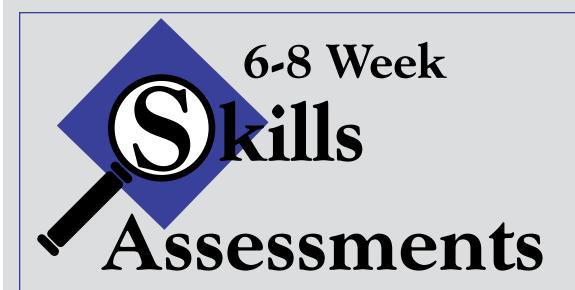
#### **TEACHER MATERIALS**



Developed for Districts
Using *Open Court Reading 2002* 





Units 1-6

## 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using *Open Court Reading 2002*

#### **DESIGN**

Unit Skills Assessments are designed to help classroom teachers and grade-level teams determine how effectively their delivery of instruction is meeting expected student learning goals in relation to concepts and skills taught in *Open Court Reading 2002*.

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of the Unit Skills Assessments is to help guide and plan instruction for the next unit. Subtests are based upon the content addressed in each unit and California's English-language arts content standards. Due to the limited number of test items, skills, and concepts addressed in each unit, Unit Skills Assessments are not to be used as an indicator of individual student achievement. They are tools to help educators focus on the percentage of students meeting criteria for each subtest. If teachers find over the course of at least two testing periods there is still a group of struggling students, it is advisable to utilize diagnostic testing to understand specific needs.

#### **USE**

The Unit Skills Assessments assist in determining if the class is meeting grade-level expectations for the concepts and skills taught in *Open Court Reading 2002*. If students are weak in a particular area, the teacher should look ahead to the next unit and plan for additional instruction or student practice using the materials provided by the program. Grade-level meetings may help teachers determine which skills and concepts need to be reinforced. It is advisable that teachers work together to plan the use of Open Court materials for small group instruction or go beyond the core instructional time to address specific needs.

#### **Assessment Development Team**

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The Skills Assessments are developed by the team listed above at the Reading Lions Center. They are not developed, reviewed, or published by Open Court/SRA McGraw-Hill. Subtest scores should be used for planning instruction and identifying skill areas to enhance learning.

Seventh Edition
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## Overview of OCR 2002 Skills Assessments - Grade 4 2008 - 2009

#### for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

UNIT	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency	Fluency
	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension
GRADE	Checking Skills					
4	Spelling	Spelling	Spelling	Spelling	Spelling	Spelling
	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary
	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing

GRADE 4	Percentile	Unit 1 WCPM <sup>2</sup>	Unit 2 WCPM	Unit 3 WCPM	Unit 4 WCPM	Unit 5 WCPM	Unit 6 WCPM
ORAL	25th	72	83	89	92	94	98
READING   FLUENCY	50th	99	105	112	116	120	123
NORMS <sup>1</sup>	75th	125	130	139	143	148	152

<sup>1</sup> Extrapolated values used by the Reading Lions Center (Sacramento County Office of Education, 2005).

#### **INSTRUCTIONAL UNITS - GRADE 4**

Unit 1	Unit 4
Unit 2	Unit 5
Unit 3	Unit 6

#### **MATERIALS**

Each classroom set of materials includes:

- Teacher Materials Booklet
- Student Test Booklets
- Fluency Test Cards
- Skills Assessment Report Forms (Blackline Masters)

Note: Electronic reporting systems are advisable.

#### **GENERAL PROCEDURES**

Students are assessed at the end of each instructional unit listed above. The results for each student should be recorded on the Skills Assessment report form (or through an electronic reporting system) and submitted to the site administrator. Most of the assessments are administered in whole group sessions. The directions and answer keys are provided in the Teacher Materials booklet.

#### FOLLOW-UP AND SUPPORT BY SCHOOL PRINCIPAL

The Skills Assessment Report form (blackline master) is an evaluation tool for the classroom teacher, the site administrator, and the reading coach. The teacher is asked to note which students have not reached criterion. The teacher is expected to develop a plan of action to help improve student learning, especially for those students identified as needing intensive intervention (scoring 40% or lower).

A copy of the report form, if non-electronic, should be placed in an agreed-upon school file, by an agreed-upon date, for review by the principal. After the principal reviews the students' progress and support needs, the following actions are suggested:

- Provide written and/or verbal feedback to the teacher on student progress and provide resources and support as needed (e.g., extended time and coaching assistance).
- Schedule follow-up meetings with the teacher, coach, and/or whole staff as needed.

<sup>2</sup> WCPM = Words Correct Per Minute based on 2005 Norms of Hasbrouck and Tindal.

#### 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

#### **Answer Key and Directions**

#### **GRADE 4 - UNIT 1**

<u>TEACHER NOTE</u>: Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

#### **FLUENCY**

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are included with the fluency materials in this booklet.

**Scoring:** To be at grade level the student must read at least 99 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 6th week

25th Percentile - 72 WCPM 50th Percentile - 99 WCPM 75th Percentile - 125 WCPM

**COMPREHENSION** (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to the California Standards Test.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. C 3. B 5. D 7. B 9. A 2. A 4. B 6. C 8. D 10. B

**CHECKING SKILLS** (Recommended Time: 20 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and answer the questions.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers. Please note that the student must correctly answer ALL parts of the question to receive credit.

**Key:** 1. <u>became</u> - linking 2. <u>had</u> - helping 3. <u>climbed</u> - action VERBS

4. Mike and Mark accomplished their goal.

5. (A crowd) waited on the summit.

6. (The men) sat on the ledge. SUBJECT AND PREDICATE

7. her, them 8. I, We

9. me, us 10. He, She PRONOUNS

SOUNDS/SPELLINGS/WORD KNOWLEDGE (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

<u>Student Directions</u>: Read all of the sentences. If an underlined word is misspelled, fill in the bubble next to the sentence. If none of the underlined words are misspelled, fill in the bubble next to "No mistake."

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key**: 1. C

3. B

5. C

7. A

9. A

2. B

4. C

6. A

8. B

10. C

**VOCABULARY** (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

#### **Student Directions:**

#### Part 1: Antonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **opposite** of the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 2: Multiple Meanings

Read the sentence. Read and answer the question: *In which sentence is the underlined word used in the same way* as in the sentence above? Fill in the bubble next to the answer you have chosen.

#### Part 3: Context Meaning

Read the sentence. Using context, choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 4: Synonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. A

3. C

5. D

7. D

9. C

2. A

4. B

6. C

8. A

10. D

WRITING (Recommended Time: 45-50 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Refer to the "General Directions for Writing Assessment" and scoring rubrics included in this booklet.

