

**CODE OF ORDINANCES**

**OF THE**

**CITY OF**

**ANTHON, IOWA**

**Prepared By: Local Government Professional Services, Inc.**  
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# CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA

*Adopted May 24, 2018, by Ordinance No. 196*

## SUPPLEMENT RECORD

SUPPLEMENT		ORDINANCES AMENDING CODE		
Supp. No.	Repeals, Amends or Adds	Ord. No.	Date	Subject
Jun-18	92.02; 92.12	195	5-24-18	Water Rates
		196	5-24-18	Adopting Ordinance
Oct-18	140.17; 140.18; 140.19	197	6-11-18	Construction Within the Public Right-of-Way
	106.08(1)	198	6-11-18	Collection Fees for Solid Waste
Nov-18	92.09; 110.06(1)	199	11-12-18	Water Rates; Electric Utility
Apr-19	106.08(1)	200	2-7-19	Collection Fees for Solid Waste
	92.02; 92.12	201	4-8-19	Water Rates
Jul-19	Ch. 148	202	7-8-19	International Property Maintenance Code
Sep-19	7.05	203	9-9-19	Operating Budget Preparation
	5.07(10-12)	204	9-9-19	Conflict of Interest
Nov-19	93.04	205	10-14-19	Public Water Wells
Jan-20	106.08	206	12-9-19	Collection Fees for Solid Waste
Apr-20	106.08(1)	207	3-9-20	Collection Fees for Solid Waste
	92.02; 92.12	208	4-13-20	Water Rates
Jun-20	148.01; 148.02	209	6-8-20	International Property Maintenance Code
Sep-20	46.02; 121.07	210	8-10-20	Tobacco Use
	55.01; 55.02; 55.04; 55.17; 55.18	211	8-10-20	Animal Control
	1.14	212	8-10-20	Standard Penalty
Oct-20	92.11	213	10-12-20	Water Leak Payment Adjustment Policy
Feb-21	Ch. 9	214	1-11-21	Anthon's Commercial Urban Revitalization Area
May-21	106.08(1)	215	3-8-21	Collection Fees for Solid Waste
	50.02	216	3-24-21	Nuisance Abatement Procedure
	92.02; 92.12	217	5-10-21	Water Rates
Aug-21	41.06	218	8-9-21	Interference with Official Acts
	40.03	219	8-9-21	Public Disorder
	80.03; 80.04	220	8-9-21	Abandoned Vehicles
	120.05(2)	221	8-9-21	Alcoholic Beverage Control
	41.16	222	8-9-21	Failure to Assist
Apr-22	Ch. 124	223	3-14-22	Mobile Food Vendors
	65.02	224	3-14-22	Stop or Yield Requirements
	106.08(1)	225	4-11-22	Collection Fees for Solid Waste
	92.02; 92.12	226	4-11-22	Water Rates

**Place in the front of the Code of Ordinances along with the  
Adopting Ordinance and Table of Contents.**

# SUPPLEMENT RECORD

[illegible]

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# **CODE OF ORDINANCES CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA**

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

### **GENERAL CODE PROVISIONS**

<b>CHAPTER 1 - CODE OF ORDINANCES .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>CHAPTER 2 - CHARTER.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>CHAPTER 3 - MUNICIPAL INFRACTIONS .....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>CHAPTER 5 - OPERATING PROCEDURES .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>CHAPTER 6 - CITY ELECTIONS .....</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>CHAPTER 7 - FISCAL MANAGEMENT .....</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>CHAPTER 8 - URBAN RENEWAL.....</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>CHAPTER 9 - URBAN REVITALIZATION .....</b>	<b>51</b>

### **ADMINISTRATION, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS**

<b>CHAPTER 15 - MAYOR.....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>CHAPTER 16 - MAYOR PRO TEM.....</b>	<b>73</b>
<b>CHAPTER 17 - CITY COUNCIL.....</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>CHAPTER 18 - CITY CLERK .....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>CHAPTER 19 - CITY TREASURER .....</b>	<b>87</b>
<b>CHAPTER 20 - CITY ATTORNEY .....</b>	<b>89</b>
<b>CHAPTER 21 - LIBRARY BOARD OF TRUSTEES.....</b>	<b>91</b>

### **POLICE, FIRE AND EMERGENCIES**

<b>CHAPTER 30 - POLICE DEPARTMENT .....</b>	<b>145</b>
<b>CHAPTER 35 - EMERGENCY RESCUE SERVICES .....</b>	<b>161</b>

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

## **PUBLIC OFFENSES**

<b>CHAPTER 40 - PUBLIC PEACE.....</b>	<b>185</b>
<b>CHAPTER 41 - PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY .....</b>	<b>193</b>
<b>CHAPTER 42 - PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PROPERTY .....</b>	<b>203</b>
<b>CHAPTER 45 - ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION AND INTOXICATION.....</b>	<b>225</b>
<b>CHAPTER 46 - MINORS.....</b>	<b>227</b>
<b>CHAPTER 47 - PARK REGULATIONS.....</b>	<b>231</b>

## **NUISANCES AND ANIMAL CONTROL**

<b>CHAPTER 50 - NUISANCE ABATEMENT PROCEDURE.....</b>	<b>251</b>
<b>CHAPTER 51 - JUNK AND JUNK VEHICLES .....</b>	<b>255</b>
<b>CHAPTER 55 - ANIMAL PROTECTION AND CONTROL .....</b>	<b>275</b>
<b>CHAPTER 56 - DOG LICENSE REQUIRED .....</b>	<b>283</b>
<b>CHAPTER 57 - DANGEROUS AND VICIOUS ANIMALS .....</b>	<b>285</b>
<b>CHAPTER 58 - URBAN CHICKENS.....</b>	<b>289</b>

## **TRAFFIC AND VEHICLES**

<b>CHAPTER 60 - ADMINISTRATION OF TRAFFIC CODE .....</b>	<b>305</b>
<b>CHAPTER 61 - TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.....</b>	<b>309</b>
<b>CHAPTER 62 - GENERAL TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.....</b>	<b>311</b>
<b>CHAPTER 63 - SPEED REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>317</b>
<b>CHAPTER 64 - TURNING REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>319</b>
<b>CHAPTER 65 - STOP OR YIELD REQUIRED .....</b>	<b>321</b>
<b>CHAPTER 66 - LOAD AND WEIGHT RESTRICTIONS .....</b>	<b>329</b>
<b>CHAPTER 67 - PEDESTRIANS .....</b>	<b>335</b>
<b>CHAPTER 68 - ONE-WAY TRAFFIC.....</b>	<b>337</b>
<b>CHAPTER 69 - PARKING REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>339</b>
<b>CHAPTER 70 - TRAFFIC CODE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES .....</b>	<b>361</b>

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## TRAFFIC AND VEHICLES (continued)

CHAPTER 75 - ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES AND SNOWMOBILES .....	375
CHAPTER 76 - BICYCLE REGULATIONS .....	383
CHAPTER 77 - GOLF CARTS.....	387
CHAPTER 80 - ABANDONED VEHICLES .....	401

## WATER

CHAPTER 90 - WATER SERVICE SYSTEM .....	425
CHAPTER 91 - WATER METERS.....	433
CHAPTER 92 - WATER RATES .....	437
CHAPTER 93 - PROTECTION OF PUBLIC WATER WELLS .....	445

## SANITARY SEWER

CHAPTER 95 - SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM.....	453
CHAPTER 96 - BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS.....	457
CHAPTER 97 - USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS.....	461
CHAPTER 98 - ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS .....	465
CHAPTER 99 - SEWER SERVICE CHARGES.....	467

## GARBAGE AND SOLID WASTE

CHAPTER 105 - SOLID WASTE CONTROL.....	481
CHAPTER 106 - COLLECTION OF SOLID WASTE .....	489

## FRANCHISES AND OTHER SERVICES

CHAPTER 110 - ELECTRIC UTILITY .....	521
CHAPTER 111 - TELEPHONE FRANCHISES .....	533
CHAPTER 112 - CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISES.....	539

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

### **REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND VOCATIONS**

<b>CHAPTER 120 - LIQUOR LICENSES AND WINE AND BEER PERMITS .....</b>	<b>551</b>
<b>CHAPTER 121 - CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO PERMITS.....</b>	<b>555</b>
<b>CHAPTER 122 - PEDDLERS, SOLICITORS, AND TRANSIENT MERCHANTS.....</b>	<b>559</b>
<b>CHAPTER 123 - HOUSE MOVERS .....</b>	<b>567</b>
<b>CHAPTER 124 - MOBILE FOOD VENDORS .....</b>	<b>569</b>

### **STREETS AND SIDEWALKS**

<b>CHAPTER 135 - STREET USE AND MAINTENANCE.....</b>	<b>585</b>
<b>CHAPTER 136 - SIDEWALK REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>593</b>
<b>CHAPTER 137 - VACATION AND DISPOSAL OF STREETS.....</b>	<b>599</b>
<b>CHAPTER 138 - STREET GRADES .....</b>	<b>605</b>
<b>CHAPTER 139 - NAMING OF STREETS.....</b>	<b>607</b>
<b>CHAPTER 140 - USE OF PROPERTY AND RIGHT-OF-WAY .....</b>	<b>625</b>

### **BUILDING AND PROPERTY REGULATIONS**

<b>CHAPTER 145 - DANGEROUS BUILDINGS.....</b>	<b>645</b>
<b>CHAPTER 146 - MANUFACTURED AND MOBILE HOMES .....</b>	<b>649</b>
<b>CHAPTER 148 - INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE.....</b>	<b>663</b>
<b>CHAPTER 150 - BUILDING NUMBERING .....</b>	<b>675</b>
<b>CHAPTER 151 - TREES .....</b>	<b>677</b>
<b>CHAPTER 152 - WEEDS AND GRASS.....</b>	<b>685</b>
<b>CHAPTER 155 - BUILDING AND LAND USE REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>701</b>
<b>CHAPTER 160 - FLOOD PLAIN REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>725</b>



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## INDEX

### APPENDIX:

USE AND MAINTENANCE OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES .....	1
---	---

### SUGGESTED FORMS:

DANGEROUS BUILDINGS - FIRST NOTICE.....	7
DANGEROUS BUILDINGS - NOTICE OF HEARING .....	8
DANGEROUS BUILDINGS - RESOLUTION AND ORDER.....	9

NOTICE TO ABATE NUISANCE .....	10
--------------------------------	----

NOTICE OF REQUIRED SEWER CONNECTION.....	11
--	----

NOTICE OF HEARING ON REQUIRED SEWER CONNECTION .....	12
--	----

RESOLUTION AND ORDER FOR REQUIRED SEWER CONNECTION .....	13
--	----

APPLICATION FOR A BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT .....	15
--	----

BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT .....	16
--------------------------------	----

APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY .....	17
--	----

CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY .....	18
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# CHAPTER 1

## CODE OF ORDINANCES

1.01 Title  
1.02 Definitions  
1.03 City Powers  
1.04 Indemnity  
1.05 Personal Injuries  
1.06 Rules of Construction  
1.07 Extension of Authority

1.08 Amendments  
1.09 Catchlines and Notes  
1.10 Altering Code  
1.11 Severability  
1.12 Warrants  
1.13 General Standards for Action  
1.14 Standard Penalty

**1.01 TITLE.** This code of ordinances shall be known and may be cited as the Code of Ordinances of the City of Anthon, Iowa.

**1.02 DEFINITIONS.** Where words and phrases used in this Code of Ordinances are defined in the *Code of Iowa*, such definitions apply to their use in this Code of Ordinances unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Council or repugnant to the context of the provision. Other words and phrases used herein have the following meanings, unless specifically defined otherwise in another portion of this Code of Ordinances or unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Council or repugnant to the context of the provision:

1. "Alley" means a public right-of-way, other than a street, affording secondary means of access to abutting property.
2. "City" means the City of Anthon, Iowa.
3. "Clerk" means the city clerk of Anthon, Iowa.
4. "Code" means the specific chapter of this Code of Ordinances in which a specific subject is covered and bears a descriptive title word (such as the Building Code and/or a standard code adopted by reference).
5. "Code of Ordinances" means the Code of Ordinances of the City of Anthon, Iowa.
6. "Council" means the city council of Anthon, Iowa.
7. "County" means Woodbury County, Iowa.
8. "May" confers a power.
9. "Measure" means an ordinance, amendment, resolution or motion.
10. "Must" states a requirement.
11. "Occupant" or "tenant," applied to a building or land, includes any person who occupies the whole or a part of such building or land, whether alone or with others.
12. "Ordinances" means the ordinances of the City of Anthon, Iowa, as embodied in this Code of Ordinances, ordinances not repealed by the ordinance adopting this Code of Ordinances, and those enacted hereafter.
13. "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, domestic or foreign corporation, company, association or joint stock association, trust or other legal entity,

and includes a trustee, receiver, assignee, or similar representative thereof, but does not include a governmental body.

14. “Public way” includes any street, alley, boulevard, parkway, highway, sidewalk, or other public thoroughfare.

15. “Shall” imposes a duty.

16. “Sidewalk” means that surfaced portion of the street between the edge of the traveled way, surfacing, or curb line and the adjacent property line, intended for the use of pedestrians.

17. “State” means the State of Iowa.

18. “Statutes” or “laws” means the latest edition of the *Code of Iowa*, as amended.

19. “Street” or “highway” means the entire width between property lines of every way or place of whatever nature when any part thereof is open to the use of the public, as a matter of right, for purposes of vehicular traffic.

Words that are not defined in this Code of Ordinances or by the *Code of Iowa* have their ordinary meaning unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Council, or repugnant to the context of the provision.

**1.03 CITY POWERS.** The City may, except as expressly limited by the Iowa Constitution, and if not inconsistent with the laws of the Iowa General Assembly, exercise any power and perform any function it deems appropriate to protect and preserve the rights, privileges, and property of the City and of its residents, and to preserve and improve the peace, safety, health, welfare, comfort, and convenience of its residents, and each and every provision of this Code of Ordinances shall be deemed to be in the exercise of the foregoing powers and the performance of the foregoing functions.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)*

**1.04 INDEMNITY.** The applicant for any permit or license under this Code of Ordinances, by making such application, assumes and agrees to pay for any injury to or death of any person or persons whomsoever, and any loss of or damage to property whatsoever, including all costs and expenses incident thereto, however arising from or related to, directly, indirectly, or remotely, the issuance of the permit or license, or the doing of anything thereunder, or the failure of such applicant, or the agents, employees, or servants of such applicant, to abide by or comply with any of the provisions of this Code of Ordinances or the terms and conditions of such permit or license, and such applicant, by making such application, forever agrees to indemnify the City and its officers, agents, and employees, and agrees to save them harmless from any and all claims, demands, lawsuits, or liability whatsoever for any loss, damage, injury, or death, including all costs and expenses incident thereto, by reason of the foregoing. The provisions of this section shall be deemed to be a part of any permit or license issued under this Code of Ordinances or any other ordinance of the City, whether expressly recited therein or not.

**1.05 PERSONAL INJURIES.** When action is brought against the City for personal injuries alleged to have been caused by its negligence, the City may notify in writing any person by whose negligence it claims the injury was caused. The notice shall state the pendency of the action, the name of the plaintiff, the name and location of the court where the action is pending, a brief statement of the alleged facts from which the cause arose, that the City believes that the person notified is liable to it for any judgment rendered against the City, and asking the person to appear and defend. A judgment obtained in the suit is conclusive in any action by the City against any person so notified, as to the existence of the defect or other cause of the injury or

damage, as to the liability of the City to the plaintiff in the first named action, and as to the amount of the damage or injury. The City may maintain an action against the person notified to recover the amount of the judgment together with all the expenses incurred by the City in the suit.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.14)*

**1.06 RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.** In the construction of this Code of Ordinances, the rules of statutory construction as set forth in Chapter 4 of the *Code of Iowa* shall be utilized to ascertain the intent of the Council, with the understanding that the term “statute” as used therein will be deemed to be synonymous with the term “ordinance” when applied to this Code of Ordinances.

**1.07 EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.** Whenever an officer or employee is required or authorized to do an act by a provision of this Code of Ordinances, the provision shall be construed as authorizing performance by a regular assistant, subordinate, or a duly authorized designee of said officer or employee.

**1.08 AMENDMENTS.** All ordinances that amend, repeal, or in any manner affect this Code of Ordinances shall include proper reference to chapter, section, subsection, or paragraph to maintain an orderly codification of ordinances of the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.2)*

**1.09 CATCHLINES AND NOTES.** The catchlines of the several sections of this Code of Ordinances, titles, headings (chapter, section and subsection), editor’s notes, cross references, and State law references, unless set out in the body of the section itself, contained in this Code of Ordinances, do not constitute any part of the law and are intended merely to indicate, explain, supplement, or clarify the contents of a section.

**1.10 ALTERING CODE.** It is unlawful for any unauthorized person to change or amend, by additions or deletions, any part or portion of this Code of Ordinances, or to insert or delete pages, or portions thereof, or to alter or tamper with this Code of Ordinances in any manner that will cause the law of the City to be misrepresented.

**1.11 SEVERABILITY.** If any section, provision, or part of this Code of Ordinances is adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication will not affect the validity of this Code of Ordinances as a whole or any section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

**1.12 WARRANTS.** If consent to enter upon or inspect any building, structure, or property pursuant to a municipal ordinance is withheld by any person having the lawful right to exclude, the City officer or employee having the duty to enter upon or conduct the inspection may apply to the Iowa District Court in and for the County, pursuant to Section 808.14 of the *Code of Iowa*, for an administrative search warrant. No owner, operator or occupant, or any other person having charge, care, or control of any dwelling unit, rooming unit, structure, building, or premises shall fail or neglect, after presentation of a search warrant, to permit entry therein by the municipal officer or employee.

**1.13 GENERAL STANDARDS FOR ACTION.** Whenever this Code of Ordinances grants any discretionary power to the Council or any commission, board, or officer or employee of the City and does not specify standards to govern the exercise of the power, the power shall be exercised in light of the following standard: The discretionary power to grant, deny, or

revoke any matter shall be considered in light of the facts and circumstances then existing and as may be reasonably foreseeable, and due consideration shall be given to the impact upon the public health, safety and welfare, and the decision shall be that of a reasonably prudent person under similar circumstances in the exercise of the police power.

**1.14 STANDARD PENALTY.** Unless another penalty is expressly provided by this Code of Ordinances for violation of any particular provision, section, or chapter, any person failing to perform a duty required by this Code of Ordinances or otherwise violating any provision of this Code of Ordinances or any rule or regulation adopted herein by reference shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of at least \$105.00 but not to exceed \$855.00.<sup>†</sup>

*(Ord. 212 – Sep. 20 Supp.)*

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.3[2] and 903.1[1a])*

[The next page is 9]

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** For civil penalty for violations of this Code of Ordinances, see Chapter 3.

## CHAPTER 2

# CHARTER

2.01 Title

2.02 Form of Government

2.03 Powers and Duties of City Officers

2.04 Number and Term of Council

2.05 Term of Mayor

2.06 Copies on File

**2.01 TITLE.** This chapter may be cited as the charter of the City of Anthon, Iowa.<sup>†</sup>

**2.02 FORM OF GOVERNMENT.** The form of government of the City is the Mayor-Council form of government.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4)*

**2.03 POWERS AND DUTIES OF CITY OFFICERS.** The Council and Mayor and other City officers have such powers and shall perform such duties as are authorized or required by State law and by the ordinances, resolutions, rules, and regulations of the City.

**2.04 NUMBER AND TERM OF COUNCIL.** The Council consists of five Council Members elected at large for overlapping terms of four years.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)*

**2.05 TERM OF MAYOR.** The Mayor is elected for a term of four years.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)*

**2.06 COPIES ON FILE.** The Clerk shall keep an official copy of the charter on file with the official records of the Clerk and the Secretary of State, and shall keep copies of the charter available at the Clerk's office for public inspection.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.1)*

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** An ordinance adopting a charter for the City was passed and approved by the Council on July 7, 1977.

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## CHAPTER 3

# MUNICIPAL INFRACTIONS

3.01 Municipal Infraction  
3.02 Environmental Violation  
3.03 Penalties

3.04 Civil Citations  
3.05 Alternative Relief  
3.06 Alternative Penalties

**3.01 MUNICIPAL INFRACTION.** A violation of this Code of Ordinances or any ordinance or code herein adopted by reference or the omission or failure to perform any act or duty required by the same, with the exception of those provisions specifically provided under State law as a felony, an aggravated misdemeanor, or a serious misdemeanor, or a simple misdemeanor under Chapters 687 through 747 of the *Code of Iowa*, is a municipal infraction punishable by civil penalty as provided herein.<sup>†</sup>

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[3])*

**3.02 ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLATION.** A municipal infraction that is a violation of Chapter 455B of the *Code of Iowa* or of a standard established by the City in consultation with the Department of Natural Resources, or both, may be classified as an environmental violation. However, the provisions of this section shall not be applicable until the City has offered to participate in informal negotiations regarding the violation or to the following specific violations:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[1])*

1. A violation arising from noncompliance with a pretreatment standard or requirement referred to in 40 C.F.R. §403.8.
2. The discharge of airborne residue from grain, created by the handling, drying, or storing of grain, by a person not engaged in the industrial production or manufacturing of grain products.
3. The discharge of airborne residue from grain, created by the handling, drying, or storing of grain, by a person engaged in such industrial production or manufacturing if such discharge occurs from September 15 to January 15.

**3.03 PENALTIES.** A municipal infraction is punishable by the following civil penalties:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[1])*

1. Standard Civil Penalties.
  - A. First offense – not to exceed \$750.00
  - B. Each repeat offense – not to exceed \$1,000.00

Each day that a violation occurs or is permitted to exist constitutes a repeat offense.

2. Special Civil Penalties.
  - A. A municipal infraction arising from noncompliance with a pretreatment standard or requirement, referred to in 40 C.F.R. §403.8, by an industrial user is punishable by a penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 for each day a violation exists or continues.

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** For criminal penalty for violations of this Code of Ordinances, see Section 1.14.

B. A municipal infraction classified as an environmental violation is punishable by a penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 for each occurrence. However, an environmental violation is not subject to such penalty if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1) The violation results solely from conducting an initial startup, cleaning, repairing, performing scheduled maintenance, testing, or conducting a shutdown of either equipment causing the violation or the equipment designed to reduce or eliminate the violation.
- (2) The City is notified of the violation within 24 hours from the time that the violation begins.
- (3) The violation does not continue in existence for more than eight hours.

**3.04 CIVIL CITATIONS.** Any officer authorized by the City to enforce this Code of Ordinances may issue a civil citation to a person who commits a municipal infraction. A copy of the citation may be served by personal service as provided in Rule of Civil Procedure 1.305, by certified mail addressed to the defendant at defendant's last known mailing address, return receipt requested, or by publication in the manner as provided in Rule of Civil Procedure 1.310 and subject to the conditions of Rule of Civil Procedure 1.311. A copy of the citation shall be retained by the issuing officer, and the original citation shall be sent to the Clerk of the District Court. The citation shall serve as notification that a civil offense has been committed and shall contain the following information:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[4])*

1. The name and address of the defendant.
2. The name or description of the infraction attested to by the officer issuing the citation.
3. The location and time of the infraction.
4. The amount of civil penalty to be assessed or the alternative relief sought, or both.
5. The manner, location, and time in which the penalty may be paid.
6. The time and place of court appearance.
7. The penalty for failure to appear in court.
8. The legal description of the affected real property, if applicable.

If the citation affects real property and charges a violation relating to the condition of the property, including a building code violation, a local housing regulation violation, a housing code violation, or a public health or safety violation, after filing the citation with the Clerk of the District Court, the City shall also file the citation in the office of the County Treasurer.

**3.05 ALTERNATIVE RELIEF.** Seeking a civil penalty as authorized in this chapter does not preclude the City from seeking alternative relief from the court in the same action. Such alternative relief may include, but is not limited to, an order for abatement or injunctive relief.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[8])*

**3.06 ALTERNATIVE PENALTIES.** This chapter does not preclude a peace officer from issuing a criminal citation for a violation of this Code of Ordinances or regulation if criminal

penalties are also provided for the violation. Nor does it preclude or limit the authority of the City to enforce the provisions of this Code of Ordinances by criminal sanctions or other lawful means.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[11])*

[The next page is 21]

## CHAPTER 5

### OPERATING PROCEDURES

5.01 Oaths  
5.02 Bonds  
5.03 Powers and Duties  
5.04 Books and Records  
5.05 Transfer to Successor  
5.06 Meetings

5.07 Conflict of Interest  
5.08 Resignations  
5.09 Removal of Appointed Officers and Employees  
5.10 Vacancies  
5.11 Gifts

**5.01 OATHS.** The oath of office shall be required and administered in accordance with the following:

1. Qualify for Office. Each elected or appointed officer shall qualify for office by taking the prescribed oath and by giving, when required, a bond. The oath shall be taken, and bond provided, after such officer is certified as elected but not later than noon of the first day that is not a Sunday or a legal holiday in January of the first year of the term for which the officer was elected.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 63.1)*

2. Prescribed Oath. The prescribed oath is: "I, (name), do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Iowa, and that I will faithfully and impartially, to the best of my ability, discharge all duties of the office of (name of office) in Anthon as now or hereafter required by law."

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 63.10)*

3. Officers Empowered to Administer Oaths. The following are empowered to administer oaths and to take affirmations in any matter pertaining to the business of their respective offices:

- A. Mayor
- B. City Clerk
- C. Members of all boards, commissions, or bodies created by law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 63A.2)*

**5.02 BONDS.** Surety bonds are provided in accordance with the following:

1. Required. The Council shall provide by resolution for a surety bond or blanket position bond running to the City and covering the Mayor, Clerk, Treasurer, and such other officers and employees as may be necessary and advisable.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.13)*

2. Bonds Approved. Bonds shall be approved by the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.19)*

3. Bonds Filed. All bonds, after approval and proper record, shall be filed with the Clerk.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.23[6])*

4. Record. The Clerk shall keep a book, to be known as the “Record of Official Bonds” in which shall be recorded the official bonds of all City officers, elective or appointive.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.24[3])*

**5.03 POWERS AND DUTIES.** Each municipal officer shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by law and this Code of Ordinances, or as otherwise directed by the Council unless contrary to State law or City charter.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**5.04 BOOKS AND RECORDS.** All books and records required to be kept by law or ordinance shall be open to examination by the public upon request, unless some other provisions of law expressly limit such right or require such records to be kept confidential. Access to public records that are combined with data processing software shall be in accordance with policies and procedures established by the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 22.2 & 22.3A)*

**5.05 TRANSFER TO SUCCESSOR.** Each officer shall transfer to his or her successor in office all books, papers, records, documents and property in the officer’s custody and appertaining to that office.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**5.06 MEETINGS.** All meetings of the Council, any board or commission, or any multi-membered body formally and directly created by any of the foregoing bodies shall be held in accordance with the following:

1. Notice of Meetings. Reasonable notice, as defined by State law, of the time, date, and place of each meeting and its tentative agenda shall be given.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.4)*

2. Meetings Open. All meetings shall be held in open session unless closed sessions are held as expressly permitted by State law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.3)*

3. Minutes. Minutes shall be kept of all meetings showing the date, time and place, the members present, and the action taken at each meeting. The minutes shall show the results of each vote taken and information sufficient to indicate the vote of each member present. The vote of each member present shall be made public at the open session. The minutes shall be public records open to public inspection.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.3)*

4. Closed Session. A closed session may be held only by affirmative vote of either two-thirds of the body or all of the members present at the meeting and in accordance with Chapter 21 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.5)*

5. Cameras and Recorders. The public may use cameras or recording devices at any open session.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.7)*

6. Electronic Meetings. A meeting may be conducted by electronic means only in circumstances where such a meeting in person is impossible or impractical and then only in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 21 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.8)*

**5.07 CONFLICT OF INTEREST.** A City officer or employee shall not have an interest, direct or indirect, in any contract or job of work or material or the profits thereof or services to be furnished or performed for the City, unless expressly permitted by law. A contract entered into in violation of this section is void. The provisions of this section do not apply to:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5)*

1. Compensation of Officers. The payment of lawful compensation of a City officer or employee holding more than one City office or position, the holding of which is not incompatible with another public office or is not prohibited by law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3a])*

2. Investment of Funds. The designation of a bank or trust company as a depository, paying agent, or for investment of funds.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3b])*

3. City Treasurer. An employee of a bank or trust company, who serves as Treasurer of the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3c])*

4. Stock Interests. Contracts in which a City officer or employee has an interest solely by reason of employment, or a stock interest of the kind described in subsection 8 of this section, or both, if the contracts are made by competitive bid in writing, publicly invited and opened, or if the remuneration of employment will not be directly affected as a result of the contract and the duties of employment do not directly involve the procurement or preparation of any part of the contract. The competitive bid qualification of this subsection does not apply to a contract for professional services not customarily awarded by competitive bid.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3e])*

5. Newspaper. The designation of an official newspaper.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3f])*

6. Existing Contracts. A contract in which a City officer or employee has an interest if the contract was made before the time the officer or employee was elected or appointed, but the contract may not be renewed.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3g])*

7. Volunteers. Contracts with volunteer firefighters or civil defense volunteers.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3h])*

8. Corporations. A contract with a corporation in which a City officer or employee has an interest by reason of stock holdings when less than five percent of the outstanding stock of the corporation is owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the officer or employee or the spouse or immediate family of such officer or employee.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3i])*

9. Contracts. Contracts made by the City upon competitive bid in writing, publicly invited and opened.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3d])*

10. Cumulative Purchases. Contracts not otherwise permitted by this section, for the purchase of goods or services that benefit a City officer or employee, if the purchases benefiting that officer or employee do not exceed a cumulative total purchase price of \$6,000.00 in a fiscal year.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3j])*

11. Franchise Agreements. Franchise agreements between the City and a utility and contracts entered into by the City for the provision of essential City utility services.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3k])*

12. Third Party Contracts. A contract that is a bond, note or other obligation of the City and the contract is not acquired directly from the City but is acquired in a transaction with a third party who may or may not be the original underwriter, purchaser, or obligee of the contract.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.5[3l])*

*(Subsections 10-12 – Ord. 204 – Sep. 19 Supp.)*

**5.08 RESIGNATIONS.** An elected officer who wishes to resign may do so by submitting a resignation in writing to the Clerk so that it shall be properly recorded and considered. A person who resigns from an elective office is not eligible for appointment to the same office during the time for which the person was elected if, during that time, the compensation of the office has been increased.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[9])*

**5.09 REMOVAL OF APPOINTED OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.** Except as otherwise provided by State or City law, all persons appointed to City office or employment may be removed by the officer or body making the appointment, but every such removal shall be by written order. The order shall give the reasons, be filed in the office of the Clerk, and a copy shall be sent by certified mail to the person removed, who, upon request filed with the Clerk within 30 days after the date of mailing the copy, shall be granted a public hearing before the Council on all issues connected with the removal. The hearing shall be held within 30 days after the date the request is filed, unless the person removed requests a later date.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.15)*

**5.10 VACANCIES.** A vacancy in an elective City office during a term of office shall be filled in accordance with Section 372.13[2] of the *Code of Iowa*.

