



HELLO & WELCOME!

Woohoo for you!

Congrats on taking the first step in buying your first home: Learning how to buy your first home!

This 90-day homebuyer boot camp is filled with actionable steps to become a homeowner in just 3 months.

Yep, just 3 months.

And the best part is, you don't have to go it alone. We are here for you every step of the way. So, at any point, if you need a little bit of help or need a cheerleader in your corner, we got you.





Jonie & Heather







QUESTIONS?

As we go through this process, please be sure to write down any questions as they come. We can set up weekly or monthly calls to go over everything, or shoot them to us as they come. Whatever works best for you!

Jonie Sturek 402.305.8195 jonie.sturek@betteromaha.com Heather Tedesco 402.980.6462 heather.tedesco@betteromaha.com

MONTH ONE

In month one we will:

- Mentally prepare you to buy a home
- Learn all about the homebuying process
- Get past homeownership myths
- Determine if you're actually ready to become a homeowner
- Talk about saving for your downpayment
- Make sure your finances are in order





THE HOMEBUYING PROCESS

When buying your first home, it is important to have an overall idea of what the process will look like. Here is a step-by-step breakdown and everything we will be covering over the next three months.

	1
GET YOUR FINANCES IN ORDER	
Gather your documents	
Gather your downpayment	
Get pre-approved	START YOUR SEARCH
	Hire your buyer agent
	Start previewing properties online
3 GET YOUR OFFER ACCEPTED	Schedule showings with your agent
Write your best offer on your favorite property	
Negotiate terms of offer and sign contract	
Deposit escrow & complete loan application	
	DUE DILLIGENCE
	Conduct inspections
CLOSING DAY	Negotiate any repairs
Title company will conduct title search	Order appraisal
Receive closing statement/clear to close	Order homeowner insurance
Wire funds to closing company	•
Conduct final walk-through	Better Wellowe Howe
Get keys and move in!	Honge TEAM

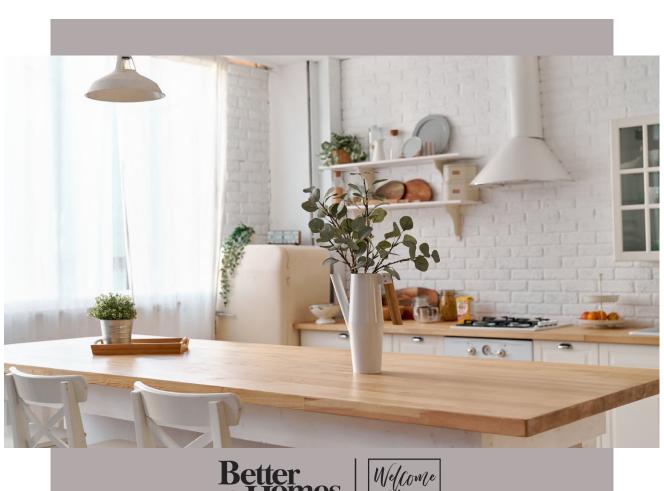
WHY BECOME A HOMEOWNER?

For many people, owning a home represents the stability, independence, and freedom of reaching adulthood. While that perception may be changing to some degree as more people wait longer to buy homes, it is still a major milestone. Real estate is considered by many to be a sound investment that offers unique wealth-building opportunities.

Buying a home expands options for the future, whether you plan to sell and make a profit or leverage the equity in your home to pay for other major expenses.

Homeowners are often very invested in their community. They get involved in activities, volunteer for charity organizations, and help out with special events. They feel a sense of belonging that is often greater than someone who is renting for a short term.

Homeownership has far-reaching effects, financial and otherwise, starting with the buyer and continuing throughout the community.





MYTHS ABOUT BUYING YOUR FIRST HOME

Many people believe homeownership is out of their reach. But, what you need is a plan. And a good team to support you!

Move past these eight home-buying myths and start seeing just how affordable homeownership is!

1

YOU NEED TO MAKE A 20% DOWN PAYMENT

There are great options available to help you put a smaller down payment on your home. You can apply for down payment assistance programs, use gift money, or get mortgage insurance.

