

CSEC Mathematics
June 2013 – Paper 2
Solutions

SECTION I

Answer ALL questions in this section.

All working must be clearly shown.

1. (a) Using a calculator, or otherwise, calculate the EXACT value of

(i) $\frac{1\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{3}}{2\frac{2}{5}}$ [2]

$$\text{Numerator} = 1\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{9}{5} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{27-5}{15}$$

$$= \frac{22}{15}$$

$$\text{Denominator} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$

$$= \frac{12}{5}$$

Now,

$$\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator} = \frac{22}{15} \div \frac{12}{5}$$

$$= \frac{22}{15} \times \frac{5}{12}$$

$$= \frac{110}{180}$$

$$= \frac{11}{18}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{3}}{2\frac{2}{5}} = \frac{11}{18}$$

(ii) $\sqrt{1.5625} + (0.32)^2$ [2]

Using a calculator,

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{1.5625} + (0.32)^2 &= 1.25 + 0.1024 \\ &= 1.3524\end{aligned}$$

(b) Smiley Orange Juice is sold in cartons of two different sizes at the prices shown in the table below.

Carton Size	Cost
350 ml	\$4.20
450 ml	\$5.13

Which size carton of orange juice is the BETTER buy?

Justify your answer. [3]

(c) Faye borrowed \$9 600 at 8% per annum compound interest.

(i) Calculate the interest on the loan for the first year. [1]

At the end of the first year, she repaid \$4 368.

(ii) How much did she still owe at the beginning of the second year? [2]

(iii) Calculate the interest on the remaining balance for the second year. [1]

2. (a) Factorize completely:

(i) $2x^3 - 8x$ [2]

(ii) $3x^2 - 5x - 2$ [2]

(b) (i) Make C the subject of the formula $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$. [2]

(ii) Given that $F = 113$, calculate the value of C . [1]

(c) 500 tickets were sold for a concert. Of these x tickets were sold at \$6 each, and the remainder at \$10 each.

(i) Write an expression, in terms of x , for

(a) the number of tickets sold at \$10 each [1]

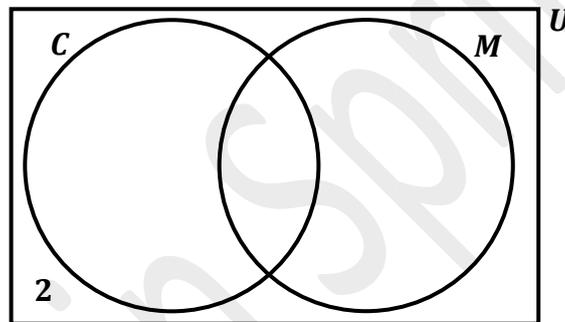
(b) the TOTAL amount of money collected for the sale of the 500 tickets. [1]

(ii) The sum of \$4108 was collected for the sale of the 500 tickets.

Calculate the number of tickets sold at \$6 each. [3]

Total: 12 marks

3. (a) A survey of the 30 students in Form 5 showed that some students used cameras (C) or mobile phones (M) to take photographs.
- 20 students used mobile phones
- $4x$ students used ONLY cameras
- x students used BOTH mobile phones and cameras
- 2 students did not use either cameras or phones.

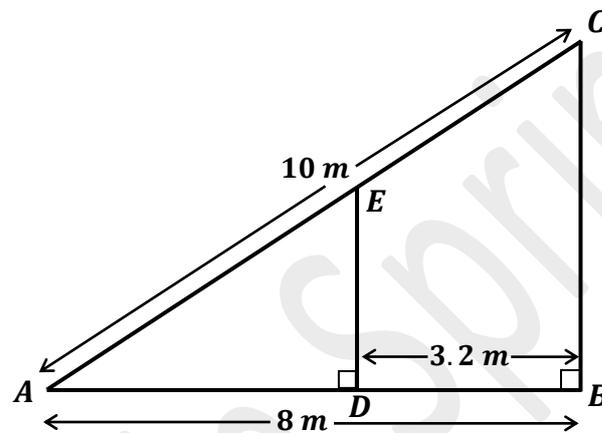


- (i) Copy the Venn diagram below and complete it to show, in terms of x , the number of students in each region. [3]
- (ii) Write an expression, in terms of x , which represents the TOTAL number of students in the survey. [1]
- (iii) Determine the number of students in Form 5 who used ONLY cameras. [2]

(b) In the diagram below, **not drawn to scale**, AEC and ADB are straight lines.

