National Suicide Prevention & Awareness Month

September 2021

Comprehensive Guide
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Overview and Guide

National Suicide Prevention Awareness Month is recognized annually by mental health organizations, advocates, survivors, and communities to bring awareness to the prevalence and effects of suicide in the U.S. This resource guide, created by 4Teen24, includes information gathered from various organizations, efforts, and studies. You will find accessible resources, information to help inform and encourage discussion about suicide prevention, and more. Below, you can navigate the table of contents to browse the guide! We encourage you to share this information with your friends and community members and be a part of working towards a world without suicide.

Suicide is the second leading cause of death in people ages 10 to 34, with someone dying by suicide roughly every 11 minutes in the U.S. The statistics of suicide are alarming, and the prominence in our society is even more terrifying. Roughly 50% of people will know someone who died by suicide in their lifetime. For these reasons and many more, it is so important to know the signs and how to help someone who might be struggling.

By reading and sharing this guide, you are actively helping to educate yourself and others about suicide prevention and awareness. Thank you for being a part of our mission, recognizing its' value, and helping to create a world without suicide.

About Suicide Prevention & Awareness Month

September is recognized annually as National Suicide Prevention Awareness Month. Throughout the month, organizations and advocates

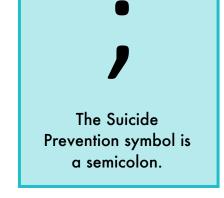
across the U.S. use their platforms to educate their communities and those around them about the prevalence and effects that suicide has on our world. This education includes how to recognize signs of suicidal behaviors and ideation, the ways our world is impacted by suicide, and how to intervene in important and timesensitive situations. Furthermore, September is a time for people to share their own experiences, helping to break the stigma surrounding this tough conversation.

In the Past...

In 2008, September was
officially declared National
Suicide Prevention Awareness
Month for the first time.
However, National Suicide
Prevention Week and National
Suicide Prevention Day have
been recognized for close to 50
years.

The theme for this year is "Together for Mental Health", focusing on coming together to advocate for improved mental health care for all communities in our country, but especially for those with serious mental illnesses and in underprivileged communities.







Understanding Suicide

KNOW THE NUMBERS

Suicide and Prevention Statistics

4teen24.org



For every completed suicide, there are 25 attempts.



Suicide is the 2nd leading cause of death for people aged 15-24 in the US.



93% of adults surveyed by the AFSP believe that suicide is preventable.



There is one suicide every 11 minutes in the US.



Only half of all Americans experiencing an episode of depression wil receive treatment.

Sources: CDC, AFSP, NAMI

More Numbers and Information



The overall suicide rate has increased 35% since 1999.



46% of people who die by suicide were previously diagnosed with a mental health condition.



On average, there are 132 suicides per day in the U.S. This would be similar to one commercial airplane crashing daily, killing everyone on board.



LQBTQ+ youth are 4x more likely to attempt suicide than straight youth. Transgender people are 12x more likely to attempt suicide than the general population.



18.8% of high school students in the U.S. experience serious thoughts of suicide.



Suicide is the 10th leading cause of death overall in the U.S.

Warning Signs

Factors such as depression, substance abuse, or other untreated mental illnesses may leave someone more predisposed to suicidal thoughts. However, there is no single cause or precursor to suicide, making it extremely important to understand what different warning signs may look like.

Below is a list of some examples.

Indicators that the person may be in danger should not be taken lightly. It is important to take all warning signs seriously. If you believe someone is immediately thinking about attempting suicide, it is vital to call 911.

Verbal:

- Talking about wanting to end their life
- Expressing a feeling of hopelessness or believing they have no purpose
- Talking about feeling trapped, wanting to escape the pain they are feeling

Emotional:

- Severe sadness
- Extreme mood swings
- Hopelessness
- Unexpected rage
- Sudden calmness

Behavioral:

- Increased use of drugs and/or alcohol
- Giving away personal belongings
- Acting anxious, agitated, or reckless
- Withdrawing for activities they previously were interested in
- Sleeping too much or too little



Call 911 immediately if you witness any of the following:

- Someone threatening suicide, talking about wanting to die especially if they have a weapon
- Searching for ways to kill themselves, either by searching online or physically trying to obtain lethal tools
- Posting about suicide online or on social media, communicating their intent to end their life
- Saying goodbye to family and friends

If you do not believe the person is in urgent danger, reach out to a local mental healthcare provider or doctor to ensure the proper steps are taken to get the person the help they need.

