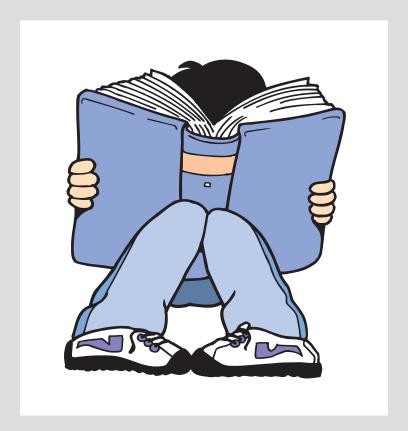
TEACHER MATERIALS

6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Reading Comprehension and Fluency



GRADE 4 Weeks 6-36

6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Reading Comprehension and Fluency

DESIGN

Skills Assessments are designed to help classroom teachers and grade-level teams determine how effective their delivery of instruction is meeting expected student learning goals in relation to concepts and skills taught in the classroom.

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Skills Assessments is to help guide and plan instruction for the next 6-8 weeks. Due to the limited number of test items, skills, and concepts addressed. Skills Assessments are not to be used as an indicator of individual student achievement. They are tools to help educators focus on the percentage of students meeting criteria for each subtest. If teachers find over the course of at least two testing periods there is still a group of struggling students, it is advisable to utilize diagnostic testing to understand specific needs.

USE

The Skills Assessments assist in determining if the class is meeting grade-level expectations for the concepts and skills taught in the classroom. If students are weak in a particular area, the teacher should look ahead to plan for additional instruction or student practice using the materials provided by the program. Grade-level meetings may help teachers determine which skills and concepts need to be reinforced. It is advisable that teachers work together to plan the use of program materials for small group instruction or go beyond the core instructional time to address specific needs.

Assessment Development Team

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The Skills Assessments are developed by the assessment team at the Reading Lions Center. Subtest scores should be used for planning instruction and identifying skill areas to enhance learning.

First Edition
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Overview of Skills Assessments - Grade 4 2008 - 2009

	Week 6	Week 12	Week 18	Week 24	Week 30	Week 36
GRADE	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension
4	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency

GRADE 4	Percentile	Week 6 WCPM ²	Week 12 WCPM	Week 18 WCPM	Week 24 WCPM	Week 30 WCPM	Week 36 WCPM
ORAL	25th	72	83	89	92	94	98
READING FLUENCY	50th	99	105	112	116	120	123
NORMS ¹	75th	125	130	139	143	148	152

¹ Extrapolated values used by the Reading Lions Center (2005).

INSTRUCTIONAL UNITS - GRADE 4

Week 1	Week 4
Week 2	Week 5
Week 3	Week 6

MATERIALS

Each classroom set of materials includes:

- Teacher Materials Booklet
- Student Test Booklets
- Fluency Test Cards
- Skills Assessment Report Forms (blackline masters)

Note: Electronic reporting systems are advisable.

GENERAL PROCEDURES

Students are assessed at the end of each instructional period listed above. The results for each student should be recorded on the Skills Assessment report form (or through an electronic reporting system) and submitted to the site administrator. The Reading Comprehension subtest is administered in whole group sessions. Fluency is assessed individually. The directions and answer keys are provided in the Teacher Materials booklet.

FOLLOW-UP AND SUPPORT BY SCHOOL PRINCIPAL

The Skills Assessment Report form (blackline master) is an evaluation tool for the classroom teacher, the site administrator, and the reading coach. The teacher is asked to note which students have not reached criterion. The teacher is expected to develop a plan of action to help improve student learning especially for those students identified as needing intensive intervention (scoring 40% or lower).

A copy of the report form, if non-electronic, should be placed in an agreed-upon school file, by an agreed-upon date, for review by the principal. After the principal reviews the students' progress and support needs, the following actions are suggested:

- Provide written and/or verbal feedback to the teacher on student progress and provide resources and support as needed (e.g., extended time and coaching assistance.)
- 2. Schedule follow-up meetings with the teacher, coach, and/or whole staff as needed.

