

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

MATHS -7 (CH-04-SIMPLE EQUATIONS)

MATHS -7 (CH-04-4.1-SIMPLE EQUATIONS)

### Question 1:

Complete the last column of the table.

S. No.	Equation	Value	Say, whether the equation is satisfied. (Yes/No)
(i)	x + 3 = 0	x = 3	-
(ii)	x + 3 = 0	x = 0	-
(iii)	x + 3 = 0	x = - 3	-
(iv)	x - 7 = 1	x = 7	±
(v)	x - 7 = 1	x = 8	-
(vi)	5 <i>x</i> = 25	x = 0	-
(vii)	5 <i>x</i> = 25	x = 5	-
(viii)	5 <i>x</i> = 25	x = - 5	÷
(ix)	$\frac{m}{3}=2$	m = - 6	-
(x)	$\frac{m}{3}=2$	<i>m</i> = 0	-
(xi)	$\frac{m}{3}=2$	<i>m</i> = 6	=

#### Answer 1:

(i) x + 3 = 0

L.H.S. = x + 3

By putting x = 3,

L.H.S. =  $3 + 3 = 6 \neq R.H.S$ .

: No, the equation is not satisfied.

(ii) x + 3 = 0

L.H.S. = x + 3

By putting x = 0,

L.H.S. =  $0 + 3 = 3 \neq R.H.S$ .

: No, the equation is not satisfied.



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(iii) x + 3 = 0

L.H.S. = x + 3

By putting x = -3,

L.H.S. = -3 + 3 = 0 = R.H.S.

: Yes, the equation is satisfied.

(iv) x - 7 = 1

L.H.S. = x - 7

By putting x = 7,

L.H.S. =  $7 - 7 = 0 \neq R.H.S$ .

: No, the equation is not satisfied.

(v) x - 7 = 1

L.H.S. = x - 7

By putting x = 8,

L.H.S. = 8 - 7 = 1 = R.H.S.

: Yes, the equation is satisfied.

(vi) 5x = 25

L.H.S. = 5x

By putting x = 0,

L.H.S. =  $5 \times 0 = 0 \neq R.H.S$ .

: No, the equation is not satisfied.

(vii) 5x = 25

L.H.S. = 5x

By putting x = 5,

L.H.S. =  $5 \times 5 = 25 = R.H.S$ .

.. Yes, the equation is satisfied.

(viii) 5x = 25

L.H.S. = 5x

By putting x = -5,

L.H.S. =  $5 \times (-5) = -25 \neq R.H.S$ .

: No, the equation is not satisfied.



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(ix) 
$$\frac{m}{3} = 2$$

L.H.S. = 
$$\frac{m}{3}$$

By putting m = -6,

L. H. S. = 
$$\frac{-6}{3}$$
 = -2  $\neq$  R.H.S.

:No, the equation is not satisfied.

(x) 
$$\frac{m}{3} = 2$$

L.H.S. = 
$$\frac{m}{3}$$

By putting m = 0,

L.H.S. = 
$$\frac{0}{3} = 0 \neq \text{R.H.S.}$$

:: No, the equation is not satisfied.

(xi) 
$$\frac{m}{3} = 2$$

L.H.S. = 
$$\frac{m}{3}$$

By putting m = 6,

L.H.S. = 
$$\frac{6}{3}$$
 = 2 = R.H.S.

.. Yes, the equation is satisfied.

#### Question 2:

Check whether the value given in the brackets is a solution to the given equation or not:

(a) 
$$n+5=19$$
 ( $n=1$ ) (b)  $7n+5=19$  ( $n=-2$ )

(c) 
$$7n + 5 = 19 (n = 2)$$
 (d)  $4p - 3 = 13 (p = 1)$ 

(e) 
$$4p - 3 = 13 (p = -4) (f) 4p - 3 = 13 (p = 0)$$

#### Answer 2:

(a) 
$$n + 5 = 19 (n = 1)$$

Putting 
$$n = 1$$
 in L.H.S.,

$$n+5=1+5=6 \neq 19$$

Therefore, n = 1 is not a solution of the given equation, n + 5 = 19.

(b) 
$$7n + 5 = 19 (n = -2)$$

Putting 
$$n = -2$$
 in L.H.S.,

$$7n + 5 = 7 \times (-2) + 5 = -14 + 5 = -9 \neq 19$$

Therefore, n = -2 is not a solution of the given equation, 7n + 5 = 19.



### Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(c) 7n + 5 = 19 (n = 2) Putting n = 2 in L.H.S.,  $7n + 5 = 7 \times (2) + 5 = 14 + 5 = 19 = \text{R.H.S.}$ As L.H.S. = R.H.S., Therefore, n = 2 is a solution of the given equation, 7n + 5 = 19. (d) 4p - 3 = 13 (p = 1) Putting p = 1 in L.H.S.,  $4p - 3 = (4 \times 1) - 3 = 1 \neq 13$ As L.H.S  $\neq$  R.H.S., Therefore, p = 1 is not a solution of the given equation, 4p - 3 = 13.

(e) 4p - 3 = 13 (p = -4) Putting p = -4 in L.H.S.,  $4p - 3 = 4 \times (-4) - 3 = -16 - 3 = -19 \neq 13$ As L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S., Therefore, p = -4 is not a solution of the given equation, 4p - 3 = 13. (f) 4p - 3 = 13 (p = 0) Putting p = 0 in L.H.S.,  $4p - 3 = (4 \times 0) - 3 = -3 \neq 13$ As L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S., Therefore, p = 0 is not a solution of the given equation, 4p - 3 = 13.

#### Question 3:

Solve the following equations by trial and error method:

(i) 
$$5p + 2 = 17$$
 (ii)  $3m - 14 = 4$ 

#### Answer 3:

(i) 5p + 2 = 17Putting p = 1 in L.H.S.,  $(5 \times 1) + 2 = 7 \neq \text{R.H.S.}$ Putting p = 2 in L.H.S.,  $(5 \times 2) + 2 = 10 + 2 = 12 \neq \text{R.H.S.}$ Putting p = 3 in L.H.S.,  $(5 \times 3) + 2 = 17 = \text{R.H.S.}$ Hence, p = 3 is a solution of the given equation.

# **DPM CLASSES & COMPUTERS**

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(ii) 
$$3m - 14 = 4$$

Putting 
$$m = 4$$
,

$$(3 \times 4) - 14 = -2 \neq R.H.S.$$

Putting 
$$m = 5$$
,

$$(3 \times 5) - 14 = 1 \neq R.H.S.$$

Putting 
$$m = 6$$
,

$$(3 \times 6) - 14 = 18 - 14 = 4 = R.H.S.$$

Hence, m = 6 is a solution of the given equation.

### Question 4:

Write equations for the following statements:

- (i) The sum of numbers x and 4 is 9.
- (ii) 2 subtracted from y is 8.
- (iii) Ten times a is 70.
- (iv) The number b divided by 5 gives 6.
- (v) Three-fourth of t is 15.
- (vi) Seven times m plus 7 gets you 77.
- (vii) One-fourth of a number x minus 4 gives 4.
- (viii) If you take away 6 from 6 times y, you get 60.
- (ix) If you add 3 to one-third of z, you get 30.

#### Answer 4:

(i) 
$$x + 4 = 9$$

(ii) 
$$y - 2 = 8$$

(iii) 
$$10a = 70$$

(iv) 
$$\frac{b}{5} = 6$$

(V) 
$$\frac{3}{4}t = 15$$

(vi) Seven times of m is 7m.

$$7m + 7 = 77$$

(vii) One-fourth of a number x is  $\frac{x}{4}$ .

$$\frac{x}{4} - 4 = 4$$

(viii) Six times of y is 6y.

$$6y - 6 = 60$$

(ix) One-third of z is  $\frac{z}{3}$ .

$$\frac{z}{3} + 3 = 30$$



## Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

### Ouestion 5:

Write the following equations in statement forms:

(i) 
$$p + 4 = 15$$
 (ii)  $m - 7 = 3$ 

(iii) 
$$2m = 7$$
 (iv)  $\frac{m}{5} = 3$ 

(v) 
$$\frac{3m}{5}$$
 = 6 (vi)  $3p + 4 = 25$ 

(vii) 
$$4p - 2 = 18$$
 (viii)  $\frac{p}{2} + 2 = 8$ 

#### Answer 5:

- (i) The sum of p and 4 is 15.
- (ii) 7 subtracted from m is 3.
- (iii) Twice of a number m is 7.
- (iv) One-fifth of m is 3.
- (v) Three-fifth of m is 6.
- (vi) Three times of a number p, when added to 4, gives 25.
- (vii) When 2 is subtracted from four times of a number p, it gives 18.
- (viii) When 2 is added to half of a number p, it gives 8.