$$\angle ABC = \angle ADE = 90^\circ$$

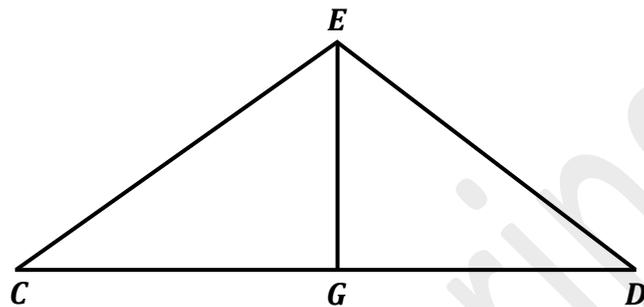
$$AC = 10 \text{ m}, AB = 8 \text{ m} \text{ and } DB = 3.2 \text{ m}$$



- (i) Calculate the length of BC . [2]
- (ii) Explain why triangles ABC and ADE are similar. [1]
- (iii) Determine the length of DE . [3]

Total: 12 marks

4. (a) The diagram below shows an isosceles triangle CDE . G is the midpoint of CD .



- (i) Measure and state, in centimetres, the length of DE . [1]
- (ii) Measure and state, in degrees, the size of $\angle ECD$. [1]
- (iii) Determine the perimeter of the triangle CDE . [2]
- (iv) Calculate the area of the triangle CDE . [1]

- (b) $A(-1, 4)$ and $B(3, 2)$ are the end points of a line segment AB . Determine

- (i) the gradient of AB [2]
- (ii) the coordinates of the midpoint of AB [2]
- (iii) the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AB . [3]

Total: 12 marks

5. (a) The incomplete table below shows one pair of values for A and R where A is directly proportional to the square of R .

A	36		196
R	3	5	

- (i) Express A in terms of R and a constant k . [1]
- (ii) Calculate the value of the constant k . [2]
- (iii) Copy and complete the table. [2]

(b) Given that $f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{3}$ and $g(x) = 4x + 5$, determine the values of:

- (i) $fg(2)$ [3]
- (ii) $f^{-1}(3)$ [3]

Total: 11 marks

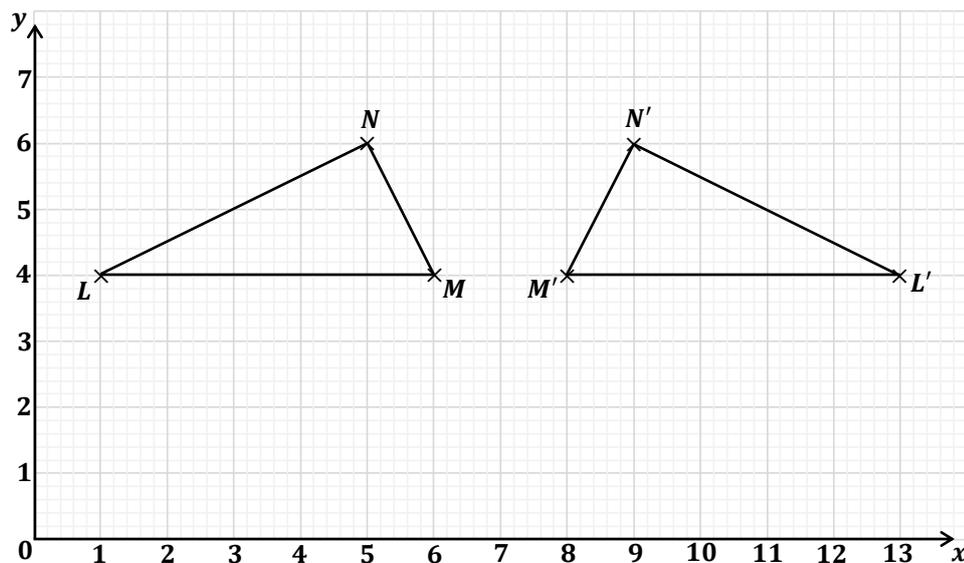
6. (a) A car, travelling along a straight road at a constant speed of 54 km/h , takes 20 seconds to travel the distance between two sign posts.

Calculate

- (i) the speed of the car in m/s [2]
 (ii) the distance, in metres, between the two sign posts [2]

- (b) An answer sheet is provided for this question.

The graph below shows triangle LMN and its image $L'M'N'$ after undergoing a single transformation.



- (i) Describe **fully** the transformation that maps $\triangle LMN$ onto $\triangle L'M'N'$. [2]
- (ii) **On the answer sheet provided**, draw triangle $L''M''N''$, the image of triangle LMN , after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- (iii) Name and describe a combination of **TWO** transformations which may be used to map $\triangle L''M''N''$ onto $\triangle L'M'N'$. [3]

Total: 11 marks

7. The table below shows the amount, to the nearest dollar, spent by a group of 40 students at the school canteen during a period of one week.

