AQUACOUNTER Application Sheet		COM series		DATA No. C9	1 st edition	
Cosmetics	Measurement of		:	saponification	n value	in
	odora	ants				

1. Measurement outline

The saponification value of essential oil, raw material for odorant, is measured according to JIS K0070-1992 (saponification value test for oil and fat products and chemical products).

In general, glyceride is saponified and decomposed and forms potassium salt of fatty acid and glycerol when ethanol solution of potassium hydroxide is added to oil/fat and heated (Formula 1). It also reacts with organic acids (Formula 2) and forms potassium salt of fatty acid. "Saponification value" is the number of milligrams of KOH that is consumed by 1 g of oil/fat, which contain such as glyceride and free fatty acids to be neutralized. This measurement method is stipulated in JIS, JAS and Standard Methods of Analysis for Hygienic Chemists.

RCOOR' + KOH
$$\rightarrow$$
 RCOOK + R'OH (1 RCOOH + KOH \rightarrow RCOOK + H₂O (2

Excessive KOH is titrated with 0.5mol/L HCl after addition of 100mL of deionized water.

$$KOH + HCl \rightarrow KCl + H_2O$$
 (3)

2. Reagents and Electrodes

(1) Reagents	Titrant	0.5mol/L Hydrochloric acid	
	Reaction liquid	0.5mol/L Potassium hydroxide-ethanol solution	
(2) Electrodes	Glass reference combination electrode GR-522B to IE jack.(P/N D252334-1		

3. Measurment conditions example (for COM-1600S)

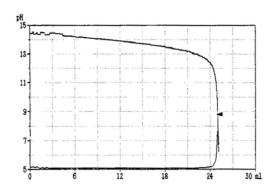
Master File No.1	division champio (101 COM 10000)		
Condition file: 1			
Parameters for Condition file 1			
Method	AUTO		
Amp No.	1		
Buret No.	1		
Meas Unit	pН		
S Timer	0 sec		
CP	0.00 mL		
DP	0.00 mL		
End Sens	1000		
Over mL	0.00 mL		
Max Vol	40 mL		
Mode No.	2		
Unit	mg/g		
Formula	(D-B)×F×28.05/S		
Blank	*BLNAK result value		
Molarity	0.5		
Factor	Titer of the titrant		
K	56.1 (as KOH)		

Mode No.2		
Pre Int	0 sec	
Del K	5	
Del Sens	0 mV	
Int Time	1 sec	
Int Sens	3 mV	
Brt Speed	2	
Pulse	40	

4. Procedure

1-2g of sample is collected and 25mL of 0.5mol/L KOH-ethanol solution is added precisely for heating in water bath for 30 minutes with a reflux condenser.

5. Measurement example



Results of blank test measurement

Sample No.	Titration value (mL)
1	26.211
2	26.358
Avg.	26.285 mL

Results of measurement on saponification value for the sample

Sample No.	Sample quantity (g)	Measurement value (mL)	Saponification Value (mg/g)	
1	1.5231	24.951	24.713	
2	1.2845	25.195	23.942	
		Avg.	24.327 mg/g	

6. Note

- 1) Since this method requires preprocessing on the sample, the quality of preprocessing has great effect on measurement results.
- 2) A 200mL- Erlenmeyer flask is used for preprocessing. Add a sufficient quantity of deionized water to immerse the electrode immediately after preprocessing. And then insert glass reference combination electrode GR-522B into the Erlenmeyer flask to start titration. Figure 1 shows the electrode assembly for this measurement.

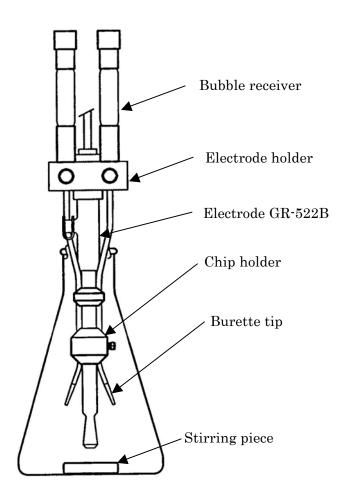


Figure 1. Example of electrode assembly used in titration

- 3) Relationship among acid value, saponification value and ester value
 - Saponification value is the value for calculating the ester value.

Ester value = saponification value – acid value

- In general, acid value for oil/fat is much smaller than the saponification value.

Acid value << saponification value

- Saponification value and ester value do not differ much.

Saponification value is adopted as the index value for oil/fat for assuming the size of fatty acid (JAS).

Key words

Cosmetic product, saponification value, odorant

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