² WCPM = Words Correct Per Minute based on 2005 Norms of Hasbrouck and Tindal.

6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Reading Comprehension and Fluency

Answer Key and Directions

GRADE 4 - Week 6

TEACHER NOTE: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

FLUENCY

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are attached to the fluency materials for each grade level.

Scoring: To be at grade level the student must read at least 99 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 6th week.

25th Percentile - 72 WCPM 50th Percentile - 99 WCPM 75th Percentile - 125 WCPM

COMPREHENSION (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to a norm-referenced test.

Scoring: To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

Key: 1. B 3. B 5. D 7. C 9. C 2. A 4. D 6. B 8. D 10. C

TEACHER NOTE: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

FLUENCY

Teacher Directions: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are attached to the fluency materials for each grade level.

Scoring: To be at grade level the student must read at least 105 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 12th week.

25th Percentile - 83 WCPM 50th Percentile - 105 WCPM 75th Percentile - 130 WCPM

COMPREHENSION (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to a norm-referenced test.

Scoring: To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

 Key:
 1. C
 3. B
 5. D
 7. B
 9. A

 2. A
 4. B
 6. C
 8. D
 10. B

TEACHER NOTE: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

FLUENCY

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are attached to the fluency materials for each grade level.

Scoring: To be at grade level the student must read at least 112 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 18th week.

25th Percentile - 89 WCPM 50th Percentile - 112 WCPM 75th Percentile - 139 WCPM

COMPREHENSION (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to a norm-referenced test.

Scoring: To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

Key: 1. C 3. D 5. C 7. D 9. C 2. A 4. A 6. B 8. B 10. A

TEACHER NOTE: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

FLUENCY

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are attached to the fluency materials for each grade level.

Scoring: To be at grade level the student must read at least 116 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 24th week.

25th Percentile - 92 WCPM50th Percentile - 116 WCPM75th Percentile - 143 WCPM

COMPREHENSION (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to a norm-referenced test.

Scoring: To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

 Key:
 1. C
 3. A
 5. C
 7. A
 9. C

 2. B
 4. B
 6. D
 8. A
 10. D

TEACHER NOTE: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

FLUENCY

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are attached to the fluency materials for each grade level.

Scoring: To be at grade level the student must read at least 120 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 30th week.

25th Percentile - 94 WCPM 50th Percentile - 120 WCPM 75th Percentile - 148 WCPM

COMPREHENSION (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to a norm-referenced test.

Scoring: To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

Key: 1. D 3. B 5. C 7. D 9. A 2. A 4. D 6. B 8. C 10. D

TEACHER NOTE: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

FLUENCY

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are attached to the fluency materials for each grade level.

Scoring: To be at grade level the student must read at least 123 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 36th week.

25th Percentile - 98 WCPM 50th Percentile - 123 WCPM 75th Percentile - 152 WCPM

COMPREHENSION (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to a norm-referenced test.

Scoring: To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

Key: 1. A 3. B 5. A 7. C 9. C 2. B 4. D 6. A 8. A 10. B

NOTES

General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages for the Oral Fluency Subtest

- This test is administered individually.
- · Passages are to be administered consecutively during one uninterrupted session.
- The purpose of this test is to measure reading rate (automaticity) and accuracy.
- For this assessment to be reliable, it must be based on a "cold" reading.
- Choose a quiet location in the classroom to administer the test where other students cannot hear the story being read.
- Do NOT have students rehearse or browse the stories before they are administered.
- Do NOT have students practice reading individual words that may be problematic before the test is administered.

MATERIALS:

- 1. Students' (cardstock) copies of Passage #1 and Passage #2
- 2. Examiner's (numbered) copies of Passage #1 and Passage #2
- 3. Stopwatch
- 4. Tape recorder *optional* (Tape recorders facilitate error analysis.)