#### Question 6:

Set up an equation in the following cases:

- (i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. (Take m to be the number of Parmit's marbles.)
- (ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. (Take Laxmi's age to be y years.)
- (iii) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class is twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. (Take the lowest score to be *l*.)
- (iv) In an isosceles triangle, the vertex angle is twice either base angle. (Let the base angle be b in degrees. Remember that the sum of angles of a triangle is 180 degrees.)



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### Answer 6:

(i) Let Parmit has m marbles.

5 × Number of marbles Parmit has + 7 = Number of marbles Irfan has

 $5 \times m + 7 = 37$ 

5m + 7 = 37

(ii) Let Laxmi be y years old.

3 × Laxmi's age + 4 = Laxmi's father's age

 $3 \times y + 4 = 49$ 

3y + 4 = 49

(iii) Let the lowest marks be I.

2 × Lowest marks + 7 = Highest marks

 $2 \times / + 7 = 87$ 

2/+7 = 87

(iv) An isosceles triangle has two of its angles of equal measure.

Let base angle be b.

Vertex angle =  $2 \times Base$  angle = 2b

Sum of all interior angles of a  $\Delta$  = 180°

 $b + b + 2b = 180^{\circ}$ 

 $4b = 180^{\circ}$ 

#### MATHS -7 (CH-04-4.2-SIMPLE EQUATIONS)

### Question 1:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equation:

(a) 
$$x + 1 = 0$$
 (b)  $x + 1 = 0$  (c)  $x - 1 = 5$ 

(d) 
$$x + 6 = 2$$
 (e)  $y - 4 = -7$  (f)  $y - 4 = 4$ 

(g) 
$$y + 4 = 4$$
 (h)  $y + 4 = -4$ 



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### Answer 1:

(a) 
$$x - 1 = 0$$

Adding 1 to both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$x - 1 + 1 = 0 + 1$$

$$x = 1$$

(b) 
$$x + 1 = 0$$

Subtracting 1 from both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$x+1-1=0-1$$

$$x = -1$$

(c) 
$$x - 1 = 5$$

Adding 1 to both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$x-1+1=5+1$$

$$x = 6$$

(d) 
$$x + 6 = 2$$

Subtracting 6 from both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$x+6-6=2-6$$

$$x = -4$$

(e) 
$$y - 4 = -7$$

Adding 4 to both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$y - 4 + 4 = -7 + 4$$

$$y = -3$$

(f) 
$$y - 4 = 4$$

Adding 4 to both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$y - 4 + 4 = 4 + 4$$

$$y = 8$$

(q) 
$$y + 4 = 4$$

Subtracting 4 from both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$y + 4 - 4 = 4 - 4$$

$$y = 0$$

(h) 
$$y + 4 = -4$$

Subtracting 4 from both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$y + 4 - 4 = -4 - 4$$

$$y = -8$$

# **DPM CLASSES & COMPUTERS**

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

### Ouestion 2:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equation:

(a) 
$$3/=42$$
 (b)  $\frac{b}{2}=6$  (c)  $\frac{p}{7}=4$ 

(d) 
$$4x = 25$$
 (e)  $8y = 36$  (f)  $\frac{z}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$ 

(g) 
$$\frac{a}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$$
 (h)  $20t = -10$ 

#### Answer 2:

(a) 
$$3/=42$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 3, we obtain

$$\frac{3l}{3} = \frac{42}{3}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{b}{2} = 6$$

Multiplying both sides of the given equation by 2, we obtain

$$\frac{b \times 2}{2} = 6 \times 2$$

$$b = 12$$

(c) 
$$\frac{p}{7} = 4$$

Multiplying both sides of the given equation by 7, we obtain

$$\frac{p \times 7}{7} = 4 \times 7$$

$$p = 28$$

(d) 
$$4x = 25$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 4, we obtain