#### 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

#### **Answer Key and Directions**

#### **GRADE 4 - UNIT 2**

**TEACHER NOTE:** Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

#### **FLUENCY**

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are included with the fluency materials in this booklet.

**Scoring:** To be at grade level the student must read at least 105 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 12th week.

25th Percentile - 83 WCPM 50th Percentile - 105 WCPM 75th Percentile - 130 WCPM

**COMPREHENSION** (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to the California Standards Test.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

 Key:
 1. C
 3. A
 5. C
 7. A
 9. C

 2. B
 4. B
 6. D
 8. A
 10. D

**CHECKING SKILLS** (Recommended Time: 20 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and answer the questions.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers. Please note that the student must correctly answer ALL parts of the question to receive credit.

 Key:
 1. compound
 2. complex
 3. simple
 TYPES OF SENTENCES

 4. B
 5. C
 PUNCTUATION/CAPITALIZATION

 6. A
 7. C
 CAPITALIZATION/UNDERLINING/QUOTATION MARKS

 8. A
 9. B
 10. B
 SEMICOLONS/COLONS/COMMAS

SOUNDS/SPELLINGS/WORD KNOWLEDGE (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

<u>Student Directions</u>: Read all of the sentences. If an underlined word is misspelled, fill in the bubble next to the sentence. If none of the underlined words are misspelled, fill in the bubble next to "No mistake."

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. C

1. C 3. B 2. C 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. A 8. A 9. C 10. D

VOCABULARY (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

#### **Student Directions:**

#### Part 1: Antonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **opposite** of the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 2: Multiple Meanings

Read the sentence. Read and answer the question: *In which sentence is the underlined word used in the same way* as in the sentence above? Fill in the bubble next to the answer you have chosen.

#### Part 3: Context Meaning

Read the sentence. Using context, choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 4: Synonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1

1. B

3. A

5. B

7. C

9. D

2. C

4. D

6. B

8. B

10. A

WRITING (Recommended Time: 45-50 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to the "General Directions for Writing Assessment" and scoring rubrics included in this booklet.

#### 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

#### **Answer Key and Directions**

#### **GRADE 4 - UNIT 3**

**TEACHER NOTE:** Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

#### **FLUENCY**

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are included with the fluency materials in this booklet.

**Scoring:** To be at grade level the student must read at least 112 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 18th week.

25th Percentile - 89 WCPM 50th Percentile - 112 WCPM 75th Percentile - 139 WCPM

**COMPREHENSION** (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to the California Standards Test.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

 Key:
 1. D
 3. B
 5. C
 7. D
 9. A

 2. A
 4. D
 6. B
 8. C
 10. D

**CHECKING SKILLS** (Recommended Time: 20 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Have the students independently read the directions and answer the questions.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers. Please note that the student must correctly answer ALL parts of the question to receive credit.

**Key:** 1. B 2. C 3. A CONTRACTIONS/APOSTROPHES

4. were 5. was 6. use 7. gave SUBJECT/VERB AGREEMENT

8. those articles:(the),(a)

9. This articles: The, (a)
10. himself articles: The, (a)
PRONOUNS/ADJECTIVES

SOUNDS/SPELLINGS/WORD KNOWLEDGE (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

<u>Student Directions</u>: Read all of the sentences. If an underlined word is misspelled, fill in the bubble next to the sentence. If none of the underlined words are misspelled, fill in the bubble next to "No mistake."

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. C 2. B

3. A 4. B 5. C 6. B

7. B 8. C 9. D

**VOCABULARY** (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

#### **Student Directions:**

#### Part 1: Antonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **opposite** of the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 2: Multiple Meanings

Read the sentence. Read and answer the question: *In which sentence is the underlined word used in the same way* as in the sentence above? Fill in the bubble next to the answer you have chosen.

#### Part 3: Context Meaning

Read the sentence. Using context, choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 4: Synonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. D

3. B

5. B

7. C

9. C

2. A

4. D

6. D

8. D

10. B

WRITING (Recommended Time: 45-50 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Refer to the "General Directions for Writing Assessment" and scoring rubrics included in this booklet.

#### 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

#### **Answer Key and Directions**

#### **GRADE 4 - UNIT 4**

**TEACHER NOTE:** Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

#### **FLUENCY**

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are included with the fluency materials in this booklet.

**Scoring:** To be at grade level the student must read at least 116 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 24th week.

25th Percentile - 92 WCPM 50th Percentile - 116 WCPM 75th Percentile - 143 WCPM

**COMPREHENSION** (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to the California Standards Test.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. A 3. B 5. A 7. C 9. C 2. B 4. D 6. A 8. A 10. B

**CHECKING SKILLS** (Recommended Time: 20 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and answer the questions.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers. Please note that the student must correctly answer ALL parts of the question to receive credit.

Key: 1. darkest
2. safer
3. more slowly
4. most
COMPARATIVE/SUPERLATIVE FORMS OF ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS

5. (Before) 6. (but) COORDINATING/SUBORDINATING CONJUNCTIONS

7. with her family above a warehouse

8. (by)the canal (of)many Jewish families

PREPOSITIONS/PREPOSITIONAL PHRASES

9. You're 10. their USING CORRECT PRONOUNS

SOUNDS/SPELLINGS/WORD KNOWLEDGE (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

<u>Student Directions</u>: Read all of the sentences. If an underlined word is misspelled, fill in the bubble next to the sentence. If none of the underlined words are misspelled, fill in the bubble next to "No mistake."

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

Key: 1. C

3. B

5. B

7. B

9. A

2. C

4. A 6. B

8. A

10. B

VOCABULARY (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

#### **Student Directions:**

#### Part 1: Antonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **opposite** of the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 2: Multiple Meanings

Read the sentence. Read and answer the question: *In which sentence is the underlined word used in the same way* as in the sentence above? Fill in the bubble next to the answer you have chosen.

#### Part 3: Context Meaning

Read the sentence. Using context, choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 4: Synonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. B

3. C

5. C

7. D

9. B

2. D

4. B

6. A

8. A

10. B

**WRITING** (Recommended Time: 45-50 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to the "General Directions for Writing Assessment" and scoring rubrics included in this booklet.

#### 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

#### **Answer Key and Directions**

#### **GRADE 4 - UNIT 5**

**TEACHER NOTE:** Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

#### **FLUENCY**

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are included with the fluency materials in this booklet.

**Scoring:** To be at grade level the student must read at least 120 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 30th week.

