| | | 1MA1 Pra | ctice papers Set 3: Paj | per 2F (R | egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0 |
|-----|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| Que | stion | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 1. | | $1.85 \div 5 \times 9 =$ | 3.33 | 2 | M1 for $1.85 \div 5$ or 1.85×9 or 0.37 or 16.65 or 333 seen |
| | | | | | A1 cao |
| | | | | | NB Working can be in £ or p |
| 2. | (a) | | 37 | 1 | B1 cao |
| | (<i>b</i>) | | a | 1 | B1 cao |
| 3. | (a) | | (1, 2) | 2 | B1 (allow $(x = 1, y = 2)$ |
| | (i) | | | | |
| | (ii) | | (-4, -3) | | B1 (allow $(x = -4, y = -3)$) |
| | (<i>b</i>) | | plot(5, -1) on grid | 1 | B1 for plotting at $(5, -1)$ |
| | | | | | |
| 4. | | | 0.6 | 3 | B1 for 1.8 seen (accept 1800) |
| | | | | | M1 for "1.8" ÷ 3 |
| | | | | | A1 for 0.6 oe |
| 5. | (a) | | Cardiff | 1 | B1 |
| | (<i>b</i>) | | - 8 | 2 | M1 for $-3-5$ or $-3+-5$ |
| | | | | | A1 |

| | | 1MA1 Practi | ce papers Set 3: Pa | per 2F (R | egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0 |
|----------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---|
| Question | | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 6. | (a) | 1.65 + 0.80 | 2.45 | 2 | M1 for 1.65 + 0.80 or digits 245 seen |
| | | | | | A1 for 2.45 condone £2.45p |
| | (<i>b</i>) | 1.40 + 1.40 + 0.75 + 0.80 | Yes | 3 | M1 for $1.40 + 1.40 + 0.75 + 0.80$ or 435 digits seen |
| | | = 4.35 | | | A1 for 4.35 or digits 65 |
| | | 4.35 < 5.00 | | | C1 (dep on M1) based on their 4.35 |
| | | or $5.00 - 4.35 = 0.65$ | | | OR |
| | | or rounded values used | | | M1 for addition of appropriately rounded prices |
| | | e.g. | | | A1 for correct total of rounded prices. |
| | | 1.50 + 1.50 + 1 + 1 = 5 | = 5 | | C1 (dep on M1) Decision given – he has enough money |
| | | All rounded up so enough money | | | |
| 7. | (a) | | 1.3 | 1 | B1 cao |
| | (<i>b</i>) | | 400 | 1 | B1 cao |
| | (c) | | 25 | 2 | M1 for $(90 \times 1000) \div (60 \times 60)$ |
| | | | | | A1 cao |
| 8. | (a) | 3 4 4 5 5 6 8 9 10 | 5 | 2 | M1 for ordering the 9 numbers |
| | | | | | A1 cao |
| | (<i>b</i>) | (4+8+5+9+10+5+ | 6 | 2 | M1 for $(4 + 8 + 5 + 9 + 10 + 5 + 6 + 3 + 4) \div 9$ or $54 \div 9$ |
| | | $6+3+4) \div 9$ $54 \div 9$ | | | A1 cao |
| 0 | | | | 2 | M1 weeks day find and a famous acceptance with the |
| 9. | | 360 ÷ 120 × 40 | pie chart | 3 | M1 method to find angle for any sector in pie chart |
| | | 120, 72, 57, 111 | | | M1 correct angles for sectors or two sectors drawn correctly |
| | | | | | A1 with angles 120, 72, 57, 111 and sectors labelled |

