

# Metastases of Renal Cell Carcinoma to Thyroid Gland

*Hong Kong Association of Endocrine Surgeons  
5 th Clinical Meeting*

*SIU Lincoln  
United Christian Hospital*

# Outline

- ◆ Case presentation
- ◆ Literature Review

# Case presentation

# Case presentation

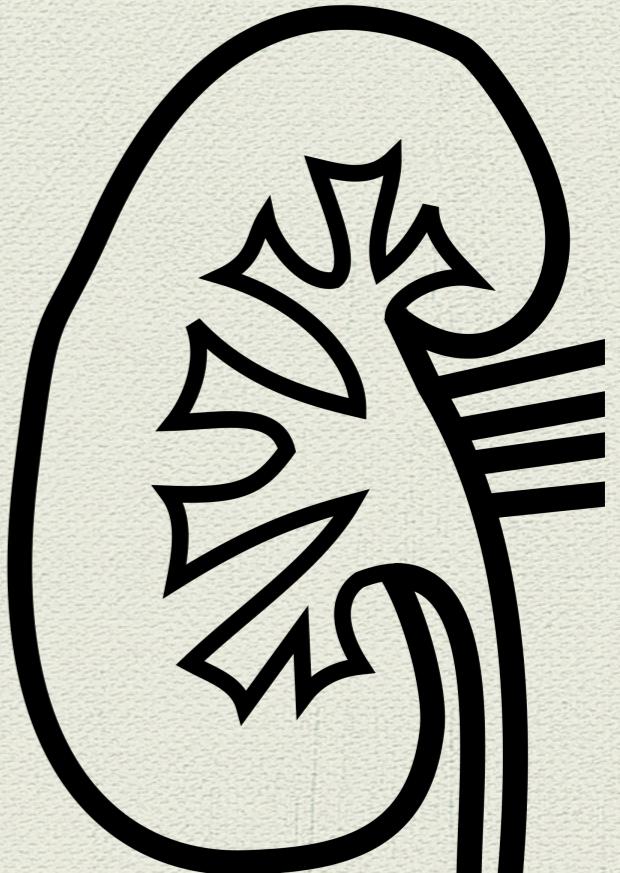
- ◆ 68 / M
- ◆ Hx of Right Renal Cell Carcinoma (RCC)
- ◆ Referred from Oncology for incidental CT detected thyroid nodules

# Case presentation

- ◆ 68 / M
- ◆ Ex smoker , non drinker
- ◆ Past health : Left hemifacial spasm
  - ◆ CT Brain + Brainstem auditory evoked potential (BAEP) - unremarkable
  - ◆ Dysport injection

# Right RCC

- ◆ 8/2013 : Open right radical nephrectomy + renal vein thrombectomy + adrenalectomy
- ◆ Pathology : pT4, clear cell , Fuhrman G2 , renal vein margin involved (closed to IVC)



# Right RCC

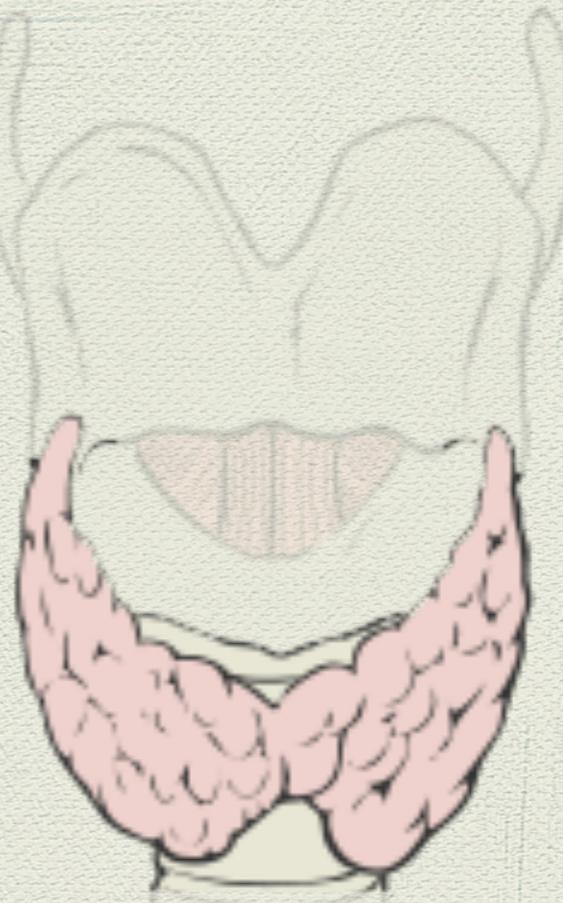
- ◆ Post op plan :
- ◆ No role for adjuvant Sunitinib
- ◆ For CT surveillance

