

Survey of Likely Oregon Voters

Crosstab Report – Aug. 5, 2020

Clout Research conducted a telephone survey of 789 likely voters statewide in Oregon regarding the coronavirus, politics, and state issues. The survey was conducted August 4-5, 2020, and included interviews with respondents in both landline and mobile phone-only households. The survey carries a confidence interval of 95% and a margin of error of +/- 3.49 percentage points.

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * PARTY Crosstabulation						
			PARTY			Total
			DEM	GOP	INDY	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	259	15	49	323
		% within PARTY	76.2%	6.3%	23.2%	41.0%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	44	30	33	107
		% within PARTY	12.9%	12.7%	15.6%	13.6%

Telephone survey conducted August 4-5, 2020. Margin of error: +/- 3.49 percentage points.

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	16	42	41	99
		% within PARTY	4.7%	17.7%	19.4%	12.6%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	12	142	85	239
		% within PARTY	3.5%	59.9%	40.3%	30.3%
	NOT SURE	Count	9	8	3	20
		% within PARTY	2.6%	3.4%	1.4%	2.5%
Total	Count	340	237	211	788	
	% within PARTY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * PHILOSOPHY Crosstabulation								
			PHILOSOPHY					Total
			VERY LIBERAL	LIBERAL	MODERATE	CONSERVATIVE	VERY CONSERVATIVE	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	110	77	119	15	3	324
		% within PHILOSOPHY	76.9%	76.2%	45.4%	7.1%	4.2%	41.1%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	16	15	46	26	2	105
		% within PHILOSOPHY	11.2%	14.9%	17.6%	12.4%	2.8%	13.3%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	17	3	42	30	7	99
		% within PHILOSOPHY	11.9%	3.0%	16.0%	14.3%	9.7%	12.6%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	0	4	50	127	58	239
		% within PHILOSOPHY	0.0%	4.0%	19.1%	60.5%	80.6%	30.3%

Telephone survey conducted August 4-5, 2020. Margin of error: +/- 3.49 percentage points.

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

	NOT SURE	Count	0	2	5	12	2	21
		% within PHILOSOPHY	0.0%	2.0%	1.9%	5.7%	2.8%	2.7%
Total		Count	143	101	262	210	72	788
		% within PHILOSOPHY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Telephone survey conducted August 4-5, 2020. Margin of error: +/- 3.49 percentage points.

