CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA

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FINANCIAL SECTION

The financial section includes the independent auditor's report on the financial statement audit, the basic financial statements including footnotes, and supplementary information.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Nelson, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Nelson, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Nelson, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Nelson, Georgia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting

Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Nelson, Georgia's basic financial statements. Other supplementary information, which includes the General Fund Detailed Schedule of Revenues – Budget to Actual and the General Fund Detailed Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Projects Constructed with Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OCGA 48-4-121, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund Detailed Schedule of Revenues – Budget to Actual, General Fund Detailed Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual, and Schedule of Projects Constructed with Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Nelson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Nelson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Nelson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Welch, Walker & Associates, P.C., CPAS Welch, Walker & Associates, P.C., CPAS

East Ellijay, Georgia March 14, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include the government-wide statement of net position and government-wide statement of activities which include all of the primary government's governmental activities. In addition, the basic financial statements include the fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	•
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 660,597
Restricted cash	1,654,841
Accounts receivable	7,357
Franchise taxes receivable	283
Taxes receivable, net	13,727
Receivable from other governments	63,910
Prepaid items	12,550
Total Current Assets	2,413,265
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	215,574
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,332,097
Total Non-current Assets	1,547,671
Total Assets	3,960,936
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	1,378
Total Liabilities	
Total Liabilities	1,378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unearned revenue	3,488
onear near teremae	
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	1,547,671
Restricted for capital projects	1,658,409
Unrestricted	749,990
Total Net Position	\$ 3,956,070

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

							Net (Net (Expense)
							Rev	Revenue and
							Chan	Changes in Net
					Program Revenue		F	Assets
								Total
				Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants and	Gove	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Ш	Expenses	ļ	Services	and Contributions	Contributions	Ac	Activities
Governmental Activities:								
General government	↔	240,036	€9	8,519	•	\$	↔	(231,517)
Judicial		325		ř	•	*		(325)
Public safety		712		1	3			(712)
Public works		237,209		37,451	3) (()	364,087		164,329
Culture and recreation		20,293		355	C			(19,938)
Housing and development		8,160	I	3,596	1	1		(4,564)
Total Governmental Activities	€5	506,735	₩	49,921	\$	\$ 364,087		(92,727)

General revenues:

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Property taxes, levied for a general purpose	165,041
Franchise	41,556
General sales and use	157,296
Insurance premium taxes	100,041
Unrestricted investment earnings	3,401
Miscellaneous	1,370
Total general revenues	468,705
Change in net position	375,978
Net position, beginning of year	3,580,092
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,956,070

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

						Total
					Go	vernmental
	Ge	neral Fund	SI	PLOST Fund		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	660,597	\$	9	\$	660,597
Restricted cash		=		1,654,841		1,654,841
Accounts receivable		7,357				7,357
Franchise taxes receivable		283		⊈		283
Taxes receivable, net		13,727				13,727
Receivable from other governments		17,674		46,236		63,910
Due from other funds		42,668		-		42,668
Prepaid items		12,550	-		-	12,550
Total Assets	\$	754,856	\$	1,701,077	\$	2,455,933
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,378	\$	8	\$	1,378
Unearned revenue	Ψ	3,488	Ψ		Ψ	3,488
Due to other funds		5,100		42,668		42,668
Total Liabilities	-	4,866	_	42,668		47,53
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred revenue		16,791	×			16,79
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,791		-		16,79
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2	21,657		42,668		64,32
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted for:		12,550		-		12,55
Capital projects		_		1,658,409		1,658,40
Unassigned		720,649		~•57777•67555 		720,64
Total Fund Balances		733,199	-	1,658,409		2,391,60
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund	33		12.7		200	
Balances	\$	754,856	\$	1,701,077	\$	2,455,93

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 2,391,608
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	
Cost of capital assets \$ 3,073,459 Less accumulated depreciation (1,525,788)	
	1,547,671
Some of the City's revenues will be collected after the fiscal year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred on the	
fund financial statements.	16,791
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,956,070