*Speak with your agent or lender for more information & about qualifications. 2

IT'S CHEAPER TO RENT

If you plan on renting for a couple of years or more, buying may be in your best interest. That's because mortgage payments are stable (when you choose a fixed-rate), whereas rent can rise annually.

According to data from RENTCafe, the national average rent increased 3.2% year over year.

3

INTEREST RATES ARE RISING

Current rates may rise or fall for a variety of reasons, but not by much. If your finances are in order and you've found a home you love, don't wait long for a lower rate.

4

YOU NEED TO PAYOFF YOUR STUDENT LOANS FIRST

Student loan debt could actually be considered good debt and help build your credit history.

It may seem overwhelming to take on more debt, but you have to remember your home will build equity, which can eventually be used to pay off debts like student loans or credit cards.

MYTHS ABOUT BUYING YOUR FIRST HOME

CONTINUED...

5

YOUR CREDIT SCORE NEEDS TO BE PERFECT

Your credit needs to be just as good as what you would need to rent a home.

Poor credit challenges both renters and homeowners alike. Work on strengthening your credit if it falls lower than 600. When you feel it's getting healthier, consult with a lender 6

ALL LENDERS ARE THE SAME

Rates and fees vary based on the lender. Some charge upfront fees, others don't. Some pay their employees a commission (resulting in an added cost to you), while others don't.

Do your research or contact us for a list of lenders that may fit your needs best.

7

THE LISTING PRICE IS JUST A SUGGESTION

In highly competitive markets, don't set your heart on a home that is on budget or above budget. Sometimes, you need to offer more than the asking price to compete

Real estate agents know their markets. A good real estate agent can help you stay within budget and guide you through making the right offer.

8

FALL AND WINTER ARE BAD TIMES TO BUY

Many people think that spring is the best time of year to buy, but the reality is — too many buyers competing for limited housing can drive up prices. Score a better deal by buying during the off-season.









SIGNS YOU'RE READY TO BECOME A HOMEOWNER

Buying your first home can cause a lot of anxiety. How do you know when you're ready to buy a house?

Here are 9 signs that you're ready to buy your first home:

•••••



You have enough saved for a down payment

There are a few up-front costs associated with buying a home. But, the biggest one is the down payment. Depending on which type of mortgage you get, you need between 3% – 20% of the purchase price as a down payment.



You have decent credit

Having perfect credit isn't a requirement to get approved for a mortgage. But if your credit score is at least 640, your odds of getting approved are much higher. If your score is at least 580, you may qualify for an FHA loan with a 3.5% down payment. The higher your credit score, the better interest rate as well.



YOU CAN AFFORD THE MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The amount of home you qualify for is tied to your debt-to-income ratio. It's typically recommended to keep your DTI ratio no higher than 36%. If you're renting a home, the chances are that your mortgage payment will be close to what you're paying in rent. Use our calculator to find out what your mortgage payment will be and how much you can afford.



YOU HAVE STEADY EMPLOYMENT

If you have had the same job with the same company for at least 2 years, you're most likely financially stable enough to have a mortgage. It will also be much easier to get approved for a loan with 2+ years of steady employment. Having solid employment history is a good sign you're ready to buy a house.





SIGNS YOU'RE READY TO BECOME A HOMEOWNER

CONTINUED...



You plan to live in the home for at least 2 years

Buying is cheaper than renting, but only if you don't move within 2 years. If you plan on settling down in a city and don't have any immediate plans on moving, then buying is a good option for you. With inflation and home prices on the rise, there's a good chance that the home you buy today will be worth more in a few years. Buying a home really is an investment.



YOU'RE TIRED OF RENTING

Renting is exhausting. Paying someone else's mortgage payment, helping them improve their bank account while draining yours. You can't make any upgrades, or at least it's a waste of time and money to do so. Buying a home does come with its own sense of pride. You can finally take pride in your home. Make upgrades, plant flowers, paint the walls. You can finally make it your own.



YOU CAN AFFORD TO MAKE REPAIRS

Renting is easier in many respects. If anything in the home, such as your dishwasher, breaks. You make a call to the landlord, and they fix it, costing you nothing. When you have a mortgage, you're responsible for any repairs needed. However, you can get to buy a home warranty plan, which will cover a lot of repairs for a fixed monthly cost.