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * MILITARY Crosstabulation						
			MILITARY			Total
			ACTIVE DUTY IN HH	VETERAN IN HH	NO MILITARY IN HH	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	29	103	191	323
		% within MILITARY	55.8%	36.7%	41.9%	40.9%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	2	36	69	107
		% within MILITARY	3.8%	12.8%	15.1%	13.6%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	1	46	52	99
		% within MILITARY	1.9%	16.4%	11.4%	12.5%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	20	83	137	240
		% within MILITARY	38.5%	29.5%	30.0%	30.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	0	13	7	20
		% within MILITARY	0.0%	4.6%	1.5%	2.5%
Total		Count	52	281	456	789
		% within MILITARY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * UNION Crosstabulation							
			UNION				Total
			PUBLIC UNION	TRADE UNION	SERVICE UNION	NO UNION	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	60	20	13	230	323
		% within UNION	53.6%	26.3%	39.4%	40.6%	41.0%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	13	10	3	81	107
		% within UNION	11.6%	13.2%	9.1%	14.3%	13.6%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	7	14	7	71	99
		% within UNION	6.3%	18.4%	21.2%	12.5%	12.6%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	30	27	10	173	240
		% within UNION	26.8%	35.5%	30.3%	30.5%	30.5%
	NOT SURE	Count	2	5	0	12	19
		% within UNION	1.8%	6.6%	0.0%	2.1%	2.4%
Total		Count	112	76	33	567	788
		% within UNION	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * GENDER Crosstabulation					
			GENDER		Total
			MEN	WOMEN	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	124	199	323
		% within GENDER	33.4%	47.6%	40.9%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	50	56	106
		% within GENDER	13.5%	13.4%	13.4%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	65	35	100
		% within GENDER	17.5%	8.4%	12.7%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	127	113	240
		% within GENDER	34.2%	27.0%	30.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	5	15	20
		% within GENDER	1.3%	3.6%	2.5%
Total	Count	371	418	789	
	% within GENDER	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * MARITAL STATUS Crosstabulation						
			MARITAL STATUS			Total
			MARRIED	SINGLE	DIVORCED - SEPARATED	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	232	65	27	324
		% within MARITAL STATUS	40.6%	42.2%	42.9%	41.1%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	70	29	6	105
		% within MARITAL STATUS	12.3%	18.8%	9.5%	13.3%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	65	15	19	99
		% within MARITAL STATUS	11.4%	9.7%	30.2%	12.6%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	188	42	10	240
		% within MARITAL STATUS	32.9%	27.3%	15.9%	30.5%
	NOT SURE	Count	16	3	1	20
		% within MARITAL STATUS	2.8%	1.9%	1.6%	2.5%
Total	Count	571	154	63	788	
	% within MARITAL STATUS	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * AGE Crosstabulation							
			AGE				Total
			AGE 18-34	AGE 35-49	AGE 50-64	AGE 65+	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	52	61	98	112	323
		% within AGE	36.4%	33.5%	43.9%	46.7%	41.0%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	5	33	25	43	106
		% within AGE	3.5%	18.1%	11.2%	17.9%	13.5%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	46	14	14	26	100
		% within AGE	32.2%	7.7%	6.3%	10.8%	12.7%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	40	67	82	50	239
		% within AGE	28.0%	36.8%	36.8%	20.8%	30.3%
	NOT SURE	Count	0	7	4	9	20
		% within AGE	0.0%	3.8%	1.8%	3.8%	2.5%
Total		Count	143	182	223	240	788
		% within AGE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * CONGRESS DISTRICT Crosstabulation								
			CONGRESS DISTRICT					Total
			1	2	3	4	5	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	67	49	85	61	62	324
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	43.2%	31.6%	53.8%	36.7%	39.2%	40.9%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	16	19	23	32	17	107
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	10.3%	12.3%	14.6%	19.3%	10.8%	13.5%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	22	17	23	19	19	100
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	14.2%	11.0%	14.6%	11.4%	12.0%	12.6%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	47	64	20	51	58	240
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	30.3%	41.3%	12.7%	30.7%	36.7%	30.3%
	NOT SURE	Count	3	6	7	3	2	21
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	1.9%	3.9%	4.4%	1.8%	1.3%	2.7%
Total	Count	155	155	158	166	158	792	
	% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q1. In March, most Oregonians supported the idea of staying home to prevent the transmission of Covid-19. The cost of shutting everything down included over 400,000 Oregonians losing their jobs, and a \$3 billion dollar budget shortfall to the state general fund. Now, even with a mandatory mask requirement, Oregon’s Covid-19 cases are rising and Governor Brown has directed some counties to shut down again. Do you agree or disagree with the approach the Governor is taking to address this public health crisis?

Q9 * PHONE TYPE Crosstabulation					
			PHONE TYPE		Total
			LANDLINES	MOBILES	
Q9	STRONGLY AGREE	Count	217	107	324
		% within PHONE TYPE	48.0%	31.8%	41.1%
	SOMEWHAT AGREE	Count	69	37	106
		% within PHONE TYPE	15.3%	11.0%	13.4%
	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	Count	39	60	99
		% within PHONE TYPE	8.6%	17.8%	12.5%
	STRONGLY DISAGREE	Count	112	128	240
		% within PHONE TYPE	24.8%	38.0%	30.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	15	5	20
		% within PHONE TYPE	3.3%	1.5%	2.5%
Total	Count	452	337	789	
	% within PHONE TYPE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Telephone survey conducted August 4-5, 2020. Margin of error: +/- 3.49 percentage points.

