word. Mark your answer.

23. Would you go the market for me?

- A. kitchen
- O B. store
- O. C. school
- O D. office

24. The string was loosely tied around the package.

- A. alarm
- O B. pound
- O C. lot
- O D. bag

25. A huge storm brought rain for days.

- O A. vast
- O B. heavy
- C. tall
- O D. calm

Read each sentence. Find the antonym, the word that means the opposite of the <u>underlined</u> word. Mark your answer.

26. Be careful with that sharp knife.

- A. dangerous
- O B. long
- O. C. dull
- O D. large

27. We <u>laughed</u> at the ending of the story.

- O A. wept
- O B. yawned
- O. C. clapped
- O D. joked

28. My teacher said the remark was rude.

- A. loud
- O B. polite
- O. C. funny
- O D. true



Read each sentence. Find the compound word that means the same as the <u>underlined</u> words. Mark your answer.

## 29. Is that a cake you made at home?

- A. homemade
- O B. homework
- O. C. homeplate
- O D. homeless

# **30.** We didn't see the cave hidden <u>under</u> the ground.

- O B. understand
- O. C. underwear
- O D. underground

# 31. The <u>setting of the sun</u> was a beautiful sight.

- ∧. sunrise
- O B. sunset
- C. sunshine
- O D. sunbeam



Read each sentence. Find the word or words that mean the same as the <u>underlined</u> word. Mark your answer.

## 32. Don't overfill that milk pitcher.

- A. fill less than
- O B. fill too much
- O. C. fill again
- O D. empty

# 33. You can <u>reuse</u> that box for something else.

- A. use again
- O B. useless
- C. useful
- O D. not using

## 34. This broken table is worthless.

- A. worth more
- O B. very worthy
- O. C. without worth
- O D. worthwhile



35. The weather was <u>unlike</u> any we'd ever had.	38. Let's <u>watch</u> the parade from here.
<ul><li>A. the same as</li><li>B. too much like</li></ul>	In which sentence does the word watch mean the same thing as in the sentence above?
<ul><li>C. just like</li><li>D. not like</li></ul>	
36. Watching someone work is not very <u>helpful</u> .	<ul> <li>B. The guard fell asleep during the night watch.</li> <li>C. Watch what you're doing with those scissors.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>A. helping again</li><li>B. helpless</li><li>C. full of help</li></ul>	O D. I plan to watch the six o'clock news.
O D. without help	39. Mark the <u>place</u> where you stopped reading with a bookmark.
37. Someone had carved his name on the oak tree's <u>trunk</u> .	In which sentence does the word place mean the same thing as in the sentence above?
In which sentence does the word trunk mean the same thing as in the sentence above?	A. Place the cat's dish next to its food bowl.
<ul> <li>A. The circus elephant used his trunk to pick up a nut.</li> </ul>	O B. Please save me a <u>place</u> at your table.
○ B. We moved the large wooden trunk to the attic.	<ul><li>C. Disneyland is a fun place to visit.</li></ul>
○ C. The tree had a big yellow ribbon around its <u>trunk</u> .	<ul> <li>D. Our team took first <u>place</u> in the race.</li> </ul>
O D. Would you put this suitcase in	





## **READING COMPREHENSION**

#### **Structural Features of Informational Materials**

The table of contents below is from a book called <u>The Book of Games</u>. Use it to answer questions 1, 2, and 3.

	The Book of Games	
	<b>Table of Contents</b>	
Chapter 1	Board Games	page 3
Chapter 2	Card Games	page 9
Chapter 3	Paper and Pencil Games	page 15
Chapter 4	Outdoor Games	page 24
Chapter 5	Indoor Games	page 36

- 1. In which chapter would you find backyard games?
  - A. Chapter 3
  - O B. Chapter 2
  - O. Chapter 4
  - O D. Chapter 1
- 2. Chapter 3 has information about
  - A. Board Games
  - O B. Paper and Pencil Games
  - C. Card Games
  - O D. Indoor Games

- 3. On what page does Chapter 1 begin?
  - A. page 36
  - O B. page 15
  - O. C. page 1
  - O D. page 3





#### Comprehension and Analysis of Grade-Level Appropriate Text

#### Read the passage below. Then use the information to answer questions 4-12.

Fish are important to us. They are part of the food chain. Fish eat water plants, bugs, and smaller fish. Then they may become food for larger fish and other animals. The idea that bigger animals eat plants and smaller animals is called the *food chain*. All plants and animals are part of the food chain. The health of one part or link affects the health of the next. The health of a plant or animal depends upon where it lives and what it eats.