YOU'RE COMFORTABLE MANAGING DEBT

Being a homeowner means taking on a certain level of responsibility. Making consistent credit payments, knowing how to manage your debt, and maintaining a budget are all skills needed for homeownership. By tracking your expenses, it can also reduce your stress levels and give you peace of mind.

If most of these apply to you, then you may just be ready to buy your first home. It's time to contact a mortgage lender to get preapproved before you start your search for your dream home.

Need a good lender? We have a list of trusted partners to help you!





SAVING FOR A Down Payment

Now that you have decided that you are prepared and ready to take on the dream of homeownership, it is time to start saving for your down payment.

As we mentioned, you very well may not need to put down 20%. While you may qualify for a loan that only requires 3.5% down, it is important to understand that with a lower down payment, you will have to pay a higher monthly mortgage payment and your lender will tack on private mortgage insurance. PMI is an additional cost to your monthly payment (around .58-1.86 of your loan) that will drop off once you have 20% equity in your home.

You will also want to speak with your lender or agent about closing costs. This can account for another 3-6% cost of your home purchase. These fees can be negotiated sometimes, so make sure you are working with a great agent who understands your budget and loan terms.

Saving for a 10% down payment with included closing costs is a good cushion to strive for.

Some ways to save for your down payment:

- Set aside your tax return into a home savings account
- Cut back on unnecessary monthly expenses
- Put 20% of your paycheck into your home savings account or as much as you can
- Ask a family member to gift you money for your down payment







GET YOUR FINANCES IN ORDER



Getting your finances in order is the first thing you'll want to start working on — well before you're ready to sign on the dotted line.

Start with paying down your debts. The bank wants your total debt to be no more than about 38% of your income. So if your income is \$3000/mo. then the bank figures your total debt can be \$1140/mo. for mortgage payments.

Paying down your debt as much as possible will increase your borrowing power. Start by paying down the highestinterest debt first (credit cards) before lower interest debt (car loans, student loans).

Another very important factor in getting a mortgage is your credit score. Good credit not only helps you qualify for a loan in the first place, but it also helps you get a better deal when you do get a loan.

Besides debt and your credit score, lenders will take a look at all aspects of your finances to determine your borrowing power.

Here's a list of what lenders are likely to consider:

- FICO® credit scores and credit history
- Down payment amount
- List of assets (stocks, real estate, etc.)
- Income and employment history
- Tax returns
- Bank statements for two to three months
- Desired loan amount compared to value of home
- Total debt compared to income your debt-to-income ratio
- Rental history (if you're currently renting or have rented in the past)





DEBT-TO-INCOME RATIO

Your debt-to-income ratio (DTI) compares how much you owe each month to how much you earn, specifically, the percentage of your gross monthly income (before taxes). Lenders like to see a percentage below 38%.

Monthly Debt	Amount
Monthly rent payment	
Monthly car payment	
Monthly child support/alimony	
Monthly credit card payment (min payn	nent)
Monthly student loan payment	
-1.5 Tota	l Monthly Bills
7.8 4.3 30.8 52.2 Your Gross M	Monthly Income
29.1 x 19.8 5.9 x 19.8	
Your Debt-to	o-Income Ratio

(DTI)



Credit score minimum requirements

FHA Loan 500-580

VA Loan 580

USDA Loan 620

Home Ready/Home Possible Loan 620

Conventional Loan 620

FHA 230K Rehab Loan 640







GET YOUR CREDIT IN GOOD STANDING

If working on your credit score is on your list of things to do, here are some tips to guide you in the right direction.

To start repairing your credit, you have to know what you need to repair. Read through your credit report to see what the negative items may be adversely affecting your credit score.

By law, you're entitled to free credit reports from each of the three credit bureaus each year.

Once you get your reports, look through them to determine what needs to be repaired.

Next, you will want to start working on your payment history. Your payment history impacts your credit score more than any other factor.

Start by getting current on accounts that are past due.

Next, take care of collection accounts by paying them off.

Finally, you will want to start paying down your highest balances on cards and loans. Keeping credit card balances below 30% of your limit is ideal.