Amount Spent (\$)	Number of Students	Cumulative Frequency
1 – 10	3	3
11 – 20	7	10
21 – 30	9	19
31 – 40	11	
41 – 50	8	
51 – 60	2	

- (a) Copy and complete the table to show the cumulative frequency. [2]

- (b) Using a scale of **1 cm to represent \$5 on the horizontal axis and 1 cm to represent 5 students on the vertical axis**, draw the cumulative frequency graph for the data. [5]

(Marks will be awarded for axes appropriately labelled, points correctly plotted, and a smooth curve carefully drawn.)

(c) Use your graph to estimate

(i) the median amount of money spent [2]

(ii) the probability that a student chosen at random spent less than \$23 during the week. [2]

Show on your graph, using broken lines, how these estimates were determined.

Total: 11 marks

8. **An answer sheet is provided for this question.**

The drawings below show the first three diagrams in a sequence.

Diagram 1

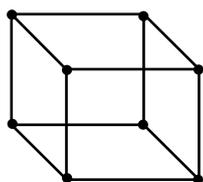


Diagram 2

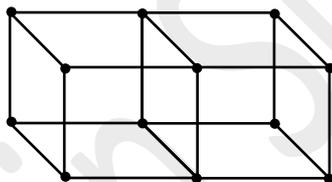
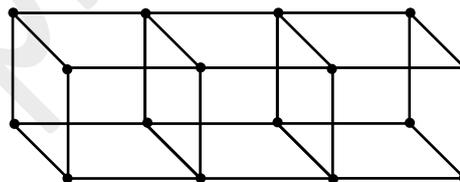
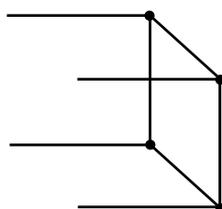


Diagram 3



Each diagram is made up of wires of equal length which are joined at the ends by balls of plasticine. Diagram 1 is made of 12 wires and 8 balls. Each new diagram in the sequence is formed by fitting the frame shown below to the right of the previous diagram.



Thus, Diagram 2 has 8 more wires and 4 more balls than Diagram 1.

On the answer sheet provided:

(a) Draw a sketch of Diagram 4, the fourth diagram in the sequence. [2]

(b) Complete the table by inserting the missing values at the rows marked

(i) and (ii).

	Name of Diagram (N)	No. of Wires (W)	No. of Balls (B)	
	1	12	8	
	2	20	12	
	3	28	16	
(i)	4	_____	_____	[2]
(ii)	20	_____	_____	[4]

(c) Write the rules which may be used to find the values of W and of B where N is known.

(i) $W =$ _____ [1]

(ii) $B =$ _____ [1]

Total: 10 marks

SECTION II

Answer TWO questions in this section.

ALGEBRA AND RELATIONS, FUNCTIONS AND GRAPHS

9. (a) An answer sheet is provided for this question.

Trish wishes to buy x oranges and y mangoes which she intends to carry in her bag. Her bag has space for only 6 fruits.

(i) Write an inequality to represent this information. [1]

To get a good bargain, she must buy AT LEAST 2 mangoes.

(ii) Write an inequality to represent this information. [1]

More information about the number of oranges and mangoes associated with the good bargain is represented by

$$y \leq 2x.$$

- (iii) Write the information represented by this inequality as a sentence in your own words. [2]
- (iv) **On the answer sheet provided**, draw the lines associated with the two inequalities obtained in (i) and (ii) above. [3]
- (v) Shade on your graph the region which represents the solution set for the three inequalities. [1]

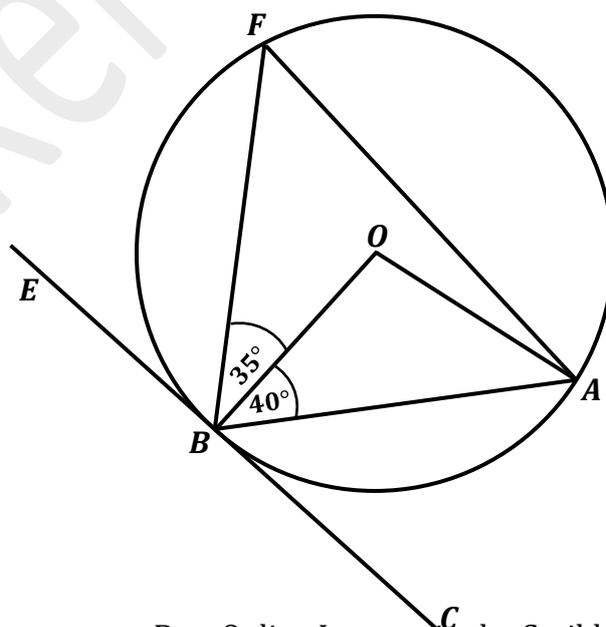
(b)(i) Write $3x^2 - 12x + 8$ in the form $a(x + h)^2 + k$, where a, h and k are constants. [3]