**5.11 GIFTS.** Except as otherwise provided in Chapter 68B of the *Code of Iowa*, a public official, public employee or candidate, or that person's immediate family member, shall not, directly or indirectly, accept or receive any gift or series of gifts from a "restricted donor" as defined in Chapter 68B and a restricted donor shall not, directly or indirectly, individually or jointly with one or more other restricted donors, offer or make a gift or a series of gifts to a public official, public employee, or candidate.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 68B.22)*

[The next page is 29]



## CHAPTER 6

### CITY ELECTIONS

6.01 Nominating Method to Be Used  
6.02 Nominations by Petition  
6.03 Adding Name by Petition

6.04 Preparation of Petition and Affidavit  
6.05 Filing; Presumption; Withdrawals; Objections  
6.06 Persons Elected

**6.01 NOMINATING METHOD TO BE USED.** All candidates for elective municipal offices shall be nominated under the provisions of Chapter 45 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.3)*

**6.02 NOMINATIONS BY PETITION.** Nominations for elective municipal offices of the City may be made by nomination paper or papers signed by not less than 10 eligible electors, residents of the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 45.1)*

**6.03 ADDING NAME BY PETITION.** The name of a candidate placed upon the ballot by any other method than by petition shall not be added by petition for the same office.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 45.2)*

**6.04 PREPARATION OF PETITION AND AFFIDAVIT.** Nomination papers shall include a petition and an affidavit of candidacy. The petition and affidavit shall be substantially in the form prescribed by the State Commissioner of Elections, shall include information required by the *Code of Iowa*, and shall be signed in accordance with the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 45.3, 45.5 & 45.6)*

**6.05 FILING; PRESUMPTION; WITHDRAWALS; OBJECTIONS.** The time and place of filing nomination petitions, the presumption of validity thereof, the right of a candidate so nominated to withdraw and the effect of such withdrawal, and the right to object to the legal sufficiency of such petitions, or to the eligibility of the candidate, shall be governed by the appropriate provisions of Chapter 44 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 45.4)*

**6.06 PERSONS ELECTED.** The candidates who receive the greatest number of votes for each office on the ballot are elected, to the extent necessary to fill the positions open.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.8[3])*

[The next page is 35]

## CHAPTER 7

# FISCAL MANAGEMENT

7.01 Purpose  
7.02 Finance Officer  
7.03 Cash Control  
7.04 Fund Control

7.05 Operating Budget Preparation  
7.06 Budget Amendments  
7.07 Accounting  
7.08 Financial Reports

**7.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to establish policies and provide for rules and regulations governing the management of the financial affairs of the City.

**7.02 FINANCE OFFICER.** The Clerk is the finance and accounting officer of the City and is responsible for the administration of the provisions of this chapter.

**7.03 CASH CONTROL.** To assure the proper accounting and safe custody of moneys the following shall apply:

1. Deposit of Funds. All moneys or fees collected for any purpose by any City officer shall be deposited through the office of the finance officer. If any said fees are due to an officer, they shall be paid to the officer by check drawn by the finance officer and approved by the Council only upon such officer's making adequate reports relating thereto as required by law, ordinance, or Council directive.

2. Deposits and Investments. All moneys belonging to the City shall be promptly deposited in depositories selected by the Council in amounts not exceeding the authorized depository limitation established by the Council or invested in accordance with the City's written investment policy and State law, including joint investments as authorized by Section 384.21 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.21, 12B.10, 12C.1)*

3. Petty Cash Fund. The finance officer shall be custodian of a petty cash fund for the payment of small claims for minor purchases, collect-on-delivery transportation charges, and small fees customarily paid at the time of rendering a service, for which payments the finance officer shall obtain some form of receipt or bill acknowledged as paid by the vendor or agent. At such time as the petty cash fund is approaching depletion, the finance officer shall draw a check for replenishment in the amount of the accumulated expenditures and said check and supporting detail shall be submitted to the Council as a claim in the usual manner for claims and charged to the proper funds and accounts. It shall not be used for salary payments or other personal services or personal expenses.

**7.04 FUND CONTROL.** There shall be established and maintained separate and distinct funds in accordance with the following:

1. Revenues. All moneys received by the City shall be credited to the proper fund as required by law, ordinance, or resolution.

2. Expenditures. No disbursement shall be made from a fund unless such disbursement is authorized by law, ordinance, or resolution, was properly budgeted, and supported by a claim approved by the Council.

3. Emergency Fund. No transfer may be made from any fund to the Emergency Fund.

*(IAC, 545-2.5[384,388], Sec. 2.5[2])*

4. Debt Service Fund. Except where specifically prohibited by State law, moneys may be transferred from any other City fund to the Debt Service Fund to meet payments of principal and interest. Such transfers must be authorized by the original budget or a budget amendment.

*(IAC, 545-2.5[384,388] Sec. 2.5[3])*

5. Capital Improvements Reserve Fund. Except where specifically prohibited by State law, moneys may be transferred from any City fund to the Capital Improvements Reserve Fund. Such transfers must be authorized by the original budget or a budget amendment.

*(IAC, 545-2.5[384,388] Sec. 2.5[4])*

6. Utility and Enterprise Funds. A surplus in a Utility or Enterprise Fund may be transferred to any other City fund, except the Emergency Fund and Road Use Tax Funds, by resolution of the Council. A surplus may exist only after all required transfers have been made to any restricted accounts in accordance with the terms and provisions of any revenue bonds or loan agreements relating to the Utility or Enterprise Fund. A surplus is defined as the cash balance in the operating account or the unrestricted retained earnings calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in excess of:

- A. The amount of the expense of disbursements for operating and maintaining the utility or enterprise for the preceding three months; and

- B. The amount necessary to make all required transfers to restricted accounts for the succeeding three months.

*(IAC, 545-2.5[384,388], Sec. 2.5[5])*

7. Balancing of Funds. Fund accounts shall be reconciled at the close of each month and a report thereof submitted to the Council.

**7.05 OPERATING BUDGET PREPARATION.** The annual operating budget of the City shall be prepared in accordance with the following:

1. Proposal Prepared. The finance officer is responsible for preparation of the annual budget detail, for review by the Mayor and Council and adoption by the Council in accordance with directives of the Mayor and Council.

2. Boards and Commissions. All boards, commissions, and other administrative agencies of the City that are authorized to prepare and administer budgets must submit their budget proposals to the finance officer for inclusion in the proposed City budget at such time and in such form as required by the Council.

3. Submission to Council. The finance officer shall submit the completed budget proposal to the Council each year at such time as directed by the Council.

4. Resolution Establishing Maximum Property Tax Dollars. The Council shall adopt a resolution establishing the total maximum property tax dollars that may be certified for levy that includes taxes for City government purposes under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.1, for the City's trust and agency fund under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.6, Subsection 1, for the City's emergency fund under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.8, and for the levies authorized under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.12, Subsections 8, 10, 11, 12, 13,

17, and 21, but excluding additions approved at election under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.12, Subsection 19.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.15A*)

A. The Council shall set a time and place for a public hearing on the resolution before the date for adoption of the resolution and shall publish notice of the hearing not less than 10 nor more than 20 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper published at least once weekly and having general circulation in the City.

B. If the City has an internet site, the notice shall also be posted and clearly identified on the City's internet site for public viewing beginning on the date of the newspaper publication or public posting, as applicable. Additionally, if the City maintains a social media account on one or more social media applications, the public hearing notice or an electronic link to the public hearing notice shall be posted on each such account on the same day as the publication of the notice. All of the following shall be included in the notice:

(1) The sum of the current fiscal year's actual property taxes certified for levy under the levies specified in this subsection and the current fiscal year's combined property tax levy rate for such amount that is applicable to taxable property in the City other than property used and assessed for agricultural or horticultural purposes.

(2) The effective tax rate calculated using the sum of the current fiscal year's actual property taxes certified for levy under the levies specified in this subsection, applicable to taxable property in the City other than property used and assessed for agricultural or horticultural purposes.

(3) The sum of the proposed maximum property tax dollars that may be certified for levy for the budget year under the levies specified in this subsection and the proposed combined property tax levy rate for such amount applicable to taxable property in the City other than property used and assessed for agricultural or horticultural purposes.

(4) If the proposed maximum property tax dollars specified under Subparagraph (3) exceed the current fiscal year's actual property tax dollars certified for levy specified in Subparagraph (1), a statement of the major reasons for the increase.

Proof of publication shall be filed with and preserved by the County Auditor. The Department of Management shall prescribe the form for the public hearing notice for cities and the form for the resolution to be adopted by the Council under Paragraph C of this subsection.

C. At the public hearing, the Council shall receive oral or written objections from any resident or property owner of the City. After all objections have been received and considered, the Council may decrease, but not increase, the proposed maximum property tax dollar amount for inclusion in the resolution and shall adopt the resolution and file the resolution with the County Auditor as required under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.16, Subsection 3.

D. If the sum of the maximum property tax dollars for the budget year specified in the resolution under the levies specified in this subsection exceeds

102 percent of the sum of the current fiscal year's actual property taxes certified for levy under the levies specified in this subsection, the Council shall be required to adopt the resolution by a two-thirds majority of the membership of the Council.

E. If the City has an internet site, in addition to filing the resolution with the Auditor under *Code of Iowa* Section 384.16, Subsection 3, the adopted resolution shall be posted and clearly identified on the City's internet site for public viewing within 10 days of approval by the Council. The posted resolution for a budget year shall continue to be accessible for public viewing on the internet site along with resolutions posted for all subsequent budget years.

5. Council Review. The Council shall review the proposed budget and may make any adjustments it deems appropriate in the budget before accepting such proposal for publication, hearing, and final adoption.

6. Notice of Hearing. Following, and not until adoption of the resolution required under Subsection 4 of this section, the Council shall set a time and place for public hearing on the budget to be held before March 31 and shall publish notice of the hearing not less than 10 nor more than 20 days before the hearing. A summary of the proposed budget and a description of the procedure for protesting the City budget under Section 384.19 of the *Code of Iowa*, in the form prescribed by the Director of the Department of Management, shall be included in the notice. Proof of publication of the notice under this subsection and a copy of the resolution adopted under Subsection 4 of this section must be filed with the County Auditor.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16[3])*

7. Copies of Budget on File. Not less than 20 days before the date that the budget must be certified to the County Auditor and not less than 10 days before the public hearing, the Clerk shall make available a sufficient number of copies of the detailed budget to meet the requests of taxpayers and organizations, and have them available for distribution at the offices of the Mayor and Clerk and at the City library.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16[2])*

8. Adoption and Certification. After the hearing, the Council shall adopt, by resolution, a budget for at least the next fiscal year and the Clerk shall certify the necessary tax levy for the next fiscal year to the County Auditor and the County Board of Supervisors. The tax levy certified may be less than, but not more than, the amount estimated in the proposed budget submitted at the final hearing or the applicable amount specified in the resolution adopted under Subsection 4 of this section. Two copies each of the detailed budget as adopted and of the tax certificate must be transmitted to the County Auditor.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16[5])*

*(Section 7.05 – Ord. 203 – Sep. 19 Supp.)*

**7.06 BUDGET AMENDMENTS.** A City budget finally adopted for the following fiscal year becomes effective July 1 and constitutes the City appropriation for each program and purpose specified therein until amended as provided by this section.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.18)*

1. Program Increase. Any increase in the amount appropriated to a program must be prepared, adopted, and subject to protest in the same manner as the original budget.  
(IAC, 545-2.2[384, 388])
2. Program Transfer. Any transfer of appropriation from one program to another must be prepared, adopted, and subject to protest in the same manner as the original budget.  
(IAC, 545-2.3[384, 388])
3. Activity Transfer. Any transfer of appropriation from one activity to another activity within a program must be approved by resolution of the Council.  
(IAC, 545-2.4[384, 388])
4. Administrative Transfers. The finance officer shall have the authority to adjust, by transfer or otherwise, the appropriations allocated within a specific activity without prior Council approval.  
(IAC, 545-2.4[384, 388])

**7.07 ACCOUNTING.** The accounting records of the City shall consist of not less than the following:

1. Books of Original Entry. There shall be established and maintained books of original entry to provide a chronological record of cash received and disbursed.
2. General Ledger. There shall be established and maintained a general ledger controlling all cash transactions, budgetary accounts and for recording unappropriated surpluses.
3. Checks. Checks shall be prenumbered and signed by the Clerk or Clerk's Assistant and Mayor or Mayor Pro Tem following Council approval, except as provided by subsection 5 hereof.
4. Budget Accounts. There shall be established such individual accounts to record receipts by source and expenditures by program and activity as will provide adequate information and control for budgeting purposes as planned and approved by the Council. Each individual account shall be maintained within its proper fund and so kept that receipts can be immediately and directly compared with revenue estimates and expenditures can be related to the authorizing appropriation. No expenditure shall be posted except to the appropriation for the function and purpose for which the expense was incurred.
5. Immediate Payment Authorized. The Council may by resolution authorize the Clerk to issue checks for immediate payment of amounts due, which if not paid promptly would result in loss of discount, penalty for late payment or additional interest cost. Any such payments made shall be reported to the Council for review and approval with and in the same manner as other claims at the next meeting following such payment. The resolution authorizing immediate payment shall specify the type of payment so authorized and may include (but is not limited to) payment of utility bills, contractual obligations, payroll, and bond principal and interest.
6. Utilities. The finance officer shall perform and be responsible for accounting functions of the municipally owned utilities.

**7.08 FINANCIAL REPORTS.** The finance officer shall prepare and file the following financial reports:

1. Monthly Reports. There shall be submitted to the Council each month a report showing the activity and status of each fund, program, sub-program, and activity for the preceding month.
2. Annual Report. Not later than December 1 of each year there shall be published an annual report containing a summary for the preceding fiscal year of all collections and receipts, all accounts due the City, and all expenditures, the current public debt of the City, and the legal debt limit of the City for the current fiscal year. A copy of the annual report must be filed with the Auditor of State not later than December 1 of each year.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.22)*

[The next page is 45]



**CHAPTER 8**  
**URBAN RENEWAL**

EDITOR'S NOTE		
The following ordinances not codified herein, and specifically saved from repeal, have been adopted establishing Urban Renewal Areas in the City and remain in full force and effect.		
ORDINANCE NO.	ADOPTED	NAME OF AREA
115	August 8, 2005	Anthon West Urban Renewal Project Area

[The next page is 51]

**CHAPTER 9**  
**URBAN REVITALIZATION**

EDITOR'S NOTE		
The following ordinances not codified herein, and specifically saved from repeal, have been adopted designating Urban Revitalization Areas in the City and remain in full force and effect.		
ORDINANCE NO.	ADOPTED	NAME OF AREA
214	January 11, 2021	Anthon Commercial Urban Revitalization Area

[The next page is 71]

## CHAPTER 15

### MAYOR

15.01 Term of Office  
15.02 Powers and Duties  
15.03 Appointments

15.04 Compensation  
15.05 Voting

**15.01 TERM OF OFFICE.** The Mayor is elected for a term of four years.  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2*)

**15.02 POWERS AND DUTIES.** The powers and duties of the Mayor are as follows:

1. Chief Executive Officer. Act as the chief executive officer of the City and presiding officer of the Council, supervise all departments of the City, give direction to department heads concerning the functions of the departments, and have the power to examine all functions of the municipal departments, their records and to call for special reports from department heads at any time.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14[1]*)

2. Proclamation of Emergency. Have authority to take command of the police and govern the City by proclamation, upon making a determination that a time of emergency or public danger exists. Within the City limits, the Mayor has all the powers conferred upon the Sheriff to suppress disorders.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14[2]*)

3. Special Meetings. Call special meetings of the Council when the Mayor deems such meetings necessary to the interests of the City.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14[1]*)

4. Mayor's Veto. Sign, veto, or take no action on an ordinance, amendment, or resolution passed by the Council. The Mayor may veto an ordinance, amendment, or resolution within 14 days after passage. The Mayor shall explain the reasons for the veto in a written message to the Council at the time of the veto.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.5 & 380.6[2]*)

5. Reports to Council. Make such oral or written reports to the Council as required. These reports shall concern municipal affairs generally, the municipal departments, and recommendations suitable for Council action.

6. Negotiations. Represent the City in all negotiations properly entered into in accordance with law or ordinance. The Mayor shall not represent the City where this duty is specifically delegated to another officer by law, ordinance, or Council direction.

7. Contracts. Whenever authorized by the Council, sign contracts on behalf of the City.

8. Professional Services. Upon order of the Council, secure for the City such specialized and professional services not already available to the City. In executing the order of the Council, the Mayor shall act in accordance with this Code of Ordinances and the laws of the State.

9. Licenses and Permits. Sign all licenses and permits that have been granted by the Council, except those designated by law or ordinance to be issued by another municipal officer.

10. Nuisances. Issue written order for removal, at public expense, any nuisance for which no person can be found responsible and liable.

11. Absentee Officer. Make appropriate provision that duties of any absentee officer be carried on during such absence.

**15.03 APPOINTMENTS.** The Mayor shall appoint the following officials:  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4*)

1. Mayor Pro Tem
2. Police Chief and peace officers
3. Library Board of Trustees

**15.04 COMPENSATION.** The salary of the Mayor is \$3,600.00 per year. The Mayor shall receive additional compensation of \$45.00 per Council meeting. If the Mayor finds it necessary for City business to attend other meetings, which shall include any meetings either in or outside the City wherein the Mayor is representing the City, then the Mayor shall receive additional compensation of \$45.00 per meeting.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[8]*)

**15.05 VOTING.** The Mayor is not a member of the Council and shall not vote as a member of the Council.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4*)

## CHAPTER 16

### MAYOR PRO TEM

**16.01 Vice President of Council**  
**16.02 Powers and Duties**

**16.03 Voting Rights**  
**16.04 Compensation**

**16.01 VICE PRESIDENT OF COUNCIL.** The Mayor shall appoint a member of the Council as Mayor Pro Tem, who shall serve as vice president of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14[3])*

**16.02 POWERS AND DUTIES.** Except for the limitations otherwise provided herein, the Mayor Pro Tem shall perform the duties of the Mayor in cases of absence or inability of the Mayor to perform such duties. In the exercise of the duties of the office the Mayor Pro Tem shall not have power to appoint, employ, or discharge from employment officers or employees that the Mayor has the power to appoint, employ, or discharge without the approval of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14[3])*

**16.03 VOTING RIGHTS.** The Mayor Pro Tem shall have the right to vote as a member of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14[3])*

**16.04 COMPENSATION.** If the Mayor Pro Tem performs the duties of the Mayor during the Mayor's absence or disability for a continuous period of 15 days or more, the Mayor Pro Tem may be paid for that period the compensation as determined by the Council, based upon the Mayor Pro Tem's performance of the Mayor's duties and upon the compensation of the Mayor.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[8])*

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## CHAPTER 17

### CITY COUNCIL

17.01 Number and Term of Council  
17.02 Powers and Duties  
17.03 Exercise of Power

17.04 Council Meetings  
17.05 Appointments  
17.06 Compensation

**17.01 NUMBER AND TERM OF COUNCIL.** The Council consists of five Council members elected at large for overlapping terms of four years.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4 & 376.2)*

**17.02 POWERS AND DUTIES.** The powers and duties of the Council include, but are not limited to the following:

1. General. All powers of the City are vested in the Council except as otherwise provided by law or ordinance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2[1])*

2. Wards. By ordinance, the Council may divide the City into wards based upon population, change the boundaries of wards, eliminate wards, or create new wards.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[7])*

3. Fiscal Authority. The Council shall apportion and appropriate all funds, and audit and allow all bills, accounts, payrolls and claims, and order payment thereof. It shall make all assessments for the cost of street improvements, sidewalks, sewers and other work, improvement, or repairs that may be specially assessed.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2[1], 384.16 & 384.38[1])*

4. Public Improvements. The Council shall make all orders for the construction of any improvements, bridges, or buildings.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2[1])*

5. Contracts. The Council shall make or authorize the making of all contracts. No contract shall bind or be obligatory upon the City unless approved by the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 26.10)*

6. Employees. The Council shall authorize, by resolution, the number, duties, term of office and compensation of employees or officers not otherwise provided for by State law or the Code of Ordinances.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

7. Setting Compensation for Elected Officers. By ordinance, the Council shall prescribe the compensation of the Mayor, Council members, and other elected City officers, but a change in the compensation of the Mayor does not become effective during the term in which the change is adopted, and the Council shall not adopt such an ordinance changing the compensation of any elected officer during the months of November and December in the year of a regular City election. A change in the compensation of Council members becomes effective for all Council members at the beginning of the term of the Council members elected at the election next following the change in compensation.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[8])*

**17.03 EXERCISE OF POWER.** The Council shall exercise a power only by the passage of a motion, a resolution, an amendment, or an ordinance in the following manner:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.3[1])*

1. Action by Council. Passage of an ordinance, amendment, or resolution requires a majority vote of all of the members of the Council. Passage of a motion requires a majority vote of a quorum of the Council. A resolution must be passed to spend public funds in excess of \$100,000.00 on a public improvement project, or to accept public improvements and facilities upon their completion. Each Council member's vote on a measure must be recorded. A measure that fails to receive sufficient votes for passage shall be considered defeated.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.4)*

2. Overriding Mayor's Veto. Within 30 days after the Mayor's veto, the Council may pass the measure again by a vote of not less than two-thirds of all of the members of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6[2])*

3. Measures Become Effective. Measures passed by the Council become effective in one of the following ways:

A. An ordinance or amendment signed by the Mayor becomes effective when the ordinance or a summary of the ordinance is published, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the ordinance or amendment.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6[1a])*

B. A resolution signed by the Mayor becomes effective immediately upon signing.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6[1b])*

C. A motion becomes effective immediately upon passage of the motion by the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6[1c])*

D. If the Mayor vetoes an ordinance, amendment or resolution and the Council repasses the measure after the Mayor's veto, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon repassage, and an ordinance or amendment becomes a law when the ordinance or a summary of the ordinance is published, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the ordinance or amendment.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6[2])*

E. If the Mayor takes no action on an ordinance, amendment or resolution, a resolution becomes effective 14 days after the date of passage, and an ordinance or amendment becomes law when the ordinance or a summary of the ordinance is published, but not sooner than 14 days after the date of passage, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the ordinance or amendment.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6[3])*

"All of the members of the Council" refers to all of the seats of the Council including a vacant seat and a seat where the member is absent, but does not include a seat where the Council member declines to vote by reason of a conflict of interest.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.1[a])*

**17.04 COUNCIL MEETINGS.** Procedures for giving notice of meetings of the Council and other provisions regarding the conduct of Council meetings are contained in Section 5.06 of this Code of Ordinances. Additional particulars relating to Council meetings are the following:

1. Regular Meetings. The time and place of the regular meetings of the Council shall be fixed by resolution of the Council.
2. Special Meetings. Special meetings shall be held upon call of the Mayor or upon the request of a majority of the members of the Council.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[5])*
3. Quorum. A majority of all Council members is a quorum.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[1])*
4. Rules of Procedure. The Council shall determine its own rules and maintain records of its proceedings.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[5])*
5. Compelling Attendance. Any three members of the Council can compel the attendance of the absent members at any regular, adjourned, or duly called meeting, by serving a written notice upon the absent members to attend at once.

**17.05 APPOINTMENTS.** The Council shall appoint the following officials and prescribe their powers, duties, compensation, and term of office:

1. City Clerk
2. City Attorney

**17.06 COMPENSATION.** The salary of each Council member is \$45.00 for each meeting of the Council attended.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[8])*

[The next page is 83]

## CHAPTER 18

### CITY CLERK

18.01 Appointment and Compensation  
18.02 Powers and Duties: General  
18.03 Publication of Minutes  
18.04 Recording Measures  
18.05 Other Publications  
18.06 Authentication  
18.07 Certification

18.08 Records  
18.09 Attendance at Meetings  
18.10 Licenses and Permits  
18.11 Notification of Appointments  
18.12 Elections  
18.13 City Seal

**18.01 APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.** At its first meeting in January following the regular City election, the Council shall appoint by majority vote a City Clerk to serve for a term of one year. The Clerk shall receive such compensation as established by resolution of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[3])*

**18.02 POWERS AND DUTIES: GENERAL.** The Clerk or, in the Clerk's absence or inability to act, the Deputy Clerk has the powers and duties as provided in this chapter, this Code of Ordinances, and the law.

**18.03 PUBLICATION OF MINUTES.** Within 15 days following a regular or special meeting, the Clerk shall cause the minutes of the proceedings thereof to be published. Such publication shall include a list of all claims allowed and a summary of all receipts and shall show the gross amount of the claims.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[6])*

**18.04 RECORDING MEASURES.** The Clerk shall promptly record each measure considered by the Council and record a statement with the measure, where applicable, indicating whether the Mayor signed, vetoed or took no action on the measure, and whether the measure was repassed after the Mayor's veto.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7[1 & 2])*

**18.05 OTHER PUBLICATIONS.** The Clerk shall cause to be published all ordinances, enactments, proceedings and official notices requiring publication as follows:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.3)*

1. Time. If notice of an election, hearing, or other official action is required by this Code of Ordinances or law, the notice must be published at least once, not less than four or more than 20 days before the date of the election, hearing, or other action, unless otherwise provided by law.
2. Manner of Publication. A publication required by this Code of Ordinances or law must be in a newspaper published at least once weekly and having general circulation in the City.

**18.06 AUTHENTICATION.** The Clerk shall authenticate all measures except motions with the Clerk's signature, certifying the time and manner of publication when required.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7[4])*

**18.07 CERTIFICATION.** The Clerk shall certify all measures establishing any zoning district, building lines, or fire limits and a plat showing the district, lines, or limits to the recorder of the County containing the affected parts of the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.11)*

**18.08 RECORDS.** The Clerk shall maintain the specified City records in the following manner:

1. Ordinances and Codes. Maintain copies of all effective City ordinances and codes for public use.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7[5])*

2. Custody. Have custody and be responsible for the safekeeping of all writings or documents in which the City is a party in interest unless otherwise specifically directed by law or ordinance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

3. Maintenance. Maintain all City records and documents, or accurate reproductions, for at least five years except that ordinances, resolutions, Council proceedings, records and documents, or accurate reproductions, relating to the issuance, cancellation, transfer, redemption or replacement of public bonds or obligations shall be kept for at least 11 years following the final maturity of the bonds or obligations. Ordinances, resolutions, Council proceedings, records and documents, or accurate reproductions, relating to real property transactions shall be maintained permanently.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[3 & 5])*

4. Provide Copy. Furnish upon request to any municipal officer a copy of any record, paper or public document under the Clerk's control when it may be necessary to such officer in the discharge of such officer's duty; furnish a copy to any citizen when requested upon payment of the fee set by Council resolution; under the direction of the Mayor or other authorized officer, affix the seal of the City to those public documents or instruments that by this Code of Ordinances are required to be attested by the affixing of the seal.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4 & 5] and 380.7[5])*

5. Filing of Communications. Keep and file all communications and petitions directed to the Council or to the City generally. The Clerk shall endorse thereon the action of the Council taken upon matters considered in such communications and petitions.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**18.09 ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS.** The Clerk shall attend all regular and special Council meetings and, at the direction of the Council, the Clerk shall attend meetings of committees, boards, and commissions. The Clerk shall record and preserve a correct record of the proceedings of such meetings.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**18.10 LICENSES AND PERMITS.** The Clerk shall issue or revoke licenses and permits when authorized by this Code of Ordinances, and keep a record of licenses and permits issued which shall show date of issuance, license or permit number, official receipt number, name of person to whom issued, term of license or permit, and purpose for which issued.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**18.11 NOTIFICATION OF APPOINTMENTS.** The Clerk shall inform all persons appointed by the Mayor or Council to offices in the City government of their positions and the time at which they shall assume the duties of their offices.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**18.12 ELECTIONS.** The Clerk shall perform the duties relating to elections in accordance with Chapter 376 of the *Code of Iowa*.

**18.13 CITY SEAL.** The City seal is in the custody of the Clerk and shall be attached by the Clerk to all transcripts, orders, and certificates that it may be necessary or proper to authenticate. The City seal is circular in form, around the margin of which are the words “CITY SEAL, ANTHON, IOWA.”