If you are overwhelmed by the amount of debt or issues with your credit, it is a good idea to speak with a credit repair company that can help you create an action plan and walk you through the processes.





BOOST YOUR Credit score

Establishing good credit habits is essential so that you can build and improve your credit history and credit score. If your credit score is good but could use some improvement before applying for a mortgage, take a look at the list below for ways to boost your credit score.

Remember, homebuyers can buy a home with credit scores as low as 500, but you may pay higher interest rates. You will want to discuss with your lender what the difference in monthly payments might look like with a higher score. If your credit score is below 500, boosting your credit score may only take a few short months and you could be ready to become a homeowner in no time!

	ŀ	^{3}RAC	TICE	GOOD	CREDIT	HABI	TS:
--	---	-----------	------	------	--------	------	-----

- Make your payments on time and pay at least the minimum if you can.
- If you use credit cards, keep your percentage of debt below 30% of your limit.
- Avoid applying for multiple credit accounts close together.
- Keep credit card accounts open. It helps build good credit history and you want to keep that credit limit.
- Check your credit report yearly. Make sure there are no issues that need to be disputed.

MAKE A LIST OF THE STEPS YOU NEED TO TAKE TO IMPROVE YOUR CREDIT SCORE IF NEEDED.

MONTH ONE COMPLETE

CREATE YOUR PLAN OF ACTION FOR MONTH ONE

What documents do you need to gather or prepare?
What do you need to do to gather your down payment?
Is there anything you need to do to improve your credit?
Other?





MONTH TWO

In month two we will:

- Get you prepared to get pre-approved for a loan
- Meet with local lenders
- Hire your real estate agent
- Begin determining your home wants and needs
- Start the home search process







At this point, you have your credit in check and a savings plan for your down payment. Now it's time to reach out to your local lender and find out exactly how much home you qualify for and get pre-approved for a mortgage.

This will tell you exactly how much home you can afford or how much you want to spend on your monthly payment.

You may think that you will want to spend \$400,000 on a new home, but a lender may think otherwise. Or, you may qualify for \$500,000, but not want to make the higher monthly payment that comes with borrowing more money.

Make sure you are getting pre-approved by your lender and not just pre-qualified. A pre-approval will give you your exact loan terms and will be required when making an offer.

Friendly reminder: A pre-approval is only valid for 30-90 days, so while you can start talking to lenders, you'll want to wait on getting that pre-approval letter until you're ready to buy.









WHAT TYPE OF LOAN IS RIGHT FOR YOU?

A mortgage is a type of loan that you can get from a bank or other lender to help you buy a house or other property. Mortgages come with various interest rates, down payments, and terms—all of which can vary depending on the lender.

A down payment on your mortgage is the money you pay upfront when buying a home. The lender will fund the rest.

These are the 4 main types of loans available for most borrowers, but your lender may have other programs available to you depending on your circumstances.

CONVENTIONAL

A conventional mortgage or conventional loan, is any type of home buyer's loan that is not offered or secured by a government entity. Instead, conventional mortgages are available through private lenders, such as banks, credit unions, and mortgage companies.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION (FHA)

A FHA loan gives borrowers a chance to buy a home with a lower minimum down payment (3.5%) and lower credit scores, than many conventional loans. You'll need a credit score of at least 580 to qualify. If your credit score falls between 500 and 579, you can still get an FHA loan as long as you can make a 10% down payment.

Veterans Administration (VA)

VA loans assist active service members, veterans, and surviving spouses to become homeowners. VA loans offer up to 100% financing on the value of a home. VA loan recipients do not have to be first-time home buyers.

U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)

A USDA home loan is a zero down payment mortgage for eligible rural and suburban homebuyers. A USDA loan allows you to get low mortgage interest rates, even without a down payment. If you put little or no money down, you will still have to pay a mortgage insurance premium.





QUESTIONS TO ASK POTENTIAL LENDERS

There is no one size fits all when it comes to working with lenders and the terms that they can give you for your loan. It is important to interview about 3 different lenders and find out which is the best fit for you.