Fish live in two kinds of water. Some fish live in salty oceans. Others live in fresh water. Streams, rivers, and lakes have fresh water. Wherever fish make their homes, they need a clean habitat. A habitat is the place where animals live. Fish thrive when they have plenty of food to eat. They also need clean water in which to swim.

It is unhealthy for fish to live in dirty water. Careless people can cause rivers and oceans to become unhealthy. Motor oil and other chemicals harm waterways if people throw them into sewers. Tossing old tires and other garbage into rivers is also a bad idea. These things pollute water. They make the water dirty and unhealthy. Water bugs, tadpoles, and small fish can become ill in the unclean water. This is because there is less healthy food for larger fish or other animals to eat. After a while, the larger fish can also become sick. People can get sick, too, if they eat unhealthy fish.

Fish are affected by polluted water in other ways. For example, fish breathe under water. Fish breathe with gills. As they swim, the gills take in oxygen from the water. Dirty water hinders the flow of oxygen through a fish's gills.

Dirty waterways affect the health of all the links in the food chain. It is important to keep our rivers and oceans clean and healthy. All living things depend on clean water.



4.	This passage is	8. V	Vhat i	s a <u>habitat</u> ?
	<ul> <li>A. a folk tale</li> <li>B. nonfiction</li> <li>C. a poem</li> <li>D. a fairy tale</li> </ul>	(	<ul><li>B.</li><li>C.</li></ul>	a playground for fish dirty water a food chain a place where animals live
5.	The word <u>polluted</u> means	9. H	How d	o fish breathe under water?
	<ul><li>A. fishing</li><li>B. dirty</li><li>C. salty water</li><li>D. clean</li></ul>	(	) B.	They take in air through their mouths.  They take in air through their gills.  They don't need to breathe under water.
6.	Why are clean waterways important?		) D.	They breathe with their lungs.
7.	<ul> <li>A. They are the habitats for many animals and plants.</li> <li>B. They are prettier than polluted waterways.</li> <li>C. Fish enjoy swimming in clean water.</li> <li>D. No one likes to swim in dirty water.</li> </ul> Which of the following is not healthy food for a fish?		oxic w  A.  B.  C.	shouldn't throw old tires and raste into rivers because  they make the water look funny.  old tires belong on cars.  fish like salty water more.  they make water plants and animals ill.
	<ul><li>A. water bugs</li><li>B. minnows</li><li>C. tadpoles</li><li>D. garbage</li></ul>			GOON

11.			thor's purpose for writing this e is to
	$\bigcirc$	A.	tell a story about a family of fish.
	0	B.	explain why it is important to keep our waterways clean.
	0	C.	tell the reader to join a team to clean the rivers and streams.
	$\bigcirc$	D.	inform the reader about where

fish live.

# 12. What would be a good title for this passage?

$\bigcirc$	A.	Be Cute, Don't Pollute
$\bigcirc$	B.	Why Fish Like to Swim
$\bigcirc$	C.	Fish are Important to Our Health
0	D.	Dirty Water Is No Place to Live



## **Comprehension and Analysis of Grade-Level Appropriate Text**

Use the chart below to answer questions 13, 14 and 15.

# **Favorite Foods from Room 2A**



		Food	l Group	
Meal	Dairy	Grain	Fruit	Meat
Breakfast	milk	cereal	orange	bacon
Lunch	cheese	bread	banana	turkey
Dinner	ice cream	rice	peaches	roast beef

<b>13.</b>	What is	Room	<b>2A's</b>	favorite	lunch
	meat?				