DIRECTIONS FOR PASSAGES #1 AND #2:

- 1. Place the cardstock copy in front of the student.
- 2. Place the numbered copy in front of you. Shield it so the student cannot see what you record.
- 3. Say these specific directions to the student for Passage #1:
 - When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.
- 4. Say "Begin" and start your stopwatch when the student says the first word. If the student fails to say the first word of the passage after 3 seconds, say the word, mark it as incorrect, then start your stopwatch.
- 5. Follow along on your copy. Put a slash (/) through words read incorrectly.
- 6. If a student stops or struggles with a word for 3 seconds, say the word and mark it as incorrect.
- 7. At the end of 1 minute, place a bracket (]) after the last word and say, "Stop."
- 8. Repeat for Passage #2, following the directions in steps 3-7.

SCORING PROCEDURE:

Errors include: 1) words read incorrectly; 2) words left out or inserted; 3) mispronounced words; 4) dropped endings or sounds; and 5) reversals (Each reversal is counted as one error.). Self-corrections and word repetitions are NOT marked as errors.

Add the total number of words read, subtract the errors, and write the number of words the student read correctly in the box in the bottom right-hand corner of the page. On the Skills Assessment Report, enter scores (WCPM) for both Passage #1 and Passage #2. Then take the average of the two scores and enter the "averaged" score. When all students have completed the fluency assessment, record classroom totals in the boxes provided (# of students tested, # of students at/above 50th percentile for WCPM, and % of students at/above 50th percentile for WCPM).

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Not long ago, the majestic condor was nearly extinct. This huge bird has a wingspan of nine feet or more. During the 1980s, the Los Angeles Zoo began a program to save these giant scavengers. At that time, only twenty-seven existed in the entire nation. All but one of them lived in captivity. In 1987, the last wild condor was caught. It was a nineteen-pound male.

Many people feared condors would perish in the zoo. They didn't want to have the last of its kind removed from nature. Those who opposed confining the bird chained themselves to the zoo gate. This forced the keepers to ship the condor to the San Diego Zoo. The purpose of this act was to get the bird away from the protestors. A year later, the bird was returned to L.A.

One of the females captured in 1986 was named Adult Condor-8. While at the zoo, she produced nine babies. She remained in captivity for fourteen years. This bird was the first to be given her freedom. At the same time, two juveniles born at the zoo were released. The youngsters were placed under the watchful care of Adult Condor-8. People rejoiced when the birds were able to freely soar the skies of their natural habitat.

Still considered endangered, condor numbers had grown to 198 in the year 2002. Over one-third of the birds live in the wild.

Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\(\rightarrow \) inserted word

(☐) after the last word read

Comments:

FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:		
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _99_	

Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

America got many of its ideas about freedom from William Penn. He was born in England. His father was a member of the Church of England. From an early age, Penn did not like the teachings of this church. After hearing a sermon by a preacher, he joined the Quaker church. At that time, this religion had been outlawed in England.

Penn was expelled from college because of his beliefs. He was sent to prison six times for stating his opinions. He became bothered by the lack of spiritual freedom in his country. So, he moved to America. There, he created a safe haven. In his colony, people 108 lived free from religious bias. 113

Penn was a champion of human rights. He insisted that women deserved equal rights with men. He is also known for his fair treatment of Indians. He made a treaty with Indians living in his colony. It was intended to last "as long as the sun gave light."