Here is a list of questions to ask each lender:

- 1. What is the interest rate you are offering, and how did you arrive at it?
- 2. How will the rate change over the life of the loan?
- 3. If an adjustable-rate mortgage (ARM), what is the worst-case scenario I could face when the rate resets?
- 4. Are you locking in my rate? For how long? What does the lock cost me?
- 5. Could you estimate closing costs for my loan?
- 6. Can you explain an annual percentage rates (APR), and what is it for this loan?
- 7. What am I paying in points?
- 8. What are my monthly payments?
- 9. Do I need to pay private mortgage insurance (PMI?)
- 10. Are there any prepayment penalties on this loan?
- 11. Here's my timeline. Are you certain you can get this done in time for closing?

PREFERRED PARTNERS

Ever wonder who the experts choose to work with on their own homes? From lenders to contractors to insurance providers and everything in between, we've compiled a list of our preferred partners to help you. Having a choice in who you work with is imperative, having someone you trust makes all the difference. Trusting is hard. Knowing who to trust is even harder. Let us help by connecting you to those we trust with our own homes.





Lender Questionnaire

Use this questionnaire as you talk with and interview lenders

Name:		Company:
Phone	Number:	Email:
	What is the	e interest rate you are offering, and how did you arrive at it?
	How will th	ne rate change over the life of the loan?
		table-rate mortgage (ARM), what is the worst-case scenario I could the rate resets?
	Are you loo	cking in my rate? For how long? What does the lock cost me?
	Could you	estimate closing costs for my loan?
	Can you ex	xplain an annual percentage rates (APR), and what is it for this loan?
	What am I	paying in points?
	What are r	ny monthly payments?
	Do I need t	to pay private mortgage insurance (PMI?)
	Are there a	any prepayment penalties on this loan?
	Here's my	timeline. Are you certain you can get this done in time for closing?





LET THE HOME SEARCH BEGIN

Now that you have your approval from your lender, it's time to begin searching for your new home. While it's fun to dream about all the possibilities your new home might encompass, getting serious about finding a home to buy will eventually require a series of choices based on what's possible and practical. You will want to start your search by price and then look for all the other wants and needs available to you in that price range.

Here are 6 strategies for finding the perfect home for now and for the future:

THE RIGHT PRICE

Price will ultimately dictate what you can and can not afford. If you are searching in a seller's market, like we are today, it is best to look for homes under the top of your budget. This will give you leverage to put in a great offer and compete with other buyers. If we are in a buyer's market, it is okay to take a look at homes just above your budget, as you may be able to negotiate the price down.

LOCATION, LOCATION

Finding the right location should be at the top of your list. While you can make cosmetic changes to your home down the road, you can't change out school districts, ease of commute to work, or the safety of where you live.

It's important to look at how the location will affect your lifestyle now, and in the future. Are you planning to have kids, is your work switching to more work-from-home positions? Do the neighbors upkeep their homes to help your home appreciate in value, or are the neighboring homes deteriorating?

THINK LONG TERM

While location is part of thinking long term, there are other factors to consider when thinking about your lifestyle now and in the future.

Does this home have enough bedrooms and bathrooms for an expanding family or aging parents that might be moving in down the road? Is the backyard big enough for a pool or a garden someday? Are you able to make important renovations to the home as the years go on?

6 STRATEGIES FOR FINDING THE PERFECT HOME CONTINUED...

Property conditions

Being a first-time homeowner, you may think it would be a fun project to get a home that needs fixing up. But don't let those HGTV shows fool you. Home repairs require a lot of work and time and can be very costly. If you do not have experience with this type of work, you may want to consider move-in-ready homes that you can make small upgrades to versus a home that needs a lot of repairs.

DON'T FOCUS ON MINOR COSMETIC ISSUES

The paint can be changed. Wallpaper can be removed. The home's big backyard that is a must on your list, can't be changed.

Don't spend time focusing on the minor decor that is not your style. It can be changed. And try to look past the current homeowner's clutter and personal items.

If the home encompasses a lot of other important wants and needs, it would be wise to focus on that and picture the home with a clean slate.

DECIDE YOUR WANTS VS NEEDS

Make a list of all the things your home must have versus additional items that would be added bonuses.

You might want an updated kitchen, but your home must have 3 bedrooms and 2 baths to fit your family comfortably. The kitchen can always come later.