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * PARTY Crosstabulation						
			PARTY			Total
			DEM	GOP	INDY	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	129	3	23	155
		% within PARTY	37.9%	1.3%	10.9%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	92	222	137	451
		% within PARTY	27.1%	92.9%	64.9%	57.1%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	119	14	51	184
		% within PARTY	35.0%	5.9%	24.2%	23.3%
Total		Count	340	239	211	790
		% within PARTY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * PHILOSOPHY Crosstabulation								
			PHILOSOPHY					Total
			VERY LIBERAL	LIBERAL	MODERATE	CONSERVATIVE	VERY CONSERVATIVE	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	79	32	37	6	1	155
		% within PHILOSOPHY	54.9%	31.4%	14.1%	2.8%	1.4%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	24	29	148	182	69	452
		% within PHILOSOPHY	16.7%	28.4%	56.5%	86.3%	95.8%	57.1%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	41	41	77	23	2	184
		% within PHILOSOPHY	28.5%	40.2%	29.4%	10.9%	2.8%	23.3%
Total	Count	144	102	262	211	72	791	
	% within PHILOSOPHY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * MILITARY Crosstabulation						
			MILITARY			Total
			ACTIVE DUTY IN HH	VETERAN IN HH	NO MILITARY IN HH	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	27	53	74	154
		% within MILITARY	51.9%	18.9%	16.2%	19.5%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	21	165	265	451
		% within MILITARY	40.4%	58.9%	58.1%	57.2%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	4	62	117	183
		% within MILITARY	7.7%	22.1%	25.7%	23.2%
Total	Count	52	280	456	788	
	% within MILITARY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * UNION Crosstabulation							
			UNION				Total
			PUBLIC UNION	TRADE UNION	SERVICE UNION	NO UNION	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	32	7	7	109	155
		% within UNION	28.1%	9.2%	21.9%	19.2%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	61	48	18	324	451
		% within UNION	53.5%	63.2%	56.3%	57.1%	57.2%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	21	21	7	134	183
		% within UNION	18.4%	27.6%	21.9%	23.6%	23.2%
Total	Count	114	76	32	567	789	
	% within UNION	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * GENDER Crosstabulation					
			GENDER		Total
			MEN	WOMEN	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	85	70	155
		% within GENDER	22.8%	16.8%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	220	230	450
		% within GENDER	59.1%	55.2%	57.0%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	67	117	184
		% within GENDER	18.0%	28.1%	23.3%
Total	Count	372	417	789	
	% within GENDER	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * MARITAL STATUS Crosstabulation						
			MARITAL STATUS			Total
			MARRIED	SINGLE	DIVORCED - SEPARATED	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	103	36	16	155
		% within MARITAL STATUS	18.0%	23.2%	25.8%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	351	69	30	450
		% within MARITAL STATUS	61.4%	44.5%	48.4%	57.0%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	118	50	16	184
		% within MARITAL STATUS	20.6%	32.3%	25.8%	23.3%
Total	Count	572	155	62	789	
	% within MARITAL STATUS	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * AGE Crosstabulation							
			AGE				Total
			AGE 18-34	AGE 35-49	AGE 50-64	AGE 65+	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	54	31	37	33	155
		% within AGE	37.5%	17.0%	16.6%	13.7%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	71	107	134	139	451
		% within AGE	49.3%	58.8%	60.1%	57.7%	57.1%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	19	44	52	69	184
		% within AGE	13.2%	24.2%	23.3%	28.6%	23.3%
Total	Count	144	182	223	241	790	
	% within AGE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * CONGRESS DISTRICT Crosstabulation								
			CONGRESS DISTRICT					Total
			1	2	3	4	5	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	25	22	48	45	14	154
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	16.1%	14.4%	30.8%	27.1%	8.9%	19.5%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	95	103	66	100	86	450
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	61.3%	67.3%	42.3%	60.2%	54.4%	57.1%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	35	28	42	21	58	184
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	22.6%	18.3%	26.9%	12.7%	36.7%	23.4%
Total	Count	155	153	156	166	158	788	
	% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q2. This week, the Oregon Legislature intends to convene a special session in order address budget revenue shortfalls. Democratic lawmakers are calling for tax increases on businesses and cutting tax deductions like home mortgage interest and charitable giving. Republicans are calling for reductions in non-essential spending, delaying the start of new programs created in the 2019 legislative session, and ending tax credits for special interest programs. Which of the following proposals best aligns with your views for how to address the state budget shortfall?