CITY OF NELSON GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Go	Total vernmental
	Ger	neral Fund	SP	LOST Fund		Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	468,225	\$	220	\$	468,225
Licenses and permits		12,115				12,115
Intergovernmental		20,948		336,866		357,814
Charges for services		35,549) = 3		35,549
Interest		3,401		6,273		9,674
Miscellaneous	· ·	1,725		21		1,725
Total Revenues		541,963		343,139		885,102
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		134,316		51		134,316
Judicial		325		·		325
Public works		172,644		2,688		175,332
Culture and recreation		561		(<u>=</u>)		561
Housing and development		8,160		-		8,160
Capital Outlay:						
Public safety		(=)		10,681		10,681
Public works		(=)		9,016		9,016
Culture and recreation				9,544		9,544
Intergovernmental	41	96,786		-		96,786
Total Expenditures	9	412,792		31,929	-	444,721
Excess of revenues over expenditures		129,171		311,210		440,381
Net change in fund balances		129,171		311,210		440,381
Fund balances, beginning of year		604,028	-	1,347,199		1,951,227
Fund balances, end of year	\$	733,199	\$	1,658,409	\$	2,391,608
			7	2,000,107	-	-,-,-,

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total govern	\$	440,381			
Amounts reported for Governmental Activ because:	ferent				
Governmental funds report outlays for outlays use current financial resources. In only a portion of the outlay as expense. The useful lives as depreciation expense for the offset by \$97,228 of depreciation.	eports mated	(71,983)			
Governmental funds report outlays for outlays use current financial resources. In only a portion of the outlay as expense. The useful lives as amortization expense for the offset by \$712 of amortization.	eports mated	9,969			
Revenues reported in the statement of ac resources are not reported as revenues at Property taxes:	ancial				
Deferred, as of June 30, 2019	\$	(14,603)			
Deferred, as of June 30, 2020	-	10,312		(4,291)	
Sanitation fees:					
Deferred, as of June 30, 2019	\$	(4,577)			
Deferred, as of June 30, 2020		6,479	-	1,902	
Change in net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities \$					

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with	
	Original	Final	(See Note 1. M.)	Final Budget	
Budgetary fund balance, beginning of year	\$ 604,028	\$ 604,028	\$ 604,028	\$ -	
Revenues (inflows):		: - 	-		
Property	110,000	110,000	139,847	29,847	
Motor vehicle	150	150	6,449	6,299	
Title ad valorem tax	41,825	41,825	21,913	(19,912)	
Mobile home			942	942	
Intangible	1,000	1,000	111	(889)	
Railroad Tax	85	85		(85)	
Franchise taxes	35,175	35,175	41,556	6,381	
General sales and use taxes	128,000	128,000	157,296	29,296	
Insurance premium taxes	87,000	87,000	100,041	13,041	
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	200	200	70	(130)	
Licenses and permits	5,280	5,280	12,115	6,835	
Intergovernmental	19,000	19,000	20,948	1,948	
Charges for services	27,000	27,000	35,549	8,549	
Interest	25	25	3,401	3,376	
Miscellaneous	300	300	1,725	1,425	
Total Revenues	455,040	455,040	541,963	86,923	
Changes to appropriations (outflows):					
General Government:					
Legislative/Executive	5,050	52,392	46,279	6,113	
General administration	142,570	91,567	77,195	14,372	
General government buildings	23,850	20,100	10,842	9,258	
Judicial:	20,000	20,100	10,012	7,200	
Municipal court	575	325	325		
Public Works:	0.0	020	020		
Maintenance	113,544	121,462	115,278	6,184	
Highways and streets	22,000	24,000	20,264	3,736	
Solid waste collection	37,978	39,200	37,102	2,098	
Culture and Recreation:			0.,202	=,070	
Parks and recreation	915	658	561	97	
Housing and Development:	6/70.40	8/7/77/87/	150.55	5.0	
Building inspection	16,558	8,550	8,160	390	
Intergovernmental	92,000	96,786	96,786	-	
Total Expenditures	455,040	455,040	412,792	42,248	
Net change		100,010	129,171	129,171	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 604,028	\$ 604,028	\$ 733,199	\$ 129,171	
	-				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements are a required component of the basic financial statements of the City. The notes present required and essential information for the fair presentation of the statements that have not been disclosed on the face of the financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the City of Nelson, Georgia ("the City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. THE REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The City's financial statements include the City's accounts of all operations. The criteria for including organizations within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 14 (GASB 14), "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by Statement No. 61 (GASB 61), is financial accountability. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either the ability to impose will by the primary government or the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. As of June 30, 2020, there are no component units included in the financial statements of the City.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The City's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories and four generic fund types for financial statement presentation purposes. Governmental funds include the general and capital projects funds.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. There are no component units to be considered at this time. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each governmental program of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the City's policy to utilize restricted resources, when available for use, before utilizing unrestricted resources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e., collectible within the current year or within 60 days of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). This includes investment earnings, income taxes withheld by employers, fines and forfeitures, sanitation fees and state-levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle fees). Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

Property taxes, though measurable, are not always available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property tax receivables are recorded, and the portion not received in the first 60 days of the subsequent fiscal year are deferred until they become available.