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$\chi = \frac{25}{4}$$

# **DPM CLASSES & COMPUTERS**

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(e) 
$$8y = 36$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 8, we obtain

$$\frac{8y}{8} = \frac{36}{8}$$

$$y = \frac{9}{2}$$

(f) 
$$\frac{z}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$$

Multiplying both sides of the given equation by 3, we obtain

$$\frac{z \times 3}{3} = \frac{5 \times 3}{4}$$

$$z = \frac{15}{4}$$

(g) 
$$\frac{a}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$$

Multiplying both sides of the given equation by 5, we obtain

$$\frac{a\times 5}{5} = \frac{7\times 5}{15}$$

$$a = \frac{7}{3}$$

(h) 
$$20t = -10$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 20, we obtain

$$\frac{20t}{20} = \frac{-10}{20}$$

$$t = \frac{-1}{2}$$

### Question 3:

Give the steps you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equation:

(a) 
$$3n - 2 = 46$$
 (b)  $5m + 7 = 17$  (c)  $\frac{20p}{3} = 40$ 

(d) 
$$\frac{3p}{10} = 6$$

### Answer 3:

(a) 
$$3n - 2 = 46$$

Adding 2 to both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$3n - 2 + 2 = 46 + 2$$

$$3n = 48$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 3, we obtain

$$\frac{3n}{3} = \frac{48}{3}$$



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(b) 
$$5m + 7 = 17$$

Subtracting 7 from both sides of the given equation, we obtain

$$5m + 7 - 7 = 17 - 7$$

$$5m = 10$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 5, we obtain

$$\frac{5m}{5} = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$m = 2$$

(c) 
$$\frac{20p}{3} = 40$$

Multiplying both sides of the given equation by 3, we obtain

$$\frac{20p \times 3}{3} = 40 \times 3$$

$$20p = 120$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 20, we obtain

$$\frac{20p}{20} = \frac{120}{20}$$

$$p = 6$$

(d) 
$$\frac{3p}{10} = 6$$

Multiplying both sides of the given equation by 10, we obtain

$$\frac{3p\times10}{10} = 6\times10$$

$$3p = 60$$

Dividing both sides of the given equation by 3, we obtain

$$\frac{3p}{3} = \frac{60}{3}$$

$$p = 20$$

#### Question 4:

Solve the following equations:

(a) 
$$10p = 100$$
 (b)  $10p + 10 = 100$  (c)  $\frac{p}{4} = 5$ 

(d) 
$$\frac{-p}{3} = 5$$
 (e)  $\frac{3p}{4} = 6$  (f)  $3s = -9$ 

(g) 
$$3s + 12 = 0$$
 (h)  $3s = 0$  (i)  $2q = 6$ 

(j) 
$$2q - 6 = 0$$
 (k)  $2q + 6 = 0$  (l)  $2q + 6 = 12$ 

# **DPM CLASSES & COMPUTERS**

Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### Answer 4:

$$\frac{10p}{10} = \frac{100}{10}$$

$$p = 10$$

(b) 
$$10 p + 10 = 100$$

$$10 p = 90$$

$$\frac{10p}{10} = \frac{90}{10}$$

$$p=9$$

(c) 
$$\frac{p}{4} = 5$$

$$\frac{p \times 4}{4} = 5 \times 4$$

$$p = 20$$

(d) 
$$\frac{-p}{3} = 5$$

$$\frac{-p \times (-3)}{3} = 5 \times (-3)$$

$$p = -15$$

$$\frac{3p}{4} = 6$$

$$\frac{3p \times 4}{4} = 6 \times 4$$

$$3p = 24$$

$$\frac{3p}{3} = \frac{24}{3}$$

$$p = 8$$

(f) 
$$3 s = -9$$

$$\frac{3s}{3} = \frac{-9}{3}$$

$$s = -3$$

(g) 
$$3s + 12 = 0$$

$$3s = -12$$

$$\frac{3s}{3} = \frac{-12}{3}$$

$$s = -4$$

(h) 
$$3 s = 0$$

$$\frac{3s}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$$

$$s = 0$$



Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(i) 
$$2q = 6$$
  
 $\frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$   
 $q = 3$   
(j)  $2q - 6 = 0$   
 $2q - 6 + 6 = 0 + 6$   
 $2q = 6$   
 $\frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$   
 $q = 3$ 

(k) 
$$2q + 6 = 0$$
  
 $2q + 6 - 6 = 0 - 6$   
 $2q = -6$   
 $\frac{2q}{2} = \frac{-6}{2}$   
 $q = -3$   
(l)  $2q + 6 = 12$   
 $2q + 6 - 6 = 12 - 6$   
 $2q = 6$   
 $2q = 6$   
 $q = 3$ 

#### MATHS -7 (CH-04-4.3-SIMPLE EQUATIONS)

### Question 1:

Solve the following equations.