HOME BUYER Questionnaire

Let's play 20 questions! Ok, ok... let's just make sure we're all on the same page in the search for your new home! Please take some time to complete these questions and send back so we can start searching for homes that meet your criteria.

What area are you looking to move to?
Is there a specific school district you need to be in?
How many bedrooms, bathrooms, and preferred square footage?
Do you prefer a 1 story or 2 story? Single family or townhome? Condo? Etc.
What's your favorite style of home?
Does your home need to have a home office? A pool? Any other special room or feature?
Any other wants or needs that we should be aware of?





DETERMINING YOUR WANTS AND NEEDS



It's now time to start making a list of your wants and needs in your new home before you take the time to go out and look at homes.

A good way to start is to sit down with your family and make a list of everything that comes to mind. You can then divide that list into the specifics that any home you consider must include (your needs) and the features it would be nice to have (your wants).

Remember: A need is a necessity. It is essential, and you must not go without it.

A want is something that you might find beneficial but could live without or make those changes later down the road.

Your list of wants and needs may change as we tour homes, but give it a good start by creating your list on the next page.

EXAMPLES OF WANTS

- A fireplace in the main bedroom
- A backyard underground pool
- Granite countertops in the kitchen
- A walk-in shower in the main bathroom
- Hardwood floors thoughout

EXAMPLES OF NEEDS

- Enough bedrooms or square footage for the size of your family
- Within 10 miles of your work commute or your school district
- Big backyard for kids and pets
- A 2-stall garage
- 1 story home because family member can not use stairs

WANTS VS NEEDS LIST





Wants	NEEDS





HOME SEARCHING TIPS AND TRICKS

Now the exciting part begins! It is time to start searching for homes and making a list of what homes you would like to see in person. You've made your list of wants and needs, and now it's time for us to use our home searching tools together to find you your perfect home.

While we will be sending you homes that meet your parameters as soon as they hit the market, we know it's fun to hop online yourself and check out homes. Here's a tips to best utilize the online world for home shopping. When you find homes you would like to see, just send us the address and we schedule a showing!

KEEP AN EYE ON PENDING OR UNDER CONTRACT

Homes that say they are "Pending" or "Under Contract" could fall through. The likelihood that is does is somewhat small, but if a home meets all your wants and needs, let us know and we will keep an eye on it in case it comes back on the market.

DON'T LET PRICES GET IN THE WAY

Don't get fooled by homes that seem too good to be true. There are many reasons why homes are not priced correctly on these sites. When you see a home "Off Market" or "Preforclosure" those prices are typically not associated with the real value of the home.

Also, try not to write off a home that appears "overpriced" according to automated value estimates. These value estimates can be way off, therefore, distorting your perception of a home before you give it a chance. Just say NO to robot estimates!

DON'T OVERUSE SEARCH FILTERS

It can be easy to search with very specific criteria that exclude many great potential properties. Unless it's an absolute deal-breaker or you're getting far too many results, try to avoid filtering by specific features or amenities.

Examples of these kinds of searches include homes with fireplaces, attached garages, fenced yard, pool, formal dining room, etc. Many of these features can be added later on, and sometimes these fields don't have the correct information entered to begin with.

USE GOOGLE STREET VIEW

Get a really great feel for what the home looks and feels like the Google street view tool. Listing photos can be deceiving when wide-angle lenses are used, or you don't see that the neighbor next door is reminiscent of Cousin Eddie. Even better, drive by the home to get a good idea of what the neighborhood looks and feels like.

Showing checklist

YES

NO

MAYBE



PRINT THIS AND BRING TO EACH SHOWING

ADDRESS: PRICE:	# BEDROOMS # BATHROOMS SQ FT:
FIST IMPRESSION Outside Exterior Inside layout Neighborhood Location Amount of repairs/updates needed	1 2 3 4 5
3 Pros	3 Cons

LET'S MAKE A DEAL!





MONTH TWO COMPLETE

CREATE YOUR PLAN OF ACTION FOR MONTH TWO

	ditional documents does your lender need to get your pre-approved?
What ado	ditional funds do you need for closing?
Other?	

