

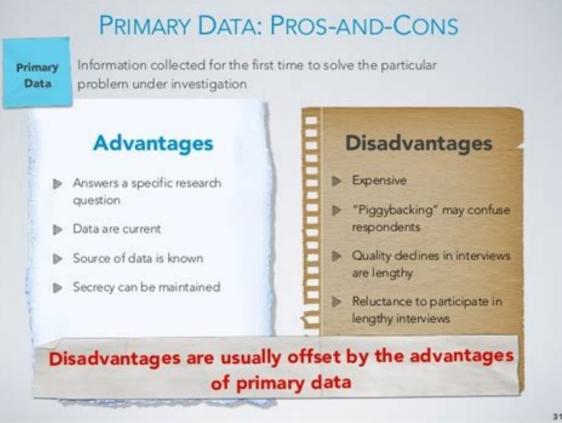
Pros and cons of primary and secondary data

The data which is unprocessed and collected for the first time by the researchers is termed as primary data.



Definition of primary data It mainly refers to the one which is original and is originated for the first time by the one conducting research through his large efforts, mainly for finding out the solution to the research. The collection of primary data seems to be quite expensive as the responsibility of collection and research of primary data is on the concerned organization itself.

This data only become the source of secondary data which is obtained by conducting several statistical operations on this data. The data which is second hand and on which several statistical operations have been performed to get specific information is called secondary data. This data is specific in nature and saves time and effort. The secondary data is collected from various sources like publications, internal records of the company, censuses, books, journals, websites etc. This data is termed as a refined form of data and degree of accuracy and reliability is less in comparison to primary data. Advantages of Primary DataData collected is very specific to the problem and is useful.Quality of the data collected is not doubtful and is meaningful.It may lead to the discovery of additional data and information during its collection. Disadvantages of Primary DataThere are numerous hassles involved in the collection of primary data is very high. Advantages of Secondary Data There is no issue of data collection as it is obtained by performing operations on primary data collection is relatively less. Quality of data is not the responsibility of the investigator. Disadvantages of Secondary DataIt may not be possible that the information or data required for obtaining the secondary data is available. Getting detailed and clarified data on some topic is not possible in secondary data as a limited source of information is there. This data would be unrealistic or fake. As is evident from the name, Primary data refers to data collected directly by an individual or an organization through first-hand experience. Since no third party is involved or referenced in this data collection method, the primary data obtained is also called original data. For example, a market research company collecting data will be considered a primary data producer. Suppose the government conducts a census on its own and refers to it for drafting policies. In that case, the government will also be regarded as a primary data collected will be referred to as primary data collection for conducting statistical research. Advantages of Primary DataHigher Reliability & Accuracy: Primary data is more reliable and accurate because it is collected by the party that is supposed to use the information itself. Since the data is to be used by itself, the first party is better incentivized to ensure the data collection. Primary data collection helps ensure data addresses the specific issue at hand and is collated in the manner needed to reach necessary conclusions. When surveying to collect data, the way the questionnaire is designed manipulations can also be avoided. Updated Data: When it comes to data, one of its most important aspects is its recency and validity because that is what makes the data useful. Secondary data might not always be up to date because it is collected by primary data colle itself, which means that the information is hidden from competitors. Disadvantages of Primary DataTime Consuming: The whole process of performing surveys, collecting data, and analyzing it takes a considerable amount of time. In the case of using a secondary data source, this time is saved since one uses data collected by third parties. More Costly: Primary data collection is expensive because the process involves human effort, equipment, and process costs. In the case of secondary data collection might be desirable due to its accuracy and reliability, it becomes unfeasible in some cases due to the time and effort involved in conducting research. Incorrect Analysis: The amount of precision and care needed in conducted by an expert, errors can creep in during the data collection exercise. Advantages and Disadvantages of Primary Data Comparision TableAdvantages of Primary Data Consuming Increased Control Over Data Consuming Increased Control Over Data RightsIncorrect Analysis Further Reading Advantages and Disadvantages of Secondary DataPrecautions in Using Secondary Data When it comes to the difference between primary data and secondary data in marketing research, many examples and types of data collection have their advantages (such as addressing specific research problems) and applications in data management and storage. On the other hand, secondary data gathering has also a range of benefits, best practices, and important meaning in the marketing and data world. On this page you will learn: What is secondary data? Definition. Primary data vs secondary data are sources, advantages, and disadvantages. Comparison Chart -Infographic in PDF. For each type of business to be successful, it is absolutely crucial to have reliable information for the market and customer characteristics.