- A. bacon
- O B. turkey
- O. C. cereal
- O D. meat

# 14. The children like eating peaches for

- A. Lunch
- O B. Breakfast
- O. C. Dessert
- O D. Dinner

# 15. Cheese is listed under which food group?

- A. Meat
- O B. Grain
- O. C. Dairy
- O D. Fruit



Read the directions below about making Bugs on a Log. Then answer questions 16, 17, and 18.



# **Bugs on a Log**

Celery
Peanut butter
Raisins

1. Place celery on a cutting board. 2. Cut celery stalk into three lengths. 3. Fill each celery piece with peanut butter. 4. Dot peanut butter with raisins. 5. Enjoy the yummy bugs on a log snack.

## 16. The first step is

- A. place celery on a cutting board.
- B. fill each celery piece with peanut butter.
- O. C. dot peanut butter with raisins.
- O. cut celery stalk into three lengths.

# 17. What do you do after the celery is cut into three lengths?

- A. Dot peanut butter with raisins.
- O B. Enjoy the yummy snack.
- O. C. Place celery on cutting board.
- O. Fill celery pieces with peanut butter.

# 18. Which of the following is not listed as a step in making Bugs on a Log?

- A. Enjoy the Bugs on a Log snack.
- O B. Go to the store to buy celery.
- O. Cut celery into three lengths.
- O. Fill celery with peanut butter.



#### **Narrative Analysis of Grade-Level Appropriate Text**

Read Story One. Then answer questions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.



# Story One:



Coyote and the Mountain Lion
A Native American Tale

Long ago there was a coyote. One day he was trotting through a narrow, rocky mountain pass. As he walked along, he kept his nose to the ground hoping to catch the scent of his next meal. He knew it was unlikely he would find a rat in the midday heat, but perhaps he could catch a lizard or a toad.

Suddenly he was aware of movement on the road ahead. "Oh, no! It's Lion!" Coyote moaned. He stopped dead in his tracks. Lion was bounding toward him. He too was looking for his next meal. Realizing Lion was too near to escape, Coyote was filled with fear. He had played so many tricks on great Lion in the past. He was sure Lion would like to have him for dinner. In a flash, Coyote thought of a plan.

Coyote noticed a large boulder above his head. He quickly crouched down on the narrow path. He covered his head with his paws, cowering in fear. He peeked through his paws, looking for Lion's reaction.

Lion stopped short in surprise.

"Help!" Coyote howled. He didn't have to pretend he was scared. There was real fear in his voice. Coyote looked up at Lion. "Oh, great and strong Lion, help! There is no time to lose. See that huge boulder above our heads? It is about to come crushing down on us. Oh, mighty Lion, do something.



Save us!" Coyote cowered even lower. Indeed, he was shaking in fear of what might happen.

Lion looked up, very alarmed. A boulder that could crush both him and Coyote was on the edge of the cliff above his head. He was flattered Coyote was asking him to use his strength to hold up the large, overhanging rock. Before he had a chance to think, Lion stood on his hind legs. He put his brawny shoulder against the rock and pushed with all his might.

"Oh, thank you, great king of the forest!" yelped Coyote. "I saw a felled tree on the path a while back. I will fetch it and we can place it under the boulder. If we use it to prop up the rock, we will both be saved." No sooner had the words left his mouth, Coyote bounded down the path. He was relieved to be out of Lion's reach and sight.

Lion was left all alone struggling with the boulder. He used his mighty strength to push against the unmoving rock. How long he remained there before realizing that it was another trick is not known. What is known is that it wasn't the first time Coyote had fooled Lion. And wouldn't be the last, because Coyote is an animal that lives by his wits.

# 1. What is Coyote doing when he sees Lion?

- A. He is looking for something to eat.
- B. He is coming home from work.
- C. He is taking a stroll through the forest.
- O. He is meeting friends for lunch.