Penn was put in jail for treason on a return trip 172 to England. The authorities thought he wanted to 180 overthrow the king. He was cleared of the charges. 189 Then he returned to America. The people living in 198 his colony still wanted more freedom. Penn listened. 206 The resulting document was called "The Charter of 214 Privileges." 215

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly blue $_{\fill}$ sky (\fill) inserted word (☐) after the last word read

Comments:

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FLUENCY SCO	RE
Number of Words Read Per Minute:	
Number of Errors:	
Number of Words Read Correctly:	
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _99_
	Number of Words Read Per Minute: Number of Errors: Number of Words Read Correctly: Passing Criterion

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Weasel stalked between the trees. Hostile and starving, he watched a beautiful peacock and peahen strutting in the meadow. He had been unsuccessful while hunting food for his large family. In the twilight, he observed the birds. The pair was ignoring their nest. It contained two freshly laid eggs. Weasel was frantic. The birds' razor-sharp beaks made stealing the eggs a dangerous mission. However, tonight he was willing to put aside all wisdom, instinct, and fear to feed his family.

Desperate, Weasel crept closer to the nest.

He kept a watchful eye on Farmer O'Neal, who was at the chicken coop. The farmer was blissfully feeding the chickens a stale loaf of bread. The birds had just finished their evening walk and were headed back to their nest. The farmer had no reason to suspect mayhem was about to take place in the barnyard. So, the mild-mannered man continued feeding the chickens.

Weasel grunted softly. His nose was twitching 161 as he crouched closer to the nest. He reached it just 172 as the birds arrived. Suddenly, Farmer O'Neal 179 heard the peacock's shrill shricking. He looked up 187 and spotted Weasel frozen in fear, a front paw on an 198 egg. He ran across the vard screaming and waving 207 his arms! Slowly, Weasel backed away from the nest 216 and then scurried off. Tonight, Weasel would have 224 to look elsewhere for food for his hungry family. 233

Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\times) inserted word (\(\begin{array}{c}\) after the last word read

Comments:

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FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:		
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 105	

Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Although the two children were twins, they were quite different. Both wanted to take part in school activities to make new friends. Marta was timid and took very few risks. She especially avoided sports and academic contests. Carlos, on the other hand, had a lot of confidence. He would try out for anything. However, he did not practice before tryouts, so he did not always make the team. One day the twins discussed their different personalities. Each decided there was a trait they wanted to change.

Marta wanted to be more outgoing. She hesitantly agreed to audition for the school's spelling bee. Much 103 to her surprise, she won first place. She was going to 114 represent her age group in the state contest. At the 124 state finals, she won fourth place. This scholastic 132 triumph was the best anyone at her school had ever 142 achieved. 143

Carlos decided to focus and excel in one 151 specialized area. He wanted to be the lead actor 160 in the class play. He knew it would take energy, 170 preparation, and practice to learn the long speeches. 178 For weeks, Carlos rehearsed his lines and acting 186 techniques. He attempted to express just the right 194 amount of pain and emotion when his character died. 203 He was so well prepared that he got the part. He 214 gave an eloquent performance. Marta and Carlos 221 were both pleased with their efforts. 227

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING sky (/) word read incorrectly blue $_{\ \ \ }$ sky $(\ \)$ inserted word

(☐) after the last word read

Comments:

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FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:	-	
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 105	

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Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Jan listened to her favorite music on the radio.

She had decided she wanted to be a disk jockey. She didn't want anything to get in the way of her future goal. She asked her school counselor what she should do to make her dream come true. He said that having a pleasant voice would increase her chances.

He suggested she practice talking into a recorder.

Jan was to play it back and listen to the tape.

Practice would help to improve her voice quality.

He also encouraged her to use proper grammar.

He told her to study different music labels to

Not being very studious, Jan thought this seemed 154 complicated. She had hoped all she needed for success 163 was desire. She thought sitting in the studio, playing 172 music, and telling jokes were all she would have to do. 183 Now Jan understood. Wanting a career in a certain 192 field and getting it were two different things. It would take lots of preparation. Yet, she was not discouraged. 211 She had great passion for radio announcing and was 220 an ambitious, young girl. It would be worth all her 230 efforts when she succeeded and landed her first job. 239

Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\times) inserted word (\(\)) after the last word read

Comments:

FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:		
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 112	

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

At one time, language only consisted of simple grunts and gestures. It took thousands of years for writing to evolve. Ancient man carved symbols and pictures in rocks. Some of those early drawings are still visible in caves and on canyon walls.