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|----------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Question | | Working | Answer Mark | | Notes | | | |
| 10. | | 3kg peaches is £1.68 £0.33 or 33 | | 3 | M1 2 × £0.84 or digits 168 seen | | | |
| | | £2.34 - £1.68 = £0.66 | | | M1(dep) digits 234 – digits "168" or digits 66 seen | | | |
| | | £0.66 \div 2 = £0.33 | | | A1 £0.33 or 33p (units consistent with answer) | | | |
| | | | | | NB: 0.33 or 33 without units M2, £0.33p, £33p M2A1 | | | |
| 11. | (a) | | 12 | 2 | M1 for $9 \times 4 \div 3$ oe | | | |
| | | | | | A1 cao | | | |
| | (b) | | 6 | 3 | M1 for a correct first step e.g. $20 \times 3 (= 60)$ or $20 \div 10 (= 2)$ or giving equation e.g. $10h \div 3 = 20$ | | | |
| | | | | | M1 for complete method to give height e.g. '60' \div 10 or '2' \times 3 or $h = 20 \times 3 \div$ 10 oe | | | |
| | | | | | A1 cao | | | |
| 12. | | $500 \times 1.2 \text{ (oe)} = 600$ | 50 | 4 | M2 for 500 × 1.2 (= 600) (oe) | | | |
| | | 600 ÷ 12 = | | | $(M1 \text{ for } 500 \times 0.2 \ (= 100) \ (\text{oe}))$ | | | |
| | | | | | M1 for $600 \div 12$ or $100 \div 12$ or $1.2 \div 12$ or $500 \div 12$ | | | |
| | | | | | A1 cao | | | |
| | | | | | SC: B2 for an answer of 8.33 or 8.34 | | | |

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|-----|------------|--|--------------------------|-----------|---|
| Que | stion | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 13. | (a) (b) | $72 \div 9 \text{ or } 8 \text{ or } \frac{5}{9} \times 72$ or $5 \times 72 \text{ or } 360 \text{ or } 0.555(5) \times 72 \text{ oe } 8 \times 5 \text{ or } 360 \div 9$ $\frac{5}{15} + \frac{4}{15} \text{ or } \frac{5+4}{15}$ | 40 9 15 | 2 | M1 A1 cao M1 for 2 fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{4}{15}$ with a common denominator e.g. $\frac{15}{45} + \frac{12}{45}$ or $\frac{15+12}{45}$ |
| | | | | | A1 dep on M1 for fraction equivalent to $\frac{9}{15}$ (but not $\frac{3}{5}$) produced directly from M1 |
| 14. | | Angle $ACB = 67^{\circ}$ x = 180 - (67 + 67) | 46° with reasons | 4 | B1 for angle $ACB = 67^{\circ}$, could be marked on the diagram M1 for $180 - ('67' + '67')$ A1 for $x = 46^{\circ}$ C1 for vertically opposite angles (or vertically opposite angles) and base angles of an isosceles triangle are equal OR B1 for angle $ACB = 67^{\circ}$, could be marked on the diagram M1 for $180 - ('67' + '67')$ A1 for $x = 46^{\circ}$ C1 for "angles on a straight line add up to 180° and base angles of an isosceles triangle are equal |

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|------|--|--|-----------------|------|---|--|--|--|
| Ques | Question Working | | Answer | Mark | Notes | | | |
| 15. | | 29.1 | | 3 | M1 use of cos M1 cos ("x") = (= 0.87) or ("x" =) cos – 1 () OR or M2 for sin and following correct Pythagoras or M2 for tan and following correct Pythagoras or correct Pythagoras and then correct use of sine or cosine rule with "21.36" A1 for ans rounding to 29.1 (29.1103) | | | |
| 16. | (a) | (I cost per nail) $1.36 \div 20 = 0.068$, $3.30 \div 50 = 0.066$, $6.03 \div 90 = 0.067$ (II e.g. number of nails for £1) $20 \div 1.36 = 14.7$, $50 \div 3.30 = 15.1$, $90 \div 6.03 = 14.9$ (III e.g. cost for 20 nails) $3.30 \div 50 \times 20 = 1.32$, $6.03 \div 90 \times 20 = 1.34$ (IV using multipliers) $50 \div 20 = 2.5$ and $3.30 \div 1.36 = 2.42$ $90 \div 50 = 1.8$ and $6.03 \div 3.30 = 1.82$ | Medium + reason | 4 | M1 for correct method to work out a unit cost for 2 boxes M1 for correct method to work out a unit cost for all 3boxes A1 for (£)0.068 and (£)0.066 and (£)0.067 oe C1 for correct conclusion based on their figures (consistent units) (dep on at least one M1 scored) OR M1 for correct method to work out the number of nails for £10e from 2 boxes M1 for correct method to work out the number of nails for £10e from all 3 boxes A1 for 14.7 and 15.1 and 14.9 C1 for correct conclusion based on their figures (consistent units) (dep on at least one M1 scored) | | | |

