# Pattishall CE Primary School 2020



# Inclusion Policy

Incorporating Special Educational Needs Information, in compliance with Statutory Instrument: Special Educational Needs (Information) Regulations (Clause 64)

[Based on the NCC January 2014 Model Policy]

Prepared by:	Approved on:
Hannah Bowden	
Signed (Chair of Governors)	Date of next Review:

#### **Legislative Compliance**

This policy complies with the guidance given in **Statutory Instrument: Special Educational Needs (Information) Regulations (Clause 64).** It has been written as guidance for staff, parents or carers and children with reference to the following guidance and documents.

SEN Code of Practice (which takes account of the SEN provisions of the SEN and Disability Act 2001) September 2014

Ofsted Section 5 Inspection Framework January 2014

Ofsted SEN Review 2010 "A Statement is not enough"

Equality Act 2010

Education Bill 2011

Children and Families Act 2014

#### **Inclusion Statement**

- We endeavour to achieve maximum inclusion of all children (including vulnerable learners) whilst meeting their individual needs.
- Teachers provide differentiated learning opportunities for all the children within the school and provide materials appropriate to children's interests and abilities. This ensures that all children have a full access to the school curriculum.
- Special Educational Need might be an explanation for delayed or slower progress but is not an excuse, and we make every effort to narrow the gap in attainment between vulnerable groups of learners and others.
- English as an Additional Language (EAL) is not considered a Special Education Need. Differentiated work and individual learning opportunities are provided for children who are learning EAL as part of our provision for vulnerable learners.
- We focus on individual progress as the main indicator of success.
- We strive to make a clear distinction between "underachievement" often caused by a poor early experience of learning and special educational needs.
  - Some pupils in our school may be underachieving but will not necessarily have a special educational need. It is our responsibility to spot this quickly and ensure that appropriate interventions are put in place to help these pupils catch up.
  - Other pupils will genuinely have special educational needs and this may lead to lower-attainment (though not necessarily to under-achievement). It is our responsibility to ensure that pupils with special educational needs have the maximum opportunity to attain and achieve in line with their peers. Accurate assessment of need and carefully planned programmes, which address the root causes of any learning difficulty, are essential ingredients of success for these pupils. These will be provided, initially, through additional support funded from the devolved schools budget.

#### Aims and Objectives of this Policy

The aims of our inclusion policy and practice in this school are:

- To provide curriculum access for all
- To secure high levels of achievement for all
- To meet individual needs through a wide range of provision
- To attain high levels of satisfaction and participation from pupils, parent and carers
- To carefully map provision for all vulnerable learners to ensure that staffing deployment, resource allocation and choice of intervention is leading to good learning outcomes.

- To ensure a high level of staff expertise to meet pupil need, through well targeted continuing professional development.
- To work in cooperative and productive partnership with the Local Authority and other
  outside agencies, to ensure there is a multi-professional approach to meeting the needs
  of all vulnerable learners.
- To "promote children's self-esteem and emotional well-being and help them to form and maintain worthwhile relationships based on respect for themselves and others". (National Curriculum, 2000).
- Information about the school's policies for the identification, assessment and provision for pupils with special educational needs, whether or not pupils have EHC Plans, including how the school evaluates the effectiveness of its provision for such pupils.

and

2. The school's arrangements for assessing the progress of pupils with special educational needs

In agreeing these staged arrangements, the school has taken into account the following statements and definitions:

"Defining achievement in terms of the number of targets on an individual education plan achieved across a given time rarely ensured rigorous evaluation of provision or pupils' progress. What made the difference to higher outcomes was effective target-setting within the curriculum or personalised programme as part of a whole-school policy on assessment."

#### 'Inclusion: does it matter where pupils are taught?' (Ofsted, 2006a)

"Special educational provision is educational or training provision that is **additional to** or **different from**" that made generally for others of the same age. This means provision that goes beyond the differentiated approaches and learning arrangements normally provided as part of high quality, personalised teaching"

#### SEN Code Of Practice (2014)

This is not necessarily "more literacy" or "more maths" but would be interventions which address the underlying learning needs of the pupil in order to improve his or her access to the curriculum."

#### "Achievement for All" (National Strategies : 2009)

Across all the education providers visited, the keys to good outcomes were good teaching and learning, close tracking, rigorous monitoring of progress with intervention quickly put in place, and a thorough evaluation of the impact of additional provision.

#### Ofsted SEN Review 2010

"Ensuring that schools are clear about their provision that is normally available for all children, including targeted help routinely provided for those falling behind and the additional provision they make for those with SEN, should simplify the process of planning the right help at school level" (p68)

SEN Code of Practice 2014

# STAGE 1 Well-differentiated, quality first teaching, including, where appropriate, the use of Wave 1 or Wave 2 Interventions. All vulnerable learners to be included on a whole-school provision map.