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## CHAPTER 19

### CITY TREASURER

**19.01 Appointment**  
**19.02 Compensation**

**19.03 Duties of Treasurer**

**19.01 APPOINTMENT.** The City Clerk is the Treasurer and performs all functions required of the position of Treasurer.

**19.02 COMPENSATION.** The Clerk receives no additional compensation for performing the duties of the Treasurer.

**19.03 DUTIES OF TREASURER.** The duties of the Treasurer are as follows:  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

1. Custody of Funds. Be responsible for the safe custody of all funds of the City in the manner provided by law and Council direction.
2. Record of Fund. Keep the record of each fund separate.
3. Record Receipts. Keep an accurate record of all money or securities received by the Treasurer on behalf of the City and specify the date, from whom, and for what purpose received.
4. Record Disbursements. Keep an accurate account of all disbursements, money, or property, specifying date, to whom, and from what fund paid.
5. Special Assessments. Keep a separate account of all money received by the Treasurer from special assessments.
6. Deposit Funds. Upon receipt of moneys to be held in the Treasurer's custody and belonging to the City, deposit the same in depositories selected by the Council.
7. Reconciliation. Reconcile depository statements with the Treasurer's books and certify monthly to the Council the balance of cash and investments of each fund and amounts received and disbursed.
8. Debt Service. Keep a register of all bonds outstanding and record all payments of interest and principal.
9. Other Duties. Perform such other duties as specified by the Council by resolution or ordinance.

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## CHAPTER 20

### CITY ATTORNEY

20.01 Appointment and Compensation  
20.02 Attorney for City  
20.03 Power of Attorney  
20.04 Ordinance Preparation  
20.05 Review and Comment

20.06 Provide Legal Opinion  
20.07 Attendance at Council Meetings  
20.08 Prepare Documents  
20.09 Representation of City Employees

**20.01 APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.** The Council shall appoint by majority vote a City Attorney to serve for a term of one year. The City Attorney shall receive such compensation as established by resolution of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.02 ATTORNEY FOR CITY.** The City Attorney shall act as attorney for the City in all matters affecting the City's interest and appear on behalf of the City before any court, tribunal, commission, or board. The City Attorney shall prosecute or defend all actions and proceedings when so requested by the Mayor or Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.03 POWER OF ATTORNEY.** The City Attorney shall sign the name of the City to all appeal bonds and to all other bonds or papers of any kind that may be essential to the prosecution of any cause in court, and when so signed the City shall be bound upon the same.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.04 ORDINANCE PREPARATION.** The City Attorney shall prepare those ordinances that the Council may desire and direct to be prepared and report to the Council upon all such ordinances before their final passage by the Council and publication.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.05 REVIEW AND COMMENT.** The City Attorney shall, upon request, make a report to the Council giving an opinion on all contracts, documents, resolutions, or ordinances submitted to or coming under the City Attorney's notice.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.06 PROVIDE LEGAL OPINION.** The City Attorney shall give advice or a written legal opinion on City contracts and all questions of law relating to City matters submitted by the Mayor or Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.07 ATTENDANCE AT COUNCIL MEETINGS.** The City Attorney shall attend meetings of the Council at the request of the Mayor or Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.08 PREPARE DOCUMENTS.** The City Attorney shall, upon request, formulate drafts for contracts, forms, and other writings that may be required for the use of the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**20.09 REPRESENTATION OF CITY EMPLOYEES.** The City Attorney shall not appear on behalf of any City officer or employee before any court or tribunal for the purely private benefit of said officer or employee. The City Attorney shall, however, if directed by the Council, appear to defend any City officer or employee in any cause of action arising out of or in the course of the performance of the duties of his or her office or employment.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 670.8)*

## CHAPTER 21

### LIBRARY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

21.01 Public Library  
21.02 Library Trustees  
21.03 Qualifications of Trustees  
21.04 Organization of the Board  
21.05 Contracting with Other Libraries

21.06 Nonresident Use  
21.07 Annual Report  
21.08 Injury to Books or Property  
21.09 Theft  
21.10 Notice Posted

**21.01 PUBLIC LIBRARY.** The public library for the City is known as the Hamann Memorial Library. It is referred to in this chapter as the Library.

**21.02 LIBRARY TRUSTEES.** The Board of Trustees of the Library, hereinafter referred to as the Board, consists of two resident members and three at-large members (either resident or nonresident). All members are to be appointed by the Mayor with the approval of the Council.

**21.03 QUALIFICATIONS OF TRUSTEES.** All resident members of the Board shall be bona fide citizens and residents of the City. The nonresident member of the Board shall be a bona fide citizen and resident of the unincorporated County. Members shall be over the age of 18 years.

**21.04 ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD.** The organization of the Board shall be as follows:

1. Term of Office. All appointments to the Board shall be for four years, except to fill vacancies. Each term shall commence on July 1. Appointments shall be made every two years of one-third the total number or as near as possible, to stagger the terms.
2. Vacancies. The position of any resident Trustee shall be vacated if such member moves permanently from the City. The position of a nonresident Trustee shall be vacated if such member moves permanently from the County or into the City. The position of any Trustee shall be deemed vacated if such member is absent from six consecutive regular meetings of the Board, except in the case of sickness or temporary absence from the City or County. Vacancies in the Board shall be filled in the same manner as an original appointment except that the new Trustee shall fill out the unexpired term for which the appointment is made.
3. Compensation. Trustees shall receive no compensation for their services.

**21.05 CONTRACTING WITH OTHER LIBRARIES.** The Board has power to contract with other libraries in accordance with the following:

1. Contracting. The Board may contract with any other boards of trustees of free public libraries, with any other city, school corporation, private or semiprivate organization, institution of higher learning, township, or County, or with the trustees of any County library district for the use of the Library by their respective residents.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 392.5 & Ch. 28E)*
2. Termination. Such a contract may be terminated at any time by mutual consent of the contracting parties. It also may be terminated by a majority vote of the electors represented by either of the contracting parties. Such a termination proposition shall be

submitted to the electors by the governing body of a contracting party on a written petition of not less than five percent in number of the electors who voted for governor in the territory of the contracting party at the last general election. The petition must be presented to the governing body not less than 40 days before the election. The proposition may be submitted at any election provided by law which is held in the territory of the party seeking to terminate the contract.

**21.06 NONRESIDENT USE.** The Board may authorize the use of the Library by persons not residents of the City or County in any one or more of the following ways:

1. Lending. By lending the books or other materials of the Library to nonresidents on the same terms and conditions as to residents of the City, or County, or upon payment of a special nonresident Library fee.
2. Depository. By establishing depositories of Library books or other materials to be loaned to nonresidents.
3. Bookmobiles. By establishing bookmobiles or a traveling library so that books or other Library materials may be loaned to nonresidents.
4. Branch Library. By establishing branch libraries for lending books or other Library materials to nonresidents.

**21.07 ANNUAL REPORT.** The Board shall make a report to the Council immediately after the close of the fiscal year. This report shall contain statements as to the condition of the Library, the number of books added, the number circulated, the amount of fines collected, and the amount of money expended in the maintenance of the Library during the year, together with such further information as may be required by the Council.

**21.08 INJURY TO BOOKS OR PROPERTY.** It is unlawful for a person willfully, maliciously or wantonly to tear, deface, mutilate, injure or destroy, in whole or in part, any newspaper, periodical, book, map, pamphlet, chart, picture or other property belonging to the Library or reading room.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)*

**21.09 THEFT.** No person shall take possession or control of property of the Library with the intent to deprive the Library thereof.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 714.1)*

**21.10 NOTICE POSTED.** There shall be posted in clear public view within the Library notices informing the public of the following:

1. Failure to Return. Failure to return Library materials for two months or more after the date the person agreed to return the Library materials, or failure to return Library equipment for one month or more after the date the person agreed to return the Library equipment, is evidence of intent to deprive the owner, provided a reasonable attempt, including the mailing by restricted certified mail of notice that such material or equipment is overdue and criminal actions will be taken, has been made to reclaim the materials or equipment.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 714.5)*

2. Detention and Search. Persons concealing Library materials may be detained and searched pursuant to law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 808.12)*

[The next page is 145]

## CHAPTER 30

### POLICE DEPARTMENT

30.01 Department Established  
30.02 Organization  
30.03 Peace Officer Qualifications  
30.04 Required Training  
30.05 Compensation  
30.06 Peace Officers Appointed

30.07 Powers and Duties of Police Chief  
30.08 Departmental Rules  
30.09 Summoning Aid  
30.10 Taking Weapons  
30.11 Contract Law Enforcement

**30.01 DEPARTMENT ESTABLISHED.** The Police Department of the City is established to provide for the preservation of peace and enforcement of law and ordinances within the corporate limits of the City.

**30.02 ORGANIZATION.** The department consists of the Police Chief and such other law enforcement officers and personnel, whether full or part time, as may be authorized by the Council.

**30.03 PEACE OFFICER QUALIFICATIONS.** In no case shall any person be selected or appointed as a law enforcement officer unless such person meets the minimum qualification standards established by the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 80B.11)*

**30.04 REQUIRED TRAINING.** All peace officers shall have received the minimum training required by law at an approved law enforcement training school within one year of employment. Peace officers shall also meet the minimum in-service training as required by law.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 80B.11[2])*  
*(IAC, 501-3 and 501-8)*

**30.05 COMPENSATION.** Members of the department are designated by rank and receive such compensation as shall be determined by resolution of the Council.

**30.06 PEACE OFFICERS APPOINTED.** The Mayor shall appoint and dismiss the Police Chief subject to the consent of a majority of the Council. The Mayor shall select, subject to the approval of the Council, the other members of the department.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4)*

**30.07 POWERS AND DUTIES OF POLICE CHIEF.** The Police Chief has the following powers and duties subject to the approval of the Council.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

1. General. Perform all duties required of the Police Chief by law or ordinance.
2. Enforce Laws. Enforce all laws, ordinances, and regulations and bring all persons committing any offense before the proper court.
3. Writs. Execute and return all writs and other processes directed to the Police Chief.

4. Accident Reports. Report all motor vehicle accidents investigated to the State Department of Transportation.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.266)*

5. Prisoners. Be responsible for the custody of prisoners, including conveyance to detention facilities as may be required.

6. Assist Officials. When requested, provide aid to other City officers, boards, and commissions in the execution of their official duties.

7. Investigations. Provide for such investigation as may be necessary for the prosecution of any person alleged to have violated any law or ordinance.

8. Record of Arrests. Keep a record of all arrests made in the City by showing whether said arrests were made under provisions of State law or City ordinance, the offense charged, who made the arrest and the disposition of the charge.

9. Reports. Compile and submit to the Mayor and Council an annual report as well as such other reports as may be requested by the Mayor or Council.

10. Command. Be in command of all officers appointed for police work and be responsible for the care, maintenance, and use of all vehicles, equipment, and materials of the department.

**30.08 DEPARTMENTAL RULES.** The Police Chief shall establish such rules, not in conflict with the Code of Ordinances, and subject to the approval of the Council, as may be necessary for the operation of the department.

**30.09 SUMMONING AID.** Any peace officer making a legal arrest may orally summon as many persons as the officer reasonably finds necessary to aid the officer in making the arrest.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 804.17)*

**30.10 TAKING WEAPONS.** Any person who makes an arrest may take from the person arrested all items that are capable of causing bodily harm which the arrested person may have within such person's control, to be disposed of according to law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 804.18)*

**30.11 CONTRACT LAW ENFORCEMENT.** In lieu of the appointment of a Police Chief by the Mayor as provided by Section 30.06, the Council may contract with the County Sheriff or any other qualified lawful entity to provide law enforcement services within the City and in such event the Sheriff or such other entity shall have and exercise the powers and duties of the Police Chief as provided herein.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 28E.30)*

[The next page is 161]



## **CHAPTER 35**

### **EMERGENCY RESCUE SERVICES**

#### **35.01 Joint Agreement**

#### **35.02 Joint Agreement**

**35.01 JOINT AGREEMENT.** An Agreement for fire protection was entered into on March 3, 1994, between the City and Anthon Fire Department, Inc., pursuant to Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. As required by Section 28E.8, the Agreement was filed with the Secretary of State on June 2, 2009, and was duly recorded with the County Recorder on April 13, 1994, in Roll 305, Image 1836.

**35.02 JOINT AGREEMENT.** An Agreement for emergency rescue services was entered into on March 12, 2018, between the City and Anthon Community Ambulance Service, Inc., pursuant to Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. As required by Section 28E.8, the Agreement was filed with the Secretary of State on March 14, 2018, and was duly recorded with the County Recorder on March 14, 2018, in Roll 757, Image 7716-7720.

[The next page is 185]

## CHAPTER 40

### PUBLIC PEACE

40.01 Assault  
40.02 Harassment  
40.03 Disorderly Conduct

40.04 Unlawful Assembly  
40.05 Failure to Disperse

**40.01 ASSAULT.** No person shall, without justification, commit any of the following:

1. Pain or Injury. Any act that is intended to cause pain or injury to another or that is intended to result in physical contact that will be insulting or offensive to another, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.1[1])*

2. Threat of Pain or Injury. Any act that is intended to place another in fear of immediate physical contact which will be painful, injurious, insulting, or offensive, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.1[2])*

An act described in subsections 1 and 2 shall not be an assault under the following circumstances: (i) if the person doing any of the enumerated acts, and such other person, are voluntary participants in a sport, social or other activity, not in itself criminal, and such act is a reasonably foreseeable incident of such sport or activity, and does not create an unreasonable risk of serious injury or breach of the peace; (ii) if the person doing any of the enumerated acts is employed by a school district or accredited nonpublic school, or is an area education agency staff member who provides services to a school or school district, and intervenes in a fight or physical struggle or other disruptive situation that takes place in the presence of the employee or staff member performing employment duties in a school building, on school grounds, or at an official school function, regardless of the location, whether the fight or physical struggle or other disruptive situation is between students or other individuals, if the degree and the force of the intervention is reasonably necessary to restore order and to protect the safety of those assembled.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.1)*

**40.02 HARASSMENT.** No person shall commit harassment.

1. A person commits harassment when, with intent to intimidate, annoy, or alarm another person, the person does any of the following:

A. Communicates with another by telephone, telegraph, writing, or via electronic communication without legitimate purpose and in a manner likely to cause the other person annoyance or harm.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.7)*

B. Places any simulated explosive or simulated incendiary device in or near any building, vehicle, airplane, railroad engine or railroad car, or boat occupied by the other person.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.7)*

C. Orders merchandise or services in the name of another, or to be delivered to another, without such other person's knowledge or consent.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.7)*

D. Reports or causes to be reported false information to a law enforcement authority implicating another in some criminal activity, knowing that the information is false, or reports the alleged occurrence of a criminal act, knowing the same did not occur.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.7)*

2. A person commits harassment when the person, purposefully and without legitimate purpose, has personal contact with another person, with the intent to threaten, intimidate or alarm that other person. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "personal contact" means an encounter in which two or more people are in visual or physical proximity to each other. "Personal contact" does not require a physical touching or oral communication, although it may include these types of contacts.

**40.03 DISORDERLY CONDUCT.** No person shall do any of the following:

1. Fighting. Engage in fighting or violent behavior in any public place or in or near any lawful assembly of persons, provided that participants in athletic contests may engage in such conduct that is reasonably related to that sport.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[1a])*

2. Noise. Make loud and raucous noise in the vicinity of any residence or public building which intentionally or recklessly causes unreasonable distress to the occupants thereof.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[1b])*

3. Abusive Language. Direct abusive epithets or make any threatening gesture that the person knows or reasonably should know is likely to provoke a violent reaction by another.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[1c])*

4. Disrupt Lawful Assembly. Without lawful authority or color of authority, disturb any lawful assembly or meeting of persons by conduct intended to disrupt the meeting or assembly.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[1d])*

5. False Report of Catastrophe. By words or action, initiate or circulate a report or warning of fire, epidemic, or other catastrophe, knowing such report to be false or such warning to be baseless.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[1e])*

6. Disrespect of Flag. Knowingly and publicly use the flag of the United States in such a manner as to show disrespect for the flag as a symbol of the United States, with the intent or reasonable expectation that such use will provoke or encourage another to commit trespass or assault. As used in this subsection:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[1f])*

A. "Deface" means to intentionally mar the external appearance.

B. "Defile" means to intentionally make physically unclean.

C. "Flag" means a piece of woven cloth or other material designed to be flown from a pole or mast.

D. “Mutilate” means to intentionally cut up or alter so as to make imperfect.

E. “Show disrespect” means to deface, defile, mutilate, or trample.

F. “Trample” means to intentionally tread upon or intentionally cause a machine, vehicle, or animal to tread upon.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4[7])*

7. Funeral or Memorial Service. Within 1,000 feet of the building or other location where a funeral or memorial service is being conducted, or within 1,000 feet of a funeral procession or burial:

A. Make loud and raucous noise that causes unreasonable distress to the persons attending the funeral or memorial service or participating in the funeral procession.

B. Direct abusive epithets or make any threatening gesture that the person knows or reasonably should know is likely to provoke a violent reaction by another.

C. Disturb or disrupt the funeral, memorial service, funeral procession, or burial by conduct intended to disturb or disrupt the funeral, memorial service, funeral procession, or burial.

This subsection applies to conduct within 60 minutes preceding, during, and within 60 minutes after a funeral, memorial service, funeral procession, or burial.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.5)*

*(Section 40.03 – Ord. 219 – Aug. 21 Supp.)*

**40.04 UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY.** It is unlawful for three or more persons to assemble together, with them or any of them acting in a violent manner, and with intent that they or any of them will commit a public offense. No person shall willingly join in or remain part of an unlawful assembly, knowing or having reasonable grounds to believe it is such.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.2)*

**40.05 FAILURE TO DISPERSE.** A peace officer may order the participants in a riot or unlawful assembly or persons in the immediate vicinity of a riot or unlawful assembly to disperse. No person within hearing distance of such command shall refuse to obey.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.3)*

[The next page is 193]

## CHAPTER 41

### PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

41.01 Distributing Dangerous Substances	41.08 Abandoned or Unattended Refrigerators
41.02 False Reports to or Communications with Public Safety Entities	41.09 Antenna and Radio Wires
41.03 Providing False Identification Information	41.10 Barbed Wire and Electric Fences
41.04 Refusing to Assist Officer	41.11 Discharging Weapons
41.05 Harassment of Public Officers and Employees	41.12 Throwing and Shooting
41.06 Interference with Official Acts	41.13 Urinating and Defecating
41.07 Removal of an Officer's Communication or Control Device	41.14 Fireworks
	41.15 Drug Paraphernalia
	41.16 Failure to Assist

**41.01 DISTRIBUTING DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES.** No person shall distribute samples of any drugs or medicine, or any corrosive, caustic, poisonous or other injurious substance unless the person delivers such into the hands of a competent person, or otherwise takes reasonable precautions that the substance will not be taken by children or animals from the place where the substance is deposited.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.1)*

**41.02 FALSE REPORTS TO OR COMMUNICATIONS WITH PUBLIC SAFETY ENTITIES.** No person shall do any of the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 718.6)*

1. Report or cause to be reported false information to a fire department, a law enforcement authority or other public safety entity, knowing that the information is false, or report the alleged occurrence of a criminal act knowing the act did not occur.
2. Telephone an emergency 911 communications center, knowing that he or she is not reporting an emergency or otherwise needing emergency information or assistance.
3. Knowingly provide false information to a law enforcement officer who enters the information on a citation.

**41.03 PROVIDING FALSE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.** No person shall knowingly provide false identification information to anyone known by the person to be a peace officer, emergency medical care provider, or firefighter, whether paid or volunteer, in the performance of any act that is within the scope of the lawful duty or authority of that officer, emergency medical care provider, or firefighter.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 719.1A)*

**41.04 REFUSING TO ASSIST OFFICER.** Any person who is requested or ordered by any magistrate or peace officer to render the magistrate or officer assistance in making or attempting to make an arrest, or to prevent the commission of any criminal act, shall render assistance as required. No person shall unreasonably and without lawful cause, refuse or neglect to render assistance when so requested.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 719.2)*

**41.05 HARASSMENT OF PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.** No person shall willfully prevent or attempt to prevent any public officer or employee from performing the officer's or employee's duty.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 718.4)*

**41.06 INTERFERENCE WITH OFFICIAL ACTS.** No person shall knowingly resist or obstruct anyone known by the person to be a peace officer, jailer, emergency medical care provider under Chapter 147A of the *Code of Iowa*, medical examiner, or firefighter, whether paid or volunteer, or a person performing bailiff duties pursuant to Section 602.1303[4] of the *Code of Iowa*, in the performance of any act that is within the scope of the lawful duty or authority of that officer, jailer, emergency medical care provider, medical examiner, or firefighter, or person performing bailiff duties, or shall knowingly resist or obstruct the service or execution by any authorized person of any civil or criminal process or order of any court. The terms "resist" and "obstruct" as used in this section do not include verbal harassment unless the verbal harassment is accompanied by a present ability and apparent intention to execute a verbal threat physically.

*(Ord. 218 – Aug. 21 Supp.)*

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 719.1)*

**41.07 REMOVAL OF AN OFFICER'S COMMUNICATION OR CONTROL DEVICE.** No person shall knowingly or intentionally remove or attempt to remove a communication device or any device used for control from the possession of a peace officer or correctional officer, when the officer is in the performance of any act which is within the scope of the lawful duty or authority of that officer and the person knew or should have known the individual to be an officer.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 708.12)*

**41.08 ABANDONED OR UNATTENDED REFRIGERATORS.** No person shall abandon or otherwise leave unattended any refrigerator, ice box, or similar container, with doors that may become locked, outside of buildings and accessible to children, nor shall any person allow any such refrigerator, ice box, or similar container, to remain outside of buildings on premises in the person's possession or control, abandoned or unattended and so accessible to children.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.3)*

**41.09 ANTENNA AND RADIO WIRES.** It is unlawful for a person to allow antenna wires, antenna supports, radio wires, or television wires to exist over any street, alley, highway, sidewalk, public way, public ground, or public building without written consent of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2])*

**41.10 BARBED WIRE AND ELECTRIC FENCES.** It is unlawful for a person to use barbed wire or electric fences to enclose land within the City limits without the written consent of the Council unless such land consists of 10 acres or more and is used as agricultural land.

**41.11 DISCHARGING WEAPONS.**

1. It is unlawful for a person to discharge rifles, shotguns, revolvers, pistols, guns, or other firearms of any kind within the City limits except by written consent of the Council.
2. No person shall intentionally discharge a firearm in a reckless manner.

**41.12 THROWING AND SHOOTING.** It is unlawful for a person to throw stones, bricks, or missiles of any kind or to shoot arrows, paintballs, rubber guns, slingshots, air rifles, BB



guns, or other dangerous instruments or toys on or into any street, alley, highway, sidewalk, public way, public ground, or public building, without written consent of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2])*

**41.13 URINATING AND DEFECATING.** It is unlawful for any person to urinate or defecate onto any sidewalk, street, alley, or other public way, or onto any public or private building, including but not limited to the wall, floor, hallway, steps, stairway, doorway, or window thereof, or onto any public or private land.

**41.14 FIREWORKS.**

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.2)*

1. Definitions. For purposes of this section:
  - A. “Consumer fireworks” means the following fireworks, as described in Chapter 3 of the American Pyrotechnics Association (“APA”) Standard 87-1:
    - (1) First-class consumer fireworks:
      - a. Aerial shell kits and reloadable tubes;
      - b. Chasers;
      - c. Helicopters and aerial spinners;
      - d. Firecrackers;
      - e. Mine and shell devices;
      - f. Missile-type rockets;
      - g. Roman candles;
      - h. Sky rockets and bottle rockets;
      - i. Multiple tube devices under this paragraph B which are manufactured in accordance with APA Standard 87-1, Section 3.5.
    - (2) Second-class consumer fireworks:
      - a. Cone fountains;
      - b. Cylindrical fountains;
      - c. Flitter sparklers;
      - d. Ground and hand-held sparkling devices, including multiple tube ground and hand-held sparkling devices that are manufactured in accordance with APA Standard 87-1, Section 3.5;
      - e. Ground spinners;
      - f. Illuminating torches;
      - g. Toy smoke devices that are not classified as novelties pursuant to APA Standard 87-1, Section 3.2;
      - h. Wheels;

- i. Wire or dipped sparklers that are not classified as novelties pursuant to APA Standard 87-1, Section 3.2.
  - B. “Display fireworks” includes any explosive composition, or combination of explosive substances, or article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration, or detonation, and includes fireworks containing any explosive or flammable compound, or other device containing any explosive substance. “Display fireworks” does not include novelties or consumer fireworks enumerated in Chapter 3 of the APA Standard 87-1.
  - C. “Novelties” includes all novelties enumerated in Chapter 3 of the APA Standard 87-1, and that comply with the labeling regulations promulgated by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission.
2. Display Fireworks. It is unlawful for any person to use or explode any display fireworks; provided, the City Council may, upon application in writing, grant a permit for the display of display fireworks by municipalities, fair associations, amusement parks, and other organizations or groups of individuals approved by the City when the display fireworks will be handled by a competent operator, but no such permit shall be required for the display of display fireworks at the Iowa State Fairgrounds by the Iowa State Fair Board, at incorporated county fairs, or at district fairs receiving State aid.. No permit shall be granted hereunder unless the operator or sponsoring organization has filed with the City evidence of insurance in the following amounts:
  - A. Personal Injury: ..... \$250,000.00 per person
  - B. Property Damage:..... \$50,000.00
  - C. Total Exposure: ..... \$1,000,000.00
3. Consumer Fireworks.
  - A. It is unlawful for any person to use or explode consumer fireworks on days other than July 1 through July 7 and December 28 through January 3 of each year, all dates inclusive.
  - B. It is unlawful for any person to use or explode consumer fireworks at times other than between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m., except that on the following dates consumer fireworks shall not be used at times other than between the hours specified:
    - (1) Between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m. on July 4 and the Saturdays and Sundays immediately preceding and following July 4.
    - (2) Between the hours of 9:00 a.m. on December 31 and 12:30 a.m. on the immediately following day.
    - (3) Between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m. on the Saturdays and Sundays immediately preceding and following December 31.
  - C. It is unlawful for any person to use consumer fireworks on real property other than that person’s real property or on the real property of a person who has consented to the use of consumer fireworks on that property.
4. Novelties. This section does not apply to novelties.

**41.15 DRUG PARAPHERNALIA.**

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 124.414)*

1. As used in this section “drug paraphernalia” means all equipment, products or materials of any kind used or attempted to be used in combination with a controlled substance, except those items used in combination with the lawful use of a controlled substance, to knowingly or intentionally and primarily do any of the following:

- A. Manufacture a controlled substance.
- B. Inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance.
- C. Test the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled substance.
- D. Enhance the effect of a controlled substance.

Drug paraphernalia does not include hypodermic needles or syringes if manufactured, delivered, sold, or possessed for a lawful purpose.

2. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly or intentionally manufacture, deliver, sell, or possess drug paraphernalia.

**41.16 FAILURE TO ASSIST.** A person who reasonably believes another person is suffering from a risk of serious bodily injury or imminent danger of death shall, if the person is able, attempt to contact local law enforcement or local emergency response authorities, if doing so does not place the person or other person at risk of serious bodily injury or imminent danger of death. No person shall without lawful cause violate the provisions of this section. A person shall not be required to contact local law enforcement or emergency response authorities if the person knows or reasonably believes that the other person is not in need of help or assistance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.12)*

*(Ord. 222 – Aug. 21 Supp.)*

[The next page is 203]

## CHAPTER 42

# PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PROPERTY

42.01 Trespassing  
42.02 Criminal Mischief  
42.03 Defacing Proclamations or Notices  
42.04 Unauthorized Entry

42.05 Fraud  
42.06 Theft  
42.07 Other Public Property Offenses

### 42.01 TRESPASSING.

1. Prohibited. It is unlawful for a person to knowingly trespass upon the property of another.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.8)*

2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.7[1])*

A. “Property” includes any land, dwelling, building, conveyance, vehicle, or other temporary or permanent structure, whether publicly or privately owned.

B. “Public utility” is a public utility as defined in Section 476.1 of the *Code of Iowa* or an electric transmission line as provided in Chapter 478 of the *Code of Iowa*.

C. “Public utility property” means any land, dwelling, building, conveyance, vehicle, or other temporary or permanent structure owned, leased, or operated by a public utility and that is completely enclosed by a physical barrier of any kind.

D. “Railway corporation” means a corporation, company, or person owning, leasing, or operating any railroad in whole or in part within this State.

E. “Railway property” means all tangible real and personal property owned, leased, or operated by a railway corporation, with the exception of any administrative building or offices of the railway corporation.

- F. “Trespass” means one or more of the following acts:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.7[2a])*

(1) Entering upon or in property without the express permission of the owner, lessee, or person in lawful possession with the intent to commit a public offense or to use, remove therefrom, alter, damage, harass, or place thereon or therein anything animate or inanimate.

(2) Entering or remaining upon or in property without justification after being notified or requested to abstain from entering or to remove or vacate therefrom by the owner, lessee, or person in lawful possession, or the agent or employee of the owner, lessee, or person in lawful possession, or by any peace officer, magistrate, or public employee whose duty it is to supervise the use or maintenance of the property.

(3) Entering upon or in property for the purpose or with the effect of unduly interfering with the lawful use of the property by others.

(4) Being upon or in property and wrongfully using, removing therefrom, altering, damaging, harassing, or placing thereon or therein anything animate or inanimate, without the implied or actual permission of the owner, lessee, or person in lawful possession.

(5) Entering or remaining upon or in railway property without lawful authority or without the consent of the railway corporation which owns, leases, or operates the railway property. This paragraph does not apply to passage over a railroad right-of-way, other than a track, railroad roadbed, viaduct, bridge, trestle, or railroad yard, by an unarmed person if the person has not been notified or requested to abstain from entering onto the right-of-way or to vacate the right-of-way and the passage over the right-of-way does not interfere with the operation of the railroad.