25th Percentile - 94 WCPM 50th Percentile - 120 WCPM 75th Percentile - 148 WCPM

**COMPREHENSION** (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to the California Standards Test.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. C 3. D 5. C 7. D 9. C 2. A 4. A 6. B 8. B 10. A

**CHECKING SKILLS** (Recommended Time: 20 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and answer the questions.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers. Please note that the student must correctly answer ALL parts of the question to receive credit.

**Key:** 1. appositive phrase 2. participial phrase 3. prepositional phrase APPOSITIVE/PARTICIPIAL/PREPOSITIONAL PHRASES

- 4. which change every season, adjective clause
- 5. because they send infrasonic messages, adverb clause

ADJECTIVE/ADVERB CLAUSES

6. commercials 7. Bible DIRECT OBJECTS

8. they 9. it 10. it PRONOUNS/ANTECEDENTS

SOUNDS/SPELLINGS/WORD KNOWLEDGE (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

<u>Student Directions</u>: Read all of the sentences. If an underlined word is misspelled, fill in the bubble next to the sentence. If none of the underlined words are misspelled, fill in the bubble next to "No mistake."

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

Key: 1. C

2. A

3. C 4. B 5. B 6. C 7. B 8. D 9. B 10. C

VOCABULARY (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

#### **Student Directions:**

#### Part 1: Antonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **opposite** of the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 2: Multiple Meanings

Read the sentence. Read and answer the question: *In which sentence is the underlined word used in the same way* as in the sentence above? Fill in the bubble next to the answer you have chosen.

#### Part 3: Context Meaning

Read the sentence. Using context, choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 4: Synonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. D

3. B

5. B

7. A

9. C

2. C

4. D

6. C

8. A

10. D

**WRITING** (Recommended Time: 45-50 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to the "General Directions for Writing Assessment" and scoring rubrics included in this booklet.

#### 6-8 Week Skills Assessments for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002

#### **Answer Key and Directions**

#### **GRADE 4 - UNIT 6**

**TEACHER NOTE:** Collect student booklets after each testing session. Do not allow students to browse other subtests before they are administered. Therefore, consider administering the Oral Fluency Reading Passages first.

#### **FLUENCY**

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages." The directions are included with the fluency materials in this booklet.

**Scoring:** To be at grade level the student must read at least 123 WCPM (words correct per minute) at the end of the 36th week.

25th Percentile - 98 WCPM 50th Percentile - 123 WCPM 75th Percentile - 152 WCPM

**COMPREHENSION** (Recommended Time: 30-45 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the selection and questions, then silently mark their answers. The selection should be read in its entirety and the questions answered during an uninterrupted block of time. This subtest should be administered similarly to the California Standards Test.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

 Key:
 1. B
 3. B
 5. D
 7. C
 9. C

 2. A
 4. D
 6. B
 8. D
 10. C

**CHECKING SKILLS** (Recommended Time: 20 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Have the students independently read the directions and answer the questions.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers. Please note that the student must correctly answer ALL parts of the question to receive credit.

**Key:** 1. prepositions 2. adverbs 3. verbs

IDENTIF THAT AITS OF SI EEO

4. came 5. took

6. went 7. had given IRREGULAR VERBS

8. past 9. future 10. present VERB TENSES

SOUNDS/SPELLINGS/WORD KNOWLEDGE (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

<u>Student Directions</u>: Read all of the sentences. If an underlined word is misspelled, fill in the bubble next to the sentence. If none of the underlined words are misspelled, fill in the bubble next to "No mistake."

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. C 2. B

3. A 4. C 5. D 6. B 7. C 8. A

9. C 10. B

VOCABULARY (Recommended Time: 20-30 minutes, uninterrupted)

**Teacher Directions:** Have the students independently read the directions and choose the correct answer.

#### **Student Directions:**

#### Part 1: Antonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **opposite** of the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 2: Multiple Meanings

Read the sentence. Read and answer the question: *In which sentence is the underlined word used in the same way* as in the sentence above? Fill in the bubble next to the answer you have chosen.

#### Part 3: Context Meaning

Read the sentence. Using context, choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

#### Part 4: Synonyms

Read the sentence. Choose the word that means the **same**, or **about the same**, as the underlined word. Then fill in the bubble next to the word you have chosen.

**Scoring:** To reach criterion, a student must have at least 8 correct answers.

**Key:** 1. B

3. A

5. B

7. A

9. B

2. C

4. D

6. D

8. A

10. C

**WRITING** (Recommended Time: 45-50 minutes, uninterrupted)

<u>Teacher Directions</u>: Refer to the "General Directions for Writing Assessment" and scoring rubrics included in this booklet.

#### **NOTES**

## General Directions for Administration of the Optional Oral Reading Passages for the Oral Fluency Subtest

- · This test is administered individually.
- · Passages are to be administered consecutively during one uninterrupted session.
- The purpose of this test is to measure reading rate (automaticity) and accuracy.
- For this assessment to be reliable, it must be based on a "cold" reading.
- Choose a quiet location in the classroom to administer the test where other students cannot hear the story being read.
- Do NOT have students rehearse or browse the stories before they are administered.
- Do NOT have students practice reading individual words that may be problematic before the test is administered.

#### **MATERIALS:**

- Students' (cardstock) copies of Passage #1 and Passage #2
- 2. Examiner's (numbered) copies of Passage #1 and Passage #2
- 3. Stopwatch optional
- 4. Tape recorder *optional* (Tape recorders facilitate error analysis.)

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR PASSAGES #1 AND #2:**

- 1. Place the cardstock copy in front of the student.
- 2. Place the numbered copy in front of you. Shield it so the student cannot see what you record.
- 3. Say these specific directions to the student for Passage #1:
  - When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.
- 4. Say "Begin" and start your stopwatch when the student says the first word. If the student fails to say the first word of the passage after 3 seconds, say the word, mark it as incorrect, then start your stopwatch.
- 5. Follow along on your copy. Put a slash (/) through words read incorrectly.
- 6. If a student stops or struggles with a word for 3 seconds, say the word and mark it as incorrect.
- 7. At the end of 1 minute, place a bracket (]) after the last word and say, "Stop."
- 8. Repeat for Passage #2, following the directions in steps 3-7.

#### **SCORING PROCEDURE:**

Errors include: 1) words read incorrectly; 2) words left out or inserted; 3) mispronounced words; 4) dropped endings or sounds; and 5) reversals (Each reversal is counted as one error.). Self-corrections and word repetitions are NOT marked as errors.