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPLOST Fund: The SPLOST Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the special purpose local option sales tax as approved in voter referendums that are restricted to expenditures for specified capital projects.

D. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City because it is at present considered not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits. Statutes authorize the City to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, State of Georgia obligations, obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia which are rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association, repurchase agreements when collateralized by U.S. Government or agency obligations, and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds.

F. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the schools and special districts within the City. The City geographically lies on the boundary lines for Pickens County, Georgia and Cherokee County, Georgia and property taxes are collected based on each county's digest. For both Pickens County and Cherokee County, the City levied property taxes in November 2019 for values that were assessed on January 1, 2019. Secured property tax payments are due on February 1, 2020; penalties and interest are applied on April 1, 2020. The City has not established a lien date for either county on June 30, 2020.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

All assets over the capitalization threshold of \$5,000 with a useful life extending beyond three years are capitalized and depreciated over time using the straight-line method. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful
	<u>Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30 years
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	20 years
Land improvements	10 to 15 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 15 years
Vehicles	2 to 15 years

H. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020 are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid insurance and prepaid dues were \$9,084 and \$3,466, respectively, for total prepaid assets of \$12,550 as of June 30, 2020.

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The payment for compensated absences is recorded in the year such absences are taken by employees. It is the policy of the City that unused leave expires at the end of the year, and the unused time cannot carryforward to future periods. Therefore, no liability is recorded on June 30, 2020.

J. FUND EQUITY

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent
 because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be
 converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used
 only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level
 of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority
 for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year,
 commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place
 until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the
 limitation.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the
 balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund
 balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all
 funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Restricted
- Unassigned

Net position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is

reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy – The Mayor and Council of the City of Nelson established a financial policy. This policy requires the City to always maintain 20% of the upcoming year's budget in fund balance, with provisions for replenishing fund balance in the event that this threshold is not met in any given year. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the City exceeded the minimum fund balance requirement; therefore, the General Fund is in compliance with the policy.

K. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, results could differ from those estimates.

L. INTERFUND BALANCES

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables and payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

M. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The Finance Committee prepares a rough draft of the annual budgets from which the Mayor and City Council prepare proposed budgets. The City advertises in the local newspaper to give notice regarding a public hearing in which local citizens may give their input relating to the proposed budgets. The City also places a copy of the proposed budget on file for public inspection prior to the actual approval. Once these steps have been completed, the City Council then formally adopts the annual balanced budgets in a legally permissible manner.

Budgets have been adopted for all funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, and on the same basis of accounting used by each fund to which the budget applies. The legal level of control of the City's budget is at the department level. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and may not exceed appropriations at this level. Budget revisions are subject to review and approval by the City Council.

There were no departments that materially exceeded budgeted appropriations on June 30, 2020.

2. SUMMARY OF DEPOSIT BALANCES

Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal and state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. Government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2020, the carrying value of cash was \$2,315,438, and the cash amount held at the financial institution is \$2,395,043.

The City's bank balances were fully collateralized in all material respects in compliance with State requirements for balances exceeding FDIC coverage.

3. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

A. OPERATING TRANSFERS

There were no transfers between General and SPLOST Fund in fiscal year 2020.

B. DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

The following amounts are due from other funds at year end:

<u>Due from</u>	Due to	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
SPLOST Fund (SPLOST 2)	General Fund	42,668 \$ 42,668	The repayment of the prior fiscal year interfund balance was duplicated by management.

All balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

A. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable is stated at gross amounts receivable less an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts, if material. Sanitation receivable for the fiscal year ended 2020 totaled \$7,357. This receivable balance is likely to be collected and no allowance for uncollectible sanitation has, therefore, been recorded.

On June 30, 2020, the City estimated that a small portion of taxes receivable was unlikely to be collected. Therefore, an allowance for uncollected taxes of \$1,183 was established, which resulted in a net tax receivable of \$13,727.