# 2. How does Coyote get Lion to help him?

- A. He promises Lion something to eat.
- O B. He flatters Lion.
- C. He threatens to harm him.
- O D. He promises to give Lion his large rock.



3.	A <u>b</u>	ould	<i>ler</i> is a
	$\bigcirc$	A.	bulky bag.
	$\bigcirc$	B.	huge tree stump.
	$\bigcirc$	C.	foot bridge.
	$\bigcirc$	D.	huge rock.
4.	Wł	ich ]	pair of words describes Coyote?
	$\bigcirc$	A.	smart but lazy
	$\bigcirc$	B.	mean and cruel
	$\bigcirc$	C	clever and tricky
	$\circ$	<b>C</b> .	j

5.	Wh		other ending fits best with the
	0	A.	Coyote throws the boulder at Lion and kills him.
	$\bigcirc$	B.	The boulder falls on Coyote and Lion, hurting them both.
	$\bigcirc$	C.	Coyote brings Lion a rabbit for dinner.
	$\bigcirc$	D.	Coyote runs to the top of the pass and waves at Lion.
6.	Wł	nich	statement is not true?
6.			statement is not true?  Coyote is afraid he will be Lion's dinner.
6.	0	A.	Coyote is afraid he will be
6.	0	A. B.	Coyote is afraid he will be Lion's dinner.





# Story Two: Spider's Voice

A West African Tale

Once upon a time, Spider crawled inside Hare's house while Hare was away. Spider thought, "What a nice, quiet house this is. I think I'll stay." At noon Hare came home. He saw new tracks on the ground going into his house. He called out, "Who's in my house?"



Spider boomed out in a loud voice, "It is I, who crushes rhinos and tramples elephants!"

Hare backed up crying, "What can a small animal like me do? This creature crushes rhinos and tramples elephants. I need a fierce beast to help me. So Hare left his house to look for help.

He soon met Jackal. He asked Jackal to talk to the terrible creature. Jackal agreed to help. When they reached Hare's house Jackal barked loudly and said, "Who is in Hare's house?"

Spider replied in a voice that rocked the earth, "It is I! Yes, I who crushes rhinos to the earth and tramples elephants to dust." Upon hearing this, Jackal said, "I can do nothing against such a fierce creature. You will have to find someone fiercer than I."

Soon Hare met Leopard walking through the jungle. He begged Leopard to help him. Leopard told Hare it would be no trouble to scare away the creature in his house. When they reached Hare's house, Leopard bared his claws. He growled, "Who is in the house of my friend Hare?" Spider replied in the same manner. Leopard was scared, too. She said to Hare, "If he crushes rhinos and elephants, I don't want to think about what he could do to me!" Leopard ran quickly away.

Next, Hare found his friend Rhino. He asked him to help. "No doubt, I am the most fearsome beast in the jungle," snorted Rhino. Rhino marched right up to the entrance of Hare's house. He snorted. He pawed the ground with his massive feet. He asked, "Who is in my friend Hare's house?" He heard the same booming reply as had Leopard and Jackal. With that, Rhino thundered away,

crashing through the forest.

By now Hare was frantic. He thought he'd never get his home back. He asked Elephant for help. Like the others,



Elephant was frightened when he heard the voice from inside Hare's house. Also like the others, Elephant stomped away.

In despair Hare asked Frog, who was passing by, if he could possibly make the creature leave his house. Frog went to the door of Hare's house. He stood on Hare's shoulder and shouted. "I am the strongest, fiercest creature in the jungle. I crush those who crush rhinos. I trample those who trample elephants. I am coming in to tear you into a hundred pieces."

When Spider heard this, he trembled. He saw the tall shadow of the creature coming nearer. He decided it was time to return the house to Hare. Spider did not want to be ripped to pieces. He inched his way out of Hare's den along its edge. He was trying not to be noticed.

All of the animals of the jungle gathered around Hare's house. They seized Spider as he snuck out of the den. "What? It was only you?" they all shouted.