Add the total number of words read, subtract the errors, and write the number of words the student read correctly in the box in the bottom right-hand corner of the page. On the Skills Assessment Report, enter scores (WCPM) for both Passage #1 and Passage #2. Then take the average of the two scores and enter the "averaged" score. When all students have completed the fluency assessment, record classroom totals in the boxes provided (# of students tested, # of students at/above 50th percentile for WCPM, and % of students at/above 50th percentile for WCPM).

GRADE 4 - Unit 1 FLUENCY

#### Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Weasel stalked between the trees. Hostile and starving, he watched a beautiful peacock and peahen strutting in the meadow. He had been unsuccessful while hunting food for his large family. In the twilight, he observed the birds. The pair was ignoring their nest. It contained two freshly laid eggs. Weasel was frantic. The birds' razor-sharp beaks made stealing the eggs a dangerous mission. However, tonight he was willing to put aside all wisdom, instinct, and fear to feed his family.

Desperate, Weasel crept closer to the nest.

He kept a watchful eye on Farmer O'Neal, who was at the chicken coop. The farmer was blissfully feeding the chickens a stale loaf of bread. The birds had just finished their evening walk and were headed back to their nest. The farmer had no reason to suspect mayhem was about to take place in the barnyard. So, the mild-mannered man continued feeding the chickens.

Weasel grunted softly. His nose was twitching 161 as he crouched closer to the nest. He reached it just 172 as the birds arrived. Suddenly, Farmer O'Neal 179 heard the peacock's shrill shrieking. He looked up 187 and spotted Weasel frozen in fear, a front paw on an 198 egg. He ran across the yard screaming and waving 207 his arms! Slowly, Weasel backed away from the nest 216 and then scurried off. Tonight, Weasel would have 224 to look elsewhere for food for his hungry family. 233

# Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\times) inserted word (\(\begin{array}{c}\) after the last word read

#### Comments:

14

22

30

40

48

56

64

73

81

88

97

106

116

124

134

144

151

154

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:			
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _99_		

GRADE 4 - Unit 1 FLUENCY

#### Passage #2

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Although the two children were twins, they were quite different. Both wanted to take part in school activities to make new friends. Marta was timid and took very few risks. She especially avoided sports and academic contests. Carlos, on the other hand, had a lot of confidence. He would try out for anything. However, he did not practice before tryouts, so he did not always make the team. One day the twins discussed their different personalities. Each decided there was a trait they wanted to change.

Marta wanted to be more outgoing. She hesitantly agreed to audition for the school's spelling bee. Much to her surprise, she won first place. She was going to represent her age group in the state contest. At the state finals, she won fourth place. This scholastic triumph was the best anyone at her school had ever achieved.

Carlos decided to focus and excel in one special-152 ized area. He wanted to be the lead actor in the class 163 play. He knew it would take energy, preparation, 171 and practice to learn the long speeches. For weeks, 180 Carlos rehearsed his lines and acting techniques. 187 He attempted to express just the right amount of pain 197 and emotion when his character died. He was so well 207 prepared that he got the part. He gave an eloquent 217 performance. Marta and Carlos were both pleased 224 with their efforts. 227

# EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (/>) inserted word

(☐) after the last word read

#### Comments:

17

26

34

42

53

62

72

78

86

94

103

114

124

132

142

143

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:	<b>-</b>		
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _99_		

GRADE 4 - Unit 2 FLUENCY

#### Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Most of Paul's friends are football fanatics. They watch the Super Bowl every year. However, Paul prefers viewing televised stock-car races. He likes watching the cars speed around the raceway. Each driver wants to take first place. It is exciting to him when a driver comes from behind and surpasses the leader.

The day of his favorite auto race was fast approaching. The weather forecasters predicted rain. Paul earnestly hoped the speedway would not get too slick. Wet asphalt could delay the contest. The roadway was designed to drain water from the track. Nevertheless, rainwater could still cause grease to splatter on the cars' powerful engines. This could ignite an engine fire and end the competition for the driver and his team.

Paul tried to predict who would win. He kept
penciled notes of critical speeds and the number
140
of laps drivers completed. During the race, he
pretended he was riding with his favorite driver.
156
He would worry when precious moments were lost
during pit stops.
167

This avid young fan hopes to someday become
175
a stock car racer. He wants to win trophies and
185
earn big prize money. At one time, Paul had thought
195
it was an impossible dream. Now he was more
204
determined than ever to pursue his greatest desire.
212

## EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING (/) word read incorrectly

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\times) inserted word

(\(\Begin{array}{c}\)) after the last word read

#### Comments:

16

24

32

43

52

53

62

67

75 84

92

99

108

117

123

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:			
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _105_		

GRADE 4 - Unit 2 FLUENCY

#### Passage #2

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

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74

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92

100

107 116

125

133

140

To follow dreams, one must overcome trying conditions. Maya Angelou is a person who overcame obstacles. She was raised in a small, rural town in the south. There, she survived a violent attack at the age of eight. For quite some time, she was mute. This means she was unable to speak. Her humble start in life was the subject of her first book. It was entitled *I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings*.

Maya has unlimited talents. She is well known in several artistic fields. She is a famous author of poetry and children's stories. She was the first African-American woman to have a screenplay become a feature film. She was a stage performer and sang in a modern opera. This versatile woman studied dance with a famous dance instructor. She also acted in movies and on TV.

Her talents have achieved acclaim across the

147

nation. Maya received a special request from

154

President Bill Clinton. He asked her to read a poem

164

when he was sworn into office at the White House.

174

She was awarded the National Medal of Arts.

182

Ms. Angelou has won the hearts of people around

191

the world.

## Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\sigma) inserted word

(☐) after the last word read

#### Comments:

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:	<b>–</b>		
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _105_		

GRADE 4 - Unit 3 **FLUENC** 

#### Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

During the early 1900s, an awful sickness struck many children. It made victims' muscles become lifeless. This disease was called polio. Doctors didn't know what caused the dreadful illness. Some people believed the hot, humid days of August were the reason. Another theory was that swimming in cold rivers and lakes brought on the disease. Others thought peach fuzz was the culprit. So mothers wore rubber gloves to hold the peaches while peeling them. Because the disease was widespread, people were looking for a quick way to ease the suffering.