B. RECEIVABLE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The following amounts are due from other governments at year end:

General Fund:	Α	mount
Cherokee County	\$	2,238
Georgia Department of Revenue		14,358
Pickens County		1,078
	\$	17,674
SPLOST Fund:		
Cherokee County	\$	33,775
Pickens County	7/	12,461
	\$	46,236

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balances	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balances
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 215,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 215,574
Construction in progress	67,098		(67,098)	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	282,672		(67,098)	215,574
Capital assets, being depreciated or amortized:			•	
Intangibles		10,681	32	10,681
Infrastructure	1,599,779	70,114	· ·	1,669,893
Buildings and improvements	518,604	2		518,604
Land improvements	186,849	15,544		202,393
Machinery and equipment	230,966	6,685	-	237,651
Vehicles	<u>218,663</u>	-	7 <u> </u>	218,663
Total depreciable or amortizable capital assets	2,754,861	103,024		2,857,885
Less accumulated depreciation or amortization:				
Intangibles		(712)		(712)
Infrastructure	(828,991)	(62,599)	50 0 0	(891,590)
Buildings and improvements	(147,916)	(10,982)	(2 .0)	(158,898)
Land improvements	(107,111)	(10,614)	100	(117,725
Machinery and equipment	(131,625)	(10,533)	25	(142,158)
Vehicles	<u>(212,205)</u>	(2,500)		_(214,705)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,427,848)	(97,940)		(1,525,788)
capital assets, being depreciated or amortized, net	1,327,013	5,084	-	1,332,097
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,609,685</u>	\$ 5,084	\$ (67,098)	\$ 1,547,671

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	8,934
Public works		68,562
Culture and recreation	9	19,732
Total	\$	97,228

Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public safety	712
Total	\$ 712

6. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Revenue received in advance for services not yet rendered or taxes not yet levied are depicted as unearned revenue on the fund-level and government-wide financial statements for the following revenue sources:

Property taxes paid, but not yet levied	\$ 1,970
Sanitation fees paid in advance of service	1,518
Total unearned revenue	\$ 3,488

Receivables recorded at the end of the fiscal year that will not be available within 60 days subsequent to year end for the payment of related current expenditures are shown as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements:

Property taxes	\$10,312
Sanitation fees	6,479
Total deferred revenue	\$16,791

7. OPERATING LEASE

In September of 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement for the use of a multi-function Xerox machine. The total term of the lease was 63 months, with minimum monthly lease payments of \$203. Rental expense in association for this lease totaled \$1,525 in fiscal year 2020. Upon the expiration of this lease in fiscal year 2020, the City purchased a copy machine rather than renewing an operating lease.

In January of 2020, the City entered into a 36-month maintenance agreement with Repro Products for maintenance support and supplies for the City's multi-function Xerox machine. Monthly minimum payments are \$10, with additional cost for copies. Rental expense in association for this lease totaled \$368 in fiscal year 2020. The remaining lease term minimum obligation is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	An	nount
2021	\$	360
2022		360
2023	_	360
Total	\$	1,080

8. RESTRICTED ASSETS AND NET POSITION

Cash of \$1,612,173 in the SPLOST Fund is restricted for the purposes specified in voter approved referendums. The source of these funds consists of proceeds from special one percent local option sales taxes levied by Cherokee and Pickens Counties. An additional amount of \$42,668 is shown as restricted in relation to monies transferred from the General Fund to the SPLOST Fund in error. Net position totaling \$1,658,409 in the government-wide financial statements is restricted by enabling legislation related to SPLOST funds. A corresponding amount of fund balance is also shown as restricted in the fund statements.

9. CLASSIFICATION OF EQUITY

Fund balances are classified as follows:

• *Nonspendable* – The following fund balances are nonspendable because they are allocated to: *General Fund:*

Prepaid items \$ 12.550

• Restricted -

Capital Projects Fund:
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund (SPLOST) –
Used to account for capital projects financed with
SPLOST

\$1,658,409

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; and workers' compensation for which the City carries the following insurance coverage. There were no significant reductions of insurance coverage compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial excess coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

RISK POOLS

The City is a member of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA). Insurance coverage and deductible options for property, casualty and crime under the policy are selected by City's management based on the anticipated needs. The City is required to pay all premiums, applicable deductibles and assessments billed by GIRMA, as well as following loss reduction and prevention procedures established by GIRMA. GIRMA's responsibility includes paying claims and representing the City in defense and settlement of claims. GIRMA's basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims is "IBNR" established by an actuary. The City has not compiled a record of the claims paid up to the applicable deductible for the prior year or the current fiscal year. The City is unaware of any claims that the City is liable (up to the applicable deductible) which were outstanding and unpaid on June 30, 2020. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

