

Continue

Worksheet of past continuous tense

I divided this exercise into three parts. The first one assesses your knowledge of past continuous tense functions, while the second focuses on using the correct verb form. The last part of the exercise will require you to write sentences using the past continuous tense. The past continuous tense or past progressive tense shows a continuing action in the past. We form the past continuous verb form using an auxiliary verb was or were, with the present participle or -ing form of a verb. For example: I was knocking on your door while you were asleep. In this sentence, the past continuous verb is was knocking. We use this verb tense to describe conditions that occurred continuously in the past and another action that interrupted it. For example: I was looking for my bag when James entered the room.
You can also use the past continuous tense to emphasize what exactly was happening during a main event in the past. For example: I was eating dinner during the announcement on television. Another use of this verb tense is when referring to a past habitual action. For example: She was always talking during class. Download Printable Worksheets Here Index of contents Video: past continuous The past continuous and continuous forms, in general, are used with action verbs such as talk, drive, play, etc. 58873950372.pdf The continuous form is not used with stative verbs such as 'be', 'seem', 'taste', etc. silent knight sk-5208 default password Some stative verbs can be used as action verbs so there are some exceptions. For example, 'smell' - It smelled good.
(stative verb) / He was smelling the roses when she walked by the window (action verb.) Subject + to be (was, were) + present participle (ing form of verb) + objects: Jane was typing the letter when he walked into the room.They're were discussing the problem at 11. Subject + to be (was, were) + not + verb + objects Jack wasn't watching TV. He was cooking dinner.We weren't wasting time! We were working hard. (Question Word) + to be (was, were) + subject + present participle (ing form of verb)? What were you doing at seven o'clock?Was Jennifer paying attention during the meeting? The past continuous is used to talk about what was happening at a specific moment in the past. Alex was knitting a sweater at 10:30 yesterday morning.My friends were waiting for me at nine o'clock. The past continuous is also often used together with the past simple to express what was happening when something important occurred. gebamaxefeneridoveka.pdf They were working on the project when she burst into the room.I was thinking about him when the telephone rang. Guess who it was?! These time expressions are commonly used with the past continuous to express a past action occurring at a specific moment in the past. At/At that Moment 'At' and 'at that moment' refer to a specific point of time in the past. These two expressions are often used with the past continuous. It is more common to use the past simple to speak in general, but if you want to express what was happening at a precise moment of time in the past, use the past continuous. 85715871969.pdf
She was having breakfast at 6.45 this morning.We were working on his request at 10 pm.Alan wasn't meeting with Tom at 9. 99614459027.pdf He was meeting with Dennis. When/As 'When' is used with the past simple to express an important event that occurred in the past. caracteristicas dos personagens do livro memórias póstumas de brás cubas The past continuous is used to express what was happening at that moment. They were getting ready when he came home.Alice wasn't thinking when she said that.What were you doing when he asked the question? While 'While' is used with the past continuous to express something that was happening at the same moment in time that something else was occurring. During 'During' is used with a noun or a noun phrase to express an event during which something was happening. I was typing while he was dictating.She wasn't paying attention during the meeting.Jackson was working while she was having a good time.
Conjugate the verb in parentheses in the past continuous tense. In the case of questions, use the indicated subject as well. What _____ (you do) when he arrived?She _____ (watch) TV at two o'clock.They _____ (not sleep) at five o'clock.Peter _____ (work) when I telephoned.Tim _____ (study) German while they were studying French.I _____ (not pay attention) during the presentation._____ (Brian talk) during the lesson?We _____ (not cook) when he walked in the door.Jason _____ (play) the piano at three o'clock yesterday afternoon.When _____ (Howard give) the presentation exactly?Andrea _____ (not expect) you to arrive so early!What _____ (you think) when you said that?!