A nurse in Australia developed a way to help ailing children. She rubbed the patients' paralyzed 106 113 muscles. She claimed it helped improve mobility. Some doctors didn't approve of her method. The most 122 serious cases were taken to the hospital. Children 130 were placed in iron lungs. These machines were 138 tightly sealed metal tubes. They helped children 145 breathe. They forced patients' lungs to inhale and 153 exhale air. Neither of these treatments was a cure. 162

The search for a cure was a priority. In 1954, 172 Doctor Jonas Salk took a scientific approach. First, 180 190 he found out polio was a virus. Then he developed the first vaccine to combat the illness. School children 199 took part in a blind study. Some were given a shot of 211 219 sugar water. Others were given the actual vaccine. Dr. Salk wanted to see if his cure would work. It did. 231 To his credit, millions of children have been spared 240 244 unnecessary anguish and pain.

#### **EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING** sky word read incorrectly blue $\stackrel{\sf blue}{\smallfrown}$ sky $\stackrel{\sf }{(\smallfrown)}$ inserted word (☐) after the last word read

#### Comments:

15

23

31 40

48

56

65

74

81

90

99

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:	<b>-</b>		
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 112		

GRADE 4 - Unit 3 FLUENCY

#### Passage #2

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Long ago, pioneers didn't live close to a doctor. People were treated with homemade cures when they were sick. These household mixtures were made from herbs, salt, and ointments. The remedies were used for a variety of diseases. To treat a cold, raw onions were wrapped in a towel and placed on the ailing person's chest. A piece of bread soaked in milk and placed on a wound was said to heal an infection. Sterilized cotton rags were used for bandages. A black, silk ribbon loosely tied around the neck was thought to stop a terrible hacking cough.

Many children became ill with chicken pox, measles, and mumps. These childhood diseases were common. They often went untreated. When children were ill, they were kept in darkened rooms. The family tried to take good care of them, but they had to get well on their own. If an illness was contagious, a quarantine sign would be placed on their front door. They had to wait until everyone in the home was no longer sick. All contaminated materials were burned to prevent an epidemic.

As doctors moved westward, medicine was easier to get. However, doctors had to make house calls to 199 reach people in rural areas. They often had to ride 209 several miles to reach the home of a sick patient. 219

# EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\( \) inserted word (\( \) after the last word read

#### Comments:

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:	<b>-</b>		
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 112		

GRADE 4 - Unit 4 FLUENCY

#### Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Sam and his younger sister were looking for red squirrels and foxes in the backwoods. Suddenly they realized they had wandered far from camp and were lost in unfamiliar terrain. Luckily, Sam had taken a survival course and knew the importance of staying calm. Panicking would only make matters worse.

By the angle of the sun, Sam was able to calculate it was mid-morning. He stood facing east, the direction of the sun. He explained to his sister south was to his right and north was to his left. West was at his back. He knew their family's campground was on the west edge of a small river. Concentrating on these helpful clues, Sam drew a crude map in the dirt with a stick. They decided to head east.

Walking toward the sun, they soon reached the 138 riverbank. There, they quickly gathered dry twigs. 145 They located a sandy clearing beside the water and 154 used matches from Sam's survival kit to start a 163 small fire. The kindling began to burn. Sam and 172 his sister steadily placed green leaves and pine 180 needles on the hot flames. Thick, pungent smoke 188 billowed up over the trees. A rescue squad saw 197 the alarming smoke signal and came to investigate. 205 They transported the two siblings safely back to 213 214 camp.

### EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\( \rightarrow \) inserted word

(\( \Brightarrow \)) after the last word read

#### Comments:

17

26

35

43

50

61

70

80

92

101

111

121

130

FLUENCY SCORE			
Number of Words Read Per Minute:			
Number of Errors:			
Number of Words Read Correctly:			
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _116_		

GRADE 4 - Unit 4 FLUENCY

#### Passage #2

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Plant life is abundant in the deserts of Arizona 9 and New Mexico. There the average rainfall is only 18 about seven inches a year. How have plants learned 27 to survive in these arid, southwestern regions? They 35 have adapted in a variety of ways to this harsh 45 terrain.

Desert plant life does not bloom during phases of drought. If it did, the flowers would wither and die in the remorseless sun. These unique plants are capable of lying dormant for years until it rains. Then once the plants have enough water, flowers quickly mature and bloom.

Most cactus plants have thorns instead of leaves. The surface area of thorns is much smaller than leaves. This reduces the plant's exposure to the parched, hot air. Therefore, not much moisture can evaporate from the vegetation.

The barrel cactus is short and fat. It is shaped

like a round accordion. This allows it to expand

during rainfall. When water is absorbed through its

roots, it gets bigger. As it loses moisture during the

dry season, it contracts.

141

150

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172

The creosote bush thrives in the desert. It does

not grow in bunches because it doesn't like sharing

the scarce water. It has an unpleasant, acrid aroma.

199

This smell keeps other flora from growing nearby.

207

These are ways plant life endures the deserts of the United States. 219

# EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\times) inserted word

(☐) after the last word read

#### Comments:

55

65

73

82 90

94

101

110

119

127

131

FLUENCY SC	ORE
Number of Words Read Per Minute:	
Number of Errors:	<b>-</b>
Number of Words Read Correctly:	
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= _116_

GRADE 4 - Unit 5 FLUENCY

#### Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for **One-Minute** Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Jan listened to her favorite music on the radio. She had decided she wanted to be a disk jockey. She 20 didn't want anything to get in the way of her future 31 goal. She asked her school counselor what she 39 should do to make her dream come true. He said that 50 having a pleasant voice would increase her chances. 58 He suggested she practice talking into a recorder. 66 Jan was to play it back and listen to the tape. 77 Practice would help to improve her voice quality. 85 He also encouraged her to use proper grammar. 93 He told her to study different music labels to 102 109 116

learn which artists had signed contracts. Becoming
familiar with various music companies might also
116
help. It would give her a greater understanding of
music trends. She was told to learn as much as
possible on her own. College courses would round
out her education.
146

Not being very studious, Jan thought this seemed 154 complicated. She had hoped all she needed for success 163 was desire. She thought sitting in the studio, playing 172 music, and telling jokes were all she would have to do. 183 Now Jan understood. Wanting a career in a certain 192 field and getting it were two different things. It would 202 take lots of preparation. Yet, she was not discouraged. 211 She had great passion for radio announcing and was 220 an ambitious, young girl. It would be worth all her 230 efforts when she succeeded and landed her first job. 239

#### EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING

sky (/) word read incorrectly

blue sky (\( \) inserted word

(\( \) after the last word read

#### Comments:

# FLUENCY SCORE Number of Words Read Per Minute: Number of Errors: Number of Words Read Correctly: Passing Criterion (50th %ile) = 120

GRADE 4 - Unit 5 FLUENCY

#### Passage #2

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

At one time, language only consisted of simple grunts and gestures. It took thousands of years for writing to evolve. Ancient man carved symbols and pictures in rocks. Some of those early drawings are still visible in caves and on canyon walls.