The City has elected to be a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (GMAWCSIF), a risk management agency created under Georgia law. As a participant in the GMAWCSIF, the City has no legal obligation to pay its own workers' compensation claims. The City is required to make an annual contribution to the fund in an amount that is determined on the basis of actuarial projections of losses. With payment of the City's annual contribution, the City has effectively transferred the risk and responsibility for payment of its workers' compensation claims. However, the enabling statute creating the GMAWCSIF permits the fund to levy an assessment upon its members to make up any deficiency the fund may have in surplus or reserves. No amount has been recorded in the financial statements for this contingency, as management believes the likelihood for assessment is remote.

11. JOINT VENTURE

The City, in conjunction with cities and counties in a fifteen (15) county area, is a member of the Northwest Georgia Regional Commission (RC). Membership in an RC is automatic for each municipality and county in the state. The official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989 and House Bill 1216) provides for the organizational structure of the RCs. Each county and municipality in the state is required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the RC. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each County and the chief elected official of each municipality. The County board members and municipal board members from the same County elect one member of the Board who is a resident (but not an elected or appointed official or employee of the County or municipality) to serve as the non-public Board member from a County.

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (O.C.G.A. 50-8-34) defines RCs as public agencies and instrumentalities of their members. Georgia law also provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC beyond its resource. (OCGA 50-8-39.1). Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Northwest Georgia Regional Commission at the following address: Northwest Georgia Regional Commission, 1 Jackson Hill Drive, Rome, Georgia 30162-1798.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through March 14, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no items noted that required modification to or disclosure in the financial statements on June 30, 2020.

Due to the COVID-19 outbreak on January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of COVID-19 include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. COVID-19 and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economy and financial markets, including the geographical area in which the City operates. While it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the City, to date the City has not experienced significant changes in its operations. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is uncertainty around the duration. The ultimate impact of the pandemic on the City's results of operations and financial position cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City, from time to time, may be involved in litigation, disputes and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. These matters arise from a variety of sources, including the day-to-day operations of the City and contracts/agreements related to its services and vendors. At the close of fieldwork, the City had no pending litigation claims.

14. RELATED PARTIES

In fiscal year 2019, the City Council voted to utilize a council member to fill the vacated position of city clerk as a temporary employee. The council member was accordingly compensated for work performed in the fiscal year 2020 in the amount of \$18,537.

16. IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB STATEMENT NO. 89

The City early implemented GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This statement establishes that in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Such interest cost should not be capitalized as part of the historical cost of a capital asset.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The other supplementary information section includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund as well as pertinent information as to the preparation of and policies pertaining to the City's annual budget

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

						'ariance
	_Fin	al Budget		Actual	Ove	er (Under)
TAXES						
General property taxes:						
Property	\$	110,000	\$	139,847	\$	29,847
Motor vehicle		150		6,449		6,299
Title ad valorem tax		41,825		21,913		(19,912)
Mobile home		5=0		942		942
Intangible		1,000		111		(889)
Railroad Tax	1	85		5.		(85)
Franchise taxes						
Electric		29,000		31,238		2,238
Natural gas		2,000		4,875		2,875
Telephone		4,000		4,334		334
Television cable	-	175		1,109	<u></u>	934
		188,235		210,818		22,583
General sales and use taxes:	3.			 :		
Local sales and use taxes	a :	128,000		157,296	×	29,296
Business taxes:						
Insurance premium	£5	87,000		100,041	a 	13,041
Penalties and interest:						
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	8	200		70	_	(130)
LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Business licenses		3,500		6,799		3,299
Building permits and fees		1,530		3,596		2,066
Regulatory fees		250		1,720		1,470
(19	5,280	_	12,115		6,835
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE						
State grants	Y	19,000	_	20,948		1,948
CHARGES FOR SERVICES						
Election qualifying fee		-		150		150
Sanitation		27,000		35,399		8,399
	3	27,000		35,549		8,549
INVESTMENT EARNINGS						
Interest income	ác	25	_	3,401		3,376
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE						
Miscellaneous revenue	770	300	_	1,725		1,425
Total Revenue	\$	455,040	\$	541,963	\$	86,923

