AQUA COUNTER

AQUACOUNTER Application Sheet		COM series	DATA No. A8	1st edition
Food and Beverage	Meas	urement of iodi	ne number ir	n edible oil

1. Measurement outline

Fats and oils that contain unsaturated fatty acids such as oleic acid and linoleic acid consume iodine, because iodine will react with the double bound in such unsaturated fatty acid. Iodine number is expressed as the "grams of iodine equivalent to halogen quantity added to 100g of the sample," and it indicates the quantity of double bound (= unsaturated fatty acid) in oils and fats. As the source for halogen, iodine bromide (IBr, Hanus method) or iodine chloride (ICl, Wijs method) is used. This section describes the Wijs method that is relatively popular. An excessive volume of iodine chloride solution is added to the number of double bonds. One halogen molecule is added quantitatively to one double bond in oil/fat. (1).

$$-\overset{|}{\mathbf{C}} = \overset{|}{\mathbf{C}} - + \mathbf{ICl} \Rightarrow -\overset{|}{\mathbf{C}} - \overset{|}{\mathbf{C}} - \tag{1}$$

Residual iodine chloride reacts with iodide to liberate iodine quantitatively. (2)

ICl + KI
$$\rightarrow$$
 I₂ + KCl (2)

Iodine is titrated with sodium thiosulfate. (3).

$$2Na_2S_2O_3 + I_2 \rightarrow Na_2S_4O_6 + 2NaI$$
 (3)

2. Reagents and Electrodes

(1) Reagents	Titrant	0.1mol/L Sodium thiosulfate	
	Wijs solution (Iodine chloride)	Commercially available	
	Loading buffer	1 mol/L Potassium iodide solution	
	Titration solvent	Cyclohexane	
(2) Electrodes	Indicator electrode	Platinum reference electrode PR-731B to IE jack (P/N D252341-1)	

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3. Measurement conditions example (for COM-1600S)

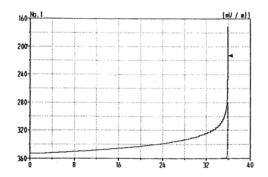
Master File No.1		
Condition file: 1		
Parameters for Condition file 1		
Method	AUTO	
Buret No.	1	
Meas Unit	mV	
S-Timer	10 sec	
CP,DP Unit	mL	
CP	0 mL	
DP	0 mL	
Direction	N/A	
End Sens	200	
Over mL	0 mL	
Max Vol	20 mL	
Mode No.	8 (Pulse = 8, Min Feed = 0.01)	
Unit	g/100g	
Formula	$(B-D)\times K\times F\times M/(S\times 10)$	
Blank	0	
Molarity	0.1	
Factor	Titre of the titrant	
K	126.9	

4. Measurement Procedure

- 1) Weigh the sample accurately into 250mL glass stoppered flask.
- 2) Add 15-20mL of cyclohexanone and dissolve the sample completely.
- 3) Pipette 25mL of Wijs solution into the flask.
- 4) Stopper the flask and swirl to mix.
- 5) Store the flask in dark for 30 minutes.
- 6) Add 20mL of KI solution followed by 100mL of deionized water.
- 7) Titrate with 0.1mol//L Sodium thiosulfate titrant.
- 8) Perform at least two blank determinations.

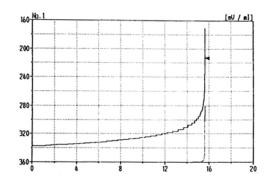
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5. Measurement example



Blank measurement results

Sample No.	Titration value (mL)
1	35.895
2	35.867
3	35.834
4	35.846
Avg.	35.861 mL
Std. Dev.	$0.027~\mathrm{mL}$
C.V.	0.075 %



Measurement results of iodine number in sample

Sample No.	Sample size (g)	Titration value (mL)	Iodine number (g/100g)
1	0.2000	16.156	125.0
2	0.2024	15.861	125.4
3	0.2023	15.698	126.5
4	0.2021	15.756	126.2
Avg.		125.8 g/100g	
	Std. Dev.		0.70 g/100g
	C.V.		0.55 %

6. Note

- (1) Wijs solution shall be added so that it is excessive by 50 60% of the required volume. If Wijs solution is absorbed more than this level, the sample volume must be reduced.
- (2) Since Wijs solution tends to be modified easily, blank measurement shall be implemented as necessary.
- (3) Since iodine may evaporate during the period of reaction between the sample and Wijs solution, Erlenmeyer flask with a stopper shall be used.
- (4) The reaction period may be reduced depending on the sample. The table on the right shows the relationship between the reaction period and measurement result for iodine number measurement on edible oil for reference.

Reaction period (min.)	Iodine number (g/100g)
10	125.8
20	126.4
30	125.8

- (5) Japanese Pharmacopoeia uses iodine trichloride instead of iodine monochloride in Wijs
- (6) This method is said to have tendency to have higher values compared to the Hanus method.
- (7) The electrode assembly to be used in this measurement is shown in Figure 1.

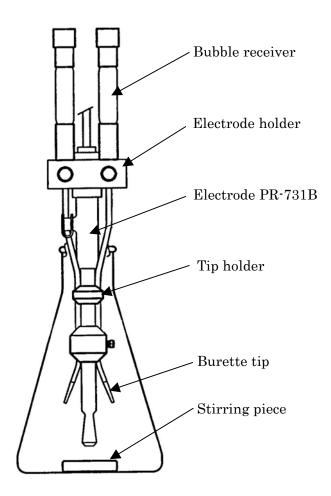


Figure 1. Example of electrode assembly used in titration

Key words

Iodine number, Hanus method, Wijs method

Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation

Head Office 1-24-14, Nishishinbashi,Minato-Ku,Tokyo 105-8717, Japan Tel: 81-3-3504-7239 Fax: 81-3-3835-7302

http://www.hitachi-hitech.com

Hiranuma Sangyo Co.,Ltd.

1739, Motoyoshidacho, Mito-City, Ibaraki 310-0836, Japan

Tel: 81-29-247-6411 Fax: 81-29-247-6942

http://www.hiranuma.com