# Right RCC

- ◆ FU CT (2013 - 2015) showed suspected lung , adrenal nodules
- ◆ Discussed option of palliative target therapy
- ◆ Opt to observe

# Thyroid nodules

- ◆ FU PET CT 9/2015
- ◆ FU CT 10/2016 :
  - ◆ 1.9 cm hypondense hypoenhancing right lobe nodule



# Thyroid nodules

- ◆ USG thyroid 2/2017
- ◆ Several right lobe nodules
- ◆ Largest right middle / lower lobe heterogenous echogenic  $2.1 \times 1.9 \times 2.47$  cm with internal hypoechoic shadow
- ◆ No enlarged cervical LN

# Thyroid nodules

- ◆ CT 3/2018
- ◆ Largest right thyroid nodule 3.8 x 2.8 cm
- ◆ USG FNAC 2/2019
- ◆ Cystic fluid , non diagnostic (C1)



# Thyroid nodules

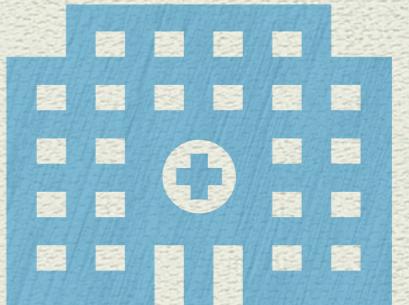
- ◆ Repeat USG FNAC 5/2020
- ◆ Clear cell neoplasm , favour metastatic renal cell carcinoma (PAX8 +ve , PTH / TTF1 / CK7 -ve)

# Thyroid nodules

- ◆ Private PET CT 8/2020
- ◆ No local recurrence
- ◆ 5.2 cm right lobe heterogenous mass ( FDG uptake 3.2 SUV )
- ◆ No enlarged / hypermetabolic cervical lymph node

# Metastasis to thyroid

- ◆ Right hemithyroidectomy 8/2020
- ◆ Large vascular thyroid
- ◆ Multiple right thyroid nodules



# Metastasis to thyroid

- ◆ Right hemithyroidectomy 8/2020
- ◆ Metastatic renal cell carcinoma , clear cell type / multifocal
- ◆ Anterior resection margin involved

# Metastasis to thyroid

- ◆ Post op plan :
  - ◆ Not for completion thyroidectomy

# Latest condition

- ◆ Latest PET CT 3/2022
- ◆ No local recurrence at anatomical right renal bed
- ◆ No new metabolically active metastatic lesion

# Literature Review

# Prevalence

- ◆ Thyroid metastasis
  - ◆ 2 % (1.4-3%) of all thyroid malignancy
- ◆ Common primary site
  - ◆ RCC : 25 - 50%
  - ◆ Lung , Breast , GI tract , Head and neck

[Tjahjono, 2021]  
[Stergianos, 2021]

# Prevalence

- ◆ RCC site of metastasis
- ◆ Common : lung , regional LN , bone , liver
- ◆ Uncommon : thyroid

[Tjahjono, 2021]

# Pathophysiology

- ◆ Thyroid metastasis is rare :
- ◆ Fast arterial blood flow prevent from secondary tumour
- ◆ High concentration of oxygen and iodine

[Stergianos, 2021]

# Pathophysiology

- ◆ RCC being commonest primary site :
- ◆ Haematogenous spread through paravertebral venous plexus of Batson
- ◆ Bypass pulmonary circulation

[Tjahjono, 2021]