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		-11112		V	ariance
	_ Final Budget		Actual	Ove	er (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Legislative/Executive:					
Personal Services and Employee Benefits:					
Salaries and wages	\$ 44,000	\$	38,826	\$	5,174
FICA			3,002		(3,002)
Workers compensation	300)	150		150
Purchased/Contracted Services:					
Council pay	2,000)	1,900		100
Education and training	1,092	2	1,092		Œ
Insurance	3,600)	102		3,600
Travel	1,400)	1,309		91
	52,392	! _	46,279		6,113
General Administration:					
Personal Services and Employee Benefits:					
Salaries and wages	17,500)	16,550		950
FICA	1,500		1,293		207
Workers compensation	200		209		(9)
Purchased/Contracted Services:			207		(2)
Advertising	1,800)	1,543		257
Audit fees	15,550		15,550		257
Bank charges	25		25		
Communications	25		17		8
Dues and fees	4,000		4,707		(707)
Education and training	870		435		435
Food	1,750		1,691		59
Insurance	9,417		2,060		7,357
Legal fees	6,800		5,770		1,030
Payroll service fees	2,400		2,293		1,030
Printing and Binding	2,300		2,353		(53)
Rental of equipment	4,200		3,656		544
Subscriptions	500		418		82
Technical services	2,900		1,161		1,739
Other cost:	2,700	1	1,101		1,739
Bad debt	80	Ý	75		5
Supplies:	0.0	,	73		3
Computer equipment and maintenance	850	v.	4 570		(2 720)
Supplies and materials	12,000		4,578 6,737		(3,728)
Miscellaneous	600		432		5,263
	000		432		168
Contingencies:					
Contingencies	6,300		5,642	A)	658
	91,56		77,195		14,372

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA

GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Variance
	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
General Government Buildings:			
Purchased/Contracted Services:			
Communications	3,900	3,619	281
Repairs and maintenance	5,700	3,731	1,969
Supplies:			
Electricity	2,100	1,907	193
Natural gas	1,000	871	129
Water and sewer	300	314	(14)
Property:			(A) 5
Furniture and fixtures	500	400	100
Site improvements	6,600	-	6,600
	20,100	10,842	9,258
Total General Government			
Total General Government	164,059	134,316	29,743
JUDICIAL			
Municipal Court:			
Purchased/Contracted Services:			
Education and training	325	325	
Total Judicial	325	325	
PUBLIC WORKS			
Maintenance:			
Personal Services and Employee Benefits:			
Salaries and wages	62,000	61,173	827
FICA	5,100	4,766	334
Workers compensation	1,759	1,618	141
Purchased/Contracted Services:			
Contract labor	3,303	2,100	1,203
Repairs and maintenance	8,000	7,152	848
Road and street maintenance	19,000	19,000	₹.
Supplies:			
Electricity	700	658	42
Gasoline	2,500	2,039	461
Natural gas	1,800	1,307	493
Small equipment	7,500	7,034	466
Street signs	3,500	3,208	292
Supplies and materials	4,000	4,986	(986)
Water	300	237	63
Property:			
Equipment	2,000		2,000
	121,462	115,278	6,184
Highways and Streets:			
Supplies:		*	
	24.000	20.264	0.00
Electricity	24,000	20,264	3,736

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Variance
	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Solid Waste Collection:			
Personal Services and Employee Benefits:			
Salaries and wages	17,000	16,553	447
FICA	1,500	1,329	171
Workers compensation	800	936	(136)
Purchased/Contracted Services:			
Landfill fees	10,000	8,999	1,001
Rental of dumpster	7,300	7,063	237
Repairs and maintenance	500	365	135
Supplies:			
Supplies and materials	600	446	154
Gasoline	1,500	1,411	89
	39,200	37,102	2,098
Total Public Works	184,662	172,644	12,018
CULTURE AND RECREATION			
Parks and Recreation:			
Supplies:			
Electricity	420	328	92
Miscellaneous	163	163	-
Water and sewer	75	70	5
Total Culture and Recreation	658	561	97
HOUSING AND DEVELOPMENT			
Building Inspection:			
Repairs and maintenance	3,700	3,538	162
Professional services	2,550	2,520	30
Supplies:	2,000	2,020	50
Electricity	1,900	1,794	106
Water	400	308	92
Total Housing and Development	8,550	8,160	390
INTERGOVERNMENTAL			
Remittance of fire tax	96,786	96,786	
Total Expenditures	\$ 455,040	\$ 412,792	\$ 42,248