Some cultures used these pictures to record their daily activities. Others created an alphabet. Pen and paper made sharing one's thoughts possible. A messenger could take news from one place to another. Yet, news only traveled as far as man could walk, ride, or sail. It often took months for a package to arrive.

In the 1840s, the Morse code was invented. The 105 phone and radio came next. News could be sent long 115 distances by wire or air. These devices changed the 124 way people shared ideas. TV was viewed as a miracle 134 of modern science sixty years ago. This brought 142 moving pictures into people's homes. Today, people 149 can exchange ideas over the Internet. People can talk 158 around the world almost instantly. 163

New inventions are made every day. With

each idea, the world seems smaller. Imagine what

communication will be like in the future!

185

# Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\( \rightarrow \) inserted word (\( \]) after the last word read

#### Comments:

17

25

34

42

49

56

64

73

94

96

FLUENCY SC	ORE
Number of Words Read Per Minute:	
Number of Errors:	<del>-</del>
Number of Words Read Correctly:	
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 120

GRADE 4 - Unit 6 FLUENCY

#### Passage #1

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

Not long ago, the majestic condor was nearly extinct. This huge bird has a wingspan of nine feet or more. During the 1980s, the Los Angeles Zoo began a program to save these giant scavengers. At that time, only twenty-seven existed in the entire nation. All but one of them lived in captivity. In 1987, the last wild condor was caught. It was a nineteen-pound male.

Many people feared condors would perish in 75 the zoo. They didn't want to have the last of its 86 kind removed from nature. Those who opposed 93 confining the bird chained themselves to the zoo 101 gate. This forced the keepers to ship the condor 110 to the San Diego Zoo. The purpose of this act was 121 to get the bird away from the protestors. A year 131 later, the bird was returned to L.A. 138

One of the females captured in 1986 was named 147 Adult Condor-8. While at the zoo, she produced 156 nine babies. She remained in captivity for fourteen 164 years. This bird was the first to be given her freedom. 175 At the same time, two juveniles born at the zoo 185 were released. The youngsters were placed under 192 the watchful care of Adult Condor-8. People rejoiced 201 when the birds were able to freely soar the skies of 212 their natural habitat. 215

Still considered endangered, condor numbers had 221 grown to 198 in the year 2002. Over one-third of the 233 birds live in the wild. 238

# Sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\times) inserted word (\(\begin{array}{c}\) after the last word read

#### Comments:

18

27

35

44

54

65

68

FLUENCY SC	ORE
Number of Words Read Per Minute:	
Number of Errors:	
Number of Words Read Correctly:	
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 123

GRADE 4 - Unit 6 FLUENCY

#### Passage #2

Refer to "General Directions for One-Minute Administration of Reading Passages."

#### Say these specific directions to the student:

When I say "Begin," start reading aloud at the top of this page. Read across the page (DEMONSTRATE BY POINTING). Try to read each word. If you come to a word you don't know, I will say the word for you. Read as quickly and accurately as you can, but do not read SO fast that you make mistakes. Do your best reading.

America got many of its ideas about freedom from

William Penn. He was born in England. His father

18 was a member of the Church of England. From an

28 early age, Penn did not like the teachings of this

church. After hearing a sermon by a preacher, he

joined the Quaker church. At that time, this religion

56 had been outlawed in England.

Penn was expelled from college because of his beliefs. He was sent to prison six times for stating his opinions. He became bothered by the lack of spiritual freedom in his country. So, he moved to America.

There, he created a safe haven. In his colony, people lived free from religious bias.

Penn was a champion of human rights. He 121 insisted that women deserved equal rights with men. 129 He is also known for his fair treatment of Indians. 139 He made a treaty with Indians living in his colony. 149 It was intended to last "as long as the sun gave light." 161

Penn was put in jail for treason on a return trip

to England. The authorities thought he wanted to

overthrow the king. He was cleared of the charges.

Then he returned to America. The people living in

his colony still wanted more freedom. Penn listened.

206

The resulting document was called "The Charter of

Privileges."

# EVALUATING CODES FOR ORAL READING sky (/) word read incorrectly blue sky (\( \) inserted word

 $(\Box)$  after the last word read

#### Comments:

69

80

98

108

113

FLUENCY SC	ORE
Number of Words Read Per Minute:	
Number of Errors:	<b>-</b>
Number of Words Read Correctly:	
Passing Criterion (50th %ile)	= 123

#### **NOTES**

## General Directions for Writing Assessment GRADE 4

#### PREPARATION:

- 1. Prepare students for the Writing Assessment with clean paper and pencils.
- 2. Have them label the paper with their names and the date.
- 3. Explain to students that they have 45-50 minutes to complete the Writing Assessment.
- 4. Have students independently read the prompt and checklist, plan, and then begin writing. Encourage them to organize their thoughts during the prewriting phase and refer back to the checklist throughout the writing process.

#### **EVALUATION:**

- 1. Following the assessment, collect the papers.
- 2. Use the "Four Point Rubric" found in the back of the *Teacher Materials* booklet to evaluate individual student's writing by assigning a point value, 0-4, for each rubric category (Conventions, Genre, and Writing Traits).
- 3. Record the scores for each category on the Writing Assessment Report. Blackline Masters are provided at the end of this booklet. The Reading Lions Center grants permission to photocopy these pages as needed.
- 4. Average the scores and record the average in the space provided.

#### **PROMPTS:**

Prompts vary by unit. Writing prompt assessments have been aligned with the writing strategies and writing applications of California's English-language arts content standards.\* The prompts for grade four are listed below.

Unit 1	Narrative
Unit 2	Expository (Summary)
Unit 3	Expository (Business Letter)
Unit 4	Expository (Response to Literature)
Unit 5	Persuasive
Unit 6	Narrative

<u>Note</u>: For *summary* prompt (Unit 2) and *responding to literature* prompt (Unit 4), provide students with their anthologies.

\* For the STAR examination, teachers need to prepare students for the following writing applications: narrative, response to literature, and summary. Refer to the Language Arts Handbook for more information on writing applications.