MONTH THREE

In month three we will:

- Submit offers on your chosen home
- Negotiate a fair deal to get your offer accepted
- Enter escrow and begin the closing process
- Complete inspections
- Finalize your loan
- Close on your new home!









CONTRACT TO CLOSING TIMELINE

Now that we've looked at a few homes and you've decided you're ready to make your offer, it's important to know what to expect next and what will take place once you have an accepted offer. We will guide you through each of these steps and help you be prepared for each one. Here is a quick timeline of what to expect when you're ready to put in an offer on your dream home.









DOS AND DON'TS FOR A SUCCESSFUL CLOSE

Getting pre-approved for a mortgage doesn't guarantee closing on the loan.

Mortgage lenders will check your credit during the pre-approval process, and again right before closing. So it's imperative that your credit and financial situation remains the same.

To keep closing on schedule and avoid delays, here's what you need to do and not do:

DO

- Submit all initial documents on time
- Gather your financial documents for your lender
- Keep paying bills on time
- Keep your lender updated on any big financial changes

Don't

- Open or close bank accounts
- Don't finance any other large expenses
- Change jobs
- Spend lots of cash
- Go MIA from your lender





MAKING THE OFFER

Now that we've found a home that you've fallen in love with, it's time to make an offer.

Making an offer is basically sending a proposal to the seller's agent, who presents it to the home seller. If they like your terms and conditions made in the offer, they will accept it. If not, they will counter back with their own terms and conditions.

Once an offer is accepted, it is signed and legally binding. It is important that your offer contains all requirements as there will be no going back to make changes.

TIPS FOR MAKING YOUR BEST OFFER

Whether we are in a buyer or seller's market will depend on how you and your agent will decide to structure your offer. If we are in a buyer's market, you may be able to ask for better terms that are in your favor, such as asking the seller to help with your closing costs or include those nice pool loungers outside. There is no guarantee that the seller will approve of these terms, but sometimes it's worth asking.

But if the market is a bit more competitive for buyers, you will want to put your best foot forward, as you will be competing with possible multiple offers on the home you want.

If that is the case, remember these tips for making your best offer:

- Know your budget. Don't go offering more than what you can financially afford.
- Write the seller a nice letter letting them know how much you love their home and what it would mean to you and your family to make new memories in their home.
- Write up favorable terms for the seller. Don't be unreasonable in your requests on terms such as asking the seller to pay for certain inspections.
- Cash is king. If you can afford to do so, sellers love an offer that almost always guarantees money in their pocket and not having to risk your loan falling through.
- Shorted your inspection period. When you finish your inspections quickly, it assures the seller that you are still moving forward with the sale and not backing out.





NEGOTIATIONS

Speaking of negotiations, negotiating a contract can sound intimidating. But, don't let it scare you. Negotiations are a critical part of any real estate sales contract and there is nothing wrong with doing all you can to get the best deal possible.

Everything is (potentially) negotiable! This is important to understand because if you don't ask you don't get. Keep in mind that requests should be respectful and within reason and remember the seller also has the right to refuse. It's then up to the buyer to decide whether or not to move forward with the deal.

Below is a list of most negotiable items that you can include in your offer.

LIST OF NEGOTIONABLE TERMS

Price

Who Pays For Termite Inspection

Value of Home Warranty

Buyers Closing Costs

Transfer Fees

Home Repairs

Amount of Inspections

BUYER NEGOTIATING TIPS:

- Be prepared to walk away. This may be the hardest part of any negotiation. While on the surface it may seem like you "lost", the reality is that the deal did not meet all of the criteria you needed for it to be successful.
- Avoid too many back-and-forth requests. Nothing can sour a seller on a deal faster than endless additional requests after an initial contract is offered.
- Contingencies can break a deal. While sometimes necessary, sellers often are reluctant to enter into a deal that involves too many, or any, contingencies). It's best to limit these or totally avoid them when possible.





HOME INSPECTIONS

Your offer was accepted! It's almost time to pop the champagne!

But first, it's time to start your due diligence by gathering as much information about your new home as you can. This is your inspection period, where you typically have up to 14 days to schedule inspections and make any requests for repairs before you are locked into your contract.