(6) Entering or remaining upon or in public utility property without lawful authority or without the consent of the public utility that owns, leases, or operates the public utility property. This paragraph does not apply to passage over public utility right-of-way by a person if the person has not been notified or requested by posted signage or other means to abstain from entering onto the right-of-way or to vacate the right-of-way.

3. Specific Exceptions. "Trespass" does not mean either of the following:  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.7[2b]*)

A. Entering upon the property of another for the sole purpose of retrieving personal property which has accidentally or inadvertently been thrown, fallen, strayed, or blown onto the property of another, provided that the person retrieving the property takes the most direct and accessible route to and from the property to be retrieved, quits the property as quickly as is possible, and does not unduly interfere with the lawful use of the property. This paragraph does not apply to public utility property where the person has been notified or requested by posted signage or other means to abstain from entering.

B. Entering upon the right-of-way of a public road or highway.

**42.02 CRIMINAL MISCHIEF.** It is unlawful, for any person who has no right to do so, to intentionally damage, deface, alter, or destroy property.  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1*)

**42.03 DEFACING PROCLAMATIONS OR NOTICES.** It is unlawful for a person intentionally to deface, obliterate, tear down, or destroy in whole or in part, any transcript or extract from or of any law of the United States or the State, or any proclamation, advertisement or notification, set up at any place within the City by authority of the law or by order of any court, during the time for which the same is to remain set up.  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1*)

**42.04 UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY.** No unauthorized person shall enter or remain in or upon any public building, premises, or grounds in violation of any notice posted thereon or when said

building, premises or grounds are closed and not open to the public. When open to the public, a failure to pay any required admission fee also constitutes an unauthorized entry.

**42.05 FRAUD.** It is unlawful for any person to commit a fraudulent practice as defined in Section 714.8 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 714.8)*

**42.06 THEFT.** It is unlawful for any person to commit theft as defined in Section 714.1 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 714.1)*

**42.07 OTHER PUBLIC PROPERTY OFFENSES.** The following chapters of this Code of Ordinances contain regulations prohibiting or restricting other activities or conditions that are also deemed to be public property offenses:

1. Chapter 21 – Library
  - A. Section 21.08 – Injury to Books or Property
  - B. Section 21.09 – Theft of Library Property
2. Chapter 105 – Solid Waste Control and Recycling
  - A. Section 105.07 – Littering Prohibited
3. Chapter 135 – Street Use and Maintenance
  - A. Section 135.01 – Removal of Warning Devices
  - B. Section 135.02 – Obstructing or Defacing
  - C. Section 135.03 – Placing Debris On
  - D. Section 135.04 – Playing In
  - E. Section 135.05 – Traveling on Barricaded Street or Alley
  - F. Section 135.08 – Burning Prohibited
  - G. Section 135.12 – Dumping of Snow
4. Chapter 136 – Sidewalk Regulations
  - A. Section 136.11 – Interference with Sidewalk Improvements
  - B. Section 136.15 – Fires or Fuel on Sidewalks
  - C. Section 136.16 – Defacing
  - D. Section 136.17 – Debris on Sidewalks
  - E. Section 136.18 – Merchandise Display
  - F. Section 136.19 – Sales Stands

[The next page is 225]



## CHAPTER 45

# ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION AND INTOXICATION

### 45.01 Persons Under Legal Age

### 45.02 Public Consumption or Intoxication

### 45.03 Open Containers in Motor Vehicles

**45.01 PERSONS UNDER LEGAL AGE.** As used in this section, “legal age” means 21 years of age or more.

1. Social Host. A person who is the owner or lessee of, or who otherwise has control over, property that is not a licensed premises shall not knowingly permit any person, knowing or having reasonable cause to believe the person to be under the age of eighteen, to consume or possess on such property any alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a landlord or manager of the property or to a person under legal age who consumes or possesses any alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in connection with a religious observance, ceremony, or rite.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.47[1A])*

2. Purchase, Consume, or Possess. A person or persons under legal age shall not purchase or attempt to purchase, consume, or individually or jointly have alcoholic liquor, wine or beer in their possession or control; except in the case of liquor, wine or beer given or dispensed to a person under legal age within a private home and with the knowledge, presence and consent of the parent or guardian, for beverage or medicinal purposes or as administered to the person by either a physician or dentist for medicinal purposes and except to the extent that a person under legal age may handle alcoholic beverages, wine, and beer during the regular course of the person’s employment by a liquor control licensee, or wine or beer permittee under State laws.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.47[2])*

3. Misrepresentation of Age. A person under legal age shall not misrepresent the person’s age for the purpose of purchasing or attempting to purchase any alcoholic beverage, wine, or beer from any licensee or permittee.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[3])*

### **45.02 PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OR INTOXICATION.**

1. As used in this section unless the context otherwise requires:

A. “Arrest” means the same as defined in Section 804.5 of the *Code of Iowa* and includes taking into custody pursuant to Section 232.19 of the *Code of Iowa*.

B. “Chemical test” means a test of a person’s blood, breath, or urine to determine the percentage of alcohol present by a qualified person using devices and methods approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety.

C. “Peace officer” means the same as defined in Section 801.4 of the *Code of Iowa*.

D. “School” means a public or private school or that portion of a public or private school that provides teaching for any grade from kindergarten through grade twelve.

2. A person shall not use or consume alcoholic liquor, wine or beer upon the public streets or highways. A person shall not use or consume alcoholic liquor in any public place, except premises covered by a liquor control license. A person shall not possess or consume alcoholic liquors, wine, or beer on public school property or while attending any public or private school-related function. A person shall not be intoxicated in a public place.

3. A person shall not simulate intoxication in a public place.

4. When a peace officer arrests a person on a charge of public intoxication under this section, the peace officer shall inform the person that the person may have a chemical test administered at the person's own expense. If a device approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety for testing a sample of a person's breath to determine the person's blood alcohol concentration is available, that is the only test that need be offered the person arrested. In a prosecution for public intoxication, evidence of the results of a chemical test performed under this subsection is admissible upon proof of a proper foundation. The percentage of alcohol present in a person's blood, breath, or urine established by the results of a chemical test performed within two hours after the person's arrest on a charge of public intoxication is presumed to be the percentage of alcohol present at the time of arrest.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.46)*

**45.03 OPEN CONTAINERS IN MOTOR VEHICLES.** *[See Section 62.01(49) and (50) of this Code of Ordinances.]*

## CHAPTER 46

### MINORS

#### 46.01 Curfew

#### 46.02 Cigarettes and Tobacco

#### 46.03 Contributing to Delinquency

**46.01 CURFEW.** The Council has determined that a curfew for minors is necessary to promote the public health, safety, morals and general welfare of the City and specifically to reinforce the primary authority and responsibility of adults responsible for minors; to protect the public from the illegal acts of minors committed after the curfew hour; and to protect minors from improper influences and criminal activity that prevail in public places after the curfew hour.

1. Definitions. For use in this section, the following terms are defined:
  - A. “Emergency errand” means, but is not limited to, an errand relating to a fire, a natural disaster, an automobile accident or any other situation requiring immediate action to prevent serious illness, bodily injury, or loss of life.
  - B. “Knowingly” means knowledge that a responsible adult should reasonably be expected to have concerning the whereabouts of a minor in that responsible adult’s custody. It is intended to continue to hold the neglectful or careless adult responsible for a minor to a reasonable standard of adult responsibility through an objective test. It is therefore no defense that an adult responsible for a minor was completely indifferent to the activities or conduct or whereabouts of the minor.
  - C. “Minor” means any unemancipated person under the age of 18 years.
  - D. “Nonsecured custody” means custody in an unlocked multipurpose area, such as a lobby, office or interrogation room that is not designed, set aside, or used as a secure detention area, and the person arrested is not physically secured during the period of custody in the area; the person is physically accompanied by a law enforcement officer or a person employed by the facility where the person arrested is being held; and the use of the area is limited to providing nonsecured custody only while awaiting transfer to an appropriate juvenile facility or to court, for contacting of and release to the person’s parents or other responsible adult or for other administrative purposes; but not for longer than six hours without the oral or written order of a judge or magistrate authorizing the detention. A judge shall not extend the period of time in excess of six hours beyond the initial six-hour period.
  - E. “Public place” includes stores, parking lots, parks, playgrounds, streets, alleys, and sidewalks dedicated to public use and also includes such parts of buildings and other premises, whether publicly or privately owned, that are used by the general public or to which the general public is invited commercially for a fee or otherwise; or in or on which the general public is permitted without specific invitation; or to which the general public has access. For purposes of this section, a vehicle or other conveyance is considered to be a public place when in the areas defined above.

F. “Responsible adult” means a parent, guardian or other adult specifically authorized by law or authorized by a parent or guardian to have custody or control of a minor.

2. Loitering of Minors Prohibited. No minor shall loiter, idle, wander, stroll, or play in or upon any public streets, highways, alleys, vacant lots, or in any public parks, public buildings, or places of amusement and entertainment located within the City between the hours of 11:00 p.m. on any Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday, and 6:00 a.m. of the following day and between the hours of 12:00 midnight on any Friday or Saturday and 6:00 a.m. of the following day.

3. Exceptions. The following are exceptions to the curfew:

A. The minor is accompanied by a responsible adult.

B. The minor is on the sidewalk or property where the minor resides or on either side of the place where the minor resides and the adult responsible for the minor has given permission for the minor to be there.

C. The minor is present at or is traveling between home and one of the following:

(1) Minor’s place of employment in a business, trade or occupation in which the minor is permitted by law to be engaged or, if traveling, within one hour after the end or before the beginning of work;

(2) Minor’s place of religious activity or, if traveling, within one hour after the end or before the beginning of the religious activity;

(3) Governmental or political activity or, if traveling, within one hour after the end or before the beginning of the activity;

(4) School activity or, if traveling, within one hour after the end or before the beginning of the activity;

(5) Assembly such as a march, protest, demonstration, sit-in or meeting of an association for the advancement of economic, political, religious or cultural matters, or for any other activity protected by the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution guarantees of free exercise of religion, freedom of speech, freedom of assembly or, if traveling, within one hour after the end or before the beginning of the activity.

D. The minor is on an emergency errand for a responsible adult;

E. The minor is engaged in interstate travel through the City beginning, ending or passing through the City when such travel is by direct route.

4. Responsibility of Adults. It is unlawful for any responsible adult knowingly to permit or to allow a minor to be in any public place in the City within the time periods prohibited by this section unless the minor’s presence falls within one of the above exceptions.

5. Enforcement Procedures.

A. Determination of Age. In determining the age of the juvenile and in the absence of convincing evidence such as a birth certificate or driver’s license, a law enforcement officer on the street shall, in the first instance, use his or her best judgment in determining age.

B. Grounds for Arrest; Conditions of Custody. Grounds for arrest are that the person refuses to sign the citation without qualification; persists in violating the ordinance; refuses to provide proper identification or to identify himself or herself; or constitutes an immediate threat to the person's own safety or to the safety of the public. A law enforcement officer who arrests a minor for a curfew violation may keep the minor in custody either in a shelter care facility or in any nonsecured setting. The officer shall not place bodily restraints, such as handcuffs, on the minor unless the minor physically resists or threatens physical violence when being taken into custody. A minor shall not be placed in detention following a curfew violation.

C. Notification of Responsible Adult. After a minor is taken into custody, the law enforcement officer shall notify the adult responsible for the minor as soon as possible. The minor shall be released to the adult responsible for the minor upon the promise of such person to produce the child in court at such time as the court may direct.

D. Minor Without Adult Supervision. If a law enforcement officer determines that a minor does not have adult supervision because the law enforcement officer cannot locate the minor's parent, guardian or other person legally responsible for the care of the minor, within a reasonable time, the law enforcement officer shall attempt to place the minor with an adult relative of the minor, an adult person who cares for the child or another adult person who is known to the child.

6. Penalties.

A. Responsible Adult's First Violation. In the case of a first violation by a minor, the law enforcement officer shall, by certified mail, send to the adult responsible for the minor, written notice of the violation with a warning that any subsequent violation will result in full enforcement of the curfew ordinance against both the responsible adult and minor, with applicable penalties.

B. Responsible Adult's Second Violation. Any responsible adult as defined in this section who, following receipt of a warning, knowingly allows the minor to violate any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a municipal infraction.

C. Minor's First Violation. In the case of a first violation by a minor, the law enforcement officer shall give the minor a written warning, which states that any subsequent violation will result in full enforcement of the curfew ordinance against the responsible adult and the minor, with applicable penalties, or, at the law enforcement officer's discretion, may issue the minor a citation for a first violation.

D. Minor's Second Violation. For the minor's second and subsequent violations of any of the provisions of this section, the minor is guilty of a municipal infraction.

**46.02 CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO.** It is unlawful for any person under 21 years of age to smoke, use, possess, purchase, or attempt to purchase any tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, vapor products, or cigarettes. Possession of tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, vapor products, or cigarettes by an individual under 21 years of age shall not constitute a violation of this section if the individual under 21 years of age

possesses the tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, vapor products, or cigarettes as part of the person's employment and said person is employed by a person who holds a valid permit under Chapter 453A of the *Code of Iowa* or who lawfully offers for sale or sells cigarettes or tobacco products. *(Ord. 210 – Sep. 20 Supp.)*

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.2)*

**46.03 CONTRIBUTING TO DELINQUENCY.** It is unlawful for any person to encourage any child under 18 years of age to commit any act of delinquency.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 709A.1)*

## CHAPTER 47

# PARK REGULATIONS

**47.01 Purpose**  
**47.02 Use of Drives Required**

**47.03 Fires**  
**47.04 Littering**

**47.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to facilitate the enjoyment of park facilities by the general public by establishing rules and regulations governing the use of park facilities.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12)*

**47.02 USE OF DRIVES REQUIRED.** No person shall drive any car, cycle or other vehicle, or ride or lead any horse, in any portion of a park except upon the established drives or roadways therein or such other places as may be officially designated by the City.

**47.03 FIRES.** No fire shall be built, except in a place designated for such purpose, and such fire shall be extinguished before leaving the area unless it is to be immediately used by some other party.

**47.04 LITTERING.** No person shall place, deposit, or throw any waste, refuse, litter or foreign substance in any area or receptacle except those provided for that purpose.

[The next page is 251]



## CHAPTER 50

# NUISANCE ABATEMENT PROCEDURE

**50.01** Definition of Nuisance  
**50.02** Nuisances Enumerated  
**50.03** Other Conditions  
**50.04** Nuisances Prohibited

**50.05** Nuisance Abatement  
**50.06** Abatement of Nuisance by Written Notice  
**50.07** Municipal Infraction Abatement Procedure

**50.01 DEFINITION OF NUISANCE.** Whatever is injurious to health, indecent, or unreasonably offensive to the senses, or an obstruction to the free use of property so as essentially to interfere unreasonably with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property is a nuisance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.1)*

**50.02 NUISANCES ENUMERATED.** The following subsections include, but do not limit, the conditions that are deemed to be nuisances in the City:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2)*

1. **Offensive Smells.** Erecting, continuing, or using any building or other place for the exercise of any trade, employment, or manufacture that, by occasioning noxious exhalations, unreasonably offensive smells, or other annoyances, becomes injurious and dangerous to the health, comfort, or property of individuals or the public.
2. **Filth or Noisome Substance.** Causing or suffering any offal, filth, or noisome substance to be collected or to remain in any place to the prejudice of others.
3. **Impeding Passage of Navigable River.** Obstructing or impeding without legal authority the passage of any navigable river, harbor, or collection of water.
4. **Water Pollution.** Corrupting or rendering unwholesome or impure the water of any river, stream, or pond, or unlawfully diverting the same from its natural course or state, to the injury or prejudice of others.
5. **Blocking Public and Private Ways.** Obstructing or encumbering, by fences, buildings or otherwise, the public roads, private ways, streets, alleys, commons, landing places, or burying grounds.
6. **Billboards.** Billboards, signboards, and advertising signs, whether erected and constructed on public or private property, that so obstruct and impair the view of any portion or part of a public street, avenue, highway, boulevard or alley or of a railroad or street railway track as to render dangerous the use thereof. **(See also Section 62.06)**
7. **Storing of Flammable Junk.** Depositing or storing of flammable junk, such as old rags, rope, cordage, rubber, bones and paper, by dealers in such articles within the fire limits of the City, unless in a building of fireproof construction. **(See also Chapter 51)**
8. **Air Pollution.** Emission of dense smoke, noxious fumes, or fly ash.
9. **Weeds, Brush.** Dense growth of all weeds, vines, brush, or other vegetation in the City so as to constitute a health, safety, or fire hazard. **(See also Chapter 152)**

10. Dutch Elm Disease. Trees infected with Dutch elm disease. **(See also Chapter 151)**

11. Houses of Ill Fame. Houses of ill fame, kept for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness; gambling houses; places resorted to by persons participating in criminal gang activity prohibited by Chapter 723A of the *Code of Iowa* or places resorted to by persons using controlled substances, as defined in Section 124.101 of the *Code of Iowa*, in violation of law, or houses where drunkenness, quarreling, fighting or breaches of the peace are carried on or permitted to the disturbance of others.

12. Any motor vehicle, trailer or boat that is unlicensed, unsafe or inoperable found upon public or private real property, and the contents therein, which is not stored within an enclosed building. This article shall not apply to legitimate businesses operating in a lawful place and manner provided, however, that such outside areas are screened from public view and do not constitute a threat to the public health, safety or welfare.

*(Section 50.02 – Ord. 216 – May 21 Supp.)*

**50.03 OTHER CONDITIONS.** The following chapters of this Code of Ordinances contain regulations prohibiting or restricting other conditions that are deemed to be nuisances:

1. Junk and Junk Vehicles **(See Chapter 51)**
2. Dangerous Buildings **(See Chapter 145)**
3. Storage and Disposal of Solid Waste **(See Chapter 105)**
4. Trees **(See Chapter 151)**
5. Construction and Repair of Buildings **(See Chapter 155)**

**50.04 NUISANCES PROHIBITED.** The creation or maintenance of a nuisance is prohibited, and a nuisance, public or private, may be abated in the manner provided for in this chapter or State law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.3)*

**50.05 NUISANCE ABATEMENT.** Whenever any authorized municipal officer finds that a nuisance exists, such officer has the authority to determine on a case-by-case basis whether to utilize the nuisance abatement procedure described in Section 50.06 of this chapter or the municipal infraction procedure referred to in Section 50.07.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*

**50.06 ABATEMENT OF NUISANCE BY WRITTEN NOTICE.** Any nuisance, public or private, may be abated in the manner provided for in this section:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*

1. Contents of Notice to Property Owner. The notice to abate shall contain: <sup>†</sup>

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** A suggested form of notice for the abatement of nuisances is included in the Appendix of this Code of Ordinances. Caution is urged in the use of this administrative abatement procedure, particularly where cost of abatement is more than minimal or where there is doubt as to whether or not a nuisance does in fact exist. If compliance is not secured following notice and hearings, we recommend you review the situation with your attorney before proceeding with abatement and assessment of costs. Your attorney may recommend proceedings in court under Chapter 657 of the *Code of Iowa* rather than this procedure.

- A. Description of Nuisance. A description of what constitutes the nuisance.
  - B. Location of Nuisance. The location of the nuisance.
  - C. Acts Necessary to Abate. A statement of the act or acts necessary to abate the nuisance.
  - D. Reasonable Time. A reasonable time within which to complete the abatement.
  - E. Assessment of City Costs. A statement that if the nuisance or condition is not abated as directed and no request for hearing is made within the time prescribed, the City will abate it and assess the costs against the property owner.
2. Method of Service. The notice may be in the form of an ordinance or sent by certified mail to the property owner.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*
3. Request for Hearing. Any person ordered to abate a nuisance may have a hearing with the Council as to whether a nuisance exists. A request for a hearing must be made in writing and delivered to the Clerk within the time stated in the notice, or it will be conclusively presumed that a nuisance exists and it must be abated as ordered. The hearing will be before the Council at a time and place fixed by the Council. The findings of the Council shall be conclusive and, if a nuisance is found to exist, it shall be ordered abated within a reasonable time under the circumstances.
4. Abatement in Emergency. If it is determined that an emergency exists by reason of the continuing maintenance of the nuisance or condition, the City may perform any action that may be required under this chapter without prior notice. The City shall assess the costs as provided in subsection 6 of this section after notice to the property owner under the applicable provisions of subsection 1 and 2, and the hearing as provided in subsection 3.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*
5. Abatement by City. If the person notified to abate a nuisance or condition neglects or fails to abate as directed, the City may perform the required action to abate, keeping an accurate account of the expense incurred. The itemized expense account shall be filed with the Clerk, who shall pay such expenses on behalf of the City.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*
6. Collection of Costs. The Clerk shall send a statement of the total expense incurred by certified mail to the property owner who has failed to abide by the notice to abate, and if the amount shown by the statement has not been paid within one month, the Clerk shall certify the costs to the County Treasurer and such costs shall then be collected with, and in the same manner as, general property taxes.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*
7. Installment Payment of Cost of Abatement. If the amount expended to abate the nuisance or condition exceeds \$500.00, the City may permit the assessment to be paid in up to 10 annual installments, to be paid in the same manner and with the same interest rates provided for assessments against benefited property under State law.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.13)*
8. Failure to Abate. Any person causing or maintaining a nuisance who shall fail or refuse to abate or remove the same within the reasonable time required and specified in the notice to abate is in violation of this Code of Ordinances.

**50.07 MUNICIPAL INFRACTION ABATEMENT PROCEDURE.** In lieu of the abatement procedures set forth in Section 50.06, the requirements of this chapter may be enforced under the procedures applicable to municipal infractions as set forth in Chapter 3 of this Code of Ordinances.

# CHAPTER 51

## JUNK AND JUNK VEHICLES

### 51.01 Definitions

### 51.02 Junk and Junk Vehicles Prohibited

### 51.03 Junk and Junk Vehicles a Nuisance

### 51.04 Exceptions

### 51.05 Notice to Abate

**51.01 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined:

1. “Enclosed building” means any structure or portion thereof built for the enclosure of property containing a roof and having exterior walls of the structure or portion thereof constructed in such a manner as to obscure from any street or adjacent property the contents thereof.

2. “Junk” means all old or scrap copper, brass, lead, or any other non-ferrous metal; old or discarded rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber, debris, waste or used lumber, or salvaged wood; dismantled vehicles, machinery and appliances or parts of such vehicles, machinery or appliances; iron, steel or other old or scrap ferrous materials; old or discarded glass, tinware, plastic or old or discarded household goods or hardware. Neatly stacked firewood located on a side yard or a rear yard is not considered junk.

3. “Junk motor vehicle” means any motor vehicle stored within the corporate limits of the City, which, because of any of the following characteristics, constitutes a threat to the public health and safety::

A. Broken Glass. Any vehicle with a broken or cracked windshield, window, headlight or tail light, or any other cracked or broken glass.

B. Broken, Loose, or Missing Part. Any vehicle with a broken, loose, or missing fender, door, bumper, hood, steering wheel or trunk lid.

C. Habitat for Nuisance Animals or Insects. Any vehicle that has become the habitat for rats, mice, snakes, or any other vermin or insects.

D. Flammable Fuel. Any vehicle that contains gasoline or any other flammable fuel.

E. Inoperable. Any motor vehicle that lacks an engine or two or more wheels or other structural parts, rendering said motor vehicle totally inoperable, or that cannot be moved under its own power or has not been used as an operating vehicle for a period of 30 days or more.

F. Defective or Obsolete Condition. Any other vehicle that, because of its defective or obsolete condition, in any other way constitutes a threat to the public health and safety.

Mere licensing of such vehicle shall not constitute a defense to the finding that the vehicle is a junk vehicle.

4. “Storage” means the leaving of a vehicle or junk upon private property for more than 30 days.

5. “Vehicle” means every device in, upon, or by which a person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway or street, except devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, and includes without limitation a motor vehicle, automobile, truck, motorcycle, tractor, buggy, wagon, farm machinery, or any combination thereof.

**51.02 JUNK AND JUNK VEHICLES PROHIBITED.** It is unlawful for any person to store, accumulate, or allow to remain on any private property within the corporate limits of the City any junk or junk vehicle.

**51.03 JUNK AND JUNK VEHICLES A NUISANCE.** It is hereby declared that any junk or junk vehicle located upon private property, unless excepted by Section 51.04, constitutes a threat to the health and safety of the citizens and is a nuisance within the meaning of Section 657.1 of the *Code of Iowa*. If any junk or junk vehicle is kept upon private property in violation hereof, the owner of or person occupying the property upon which it is located shall be prima facie liable for said violation.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3a])*

**51.04 EXCEPTIONS.** The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the following:

1. Any junk or junk vehicle stored within a garage or other enclosed building.
2. A vehicle on the premises of a business enterprise operated in a district property zoned therefor, as authorized under any zoning or restricted residence district regulations of the City, when the same is necessary to the operation of said business enterprise.
3. A vehicle in an appropriate storage space or depository maintained in a lawful place and lawful manner by the City.

**51.05 NOTICE TO ABATE.** Upon discovery of any junk or junk vehicle located upon private property in violation of Section 51.03, the City shall within five days initiate abatement procedures as outlined in Chapter 50 of this Code of Ordinances.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3a])*

[The next page is 275]

## CHAPTER 55

# ANIMAL PROTECTION AND CONTROL

55.01 Definitions	55.10 Trapping of Animals
55.02 Animal Neglect	55.11 Owner's Duty
55.03 Livestock Neglect	55.12 Confinement
55.04 Abandonment of Cats and Dogs	55.13 At Large: Impoundment
55.05 Livestock	55.14 Disposition of Animals
55.06 At Large Prohibited	55.15 Impounding Costs
55.07 Damage or Interference	55.16 Pet Awards Prohibited
55.08 Annoyance or Disturbance	55.17 Tampering With A Rabies Vaccination Tag
55.09 General Prohibitions and Duties	55.18 Tampering With An Electronic Handling Device

**55.01 DEFINITIONS.** The following terms are defined for use in this chapter.

1. "Advertise" means to present a commercial message in any medium, including (but not limited to) print, radio, television, sign, display, label, tag, or articulation.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717E.1)*

2. "Animal" means a nonhuman vertebrate.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717B.1)*

3. "Animal shelter" means a facility which is used to house or contain dogs or cats, or both, and which is owned, operated, or maintained by an incorporated humane society, animal welfare society, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or other nonprofit organization devoted to the welfare, protection, and humane treatment of such animals.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 162.2)*

4. "At large" means off the premises of the owner and not under the control of a competent person, restrained within a motor vehicle, or housed in a veterinary hospital or kennel.

5. "Business" means any enterprise relating to any of the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717E.1)*

- A. The sale or offer for sale of goods or services.
- B. A recruitment for employment or membership in an organization.
- C. A solicitation to make an investment.
- D. An amusement or entertainment activity.

6. "Commercial establishment" means an animal shelter, boarding kennel, commercial breeder, commercial kennel, dealer, pet shop, pound, public auction, or research facility.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717.B1)*

7. "Fair" means any of the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717E.1)*

- A. The annual fair and exposition held by the Iowa State Fair Board pursuant to Chapter 173 of the *Code of Iowa* or any fair event conducted by a fair under the provisions of Chapter 174 of the *Code of Iowa*.
- B. An exhibition of agricultural or manufactured products.

C. An event for operation of amusement rides or devices or concession booths.

8. “Game” means a “game of chance” or “game of skill” as defined in Section 99B.1 of the *Code of Iowa*.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 717E.1*)

9. “Injury” means an animal’s disfigurement; the impairment of an animal’s health; or an impairment to the functioning of an animal’s limb or organ, or the loss of an animal’s limb or organ.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 717.B1*)

10. “Livestock” means an animal belonging to the bovine, caprine, equine, ovine or porcine species, ostriches, rheas, and emus; farm deer (as defined in Section 170.1 of the *Code of Iowa*); or poultry.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 717.1*)

11. “Owner” means any person owning, keeping, sheltering, or harboring an animal.