Risk Factors

Though these risks do not fully predict a suicide, they are factors that can leave someone more susceptible to suicidal thoughts, ideations, and attempts.

- Mental disorder diagnosis, particularly mood disorders, anxiety disorders, schizophrenia, and some personality disorders
- History of alcohol and/or substance abuse disorders
- History of trauma or abuse
- Previous suicide attempt(s)
- Impulsiveness or aggressive tendencies
- Family history of suicide
- Being exposed to another person's suicide (in real life or in media)
- Recent job loss or financial struggle
- Recent breakup or loss of relationship
- Sudden stressful or traumatic situation
- Local clusters of suicides
- Major physical or chronic illness
- Lack of social support, sense of isolation
- Lack of access to affordable and accessible mental healthcare
- Easy access to lethal means
- Stigma associated with asking for help
- Cultural or religious beliefs



Resources

If you, or anyone, is in immediate danger, dial 911.

Crisis Hotlines

National Alliance on Mental Illness- 1-800-950-6264 or text 'NAMI' to 741-741

National Suicide Prevention Hotline- 1-800-273-8255

Trevor Project- 1-866-488-7386

Dallas Crisis Hotline- 1-214-828-1000

Online Resources

NAMI, National Alliance on Mental Illness

https://www.nami.org/

NIMH, National Institute of Mental Health

https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health

Help Yourself, Help Others- Online Screening Tools

https://www.helpyourselfhelpothers.org/

Grant Halliburton Foundation, Resources for Teens

https://www.granthalliburton.org/forteens

The Trevor Project for LGBTQ+ Youth

https://www.thetrevorproject.org/

Minority Mental Health, Mental Health America

https://www.mhanational.org/minority-mental-health

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

https://www.afsp.org



Male Suicide

Men are less likely to seek out therapy or help for topics such as depression, substance abuse, stressful events, and suicidal thoughts. This is largely believed to be due to the stigma around men's mental health created and perpetuated by social and gender norms. However, men experience mental illness and suicide attempts at an alarming rate. It is important that men have access to helpful resources and know that help is readily available.



3 out of every 4 suicides are by men.

- The highest rate of suicide is in middle-aged white men.
- White males accounted for 69.38% of all deaths by suicide in 2019.
- Men make up just 31% of talk therapy referrals.
- While women are more likely to experience suicidal thoughts, men are more likely to take their own lives.

Suicide Prevention Resources for Males

Suicide Prevention Resource Center- Men https://www.sprc.org/populations/men

Man Therapy

https://mantherapy.org

Men's Mental Health Graphic- Mental Health America

https://www.mhanational.org/infographic-mental-health-men

Informative Articles on Gender Disparities and Male Suicide

Differences in Suicide Among Men and Women

https://www.verywellmind.com/gender-differences-in-suicide-methods-1067508

Suicide Statistics from the American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

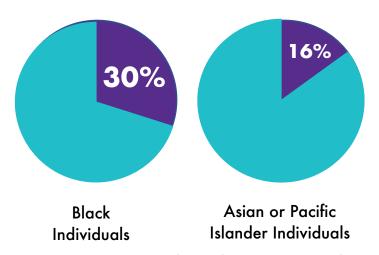
https://afsp.org/suicide-statistics/

Understanding Male Suicide

https://www.verywellmind.com/men-and-suicide-2328492

Understanding the Role of Race and Ethnicity in Suicide

Though the overall suicide rate may be going down in the U.S., there are various subgroups who are experiencing sharp increases in their rates of suicide. Understanding how race and ethnicity play a role in risk of suicide is key to understanding the impact of suicide overall.



Percentage increase in suicide rate between 2014 and 2019

Youth + Suicide

Black male youth

⇒ 47% increased suicide rate

Asian or Pacific Islander male youth ⇒ **40**% increased suicide rate

More Informative Articles About the Role of Race and Ethnicity in Suicide:

How Inequality Endangers Our Mental Health

https://inequality.org/research/inequalityendangers-mental-health/

What Can Be Learned from Differing Rates of Suicide Among Groups

https://www.nytimes.com/2020/12/30/upshot/suicide-demographic-differences.html

Black Youth Suicide Epidemic

- ⇒ **2**nd leading cause of death for in Black children (10-14 years old).
- ⇒ **3**rd leading cause of death in Black adolescents (15-19 years old).