# Latency period

- ◆ Median time : 5-10 years



[Tjahjono, 2021]

# Presentation

## **Clear-cell renal cell carcinoma single thyroid metastasis: A single-center retrospective analysis and review of the literature**

Isabella Ricci <sup>1</sup>, Francesco Barillaro <sup>2</sup>, Enrico Conti <sup>2</sup>, Donatella Intersimone <sup>3</sup>, Paolo Dessanti <sup>3</sup>,  
Carlo Aschele <sup>1</sup>

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<sup>2</sup> Department of Urology, Ospedale S. Bartolomeo, Sarzana, Italy;

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# Presentation

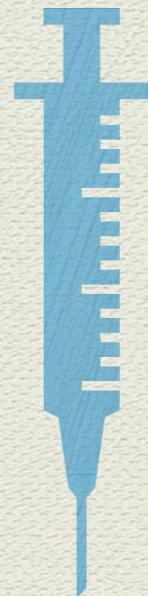
- ◆ Symptomatic / Painless mass 70%
- ◆ Asymptomatic 30%
- ◆ Dysphagia , hoarseness , dyspnea



[Ricci, 2021]

# Investigation

- ◆ USG
- ◆ FNAC
- ◆ CT / PET-CT



[Ricci, 2021]

# Management

- ◆ Radical surgery : localized metastasis
  - ◆ Hemi / total thyroidectomy
  - ◆ [ No data on neck dissection ]
- ◆ Palliative surgery : compression symptoms
- ◆ Systemic therapy : disseminated disease

[Ricci, 2021]

# Prognosis

THYROID

Volume 25, Number 3, 2015

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## Survival After Renal Cell Carcinoma Metastasis to the Thyroid: Single Center Experience and Systematic Review of the Literature

Ulrich Beutner,<sup>1,\*</sup> Christine Leowardt,<sup>2,\*</sup> Ulrich Bork,<sup>3</sup> Cornelia Lüthi,<sup>1</sup> Ignazio Tarantino,<sup>2</sup>  
Sascha Pahernik,<sup>4</sup> Moritz N. Wente,<sup>5</sup> Markus W. Büchler,<sup>2</sup> Bruno M. Schmied,<sup>1</sup> and Sascha A. Müller<sup>1</sup>