- All learners will have access to quality first teaching.
- The routine and prolonged withdrawal from mainstream of children with EAL is not recognised as good practice and does not promote rapid language acquisition. Language acquisition is best promoted through a range of good, inclusive strategies, interventions and differentiation of the usual school curriculum.
- Some vulnerable learners will have access to Wave 1 or Wave 2 interventions. These will
  probably be pupils who are underachieving and have been identified by the school as
  needing to make accelerated progress but will not necessarily be pupils with special
  educational needs. This is considered to be a differentiation of the usual school curriculum –
  not a special intervention for pupils with SEN.
- All vulnerable learners will be included on a detailed whole-school provision map which outlines and monitors all additional intervention across the school. The whole school provision map enables the school to:
  - o Plan strategically to meet pupils' identified needs and track their provision.
  - Audit how well provision matches need
  - o Recognise gaps in provision
  - o Highlight repetitive or ineffective use of resources
  - Cost provision effectively
  - o Demonstrate accountability for financial efficiency
  - Demonstrate to all staff how support is deployed
  - o Inform parents, LEA, external agencies and Ofsted about resource deployment
  - Focus attention on whole-school issues of learning and teaching as well as individual needs, providing an important tool for self-evaluation.

#### Identification and Assessment at Stage 1

Children's needs should be identified and met as early as possible through:

- the analysis of data including entry profiles, Foundation Stage Profile scores, "A Language in Common" assessment, reading ages, other whole-school pupil progress data
- classroom-based assessment and monitoring arrangements. (Cycle of planning, action and review.)
- following up parental concerns
- tracking individual children's progress over time,
- liaison with feeder nurseries on transfer
- information from previous schools
- information from other services
- maintaining a provision map for all vulnerable learners but which clearly identifies pupils
  receiving additional SEN Support from the school's devolved budget or in receipt of High
  Needs funding. This provision map is updated regularly through meetings between the
  teachers and SENCO.
- Undertaking, when necessary, a more in depth individual assessment this may include a range of commercially available assessments, carefully chosen to deliver appropriate, useful information on a pupil's needs. It may include a bilingual assessment where English is not the first language.
- Involving an external agency where it is suspected that a special educational need is significant.

#### <u>Curriculum Access and Provision for vulnerable learners</u>

Where children are underachieving and/or identified as having special educational needs, the school provides for these additional needs in a variety of ways and might use a combination of these approaches to address targets identified for individual pupils.

- Children are grouped across the school for RWI
- teachers differentiate work as part of quality first teaching
- Wave 1,2,3 interventions
- other small group withdrawal
- individual class support / individual withdrawal
- further differentiation of resources
- Pupil 'catch-up' and 'pre teach' sessions
- Precision teaching

#### Monitoring and Evaluation

The monitoring and evaluation of the effectiveness of our provision for vulnerable learners is carried out in the following ways:

- classroom observation by the SENCO, Head teacher and subject leaders
- ongoing assessment of progress made by intervention groups
- work sampling on a termly basis
- scrutiny of planning
- informal feedback from all staff
- pupil progress tracking using assessment data (whole-school processes)
- monitoring targets, evaluating the impact of targets on pupils' progress
- attendance records
- regular meetings about pupils' progress between the SENCO and the head teacher
- head teacher's report to parents and governors
- Regular TA meetings
- Regular SEN year group meetings
- Helping Hands (support banks)
- Buddy boxes (SEN resources)

## **Stage 2 Additional SEN Support**

- Pupils will be offered additional SEN support when it is clear that their needs require
  intervention which is "additional to" or "different from" the well-differentiated curriculum offer
  for all pupils in the school i.e. they have a special educational need as defined by the SEN
  Code of Practice 2014.
- Under-achieving pupils and pupils with EAL who do not have SEN will **not** be placed on the list of pupils being offered additional SEN support (but will be on the school's provision map).
- In keeping with all vulnerable learners, intervention for pupils on the SEN list will be identified and tracked using the whole-school provision map.
- It may be decided that a very small number, <u>but not</u> all of the pupils on the SEN list will require additional High Needs funding, for which an application needs to be made to the Local Authority, to ensure their underlying special educational need is being addressed. This may particularly be the case where outside agencies have been involved in assessing the

pupil or contributing to their provision. Where the school can evidence that more than £6,000 above the Average Weighted Pupil Unit has, or will need to be, spent on a pupil within any one financial year, in order to meet his or her special educational needs, an application will be made to the Local Authority, with particular regard to the success criteria and SEN Descriptors published as part of the local offer.