A home inspection is a must when buying a home and often required when using a loan to finance. This is a direct buyer cost and most home inspectors charge a few hundred dollars for their service.

A home inspection will be done by a professional, who will check for anything that may be wrong with the house. Think mold, leaky roof, faulty foundation. They also mark minor things, such as missing tiles in the bathroom or broken seals around the faucet.

After the inspection is complete, you will get a full report on the home and any faulty findings. Should something come up, you have an opportunity to ask the seller to fix the issue, back out of the contract, or decide to fix them after you move in.

Most lenders however, will require major issues to be fixed before they will sign off on the loan.

REPAIR REQUEST

Once you have the inspection report in hand, you can request that the seller repair the items found. They may agree or decline. Or, in some cases, they might offer you "repair credits" instead. These essentially lower the selling price, giving you more cash to do the repairs yourself once you own the home.





HOME APPRAISAL

A home appraisal is needed if you are financing your home. It is required by the bank to estimate the value of the home.

Just because you and the seller agreed to a price, doesn't mean that the bank will. After all, the home is their collateral in case you can't make your mortgage payment. The bank can then foreclose on you and resell the home.

If the home is appraised below the contract price, the seller will need to either come down in price, or you will have the choice to make up the difference with cash, or you may back out of the deal.

An appraisal is a good thing for a buyer overall. It will keep you from falling in to a bad deal and overpaying.

HOME INSURANCE

Before closing on a new home, your lender will require you to purchase a home insurance policy. Until your home is paid in full, your lender holds a lien on your property, so it's in their best interest to make sure that the property is insured while you're paying down your mortgage.

You may also want to protect your home even further with flood insurance, hazard insurance or earthquake insurance. You can start shopping for your policies as soon as you've solidified your new address. Shopping for homeowners insurance early gives you more time to select the right policy and look into ways you can save.

NOT SURE WHO TO CALL?
DON'T FORGET OUR LIST OF PREFERRED PARTNERS!





FINAL CLOSING STEPS









MEET CONDITIONS OF YOUR LOAN

This is where you will provide all documents and have completed all requirements from you lender in order to secure your loan. These conditions include terms like bringing in your down payment, taking care of an outstanding judgement, or getting a required flood insurance plan.

PREPARE TO MOVE

At this point, you have just a few days left until the home becomes yours and you can move in! Make sure you have movers hired and have a packing plan in place to make life a little easier. Schedule utility changes and decide who can help with the kids or pets while moving, if needed.

DO YOUR FINAL WALKTHROUGH

One of the very last things you will complete is a final walkthrough of the home. This ensures it's in the condition the seller agreed to leave it in and identifies any issues before you close on the house. Once you sign off on the final walkthrough, any issues that happen with the home are now your responsibility.

REVIEW CLOSING DISCLOSURES & FINALIZE

Lastly, you will take the time with your lender or closing agent to review all closing documents and disclosures. Review your loan terms as there may be minimal changes in fees by the time you are ready to lock in your rates.

COLLECT KEYS TO YOUR NEW HOME

Congratulations! It's time to collect the keys and start moving in as you are an official homeowner! Woohoo!





MONTH THREE COMPLETE

CREATE YOUR PLAN OF ACTION FOR MONTH THREE

List 3 home inspectors to get quotes from	
	_
Lender additional needs?	
Research home insurance	_
	_
List of local movers	
	_
Extra To-Dos	_
	_





CONGRATS ON BECOMING A RENTER TO BUYER IN 90 DAYS!

Thanks so much for letting us help you thru the homeownership process, future homeowner!

Owning a home is a wonderful thing and something to be celebrated. We hope this guide has been valuable in your destination to invest in your future and turn a dream into reality.

Don't be afraid to reach out and ask us anything, even if you feel like you've already asked the same question. We want you to be as comfortable and informed as possible. We are only ever a text, phone call, e-mail, or even Facebook message away.



JONIE STUREK Associate Broker, SRES cell: 402.305.8195 jonie.sturek@betteromaha.com

HEATHER TEDESCO Realtor® SRES cell: 402.980.6462 heather.tedesco@betteromaha.com





"SUCCESS OCCURS WHEN OPPORTUNITY MEETS PREPARATION"