#### **UNIT 2 - Expository (Summary) UNIT 1 - Narrative** Writing Situation: You have read the story, "Salt." Writing Situation: Telling your classmates about a time in your life when you were faced with the Your are considering the main events and important consequences of a risk you took. parts of the story. **Purpose:** To identify the main idea and the significant Purpose: To tell about a risk you took details of a story Audience: Your classmates Audience: Your classmates Writing Directions: Think about a time in your life when you felt the consequences of a risk you took. Writing Directions: Think about the characters and Choose one situation and consider your feelings. events in "Salt." Retell the main events of the story reasons for taking the risk, and the consequences. in a summary paragraph. Use a graphic organizer to Write a three-paragraph paper with an introduction, plan your paragraph. Refer to your anthology to write supporting paragraph, and a conclusion. Use a this summary. graphic organizer to plan your narrative. (Business (Response to **UNIT 4 - Expository UNIT 3 - Expository** Letter) Literature) Writing Situation: It is winter and you are writing Writing Situation: You have read "McBroom and the a business letter to the school nurse, Mrs. Garcia, Big Wind." You are thinking about how you know it is because of the increasing number of colds in your a tall tale and why the story is humorous. classroom. Purpose: To describe exaggeration in a tall tale Purpose: To write a letter of request Audience: Mrs. Garcia, Oakwood Elementary Audience: Your teacher School, 3200 Main Street, Middletown, CA 90013 **Writing Directions:** Write at least one paragraph Writing Directions: Write a business letter to the explaining how the author uses exaggeration to tell school nurse requesting information about the common cold. Ask her to visit your classroom. the events in "McBroom and the Big Wind." You may Your class would like to learn about colds and include information about characters, setting, or their symptoms, how colds are spread, possible events. Use a graphic organizer to plan your paper. prevention, and remedies. Organize your ideas and Refer to your anthology to write this essay. write your business letter. **UNIT 5 - Persuasive UNIT 6 - Narrative** Writing Situation: Next year, your school will Writing Situation: It is the year 1849, and you are require all students to wear uniforms. As the student traveling in a wagon train headed to California. You representative, you have been asked to write a are recording your observations in your journal. persuasive report for the school faculty. Purpose: To inform your classmates about your **Purpose:** To convince your readers to think a iourney certain way Audience: Your classmates Audience: The school faculty **Writing Directions:** Think about your experience. Writing Directions: Consider the advantages and Consider the sights you have seen, the food you disadvantages of this new policy. Think of how you have eaten, and the risks of the journey. Include feel about the new decision and take a position on the descriptive words and sensory details in your journal issue. Write a persuasive report either supporting the observations. uniform policy or opposing it. Use a graphic organizer to plan your report.

#### **Four Point Rubric - Conventions**

Conventions	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points	4 Points
Mechanics: Capitalization	Consistently uses capital letters correctly at the beginning of sentences, with proper nouns, and for the pronoun I.	Uses capitalization correctly for previously mentioned forms and with greetings, months, days of the week, and titles and initials of	Uses capitalization correctly for previously mentioned forms and with geographical names, holidays, historical periods, and special events.	Uses capitalization correctly for previously mentioned forms and with names of magazines, newspapers, works of art, musical compositions, organizations, and the first word in quotations when appropriate.
Mechanics: Punctuation	Consistently uses all end punctuation correctly. Inconsistently uses commas, quotation marks, and apostrophes correctly.	Consistently uses end punctuation, commas, quotation marks, and apostrophes correctly. Inconsistently punctuates dates, cities, state, and greetings correctly.	Consistently uses correct punctuation for previously mentioned forms and with dates, cities and states, titles of books, and greetings-including commas in dates, locations, addresses, and items in a series.	Consistently uses correct punctuation for previously mentioned forms, parentheses, commas in direct quotations, and apostrophes.
Grammar and Usage	Consistently uses singular and plural nouns and adjectives correctly.	Consistently demonstrates standard usage of previously mentioned items and with verb tense, and contractions.	Consistently demonstrates standard usage of previously mentioned items and with pronouns, compound words, articles, and subject-verb agreement.	Consistently demonstrates standard usage of previously mentioned items and with irregular verbs, adverbs, prepositions, and coordinating conjunctions.
Sentence Structure	Generally uses complete sentences. Some run-on sentences present.	Consistently uses a variety of complete sentences. A few run-ons or sentence fragments may be present.	Consistently and effectively uses a variety of complete sentences (including declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory). No run-ons or sentence fragments present.	Consistently and effectively uses previously mentioned sentence structures, including compound sentences. Sentence pattern and length are varied, effective, and enhance what is said. Uses appositives, participial phrases, adjectives, adverbs, and prepositional phrases.
Spelling	Spells three- and four-letter, short- vowel words and grade-level- appropriate sight words correctly.	Spells frequently used, irregular words, basic short-vowel, long-vowel, r-controlled, and consonant-blend patterns correctly.	Correctly spells grade appropriate words with blends, contractions, orthographic patterns, compound words, and common homophones.	Correctly spells previously mentioned words along with words containing roots, inflections, affixes and syllable constructions.

#### Four Point Rubric - Genre

Genre	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points	4 Points
Narrative Structure	Statements are related to topic. Purpose (explain, describe, etc.) apparent. Extraneous material may be present.	Statements are related to topic. Purpose apparent. Main points and supportive details can be identified.	Statements clearly on topic. Focused and organized around main points with supportive facts and assertions. Purpose obvious.	Statements clearly organized around main points with supportive facts or assertions. Supports facts with reference to prior knowledge. Use compare and contrast in developing main points.
Narrative Character	Describes and compares story characters with basic descriptors such as nice or mean.	Describes characters with increasing detail including both physical and mental qualities such as strong or kind.	Describes characters with previously mentioned detail along with their thoughts, feelings, and desires.	Describes characters with previously mentioned details. Life-like characters, actions, and speech reflect qualities that enhance plot.
Narrative Plot	Inadequately developed plot. Sequence of events in chronological order.	Plot developed around a problem and its resolution. Moves logically with little elaboration or detail.	Plot developed around a problem, failed attempts, complications, and resolution. Moves logically through time with elaborate details.	Plot developed as previously described. Additionally, sequence of events move logically with elaborately detailed beginning, middle, and ending. Includes an effective conclusion. Subject and theme well developed throughout.
Narrative Setting	Setting consists of time (once upon a time or one day) and/or place.	Setting includes descriptions of time, character, and place.	Setting details are distinctive and appropriate to the story type (fantasy vs. realistic settings).	Setting includes previously mentioned details. Described in a way that contributes to mood, suspense, humor, or excitement of the story.
Expository Structure	Statements are related to topic. Purpose (explain, describe, etc.) apparent. Extraneous material may be present.	Statements are related to topic. Purpose apparent. Main points and supportive details can be identified.	Statements clearly on topic. Focused and organized around main points with supportive facts and assertions. Purpose obvious.	Statements clearly organized around main points with supportive facts or assertions. Supports facts with reference to prior knowledge. Use compare and contrast in developing main points.
Persuasive	Statements too insufficient to show writer's purpose. No order or organization apparent.	Statements generally related to topic. Position vague or lacks clarity. Unrelated ideas or multiple positions included.	Statements related to topic. Position apparent though focus may be too broad. Lacks adequate supporting facts.	Statements related to topic. Opening identifies position. Middle paragraphs develop and support position. Includes effective closing.
Business Letter	Writing demonstrates no awareness of standard business letter form. Purpose and context not clear.	Writing demonstrates some awareness of standard business letter form. Inconsistent use and placement of date, salutation, body, closing, and signature. Lacks clarity of purpose and content.	Writing demonstrates consistent use of standard business letter form including date, salutation, body, closing, and signature. Content focused and organized. Purpose apparent.	Writing demonstrates consistent use of standard business letter form with correct punctuation. Content exceptionally clear, focused, and organized. Purpose clearly stated.