- On very rare occasions, where a pupil has a significant, severe and sustained need, it may
  be necessary to enter a multi-disciplinary assessment process with health and social care in
  order to consider the need for an Education Health and Care Plan.
- Where a pupil is in receipt of High Needs Funding and/or an Education Health and Care Plan, a decision will be made as to whether a short-term Individual Education Plan is required.
- Our approach to IEPs (Individual Education Plans), which we recognise are no longer prescribed in the SEN Code of Practice 2014, is as follows:

# Where we feel an IEP (Learning plan) is necessary:

- Our IEPs are a planning, teaching and reviewing tool for staff which enables us to focus on particular areas of development for pupils with special educational needs. They are seen as working document which can be constantly refined and amended.
- Our IEPs will only record that which is additional to or different from the
  differentiated curriculum plan which is in place as part of provision for all
  children. Targets will address the underlying reasons why a pupil is having
  difficulty with learning they will not simply be "more literacy" or "more maths".
- Our IEPs will be accessible to all those involved in their implementation pupils should have an understanding and "ownership of the targets".
- Our IEPs will be based on informed assessment and will include the input of outside agencies.
- Our IEPs have been devised so that they are manageable and easily monitored and therefore will be monitored and evaluated regularly.
- o Our IEPs have a rolling review
- Our IEPs will have a maximum of five short / medium term SMART targets set for or by the pupil.
- Our IEPs will specify how often the target(s) will be covered
- Targets for an IEP will be arrived at through :
  - Discussion between teacher and SENCO
  - Discussion, wherever possible, with parents/carers and pupil
  - Discussion with another professional
- Our IEPs will be reviewed at least termly by class teachers in consultation with the SENCO.

#### Stage 3 Statement of Special Educational Needs or Education Health and Care Plan

- Pupils with an Education Health and Care Plan will have access to all arrangements for pupils on the SEN list (above) and, in addition to this, will have an Annual Review of their statement/plan.
- Our school will comply with all local arrangements and procedures when applying for
  - High Needs Block Funding
  - An Education Health and Care Plan
  - and will ensure that all pre-requisites for application have been met through ambitious and pro-active additional SEN Support using our devolved budget at an earlier stage.
- Our review procedures fully comply with those recommended in Section 6.15 of the Special Educational Needs Code of Practice and with local NCC policy and guidance particularly with regard to the timescales set out within the process.

# Inclusion of pupils with English as an additional language

#### Definition

A pupil who has English has an Additional Language is a pupil whose first language is not English, and who uses that language on a regular basis inside or outside of school. EAL pupils are not considered to have a Special Educational Need, but are seen to benefit from the ability to live and learn in more than one language.

#### Ethos

We strive to recognise, welcome and celebrate linguistic and cultural diversity and have a high expectation of all pupils regardless of ethnic, cultural or linguistic heritage. We aim to include all pupils and parents in our school by respecting that diversity and reflecting it in our school environment, curriculum, learning resources and partnership with parents. We welcome the enrichment that linguistic and cultural diversity brings to our school community.

#### Admissions

No pupil will be refused admission on the basis of ethnicity or EAL. Pupils who have EAL will be admitted under the same criteria as any other pupil applying for a school place.

#### **Provision**

Pupils with EAL will have full access to mainstream provision regardless of their proficiency in English. Where necessary, additional support will be given to improve acquisition of English: this will be provided through Wave 1 and, where appropriate, Wave 2 teaching.

The following provision can be expected:

- initial assessment of EAL using QCA 'A Language in Common' to record stage of language acquisition where it is below English NC Level 2
- a further mother tongue assessment may be applicable where SEN is known or where further information needs to be gathered in the pupil's first language
- pupils will be placed in sets and groups which match their academic ability. Initially this may
  be in a middle-ability set until the pupil's academic strengths can be more fully assessed.
  Pupils will not be placed with SEN pupils unless SEN is indicated.
- Work in class will be differentiated for the pupils to lessen linguistic difficulties without significantly reducing academic challenge. Differentiated homework will be provided to enable the pupil to improve their knowledge and use of English and to participate in homework activities on an equal basis with their peers.
- Additional support for pupils may be given through: first language resources & translation facilities; teaching support on a 1:1 or small group basis, peer group support; pre-teaching of key concepts and vocabulary.
- Progress of EAL pupils will be monitored against both A Language in Common (where below English NC level 2) and against National Curriculum indicators. Where accelerated progress in English is needed for reasons of EAL, targets will be set and provision made on agreement between the class teacher and the EMA Co-ordinator or SENCO. Provision will be recorded and monitored for effectiveness using the school's provision map, in line with standard practice for all vulnerable learners in the school. The pupil will not be placed on the SEN register for reasons of EAL.