Spider sheepishly replied, "I would never dream of staying in Hare's den! It's far too crude for the likes of me!" Spider sniffed the air and crawled away. All of the other animals looked at each other. They could not believe Spider had fooled them once again.

# 7. When the story begins Hare is away from home. Where did he go?

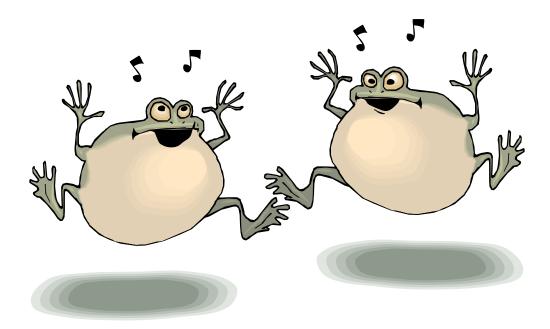
- A. shopping for new clothes
- O B. visiting his friend Leopard
- C. The story does not tell the reader.
- O D. out to lunch with his friends

# 8. Why does Hare need help when he returns home?

- A. He thinks a terrible creature is in his house.
- O B. His house is destroyed.
- O. C. He is afraid of spiders.
- O. There is a huge tree in the doorway.

9.	Who yells that he crushes rhinos and tramples elephants?	One and Story Two then answer questions 11, 12, and 13.
	○ A. Jackal	
	O B. Hare	11. When do both stories take place?
	C. Spider	A. during the present time
	O D. Frog	B. a few years ago
		C. in the future
10	Which character helps Hare?	O D. a long time ago
	○ A. Rhino	
	O B. Frog	12. In what way are Coyote and Spider
	○ C. Leopard	alike?
	O D. Jackal	A. both are very brave and strong
		B. both are cruel and mean to others
		C. both are helpless and rely on others' strength
		O D. both are known to fool or trick others
		13. What statement about both stories is not true?
		A. Both tales have a trickster.
		○ B. Both are true stories.
		C. Both are tales with animals acting like people.
		O D. The two tales are from different countries.
		I and the second





Use the poem below to answer questions 14 and 15.

## **Bouncing Buddies**

- 1. Big bubbly bouncing buddies
- 2. Traveled to town today.
- 3. Moving to the tune they sang
- 4. Before they bounced away.

# 14. Which lines are examples of alliteration?

- O B. 2 and 3
- O. C. 1 and 2
- O D. 3 and 4

## 15. Lines 2 and 4 are examples of:

- A. rhyme
- O B. rhythm
- C. alliteration
- On D. none of the above



## **WRITING**

#### Research

Read each question. Choose the best reference material to answer the question.

- 1. Which resource would you use to find the meaning of the word *fence*?
  - A. Thesaurus
  - O B. Dictionary
  - O C. Encyclopedia
  - O D. Atlas
- 2. Where would you find a map of the world?

  - O B. Dictionary
  - O C. Atlas
  - O D. Table of Contents
- 3. Which is the best resource to find synonyms for the word *large*?
  - A. Dictionary
  - O B. Glossary
  - O. C. Atlas
  - O. Thesaurus

#### **Evaluation and Revision**

Read the passage below.

1. Once there was a poor farmer. 2. He worked the land day and night to feed his family. 3. He feared he would never get ahead in the world. 4. After working his entire lifetime, he had no more than the day he was born.

This sentence has been left out. <u>Still</u> they never had enough to eat.

- 4. Revise the passage. Where does the missing sentence belong?
  - A. after sentence 2
  - O B. after sentence 4
  - C. after sentence 1
  - O D. after sentence 3



### Use the following letter to answer questions 5 and 6.

May 5, 2005

Dear Chris,

I hope you are enjoying your new home. Do your new neighbors have kids? The family who moved into your old house has an older girl. She is babysitting for us on Friday.

I miss you. There is no one to ride bikes with me.