12. “Pet” means a living dog, cat, or an animal normally maintained in a small tank or cage in or near a residence, including but not limited to a rabbit, gerbil, hamster, mouse, parrot, canary, mynah, finch, tropical fish, goldfish, snake, turtle, gecko, or iguana.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 717E.1*)

13. “Pound” means a facility for the prevention of cruelty to animals operated by the State, a municipal corporation, or other political subdivision of the State for the purpose of impounding or harboring seized stray, homeless, abandoned, or unwanted dogs, cats, or other animals; or a facility operated for such a purpose under a contract with any municipal corporation or incorporated society.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 162.2*)

14. “Research facility” means any school or college of medicine, veterinary medicine, pharmacy, dentistry, or osteopathic medicine, or hospital, diagnostic or research laboratories, or other educational or scientific establishment situated in the State concerned with the investigation of, or instruction concerning the structure or function of living organisms, the cause, prevention, control, or cure of diseases or abnormal conditions of human beings or animals.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 162.2*)

15. “Veterinarian” means a veterinarian licensed pursuant to Chapter 169 of the *Code of Iowa* who practices veterinary medicine in the State.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 717.B1*)

(*Section 55.01 – Ord. 211 – Sep. 20 Supp.*)

## **55.02 ANIMAL NEGLECT.**

1. It is unlawful for a person who owns or has custody of an animal and confines that animal to fail to provide the animal with any of the following conditions for the animal’s welfare:

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 717B.3*)



- A. Access to food in an amount and quality reasonably sufficient to satisfy the animal's basic nutrition level to the extent that the animal's health or life is endangered.
  - B. Access to a supply of potable water in an amount reasonably sufficient to satisfy the animal's basic hydration level to the extent that the animal's health or life is endangered. Access to snow or ice does not satisfy this requirement.
  - C. Sanitary conditions free from excessive animal waste or the overcrowding of animals to the extent that the animal's health or life is endangered.
  - D. Ventilated shelter reasonably sufficient to provide adequate protection from the elements and weather conditions suitable for the age, species, and physical condition of the animal so as to maintain the animal in a state of good health to the extent that the animal's health or life is endangered. The shelter must protect the animal from wind, rain, snow, or sun and have adequate bedding to provide reasonable protection against cold and dampness. A shelter may include a residence, garage, barn, shed, or doghouse.
  - E. Grooming, to the extent it is reasonably necessary to prevent adverse health effects or suffering.
  - F. Veterinary care deemed necessary by a reasonably prudent person to relieve an animal's distress from any of the following:
    - (1) A condition caused by failing to provide for the animal's welfare as described in this section.
    - (2) An injury or illness suffered by the animal causing the animal to suffer prolonged pain and suffering.
2. This section does not apply to any of the following:
- A. A person operating a commercial establishment under a valid authorization issued or renewed under Section 162.2A of the *Code of Iowa*, or a person acting under the direction or supervision of that person, if all of the following apply:
    - (1) The animal, as described in Subsection 1, was maintained as part of the commercial establishment's operation.
    - (2) In providing conditions for the welfare of the animal, as described in Subsection 1, the person complied with the standard of care requirements provided in Section 162.10A[1] of the *Code of Iowa*, including any applicable rules adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship applying to: (i) a State licensee or registrant operating pursuant to Section 162.10A[2a] or [2b] of the *Code of Iowa*; or (ii) a permittee operating pursuant to Section 162.10A[2c] of the *Code of Iowa*.
  - B. A research facility if the research facility has been issued or renewed a valid authorization by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship pursuant to Chapter 162 of the *Code of Iowa*, and performs functions within the scope of accepted practices and disciplines associated with the research facility.

(Section 55.02 – Ord. 211 – Sep. 20 Supp.)

**55.03 LIVESTOCK NEGLECT.** It is unlawful for a person who impounds or confines livestock in any place to fail to provide the livestock with care consistent with customary animal husbandry practices or to deprive the livestock of necessary sustenance or to injure or destroy livestock by any means that causes pain or suffering in a manner inconsistent with customary animal husbandry practices.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717.2)*

**55.04 ABANDONMENT OF CATS AND DOGS.** It is unlawful for a person who owns or has custody of a cat or dog to relinquish all rights in and duties to care for the cat or dog. This section does not apply to any of the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 717B.8)*

1. The delivery of a cat or dog to another person who will accept ownership and custody of the cat or dog.
2. The delivery of a cat or dog to an animal shelter or that has been issued or renewed a valid authorization by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship under Chapter 162 of the *Code of Iowa*.
3. A person who relinquishes custody of a cat at a location in which the person does not hold a legal or equitable interest, if previously the person had taken custody of the cat at the same location and provided for the cat's sterilization by a veterinarian.

*(Section 55.04 – Ord. 211 – Sep. 20 Supp.)*

**55.05 LIVESTOCK.** It is unlawful for a person to keep livestock within the City except by written consent of the Council.

**55.06 AT LARGE PROHIBITED.** It is unlawful for any owner to allow an animal to run at large within the corporate limits of the City.

**55.07 DAMAGE OR INTERFERENCE.** It is unlawful for the owner of an animal to allow or permit such animal to pass upon the premises of another thereby causing damage to, or interference with, the premises.

**55.08 ANNOYANCE OR DISTURBANCE.** It is unlawful for the owner of a dog to allow or permit such dog to cause serious annoyance or disturbance to any person by frequent and habitual howling, yelping, barking, or otherwise, or by running after or chasing persons, bicycles, automobiles or other vehicles.

**55.09 GENERAL PROHIBITIONS AND DUTIES.**

1. No person shall aid or cause any animal, whether owned by such person or not, to escape confinement or impoundment, whether such confinement or impoundment is upon such person's property or that of another, by opening any gate, door or window, by making an opening in any fence, enclosure or structure, or by unleashing such animal.
2. It is the duty of every person owning or having the custody or control of any animal to immediately clean up, remove and dispose of any feces deposited by such animal upon public property, park property, public right-of-way or the property of another.
3. It is the duty of every person owning or having the custody or control of any animal to physically restrain the animal within an enclosure or upon a leash when such

animal is left unattended outside or is not at heel. The animal must be restrained so as to prevent the animal from leaving the premises of its owner or from coming in contact with public right-of-way or the property of another.

**55.10 TRAPPING OF ANIMALS.** No person may set traps in the City for the purpose of apprehending wild or domesticated animals. This section does not prohibit:

1. Trapping mice, rats or other household vermin;
2. Setting of traps to destroy moles and other underground pests, so long as the traps used may be triggered only by subsurface action;
3. Setting of traps in the line of duty by an animal control officer or with the written permission from and under supervision of an animal control officer or licensed pest control operator;

The owner or person in lawful possession and control of any premises may utilize live traps to apprehend animals on any premises if such animals constitute a nuisance due to the destruction of property, and if the method and location of such trapping is approved by the Council.

**55.11 OWNER'S DUTY.** It is the duty of the owner of any dog, cat, or other animal that has bitten or attacked a person or any person having knowledge of such bite or attack to report this act to a local health or law enforcement official. It is the duty of physicians and veterinarians to report to the local board of health the existence of any animal known or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.38)*

**55.12 CONFINEMENT.** If a local board of health receives information that an animal has bitten a person or that a dog or animal is suspected of having rabies, the board shall order the owner to confine such animal in the manner it directs. If the owner fails to confine such animal in the manner directed, the animal shall be apprehended and impounded by such board, and after 10 days the board may humanely destroy the animal. If such animal is returned to its owner, the owner shall pay the cost of impoundment. This section does not apply if a police service dog or a horse used by a law enforcement agency and acting in the performance of its duties has bitten a person.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.39)*

**55.13 AT LARGE: IMPOUNDMENT.** Animals found at large in violation of this chapter shall be seized and impounded at the impoundment facilities utilized by the City, or at the discretion of the peace officer, the owner may be served a summons to appear before a proper court to answer charges made thereunder.

**55.14 DISPOSITION OF ANIMALS.** When an animal has been apprehended and impounded, written notice shall be provided to the owner within two days after impoundment, if the owner's name and current address can reasonably be determined by accessing a tag or other device that is on or part of the animal. Impounded animals may be recovered by the owner upon payment of impounding costs, and if an unvaccinated dog, by having it immediately vaccinated. If the owner fails to redeem the animal within seven days from the date that the notice is mailed, or if the owner cannot be located within seven days, the animal shall be disposed of in accordance with law or destroyed by euthanasia.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.37, 351.41)*

**55.15 IMPOUNDING COSTS.** Impounding costs are \$40.00 for the first day or any part thereof, and \$10.00 per day thereafter.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.37)*

**55.16 PET AWARDS PROHIBITED.**

*(Code of Iowa, Ch. 717E)*

1. Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person to award a pet or advertise that a pet may be awarded as any of the following:

- A. A prize for participating in a game.
- B. A prize for participating in a fair.
- C. An inducement or condition for visiting a place of business or attending an event sponsored by a business.
- D. An inducement or condition for executing a contract that includes provisions unrelated to the ownership, care or disposition of the pet.

2. Exceptions. This section does not apply to any of the following:

- A. A pet shop licensed pursuant to Section 162.5 of the *Code of Iowa* if the award of a pet is provided in connection with the sale of a pet on the premises of the pet shop.
- B. Youth programs associated with 4-H Clubs; Future Farmers of America; the Izaak Walton League of America; or organizations associated with outdoor recreation, hunting or fishing, including but not limited to the Iowa Sportsmen's Federation.

**55.17 TAMPERING WITH A RABIES VACCINATION TAG.** It is unlawful to tamper with a rabies vaccination tag.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.45)*

1. A person commits the offense of tampering with a rabies vaccination tag if all of the following apply:

- A. The person knowingly removes, damages, or destroys a rabies vaccination tag as described in Section 351.35 of the *Code of Iowa*.
- B. The rabies vaccination tag is attached to a collar worn by a dog, including as provided in Sections 351.25 and 351.26 of the *Code of Iowa*.

2. This section shall not apply to an act taken by any of the following:

- A. The owner of the dog, an agent of the owner, or a person authorized to take action by the owner.
- B. A peace officer.
- C. A veterinarian.
- D. An animal shelter or pound.

*(Section 55.17 – Ord. 211 – Sep. 20 Supp.)*

**55.18 TAMPERING WITH AN ELECTRONIC HANDLING DEVICE.** It is unlawful to tamper with an electronic handling device.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.46)*

1. A person commits the offense of tampering with an electronic handling device if all of the following apply:
  - A. The person knowingly removes, disables, or destroys an electronic device designed and used to maintain custody or control of the dog or modify the dog's behavior.
  - B. The electronic device is attached to or worn by the dog or attached to an item worn by the dog, including (but not limited to) a collar, harness, or vest.
2. This section shall not apply to an act taken by any of the following:
  - A. The owner of the dog, an agent of the owner, or a person authorized to take action by the owner.
  - B. A peace officer.
  - C. A veterinarian.
  - D. An animal shelter or pound.

*(Section 55.18 – Ord. 211 – Sep. 20 Supp.)*

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## CHAPTER 56

### DOG LICENSE REQUIRED

**56.01 Annual License Required**

**56.02 License Fees**

**56.03 Delinquency**

**56.04 License Tags**

**56.05 Immunization**

**56.06 Duplicate Tags**

**56.07 Transfers of Licensed Dogs**

**56.08 Kennel Dogs**

**56.09 Unlicensed Prohibited**

**56.10 Penalty and Fine**

#### **56.01 ANNUAL LICENSE REQUIRED.**

1. Every owner of a dog over the age of four months shall procure a dog license from the Clerk on or before the first day of January of each year.
2. Such license may be procured after January 1 and within 30 days for a dog which has come into the possession or ownership of the applicant after March 1 or which has reached the age of four months after March 1.
3. The owner of a dog for which a license is required shall apply to the Clerk on forms provided by the Clerk.
4. The form of the application shall state the name of the owner, the address of the owner, a description of the dog, and name, if any, of the dog, and shall be signed by the owner. The application shall also state the date of the most recent rabies vaccination and the date the dog shall be revaccinated.
5. All licenses shall expire on January 1 of the year following the date of issuance.

**56.02 LICENSE FEES.** The annual license fee is \$20.00 for an unneutered dog or \$10.00 for each neutered dog. The owner shall, at the time application is made for a license, present evidence that the dog has been neutered. In those cases where a dog becomes subject to the terms of this chapter after July 1 of any license year, the license fee shall be one-half of the annual license fee.

**56.03 DELINQUENCY.** All license fees shall become delinquent on the first day of March of the year in which they are due and a delinquent penalty of \$10.00 for the first month plus \$5.00 for each succeeding month shall be added to each unpaid license on and after said delinquency date, except for newly acquired and licensed dogs, the owners shall be penalized commencing on the thirty-first day after the acquisition of such dog.

**56.04 LICENSE TAGS.** Upon receipt of the application and fee, the Clerk shall deliver to the owner a license which shall be in the form of a metal tag stamped with the number of the license, the year in which it is issued, and the name of the City. The license tag shall be securely fastened by the owner to a collar or harness which shall be worn at all times by the dog for which issued. A license issued for one dog shall not be transferred to another dog. Upon the expiration of the license the owner shall remove said tag from the dog.

**56.05 IMMUNIZATION.** Before a license is issued, the owner shall furnish a veterinarian's certificate showing that the dog for which the license is sought has been vaccinated against rabies, and that the vaccination does not expire within six months from the effective date of the

dog license. A tag showing evidence of proper vaccination shall at all times be attached to the collar of the dog.

**56.06 DUPLICATE TAGS.** Upon the filing of an affidavit that the license tag has been lost or destroyed, the owner may obtain another tag on the payment of \$1.00 and the Clerk shall enter in the license record the new number assigned.

**56.07 TRANSFERS OF LICENSED DOGS.** Upon transfer of a licensed dog into the City, the owner shall surrender the original license tag to the Clerk. The Clerk shall preserve the surrendered tag and, without a license fee, issue a new license tag.

**56.08 KENNEL DOGS.** Dogs kept in state or federally licensed kennels, which are kept or raised solely for the bona fide purpose of sale or hobby shall not be permitted within the corporate limits of the City.

**56.09 UNLICENSED PROHIBITED.** It is unlawful for any owner to own or possess a dog within the City without obtaining a license as required herein.

**56.10 PENALTY AND FINE.** Any person violating any provision of this chapter or any rule or regulation adopted herein by reference shall be subject to a fine of \$50.00, which shall accrue on a daily basis.



## CHAPTER 57

# DANGEROUS AND VICIOUS ANIMALS

### 57.01 Definitions

### 57.02 Keeping of Dangerous Animals Prohibited

### 57.03 Keeping of Vicious Animals Prohibited

### 57.04 Seizure, Impoundment and Disposition

### 57.05 Number of Dogs Restriction

**57.01 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined:

1. "Dangerous animal" means:
  - A. Badgers, wolverines, weasels, skunk and mink;
  - B. Raccoons;
  - C. Bats;
  - D. Scorpions;
  - E. Pit bull terriers, including the following:
    - (1) The bull terrier breed of dog;
    - (2) The Staffordshire bull terrier breed;
    - (3) The American pit bull terrier breed;
    - (4) The American Staffordshire terrier breed;
    - (5) Dogs of mixed breed or of other breeds than above listed which breed or mixed breed is known as pit bulls, pit bull dogs or pit bull terriers; or
    - (6) Any dog which has the appearance and characteristics of being predominately of the breeds of bull terrier, Staffordshire bull terrier, American pit bull terrier, American Staffordshire terrier, any other breed commonly known as pit bulls, pit bull dogs or pit bull terriers, or a combination of any of these breeds.
2. "Vicious animal" means any animal, except for a dangerous animal per se, as listed above, that has bitten or clawed a person or persons while running at large and the attack was unprovoked, or any animal that has exhibited vicious tendencies in present or past conduct, including such that said animal: (i) has bitten or clawed a person or persons on one occasion; or (ii) did bite or claw once causing injuries above the shoulders of a person; or (iii) could not be controlled or restrained by the owner at the time of the attack to prevent the occurrence; or (iv) has attacked any domestic animal or fowl on three separate occasions within a 12-month period.

**57.02 KEEPING OF DANGEROUS ANIMALS PROHIBITED.** No person shall keep, shelter or harbor any dangerous animal as a pet, or act as a temporary custodian for such animal, or keep, shelter or harbor such animal for any purpose or in any capacity within the City.

**57.03 KEEPING OF VICIOUS ANIMALS PROHIBITED.** No person shall keep, shelter or harbor for any reason within the City a vicious animal except in the following circumstances:

1. Animals under the control of a law enforcement or military agency.
2. The keeping of guard dogs; however, guard dogs must be kept within a structure or fixed enclosure at all times, and any guard dog found at large may be processed as a vicious animal pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. Any premises guarded by a guard dog shall be prominently posted with a sign containing the wording "Guard Dog," "Vicious Dog" or words of similar import, and the owner of such premises shall inform the Mayor or peace officer that a guard dog is on duty at said premises.

#### **57.04 SEIZURE, IMPOUNDMENT AND DISPOSITION.**

1. In the event that a dangerous animal or vicious animal is found at large and unattended upon public property, park property, public right-of-way or the property of someone other than its owner, thereby creating a hazard to persons or property, such animal may, in the discretion of the Mayor or peace officer, be destroyed if it cannot be confined or captured. The City shall be under no duty to attempt the confinement or capture of a dangerous animal or vicious animal found at large, nor shall it have a duty to notify the owner of such animal prior to its destruction.
2. Upon the complaint of any individual that a person is keeping, sheltering or harboring a dangerous animal or vicious animal on premises in the City, the Mayor shall cause the matter to be investigated and if after investigation, the facts indicate that the person named in the complaint is keeping, sheltering or harboring a dangerous or vicious animal in the City, the Mayor shall order the person named in the complaint to safely remove such animal from the City or destroy the animal within three days of the receipt of such an order. Such order shall be contained in a notice to remove the dangerous or vicious animal, which notice shall be given in writing to the person keeping, sheltering or harboring the dangerous animal or vicious animal, and shall be served personally or by certified mail. Such order and notice to remove the dangerous animal or vicious animal shall not be required where such animal has previously caused serious physical harm or death to any person, in which case the Mayor shall cause the animal to be immediately seized and impounded or killed if seizure and impoundment are not possible without risk of serious physical harm or death to any person.
3. The order to remove a dangerous animal or vicious animal issued by the Mayor may be appealed to the Council. In order to appeal such order, written notice of appeal must be filed with the Clerk within three days after receipt of the order contained in the notice to remove the dangerous or vicious animal. Failure to file such written notice of appeal shall constitute a waiver of the right to appeal the order of the Mayor.
4. The notice of appeal shall state the grounds for such appeal and shall be delivered personally or by certified mail to the Clerk. The hearing of such appeal shall be scheduled within seven days of the receipt of the notice of appeal. The hearing may be continued for good cause. After such hearing, the Council may affirm or reverse the order of the Mayor. Such determination shall be contained in a written decision and shall be filed with the Clerk within three days after the hearing or any continued session thereof.
5. If the Council affirms the action of the Mayor, the Council shall order in its written decision that the person owning, sheltering, harboring or keeping such dangerous or vicious animal remove such animal from the City or destroy it. The decision and order shall immediately be served upon the person against whom rendered in the same manner as the notice of removal. If the original order of the Mayor is not appealed and is not complied with within three days or the order of the Council after

appeal is not complied with within three days of its issuance, the Mayor is authorized to seize, impound or destroy such dangerous or vicious animal. Failure to comply with an order of the Mayor issued pursuant to this chapter and not appealed, or of the Council after appeal, constitutes a simple misdemeanor.

**57.05 NUMBER OF DOGS RESTRICTION.** No person and/or household shall keep more than three dogs.

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## CHAPTER 58

### URBAN CHICKENS

58.01 Definitions	58.08 Odor and Noise Impacts
58.02 Permit Required	58.09 Predators, Rodents, Insects and Parasites
58.03 Issuance of Permits	58.10 Feed and Water
58.04 Number and Type of Chickens Allowed	58.11 Waste Removal
58.05 Tract of Land Allowed	58.12 Chickens At Large
58.06 Non-Commercial Use Only	58.13 Unlawful Acts
58.07 Enclosures	58.14 Nuisances

**58.01 DEFINITIONS.** The following terms are defined for use in this chapter.

1. “Chicken” means a member of the subspecies *Gallus gallus domesticus*, a domesticated chicken.
2. “Urban chicken” means a chicken kept on a permitted tract of land pursuant to a permit issued under this chapter.
3. “Permitting officer” means the Mayor or designee.
4. “Tract of land” means a property or a zoned lot that has one single-family dwelling located on that property or zoned lot.
5. “Single-family dwelling” means any building that contains only one dwelling unit used, intended, rented, leased, let or hired to be occupied for living purposes.
6. “Permitted tract of land” means the tract of land as identified by the application upon which a permit is granted for keeping chickens pursuant to this chapter.
7. “Permit holder” means an applicant who has been granted a permit to raise, harbor or keep chickens pursuant to this chapter.

**58.02 PERMIT REQUIRED.** No person shall raise, harbor or keep chickens within the City of Anthon without a valid permit obtained from the City Council under the provisions of this chapter.

1. Application. In order to obtain a permit, an applicant must submit a completed application on forms provided by the City Clerk and paying all fees required by this chapter.
2. Requirements. The requirements to the receipt of a permit include:
  - A. All requirements of this chapter are met.
  - B. An application fee of \$10.00 for the permit has been paid in full.
  - C. All judgments in the City’s favor and against the applicant have been paid in full.
  - D. The applicant has provided notice to the residents of all immediately adjacent dwellings of the applicant’s intent to obtain a permit.
  - E. If the applicant is a renter, he/she must obtain written permission from landlord/property owner prior to any permit being issued.

- F. The applicant grants the right for City inspection of chicken facilities prior to approval of the permit and at any other time to investigate a complaint.

**58.03 ISSUANCE OF PERMITS.** If the permitting officer concludes as a result of the information contained in the application that the requirements for a permit have been met, the City Clerk shall issue the permit, subject to final approval by the City Council.

1. Denial or Revocation. The permitting officer may deny or revoke any permit issued on any of the following grounds:
  - A. False statements on any application or other information or report required by this section to be given by the applicant.
  - B. Failure to correct deficiencies noted in notices of violation in the time specified in the notice.
  - C. Failure to comply with any provision of this chapter.
2. Notification. A decision to deny or revoke a permit shall be in writing, delivered by ordinary mail or in person to the address indicated on the application. The notification shall specify reason for action.
3. Effect of Denial or Revocation. When an application for a permit is denied, or when a permit is revoked, the applicant may not re-apply for a new permit for a period of one year from the date of the denial or revocation.
4. Appeals. No permit may be denied or revoked without notice and an opportunity to be heard is given to the applicant or the permit holder. In any instance where the permitting officer has denied or revoked a permit, the applicant or the permit holder may appeal the decision to the City Council within 10 business days of receipt by the applicant or the permit holder of the notice of the decision. The applicant or the permit holder will be given an opportunity for a hearing. The decision of the City Council hearing the appeal, or any decision by the permitting officer, which is not appealed in accordance to this chapter, shall be deemed final action.

**58.04 NUMBER AND TYPE OF CHICKENS ALLOWED.** The maximum number of chickens allowed is four per tract of land regardless of how many dwelling units are on the tract. Only female chickens (hens) are allowed.

**58.05 TRACT OF LAND ALLOWED.** Permits will be granted only for tracts of land located in the restricted residential districts as identified on the current Official Restricted Residence Map on file with the City of Anthon.

**58.06 NON-COMMERCIAL USE ONLY.** A permit shall not allow the permit holder to engage in chicken breeding or fertilizer production for commercial purposes.

**58.07 ENCLOSURES.**

1. Chickens must be kept in an enclosure or fenced area at all times. Chickens shall be secured within a henhouse or chicken tractor during non-daylight hours.
2. Enclosures must be kept in a clean, dry, odor-free, neat and sanitary condition at all times.

3. Henhouses, chicken tractors, and chicken pens must provide adequate ventilation and adequate sun and shade and must be impermeable to rodents, wild birds and predators, including dogs and cats.
4. Henhouse and chicken tractors:
  - A. Henhouses and chicken tractors shall be designed to provide safe and healthy living conditions for the chickens with a minimum of four square feet per bird while minimizing adverse impacts to other residents in the neighborhood.
  - B. A henhouse or chicken tractor shall be enclosed on all sides and shall have a roof and doors. Access doors must be able to be shut and locked at night. Opening windows and vents must be covered with predator and bird proof wire of less than one-inch openings.
  - C. The materials used in making a henhouse or chicken tractor shall be uniform for each element of the structure such that the walls are made of the same material, the roof has the same shingles or other covering, and any windows or openings are constructed using the same materials. The use of scrap, waste board, sheet metal, or similar materials is prohibited. Henhouses and chicken tractors shall be well maintained.
5. Henhouses, chicken tractors and chicken pens shall only be located in the rear yard required by this Code of Ordinances unless the setback requirements cannot be met, in which case they may be kept in a side yard but within the required setbacks. No henhouse, chicken tractor, or chicken pen shall be allowed in any front yard.
6. Henhouses, chicken tractors and chicken pens must be located at least 10 feet from the property line and at least 25 feet from any adjacent residential dwelling, church, school, or place of business.

#### **58.08 ODOR AND NOISE IMPACTS.**

1. Odors from chickens, chicken manure, or other chicken related substances shall not be perceptible beyond the boundaries of the permitted tract of land.
2. Noise from chickens shall not be loud enough beyond the boundaries of the permitted tract of land at the property boundaries to disturb persons of reasonable sensitivity.

**58.09 PREDATORS, RODENTS, INSECTS AND PARASITES.** The permit holder shall take necessary action to reduce the attraction of predators and rodents and the potential infestation of insects and parasites. Chickens found to be infested with insects and parasites that may result in unhealthy conditions to human habitation may be removed by the City and all costs associated with the removal shall be assessed to the owner of the property from which the chickens were removed.

**58.10 FEED AND WATER.** Chickens shall be provided with access to feed and clean water at all times. The feed and water shall not be available to rodents, wild birds, and predators.

**58.11 WASTE REMOVAL.** Manure shall be removed and disposed of in a sealed, enclosed container to avoid odor. Manure may be used as fertilizer if turned completely into the soil and there is no noxious odor. The henhouse, chicken tractor, chicken pen and surrounding area must

be kept free from trash and accumulated droppings. Uneaten feed shall be removed in a timely manner.

**58.12 CHICKENS AT LARGE.** The permit holder shall not allow chickens to roam off the permitted tract of land. No dog or cat or other domesticated animal that kills a chicken off the permitted tract of land will, for that reason alone, be considered a dangerous or aggressive animal or the City's responsibility to enforce its animal control provisions.

**58.13 UNLAWFUL ACTS.**

1. It is unlawful for any person to keep chickens in violation of any provision of this chapter or any other provision of this Code of Ordinances.
2. It is unlawful for any owner, renter or lease holder of property to allow chickens to be kept on the property in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
3. No person shall keep chickens inside a single-family dwelling unit, multi-family dwelling unit, or rental unit.
4. No person shall slaughter any chickens within the City.
5. No person shall keep a rooster.
6. No person shall keep chickens on a vacant or uninhabited tract of land.

**58.14 NUISANCES.** Any violation of the terms of this chapter which constitutes a health hazard or interferes with the use or enjoyment of neighboring property is a nuisance and may be abated under the general nuisance abatement provisions in Chapter 50 of this Code of Ordinances.

[The next page is 305]



## CHAPTER 60

### ADMINISTRATION OF TRAFFIC CODE

60.01 Title  
60.02 Definitions  
60.03 Administration and Enforcement  
60.04 Power to Direct Traffic

60.05 Reports of Traffic Accidents  
60.06 Peace Officer's Authority  
60.07 Obedience to Peace Officers  
60.08 Parades Regulated

**60.01 TITLE.** Chapters 60 through 70 of this Code of Ordinances may be known and cited as the “Anthon Traffic Code” (and are referred to herein as the “Traffic Code.”)

**60.02 DEFINITIONS.** Where words and phrases used in the Traffic Code are defined by State law, such definitions apply to their use in said Traffic Code and are adopted by reference. Those definitions so adopted that need further definition or are reiterated, and other words and phrases used herein, have the following meanings:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.1)*

1. “Business District” means the territory contiguous to and including a highway when 50 percent or more of the frontage thereon for a distance of 300 feet or more is occupied by buildings in use for business.
2. “Park” or “parking” means the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading merchandise or passengers.
3. “Peace officer” means every officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for violations of traffic regulations.
4. “Residence district” means the territory contiguous to and including a highway not comprising a business, suburban or school district, where 40 percent or more of the frontage on such a highway for a distance of 300 feet or more is occupied by dwellings or by dwellings and buildings in use for business.
5. “School district” means the territory contiguous to and including a highway for a distance of 200 feet in either direction from a schoolhouse.
6. “Stand” or “standing” means the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging passengers.
7. “Stop” means when required, the complete cessation of movement.
8. “Stop” or “stopping” means when prohibited, any halting of a vehicle, even momentarily, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a peace officer or traffic control sign or signal.
9. “Suburban district” means all other parts of the City not included in the business, school, or residence districts.
10. “Traffic control device” means all signs, signals, markings, and devices not inconsistent with this chapter, lawfully placed or erected for the purpose of regulating, warning, or guiding traffic.

11. “Vehicle” means every device in, upon, or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a public highway, street, or alley.

**60.03 ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT.** Provisions of this Traffic Code and State law relating to motor vehicles and law of the road are enforced by the Police Chief.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**60.04 POWER TO DIRECT TRAFFIC.** A peace officer or, in the absence of a peace officer, any officer of the Fire Department when at the scene of a fire, is authorized to direct all traffic by voice, hand, or signal in conformance with traffic laws. In the event of an emergency, traffic may be directed as conditions require, notwithstanding the provisions of the traffic laws.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 102.4 & 321.236[2])*

**60.05 REPORTS OF TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS.** The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident within the limits of the City shall file a report as and when required by the Iowa Department of Transportation. A copy of this report shall be filed with the City for the confidential use of peace officers and shall be subject to the provisions of Section 321.271 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.273)*

**60.06 PEACE OFFICER’S AUTHORITY.** A peace officer is authorized to stop a vehicle to require exhibition of the driver’s license of the driver, to serve a summons or memorandum of traffic violation, to inspect the condition of the vehicle, to inspect the vehicle with reference to size, weight, cargo, log book, bills of lading or other manifest of employment, tires and safety equipment, or to inspect the registration certificate, the compensation certificate, travel order, or permit of such vehicle. A peace officer having probable cause to stop a vehicle may require exhibition of the proof of financial liability coverage card issued for the vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.492)*

**60.07 OBEDIENCE TO PEACE OFFICERS.** No person shall willfully fail or refuse to comply with any lawful order or direction of any peace officer invested by law with authority to direct, control or regulate traffic.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.229)*

**60.08 PARADES REGULATED.** No person shall conduct or cause any parade on any street except as provided herein:

1. Definition. “Parade” means any march or procession of persons or vehicles organized for marching or moving on the streets in an organized fashion or manner or any march or procession of persons or vehicles represented or advertised to the public as a parade.
2. Permit Required. No parade shall be conducted without first obtaining a written permit from the Mayor or Police Chief. Such permit shall state the time and date for the parade to be held and the streets or general route therefor. Such written permit granted to the person organizing or sponsoring the parade shall be permission for all participants therein to parade when such participants have been invited by the permittee to participate therein. No fee shall be required for such permit.
3. Parade Not a Street Obstruction. Any parade for which a permit has been issued as herein required, and the persons lawfully participating therein, shall not be deemed an obstruction of the streets notwithstanding the provisions of any other ordinance to the contrary.