# Inclusion of pupils who are looked after in local authority care

Our school recognises that:

- Children who are looked after in local authority care have the same rights as all children but may have additional needs due to attachment issues, early neglect, separation and loss, trauma and many placement moves. These barriers to learning can affect their educational outcomes and their personal, social and emotional development.
- There are commonly understood reasons (Social Exclusion Unit Report :2003] why children who are looked after in local authority care often fail to make expected progress at school :
  - o Placement instability
  - o Unsatisfactory educational experiences of many carers
  - Too much time out of school
  - o Insufficient help if they fall behind
  - Unmet needs emotional, mental, physical
- There is a statutory requirement for all schools to have a designated teacher (DT) for looked after children. (The name of the current designated teacher at our school is given at the end of this inclusion policy). The responsibilities of our designated teacher include:
  - monitoring the progress of children who are 'looked after' to ensure that they have the best life chances possible and access to the full range of opportunities in school
  - ensuring that children who are 'looked after' have access to the appropriate network of support
  - checking that the statutory Personal Education Plan (PEP) has been arranged and that it is regularly reviewed, at least every six months
  - ensuring that information concerning the education of children who are 'looked after' is transferred between agencies and individuals
  - preparing a report on the child's educational progress to contribute towards the statutory review. (These are usually held at six monthly intervals or more frequently if there is a concern)
  - discussing feedback from the statutory review (chaired by the Independent Reviewing Officer) with social workers and, where necessary, the carers and a member of the Virtual School team.
  - liaising with the child's social worker to ensure that there is effective communication at all times
  - celebrating the child's successes and acknowledge the progress they are making.

Our school will work closely with the county's The Virtual School (VS) for Children which promotes the educational needs of Looked After Children and monitors admissions, PEP completion, attendance & exclusions.

#### Inclusion of pupils who are very able and/or talented

In this section the term 'very able' refers to pupils who have a broad range of achievement at a very high level. Those children who are very able have very well-developed learning skills across the curriculum. The term 'talented' refers to pupils who excel in one or more specific fields, such as sport or music, but who may or may not perform at a high level across all areas of learning.

- Physical talents, sports, games, skilled, dexterity
- Visual/performing abilities, dance, movement, drama
- Mechanical ingenuity construction, object assembly (and disassembly), systematic, working solutions
- Outstanding leadership, organiser, outstanding team leader, sound judgements
- Social awareness, sensitivity, empathy,
- · Creativity, artistic, musical, linguistic

We respect the right of all children in our school, irrespective of differences in ability, to access a number of areas of learning, and to develop the knowledge, skills, understanding and attitudes that are necessary for their self-fulfilment and eventual development into active and responsible adults.

The aims of our school make specific reference to teaching and learning that takes into account the needs of all children. They also identify the commitment to giving all our children every opportunity to achieve the highest of standards. This policy guides the way in which this happens for our very able and/or talented children.

Based on DFES guidelines, we monitor the children closely in the FS and at KS1, but we only identify very able and talented children once they are in KS2.

#### Identification

Before identifying any child as 'very able' in a particular area, we aim to ensure that all children have had the opportunity to learn and succeed in this area. This makes the identification process fair. Identification of pupils as 'very able' and/or 'talented' is a judgement which applies to the current class/school context and refers to the current level of performance only. This means that 'at this time this child is showing ability in a particular area'. Identification at our school does not necessarily mean that in another school or context the child would be identified.

A very able or talented pupil should be identified using a variety of methods. The specific procedure will vary according to subject area but will include elements of the following:

- teacher nomination
- assessment results
- specialist teacher identification
- parental nomination
- peer nomination
- self- nomination

Each year the school will draw up a register of very able and/or talented children, this list will be kept under review. Provision for very able and/or talented children will be tracked on the school's provision map.

#### Provision

Teachers have high expectations and plan carefully to meet the learning needs of all our children. We give all children the opportunity to show what they know, understand and can do, and we achieve this in a variety of ways when planning for children's learning by providing:

- a common activity that allows the children to respond at their own level;
- an enrichment activity that broadens a child's learning in a particular skill or knowledge area;
- an individual activity within a common theme that reflects a greater depth of understanding and higher level of attainment;
- the opportunity for children to progress through their work at their own rate of learning.

Children meet a variety of organisational strategies as they move through the school. Each strategy supports all children in their learning, but gives due regard to the more able and very able learner.

From Year 1 to Year 6 we set targets for English and mathematics at the appropriate level. We teach the children in our classes with appropriate differentiation.