#### **Four Point Rubric - Writing Traits**

Writing Traits	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points	4 Points
Ideas/Content/Focus	Main ideas and purpose not clearly stated. Superficial, minimal content. Topic overly broad, simplistic, or unclear. No position or direction evident. Extraneous material present.	Main ideas and purpose stated. Topic may be overly broad and simplistic. Position/purpose/ direction is unclear and must be inferred. Result may be ineffective.	Main ideas and content clear, focused, and interesting. Topic stated. Position/purpose introduced and maintained. Supporting details included. Mainly stays on topic.	Main ideas and content strongly supported with rich details. Topic/position/purpose clearly stated and maintained throughout. Topic and details tied to central theme or purpose. Focus based on purpose, length, and format requirements.
Organization (how well a piece is clearly organized, logically sequenced, and appropriately paragraphed; overall effect of writing)	Content's organization skeletal. Order and structure loosely planned. Sequence of events or facts not consistently logical. Transitions awkward. Beginning use of paragraphing.	Content's organization clear and coherent. Order and structure apparent. Sequence of events and facts logical. Beginning and conclusion lack impact. Transitions adequate. Paragraphs inconsistently develop central idea.	Organization enhances central idea and its development. Key concepts locically sequenced. Beginning grabs reader. Conclusion adds impact. Transitions enhance meaning. Paragraphs develop a central idea.	Organization includes previously mentioned points. Multiple paragraph composition includes well developed introduction, and supporting and concluding paragraphs.
Word Choice	Vocabulary limited with frequently misused words. Language monotonous. Word usage simplistic, repetitive, inappropriate, or overused.	Vocabulary ordinary, lacks preciseness and variety. May be inappropriate for purpose or audience. Words and expressions convey general rather than specific message.	Vocabulary shows some varied and interesting words. Expressions are clear and convey intended message. Words generally appropriate for audience and purpose. Includes vivid and descriptive language.	Vocabulary is varied. Frequent use of interesting, descriptive words appropriate for the audience and purpose. Expressions chosen for impact and to convey intended message.
Elaboration (supporting details and examples that develop the main idea)	Elaboration of ideas is sketchy or redundant. Details offer little support for key ideas.	Elaboration of ideas includes some sketchy, redundant, or general details. Support for key ideas is uneven.	Elaboration of ideas includes a mix of general statements, specific details, and examples. Support is mostly relevant, but may be uneven and lack depth.	Elaboration of ideas includes specific details and supporting examples for key points/ideas. May use compare/contrast to support statements.
Voice/Audience	Writing provides little sense of commitment. Voice is inappropriate. Sense of audience not evident.	Writing provides sense of commitment to topic. Voice present. Some sense of audience evident.	Writing demonstrates a strong sense of commitment to topic. Voice appropriate for topic, purpose, and audience.	Writing demonstrates a strong sense of commitment to topic. Voice appropriate for topic, purpose, and audience. Is expressive and engaging. Displays a strong sense of audience.
Sentence Fluency	Sentences mechanical, repetitive, and simplistic. Writing difficult to follow. Awkward, choppy, or rambling sentence construction.	Sentences mechanical and simplistic. Awkward sentence construction and sentence and paragraph transitions.	Sentence patterns varied, creating an effective flow and rhythm that contribute to ease in oral reading. Transitions are smooth.	Sentences show a high degree of craftsmanship, with consistently strong and varied structure that makes expressive oral reading easy and enjoyable.

## Writing Assessment Report - Page 1 for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002 GRADE 4

SCHOOL:			Т	EACHE	ER:							
DATE:			PROMP ve (3/4				PROMP Ory (3/				PROMP ory (3/	
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	Conventions	Genre	Writing Traits	AVERAGE	Conventions	Genre	Writing Traits	AVERAGE	Conventions	Genre	Writing Traits	AVERAGE
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# Writing Assessment Report - Page 2 for Districts Using Open Court Reading 2002 GRADE 4

SCHOOL:	TEACHER:											
DATE:			PROMP ory (3/							PROMP		
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	Conventions	Conventions Genre Writing Traits			Conventions	Genre	Writing Traits	AVERAGE	Conventions	Genre	Writing Traits	AVERAGE
Identify students below criterion.												
PRINCIPAL:				COAC	H:							

DISTRICT:			TEAC	HER:								
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STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 99 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 99 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10	SPELLING 8/10	VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4				
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Identify students below criterion in two or r	nore subtests.	Describe pla	inned actions									
PRINCIPAL:			co	ACH:								

DISTRICT: TEACHER:									
SCHOOL:				DAT	E:				
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 105 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 105 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10	SPELLING 8/10	VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4	

DISTRICT:			TEAC	HER:				
SCHOOL:				DAT	E:			
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 105 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 105 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10	SPELLING 8/10	VOCABULARY 8/10	writing 3/4
Identify students below criterion in two or m	ore subtests.	Describe plar	ned actions.					
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STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 112 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 112 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10	SPELLING 8/10	VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4
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STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 116 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 116 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10		VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4			

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SCHOOL:				DAT	E:			
STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 120 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 120 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10	SPELLING 8/10	VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4

DISTRICT: TEACHER:									
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STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]							VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4	
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STUDENT NAMES [Last, First, Middle Initial]	FLUENCY #1 123 WCPM	FLUENCY #2 123 WCPM	AVG. FLUENCY SCORE	READ. COMP. 8/10	CHECK SKILLS 8/10	SPELLING 8/10	VOCABULARY 8/10	WRITING 3/4
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DISTRICT:			TEAC	HER:					
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#### **NOTES**

#### **NOTES**

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