Q10 * PHONE TYPE Crosstabulation					
			PHONE TYPE		Total
			LANDLINES	MOBILES	
Q10	RAISE TAXES-CUT DEDUCTIONS	Count	104	51	155
		% within PHONE TYPE	23.0%	15.1%	19.6%
	CUT STATE SPENDING	Count	249	202	451
		% within PHONE TYPE	55.1%	59.8%	57.1%
	NO PREFERENCE	Count	99	85	184
		% within PHONE TYPE	21.9%	25.1%	23.3%
Total	Count	452	338	790	
	% within PHONE TYPE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * PARTY Crosstabulation						
			PARTY			Total
			DEM	GOP	INDY	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	158	152	105	415
		% within PARTY	46.5%	63.6%	49.8%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	95	59	51	205
		% within PARTY	27.9%	24.7%	24.2%	25.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	87	28	55	170
		% within PARTY	25.6%	11.7%	26.1%	21.5%
Total	Count	340	239	211	790	
	% within PARTY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * PHILOSOPHY Crosstabulation								
			PHILOSOPHY					Total
			VERY LIBERAL	LIBERAL	MODERATE	CONSERVATIVE	VERY CONSERVATIVE	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	60	34	144	129	48	415
		% within PHILOSOPHY	42.0%	33.7%	55.0%	61.1%	66.7%	52.6%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	51	29	75	37	13	205
		% within PHILOSOPHY	35.7%	28.7%	28.6%	17.5%	18.1%	26.0%
	NOT SURE	Count	32	38	43	45	11	169
		% within PHILOSOPHY	22.4%	37.6%	16.4%	21.3%	15.3%	21.4%
Total	Count	143	101	262	211	72	789	
	% within PHILOSOPHY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * MILITARY Crosstabulation						
			MILITARY			Total
			ACTIVE DUTY IN HH	VETERAN IN HH	NO MILITARY IN HH	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	40	149	225	414
		% within MILITARY	78.4%	53.2%	49.2%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	8	62	135	205
		% within MILITARY	15.7%	22.1%	29.5%	26.0%
	NOT SURE	Count	3	69	97	169
		% within MILITARY	5.9%	24.6%	21.2%	21.4%
Total	Count	51	280	457	788	
	% within MILITARY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * UNION Crosstabulation							
			UNION				Total
			PUBLIC UNION	TRADE UNION	SERVICE UNION	NO UNION	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	59	41	7	308	415
		% within UNION	51.8%	53.9%	21.2%	54.3%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	36	13	20	136	205
		% within UNION	31.6%	17.1%	60.6%	24.0%	25.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	19	22	6	123	170
		% within UNION	16.7%	28.9%	18.2%	21.7%	21.5%
Total	Count	114	76	33	567	790	
	% within UNION	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * GENDER Crosstabulation					
			GENDER		Total
			MEN	WOMEN	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	233	181	414
		% within GENDER	62.8%	43.4%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	96	108	204
		% within GENDER	25.9%	25.9%	25.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	42	128	170
		% within GENDER	11.3%	30.7%	21.6%
Total	Count	371	417	788	
	% within GENDER	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * MARITAL STATUS Crosstabulation						
			MARITAL STATUS			Total
			MARRIED	SINGLE	DIVORCED - SEPARATED	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	313	61	41	415
		% within MARITAL STATUS	54.7%	39.6%	65.1%	52.6%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	149	51	4	204
		% within MARITAL STATUS	26.0%	33.1%	6.3%	25.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	110	42	18	170
		% within MARITAL STATUS	19.2%	27.3%	28.6%	21.5%
Total	Count	572	154	63	789	
	% within MARITAL STATUS	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * AGE Crosstabulation							
			AGE				Total
			AGE 18-34	AGE 35-49	AGE 50-64	AGE 65+	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	73	85	124	132	414
		% within AGE	51.0%	46.4%	55.9%	54.8%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	38	64	56	47	205
		% within AGE	26.6%	35.0%	25.2%	19.5%	26.0%
	NOT SURE	Count	32	34	42	62	170
		% within AGE	22.4%	18.6%	18.9%	25.7%	21.5%
Total	Count	143	183	222	241	789	
	% within AGE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * CONGRESS DISTRICT Crosstabulation								
			CONGRESS DISTRICT					Total
			1	2	3	4	5	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	81	87	96	83	68	415
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	52.3%	56.5%	61.1%	50.0%	42.8%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	47	30	35	44	50	206
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	30.3%	19.5%	22.3%	26.5%	31.4%	26.0%
	NOT SURE	Count	27	37	26	39	41	170
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	17.4%	24.0%	16.6%	23.5%	25.8%	21.5%
Total	Count	155	154	157	166	159	791	
	% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q3. In 2008, when Oregon faced the last recession, public employees accepted concessions that included freezing pay levels, postponing cost of living increases and raises, and layoffs. Currently, state economists predict Oregon is facing another recession and the state budget is already \$3 billion dollars short - due to the impact of Covid-19. Prior to the Covid crisis, the legislature increased funding in state spending to cover rising costs of employee healthcare, PERS contributions, and \$200 million in public employee raises. Given the budget shortfall, do you believe that public employees should once again accept concessions to help balance the state budget?