We offer a range of extra-curricular activities for our children. These activities offer very able and/or talented children the opportunity to further extend their learning in a range of activities. Opportunities include a range of sporting and musical clubs.

3. The name and contact details of the SEN co-ordinator.

Hannah Bowden, 01327 830301

The name and contact details of the Ethnic Minority Achievement co-ordinator.

Hannah Bowden, 01327 830301

The name and contact details of the Designated Teacher for Looked After pupils

Hannah Bowden 01327 830301

#### Management of Inclusion within our school

The head teacher and the governing body have delegated the responsibility for the ongoing implementation of this Inclusion Policy to the Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO). The SENCO is responsible for reporting regularly to the head and the governor with responsibility for SEN on the ongoing effectiveness of this inclusion policy.

All staff in school have a responsibility for maximising achievement and opportunity of vulnerable learners – specifically, all teachers are teachers of pupils with special educational needs and EAL. Staff are aware of their responsibilities towards all vulnerable learners and a positive and sensitive attitude is shown towards all pupils at all times.

#### Head teacher

- the head teacher is responsible for monitoring and evaluating the progress of all pupils and for making strategic decisions which will maximise their opportunity to learn
- the head teacher and the governing body will delegate the day to day implementation of this
  policy to the Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO) and Ethnic Minority
  Achievement Co-ordinator
- the head teacher will be informed of the progress of all vulnerable learners and any issues with regard to the school's provision in this regard through:
  - analysis of the whole-school pupil progress tracking system
  - maintenance and analysis of a whole-school provision map for vulnerable learners
  - pupil progress meetings with individual teachers
  - regular meetings with the SENCO
  - discussions with pupils and parents

# **Special Educational Needs Coordinator**

In line with the recommendations in the SEN Code of Practice 2014, the SENCO will oversee the day- to-day operation of this policy in the following ways:

- maintenance and analysis of whole-school provision map for vulnerable learners
- identifying on this provision map a staged list of pupils with special educational needs those
  in receipt of additional SEN support from the schools devolved budget, those in receipt of

Pattishall CE Primary Inclusion Policy page 10

High Needs funding and those with statements of Special Educational Need or Education Health and Care plans

- co-ordinating provision for children with special educational needs
- liaising with and advising teachers
- managing other classroom staff involved in supporting vulnerable learners
- overseeing the records on all children with Special Educational Needs
- liaising with parents of children with SEN, in conjunction with class teachers
- contributing to the in-service training of staff
- implementing a programme of Annual Review for all pupils with a statement of special educational need. Complying with requests from an Education Health and Care Plan Coordinator to participate in a review.
- carrying out referral procedures to the Local Authority to request High Needs funding and/or an Education Health and Care Plan when it is suspected, on strong evidence arising from previous intervention (additional SEN support from devolved budget), that a pupil may have a special educational need which will require significant support,
- overseeing the smooth running of transition arrangements and transfer of information for Year 6 pupils on the vulnerable learners' provision map.
- monitoring the school's system for ensuring that Individual Education Plans, where it is agreed they will be useful for a pupil with special educational needs, have a high profile in the classroom and with pupils (see section below on Individual Education Plans).
- evaluating regularly the impact and effectiveness of all additional interventions for all vulnerable learners (including those with special educational needs).
- meeting at least termly with each teacher to review and revise learning objectives for all
  vulnerable learners in their class who are being tracked on the school's provision map
  (school managers will guarantee planning and preparation time for teachers and SENCO to
  ensure that these meetings occur).
- liaising sensitively with parents and families of pupils on the SEN list, keeping them informed
  of progress and listening to their views of progress.
- attending area SENCO network meetings and training as appropriate.
- liaising with the school's Inclusion Governor, keeping him/her informed of current issues regarding provision for vulnerable learners, including those with Special Educational Needs (nationally, locally and within school).
- liaising closely with a range of outside agencies to support vulnerable learners.

#### Class teacher

- liaising with the SENCO co-ordinator to agree :
  - o which pupils in the class are vulnerable learners
  - which pupils are underachieving and need to have their additional interventions monitored on the a vulnerable learners' provision map – but do not have special educational needs.
  - which pupils (also on the provision map) require additional support because of a special educational need and need to go on the school's SEN list. Some of these pupils may require advice/support from an outside professional and, therefore, an Individual Education Plan to address a special educational need (this would include pupils with statements/EHC Plans)
- securing good provision and good outcomes for all groups of vulnerable learners by :
  - providing differentiated teaching and learning opportunities, including differentiated work for EAL pupils which reduces linguistic difficulty whilst maintaining cognitive challenge
  - ensuring there is adequate opportunity for pupils with special educational needs to working on agreed targets which are genuinely "additional to" or "different from" those normally provided as part of the differentiated curriculum offer and strategies". (SEN Code of Practice 2013)
  - ensuring effective deployment of resources including teaching assistant support
     to maximise outcomes for all groups of vulnerable learners.