Suicide attempts for Black high-school aged youth rose **73**% from 1991-2017.

Suicide rate among Black youth is increasing faster than any other racial/ethnic group

Studies suggest that disparities in mental healthcare accessibility between Black and White youth may be an increased risk factor for suicide.

BIPOC Mental Health Resources by The Mental Health Coalition

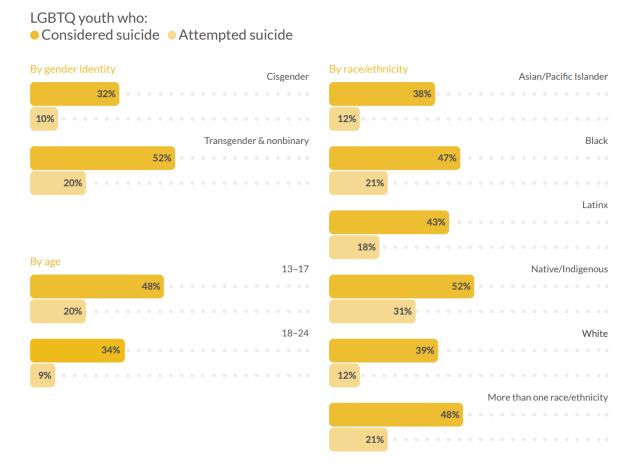
This PDF download has links to over 30 resources for the BIPOC community including organizations with an intersectional focus, therapy networks, age-specific groups, and more. Click the link to access this PDF.

https://www.thementalhealthcoalition.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/BIPOC-Mental-Health-Resources.pdf

LGBTQ+ Community

By The Numbers...

- 42% of LGBTQ youth reported seriously considering attempting suicide in the past 12 months
- More than 50% of transgender and nonbinary youth surveyed reported seriously considering attempting suicide in the past 12 months
- Transgender and nonbinary youth who reported having their correct pronouns used and respected by at least one person they lived with reported half the rate of suicides
- LGBTQ youth who had access too gender identity affirming spaces reported lower rates of suicide
- 62% of LGBTQ youth reported symptoms consistent with major depressive disorder in the past two week



Information and chart via The Trevor Project- National Survey on LGBTQ Youth Mental Health 2021

LGBTQ+ Community

Specific Resources for the LGBTQ+ Community

The Trevor Project

https://www.thetrevorproject.org/resources/category/talking-about-suicide/

Trans Lifeline

877-565-8860

https://translifeline.org/

Reach a Counselor- The Trevor Project

https://www.thetrevorproject.org/get-help/

SELF-CARE GUIDE TREVOR!



that relax you

For those who do not identify as LGBTQ+ but want to educate themselves further on LGBTQ+ mental health and how you can be supportive...

A Guide to Being an Ally to Transgender and Nonbinary Youth

https://www.thetrevorproject.o rg/wpcontent/uploads/2021/ 07/Guide-to-Being-an-Ally-to-Transgender-and-Nonbinary-Youth.pdf

Supporting Black LGBTQ Youth Mental Health

https://www.thetrevorproject.o rg/resources/article/supportin g-black-lgbtg-youth-mentalhealth/

References

2021 Partner Guide

https://www.nami.org/NAMI/media/NAMI-Media/downloads/2021-Partner-Guide.pdf

QPR Institute

https://qprinstitute.com/

How Inequality Endangers Our Mental Health

https://inequality.org/research/inequality-endangers-mental-health/

NAMI Suicide

https://www.nami.org/NAMI/media/NAMI-Media/Infographics/NAMI Suicide 2020 FINAL.pdf

The Trevor Project- National Survey Results 2021

https://qprinstitute.com/uploads/instructor/The-Trevor-Project-National-Survey-Results-2021.pdf

Trends in Suicide Rates by Race and Ethnicity in the United States

https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamanetworkopen/fullarticle/2780380

Suicide Rates for Females and Males by Race and Ethnicity: United States, 1999 and 2017

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/hestat/suicide/rates_1999_2017.htm

National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI)

https://www.nami.org

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

https://www.afsp.org

Black Mental Health Matters

https://www.springhealth.com/black-mental-health-matters/

Understanding Suicide Among Men

https://www.verywellmind.com/men-and-suicide-2328492

Suicide Prevention Resource Center (SPRC)

https://www.sprc.org/resources-programs/suicide-prevention-resources-teens