4. Control by Police and Firefighters. Persons participating in any parade shall at all times be subject to the lawful orders and directions in the performance of their duties of law enforcement personnel and members of the Fire Department.

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## CHAPTER 61

### TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

61.01 Installation  
61.02 Crosswalks  
61.03 Traffic Lanes

61.04 Standards  
61.05 Compliance

**61.01 INSTALLATION.** The Police Chief shall cause to be placed and maintained traffic control devices when and as required under this Traffic Code or under State law or emergency or temporary traffic control devices for the duration of an emergency or temporary condition as traffic conditions may require to regulate, guide or warn traffic. The Police Chief shall keep a record of all such traffic control devices.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.255)*

**61.02 CROSSWALKS.** The Police Chief is hereby authorized, subject to approval of the Council by resolution, to designate and maintain crosswalks by appropriate traffic control devices at intersections where, due to traffic conditions, there is particular danger to pedestrians crossing the street or roadway, and at such other places as traffic conditions require.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4] & 321.255)*

**61.03 TRAFFIC LANES.** The Police Chief is hereby authorized to mark lanes for traffic on street pavements at such places as traffic conditions require, consistent with this Traffic Code. Where such traffic lanes have been marked, it is unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to fail or refuse to keep such vehicle within the boundaries of any such lane except when lawfully passing another vehicle or preparatory to making a lawful turning movement.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4] & 321.255)*

**61.04 STANDARDS.** Traffic control devices shall comply with standards established by *The Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.255)*

**61.05 COMPLIANCE.** No driver of a vehicle shall disobey the instructions of any official traffic control device placed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, unless at the time otherwise directed by a peace officer, subject to the exceptions granted the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle under Section 321.231 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.256)*

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## CHAPTER 62

# GENERAL TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

62.01 Violation of Regulations  
62.02 Play Streets Designated  
62.03 Vehicles on Sidewalks  
62.04 Clinging to Vehicle

62.05 Quiet Zones  
62.06 Obstructing View at Intersections  
62.07 Engine Brakes and Compression Brakes

**62.01 VIOLATION OF REGULATIONS.** Any person who willfully fails or refuses to comply with any lawful order of a peace officer or direction of a Fire Department officer during a fire, or who fails to abide by the applicable provisions of the following Iowa statutory laws relating to motor vehicles and the statutory law of the road is in violation of this section. These sections of the *Code of Iowa* are adopted by reference and are as follows:

1. Section 321.17 – Misdemeanor to violate registration provisions.
2. Section 321.32 – Registration card, carried and exhibited; exception.
3. Section 321.37 – Display of plates.
4. Section 321.38 – Plates, method of attaching, imitations prohibited.
5. Section 321.57 – Operation under special plates.
6. Section 321.67 – Certificate of title must be executed.
7. Section 321.78 – Injuring or tampering with vehicle.
8. Section 321.79 – Intent to injure.
9. Section 321.91 – Penalty for abandonment.
10. Section 321.98 – Operation without registration.
11. Section 321.99 – Fraudulent use of registration.
12. Section 321.104 – Penal offenses against title law.
13. Section 321.115 – Antique vehicles; model year plates permitted.
14. Section 321.174 – Operators licensed.
15. Section 321.174A – Operation of motor vehicles with expired license.
16. Section 321.180 – Instruction permits.
17. Section 321.180B – Graduated driver’s licenses for persons aged fourteen through seventeen.
18. Section 321.193 – Restricted licenses.
19. Section 321.194 – Special minor’s licenses.
20. Section 321.208A – Operation in violation of out-of-service order.
21. Section 321.216 – Unlawful use of license and nonoperator’s identification card.
22. Section 321.216B – Use of driver’s license or nonoperator’s identification card by underage person to obtain alcohol.

23. Section 321.216C – Use of driver’s license or nonoperator’s identification card by underage person to obtain cigarettes or tobacco products.
24. Section 321.218 – Operating without valid driver’s license or when disqualified.
25. Section 321.219 – Permitting unauthorized minor to drive.
26. Section 321.220 – Permitting unauthorized person to drive.
27. Section 321.221 – Employing unlicensed chauffeur.
28. Section 321.222 – Renting motor vehicle to another.
29. Section 321.223 – License inspected.
30. Section 321.224 – Record kept.
31. Section 321.232 – Speed detection jamming devices; penalty.
32. Section 321.234A – All-terrain vehicles.
33. Section 321.235A – Electric personal assistive mobility devices.
34. Section 321.247 – Golf cart operation on City streets.
35. Section 321.257 – Official traffic control signal.
36. Section 321.259 – Unauthorized signs, signals or markings.
37. Section 321.260 – Interference with devices, signs or signals; unlawful possession.
38. Section 321.262 – Leaving scene of traffic accident prohibited; vehicle damage only; removal of vehicles.
39. Section 321.263 – Information and aid.
40. Section 321.264 – Striking unattended vehicle.
41. Section 321.265 – Striking fixtures upon a highway.
42. Section 321.266 – Reporting accidents.
43. Section 321.275 – Operation of motorcycles and motorized bicycles.
44. Section 321.276 – Use of electronic communication device while driving; text-messaging.
45. Section 321.277 – Reckless driving.
46. Section 321.277A – Careless driving.
47. Section 321.278 – Drag racing prohibited.
48. Section 321.281 – Actions against bicyclists.
49. Section 321.284 – Open container; drivers.
50. Section 321.284A – Open container; passengers.
51. Section 321.288 – Control of vehicle; reduced speed.
52. Section 321.295 – Limitation on bridge or elevated structures.
53. Section 321.297 – Driving on right-hand side of roadways; exceptions.



- 54. Section 321.298 – Meeting and turning to right.
- 55. Section 321.299 – Overtaking a vehicle.
- 56. Section 321.302 – Overtaking and passing.
- 57. Section 321.303 – Limitations on overtaking on the left.
- 58. Section 321.304 – Prohibited passing.
- 59. Section 321.306 – Roadways laned for traffic.
- 60. Section 321.307 – Following too closely.
- 61. Section 321.308 – Motor trucks and towed vehicles; distance requirements.
- 62. Section 321.309 – Towing; convoys; drawbars.
- 63. Section 321.310 – Towing four-wheel trailers.
- 64. Section 321.312 – Turning on curve or crest of grade.
- 65. Section 321.313 – Starting parked vehicle.
- 66. Section 321.314 – When signal required.
- 67. Section 321.315 – Signal continuous.
- 68. Section 321.316 – Stopping.
- 69. Section 321.317 – Signals by hand and arm or signal device.
- 70. Section 321.318 – Method of giving hand and arm signals.
- 71. Section 321.319 – Entering intersections from different highways.
- 72. Section 321.320 – Left turns; yielding.
- 73. Section 321.321 – Entering through highways.
- 74. Section 321.322 – Vehicles entering stop or yield intersection.
- 75. Section 321.323 – Moving vehicle backward on highway.
- 76. Section 321.323A – Approaching certain stationary vehicles.
- 77. Section 321.324 – Operation on approach of emergency vehicles.
- 78. Section 321.324A – Funeral processions.
- 79. Section 321.329 – Duty of driver; pedestrians crossing or working on highways.
- 80. Section 321.330 – Use of crosswalks.
- 81. Section 321.332 – White canes restricted to blind persons.
- 82. Section 321.333 – Duty of drivers approaching blind persons.
- 83. Section 321.340 – Driving through safety zone.
- 84. Section 321.341 – Obedience to signal indicating approach of railroad train or railroad track equipment.
- 85. Section 321.342 – Stop at certain railroad crossings; posting warning.
- 86. Section 321.343 – Certain vehicles must stop.
- 87. Section 321.344 – Heavy equipment at crossing.

88. Section 321.344B – Immediate safety threat; penalty.
89. Section 321.354 – Stopping on traveled way.
90. Section 321.359 – Moving other vehicle.
91. Section 321.362 – Unattended motor vehicle.
92. Section 321.363 – Obstruction to driver's view.
93. Section 321.364 – Vehicles shipping food; preventing contamination by hazardous material.
94. Section 321.365 – Coasting prohibited.
95. Section 321.367 – Following fire apparatus.
96. Section 321.368 – Crossing fire hose.
97. Section 321.369 – Putting debris on highway.
98. Section 321.370 – Removing injurious material.
99. Section 321.371 – Clearing up wrecks.
100. Section 321.372 – School buses.
101. Section 321.381 – Movement of unsafe or improperly equipped vehicles.
102. Section 321.381A – Operation of low-speed vehicles.
103. Section 321.382 – Upgrade pulls; minimum speed.
104. Section 321.383 – Exceptions; slow vehicles identified.
105. Section 321.384 – When lighted lamps required.
106. Section 321.385 – Head lamps on motor vehicles.
107. Section 321.386 – Head lamps on motorcycles and motorized bicycles.
108. Section 321.387 – Rear lamps.
109. Section 321.388 – Illuminating plates.
110. Section 321.389 – Reflector requirement.
111. Section 321.390 – Reflector requirements.
112. Section 321.392 – Clearance and identification lights.
113. Section 321.393 – Color and mounting.
114. Section 321.394 – Lamp or flag on projecting load.
115. Section 321.395 – Lamps on parked vehicles.
116. Section 321.398 – Lamps on other vehicles and equipment.
117. Section 321.402 – Spot lamps.
118. Section 321.403 – Auxiliary driving lamps.
119. Section 321.404 – Signal lamps and signal devices.
120. Section 321.404A – Light-restricting devices prohibited.
121. Section 321.405 – Self-illumination.

- 122. Section 321.408 – Back-up lamps.
- 123. Section 321.409 – Mandatory lighting equipment.
- 124. Section 321.415 – Required usage of lighting devices.
- 125. Section 321.417 – Single-beam road-lighting equipment.
- 126. Section 321.418 – Alternate road-lighting equipment.
- 127. Section 321.419 – Number of driving lamps required or permitted.
- 128. Section 321.420 – Number of lamps lighted.
- 129. Section 321.421 – Special restrictions on lamps.
- 130. Section 321.422 – Red light in front.
- 131. Section 321.423 – Flashing lights.
- 132. Section 321.430 – Brake, hitch, and control requirements.
- 133. Section 321.431 – Performance ability.
- 134. Section 321.432 – Horns and warning devices.
- 135. Section 321.433 – Sirens, whistles, and bells prohibited.
- 136. Section 321.434 – Bicycle sirens or whistles.
- 137. Section 321.436 – Mufflers, prevention of noise.
- 138. Section 321.437 – Mirrors.
- 139. Section 321.438 – Windshields and windows.
- 140. Section 321.439 – Windshield wipers.
- 141. Section 321.440 – Restrictions as to tire equipment.
- 142. Section 321.441 – Metal tires prohibited.
- 143. Section 321.442 – Projections on wheels.
- 144. Section 321.444 – Safety glass.
- 145. Section 321.445 – Safety belts and safety harnesses; use required.
- 146. Section 321.446 – Child restraint devices.
- 147. Section 321.449 – Motor carrier safety regulations.
- 148. Section 321.449A – Rail crew transport drivers.
- 149. Section 321.450 – Hazardous materials transportation.
- 150. Section 321.454 – Width of vehicles.
- 151. Section 321.455 – Projecting loads on passenger vehicles.
- 152. Section 321.456 – Height of vehicles; permits.
- 153. Section 321.457 – Maximum length.
- 154. Section 321.458 – Loading beyond front.
- 155. Section 321.460 – Spilling loads on highways.
- 156. Section 321.461 – Trailers and towed vehicles.

- 157. Section 321.462 – Drawbars and safety chains.
- 158. Section 321.463 – Maximum gross weight.
- 159. Section 321.465 – Weighing vehicles and removal of excess.
- 160. Section 321.466 – Increased loading capacity; reregistration.

**62.02 PLAY STREETS DESIGNATED.** The Police Chief shall have authority to declare any street or part thereof a play street and cause to be placed appropriate signs or devices in the roadway indicating and helping to protect the same. Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating any street or part thereof as a play street, no person shall drive a vehicle upon any such street or portion thereof except drivers of vehicles having business or whose residences are within such closed area, and then any said driver shall exercise the greatest care in driving upon any such street or portion thereof.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.255)*

**62.03 VEHICLES ON SIDEWALKS.** The driver of a vehicle shall not drive upon or within any sidewalk area except at a driveway.

**62.04 CLINGING TO VEHICLE.** No person shall drive a motor vehicle on the streets of the City unless all passengers of said vehicle are inside the vehicle in the place intended for their accommodation. No person riding upon any bicycle, coaster, roller skates, in-line skates, sled, or toy vehicle shall attach the same or himself or herself to any vehicle upon a roadway.

**62.05 QUIET ZONES.** Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating a quiet zone, no person operating a motor vehicle within any such zone shall sound the horn or other warning device of such vehicle except in an emergency.

**62.06 OBSTRUCTING VIEW AT INTERSECTIONS.** It is unlawful to allow any tree, hedge, billboard, or other object to obstruct the view of an intersection by preventing persons from having a clear view of traffic approaching the intersection from cross streets. Any such obstruction is deemed a nuisance and in addition to the standard penalty may be abated in the manner provided by Chapter 50 of this Code of Ordinances.

**62.07 ENGINE BRAKES AND COMPRESSION BRAKES.** It is unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to use or operate (or for any person to cause to be used or operated) within the City any engine brake, compression brake, or mechanical exhaust device designed to aid in the braking or deceleration of any vehicle, which results in excessive, loud, unusual, or explosive noise from such vehicle. Any violation of this section will be considered a simple misdemeanor.

## CHAPTER 63

### SPEED REGULATIONS

#### 63.01 General

#### 63.02 State Code Speed Limits

#### 63.03 Parks, Cemeteries, and Parking Lots

#### 63.04 Minimum Speed

**63.01 GENERAL.** Every driver of a motor vehicle on a street shall drive the same at a careful and prudent speed not greater than nor less than is reasonable and proper, having due regard to the traffic, surface and width of the street and of any other conditions then existing, and no person shall drive a vehicle on any street at a speed greater than will permit said driver to bring it to a stop within the assured clear distance ahead, such driver having the right to assume, however, that all persons using said street will observe the law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.285)*

**63.02 STATE CODE SPEED LIMITS.** The following speed limits are established in Section 321.285 of the *Code of Iowa* and any speed in excess thereof is unlawful unless specifically designated otherwise in this chapter as a special speed zone.

1. Business District – 20 miles per hour.
2. Residence or School District – 25 miles per hour.
3. Suburban District – 45 miles per hour.

**63.03 PARKS, CEMETERIES, AND PARKING LOTS.** A speed in excess of 15 miles per hour in any public park, cemetery, or parking lot, unless specifically designated otherwise in this chapter, is unlawful.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[5])*

**63.04 MINIMUM SPEED.** A person shall not drive a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede or block the normal and reasonable movement of traffic, except when reduced speed is necessary for safe operation, or in compliance with law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.294)*

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## CHAPTER 64

# TURNING REGULATIONS

**64.01** Turning at Intersections  
**64.02** U-Turns

**64.03** Left Turn for Parking

**64.01 TURNING AT INTERSECTIONS.** The driver of a vehicle intending to turn at an intersection shall do so as follows:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.311)*

1. Both the approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practical to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway.
2. Approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the centerline thereof and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as to depart from the intersection to the right of the centerline of the roadway being entered.
3. Approach for a left turn from a two-way street into a one-way street shall be made in that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the centerline thereof and by passing to the right of such centerline where it enters the intersection. A left turn from a one-way street into a two-way street shall be made by passing to the right of the centerline of the street being entered upon leaving the intersection.

The Police Chief may cause markers, buttons or signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and thereby require and direct, as traffic conditions require, that a different course from that specified above be traveled by vehicles turning at intersections, and when markers, buttons or signs are so placed, no driver of a vehicle shall turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by such markers, buttons or signs.

**64.02 U-TURNS.** It is unlawful for a driver to make a U-turn except at an intersection; however, U-turns are prohibited within the Business District and at intersections where there are automatic traffic signals.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[9])*

**64.03 LEFT TURN FOR PARKING.** No person shall make a left hand turn, crossing the centerline of the street, for the purpose of parking on said street, on any of the following designated streets or parts thereof:

1. On Second Avenue from Bridge Street to Randolph Street.
2. On Third Avenue from Bridge Street to Randolph Street.
3. On Main Street from First Avenue to Cauley Avenue.

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## CHAPTER 65

### STOP OR YIELD REQUIRED

65.01 Through Streets  
65.02 Stop Required  
65.03 Four-Way Stop Intersections  
65.04 Yield Required  
65.05 School Stops

65.06 Stop Before Crossing Sidewalk  
65.07 Stop When Traffic Is Obstructed  
65.08 Yield to Pedestrians in Crosswalks  
65.09 Disabled Child Sign

**65.01 THROUGH STREETS.** Every driver of a vehicle shall stop, unless a yield is permitted by this chapter, before entering an intersection with the following designated through streets.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.345)*

1. Highway 31 from the south corporate limits to the north corporate limits.

**65.02 STOP REQUIRED.** Every driver of a vehicle shall stop in accordance with the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.345)*

1. Main Street. Vehicles traveling west on Main Street shall stop at Miller Avenue.
2. Brady Street. Vehicles traveling east on Brady Street shall stop at Second Avenue.
3. Brady Street. Vehicles traveling west on Brady Street shall stop at Third Avenue.
4. Miller Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on Miller Avenue shall stop at First Avenue.
5. First Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on First Avenue shall stop at Miller Avenue.
6. State Street. Vehicles traveling west on State Street shall stop at Second Avenue.
7. State Street. Vehicles traveling on State Street shall stop at Cauley Avenue.
8. Miller Avenue. Vehicles traveling south on Miller Avenue shall stop at Division Street.
9. Division Street. Vehicles traveling west on Division Street shall stop at Miller Avenue.
10. Division Street. Vehicles traveling east on Division Street shall stop at Second Avenue.
11. Division Street. Vehicles traveling west on Division Street shall stop at Third Avenue.
12. Second Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on Second Avenue shall stop at Division Street.

13. Second Avenue. Vehicles traveling south on Second Avenue shall stop at Brady Street.
14. Second Avenue. Vehicles traveling on Second Avenue shall stop at Main Street.
15. Third Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on Third Avenue shall stop at Division Street.
16. Third Avenue. Vehicles traveling south on Third Avenue shall stop at Brady Street.
17. Third Avenue. Vehicles traveling on Third Avenue shall stop at Main Street.
18. Third Avenue. Vehicles traveling on Third Avenue shall stop at Bridge Street.
19. Arnold Street. Vehicles traveling on Arnold Street shall stop at First Avenue.
20. Austin Street. Vehicles traveling west on Austin Street shall stop at Second Avenue.
21. Westgate Road. Vehicles traveling south on Westgate Road shall stop at D38.
22. Third Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on Third Avenue shall stop at Austin Street.
23. Austin Street. Vehicles traveling east on Austin Street shall stop at Third Avenue.
24. Elizabeth Boulevard. Vehicles traveling south on Elizabeth Boulevard shall stop at Austin Street.
25. Randolph Street. Vehicles traveling on Randolph Street shall stop at Second Avenue.
26. Cauley Avenue. Vehicles traveling on Cauley Avenue shall stop at Main Street.
27. Cauley Avenue. Vehicles traveling on Cauley Avenue shall stop at Bridge Street.
28. Fifth Avenue. Vehicles traveling on Fifth Avenue shall stop at Main Street.
29. State Street. Vehicles traveling east on State Street shall stop at Fifth Avenue.

*(Section 65.02 – Ord. 224 – Apr. 22 Supp.)*

**65.03 FOUR-WAY STOP INTERSECTIONS.** Every driver of a vehicle shall stop before entering the following designated four-way stop intersections:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.345)*

1. Intersection of Second Avenue and Bridge Street.
2. Intersection of First Avenue and Division Street.
3. Intersection of Third Avenue and State Street.
4. Intersection of Fifth Avenue and Bridge Street.

**65.04 YIELD REQUIRED.** Every driver of a vehicle shall yield in accordance with the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.345)*

1. First Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on First Avenue shall yield at Main Street.
2. State Street. Vehicles traveling west on State Street shall yield at Fifth Avenue.
3. Miller Avenue. Vehicles traveling south on Miller Avenue shall yield at Bridge Street.
4. Miller Avenue. Vehicles traveling north on Miller Avenue shall yield at Second Avenue.
5. Inez Boulevard. Vehicles traveling south on Inez Boulevard shall yield at Austin Street.

**65.05 SCHOOL STOPS.** At the following school crossing zones every driver of a vehicle approaching said zone shall bring the vehicle to a full stop at a point 10 feet from the approach side of the crosswalk marked by an authorized school stop sign and thereafter proceed in a careful and prudent manner until the vehicle shall have passed through such school crossing zone.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.249)*

- NONE -

**65.06 STOP BEFORE CROSSING SIDEWALK.** The driver of a vehicle emerging from a private roadway, alley, driveway, or building shall stop such vehicle immediately prior to driving onto the sidewalk area and thereafter shall proceed into the sidewalk area only when able to do so without danger to pedestrian traffic and shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicular traffic on the street into which the vehicle is entering.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.353)*

**65.07 STOP WHEN TRAFFIC IS OBSTRUCTED.** Notwithstanding any traffic control signal indication to proceed, no driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle.

**65.08 YIELD TO PEDESTRIANS IN CROSSWALKS.** Where traffic control signals are not in place or in operation, the driver of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way, slowing down or stopping, if need be, to yield to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within any marked crosswalk or within any unmarked crosswalk at an intersection.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.327)*

**65.09 DISABLED CHILD SIGN.** There shall be posted a sign stating *Caution: Disabled Child in this Block*, on Country Club Drive and West Main Street in the City. The location of said sign shall be at the discretion of an authorized employee of the City.

[The next page is 329]

## CHAPTER 66

### LOAD AND WEIGHT RESTRICTIONS

**66.01 Temporary Embargo**

**66.02 Permits for Excess Size and Weight**

**66.03 Load Limits Upon Certain Streets**

**66.04 Load Limits on Bridges**

**66.05 No Semitrailers Allowed**

**66.01 TEMPORARY EMBARGO.** If the Council declares an embargo when it appears by reason of deterioration, rain, snow or other climatic conditions that certain streets will be seriously damaged or destroyed by vehicles weighing in excess of an amount specified by the signs, no such vehicles shall be operated on streets so designated by such signs.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.471 & 472)*

**66.02 PERMITS FOR EXCESS SIZE AND WEIGHT.** The Police Chief may, upon application and good cause being shown, issue a special permit in writing authorizing the applicant to operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles of a size or weight or load exceeding the maximum specified by State law or the City over those streets or bridges named in the permit which are under the jurisdiction of the City and for which the City is responsible for maintenance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.473 & 321E)*

**66.03 LOAD LIMITS UPON CERTAIN STREETS.** When signs are erected giving notice thereof, no person shall operate any vehicle with a gross weight in excess of the amounts specified on such signs at any time upon any of the following streets or parts of streets:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.473 & 475)*

- NONE -

**66.04 LOAD LIMITS ON BRIDGES.** Where it has been determined that any City bridge has a capacity less than the maximum permitted on the streets of the City, or on the street serving the bridge, the Police Chief may cause to be posted and maintained signs on said bridge and at suitable distances ahead of the entrances thereof to warn drivers of such maximum load limits. No person shall drive upon said bridge any vehicle weighing, loaded or unloaded, in excess of such posted limit.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.471)*

**66.05 NO SEMITRAILERS ALLOWED.** There shall be no semitrailer traffic allowed on North Second Avenue from Highway 31 to Bridge Street.

1. Signs Posted. There shall be placed signs stating *No Semitrailer Traffic Allowed*.
2. Violation. Any person driving a semitrailer truck on said property described in this section shall be subject to a fine of not to exceed \$500.00.

[The next page is 335]

## **CHAPTER 67**

### **PEDESTRIANS**

**67.01 Walking in Street**  
**67.02 Hitchhiking**

**67.03 Pedestrian Crossing**

**67.01 WALKING IN STREET.** Pedestrians shall at all times when walking on or along a street, walk on the left side of the street.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.326)*

**67.02 HITCHHIKING.** No person shall stand in the traveled portion of a street for the purpose of soliciting a ride from the driver of any private vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.331)*

**67.03 PEDESTRIAN CROSSING.** Every pedestrian crossing a roadway at any point other than within a marked crosswalk or within an unmarked crosswalk at an intersection shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles upon the roadway.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.328)*

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## CHAPTER 68

### ONE-WAY TRAFFIC

**68.01 ONE-WAY TRAFFIC REQUIRED.** Upon the following streets and alleys, vehicular traffic, other than permitted cross traffic, shall move only in the indicated direction when appropriate signs are in place.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[4])*

- NONE -

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## CHAPTER 69

# PARKING REGULATIONS

69.01 Park Adjacent to Curb	69.07 Persons with Disabilities Parking
69.02 Parking on One-Way Streets	69.08 No Parking Zones
69.03 Angle Parking	69.09 Truck Parking Limited
69.04 Manner of Angle Parking	69.10 Snow Removal
69.05 Parking for Certain Purposes Illegal	69.11 Parking Recreational Vehicles
69.06 Parking Prohibited	

**69.01 PARK ADJACENT TO CURB.** No person shall stand or park a vehicle in a roadway other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and with the right-hand wheels of the vehicle within 18 inches of the curb or edge of the roadway except as hereinafter provided in the case of angle parking and vehicles parked on the left-hand side of one-way streets.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)*

**69.02 PARKING ON ONE-WAY STREETS.** No person shall stand or park a vehicle on the left-hand side of a one-way street other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and with the left-hand wheels of the vehicle within 18 inches of the curb or edge of the roadway except as hereinafter provided in the case of angle parking.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)*

**69.03 ANGLE PARKING.** Angle or diagonal parking is permitted only in the following locations:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)*

1. Main Street on both sides from Miller Avenue to 200 feet east of Third Avenue.
2. Second Avenue on both sides from Randolph Street to Bridge Street.

**69.04 MANNER OF ANGLE PARKING.** Upon those streets or portions of streets that have been signed or marked for angle parking, no person shall park or stand a vehicle other than at an angle to the curb or edge of the roadway or in the center of the roadway as indicated by such signs and markings. No part of any vehicle or the load thereon, when said vehicle is parked within a diagonal parking district, shall extend into the roadway more than a distance of 16 feet when measured at right angles to the adjacent curb or edge of roadway.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)*

**69.05 PARKING FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES ILLEGAL.** No person shall park a vehicle upon public property for more than 72 hours, unless otherwise limited under the provisions of this chapter, or for any of the following principal purposes:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

1. Sale. Displaying such vehicle for sale.
2. Repairing. For lubricating, repairing or for commercial washing of such vehicle except such repairs as are necessitated by an emergency.
3. Advertising. Displaying advertising.

4. Merchandise Sales. Selling merchandise from such vehicle except in a duly established market place or when so authorized or licensed under this Code of Ordinances.

**69.06 PARKING PROHIBITED.** No one shall stop, stand, or park a vehicle except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a peace officer or traffic control device, in any of the following places:

1. Crosswalk. On a crosswalk.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[5])
2. Center Parkway. On the center parkway or dividing area of any divided street.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])
3. Mailboxes. Within 20 feet on either side of a mailbox that is so placed and so equipped as to permit the depositing of mail from vehicles on the roadway.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])
4. Sidewalks. On or across a sidewalk.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[1])
5. Driveway. In front of a public or private driveway.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[2])
6. Intersection. Within an intersection or within 10 feet of an intersection of any street or alley.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[3])
7. Fire Hydrant. Within five feet of a fire hydrant.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[4])
8. Stop Sign or Signal. Within 10 feet upon the approach to any flashing beacon, stop or yield sign, or traffic control signal located at the side of a roadway.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[6])
9. Railroad Crossing. Within 50 feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing, except when parked parallel with such rail and not exhibiting a red light.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[8])
10. Fire Station. Within 20 feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within 75 feet of said entrance when properly sign posted.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[9])
11. Excavations. Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when such stopping, standing or parking would obstruct traffic.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[10])
12. Double Parking. On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[11])
13. Hazardous Locations. When, because of restricted visibility or when standing or parked vehicles would constitute a hazard to moving traffic, or when other traffic conditions require, the Council may cause curbs to be painted with a yellow color and erect no parking or standing signs.  
(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[13])

14. Churches, Nursing Homes and Other Buildings. A space of 50 feet is hereby reserved at the side of the street in front of any theatre, auditorium, hotel having more than 25 sleeping rooms, hospital, nursing home, taxicab stand, bus depot, church, or other building where large assemblages of people are being held, within which space, when clearly marked as such, no motor vehicle shall be left standing, parked or stopped except in taking on or discharging passengers or freight, and then only for such length of time as is necessary for such purpose.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.360)*

15. Alleys. No person shall park a vehicle within an alley in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than 10 feet of the width of the roadway for the free movement of vehicular traffic, and no person shall stop, stand, or park a vehicle within an alley in such a position as to block the driveway entrance to any abutting property. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a vehicle parked in any alley that is 18 feet wide or less, provided that said vehicle is parked to deliver goods or services.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

16. Ramps. In front of a curb cut or ramp which is located on public or private property in a manner which blocks access to the curb cut or ramp.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358[15])*

17. Area Between Lot Line and Curb Line. That area of the public way not covered by sidewalk and lying between the lot line and the curb line, where curbing has been installed.

18. In More Than One Space. In any designated parking space so that any part of the vehicle occupies more than one such space or protrudes beyond the markings designating such space.