| | | 1MA1 Practi | ce papers Set 3: Pap | per 2F (R | egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0 |
|----------|-------|-----------------|----------------------|---|--|
| Que | stion | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 16 | 16 | | | | OR |
| con t | | | | | M1 for correct method to work out the cost of 50 nails using the 20 nails cost oe |
| | | | | | M1 for correct method to work out the cost of 50 nails using the 20 nails cost and 90 nails using the 20 nail cost |
| | | | | | A1 for (£1.36), (£)1.32, (£)1.34 oe |
| | | | | C1 for correct conclusion based on their figures (dep on at least one M1 scored) (consistent units) | |
| | | | | OR | |
| | | | | | M1 for correct method to compare multipliers for cost and number for 1 pair of boxes M1 for correct method to compare multipliers for cost and number for correct 2 pairs of boxes |
| | | | | | A1 for 2.5 and 2.42, 1.8 and 1.82 |
| | | | | | C1 for correct conclusion based on their figures (dep on at least one M1 scored) (consistent units) |
| | (b) | 2 0 5 8 | S&L diagram with key | 3 | M1 for correct stem and unordered leaves (condone two errors or omissions) |
| | | 3 0 0 0 5 7 9 | | | A1 cao |
| | | 4 0 5 7 9 5 0 5 | | | B1 for key, e.g. 2 0 means 20mm |
| | (c) | | 37 | 1 | B1 cao |

| | | 1MA1 Prac | ctice papers Set 3: Pa | per 2F (R | egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0 | | | | | |
|-----|-------|--|--------------------------|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Que | stion | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes | | | | | |
| 17. | (a) | $x^2 + 9x - 3x - 27$ | $x^2 + 6x - 27$ | 2 | M1 for 3 out of 4 terms correct or 4 terms correct ignoring signs A1 | | | | | |
| | (b) | v - u = at | $a = \frac{v - u}{t}$ oe | 2 | M1 A1 | | | | | |
| 18. | | | 20 | 3 | M1 for establishing the volume of the container is 500 cm^3 M1 for " 500 " \div (5×5) A1 cao | | | | | |
| 19. | | $2000 \times 1.05^{2} = 2000 \times 1.1025$ OR $2000 \times 1.05 = 2100$ $2100 \times 1.05 = 2205$ | £2205 | 3 | M2 2000 × 1.05 ² (M1 2000 × 1.05 ⁿ , $n \neq 2$) A1 cao OR M1 $\frac{5}{100}$ × 2000 (oe) or 100 or 200 or 2100 or 2200 seen M1 (dep) $\frac{5}{100}$ × (2000 + "100") A1 cao SC B2 for £2315.25 seen (3 yrs) | | | | | |
| 20. | | $\frac{1}{2}(12+8) \times 6 = 60$ $\frac{60}{50} \times 20 = 1200$ $1200 \times 5 = 6000$ $6000 \div 1000 = 6$ | | 5 | M1 ½ (12 + 8) × 6 oe or 60 seen M1 (dep) '60' × 20 M1 (indep) '1200' × 5 A1 6000 cao A1 ft (dep on 1 st or 3 rd M1 scored) for 6 | | | | | |

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|--------------|--|--------|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes | | | | |
| Question 21. | | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | M1 checking their angles add to 180° , " 62 "+" 62 "+" 56 " = 180 C1 both base angles as 62 and two angles are equal so the triangle is isosceles OR M1 $4x + 8 = 5x + 2$ oe or $4x + 8 = 6x - 10$ A1 $x = 6$ or $x = 9$ M1 (dep) for substituting 'x' into one of the angles oe M1 for showing their angles do not sum to 180° C0 | | | | |

