

GBD Recovery Team



Adam Zellner

- Strategic Planner
- Led Multiple
 Disaster
 Recovery Efforts
- Fed/State/Count y/Local Govt Background
- Economic,
 Finance and
 Incentive Expert



Jennifer Souder

- Indoor air and healthy building expert
- Green Building planning, design, construction
- LEED



Tom Brys

- Building
 Operations and
 Maintenance
 Expert
- Managed variety of complexed industries; hotels, hospitals, residential, etc.
- System design and equipment expert



Ben Spinelli

- Policy Specialist FEMA Sandy Recovery Task Force
- Local, State & Federal Government Official
- Sustainable Planning Expert
- Insurance Professional
- Attorney with
 Private and Public
 experience



Chuck Feinberg

- Lawyer & Engineer
- Army Corps, AIG
 Finance, Tetra Tech
- Clean Cities
 Coalition
- Significant
 experience with
 complex
 government
 programs



Overview of Presentation Capture, Control, Coordinate and Communicate



<u>Capture</u> What do we need to do today and tomorrow to recover?

How do we capture those actions so we can move forward and make sure we take advantage of federal, state and local financial support.

Control How do we control our destiny going forward?

Contingency Planning, Investments in HVAC, Cleaning Protocol, Hours of Operation, UV and Other Air Quality Measures are all part of what we need to do moving forward.

• **Coordinate** How do we coordinate the differing resources and measures that we need to take?

Stakeholders, Employees, Tenants, Regulators, Government and many others will need to work together to make the restart possible.

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Communicate
 How do we let the public know we're ready?
 What steps are we taking to differentiate our response?
 How do we RESTORE CONFIDENCE in coming back to public gathering places?

Lessons Learned

- We were reactive, not proactive, during Hurricane Sandy.
 - As a result, we missed many long-term planning challenges that costed hundreds of millions of dollars to the region.
 - Many that took early action were reimbursed in full by the Federal or State Government, those who waited got smaller percentages and some got nothing.
 - Places that invested saw rapid recovery vs. those that did not experienced lingering financial and operational problems.
- Like post 911: we cannot secure every place against every challenge or in this case disease.
- Must start to ID where we need to invest to help create a safer environment and build confidence in returning to normal life.
- Need to examine a targeted strategy for large gathering places (i.e. lobbies, restaurants and cafeterias, elevators, bathrooms, entertainment venues, common areas, transit).







Navigating Steps to a Healthy Building

- 1. Evaluate and assess where you are starting from
 - Age & condition of building and systems?
 - Built with green building standards and /or a focus on Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ)?
- 2. Proactive IEQ What steps can you take to optimize IEQ?
- 3. Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Prioritize Ventilation system design, maintenance and monitoring
- 4. What resources (standards, guidelines, rating systems) apply and how can they help?



Standards, Guidelines, Rating Systems

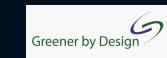
- Whole Building <u>Design Guide</u>
- ASHRAE

 currently available for free:

 IAQ Design Guide and Reference Materials
 COVID-19 Preparedness Resources
- US EPA –<u>Indoor Air Quality</u>



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTI



Standards, Guidelines, Rating Systems



- Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design (LEED)
 - Enhanced Indoor Air Quality Strategies
 - Construction IAQ Management Plan
 - Indoor Air Quality Assessment (flush out)
- Facilities Guidelines Institute (FGI)

Healthcare Planning, Design, and Construction

- Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA) Standard, published by the American Society of Healthcare Engineering and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (Ventilation, filtration, water systems management, finishes surfaces)
- Fitwel- maximize health & safety Center for Active Design COVID-19 Resources
- Well Building
- Living Building Challenge















How will the facility be evaluated and confirmed as ready for occupancy?



How will access be controlled (and enforced) during occupied hours?



How will areas be designated as "accessible" or "not accessible"?



How will building area access be controlled, monitored and enforced?



Primary Facility Considerations:

Occupancy Management & Control

- Space planning and circulation control Building managers should identify and document methods to control access by occupants, visitors and vendors.
- Building managers are encouraged to manage the flow of occupants wherever possible and practical from arrival and parking, to departure.
- Evaluate building spaces, mechanical systems and maintenance resources
- Develop practical maximum occupancy limits
- Establish and document open access and restricted access areas
- Prepare access control measures i.e. wayfinding, signage, barricades, security etc.
- Implement compliance verification and management plan
- Identify resource requirements for compliance monitoring and control



Primary Facility Considerations:

Building Systems

- Most commercial HVAC systems operate on a "daytime" or "normal working hours" schedule.
- HVAC systems and controls should be evaluated and modified to accommodate changes to occupancy scheduling and loading requirements.
- Equipment should be maintained and repaired as necessary to perform to design capacities. Equipment should be calibrated to operate outside air and exhaust consistent with building pressurization requirements, cleaning and sanitizing dwell times and air purging during unoccupied hours.
- Pre-filters and final filters should be changed frequently to minimize air system pressure drops and flow reductions. Ultraviolet (UV) technologies may be added where applicable.
- Humidification control should be added and managed wherever practical.