Your friend, Lin

- **5.** Which answer is the signature of the letter?
  - A. Dear Chris,
  - O B. May 5, 2005
  - O. C. Your friend,
  - O D. Lin

- 6. Which item is the first part of the body of the letter?
  - O A. May 5, 2005
  - O B. Dear Chris,
  - O. I hope you
  - O D. Your friend,



# WRITTEN AND ORAL ENGLISH LANGUAGE CONVENTIONS

#### **Sentence Structure**

Read each sentence. Mark the answer that is NOT a complete sentence.	<b>5.</b> A. Leaving before school we breakfast had.
1. A. My house is too noisy.	<ul> <li>B. Before we had school leaving for breakfast.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>B. Cats make good pets.</li><li>C. This soup is very yummy.</li></ul>	<ul><li>C. Breakfast we had before leaving for school.</li></ul>
O D. Ice cream my favorite dessert.	<ul><li>D. We had breakfast before leaving for school.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>A. Summer vacation in two weeks.</li> <li>B. We are late for school.</li> <li>C. Let's skate at the park.</li> <li>D. Is it going to rain?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>6.  A. An hour bus ride the beach takes.</li> <li>B. An hour the beach bus ride takes.</li> <li>C. The beach bus ride takes an hour.</li> <li>D. The ride beach bus takes an hour.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3.  A. Come to the park with us.</li> <li>B. Are you going to the movie?</li> <li>C. Hot dogs and chips for lunch.</li> <li>D. Juan plays soccer all day.</li> </ul>	Grammar  Read each sentence. Circle the letter below the <u>noun</u> in each sentence.
Read each sentence. Choose the sentence that is written correctly. Mark your answer.	7. The moon is shining brightly.  A B C D
<b>4.</b> \( \tag{A}\). There are still 28 days until our trip.	8. Does your dog like peanut butter?
O B. Still our trip there are until 28 days.	A B C D
C. Twenty eight days still there are until our trip.	<b>9.</b> He showed us how to draw pictures.  A B C D

On D. Our trip there until are 28 days still.

		each se	ntence.	A B C D
<b>10.</b> T	he lar	_	rew beside the stream.  C D	12. Brush your teeth after meals.  A B C D
Punc	tuatio	n		<u>'</u>
Capit	alizati	on		
Read	each l	letter. Cl	noose the letter that is wi	ritten correctly. Mark your answer.
				March 22 2005
13.	0	A.	We are going to make c	come to my baking party next Tuesday? cookies and brownies to sell at the bake
			sale. Hope you can mak	Your friend Taci
			Dear Lee,	March 22, 2005
	$\bigcirc$	В.		come to my baking party next Tuesday? cookies and brownies to sell at the bake
			sale. Hope you can mak	Your friend, Taci
				March 22, 2005
	$\circ$	C.	We are going to make o	e come to my baking party next Tuesday? cookies and brownies to sell at the bake
			sale. Hope you can mal	xe it. Your friend, Taci



Read	each	sentence	. Choose	the	sentence
that is	writt	en correc	tly. Mark	you	r answer

- 14. A. The farmer planted beans, squash and corn.B. Pack a toothbrush pillow and sleeping bag for the sleepover.
  - C. Luann won the bike race on may 2, 2004.
  - O D. Bring your bat, ball, and glove to Tuesday's game.
- **15.** A. "It's going to rain today, Mario said."
  - O B. "Oh no, it's not" answered Pete.
  - C. Mario said, "A storm is coming in this afternoon."
  - O D. Pete replied "I hope it doesn't rain until after our game."
- **16.** A. This bus stops at the market, park, and mall.
  - O B. Can we buy crayons and pencils, mrs. long?
  - C. Yes, you can buy crayons, pencils and pens.
  - O D. Bring your book money on March 1 2005.