Q11 * PHONE TYPE Crosstabulation					
			PHONE TYPE		Total
			LANDLINES	MOBILES	
Q11	FORCE UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	248	166	414
		% within PHONE TYPE	54.9%	49.4%	52.5%
	NO UNION CONCESSIONS	Count	101	103	204
		% within PHONE TYPE	22.3%	30.7%	25.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	103	67	170
		% within PHONE TYPE	22.8%	19.9%	21.6%
Total	Count	452	336	788	
	% within PHONE TYPE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * PARTY Crosstabulation						
			PARTY			Total
			DEM	GOP	INDY	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	92	26	43	161
		% within PARTY	27.1%	10.9%	20.4%	20.4%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	166	176	126	468
		% within PARTY	48.8%	73.9%	59.7%	59.3%
	NOT SURE	Count	82	36	42	160
		% within PARTY	24.1%	15.1%	19.9%	20.3%
Total	Count	340	238	211	789	
	% within PARTY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * PHILOSOPHY Crosstabulation								
			PHILOSOPHY					Total
			VERY LIBERAL	LIBERAL	MODERATE	CONSERVATIVE	VERY CONSERVATIVE	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	50	16	61	27	6	160
		% within PHILOSOPHY	34.7%	15.8%	23.4%	12.9%	8.3%	20.3%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	68	54	142	144	61	469
		% within PHILOSOPHY	47.2%	53.5%	54.4%	68.6%	84.7%	59.5%
	NOT SURE	Count	26	31	58	39	5	159
		% within PHILOSOPHY	18.1%	30.7%	22.2%	18.6%	6.9%	20.2%
Total	Count	144	101	261	210	72	788	
	% within PHILOSOPHY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * MILITARY Crosstabulation						
			MILITARY			Total
			ACTIVE DUTY IN HH	VETERAN IN HH	NO MILITARY IN HH	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	27	58	76	161
		% within MILITARY	51.9%	20.7%	16.7%	20.4%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	19	182	267	468
		% within MILITARY	36.5%	65.0%	58.6%	59.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	6	40	113	159
		% within MILITARY	11.5%	14.3%	24.8%	20.2%
Total		Count	52	280	456	788
		% within MILITARY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * UNION Crosstabulation							
			UNION				Total
			PUBLIC UNION	TRADE UNION	SERVICE UNION	NO UNION	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	39	19	5	98	161
		% within UNION	34.5%	24.7%	15.6%	17.3%	20.4%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	52	35	21	361	469
		% within UNION	46.0%	45.5%	65.6%	63.6%	59.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	22	23	6	109	160
		% within UNION	19.5%	29.9%	18.8%	19.2%	20.3%
Total	Count	113	77	32	568	790	
	% within UNION	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * GENDER Crosstabulation					
			GENDER		Total
			MEN	WOMEN	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	71	90	161
		% within GENDER	19.1%	21.6%	20.4%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	246	222	468
		% within GENDER	66.3%	53.2%	59.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	54	105	159
		% within GENDER	14.6%	25.2%	20.2%
Total	Count	371	417	788	
	% within GENDER	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * MARITAL STATUS Crosstabulation						
			MARITAL STATUS			Total
			MARRIED	SINGLE	DIVORCED - SEPARATED	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	123	31	6	160
		% within MARITAL STATUS	21.5%	20.1%	9.5%	20.3%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	348	77	43	468
		% within MARITAL STATUS	60.9%	50.0%	68.3%	59.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	100	46	14	160
		% within MARITAL STATUS	17.5%	29.9%	22.2%	20.3%
Total	Count	571	154	63	788	
	% within MARITAL STATUS	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * AGE Crosstabulation							
			AGE				Total
			AGE 18-34	AGE 35-49	AGE 50-64	AGE 65+	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	51	36	39	35	161
		% within AGE	35.7%	19.9%	17.6%	14.6%	20.5%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	83	95	136	153	467
		% within AGE	58.0%	52.5%	61.3%	63.8%	59.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	9	50	47	52	158
		% within AGE	6.3%	27.6%	21.2%	21.7%	20.1%
Total		Count	143	181	222	240	786
		% within AGE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * CONGRESS DISTRICT Crosstabulation								
			CONGRESS DISTRICT					Total
			1	2	3	4	5	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	31	18	53	28	31	161
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	20.0%	11.7%	33.8%	16.9%	19.6%	20.4%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	103	102	68	109	86	468
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	66.5%	66.2%	43.3%	65.7%	54.4%	59.2%
	NOT SURE	Count	21	34	36	29	41	161
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	13.5%	22.1%	22.9%	17.5%	25.9%	20.4%
Total	Count	155	154	157	166	158	790	
	% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q4. Thinking again to the upcoming legislative session, lawmakers are seeking to preserve the \$9 billion dollar education budget even though most students won't receive their education in a classroom this fall due to Covid-19. To maintain a fully-funded education budget means there will be likely cuts to public safety and prisons, senior services, and programs for people with disabilities. Which of the following statements best represents how you would urge lawmakers to prioritize budget cuts in the special session?