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Estimated Cost	ted C	ost			Expen	Expenditures			Estimated % of
Project		Original		Current	P	Prior Years	Curre	Current Year		Total	Completion
CHEROKEE COUNTY, SPLOST #3											
Transportation facilities and equipment, parks and recreation facilities and public safety vehicles and											
equipment	49	940,000	4	940,000							
Roads/Transportation					9	1	-		Э.		
Facilities		8		•	60	270,348	69	E2 - 3	6	270,348	
Poster and Proposition familiaise				. 3		115/,51/		6 0		115,317	
Parks and kecreation facilities Public Safety:		•		•		115,018				115,018	
Vehicles		0		į.		99,864				99,864	
Equipment						34,552		· 10	ļ	34,552	
6		940,000		940,000		657,299	2 5	50		657,299	69.93%
CHEROKEE COUNTY, SPLOST #4 Transportation facilities and equipment, parks and recreation facilities and public safety vehicles and equipment		720,000		720,000							
Roads/Transportation facilities and improvements						22,418		10,589		33,007	
Parks and Recreation facilities				3		59,930		9,544		69,474	
Public Safety:											
Vehicles		E.		7)		29,657		e		29,657	
Equipment	ļ			*		14,793		1		14,793	
	J	720,000		720,000		126,798		20,133		146,931	20.41%
CHEROKEE COUNTY, SPLOST #5 Transportation facilities and equipment, parks and recreation facilities and public safety vehicles and											
equipment Government buildings, facilities, vehicles,											
equipment and improvements		200,000		*		£				. :	
Emergency communications system improvements Transportation facilities, vehicles, equipment and		32,043						10,681		10,681	
improvements Parks and Recreation facilities, equipment, and		450,000				34.					
improvements		52,786	,	•		*			ļ		
		1,034,829		•				10,681		10,681	%00.0
PICKENS COUNTY, SPLOST #1											
Road, street and bridge projects	ļ	16,571		16,571		16,046		392		16,438	99.20%
PICKENS COUNTY, SPLOST #2											
Road, street and bridge projects	Ĭ	729,000		729,000		139,265		723		139,988	19.20%
					-						
GRAND TOTALS	S	\$ 3,440,400	2	\$ 2,405,571	S	939,408	S	31,929	S	971,337	

Note A: The SPLOST Schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note B: The expenditures for total SPLOST activity do not reconcile to the capital outlay total shown in the basic financial statements. There were purchases of items that did not meet the City's capitalization threshold. These items have been expensed in accordance with the financial policies of the City. However, the total expenditures shown above for the current fiscal year reconcile to the amount shown in the fund statements.

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL



540 N. MAIN STREET JASPER, GA 30143 PH (706) 253-3700 FAX (706) 253-5973 489 HIGHLAND CROSSING SUITE 208 EAST ELLIJAY, GA 30540 PH (706) 515-2000 FAX (706)515-2011

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Nelson, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Nelson, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Nelson, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Nelson, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Nelson, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Nelson, Georgia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2012-001, 2014-002, 2019-001, and 2019-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Nelson, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Nelson, Georgia's Response to Findings

City of Nelson, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Nelson, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Welch, Walker & Associates, P.C., CPAs Welch, Walker & Associates, P.C., CPAs

East Ellijay, Georgia March 14, 2021

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2012-001 - Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Segregation of employees' duties is a common practice in an effective internal control structure. Policies should be in place requiring the segregation of certain duties.

Condition/Context: During the course of our testing procedures, we noted several areas in which the segregation of duties could be improved. Ideally, the duties of cash handling and bookkeeping should be segregated in order to prevent those handling cash from having access to the accounting records. Also, the duties of posting detailed transactions to the general ledger system should be segregated from other functions, such as cash reconciliation, accounts receivable, accounts payable and/or purchasing.

Cause: The limited number of employees involved in these functions and the resulting overlapping of duties causes segregation of duties to be difficult.

Effect: Without segregation of duties within these functions, there is increased exposure that City assets could be intentionally or unintentionally misappropriated. Utilizing a Council Member to fill the vacated position of City Clerk further limits segregation of duties and limits the mitigating factor of Council oversight.

Recommendation: We recommend the City continue their efforts in the design of their internal controls in order to operate with effective segregation of duties. Having adequate segregation of duties will ensure the proper recording and recognition of accounting transactions and will lessen the potential for misappropriation of City assets.

Response: This is a reoccurring item. Due to the size of the City's administration, total segregation of duties is not practical at this time. In an effort to mitigate risk, an external consultant has been retained to perform monthly bank reconciliations and review cash receipts. The City Council will continue to be closely involved in financial reporting and will continue to provide oversight as practical in order to mitigate risk of misappropriation of assets.