- 4. Information about the expertise and training of staff in relation to children and young people with special educational needs and about how specialist expertise will be secured.
  - In accordance with Section 6 of the SEN Code of Practice 2014, if appointed after September 2008, our Special Educational Needs Coordinator will be a qualified teacher working at our school and will have statutory accreditation. If a new SENCO is appointed, he/she will gain statutory accreditation within three years of appointment.

- Specialist advice and expertise in relation to assessment and support of individual pupils
  will be commissioned by the school from the open market. Service level agreements and
  quality assurance criteria will be put in place at the point of commissioning and the head
  teacher and senior leaders will be responsible for reporting to governors on the efficacy of
  these arrangements (including value for money). Our school will, wherever possible, join
  with other schools in joint commissioning and quality assurance arrangements.
- 5. Information about how equipment and facilities to support children and young people with special educational needs will be secured.
  - When specialist equipment or a high level of staffing support is required to support a
    pupil with special educational needs, our school will fund this as additional SEN support
    up to £6,000 per annum for each individual pupil. Thereafter, if the cost is higher and
    the provision of these facilities is likely to be prolonged, the school will apply to the
    Local Authority for High Needs Block Funding.
  - Specialist equipment and expertise in relation to its use will be purchased/hired/ commissioned by the school from the open market, subject to the usual guarantees, service level agreements and quality assurance criteria. Our school will, wherever possible, join with other schools in joint purchasing/hire of equipment.
  - All staffing appointments to support vulnerable learners will be carried out in accordance with equal opportunities legislation, employment law, safer recruiting policy and best practice. All vacancies will be competitively advertised and recruited.
- 6. The role played by the parents of pupils with special educational needs (and other learning needs).

#### Partnership with Parents/Carers

The school aims to work in partnership with parents and carers. We do so by:

- working effectively with all other agencies supporting children and their parents
- giving parents and carers opportunities to play an active and valued role in their child's education
- making parents and carers feel welcome
- encouraging parents and carers to inform school of any difficulties they perceive their child may be having or other needs the child may have which need addressing
- instilling confidence that the school will listen and act appropriately
- focusing on the child's strengths as well as areas of additional need
- allowing parents and carers opportunities to discuss ways in which they and the school can help their child
- agreeing targets for all pupils, in particular, those not making expected progress and, for some pupils identified as having special educational needs, involving parents in the drawingup and monitoring progress against these targets
- keeping parents and carers informed and giving support during assessment and any related decision-making process
- making parents and carers aware of the Parent Partnership services.
- providing all information in an accessible way, including, where necessary, translated information for parents with English as an Additional Language.

#### **Involvement of Pupils**

We recognise that all pupils have the right to be involved in making decisions and exercising choice. In most lessons, all pupils are involved in monitoring and reviewing their progress through the use of layered targets. We endeavour to fully involve all pupils by encouraging them to:

- state their views about their education and learning
- identify their own needs and learn about learning
- share in individual target setting across the curriculum so that they know what their targets are and why they have them,
- self-review their progress and set new targets
- (for some pupils with special educational needs) monitor their success at achieving the targets on their Individual Education Plan.

#### **Effective Transition**

- We will ensure early and timely planning for transfer to a pupil's next phase of education and, in the year before the year in which they leave, will offer transition meetings to all pupils in receipt of Additional SEN support and all those with statements of Special Educational Needs. Pupils with Education Health and Care Plans will have next phase destinations and transition arrangements discussed at plan review meetings convened by the plan coordinator.
- Support for the pupil in coming to terms with moving on will be carefully planned and will
  include familiarisation visits and counselling. Pupils will be included in all "class transition
  days" to the next phase but may also be offered additional transition visits.
- Pupils and parents will be encouraged to consider all options for the next phase of education and the school will involve outside agencies, as appropriate, to ensure information is comprehensive but easily accessible and understandable. Accompanied visits to other providers may be arranged as appropriate.
- Parents will be given a reliable named contact at the next phase provider with whom the SENCo will liaise
- 7. Any arrangements made by the governing body or the proprietor relating to the treatment of complaints from parents of pupils with special educational needs concerning the provision made at the school.

