

SeaHawk Tutors

Yr 11 Maths Sept Mock 4 (40 mins)

1.

a. Express

$$\frac{3}{x} - \frac{5+x}{2x} + \frac{1}{4}$$

as a single fraction in its simplest form.

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$$\frac{3}{x} - \frac{5+x}{2x} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{12}{4x} - \frac{10+2x}{4x} + \frac{2}{4x} = \frac{12}{4x}$$

$$\times 4 \times 2 \times 4x$$

$$= \frac{12-10-2x+x}{4x} = \frac{2-x}{4x}$$

$$= \frac{2-x}{4x} = \frac{2}{4x}$$

b. Make q the subject of the equation

$$p = \frac{q-1}{q+1}$$

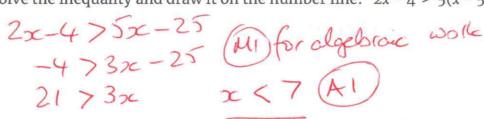
$$p(q+1) = q-1 \implies pq+p = q-1 \implies pq-q = -p-1$$

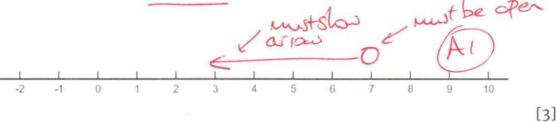
$$\Rightarrow pq-q = -p+1$$

$$\Rightarrow q(1-p) = p+1 \implies q \text{ for alterate at factorising}$$

$$\Rightarrow q = p+1 \text{ on } q \text{ on$$

2. Solve the inequality and draw it on the number line: 2x - 4 > 5(x - 5)





3. A curve has the equation $y = 4x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$. Show that the graph of this curve has two turning points, one of which is the origin, and find the *x*-coordinate of the other. [4]

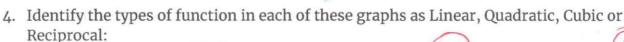
$$y = 4x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

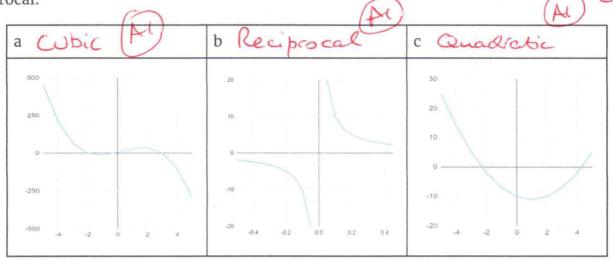
At turning point dy = 0

$$=) 0 = 12x^2 + x$$

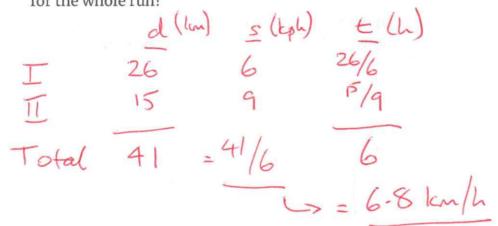
=>
$$0 = 12x^2 + x$$
 (ii) for setting = 0
= $x(12x+1)$ (iii)

$$=) x = 0 \text{ or } x = \frac{-1}{12}$$





5. A long distance runner is training for a race. She runs 26 km at a constant speed of 6 kph, then speeds up for the final 15km, running at a speed of 9 kph. What is her average speed for the whole run?



6. Five children on a rollercoaster have an average (mean) mass of 28kg. Two get off; the mean weight of these two is 26.5kg. What is the mean weight of the remaining children on the ride?

Children Mean Total mass (kg)

Originally 5 × 28 = [140 — All)

2 get off 2 × 26.5 = 53 —

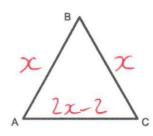
3 left on 3

Mean =
$$\frac{87}{3}$$
 = $\frac{29 \text{ kg}}{3}$ Al

up. Triangle ABC is isosceles and has dimensions as follows:

$$AB = BC = x$$
.

$$AC = 2x - 2$$
.



The triangle has a perimeter of 16cm.

Find the area of the triangle.

[5]

$$16 = 4x - 2 \Rightarrow 4x = 18$$

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 $x = \frac{18}{4} = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5 \text{ cm}$

$$h = 4.5^2 - 3.5^2$$
 (M) for phagons
 $h = 18 = 212 = 2.83$

A=
$$\frac{1}{2} \times b \times h = \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 2.83$$
 with Their h