(a) 
$$2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$
 (b)  $5t + 28 = 10$  (c)  $\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$ 

(d) 
$$\frac{q}{4} + 7 = 5$$
 (e)  $\frac{5}{2}x = -10$  (f)  $\frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$ 

(g) 
$$7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$
 (h)  $6z + 10 = -2$  (i)  $\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$ 

(j) 
$$\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### Answer 1:

(a) 
$$2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$

$$2y = \frac{37}{2} - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{32}{2} = 16$$
 (Transposing  $\frac{5}{2}$  to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$y = \frac{16}{2} = 8$$

(b) 
$$5t + 28 = 10$$

5t = 10 - 28 = -18 (Transposing 28 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$t = \frac{-18}{5}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$$

$$\frac{a}{5} = 2 - 3 = -1$$
 (Transposing 3 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 5,

$$a = -1 \times 5 = -5$$

(d) 
$$\frac{q}{4} + 7 = 5$$

$$\frac{q}{4} = -2$$
 (Transposing 7 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 4,

$$q = -8$$

(e) 
$$\frac{5}{2}x = -10$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$5x = -10 \times 2 = -20$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$x = \frac{-20}{5} = -4$$

(f) 
$$\frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$5x = \frac{25}{4} \times 2 = \frac{25}{2}$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$x = \frac{25}{2} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{5}{2}$$



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(g) 
$$7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$
  
 $7m = 13 - \frac{19}{2} = \frac{26 - 19}{2}$  (Transposing  $\frac{19}{2}$  to R.H.S.)  
 $7m = \frac{7}{2}$ 

Dividing both sides by 7,

$$m = \frac{1}{2}$$

(h) 
$$6z + 10 = -2$$

$$6z = -2 - 10 = -12$$
 (Transposing 10 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 6,

$$z = \frac{-12}{6} = -2$$

(i) 
$$\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$3l = \frac{2}{3} \times 2 = \frac{4}{3}$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$l = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

(j) 
$$\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$

$$\frac{2b}{3}$$
 = 3+5=8 (Transposing -5 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 3,

$$2b = 8 \times 3 = 24$$

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$b = \frac{24}{2} = 12$$

#### Question 2:

Solve the following equations.

(a) 
$$2(x+4) = 12$$
 (b)  $3(n-5) = 21$ 

(c) 
$$3(n-5) = -21(d) - 4(2+x) = 8$$

(e) 
$$4(2 - x) = 8$$



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### Answer 2:

(a) 
$$2(x+4) = 12$$

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$x + 4 = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$

x = 6 - 4 = 2 (Transposing 4 to R.H.S.)

(b) 
$$3(n-5) = 21$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$n-5=\frac{21}{3}=7$$

n = 7 + 5 = 12 (Transposing -5 to R.H.S.)

(c) 
$$3(n-5) = -21$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$n-5=\frac{-21}{3}=-7$$

n = -7 + 5 = -2 (Transposing -5 to R.H.S.)

(d) 
$$-4(2 + x) = 8$$

Dividing both sides by -4,

$$2+x=\frac{8}{-4}=-2$$

x = -2 - 2 = -4 (Transposing 2 to R.H.S.)

(e) 
$$4(2 - x) = 8$$

Dividing both sides by 4,

$$2 - x = 2$$

-x = 2 - 2 (Transposing 2 to R.H.S.)

$$-x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

### Question 3:

Solve the following equations.

(a) 
$$4 = 5(p - 2)$$
 (b)  $-4 = 5(p - 2)$ 

(c) 
$$16 = 4 + 3(t + 2)(d) 4 + 5(p - 1) = 34$$

(e) 
$$0 = 16 + 4 (m - 6)$$

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### Answer 3:

(a) 
$$4 = 5(p - 2)$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$\frac{4}{5} = p - 2$$

$$\frac{4}{5} + 2 = p$$

$$\frac{4+10}{5} = p$$

$$\frac{14}{5} = p$$
(Transposing – 2 to L.H.S.)

(b) 
$$-4 = 5(p - 2)$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

Dividing both sides by 5,  

$$-\frac{4}{5} = p - 2$$

$$-\frac{4}{5} + 2 = p$$

$$-\frac{4+10}{5} = p$$

$$\frac{6}{5} = p$$
(Transposing – 2 to L.H.S.)