#### **Admission Arrangements**

No child will be refused admission to school on the basis of his or her special educational need, ethnicity or language need. In line with the Equalities Act 2010, we will not discriminate against disabled children and we will take all reasonable steps to provide effective educational provision (see Admission policy for the school, as agreed with the Local Authority)

#### Complaints

If there are any complaints relating to the provision for children with SEN or EAL these will be dealt with in the first instance by the class teacher and SENCO Co-ordinator, then, if unresolved, by head teacher. The governor with specific responsibility for SEN/inclusion may be involved if

necessary. In the case of an unresolved complaint the issue should be taken through the general Governors complaints procedure (see separate Complaints Policy)

8. The contact details of support services for the parents of pupils with special educational needs, including those for arrangements made in accordance with clause 32.

#### **Links with Other Services**

Effective working links will also be maintained with:

Educational Psychology Service : Contact Number : 01604 630082 <a href="http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/EducationandLearning/sen/EP/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/EducationandLearning/sen/EP/Pages/default.aspx</a>

Education Entitlement Team: Contact number: 0300 126 1000 <a href="http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/EducationandLearning/Parents/Pages/Education-Entitlement-Service.aspx">http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/EducationandLearning/Parents/Pages/Education-Entitlement-Service.aspx</a>

Parent Partnership Service : Contact Number : 01604 636111 http://www.npps.info/

Virtual School for Looked After Children: Contact number: 0300 126 1000 <a href="http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/children/virtual-school/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/children/virtual-school/Pages/default.aspx</a>

Primary Behaviour Outreach Support (Kings Meadow Team or Maplefields Team): Contact numbers Kings Meadow 01604 773730. Maplefields 01536 409040

9.Information on where the local authority's local offer is published.

http://www.northamptonshire.gov.uk/en/councilservices/EducationandLearning/sen/local-offer/Pages/default.aspx

This policy will be reviewed annually by the governing body.

Key to Acronyms & Terms	
SEN	Special Educational Need (s).
EMA	Ethnic Minority Assessment.
EAL	English as an Additional Language.
IEP	Individual Education Plan.
CLA	Children who are Looked After.
SENCO	Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator.
EWO	Educational Welfare Officer.
PEP	Personal Education Plan (for Children who are Looked After).
VS	Virtual School (for Children who are Looked After.
QCA	Qualifications and Curriculum Agency (now dissolved).
NCC	Northamptonshire County Council.
Wave 1	Interventions put in place by the class teacher during lesson time.
Wave 2	Additional interventions that take place out of lesson time and usually with a teacher or teaching assistant. Often these are with small groups of children.
Wave 3	Additional support usually on a one-to-one basis.

#### **COVID** addendum

#### **Vulnerable children**

Vulnerable children include those children and young people up to the age of 25 with education, health and care (EHC) plans.

In the event of school closures or COVID outbreaks, those with an EHC plan will be risk assessed in consultation with the Local Authority and parents, to decide whether they need to continue to be offered a school place in order to meet their needs, or whether they can safely have their needs met at home. This could include, if necessary, carers, therapists or clinicians visiting the home to provide any essential services. Many children and young people with EHC plans can safely remain at home.

These risk assessments will consider a number of different risks to each individual, including:

- the potential health risks to the individual from COVID-19, bearing in mind any underlying health conditions. This will be on an individual basis and with advice from an appropriate health professional where required
- the risk to the individual if some or all elements of their EHC plan cannot be delivered at all, and the risk if they cannot be delivered in the normal manner or in the usual setting
- the ability of the individual's parents or home to ensure their health and care needs can be met safely
- the potential impact to the individual's wellbeing of changes to routine or the way in which provision is delivered
- the availability of appropriately trained staff (school will liaise with the local authority if a place is needed for an eligible child, but the school is unable to provide the specialist staffing for it)

The Coronavirus Act 2020 allows the Secretary of State, where appropriate, to temporarily lift the statutory duty on local authorities to maintain the precise provision in EHC plans, with local authorities needing instead to apply 'reasonable endeavours' to support these children and their families.

Pattishall CE Primary Inclusion Policy page 16

# Safeguarding, attendance and monitoring of wellbeing

Pattishall Primary continues in its commitment to ensuring the safety and wellbeing of its children during any periods of general school closure.

Where children with EHC plans take up an eligible place in school, Pattishall Primary School will continue to ensure a safe space for these children to attend and flourish. The SLT will work alongside the SENCo to ensure that appropriate staff, facilities and provision are available to secure a safe, appropriate and positive placement for those children. The support appropriate to each child in this circumstance will be recorded and reviewed on an individual basis. Any updates to a child's situation will be updated on their risk assessments which are then shared with the Local Authority.

Pattishall Primary will refer to the Government guidance for education and childcare settings on how to implement social distancing and continue to follow the advice from Public Health England on handwashing and other measures to limit the risk of spread of COVID19.