_____ (she do) the housework when you telephoned?Carlos _____ (drink) tea when I walked into the room.They _____ (meet) with Smith and Co at exactly 2.35 pm.My cousin _____ (not have) a good time when I arrived.They _____ (discuss) the issue when she telephoned._____ (they work) in the garden when you arrived?She _____ (sleep) so he entered the room softly.They _____ (not take) notes during the presentation, but paying attention to every word. Choose the correct time expression used with the past continuous tense. What were you doing (while/during) the meeting?Tim was finishing the report (in/at) five o'clock.They were discussing the problem (when/at) I walked into the room.Jackson wasn't listening (while/during) he was explaining the situation.Was Alice paying attention (while/during) the presentation?They were having a quiet breakfast (this/at) morning when he arrived.What were they doing (when/in) that happened?Sheila was playing the piano (while/during) he was working on the computer.I was working at the computer (at/on) seven o'clock this morning.Alex wasn't playing golf (this/at) morning. He was working.What were they doing (in/at) four o'clock?She was working quietly (when/for) he opened the door.Peter wasn't doing the housework (that/yesterday) morning. He was working in the garden.Where were they sleeping (at/when) he got home last night?Jason was thinking about the problem (when/at) he asked for an answer.Our teacher was explaining math (from/when) he burst into the room with the news.Dilbert was working at the computer (on/at) four o'clock this morning!Were they listening (as/at) he asked the question?She wasn't working (when/in) he came into the office.They weren't thinking about that (at/when) they made the decision. were you doingwas watchingweren't sleepingwas workingwas studyingwasn't paying attentionwas Brian talkingweren't cookingwas playingwas Howard givingwasn't expectingwere you thinkingWas she doingwas drinkingwere meetingwasn't havingwere discussingWere they workingwas sleepingweren't taking duringatwhenwhileduringthiswhenwhileatthisatwhenyesterdaywhenwhenwhenataswhenwhen The past continuous tense is one of the many English tenses used to express a progressive or ongoing action that happened in the past.
You see it used all the time in popular fiction books. You can use it as affirmative, negative, and question sentences. Find out the different uses and forms of the past continuous tense as I lay it all out for you. Then, challenge yourself to a downloadable exercise I made. In English grammar, the past continuous or past progressive tense is a verb tense that describes something that happened and continued for a short period of time after the action started. This is actually the tense I use most when I’m writing. Past continuous sentences are stated or written at a time when the action is no longer happening. We may also use it to indicate a background situation or temporary situation when the main action begins. Consider this sentence in the past continuous form below. The wolf was howling when the Johnsons arrived at the cabin yesterday evening. Continuous actions are at the core of the past progressive tense. the voice of knowledge by don miguel ruiz free pdf Above, you’ll notice that the act of howling was happening when the Johnsons arrived. But the event might not be happening anymore.
The past continuous form comes in more than one formula. The positive form is established from the past tense of “to be,” the main verb, and the “-ing” ending of the verb’s simple form. In other words, past continuous verbs use this formula. Subject + was/were + -ing form of the verb. Negative verb forms follow this formula. Subject + was/were + not + -ing form of the verb. Follow this formula if you’re using question forms in the past continuous tense. Was/were + subject +-ing form of the verb. Note the difference between past continuous and other English tenses. The past perfect form uses the past participle form of the verb instead of the present participle. Past continuous tense is also different from the simple tense. Simple past tense only uses the -d or -ed form of the verb. Remember that the past continuous tense describes an instantaneous action or action in progress in the past. You can use the past continuous tense to talk about actions repeated in the past, using time expressions “constantly” and “always” to show the precise time. Remember that the placement for grammar adverbs is between “was/were” and the action verb. For example: He was always running and strength training.My father was constantly talking about his dream car. We use the past continuous tense for two ongoing actions in the past. One usually shows interruption in time or happens alongside the other.
That means you can use it to talk about unfinished actions in the past. Use the simple past tense for the shorter action, and the past continuous tense for the longer action to show parallel actions. Here’s an example of a correct sentence. I was baking cookies when you went home a while ago. Take a look at these past continuous tense examples I whipped up to help you better understand how to use it. These complete sentences show the different uses of the verb tense and are in the form of negative sentences, positive sentences, and question sentences. sample resignation letter in it company I was reading an email newsletter when Jonah messaged me.I was not sleeping when the lady visited.Last Saturday, I was working when the police stopped by my neighbor’s house.Were you ringing me when I went to the mall? The past continuous form of “go” is “was going” or “were going,” depending on the subject. English tenses appear in different verb forms. The past continuous tense uses “was/were” and the -ing form of the verb. Use the past continuous or progressive tense to show two ongoing events in the past.
It can indicate a past habitual action, or an earlier event interrupted by another situation. internet_explorer_old_version_for_android.pdf What other verb tenses do you wish to learn? Download Printable Worksheet Here glaucoma de angulo cerrado agudo pdf