(c) 
$$16 = 4 + 3(t + 2)$$

$$16 - 4 = 3 (t + 2)$$
 (Transposing 4 to L.H.S.)

$$12 = 3(t+2)$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$\frac{12}{3} = t + 2$$

$$4 = t + 2$$

$$4 - 2 = t$$
 (Transposing 2 to L.H.S.)

$$2 = t$$

(d) 
$$4 + 5(p - 1) = 34$$

$$5(p-1) = 34 - 4 = 30$$
 (Transposing 4 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$p-1=\frac{30}{5}=6$$

$$p = 6 + 1 = 7$$
 (Transposing -1 to R.H.S.)

(e) 
$$0 = 16 + 4 (m - 6)$$

$$0 = 16 + 4m - 24$$

$$0 = -8 + 4m$$

$$4m = 8$$
 (Transposing  $-8$  to L.H.S)

Dividing both sides by 4,

$$m = 2$$

# **DPM CLASSES & COMPUTERS**

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

### Question 4:

- (a) Construct 3 equations starting with x = 2
- (b) Construct 3 equations starting with x = -2

#### Answer 4:

(a) 
$$x = 2$$

Multiplying both sides by 5,

$$5x = 10(i)$$

Subtracting 3 from both sides,

$$5x - 3 = 10 - 3$$

$$5x - 3 = 7$$
 (ii)

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$\frac{5x}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$
 (iii)

(b) 
$$x = -2$$

Subtracting 2 from both sides,

$$x-2=-2-2$$

$$x - 2 = -4$$
 (i)

Again, 
$$x = -2$$

Multiplying by 6,

$$6 \times x = -2 \times 6$$

$$6x = -12$$

Subtracting 12 from both sides,

$$6x - 12 = -12 - 12$$

$$6x - 12 = -24$$
 (ii)

Adding 24 to both sides,

$$6x - 12 + 24 = -24 + 24$$

$$6x + 12 = 0$$
 (iii)



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

MATHS -7 (CH-04-4.4-SIMPLE EQUATIONS)

### Question 1:

Set up equations and solve them to find the unknown numbers in the following cases:

- (a) Add 4 to eight times a number; you get 60.
- (b) One-fifth of a number minus 4 gives 3.
- (c) If I take three-fourths of a number and add 3 to it, I get 21.
- (d) When I subtracted 11 from twice a number, the result was 15.
- (e) Munna subtracts thrice the number of notebooks he has from 50, he finds the result to be 8.
- (f) Ibenhal thinks of a number. If she adds 19 to it and divides the sum by 5, she will get 8.
- (g) Anwar thinks of a number. If he takes away 7 from  $\frac{5}{2}$  of the number, the result is 23.

#### Answer 1:

- (a) Let the number be x.
- 8 times of this number = 8x

$$8x + 4 = 60$$

$$8x = 60 - 4$$
 (Transposing 4 to R.H.S.)

$$8x = 56$$

Dividing both sides by 8,

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{56}{8}$$

$$x = 7$$

(b) Let the number be x.

One-fifth of this number = 
$$\frac{x}{5}$$

$$\frac{x}{5} - 4 = 3$$

$$\frac{x}{5}$$
 = 3+4 (Transposing -4 to R.H.S.)

$$\frac{x}{5} = 7$$

Multiplying both sides by 5,

$$\frac{x \times 5}{5} = 7 \times 5$$

$$x = 35$$



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

#### (c) Let the number be x.

Three-fourth of this number =  $\frac{3x}{4}$ 

$$\frac{3}{4}x + 3 = 21$$

$$\frac{3}{4}x = 18$$
 (Transposing 3 to R.H.S.)

Multiplying both sides by 4,

$$\frac{3x \times 4}{4} = 18 \times 4$$

$$3x = 72$$

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{72}{3}$$

$$x = 24$$

(d) Let the number be x.

Twice of this number = 2x

$$2x - 11 = 15$$

$$2x = 15 + 11$$
 (Transposing -11 to R.H.S.)

$$2x = 26$$

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{26}{2}$$

$$x = 13$$

(e) Let the number of books be x.