**69.07 PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES PARKING.** The following regulations shall apply to the establishment and use of persons with disabilities parking spaces:

1. Establishment. Persons with disabilities parking spaces shall be established and designated in accordance with Chapter 321L of the *Code of Iowa* and Iowa Administrative Code, 661-18. No unauthorized person shall establish any on-street persons with disabilities parking space without first obtaining Council approval.

2. Improper Use. The following uses of a persons with disabilities parking space, located on either public or private property, constitute improper use of a persons with disabilities parking permit, which is a violation of this Code of Ordinances:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321L.4[2])*

A. Use by an operator of a vehicle not displaying a persons with disabilities parking permit.

B. Use by an operator of a vehicle displaying a persons with disabilities parking permit but not being used by a person issued a permit or being transported in accordance with Section 321L.2[1b] of the *Code of Iowa*.

C. Use by a vehicle in violation of the rules adopted under Section 321L.8 of the *Code of Iowa*.

3. Wheelchair Parking Cones. No person shall use or interfere with a wheelchair parking cone in violation of the following:

- A. A person issued a persons with disabilities parking permit must comply with the requirements of Section 321L.2A[1] of the *Code of Iowa* when utilizing a wheelchair parking cone.
- B. A person shall not interfere with a wheelchair parking cone that is properly placed under the provisions of Section 321L.2A[1] of the *Code of Iowa*.

**69.08 NO PARKING ZONES.** No one shall stop, stand or park a vehicle in any of the following specifically designated no parking zones except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the direction of a peace officer or traffic control signal.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

- 1. Second Avenue, on the west side, for a distance of 155 feet north of Bridge Street.
- 2. On the east side of the alley, from Arnold Street to Division Street between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. on school days.

**69.09 TRUCK PARKING LIMITED.** No person shall park a motor truck, semitrailer, or other motor vehicle with trailer attached in violation of the following regulations. The provisions of this section do not apply to pickup, light delivery or panel delivery trucks.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

- 1. Business District. Excepting only when such vehicles are actually engaged in the delivery or receiving of merchandise or cargo within the prohibited area, no person shall park or leave unattended such vehicle, on any of the following designated streets. When actually receiving or delivering merchandise or cargo such vehicle shall be stopped or parked in a manner that will not interfere with other traffic.
  - A. Main Street on both sides from First Avenue to Cauley Avenue.
  - B. Second Avenue on both sides from Bridge Street to Randolph Street.
- 2. Residential District. No person shall park a motor truck, semitrailer or other motor vehicle with trailer on City residential streets.
- 3. Noise. No such vehicle shall be left standing or parked upon any street, alley, public or private parking lot, or drive of any service station between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. with the engine, auxiliary engine, air compressor, refrigerating equipment or other device in operation giving off audible sounds excepting only the drive of a service station when actually being serviced, and then in no event for more than 30 minutes.
- 4. Livestock. No such vehicle containing livestock shall be parked on any street, alley or highway for a period of time of more than 30 minutes.

**69.10 SNOW REMOVAL.**

- 1. Parking Prohibited. No person shall park a motor vehicle on a street, highway, roadway or other public right-of-way:
  - A. Between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. from November 15 to April 15; or

- B. During a snow emergency until such time as the street, highway, roadway or public right-of-way shall have been plowed of snow, or until salt shall have been spread for the control of freezing rain.

An owner of a motor vehicle who resides at premises which do not have a driveway or other off-street parking facilities shall not be deemed to be in violation of this subsection if such motor vehicle is parked in front of his or her residence, provided that the vehicle is parked as close to the curb or edge of the street as possible to make room for snow plows and other emergency vehicles.

2. Snow Emergencies. A snow emergency shall be deemed to exist whenever:

A. Freezing rain, sleet or two or more inches of snow have been forecast for the area by a newspaper circulated in the City or by a radio or television station with a normal operating range covering the City.

B. Freezing rain or sleet has fallen or two or more inches of snow have accumulated in the City.

C. The Superintendent or Mayor, on the basis of falling snow, sleet or freezing rain, or on the basis of a forecast of snow, sleet or freezing rain, finds that it is necessary for plowing or salting purposes that parking be prohibited, and causes a declaration of such snow emergency to be publicly announced by broadcast from a radio or television station with a normal operating range covering the City.

The Superintendent or Mayor shall make or cause to be made a record of each time and date when any declaration is announced to the public in accordance with paragraph C above.

3. Stalled Vehicles During Snow Emergency. Whenever a vehicle becomes stalled or inoperable for any reason on any street, highway, roadway or other public right-of-way during a snow emergency, the person operating such vehicle shall take immediate action to have the vehicle towed or pushed off the street, highway, roadway or public right-of-way. No person shall abandon or leave a vehicle on any street, highway, roadway or other public right-of-way during a snow emergency (regardless of whether the operator indicates by raising the hood or otherwise that the vehicle is stalled), except for the purpose of securing assistance during the actual time necessary to go to a nearby telephone or to a nearby garage, gasoline station or other place of assistance and return without delay.

#### **69.11 PARKING RECREATIONAL VEHICLES.**

1. Definition. "Recreational vehicle" means any camping-type vehicle used or so constructed as to permit its frequent use as a conveyance upon the public streets or highways and duly licensable as such, and includes self-propelled and non-self-propelled vehicles.

2. Parking. No person shall park or store a recreational vehicle upon public property, including the area between the property line and the edge of the street or alley, for more than 72 hours. Recreational vehicles may be parked or stored within the side yard or rear yard of a residential lot or in a designated trailer park. Recreational vehicles shall not be used for human occupancy in any residential district for more than 10 days in a month. Recreational vehicles or trailers of any kind or type without current license plates shall not be parked or stored on any lot other than in completely enclosed buildings.

[The next page is 361]



## CHAPTER 70

# TRAFFIC CODE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES

70.01 Arrest or Citation

70.02 Scheduled Violations

70.03 Parking Violations: Alternate

70.04 Parking Violations: Vehicle Unattended

70.05 Presumption in Reference to Illegal Parking

70.06 Impounding Vehicles

**70.01 ARREST OR CITATION.** Whenever a peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that a person has violated any provision of the Traffic Code, such officer may:

1. Immediate Arrest. Immediately arrest such person and take such person before a local magistrate; or
2. Issue Citation. Without arresting the person, prepare in quintuplicate a combined traffic citation and complaint as adopted by the Iowa Commissioner of Public Safety, or issue a uniform citation and complaint utilizing a State-approved computerized device.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 805.6 & 321.485)*

**70.02 SCHEDULED VIOLATIONS.** For violations of the Traffic Code that are designated by Section 805.8A of the *Code of Iowa* to be scheduled violations, the scheduled fine for each of those violations shall be as specified in Section 805.8A of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 805.8 & 805.8A)*

**70.03 PARKING VIOLATIONS: ALTERNATE.** Uncontested violations of parking restrictions imposed by this Code of Ordinances shall be charged upon a simple notice of a fine payable at the office of the City Clerk. The fine for each violation charged under a simple notice of a fine shall be in the amount of \$20.00 for all violations except improper use of a persons with disabilities parking permit. If such fine is not paid within 30 days, it shall be increased by \$5.00. The fine for improper use of a persons with disabilities parking permit is \$100.00.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1b] & 321L.4[2])*

**70.04 PARKING VIOLATIONS: VEHICLE UNATTENDED.** When a vehicle is parked in violation of any provision of the Traffic Code, and the driver is not present, the notice of fine or citation as herein provided shall be attached to the vehicle in a conspicuous place.

**70.05 PRESUMPTION IN REFERENCE TO ILLEGAL PARKING.** In any proceeding charging a standing or parking violation, a prima facie presumption that the registered owner was the person who parked or placed such vehicle at the point where, and for the time during which, such violation occurred shall be raised by proof that:

1. Described Vehicle. The particular vehicle described in the information was parked in violation of the Traffic Code; and
2. Registered Owner. The defendant named in the information was the registered owner at the time in question.

**70.06 IMPOUNDING VEHICLES.** A peace officer is hereby authorized to remove, or cause to be removed, a vehicle from a street, public alley, public parking lot or highway to the

nearest garage or other place of safety, or to a garage designated or maintained by the City, under the circumstances hereinafter enumerated:

1. Disabled Vehicle. When a vehicle is so disabled as to constitute an obstruction to traffic and the person or persons in charge of the vehicle are by reason of physical injury incapacitated to such an extent as to be unable to provide for its custody or removal.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

2. Illegally Parked Vehicle. When any vehicle is left unattended and is so illegally parked as to constitute a definite hazard or obstruction to the normal movement of traffic.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

3. Snow Removal. When any vehicle is left parked in violation of a ban on parking during snow removal operations.

4. Parked Over Limited Time Period. When any vehicle is left parked for a continuous period of 72 hours or more. If the owner can be located, the owner shall be given an opportunity to remove the vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

5. Costs. In addition to the standard penalties provided, the owner or driver of any vehicle impounded for the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter shall be required to pay the reasonable cost of towing and storage.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[1])*

[The next page is 375]

## CHAPTER 75

# ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES AND SNOWMOBILES

75.01 Purpose	75.06 Negligence
75.02 Definitions	75.07 Accident Reports
75.03 General Regulations	75.08 Rules of Operation
75.04 Operation of Snowmobiles	75.09 Penalties and Fines
75.05 Operation of All-Terrain Vehicles	

**75.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to regulate the operation of all-terrain vehicles and snowmobiles within the City.

**75.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter the following terms are defined:

1. “All-terrain vehicle” or “ATV” means a motorized vehicle, with not less than three and not more than six non-highway tires, that is limited in engine displacement to less than 1,000 cubic centimeters and in total dry weight to less than 1,200 pounds and that has a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.1)*

2. “Off-road motorcycle” means a two-wheeled motor vehicle that has a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control and that is intended by the manufacturer for use on natural terrain. “Off-road motorcycle” includes a motorcycle that was originally issued a certificate of title and registered for highway use under Chapter 321 of the *Code of Iowa*, but which contains design features that enable operation over natural terrain. An operator of an off-road motorcycle is also subject to the provisions of this chapter governing the operation of all-terrain vehicles.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.1)*

3. “Off-road utility vehicle” means a motorized vehicle, with not less than four and not more than eight non-highway tires or rubberized tracks, that has a seat that is of bucket or bench design, not intended to be straddled by the operator, and a steering wheel or control levers for control. “Off-road utility vehicle” includes the following vehicles:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.1)*

A. “Off-road utility vehicle – type 1” includes vehicles with a total dry weight of 1,200 pounds or less and a width of 50 inches or less.

B. “Off-road utility vehicle – type 2” includes vehicles, other than type 1 vehicles, with a total dry weight of 2,000 pounds or less and a width of 65 inches or less.

C. “Off-road utility vehicle – type 3” includes vehicles with a total dry weight of more than 2,000 pounds or a width of more than 65 inches, or both.

An operator of an off-road utility vehicle is also subject to the provisions of this chapter governing the operation of all-terrain vehicles.

4. “Snowmobile” means a motorized vehicle that weighs less than 1,000 pounds, that uses sled-type runners or skis, endless belt-type tread with a width of 48 inches or

less, or any combination of runners, skis, or tread, and is designed for travel on snow or ice. "Snowmobile" does not include an all-terrain vehicle that has been altered or equipped with runners, skis, belt-type tracks, or treads.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.1)*

**75.03 GENERAL REGULATIONS.** No person shall operate an ATV, off-road motorcycle or off-road utility vehicle within the City in violation of Chapter 321I of the *Code of Iowa* or a snowmobile within the City in violation of the provisions of Chapter 321G of the *Code of Iowa* or in violation of rules established by the Natural Resource Commission of the Department of Natural Resources governing their registration, equipment and manner of operation.

*(Code of Iowa, Ch. 321G & Ch. 321I)*

**75.04 OPERATION OF SNOWMOBILES.** The operators of snowmobiles shall comply with the following restrictions as to where snowmobiles may be operated within the City:

1. Streets. Snowmobiles may be operated on any street within the City for the sole and exclusive purpose of using the most direct roadway for the ingress to and egress from the City. No snowmobile shall be driven on any roadway solely for entertainment or pleasure.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.9[4a])*

2. Exceptions. Snowmobiles may be operated on prohibited streets only under the following circumstances:

A. Emergencies. Snowmobiles may be operated on any street in an emergency during the period of time when and at locations where snow upon the roadway renders travel by conventional motor vehicles impractical.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.9[4c])*

B. Direct Crossing. Snowmobiles may make a direct crossing of a prohibited street provided all of the following occur:

(1) The crossing is made at an angle of approximately 90 degrees to the direction of the street and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;

(2) The snowmobile is brought to a complete stop before crossing the street;

(3) The driver yields the right-of-way to all on-coming traffic that constitutes an immediate hazard; and

(4) In crossing a divided street, the crossing is made only at an intersection of such street with another street.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.9[2])*

3. Railroad Right-of-Way. Snowmobiles shall not be operated on an operating railroad right-of-way. A snowmobile may be driven directly across a railroad right-of-way only at an established crossing and notwithstanding any other provisions of law may, if necessary, use the improved portion of the established crossing after yielding to all oncoming traffic.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.13[1h])*

4. Trails. Snowmobiles shall not be operated on all-terrain vehicle trails except where so designated.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.9[4f])*

5. Parks and Other City Land. Snowmobiles shall not be operated in any park, playground or upon any other City-owned property without the express permission of the City. A snowmobile shall not be operated on any City land without a snow cover of at least one-tenth of one inch.

6. Sidewalk or Parking. Snowmobiles shall not be operated upon the public sidewalk or that portion of the street located between the curb line and the sidewalk or property line commonly referred to as the “parking” except for purposes of crossing the same to a public street upon which operation is authorized by this chapter.

**75.05 OPERATION OF ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES.** The operators of ATVs shall comply with the following restrictions as to where ATVs may be operated within the City:

1. Streets. ATVs and off-road utility vehicles may be operated on streets only in accordance with Section 321.234A of the *Code of Iowa* or on such streets as may be designated by resolution of the Council for the operation of registered ATVs or registered off-road utility vehicles. In designating such streets, the Council may authorize ATVs and off-road utility vehicles to stop at service stations or convenience stores along a designated street.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.10[1 & 3])*

2. Trails. ATVs shall not be operated on snowmobile trails except where designated.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.10[4])*

3. Railroad Right-of-Way. ATVs shall not be operated on an operating railroad right-of-way. An ATV may be driven directly across a railroad right-of-way only at an established crossing and notwithstanding any other provisions of law may, if necessary, use the improved portion of the established crossing after yielding to all oncoming traffic.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.14[1h])*

4. Parks and Other City Land. ATVs shall not be operated in any park, playground or upon any other City-owned property without the express permission of the City.

5. Sidewalk or Parking. ATVs shall not be operated upon the public sidewalk or that portion of the street located between the curb line and the sidewalk or property line commonly referred to as the “parking.”

6. Private Property. ATVs and UTVs are prohibited on private property owned by others.

7. Direct Crossing. An all-terrain vehicle or off-road utility vehicle may make a direct crossing of a highway provided all of the following occur:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.10[5])*

A. The crossing is made at an angle of approximately ninety degrees to the direction of the highway and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing.

B. The all-terrain vehicle or off-road utility vehicle is brought to a complete stop before crossing the shoulder or main traveled way of the highway.

C. The driver yields the right-of-way to all oncoming traffic which constitutes an immediate hazard.

D. In crossing a divided highway, the crossing is made only at an intersection of such highway with another public street or highway.

E. The crossing is made from a street, roadway, or highway designated as an all-terrain vehicle trail by a state agency, county, or city to a street, roadway, or highway designated as an all-terrain vehicle trail by a state agency, county, or city.

**75.06 NEGLIGENCE.** The owner and operator of an ATV or snowmobile are liable for any injury or damage occasioned by the negligent operation of the ATV or snowmobile. The owner of an ATV or snowmobile shall be liable for any such injury or damage only if the owner was the operator of the ATV or snowmobile at the time the injury or damage occurred or if the operator had the owner's consent to operate the ATV or snowmobile at the time the injury or damage occurred.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.18 & 321I.19)*

**75.07 ACCIDENT REPORTS.** Whenever an ATV/UTV or snowmobile is involved in an accident resulting in injury or death to anyone or property damage amounting to \$1,500.00 or more, either the operator or someone acting for the operator shall immediately notify a law enforcement officer and shall file an accident report, in accordance with State law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321G.10 & 321I.11)*

**75.08 RULES OF OPERATION.**

1. License. Operators must be at least 16 years of age and have a valid motor vehicle operator's license.

2. Equipment. All ATV/UTVs shall be equipped with the original manufacturer's muffler and exhaust system or the equivalent, not to exceed the manufacturer's original emission specification. Each vehicle additionally must be equipped with lights and safety equipment required of motor vehicles by law or ordinance. If the ATV/UTV is equipped with seatbelts by design, they must be worn by all occupants when the vehicle is in motion.

3. Safety Flags. All ATV/UTVs must be equipped with a bicycle safety flag of florescent orange color on a staff holder to put such flag at least five feet above the surface of the street.

4. Traffic Code. All ATV/UTV operators must observe all State and local traffic control regulations and devices.

5. Speed Limit. No ATV/UTV shall be operated on any City street at a speed in excess of 25 miles per hour and shall not be operated at a speed in excess of that posted or at any time operated at a rate of speed greater than is reasonable and proper under the existing conditions.

6. Careless Operation. No person shall operate an ATV/UTV in a careless, reckless, or negligent manner so as to endanger the person or property of another or to cause injury or damage thereto.

7. Intoxicated. No person shall operate an ATV/UTV while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotics, or habit-forming drugs.

8. Lights. No person shall operate an ATV/UTV without lighted headlamps and taillights when required for safety.

9. Unattended. No owner or operator of an ATV/UTV shall leave an unattended vehicle on public property while the motor is running or with keys in the ignition switch.
10. Parking. The operators must obey all parking regulations in the City when parked on a public street or thoroughfare.
11. Hours of Operation. ATV/UTVs shall only be operated sunrise to sunset. The only permitted operation after these hours shall be for routine snow removal or in emergency situations.
12. Financial Responsibility. The owner or driver must maintain and provide current proof of liability insurance or financial responsibility in accordance with Section 321.208 of the *Code of Iowa*.
13. Registration. The owner or driver of an ATV/UTV must maintain a current registration as provided by Iowa law.

**75.09 PENALTIES AND FINES.** Any person operating an ATV/UTV or snowmobile in violation of this chapter may be charged with violation of State Motor Vehicle Laws or violation of this chapter.

1. First Offense. In the event that said violator is charged under this chapter, the first offense shall be a fine of not less than \$100.00 and a 60-day suspension of privileges to use City streets.
2. Second Offense. A second offense shall carry a fine of not less than \$200.00 and 365-day suspension of privileges to use City streets.
3. Third Offense. A third offense shall carry a fine of not less than \$500.00 and two-year suspension of privileges to use City streets.
4. Each Additional Offense. Each additional offense shall carry a fine of not less than \$500.00 and a permanent suspension of privileges to use City streets.

[The next page is 383]



## CHAPTER 76

### BICYCLE REGULATIONS

76.01 Scope of Regulations	76.08 Riding on Sidewalks
76.02 Traffic Code Applies	76.09 Towing
76.03 Double Riding Restricted	76.10 Improper Riding
76.04 Two Abreast Limit	76.11 Parking
76.05 Speed	76.12 Equipment Requirements
76.06 Emerging from Alley or Driveway	76.13 Special Penalty
76.07 Carrying Articles	76.14 Coasters, Skateboards and In-Line Skates

**76.01 SCOPE OF REGULATIONS.** These regulations shall apply whenever a bicycle is operated upon any street or upon any public path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles, subject to those exceptions stated herein.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.02 TRAFFIC CODE APPLIES.** Every person riding a bicycle upon a roadway shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle by the laws of the State declaring rules of the road applicable to vehicles or by the Traffic Code of the City applicable to the driver of a vehicle, except as to those provisions that by their nature can have no application. Whenever such person dismounts from a bicycle, the person shall be subject to all regulations applicable to pedestrians.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.234)*

**76.03 DOUBLE RIDING RESTRICTED.** A person propelling a bicycle shall not ride other than astride a permanent and regular seat attached thereto. No bicycle shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.234[3 and 4])*

**76.04 TWO ABREAST LIMIT.** Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway shall not ride more than two abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles. All bicycles ridden on the roadway shall be kept to the right and shall be operated as near as practicable to the right-hand edge of the roadway.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.05 SPEED.** No person shall operate a bicycle at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the conditions then existing.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.06 EMERGING FROM ALLEY OR DRIVEWAY.** The operator of a bicycle emerging from an alley, driveway or building shall, upon approaching a sidewalk or the sidewalk area extending across any alleyway, yield the right-of-way to all pedestrians approaching on said sidewalk or sidewalk area, and upon entering the roadway shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles approaching on said roadway.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.07 CARRYING ARTICLES.** No person operating a bicycle shall carry any package, bundle or article that prevents the rider from keeping at least one hand upon the handlebars.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.08 RIDING ON SIDEWALKS.** The following provisions apply to riding bicycles on sidewalks:

1. Business District. No person shall ride a bicycle upon a sidewalk within the Business District, as defined in Section 60.02(1) of this Code of Ordinances.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

2. Other Locations. When signs are erected on any sidewalk or roadway prohibiting the riding of bicycles thereon by any person, no person shall disobey the signs.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

3. Yield Right-of-Way. Whenever any person is riding a bicycle upon a sidewalk, such person shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian and shall give audible signal before overtaking and passing.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.09 TOWING.** It is unlawful for any person riding a bicycle to be towed or to tow any other vehicle upon the streets of the City unless the vehicle is manufactured for such use.

**76.10 IMPROPER RIDING.** No person shall ride a bicycle in an irregular or reckless manner such as zigzagging, stunting, speeding, or otherwise so as to disregard the safety of the operator or others.

**76.11 PARKING.** No person shall park a bicycle upon a street other than upon the roadway against the curb or upon the sidewalk in a rack to support the bicycle or against a building or at the curb, in such a manner as to afford the least obstruction to pedestrian traffic.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.12 EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS.** Every person riding a bicycle shall be responsible for providing and using equipment as provided herein:

1. Lamps Required. Every bicycle when in use at nighttime shall be equipped with a lamp on the front emitting a white light visible from a distance of at least 300 feet to the front and with a lamp on the rear exhibiting a red light visible from a distance of 300 feet to the rear, except that a red reflector on the rear, of a type that is visible from all distances from 50 feet to 300 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful upper beams of headlamps on a motor vehicle, may be used in lieu of a rear light.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.397)*

2. Brakes Required. Every bicycle shall be equipped with a brake that will enable the operator to make the braked wheel skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236[10])*

**76.13 SPECIAL PENALTY.** Any person violating the provisions of this chapter may, in lieu of the scheduled fine for bicyclists or standard penalty provided for violations of this Code of Ordinances, allow the person's bicycle to be impounded by the City for not less than five days for the first offense, 10 days for a second offense and 30 days for a third offense.

**76.14 COASTERS, SKATEBOARDS AND IN-LINE SKATES.**

1. Prohibited Uses. No person shall use, operate, or permit the use or operation of any coaster, two-wheel scooter, skateboard, in-line skates, or similar devices on any sidewalk or street in the following area:

- A. Main Street from Cauley Avenue to Highway 31.
  - B. Second Avenue from Bridge Street to Randolph Street.
  - C. Third Avenue from Bridge Street to Randolph Street.
2. Restricted Use. The use of coasters, skateboards, in-line skates, or similar devices in places not prohibited shall be done only in a careful and prudent manner and not in a manner so as to cause or be likely to cause danger or injury to any person or property.
3. Right-of-Way. The user or passenger of any such coaster, skateboard, in-line skates, or similar device shall give the right-of-way to any pedestrian, motor vehicle, bicycle, or any other user of any street, sidewalk, or other public place, and shall not interfere with the proper use of any sidewalk, street or other public place by any other person.
4. Penalty. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section is guilty of an offense and such person's coaster, skateboard, or in-line skates or similar device shall be impounded for not less than five days for the first offense, 10 days for the second offense, 30 days for the third offense, and 60 days and \$100.00 fine for the fourth offense.

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## CHAPTER 77

### GOLF CARTS

77.01 Purpose  
77.02 Operation of Golf Carts Permitted  
77.03 Prohibited Locations  
77.04 Equipment  
77.05 Hours

77.06 Speed  
77.07 Traffic Code  
77.08 Accident Reports  
77.09 Penalties and Fines

**77.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to permit the operation of golf carts on certain streets in the City, as authorized by Section 321.247 of the *Code of Iowa*. This chapter applies whenever a golf cart is operated on any street or alley, subject to those exceptions stated herein.

**77.02 OPERATION OF GOLF CARTS PERMITTED.** Golf carts may be operated upon the streets of the City by persons who are 18 years of age or older and have a valid operator's license, except as prohibited in Section 77.03 of this chapter. While operated on a City street, the number of passengers permitted on a golf cart shall not exceed the number of seats intended for passengers. While on City streets, operators must have on their person or in the golf cart proof of the required insurance.

**77.03 PROHIBITED LOCATIONS.**

1. Streets. Golf carts shall not be operated upon any City streets with a posted speed limit of greater than 25 mph on any City streets or parts of any City streets listed below:

A. Bridge Street

However, golf carts may cross the aforementioned streets.

2. Sidewalks. Golf carts shall not be operated upon sidewalks.

3. Parking. Golf carts shall not be operated upon that portion of a street right-of-way between the curb or edge of street paving and the sidewalk, referred to as the "parking."

4. Parks and City-Owned Land. Golf carts shall not be operated in City parks or upon other City-owned land unless for a special event authorized by the City Council.

5. Special Exemptions. The Mayor is authorized to permit golf carts to operate on restricted City streets for certain special events.

**77.04 EQUIPMENT.** Golf carts operated upon City streets shall be equipped with at least the following:

1. A slow-moving vehicle sign.
2. A bicycle safety flag, the top of which shall be a minimum of five feet from ground level, and extend a minimum of two feet above the highest point of the golf cart.
3. Golf carts operated on City streets shall be equipped with adequate brakes to stop and hold the cart in a stopped position.

**77.05 HOURS.** Golf carts may be operated on City streets only between sunrise and sunset as set by the U. S. Naval Observatory.

**77.06 SPEED.** No golf cart shall be operated at a speed in excess of the lesser of 25 miles per hour or the posted speed limit. Golf carts shall not be modified to increase speed.

**77.07 TRAFFIC CODE.** Any person operating a golf cart shall strictly adhere to all traffic signs and signals and all other traffic rules and regulations, and shall obey the orders and direction of any law enforcement officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic. No person shall leave a golf cart unattended on public property while the motor is running or the keys are in the ignition switch.

**77.08 ACCIDENT REPORTS.** Whenever a golf cart is involved in an accident resulting in injury or death to anyone or property damage amounting to \$200.00 or more, either the operator or someone acting for the operator shall immediately notify a law enforcement officer and shall file an accident report, in accordance with State law.

**77.09 PENALTIES AND FINES.** Any person operating a golf cart in violation of this chapter may be charged with violation of State Motor Vehicle Laws or violation of this chapter.

1. First Offense. In the event that said violator is charged under this chapter, the first offense shall be a fine of not less than \$100.00 and a 60-day suspension of privileges to use City streets.
2. Second Offense. A fine of not less than \$200.00 and 365-day suspension of privileges to use City streets.
3. Third Offense. A fine of not less than \$500.00 and two-year suspension of privileges to use City streets.
4. Any Additional Offense. A fine of not less than \$500.00 and a permanent suspension of privileges to use City streets.

[The next page is 401]

## CHAPTER 80

### ABANDONED VEHICLES

80.01 Definitions	80.06 Disposal of Abandoned Vehicles
80.02 Authority to Take Possession of Abandoned Vehicles	80.07 Disposal of Totally Inoperable Vehicles
80.03 Notice by Mail	80.08 Proceeds from Sales
80.04 Reclamation of Abandoned Vehicles	80.09 Duties of Demolisher
80.05 Fees for Impoundment	

**80.01 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined:  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[1] & Sec. 321.90*)

1. “Abandoned vehicle” means any of the following:
  - A. A vehicle that has been left unattended on public property for more than 24 hours and lacks current registration plates or two or more wheels or other parts which renders the vehicle totally inoperable.
  - B. A vehicle that has remained illegally on public property for more than 24 hours.
  - C. A vehicle that has been unlawfully parked or placed on private property without the consent of the owner or person in control of the property for more than 24 hours.
  - D. A vehicle that has been legally impounded by order of a police authority and has not been reclaimed for a period of 10 days. However, a police authority may declare the vehicle abandoned within the 10-day period by commencing the notification process.
  - E. Any vehicle parked on the highway determined by a police authority to create a hazard to other vehicle traffic.
  - F. A vehicle that has been impounded pursuant to Section 321J.4B of the *Code of Iowa* by order of the court and whose owner has not paid the impoundment fees after notification by the person or agency responsible for carrying out the impoundment order.
2. “Demolisher” means a person licensed under Chapter 321H of the *Code of Iowa* whose business it is to convert a vehicle to junk, processed scrap or scrap metal, or otherwise to wreck, or dismantle vehicles.
3. “Garage keeper” means any operator of a parking place or establishment, motor vehicle storage facility, or establishment for the servicing, repair, or maintenance of motor vehicles.
4. “Police authority” means the Iowa State Patrol or any law enforcement agency of a county or city.