# Prognosis

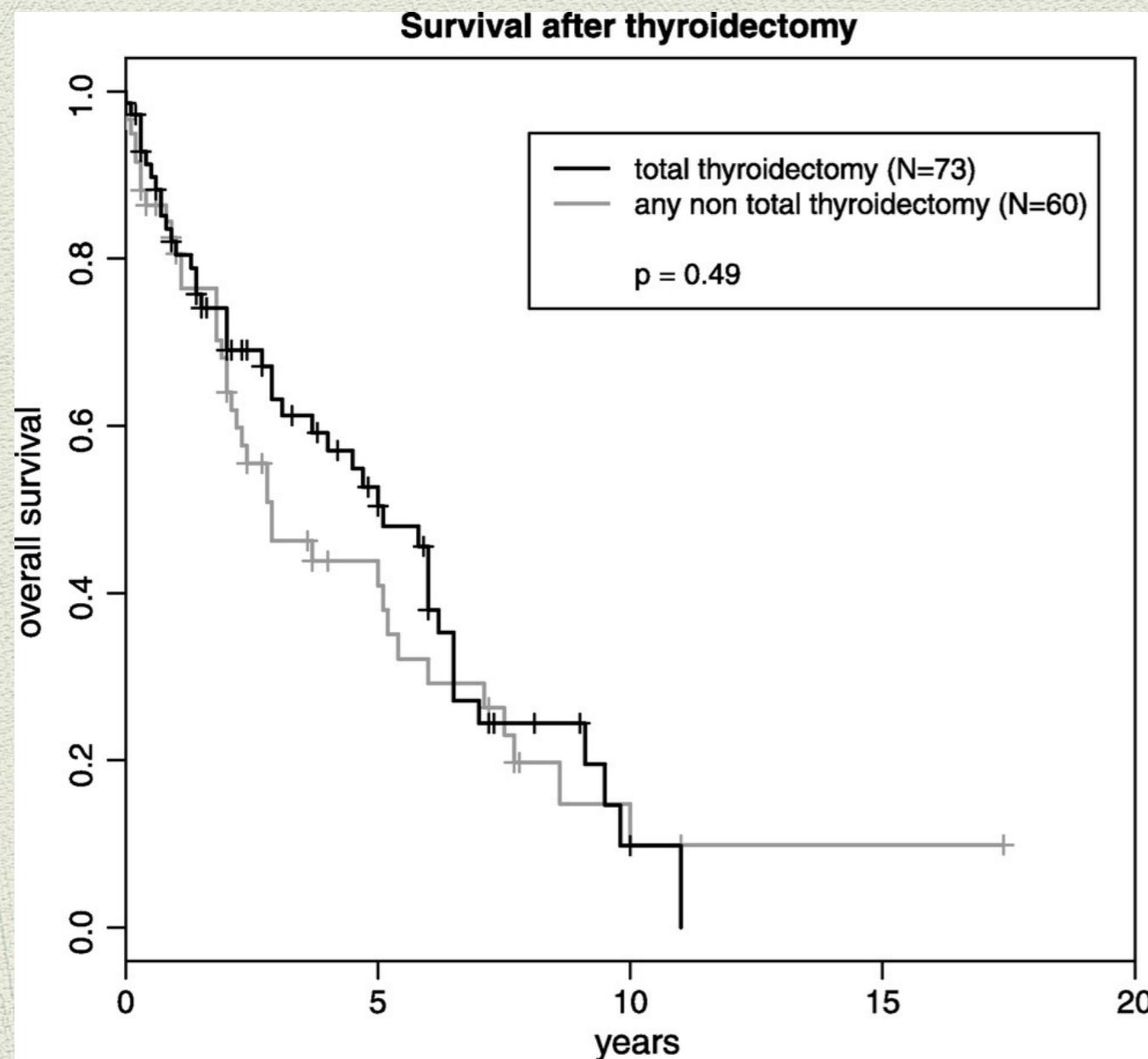
- ◆ Median survival after any metastasis of renal cell carcinoma : 1 to 2.3 years
- ◆ Median survival after thyroid metastasis : 3.4 years

[Beutner, 2015]

# Prognosis

- ◆ Disseminated disease : poor prognosis
- ◆ Isolated thyroid metastasis : more favourable

# Prognosis



Overall survival after total thyroidectomy (black line) and any other nontotal thyroidectomy (gray line).

[Beutner, 2015]

# Prognosis

## **Clear-cell renal cell carcinoma single thyroid metastasis: A single-center retrospective analysis and review of the literature**

Isabella Ricci <sup>1</sup>, Francesco Barillaro <sup>2</sup>, Enrico Conti <sup>2</sup>, Donatella Intersimone <sup>3</sup>, Paolo Dessanti <sup>3</sup>,  
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- ◆ Post radical surgery : 5 year survival rate  
30-60%