National performance data from Results Plus

| | | | | | | Max | Mean | | | | | | |
|-------|--------------|--------|---------|----------|--|-------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Qu No | Spec | Paper | Session | Qu | Topic | score | % all | ALL | C | D | Е | F | G |
| 1 | 5MM2 | 2F | 1211 | Q19 | Ratio | 2 | 81 | 1.61 | 1.97 | 1.86 | 1.70 | 1.41 | 1.07 |
| 2 | 5MM2 | 2F | 1406 | Q08 | Angles | 2 | 88 | 1.76 | 1.95 | 1.89 | 1.86 | 1.69 | 1.36 |
| 3 | 1380 | 2F | 1011 | Q08 | Coordinates in 2D | 3 | 87 | 2.61 | 2.89 | 2.78 | 2.57 | 2.23 | 1.78 |
| 4 | 5AM1 | 1F | 1506 | Q06 | Reading scales | 3 | 79 | 2.37 | 2.88 | 2.76 | 2.44 | 1.55 | 0.80 |
| 5 | 4MA0 | 2F | 1305 | Q07 | Directed numbers | 3 | 85 | 2.56 | 2.87 | 2.70 | 2.41 | 1.89 | 1.31 |
| 6 | 5AM2 | 2F | 1111 | Q08 | Money calculations | 5 | 82 | 4.12 | 4.66 | 4.43 | 4.71 | 4.10 | 3.15 |
| 7a | 4MA0 | 2F | 1401 | Q03a | Decimals | 1 | 95 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 0.97 | 0.94 | 0.84 | 0.69 |
| 7b | 4MA0 | 2F | 1401 | Q03d | Decimals | 1 | 50 | 0.50 | 0.72 | 0.44 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 0.15 |
| 7c | NEW QUESTION | | | Decimals | 2 | No data available | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 1MA0 | 2F | 1211 | Q07 | Mean, median, mode | 4 | 68 | 2.73 | 3.61 | 3.28 | 2.78 | 2.02 | 1.18 |
| 9 | | NEW QL | JESTION | | Pie chart | 3 | No data available | | | | | | |
| 10 | 1387 | 2F | 711 | Q20 | Solve linear equations | 3 | | 2.50 | | | | | |
| 11 | 5MM2 | 2F | 1406 | Q16 | Substitution into expressions | 5 | 55 | 2.73 | 4.22 | 3.49 | 2.61 | 2.02 | 0.84 |
| 12 | 5AM1 | 1F | 1106 | Q04b | Simple interest | 4 | 35 | 1.40 | 3.33 | 2.83 | 1.75 | 0.50 | 0.17 |
| 13 | 4MA0 | 2F | 1501 | Q13 | Fractions | 4 | 57 | 2.27 | 3.18 | 2.17 | 1.27 | 0.88 | 0.25 |
| 14 | 5AM1 | 1F | 1211 | Q19 | Angles | 4 | 41 | 1.64 | 3.07 | 2.17 | 1.09 | 0.39 | 0.33 |
| 15 | 4MA0 | 1F | 1305 | Q21 | Trigonometry | 3 | 46 | 1.37 | 2.21 | 1.19 | 0.69 | 0.45 | 0.15 |
| 16 | 5AM1 | 1H | 1311 | Q04 | Ratio | 8 | 69 | 5.54 | 5.05 | 3.88 | 3.25 | | |
| 17 | | NEW QL | JESTION | | Expand double brackets/change subject of formula | 4 | No data available | | | | | | |
| 18 | 5AM2 | 2F | 1506 | Q16 | Volume | 3 | 25 | 0.75 | 1.55 | 0.78 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.19 |
| 19 | 1387 | 6H | 711 | Q07 | Compound interest | 3 | 77 | 2.32 | 1.46 | | | | |
| 20 | 1380 | 1H | 1111 | Q16 | Compound measures | 5 | 18 | 0.91 | 0.36 | 0.09 | 0.05 | | |
| 21 | 5MM1 | 1H | 1306 | Q11 | Solve linear equations | 5 | 53 | 2.65 | 1.44 | 0.45 | 0.00 | 0.78 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | 80 | | | | | | | |