Where children with EHC plans do not take up a place in school and are cared for at home, an individual risk assessment will be completed and a communication plan will be put in place for the child. This will be recorded on risk assessments for each pupil which are shared with the Senior Leadership Team and the Local Authority.

The communication plans can include; remote contact, phone contact, virtual visits. Other individualised contact methods should be considered and recorded inline with Government recommendations.

The DSLs and SENCo will work closely with all stakeholders to maximise the effectiveness of any communication plan for children with EHC plans. This plan must be reviewed weekly and where concerns arise, the Head Teacher, DSL and SENCo will consider any referrals as appropriate.

For children with SEND, but without an EHC plan, who have not been offered a place in school, contact details for key staff will always be available on the school website. This will ensure that parents of children with SEND will always have a way of contacting and communicating with school staff where needed.

# Arrangements for consulting parents of, and children with, SEND

Working in partnership with children with SEND and their parents continues to be central to our school's policies and practice.

The views of parents and children will be considered in determining whether children with EHC plans take up an eligible place in school, as detailed in Section 2 of this addendum.

For children with EHC plans who are being cared for at home, their individual risk assessments will include communication plans to ensure that regular contact is maintained with key school staff. These communications may include: individual expectations for home learning, discussions around appropriate learning activities, adaptations to learning resources/activities and discussions of strategies for supporting children at home.

For children with SEND, but without an EHC plan, signposts will be included within year group home learning to support them in accessing appropriate learning activities. School staff will also be mindful of the availability of support and resources when setting accessible home learning for children with SEND.

The school website will include contact details so that, should parents of children with SEND need to contact a member of school staff for additional support or guidance for home learning, they can do so.

Where statutory processes relating to SEND are in action, the school will continue to maintain communication with parents of, and children with, SEND so that their views are actively sought, considered and promoted.

## Arrangements for assessing and reviewing children's progress

Pattishall Primary School recognises that assessments and reviews of children's progress will continue to be necessary for some purposes during periods of school closures, mainly for the purpose of statutory assessment and review for new or existing EHC plans and for other assessments being completed by external professionals, for example community paediatricians.

Where this is needed, key school staff will maintain communication with parents and relevant professionals to share, with necessary consents, the most current assessment information and professional observations that the school holds.

Where children's EHC plans are due for review within the period of school closure, the school will discuss arrangements with parents, children, the Local Authority and professionals involved in the plan to decide whether arrangements for a 'remote review' should be made, or whether reviews should be postponed until it is possible to meet with all parties involved in the plan. The SENCo will make the necessary arrangements following this decision.

#### Transitions within school

As children move into new year groups, the SENCo will continue to inform the new class teacher of the pupil's needs using SEN toolkits and SEN planning meetings. Additional transition work will be used where necessary to relieve any worries and doubt. New class social stories can be sent home to support with the changes where possible. Any consultations that the school receives during this time will be responded to within the designated timescales unless illness prevents this.

## The approach to teaching children with SEND

Pattishall Primary School recognises that children with SEND need access to home learning resources and activities which take account of their strengths and needs. For children with SEND, but without an EHC plan, signposts will be included within year group home learning to support them in accessing appropriate learning activities and any interventions are completing will be sent home along with guidance/ support on how to deliver these. School staff will also be mindful of the availability of support and resources when setting accessible home learning for children with SEND. Communication plans will be in place for any children with EHC plans being cared for at home to ensure that regular contact is maintained for discussion and setting of individual, appropriate learning activities, strategies and resources.

#### Support for social and emotional development

Pattishall Primary School understands that children's social and emotional development is particularly at risk within the current national climate and period of school closure. Individual risk assessments for children with EHC plans will consider children's social and emotional development and will ensure that communication plans are in place to enable at least fortnightly review. Regular contact between school staff and parents/children

will be central to identifying when additional support may be needed and ELSA staff will be able to support both children and families through distanced visits, phone calls and online support. Where concerns are raised or are apparent through these communications, the child's risk assessment will be reviewed by key school staff and appropriate action and onward referrals considered.

Our school staff will signpost parents to other professionals who may be able to support them and their children at this time, particularly the Educational Psychology anm school nursing services.

# **Working alongside other professionals**

Pattishall Primary School will continue to maintain contact with other professionals during this period of school closure. This will particularly include liaison with the Therapists and the Educational Psychology Service within the Local Authority. This service will be sharing resources which may be of use to parents and professionals during this time, and we will be adding links to these to our school website. The SENCo holds contact details for external professionals already working with children with SEND including health and social care staff and will maintain both planned contacts and referrals of arising need. Contact details for the SENCo and key school staff are available via the school website should professionals need to make contact.