Q12 * PHONE TYPE Crosstabulation					
			PHONE TYPE		Total
			LANDLINES	MOBILES	
Q12	NO CUTS TO SCHOOLS	Count	89	71	160
		% within PHONE TYPE	19.7%	21.1%	20.3%
	CUT SCHOOLS W/ EVERYTHING ELSE	Count	263	205	468
		% within PHONE TYPE	58.2%	61.0%	59.4%
	NOT SURE	Count	100	60	160
		% within PHONE TYPE	22.1%	17.9%	20.3%
Total	Count	452	336	788	
	% within PHONE TYPE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * PARTY Crosstabulation						
			PARTY			Total
			DEM	GOP	INDY	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	120	13	48	181
		% within PARTY	35.2%	5.4%	22.6%	22.9%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	121	193	136	450
		% within PARTY	35.5%	80.8%	64.2%	56.8%
	NOT SURE	Count	100	33	28	161
		% within PARTY	29.3%	13.8%	13.2%	20.3%
Total	Count	341	239	212	792	
	% within PARTY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * PHILOSOPHY Crosstabulation								
			PHILOSOPHY					Total
			VERY LIBERAL	LIBERAL	MODERATE	CONSERVATIVE	VERY CONSERVATIVE	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	63	35	64	13	4	179
		% within PHILOSOPHY	43.8%	34.7%	24.5%	6.2%	5.6%	22.7%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	53	39	132	166	59	449
		% within PHILOSOPHY	36.8%	38.6%	50.6%	78.7%	83.1%	57.0%
	NOT SURE	Count	28	27	65	32	8	160
		% within PHILOSOPHY	19.4%	26.7%	24.9%	15.2%	11.3%	20.3%
Total	Count	144	101	261	211	71	788	
	% within PHILOSOPHY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * MILITARY Crosstabulation						
			MILITARY			Total
			ACTIVE DUTY IN HH	VETERAN IN HH	NO MILITARY IN HH	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	24	57	99	180
		% within MILITARY	47.1%	20.3%	21.7%	22.8%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	24	173	252	449
		% within MILITARY	47.1%	61.6%	55.1%	56.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	3	51	106	160
		% within MILITARY	5.9%	18.1%	23.2%	20.3%
Total	Count	51	281	457	789	
	% within MILITARY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * UNION Crosstabulation							
			UNION				Total
			PUBLIC UNION	TRADE UNION	SERVICE UNION	NO UNION	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	47	8	7	118	180
		% within UNION	41.6%	10.4%	21.9%	20.8%	22.8%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	44	53	16	336	449
		% within UNION	38.9%	68.8%	50.0%	59.3%	56.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	22	16	9	113	160
		% within UNION	19.5%	20.8%	28.1%	19.9%	20.3%
Total	Count	113	77	32	567	789	
	% within UNION	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * GENDER Crosstabulation					
			GENDER		Total
			MEN	WOMEN	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	93	87	180
		% within GENDER	25.0%	20.9%	22.8%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	222	227	449
		% within GENDER	59.7%	54.4%	56.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	57	103	160
		% within GENDER	15.3%	24.7%	20.3%
Total	Count	372	417	789	