Some cultures used these pictures to record their daily activities. Others created an alphabet. Pen and paper made sharing one's thoughts possible. A messenger could take news from one place to another. Yet, news only traveled as far as man could walk, ride, or sail. It often took months for a package to arrive.

In the 1840s, the Morse code was invented. The 105 phone and radio came next. News could be sent long 115 distances by wire or air. These devices changed the 124 way people shared ideas. TV was viewed as a miracle 134 of modern science sixty years ago. This brought 142 moving pictures into people's homes. Today, people 149 can exchange ideas over the Internet. People can talk 158 around the world almost instantly. 163

New inventions are made every day. With 170 each idea, the world seems smaller. Imagine what 178 communication will be like in the future! 185

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\times) inserted word

(\(\begin{array}{c}\)) after the last word read

Comments:

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FLUENCY SCORE Number of Words Read Per Minute: Number of Errors: Number of Words Read Correctly: Passing Criterion (50th %ile) = 112

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Most of Paul's friends are football fanatics. They watch the Super Bowl every year. However, Paul prefers viewing televised stock-car races. He likes watching the cars speed around the raceway. Each driver wants to take first place. It is exciting to him when a driver comes from behind and surpasses the leader.

The day of his favorite auto race was fast approaching. The weather forecasters predicted rain. Paul earnestly hoped the speedway would not get too slick. Wet asphalt could delay the contest. The roadway was designed to drain water from the track. Nevertheless, rainwater could still cause grease to splatter on the cars' powerful engines. This could ignite an engine fire and end the competition for the driver and his team.

Paul tried to predict who would win. He kept
penciled notes of critical speeds and the number
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of laps drivers completed. During the race, he
pretended he was riding with his favorite driver.
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He would worry when precious moments were lost
during pit stops.
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This avid young fan hopes to someday become
175
a stock car racer. He wants to win trophies and
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earn big prize money. At one time, Paul had thought
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it was an impossible dream. Now he was more
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determined than ever to pursue his greatest desire.
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EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\(\) inserted word

(\(\) after the last word read

Comments:

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FLUENCY SCORE Number of Words Read Per Minute: Number of Errors: Number of Words Read Correctly: Passing Criterion (50th %ile) = 116

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

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To follow dreams, one must overcome trying conditions. Maya Angelou is a person who overcame obstacles. She was raised in a small, rural town in the south. There, she survived a violent attack at the age of eight. For quite some time, she was mute. This means she was unable to speak. Her humble start in life was the subject of her first book. It was entitled I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings.

Maya has unlimited talents. She is well known in several artistic fields. She is a famous author of poetry and children's stories. She was the first African-American woman to have a screenplay become a feature film. She was a stage performer and sang in a modern opera. This versatile woman studied dance with a famous dance instructor. She also acted in movies and on TV.

Her talents have achieved acclaim across the

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nation. Maya received a special request from

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President Bill Clinton. He asked her to read a poem

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when he was sworn into office at the White House.

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She was awarded the National Medal of Arts.

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Ms. Angelou has won the hearts of people around

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the world.

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\times) inserted word

(\(\begin{array}{c}\)) after the last word read

Comments:

FLUENCY SC	ORE
Number of Words Read Per Minute:	
Number of Errors:	
Number of Words Read Correctly:	
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 116

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

During the early 1900s, an awful sickness struck many children. It made victims' muscles become lifeless. This disease was called polio. Doctors didn't know what caused the dreadful illness. Some people believed the hot, humid days of August were the reason. Another theory was that swimming in cold rivers and lakes brought on the disease. Others thought peach fuzz was the culprit. So mothers wore rubber gloves to hold the peaches while peeling them. Because the disease was widespread, people were looking for a quick way to ease the suffering.