- (ii) Sketch the graph of $y = 3x^2 - 12x + 8$, showing on your sketch
- (a) the intercept on the y -axis
- (b) the coordinates of the minimum point. [4]

Total: 15 marks

MEASUREMENT, GEOMETRY AND TRIGONOMETRY

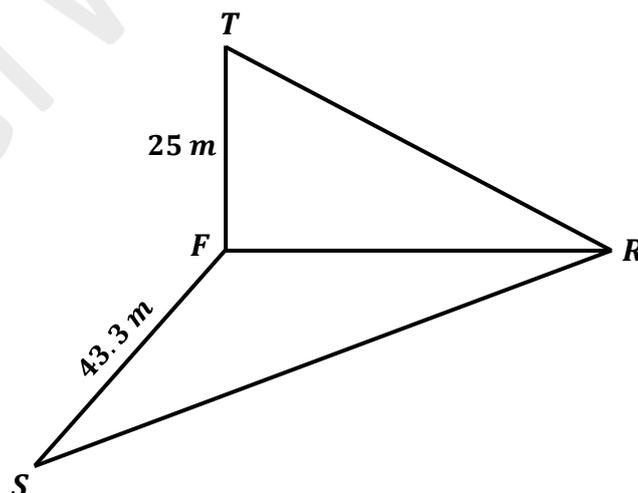
10. (a) The diagram below, **not drawn to scale**, shows a circle with centre O . EBC is a tangent to the circle. $\angle OBA = 40^\circ$ and $\angle OBF = 35^\circ$.



Calculate, **giving reasons for your answer**, the measure of

- (i) $\angle EBF$ [1]
- (ii) $\angle BOA$ [2]
- (iii) $\angle AFB$ [2]
- (iv) $\angle OAF$ [2]

- (b) The diagram below, **not drawn to scale**, shows three points R, S and F on the horizontal ground. FT is a vertical tower of height 25 m . The angle of elevation of the top of the tower, T , from R is 27° . R is due east of F and S is due south of F . $SF = 43.3\text{ m}$.



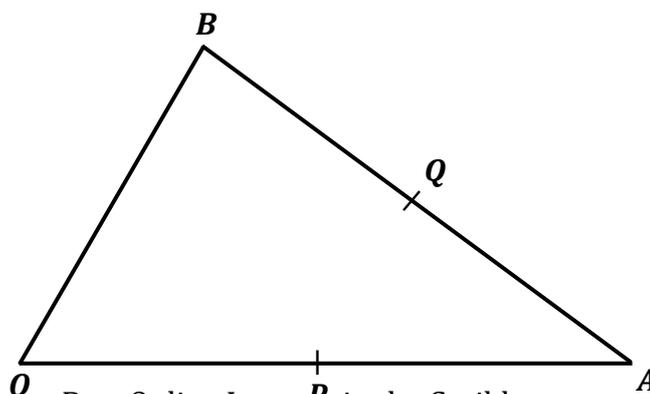
- (i) Sketch **separate** diagrams of the triangles RFT , TFS and SFR . Mark on EACH diagram the given measures of sides and angles. [3]
- (ii) Show, by calculation, that $RF = 49.1$ m. [2]
- (iii) Calculate the length of SR correct to 1 decimal place. [1]
- (iv) Calculate the angle of elevation of the top of the tower, T , from S . [2]

Total: 15 marks

VECTORS AND MATRICES

11. (a) In the diagram below, **not drawn to scale**, P and Q are the midpoints of OA and AB respectively.

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = 2\mathbf{a} \quad \text{and} \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = 2\mathbf{b}.$$



(i) Express in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} the vectors

(a) \overrightarrow{AB} [2]

(b) \overrightarrow{PQ} [2]

(ii) State TWO geometrical relationships that exist between OB and PQ .

Give reasons for your answers. [2]

(b) Given that $M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

(i) Evaluate M^{-1} , the inverse of M . [2]

(ii) Show that $M^{-1}M = I$. [2]

(iii) Use a matrix method to solve for r, s, t and u in the equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} r & s \\ t & u \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad [5]$$

Total: 15 marks

END OF TEST

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, CHECK YOUR WORK ON THIS TEST.