#### 17. Isn't \_\_\_\_?

- A. mr. Rosario a wonderful baker
- O B. Mr. Rosario a wonderful baker
- C. Mr Rosario a wonderful Baker
- On mr. rosario a wonderful baker

## 18. It rained every \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Monday and Friday in January this year
- B. monday and friday in january this year
- C. Monday and Friday in january this year
- O. Monday and friday in January this year

# 19. Choose the best way to write the greeting of your letter.

- A. dear Uncle Joe and Aunt Em,
- () B. Dear uncle Joe and aunt Em.
- O. C. dear uncle Joe and aunt Em,
- O D. Dear Uncle Joe and Aunt Em,





### Read the following paragraph. Use it to answer questions 20, 21, 22, and 23.

- 1. Marta picks <u>Sal and me up after school</u> each day. 2. At the end of each day, we meet under the maple avenue school sign. 3. We wait with <u>our teacher</u>, <u>mr. jones</u>.
- 4. when we see marta wave, we walk to the car.

# 20. In sentence 1, <u>Sal and me up after</u> school should be written

- ( ) A. sal and me up after School
- O B. Sal and I up after School
- C. sal and me up after school
- O D. no mistake

# 21. In sentence 2, the maple avenue school sign should be written

- A. the Maple Avenue School sign
- O B. the Maple Avenue school sign
- C. the maple Avenue School sign
- O D. no mistake

# 22. In sentence 3, <u>our teacher, mr. jones</u> should be written

- A. our Teacher, Mr. Jones
- O B. our teacher, Mr. Jones
- O. C. our Teacher, mr. jones
- O D. no mistake

# 23. In sentence 4, when we see marta wave, should be written

- A. when we see Marta wave,
- O B. When we see marta wave,
- C. When we see Marta wave,
- O D. no mistake



that is written correctly. Mark your answer.	Read each sentence. Mark the answer that
<b>24.</b> A. The longest day of the year is around june 21.	is spelled correctly.
<ul> <li>B. My baby sister asked me to read <u>corduroy</u> to her.</li> </ul>	27 wants to go to the movies?
C. Our soccer coach is miss Riley.	A. Whoo
<ul><li>D. April, May, and June are spring months.</li></ul>	O B. How O C. Who
	O D. Hoo
Choose the friendly letter greeting that is	
written correctly.	28. The cat out all night.
25. A. Dear Mrs Willis,	A. whuz
O B. dear Mrs. Willis	O B. wus
C. Dear Mrs. Willis,	C. Whus
O D. Dear Mrs Willis	O D. was
Choose the friendly letter closing that is written correctly.	29. We planning on leaving at noon.
<b>26.</b> \( \tag{A}\). Your friend,	○ A. we're
Lou	O B. were
O B. Your Friend	○ C. where
Lou	O D. wear
C. your friend Lou	
D. your friend, Lou	30. The weather person it will rain today.
	○ A. sez
	O B. says
	○ C. seyz
	O D. seys

**Spelling** 

Read each sentence. Choose the sentence

correctly completes the sentence and is spelled correctly.	other in the pool.
31. The children left books at school.	○ A. spach
on the children left books at senour	O B. spash
○ A. they're	○ C. splash
O B. their	O D. splach
C. there	
O D. thare	36. We can't get the raft to
32. Goldilocks liked Baby Bear's	○ A. flote
<i>y</i>	O B. flowt
○ A. chare	○ C. foat
O B. chair	O D. float
○ C. chayr	
O D shear	37. This wagon is too
O D. chaer	37. This wagon is too
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li></ul>
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li><li>C. hevy</li></ul>
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.  ( ) A. shacke	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li></ul>
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li><li>C. hevy</li></ul>
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.  A. shacke B. shake	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li><li>C. hevy</li></ul>
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.  A. shacke B. shake C. shak	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li><li>C. hevy</li></ul>
33. The hikers found an old in the woods.  A. shacke B. shake C. shak D. shack	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li><li>C. hevy</li></ul>
<ul> <li>33. The hikers found an old in the woods.</li> <li>A. shacke</li> <li>B. shake</li> <li>C. shak</li> <li>D. shack</li> </ul> 34. We filled the balloon with water until it	<ul><li>A. heavie</li><li>B. hevey</li><li>C. hevy</li></ul>

Read each sentence. Mark the answer that | 35. We watched the children \_\_\_\_ each

O D. berst

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