A nurse in Australia developed a way to help ailing children. She rubbed the patients' paralyzed muscles. She claimed it helped improve mobility. Some doctors didn't approve of her method. The most serious cases were taken to the hospital. Children were placed in iron lungs. These machines were tightly sealed metal tubes. They helped children breathe. They forced patients' lungs to inhale and exhale air. Neither of these treatments was a cure.

The search for a cure was a priority. In 1954, 172 Doctor Jonas Salk took a scientific approach. First, 180 he found out polio was a virus. Then he developed 190 the first vaccine to combat the illness. School children 199 took part in a blind study. Some were given a shot of 211 sugar water. Others were given the actual vaccine. 219 Dr. Salk wanted to see if his cure would work. It did. 231 To his credit, millions of children have been spared 240 244 unnecessary anguish and pain.

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\(\) inserted word

(\(\) after the last word read

Comments:

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31 40

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FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:	-	
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 120	

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Long ago, pioneers didn't live close to a doctor. People were treated with homemade cures when they were sick. These household mixtures were made from herbs, salt, and ointments. The remedies were used for a variety of diseases. To treat a cold, raw onions were wrapped in a towel and placed on the ailing person's chest. A piece of bread soaked in milk and placed on a wound was said to heal an infection. Sterilized cotton rags were used for bandages. A black, silk ribbon loosely tied around the neck was thought to stop a terrible hacking cough.

Many children became ill with chicken pox, measles, and mumps. These childhood diseases were common. They often went untreated. When children were ill, they were kept in darkened rooms. The family tried to take good care of them, but they had to get well on their own. If an illness was contagious, a quarantine sign would be placed on their front door. They had to wait until everyone in the home was no longer sick. All contaminated materials were burned to prevent an epidemic.

As doctors moved westward, medicine was easier
to get. However, doctors had to make house calls to
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reach people in rural areas. They often had to ride
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several miles to reach the home of a sick patient.
219

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\times) inserted word

(\(\]) after the last word read

Comments:

FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:		
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 120	

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Sam and his younger sister were looking for red squirrels and foxes in the backwoods. Suddenly they realized they had wandered far from camp and were lost in unfamiliar terrain. Luckily, Sam had taken a survival course and knew the importance of staying calm. Panicking would only make matters worse.

By the angle of the sun, Sam was able to calculate it was mid-morning. He stood facing east, the direction of the sun. He explained to his sister south was to his right and north was to his left. West was at his back. He knew their family's campground was on the west edge of a small river. Concentrating on these helpful clues, Sam drew a crude map in the dirt with a stick. They decided to head east.

Walking toward the sun, they soon reached the 138 riverbank. There, they quickly gathered dry twigs. 145 They located a sandy clearing beside the water and 154 used matches from Sam's survival kit to start a 163 small fire. The kindling began to burn. Sam and 172 his sister steadily placed green leaves and pine 180 needles on the hot flames. Thick, pungent smoke 188 billowed up over the trees. A rescue squad saw 197 the alarming smoke signal and came to investigate. 205 They transported the two siblings safely back to 213 214 camp.

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\(\) inserted word

(\(\) after the last word read

Comments:

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FLUENCY SCORE		
Number of Words Read Per Minute:		
Number of Errors:	-	
Number of Words Read Correctly:		
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 123	

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

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Plant life is abundant in the deserts of Arizona and New Mexico. There the average rainfall is only about seven inches a year. How have plants learned to survive in these arid, southwestern regions? They have adapted in a variety of ways to this harsh terrain.

Desert plant life does not bloom during phases of drought. If it did, the flowers would wither and die in the remorseless sun. These unique plants are capable of lying dormant for years until it rains. Then once the plants have enough water, flowers quickly mature and bloom.