# Prognosis

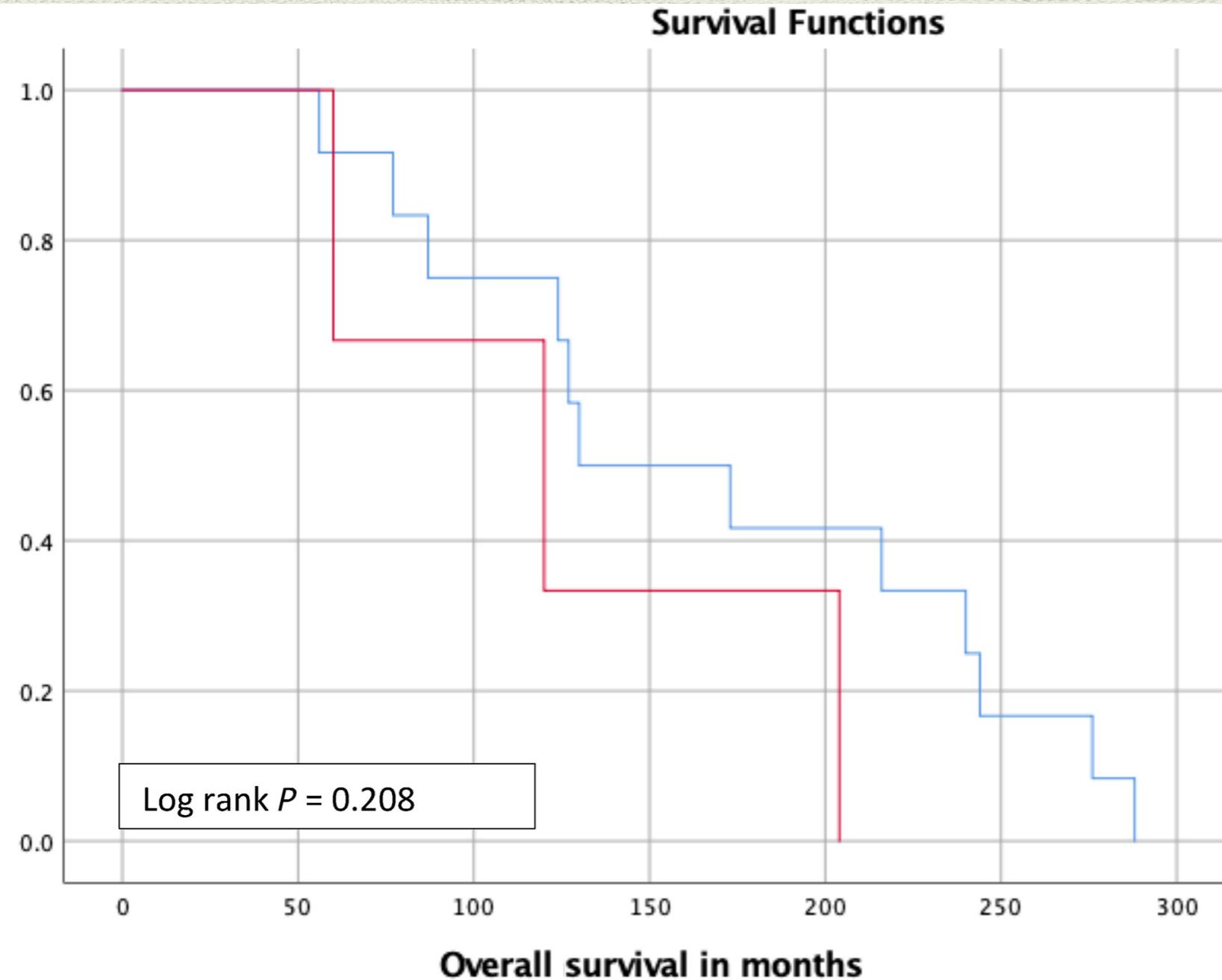
## Thyroid gland metastasis from renal cell carcinoma: a case series and literature review

Richard Tjahjono MD, Daniel Phung BMed, Howard Gurney MBBS, FRACP, Ruta Gupta MD, FRCPA, Faruque Riffat MBBS, FRACS, Carsten E. Palme MBBS, FRACS ✉

First published: 14 December 2020 | <https://doi.org/10.1111/ans.16482>

**R. Tjahjono** MD; **D. Phung** BMed; **H. Gurney** MBBS, FRACP; **R. Gupta** MD, FRCPA; **F. Riffat** MBBS, FRACS; **C. E. Palme** MBBS, FRACS.

# Prognosis



Kaplan–Meier survival curve of patients with thyroid metastasis who underwent thyroidectomy and patients who did not.

Thyroidectomy?:  
( yes; () no.)

[Tjahjono, 2021]

# Prognosis

- ◆ Partial vs total thyroidectomy
- ◆ Survival did not differ ( $HR = 0.86$ ,  $p = 0.49$ )

[Beutner, 2015]

# Conclusion

- ◆ Metastasis to thyroid is rare but should be considered with history of RCC
- ◆ Latency period can be up to years
- ◆ FNAC is helpful in making diagnosis
- ◆ Radical surgery should be considered for isolated RCC thyroid metastasis

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# Q&A