	% within GENDER	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * MARITAL STATUS Crosstabulation						
			MARITAL STATUS			Total
			MARRIED	SINGLE	DIVORCED - SEPARATED	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	137	29	14	180
		% within MARITAL STATUS	24.0%	18.8%	22.2%	22.8%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	320	92	36	448
		% within MARITAL STATUS	55.9%	59.7%	57.1%	56.8%
	NOT SURE	Count	115	33	13	161
		% within MARITAL STATUS	20.1%	21.4%	20.6%	20.4%
Total	Count	572	154	63	789	
	% within MARITAL STATUS	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * AGE Crosstabulation							
			AGE				Total
			AGE 18-34	AGE 35-49	AGE 50-64	AGE 65+	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	33	39	55	52	179
		% within AGE	23.1%	21.4%	24.8%	21.6%	22.7%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	99	112	125	113	449
		% within AGE	69.2%	61.5%	56.3%	46.9%	57.0%
	NOT SURE	Count	11	31	42	76	160
		% within AGE	7.7%	17.0%	18.9%	31.5%	20.3%
Total	Count	143	182	222	241	788	
	% within AGE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * CONGRESS DISTRICT Crosstabulation								
			CONGRESS DISTRICT					Total
			1	2	3	4	5	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	25	33	61	28	33	180
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	16.2%	21.4%	38.9%	16.9%	21.0%	22.8%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	98	96	62	88	104	448
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	63.6%	62.3%	39.5%	53.0%	66.2%	56.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	31	25	34	50	20	160
		% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	20.1%	16.2%	21.7%	30.1%	12.7%	20.3%
Total	Count	154	154	157	166	157	788	
	% within CONGRESS DISTRICT	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

OR Statewide Poll Crosstab Report

Q5. If lawmakers preserve the full \$9 billion dollar education fund, the average funding per student will be roughly \$11,000 per child. However, due to Covid-19, most Oregon students will not be attending in-person class learning, and parents will be facilitating their child’s education through online or homeschooling. Given that the \$11,000 per student funding was intended to pay for in-person learning, including program funding for things like services to children with disabilities or career technical programs, which of the following statements best represents how you believe education funding dollars should be used this year to ensure children receive a free and appropriate education?

Q13 * PHONE TYPE Crosstabulation					
			PHONE TYPE		Total
			LANDLINES	MOBILES	
Q13	ALL MONEY TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS	Count	121	59	180
		% within PHONE TYPE	26.8%	17.5%	22.8%
	SPLIT SCHOOL MONEY WITH PARENTS	Count	211	238	449
		% within PHONE TYPE	46.7%	70.6%	56.9%
	NOT SURE	Count	120	40	160
		% within PHONE TYPE	26.5%	11.9%	20.3%
Total	Count	452	337	789	
	% within PHONE TYPE	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	