2014-002 - Material Adjustments and Maintenance of General Ledger

Criteria: The City is responsible for preparing annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Timely recording all transactions on a modified accrual basis is in accordance with GAAP and provides more meaningful financial information.

Condition/Context: Although the year-end financial statements are prepared on the appropriate modified accrual basis, the City maintains its general ledger on a cash basis throughout the year. The reconciliation of cash account activity on the general ledger to the bank statements is now being performed monthly. However, reconciliation of other transaction classes, such as accounts payable and accounts receivable, are not being prepared monthly.

Cause: Routine reconciliation of all subsidiary ledgers within the general ledger is not being performed. Entries to convert the financial information from cash to modified accrual are not prepared when closing the books at the end of the fiscal year.

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Effect: Failure to properly account for and reconcile revenue, receivables, expenditures, payables, cash and other general ledger transactions will distort financial information provided to management and the City Council, and could result in financial decisions being made in consideration of incomplete and inaccurate data.

Recommendation: We recommend that general ledger account balances be reconciled on a timely and routine basis by the external consultant in addition to the bank reconciliation and cash receipt review. These practices will enable the City to prepare accurate interim financial reports for monthly reporting to Council and for ongoing decision-making purposes.

Response: The City agrees with this finding and will continue their efforts for accurate financial reporting in the future.

2019 -001: Reconciliation of Cash

<u>Criteria</u>: Cash activity for all accounts held by the City at a financial banking institution should be reconciled to cash receipts and disbursements on a consistent basis.

<u>Condition/Context</u>: While bank reconciliations were consistently performed for the City's main operating account, the operating account had several uncorrected errors that carried forward throughout the fiscal year.

<u>Cause</u>: Recording errors were not corrected by management but carried forward on the monthly bank reconciliations. A deposit in transit was used to force the bank balance to reconcile to the general ledger balance at fiscal year-end. The majority of these errors originated from the City's software sub-ledger modules not posting correctly to the general ledger. While these errors were not material or pervasive, these errors were not resolved. In addition, the recording of one transfer between cash accounts was omitted from the general ledger in the General Fund.

Effect: Overall cash balances for the General Fund were overstated by management in the amount of \$10,560.12 (net). Of this amount, \$458.52 relates to receipts not recorded on the general ledger, and \$11,018.64 relates to a transfer of cash from the operating account to another cash account held by the City. Reconciling cash activity ensures that amounts are accurate and complete. Such information is necessary to safeguard against the potential misappropriation or misuse of cash. By not evaluating and resolving reconciliation items on a consistent basis, the Organization is at risk, as timely information is not available should any loss or misuse of cash occur.

<u>Recommendation</u>: It is our recommendation that the Organization reconcile all inflows and outflows of cash as stated on the general ledger to the monthly bank statements on a regular and consistent basis. A discrepancy between the ledger and the bank statements should be assessed for reasonableness and addressed if differences are not attributable to timing variances.

Response: The Organization agrees with this finding and will reconcile all cash accounts on the general ledger to cash receipts and disbursements on a timely and consistent basis.

2019 -002: Repayment of Interfund Balances

Criteria: Interfund balances should be repaid on a timely basis.

CITY OF NELSON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Condition/Context:</u> In fiscal year 2019, \$42,668 of special purpose local option sales tax was deposited into the General Fund operating cash account in error. In addition, two bills, totaling \$954, were paid online using the SPLOST cash account instead of the General Fund operating cash account. Management repaid these items in fiscal year 2020, but duplicated the re-payment of \$42,668, resulting in an interfund balance at June 30, 2020.

<u>Cause</u>: As noted in comment 2019-001, reconciliation of sub-ledgers and overall activity recorded in the general ledger should be performed on a routinely and timely basis. Any discrepancies should be addressed and resolved.

<u>Effect:</u> Cash balances were understated in the General Fund by \$42,668 and overstated in the SPLOST Fund by \$42,668. As SPLOST cash is restricted by law, the repayment of these amounts on a timely basis is paramount.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Care must be exercised to ensure that activity related to restricted funds is handled properly and to ensure that no errors have occurred. It is our recommendation that the Organization correct all interfund errors on a timely basis as they are identified by management.

Response: The Organization agrees with this finding and will repay interfund balances on a timely and consistent basis.