Most cactus plants have thorns instead of leaves. The surface area of thorns is much smaller than leaves. This reduces the plant's exposure to the parched, hot air. Therefore, not much moisture can evaporate from the vegetation.

The barrel cactus is short and fat. It is shaped

like a round accordion. This allows it to expand

during rainfall. When water is absorbed through its

roots, it gets bigger. As it loses moisture during the

dry season, it contracts.

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The creosote bush thrives in the desert. It does

not grow in bunches because it doesn't like sharing

the scarce water. It has an unpleasant, acrid aroma.

199

This smell keeps other flora from growing nearby.

207

These are ways plant life endures the deserts of the United States.

EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\(\) inserted word

(\(\) after the last word read

Comments:

FLUENCY SCORE Number of Words Read Per Minute: Number of Errors: Number of Words Read Correctly: Passing Criterion (50th %ile) = 123

Skills Assessment Report - Page 1 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 6

DISTRICT:	TEACHER:			
SCHOOL:	READING COMP. FLUENC	DATE:		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 99 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 99 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE

Skills Assessment Report - Page 2 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 6

DISTRICT:	TEACHER:			
SCHOOL:	DA7	ΓΕ:		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 99 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 99 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE
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11 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	••			
Identify students below criterion in two or more subtests. Describe planned act	tions.			
PRINCIPAL:	COACH:			

Skills Assessment Report - Page 1 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 12

DISTRICT:	TEACHER:			
SCHOOL:	DA	ιΤΕ:		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 105 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 105 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE

Skills Assessment Report - Page 2 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 12

DISTRICT: TEACHER:					
SCHOOL:	DATE:				
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 105 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 105 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	
Identify students below criterion in two or more subtests. Describe planned ac	tions.				
PRINCIPAL:	COACH:				

Skills Assessment Report - Page 1 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 18

DISTRICT:	TEACH	IER:			
SCHOOL:		DA	TE:		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READ	ING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 112 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 112 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE

Skills Assessment Report - Page 2 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 18

DISTRICT: TEACHER:					
SCHOOL:	DATE:				
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 112 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 112 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	
Identify students below criterion in two or more subtests. Describe plann	ed actions.				
PRINCIPAL:	COACH:				

Skills Assessment Report - Page 1 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 24

DISTRICT: TEACHER:				
SCHOOL:		DATE:		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP 8/10	FLUENCY #1	FLUENCY #2 116 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE

Skills Assessment Report - Page 2 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 24

DISTRICT: TEACHER:					
SCHOOL:	DATE:				
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 116 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 116 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	
	37.15				
Identify students below criterion in two or more subtests. Describe planned ac	tions.				
PRINCIPAL:	COACH:				

Skills Assessment Report - Page 1 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 30

DISTRICT: TEACHER:				
SCHOOL:		DATE:		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 120 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 120 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE
CHOOL:				

Skills Assessment Report - Page 2 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 30

DISTRICT:	TEACHER:				
CHOOL:	DATE:				
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP.	FLUENCY #1	FLUENCY #2	AVG. FLUENCY	
OTODENT INVINES (East, 1 not, Mindalo Initial)	8/10	120 WCPM	120 WCPM	SCORE	
Identify students below criterion in two or more subtests. Describe planned	l actions.				
PRINCIPAL:	COACH:				

Skills Assessment Report - Page 1 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 36

DISTRICT: TEACHER:				
SCHOOL:	DA			
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 123 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 123 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE
		1		

Skills Assessment Report - Page 2 for Reading Comprehension and Fluency GRADE 4 – Week 36

DISTRICT:	TEACHER:				
SCHOOL:	DA ⁻	ГЕ:			
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	READING COMP. 8/10	FLUENCY #1 123 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 123 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	
			I	1	
Identify students below criterion in two or more subtests. Describe planned a	ctions.				
PRINCIPAL:	COACH:				
1 1 III VII / IE	JUAUII				

First Edition

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