Secondary Facility Considerations:

Logistics

- Building managers are encouraged to develop facility "turn over" plans for cleaning spaces during staggered occupied hours and/or unoccupied hours.
- Cleaning and disinfection with high VOC levels should be planned and executed with a coordinated operation of the HVAC system serving those areas. Duct, diffuser, plenum and coil cleaning should be considered and prioritized based on historic and future loading estimates.
- Local resources should be identified and purchasing plans should be developed for essential supply chain times. Contractors and supplies should be quickly engaged and secured for services and supplies during the transition period.
- Each facility should undergo a regular third-party or peer-level review and evaluation to document compliance, share lessons learned and prioritize deficiencies in real time.



NEXT STEPS

- 1. Manage and preserve internal resources by engaging an outside, trusted advisor to assist with the evaluation and planning tasks.
- 2. Procure materials and services to correct deficiencies or implement new recommendations identified in the plan.
- 3. Coordinate with the trusted advisor to prepare an **auditing protocol** to measure performance, document compliance and capture direct costs and other resource requirements to apply for stimulus reimbursements and financial assistance.
- 4. Perform a **routine review of practices and efficacy of measures**, modify and update planning as required.
- 5. Coordinate with local and partnering agencies/facilities to **share resources** and compliment separate but similar efforts in other buildings.

Anticipate the Unexpected

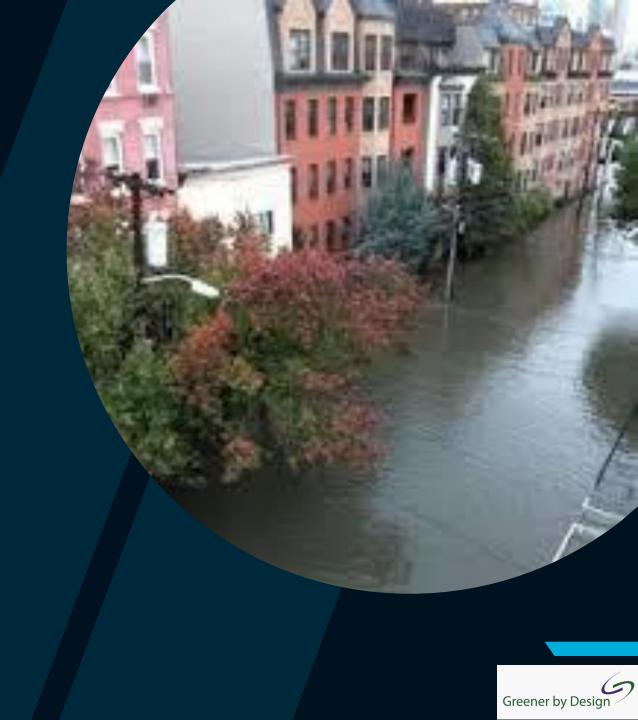
- Non-zero probability events
- Government & private industry both require response plans
- Have a Contingency Plan in Place
 - Recovery
 - Continuity
 - Reopening
- Recovery
 - Begins Day 1
 - Assign Dedicated Personnel
 - Inventory Damages
 - Assess Resources
 - Know Your Insurance Coverages
 - Understand Recovery Programs
- Build the Capacity to Succeed





Continuity

- Continuation of Business/Operations
- Create Contingency Team
- Expect Disruptions
 - Power/Data/Internet
 - Other Basic Services
 - Employee Availability
 - Travel Issue
 - Access to Facilities
- Fulfilling Ongoing Obligations
 - Meeting Legal Requirements
 - Providing Basic Services
 - Retaining/Supporting Employees
 - Maintaining External Relationships
 - Sustainable Finances/Cash Flow
- Human Factors (Perhaps Most Important)



Reopening

- Leadership is Essential
- Charting Course Back to Normal
- Dedicate Resources to Address Likely Issues
 - Assigned Personnel
 - Outside Expertise
- Create Your Strategy for Restart
 - Assign Tasks Now
 - Internal
 - Phased Reopening
 - Prioritize Return
 - Anticipate Legal/Personnel Issues
 - Facilities Operations
 - External
 - Expect Disruptions in Supply Chain/Partners
 - Plan How to Interact with Outside World
- Prepare to Respond
- Survive to Thrive