Thrice the number of books = 3x

$$50 - 3x = 8$$

$$-3x = 8 - 50$$
 (Transposing 50 to R.H.S.)

$$-3x = -42$$

Dividing both sides by -3,

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{-42}{-3}$$

$$x = 14$$

(f) Let the number be x.

$$\frac{x+19}{5} = 8$$

Multiplying both sides by 5,

$$\frac{\left(x+19\right)\times 5}{5} = 8\times 5$$

$$x + 19 = 40$$

$$x = 40 - 19$$
 (Transposing 19 to R.H.S.)

$$x = 21$$



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(g) Let the number be x.

$$\frac{5}{2}$$
 of this number =  $\frac{5x}{2}$ 

$$\frac{5x}{2} - 7 = 23$$

$$\frac{5x}{2} = 23 + 7$$
 (Transposing – 7 to R.H.S)

$$\frac{5x}{2} = 30$$

Multiplying both sides by 2,

$$\frac{5x\times2}{2} = 30\times2$$

$$5x = 60$$

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{60}{5}$$

#### x = 12

#### Question 2:

Solve the following:

- (a) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class is twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. What is the lowest score?
- (b) In an isosceles triangle, the base angles are equal. The vertex angle is 40°. What are the base angles of the triangle? (Remember, the sum of three angles of a triangle is 180°).
- (c) Sachin scored twice as many runs as Rahul. Together, their runs fell two short of a double century. How many runs did each one score?

#### Answer 2:

(a) Let the lowest score be I.

2 × Lowest marks + 7 = Highest marks

2/ = 87 - 7 (Transposing 7 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$\frac{2l}{2} = \frac{80}{2}$$

$$l = 40$$

Therefore, the lowest score is 40.

# **DPM CLASSES & COMPUTERS**

# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(b) Let the base angles be equal to b.

The sum of all interior angles of a triangle is 180°.

$$b + b + 40^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$

$$2b + 40^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$

 $2b = 180^{\circ} - 40^{\circ} = 140^{\circ}$  (Transposing 40° to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 2,

$$\frac{2b}{2} = \frac{140^{\circ}}{2}$$

 $b = 70^{\circ}$ 

Therefore, the base angles of the triangle are of 70° measure.

(c) Let Rahul's score be x.

Therefore, Sachin's score = 2x

Rahul's score + Sachin's score = 200 - 2

$$2x + x = 198$$

3x = 198

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{198}{3}$$

$$x = 66$$

Rahul's score = 66

Sachin's score =  $2 \times 66 = 132$ 

#### Question 3:

Solve the following:

- (i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. How many marbles does Parmit have?
- (ii) Laxmi's father is 49 year old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. What is Laxmi's age?
- (iii) People of Sundargram planted trees in the village garden. Some of the trees were fruit trees. The number of non-fruit trees was two more than three times the number of fruit trees. What was the number of fruit trees planted if the number of non-fruit trees planted was 77?

#### Answer 3:

(i) Let Parmit's marbles equal x.

5 times the number of marbles Parmit has = 5x

$$5x + 7 = 37$$

5x = 37 - 7 = 30 (Transposing 7 to R.H.S.)

Dividing both sides by 5,

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{30}{5}$$

$$x = 6$$

Therefore, Parmit has 6 marbles.



# Special for Math's & Science By - Er. Dharmendra Sir (9584873492,7974073108)

(ii) Let Laxmi's age be x years.

3 × Laxmi's age + 4 = Her father's age

3x + 4 = 49

3x = 49 - 4 (Transposing 4 to R.H.S.)

3x = 45

Dividing both sides by 3,

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{45}{3}$$

x = 15

(iii) Let the number of fruit trees be x.

3 × Number of fruit trees + 2 = Number of non-fruit trees

3x + 2 = 77

3x = 77 - 2 (Transposing 2 to R.H.S.)

3x = 75

Dividing both sides of the equation by 3,

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{75}{3}$$

x = 25

Therefore, the number of fruit trees was 25.

#### Question 4:

Solve the following riddle:

I am a number,

Tell my identity!

Take me seven times over

And add a fifty!

To reach a triple century

You still need forty!

#### Answer 4:

Let the number be x.

$$(7x + 50) + 40 = 300$$

$$7x + 90 = 300$$

7x = 300 - 90 (Transposing 90 to R.H.S.)

7x = 210

Dividing both sides by 7,

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{210}{7}$$

x = 30

Therefore, the number is 30.