This is where intensive research methods and data collection tools come to make it opposible. What is Primary data is information collected directly from first-hand experience. This is the information to lead approach that is tailored to specific company needs. It can be a long process but does primary data is the original data – from the first source. It is like raw material. Most popular examines for the first source is the first own of the first source. It is like raw material. Most popular examines for the first source of primary data is the opportunity of the first source of primary data is the population sample from which you gather your data. The sample is selected by some of the different types of sampling methods and techniques. Advantages of primary data. Better accuracy Primary data is the population sample from which you gather your own research allows you to address and resolve issues specific to your own business situation. The collected information is many business situation. The collected information is the exact information is the exact information in the researchers are asked to find data regarding specific markets instead of finding data for the mass market. This is the main difference from secondary data. Better accuracy Primary data is much more accurate because it is directly collected from a given population. A higher level of control over how the information in the research design and method. In addition, you have a higher level of control over how the information is gathered. Up-to-date information in great research from the primary materials in the primary data is information or the research is a great source of latest and up-to-date information in formation in the primary data is information can remain hidden from other current and potential competitors. Disadvantages: More expensive to obtain primary data is intended to the specific time, but shows that the primary data is intended to the specific time, but shows that it is a way that the primary data is intended to the primary data

Advantages and Disadvantages of Secondary Research

- 5 Disadvantages
- ☐ Frequently outdated e.g. census data
- Potentially unreliable not always sure where information has come from
- May not be applicable may not totally answer your research questions
- Lack of availability i.e. no data available or
- very difficult to obtain

In comparison with primary research where you have to design and conduct a whole primary study process from the beginning, secondary research allows you to gather data without having to put any money on the table. Time-saving As the above advantage suggests, you can perform secondary research in no time. Sometimes it is a matter of a few Google searches to find a credible source of information. Generating new insights and understandings from previous analysis Reanalyzing old data can bring unexpected new understandings and points of view or even new relevant conclusions. Larger sample size Big datasets often use a larger sample than those that can be gathered by primary data collection. Larger samples mean that the final inference becomes much more straightforward. Longitudinal analysis which means the studies are performed spanning over a large period of time.

This can help you to determine different trends. In addition, you can find secondary data from many years back up to a couple of hours ago. It allows you to compare data over time. Anyone can collect the data Secondary data research can be performed by people that aren't familiar with the different types of quantitative and qualitative research methods. Practically, anyone can collect secondary data. Disadvantages: Not specific to your needs Here is the main difference with the primary method.



Secondary data is not specific to the researcher's need due to the fact that it was collected in the past for another reason. That is why the secondary data sources can give you a huge amount of information, but quantity does not mean appropriateness. Lack of control over data quality You have no control over the data quality at all. In comparison, with primary methods that are largely controlled by the data-driven marketer, secondary data should be examined in detail since the source of the information may be questionable. As you relying on secondary data for your decision-making process, you must evaluate the reliability of the information by finding out how the information was collected and analyzed. Biasness As the secondary data is collected by someone else than you, typically the data is biased in favor of the person who gathered it. This might not cover your requirements as a researcher or marketer. Not timely Secondary data is collected in the past which means it might be out-of-date. This issue can be crucial in many different situations. Not proprietary Information advantage for you and people either for free or for a little fee So this is not exactly an "information advantage" for you and your competitors also have access to the data. Comparison Chart: Primary Data vs Secondary DataAs you see, there is a significant difference between primary and secondary data in marketing research depends on several considerations such as: the purpose of the research; availability of financial resources and time; the degree of precision required and etc. Download the following comparison chart/infographic in PDF: Primary vs Secondary data Silvia Valcheva is a digital marketer with over a decade of experience creating content for the tech industry.