**80.02 AUTHORITY TO TAKE POSSESSION OF ABANDONED VEHICLES.** A police authority, upon the authority’s own initiative or upon the request of any other authority having the duties of control of highways or traffic, shall take into custody an abandoned vehicle on public property and may take into custody any abandoned vehicle on private property. The police authority may employ its own personnel, equipment, and facilities or hire a private entity,

equipment, and facilities for the purpose of removing, preserving, storing, or disposing of abandoned vehicles. A property owner or other person in control of private property may employ a private entity that is a garage keeper to dispose of an abandoned vehicle, and the private entity may take into custody the abandoned vehicle without a police authority's initiative. If a police authority employs a private entity to dispose of abandoned vehicles, the police authority shall provide the private entity with the names and addresses of the registered owners, all lienholders of record, and any other known claimant to the vehicle or the personal property found in the vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[2])*

### **80.03 NOTICE BY MAIL.**

1. A police authority or private entity that takes into custody an abandoned vehicle shall send notice by certified mail that the vehicle has been taken into custody no more than 20 days after taking custody of the vehicle. Notice shall be sent to the last known address of record of the last known registered owner of the vehicle, all lienholders of record, and any other known claimant to the vehicle.
2. Notice shall be deemed given when mailed. The notice shall include all of the following:
  - A. A description of the year, make, model, and vehicle identification number of the vehicle.
  - B. The location of the facility where the vehicle is being held.
  - C. Information for the persons receiving the notice of their right to reclaim the vehicle and personal property contained therein within 10 days after the effective date of the notice. Persons may reclaim the vehicle or personal property upon payment of all towing, preservation, and storage charges resulting from placing the vehicle in custody and upon payment of the costs of the notice required pursuant to this section.
  - D. A statement that failure of the owner, lienholders, or claimants to exercise their right to reclaim the vehicle or personal property within the time provided shall be deemed a waiver by the owner, lienholders, and claimants of all right, title, claim, and interest in the vehicle or personal property.
  - E. A statement that failure to reclaim the vehicle or personal property is deemed consent for the police authority or private entity to sell the vehicle at a public auction or dispose of the vehicle to a demolisher and to dispose of the personal property by sale or destruction.
3. If the abandoned vehicle was taken into custody by a private entity without a police authority's initiative, the notice shall state that the private entity may claim a garage keeper's lien as described in Section 321.90, Subsection 1, of the *Code of Iowa*, and may proceed to sell or dispose of the vehicle.
4. If the abandoned vehicle was taken into custody by a police authority or by a private entity hired by a police authority, the notice shall state that any person claiming rightful possession of the vehicle or personal property who disputes the planned disposition of the vehicle or personal property by the police authority or private entity or of the assessment of fees and charges provided by this section may ask for an evidentiary hearing before the police authority to contest those matters.



5. If the persons receiving notice do not ask for a hearing or exercise their right to reclaim the vehicle or personal property within the 10-day reclaiming period, the owner, lienholders, or claimants shall no longer have any right, title, claim, or interest in or to the vehicle or the personal property.

6. A court in any case in law or equity shall not recognize any right, title, claim, or interest of the owner, lienholders, or claimants after the expiration of the 10-day reclaiming period.

7. If it is impossible to determine with reasonable certainty the identities and addresses of the last registered owner and all lienholders, notice by one publication in one newspaper of general circulation in the area where the vehicle was abandoned shall be sufficient to meet all requirements of notice under Subsection 2 of this section. The published notice may contain multiple listings of abandoned vehicles but shall be published within the same time requirements and contain the same information as prescribed for mailed notice in Subsection 2 of this section.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[3])*

*(Section 80.03 – Ord. 220 – Aug. 21 Supp.)*

**80.04 RECLAMATION OF ABANDONED VEHICLES.** Prior to driving an abandoned vehicle away from the premises, a person who received or who is reclaiming the vehicle on behalf of a person who received notice under Section 80.03 shall present to the police authority or private entity, as applicable, the person's valid driver's license and proof of financial liability coverage as provided in Section 321.20B of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[3a])*

*(Ord. 220 – Aug. 21 Supp.)*

**80.05 FEES FOR IMPOUNDMENT.** The owner, lienholder, or claimant shall pay \$20.00 if claimed within five days of impounding, plus \$5.00 for each additional day within the reclaiming period plus towing charges, if stored by the City, or towing and storage fees, if stored in a public garage, whereupon said vehicle shall be released. The amount of towing charges, and the rate of storage charges by privately owned garages, shall be established by such facility.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[3a])*

**80.06 DISPOSAL OF ABANDONED VEHICLES.** If an abandoned vehicle has not been reclaimed as provided herein, the police authority or private entity shall make a determination as to whether or not the motor vehicle should be sold for use upon the highways, and shall dispose of the motor vehicle in accordance with State law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[4])*

**80.07 DISPOSAL OF TOTALLY INOPERABLE VEHICLES.** The City or any person upon whose property or in whose possession is found any abandoned motor vehicle, or any person being the owner of a motor vehicle whose title certificate is faulty, lost or destroyed, may dispose of such motor vehicle to a demolisher for junk, without a title and without notification procedures, if such motor vehicle lacks an engine or two or more wheels or other structural part which renders the vehicle totally inoperable. The police authority shall give the applicant a certificate of authority. The applicant shall then apply to the County Treasurer for a junking certificate and shall surrender the certificate of authority in lieu of the certificate of title.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.90[2e])*

**80.08 PROCEEDS FROM SALES.** Proceeds from the sale of any abandoned vehicle shall be applied to the expense of auction, cost of towing, preserving, storing, and notification required, in accordance with State law. Any balance shall be held for the owner of the motor vehicle or entitled lienholder for 90 days, and then shall be deposited in the State Road Use Tax Fund. Where the sale of any vehicle fails to realize the amount necessary to meet costs the police authority shall apply for reimbursement from the Department of Transportation.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89[4])*

**80.09 DUTIES OF DEMOLISHER.** Any demolisher who purchases or otherwise acquires an abandoned motor vehicle for junk shall junk, scrap, wreck, dismantle, or otherwise demolish such motor vehicle. A demolisher shall not junk, scrap, wreck, dismantle, or demolish a vehicle until the demolisher has obtained the junking certificate issued for the vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.90[3a])*

[The next page is 425]

## CHAPTER 90

# WATER SERVICE SYSTEM

90.01 Definitions	90.12 Responsibility for Water Service Pipe
90.02 Superintendent's Duties	90.13 Failure to Maintain
90.03 Mandatory Connections	90.14 Curb Valve
90.04 Abandoned Connections	90.15 Interior Valve
90.05 Permit	90.16 Inspection and Approval
90.06 Fee for Permit	90.17 Completion by the City
90.07 Compliance with Plumbing Code	90.18 Shutting Off Water Supply
90.08 Plumber Required	90.19 Operation of Curb Valve and Hydrants
90.09 Excavations	90.20 Replacement of Lead Service Pipes
90.10 Tapping Mains	90.21 Private Wells
90.11 Installation of Water Service Pipe	

**90.01 DEFINITIONS.** The following terms are defined for use in the chapters in this Code of Ordinances pertaining to the Water Service System:

1. "Combined service account" means a customer service account for the provision of two or more utility services.
2. "Customer" means, in addition to any person receiving water service from the City, the owner of the property served, and as between such parties the duties, responsibilities, liabilities and obligations hereinafter imposed shall be joint and several.
3. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the City water system or any duly authorized assistant, agent or representative.
4. "Water main" means a water supply pipe provided for public or community use.
5. "Water service pipe" means the pipe from the water main to the building served.
6. "Water system" or "water works" means all public facilities for securing, collecting, storing, pumping, treating, and distributing water.

**90.02 SUPERINTENDENT'S DUTIES.** The Superintendent shall supervise the installation of water service pipes and their connection to the water main and enforce all regulations pertaining to water services in the City in accordance with this chapter. This chapter shall apply to all replacements of existing water service pipes as well as to new ones. The Superintendent shall make such rules, not in conflict with the provisions of this chapter, as may be needed for the detailed operation of the water system, subject to the approval of the Council. In the event of an emergency the Superintendent may make temporary rules for the protection of the system until due consideration by the Council may be had.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

**90.03 MANDATORY CONNECTIONS.** All residences and business establishments within the City limits intended or used for human habitation, occupancy or use shall be connected to the public water system, if it is reasonably available and if the building is not furnished with pure and wholesome water from some other source.

**90.04 ABANDONED CONNECTIONS.** When an existing water service is abandoned or a service is renewed with a new tap in the main, all abandoned connections with the mains shall be turned off at the corporation stop and made absolutely watertight.

**90.05 PERMIT.** Before any person makes a connection with the public water system, a written permit must be obtained from the City. The application for the permit shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, the name and address of the person who will do the work, and the general uses of the water. If the proposed work meets all the requirements of this chapter and if all fees required under this chapter have been paid, the permit shall be issued. Work under any permit must be completed within 60 days after the permit is issued, except that when such time period is inequitable or unfair due to conditions beyond the control of the person making the application, an extension of time within which to complete the work may be granted. The permit may be revoked at any time for any violation of these chapters.

**90.06 FEE FOR PERMIT.** Before any permit is issued the person who makes the application shall a fee in the amount of \$200.00 to the Clerk to cover the cost of issuing the permit and supervising, regulating, and inspecting the work.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**90.07 COMPLIANCE WITH PLUMBING CODE.** The installation of any water service pipe and any connection with the water system shall comply with all pertinent and applicable provisions, whether regulatory, procedural or enforcement provisions, of the *State Plumbing Code*.

**90.08 PLUMBER REQUIRED.** All installations of water service pipes and connections to the water system shall be made by a State-licensed plumber.

**90.09 EXCAVATIONS.** All trench work, excavation, and backfilling required in making a connection shall be performed in accordance with the *State Plumbing Code* and the provisions of Chapter 135 of this Code of Ordinances.

**90.10 TAPPING MAINS.** All taps into water mains shall be made by or under the direct supervision of the Superintendent and in accordance with the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

1. Independent Services. No more than one house, building, or premises shall be supplied from one tap unless special written permission is obtained from the Superintendent and unless provision is made so that each house, building, or premises may be shut off independently of the other.
2. Sizes and Location of Taps. All mains six inches or less in diameter shall receive no larger than a three-fourths inch tap. All mains of over six inches in diameter shall receive no larger than a one-inch tap. Where a larger connection than a one-inch tap is desired, two or more small taps or saddles shall be used, as the Superintendent shall order. All taps in the mains shall be made in the top half of the pipe, at least 18 inches apart. No main shall be tapped nearer than two feet of the joint in the main.
3. Corporation Stop. A brass corporation stop, of the pattern and weight approved by the Superintendent, shall be inserted in every tap in the main. The corporation stop in the main shall be of the same size as the service pipe.

4. Location Record. An accurate and dimensional sketch showing the exact location of the tap shall be filed with the Superintendent in such form as the Superintendent shall require.

**90.11 INSTALLATION OF WATER SERVICE PIPE.** Water service pipes from the main to the meter setting shall be Type K copper. The use of any other pipe material for the service line shall first be approved by the Superintendent. Pipe must be laid sufficiently waving, and to such depth, as to prevent rupture from settlement or freezing.

**90.12 RESPONSIBILITY FOR WATER SERVICE PIPE.** All costs and expenses incident to the installation, connection, and maintenance of the water service pipe from the main to the building served shall be borne by the owner. All costs incident to the installation and maintenance of the curb valve shall be borne by the property owner. The owner shall indemnify the City from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be occasioned by the installation or maintenance of said water service pipe.

**90.13 FAILURE TO MAINTAIN.** When any portion of the water service pipe which is the responsibility of the property owner becomes defective or creates a nuisance and the owner fails to correct such nuisance, the City may do so and assess the costs thereof to the property.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3a & h])*

**90.14 CURB VALVE.** There shall be installed within the public right-of-way a main shut-off valve on the water service pipe of a pattern approved by the Superintendent. The shut-off valve shall be constructed to be visible and even with the pavement or ground.

**90.15 INTERIOR VALVE.** There shall be installed a shut-off valve on every service pipe inside the building as close to the entrance of the pipe within the building as possible and so located that the water can be shut off conveniently. Where one service pipe supplies more than one customer within the building, there shall be separate valves for each such customer so that service may be shut off for one without interfering with service to the others.

**90.16 INSPECTION AND APPROVAL.** All water service pipes and their connections to the water system must be inspected and approved in writing by the Superintendent before they are covered, and the Superintendent shall keep a record of such approvals. If the Superintendent refuses to approve the work, the plumber or property owner must proceed immediately to correct the work. Every person who uses or intends to use the municipal water system shall permit the Superintendent to enter the premises to inspect or make necessary alterations or repairs at all reasonable hours and on proof of authority.

**90.17 COMPLETION BY THE CITY.** Should any excavation be left open or only partly refilled for 24 hours after the water service pipe is installed and connected with the water system, or should the work be improperly done, the City shall have the right to finish or correct the work, and the Council shall assess the costs to the property owner or the plumber. If the plumber is assessed, the plumber must pay the costs before receiving another permit. If the property owner is assessed, such assessment may be collected with and in the same manner as general property taxes.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3a & h])*

**90.18 SHUTTING OFF WATER SUPPLY.** The Superintendent may shut off the supply of water to any customer because of any violation of the regulations contained in these Water Service System chapters that is not being contested in good faith. The supply shall not be turned

on again until all violations have been corrected and the Superintendent has ordered the water to be turned on.

**90.19 OPERATION OF CURB VALVE AND HYDRANTS.** It is unlawful for any person except the Superintendent to turn water on at the curb valve, and no person, unless specifically authorized by the City, shall open or attempt to draw water from any fire hydrant for any purpose whatsoever.

**90.20 REPLACEMENT OF LEAD SERVICE PIPES.** Should any work on a water service pipe reveal that it is lead piping, the service pipe shall be replaced or a new service pipe shall be installed and the old pipe abandoned, all in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

**90.21 PRIVATE WELLS.** No property owner in the City shall be allowed to dig or construct his or her own well. All property owners shall be required to connect to the City water services.

[The next page is 433]

## CHAPTER 91

### WATER METERS

**91.01 Purpose**

**91.02 Water Use Metered**

**91.03 Fire Sprinkler Systems; Exception**

**91.04 Location of Meters**

**91.05 Meter Setting**

**91.06 Meter Costs**

**91.07 Meter Repairs**

**91.08 Customer Requested Meter Tests**

**91.09 Right of Entry**

**91.10 Separate Metering of Water not Entering the Sewer System**

**91.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to encourage the conservation of water and facilitate the equitable distribution of charges for water service among customers.

**91.02 WATER USE METERED.** All water furnished customers shall be measured through meters furnished by the City and installed by the City.

**91.03 FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS; EXCEPTION.** Fire sprinkler systems may be connected to water mains by direct connection without meters under the direct supervision of the Superintendent. No other open, unmetered connection shall be incorporated in the system, and there shall be no valves except a main control valve at the entrance to the building which must be sealed open.

**91.04 LOCATION OF METERS.** All meters shall be so located that they are easily accessible to meter readers and repairmen and protected from freezing.

**91.05 METER SETTING.** The property owner shall provide all necessary piping and fittings for proper setting of the meter including a valve on the discharge side of the meter. Meter pits may be used only upon approval of the Superintendent and shall be of a design and construction approved by the Superintendent.

**91.06 METER COSTS.** The full cost of any meter larger than that required for a single-family residence shall be paid to the City by the property owner or customer prior to the installation of any such meter by the City, or, at the sole option of the City, the property owner or customer may be required to purchase and install such meter in accordance with requirements established by the City.

**91.07 METER REPAIRS.** Whenever a water meter owned by the City is found to be out of order the Superintendent shall have it repaired. If it is found that damage to the meter has occurred due to the carelessness or negligence of the customer or property owner, or the meter is not owned by the City, then the property owner shall be liable for the cost of repairs.

**91.08 CUSTOMER REQUESTED METER TESTS.** Meter tests requested by the customer shall be performed by an outside testing contractor. Where the meter is found to be within the allowable tolerance, the customer shall be billed for the direct cost of such test, but in any event, not less than \$85.00.

**91.09 RIGHT OF ENTRY.** The Superintendent shall be permitted to enter the premises of any customer at any reasonable time to read, remove, or change a meter.

**91.10 SEPARATE METERING OF WATER NOT ENTERING THE SEWER SYSTEM.**

1. Any water customer who desires to use City water for a purpose that prevents the used water from entering the City sewer system may purchase and install an additional water meter to measure the water used for such purpose.
2. Such a customer shall furnish and install an approved additional water meter to City specifications in such a way that only water that cannot enter the sewer system will be measured through such additional meter.
3. The amount of water thus used and measured by such an additional water meter shall be added to the water used and measured by the primary water meter and the total water thus consumed shall be paid for at the regular water usage rate established from time to time. No charge for sewer usage shall be made for water measured through such additional meter.
4. There shall be no additional minimum charge for the additional meter. All costs of purchase, installation and maintenance of the additional water meter system shall be borne by the customer installing the additional meter.

[The next page is 437]



## CHAPTER 92

### WATER RATES

92.01 Service Charges  
92.02 Rates For Service  
92.03 Rates Outside the City  
92.04 Billing for Water Service  
92.05 Service Discontinued  
92.06 Lien for Nonpayment

92.07 Lien Exemption  
92.08 Lien Notice  
92.09 Customer Deposits  
92.10 Temporary Vacancy  
92.11 Water Leak Payment Adjustment Policy  
92.12 Bulk Water Sales

**92.01 SERVICE CHARGES.** Each customer shall pay for water service provided by the City based upon use of water as determined by meters provided for in Chapter 91. Each location, building, premises or connection shall be considered a separate and distinct customer whether owned or controlled by the same person or not.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**92.02 RATES FOR SERVICE.** Water service shall be furnished at the following monthly rates within the City:

1. First 1,000 gallons used per month @ \$26.15 (minimum bill).
2. All over 1,000 gallons used per month @ \$9.65 per 1,000 gallons.
3. Water service to the American Legion Post, Anthon Community Center, Anthon Fire Department and municipal use shall be furnished at the following monthly rates:
  - A. First 1,000 gallons used per month @ \$19.09 (minimum bill).
  - B. All over 1,000 gallons used per month @ \$7.77 per 1,000 gallons.
  - C. All water for the Anthon Fire Department and for municipal use shall be furnished at no cost.

*(Section 92.02 – Ord. 226 – Apr. 22 Supp.)*

**92.03 RATES OUTSIDE THE CITY.** Water service shall be provided to any customer located outside the corporate limits of the City which the City has agreed to serve at rates 150 percent of the rates provided in Section 92.02. No such customer, however, will be served unless the customer shall have signed a service contract agreeing to be bound by the ordinances, rules, and regulations applying to water service established by the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.4 & 384.84)*

**92.04 BILLING FOR WATER SERVICE.** Water service shall be billed as part of a combined service account, payable in accordance with the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

1. Bills Issued. The Clerk shall prepare and issue bills for combined service accounts. Bills shall be deemed issued as of the date indicated on the bills.
2. Bills Payable. Bills for combined service accounts shall be due and payable at the office of the Clerk by the twenty-fifth day of the month in which it is issued.

3. Late Payment Penalty. Bills not paid when due shall be considered delinquent. A late payment penalty of one and one-half percent of the amount due shall be added to each delinquent bill each month.

**92.05 SERVICE DISCONTINUED.** Water service to delinquent customers shall be discontinued or disconnected in accordance with the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

1. Notice. The Clerk shall notify each delinquent customer that service will be discontinued or disconnected if payment of the combined service account, including late payment charges, is not received by the date specified in the notice of delinquency. Such notice shall be sent by ordinary mail to the customer in whose name the delinquent charges were incurred and shall inform the customer of the nature of the delinquency and afford the customer the opportunity for a hearing prior to the discontinuance or disconnection.
2. Notice to Landlords. If the customer is a tenant, and if the owner or landlord of the property or premises has made a written request for notice, the notice of delinquency shall also be given to the owner or landlord. If the customer is a tenant and requests a change of name for service under the account, such request shall be sent to the owner or landlord of the property if the owner or landlord has made a written request for notice of any change of name for service under the account to the rental property.
3. Hearing. If a hearing is requested by noon of the day preceding the shut off, the Mayor shall conduct an informal hearing and shall make a determination as to whether the discontinuance or disconnection is justified. If the Mayor finds that discontinuance or disconnection is justified, then such discontinuance or disconnection shall be made, unless payment has been received.
4. Fees. A delinquency notice posting fee of \$30.00 shall be charged for the posting of any second notice at a delinquent customer's address within 24 hours of any disconnection. A turn-on fee of \$35.00 shall be charged before service is restored to a delinquent customer during regular working hours. If service is restored after regular working hours, a fee of \$55.00 will be required to restore service. No turn-on fee or service fee shall be charged for the usual or customary trips in the regular changes in occupancies of property.

**92.06 LIEN FOR NONPAYMENT.** The owner of the premises served and any lessee or tenant thereof shall be jointly and severally liable for water service charges to the premises. Water service charges remaining unpaid and delinquent shall constitute a lien upon the property or premises served and shall be certified by the Clerk to the County Treasurer for collection in the same manner as property taxes.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**92.07 LIEN EXEMPTION.**

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

1. Water Service Exemption. The lien for nonpayment shall not apply to charges for water service to a residential or commercial rental property where water service is separately metered and the rates or charges for the water service are paid directly to the City by the tenant, if the landlord gives written notice to the City that the property is residential or commercial rental property and that the tenant is liable for the rates or charges. The City may require a deposit not exceeding the usual cost of 90 days of such services to be paid to the City. When the tenant moves from the rental property, the

City shall refund the deposit if all service charges are paid in full. The lien exemption does not apply to delinquent charges for repairs related to any of the services.

2. **Other Service Exemption.** The lien for nonpayment shall also not apply to the charges for any of the services of sewer systems, storm water drainage systems, sewage treatment, solid waste collection, and solid waste disposal for a residential rental property where the charge is paid directly to the City by the tenant, if the landlord gives written notice to the City that the property is residential rental property and that the tenant is liable for the rates or charges for such service. The City may require a deposit not exceeding the usual cost of 90 days of such services to be paid to the City. When the tenant moves from the rental property, the City shall refund the deposit if all service charges are paid in full. The lien exemption does not apply to delinquent charges for repairs related to any of the services.

3. **Written Notice.** The landlord's written notice shall contain the name of the tenant responsible for charges, the address of the residential or commercial rental property that the tenant is to occupy, and the date that the occupancy begins. Upon receipt, the City shall acknowledge the notice and deposit. A change in tenant for a residential rental property shall require a new written notice to be given to the City within 30 business days of the change in tenant. A change in tenant for a commercial rental property shall require a new written notice to be given to the City within 10 business days of the change in tenant. A change in the ownership of the residential rental property shall require written notice of such change to be given to the City within 30 business days of the completion of the change of ownership. A change in the ownership of the commercial rental property shall require written notice of such change to be given to the City within 10 business days of the completion of the change of ownership.

4. **Mobile Homes, Modular Homes, and Manufactured Homes.** A lien for nonpayment of utility services described in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall not be placed upon a premises that is a mobile home, modular home, or manufactured home if the mobile home, modular home, or manufactured home is owned by a tenant of and located in a mobile home park or manufactured home community and the mobile home park or manufactured home community owner or manager is the account holder, unless the lease agreement specifies that the tenant is responsible for payment of a portion of the rates or charges billed to the account holder.

**92.08 LIEN NOTICE.** A lien for delinquent water service charges shall not be certified to the County Treasurer unless prior written notice of intent to certify a lien is given to the customer in whose name the delinquent charges were incurred. If the customer is a tenant and if the owner or landlord of the property or premises has made a written request for notice, the notice shall

also be given to the owner or landlord. The notice shall be sent to the appropriate persons by ordinary mail not less than 30 days prior to certification of the lien to the County Treasurer.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**92.09 CUSTOMER DEPOSITS.** There shall be required from every customer not the owner of the premises served a \$195.00 deposit intended to guarantee the payment of bills for service.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

*(Ord. 199 – Nov. 18 Supp.)*

**92.10 TEMPORARY VACANCY.** A property owner may request water service be temporarily discontinued and shut off at the curb valve when the property is expected to be

vacant for an extended period of time. During a period when service is temporarily discontinued as provided herein there shall be no minimum service charge. The City will not drain pipes or pull meters for temporary vacancies.

#### **92.11 WATER LEAK PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT POLICY.**

1. When a water leak occurs between a pit set water meter and the customer's improvement being served by water and sewer, the customer shall pay a charge for that month for sewer and water that is determined by using the average of the preceding 12 months' charges for sewer and water.
2. Except for properties metered by a pit set meter, when a water leak occurs in or under a customer's improvement being served by water and sewer, the customer shall pay for all water registered on the meter and shall pay a charge for sewer for that month that is determined by using the average of the preceding 12 months' charges for sewer.
3. The foregoing adjustments will only be allowed if a customer corrects a leak within 10 days after being advised by the City either through a water and sewer bill, or directly if the City notices that a particular customer has an unusually high reading for that month. The City shall not be liable for any failure to advise any customer of a suspected high reading prior to the issuance of a water and sewer bill. No extension of the above 10-day grace period shall be given, unless approved in writing by a City water official or the Superintendent.
4. When the customer is the Anthon Community Center and any water leak occurs, the City may, in its discretion by majority vote of the Council, issue a charge for that month that is determined by using the average of the preceding 12 months charges for water and sewer.

*(Section 92.11 – Ord. 213 – Oct. 20 Supp.)*

**92.12 BULK WATER SALES.** Water shall be available from the water plant at the following bulk rates:

1. First to activate the machine @ \$0.25.
2. All water @ \$2.82 per 100 gallons.
  - A. Bills Payable. Bills for bulk water sales shall be due and payable at the office of the Clerk by the 25th day of the month in which it is issued.
  - B. Late Payment. Bills not paid when due shall be considered delinquent. A late payment administrative fee of ten percent (10%) of the amount due shall be added to each delinquent bill each month.

*(Sec. 92.12 – Ord. 226 – Apr. 22 Supp.)*

[The next page is 445]

## CHAPTER 93

# PROTECTION OF PUBLIC WATER WELLS

93.01 Purpose

93.02 Definitions

93.03 Distances Required from Public Wells

93.04 Application

93.05 Inspection

93.06 Violations

**93.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to restrict the location of potential sources of contamination in close proximity to a public water supply in order to protect the public safety, health and welfare.

**93.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined.

1. “Deep public well” means a public well located and constructed in such a manner that there is a continuous layer of low permeability soil or rock at least five feet thick located at least 25 feet below the normal ground surface and above the aquifer from which the water is to be drawn.
2. “Shallow public well” means a public well located and constructed in such a manner that there is not a continuous layer of low permeability soil or rock at least five feet thick located at least 25 feet below the normal ground surface and above the aquifer from which the water is drawn.

**93.03 DISTANCES REQUIRED FROM PUBLIC WELLS.** No structure or facility or prohibited land use of the enumerated types set out in the following Table A shall be located within the distances set forth in said Table from public wells within the City.

**93.04 APPLICATION.** Prescriptions set forth in Table A shall apply to all public wells existing within the City, except public water wells formerly abandoned for use by resolution of the Council.

**TABLE A: SEPARATION DISTANCES**

SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION	REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM WELL, IN FEET	
	Deep Well <sup>1</sup>	Shallow Well <sup>1</sup>
<b>WASTEWATER STRUCTURES:</b>		
Point of Discharge to Ground Surface		
Sanitary and industrial discharges	400	400
Water treatment plant wastes	50	50
Well house floor drains	5	5
<b>Sewers and Drains<sup>2</sup></b>		
Sanitary and storm sewers, drains	0 – 25 feet: prohibited 25 – 75 feet if water main pipe 75 – 200 feet if sanitary sewer pipe	0 – 25 feet: prohibited 25 – 75 feet if water main pipe 75 – 200 feet if sanitary sewer main pipe
Sewer force mains	0 – 75 feet: prohibited 75 – 400 feet if water main pipe 400 – 1,000 feet if water main or sanitary sewer pipe	0 – 75 feet: prohibited 75 – 400 feet if water main pipe 400 – 1,000 feet if water main or sanitary sewer main pipe
Water plant treatment process wastes that are treated onsite	0 – 5 feet: prohibited 5 – 50 feet if sanitary sewer pipe	0 – 5 feet: prohibited 5 – 50 feet if sanitary sewer main pipe
Water plant wastes to sanitary sewer	0 – 25 feet: prohibited 25 – 75 feet if water main pipe 75 – 200 feet if sanitary sewer pipe	0 – 25 feet: prohibited 25 – 75 feet if water main pipe 75 – 200 feet if sanitary sewer main pipe
Well house floor drains to sewers	0 – 25 feet: prohibited 25 – 75 feet if water main pipe 75 – 200 feet if sanitary sewer pipe	0 – 25 feet: prohibited 25 – 75 feet if water main pipe 75 – 200 feet if sanitary sewer main pipe
Well house floor drains to surface	0 – 5 feet: prohibited 5 – 50 feet if sanitary sewer pipe	0 – 5 feet: prohibited 5 – 50 feet if sanitary sewer main pipe
<b>Land Disposal of Treated Wastes</b>		
Irrigation of wastewater	200	400
Land application of solid wastes <sup>3</sup>	200	400
<b>Other</b>		
Cesspools and earth pit privies	200	400
Concrete vaults and septic tanks	100	200
Lagoons	400	1,000
Mechanical wastewater treatment plants	200	400
Soil absorption fields	200	400

SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION	REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM WELL, IN FEET	
	Deep Well <sup>1</sup>	Shallow Well <sup>1</sup>
<b>CHEMICALS:</b>		
Chemical application to ground surface	100	200
Chemical & mineral storage above ground	100	200
Chemical & mineral storage on or under ground	200	400
Transmission pipelines (such as fertilizer, liquid petroleum, or anhydrous ammonia)	200	400
<b>ANIMALS:</b>		
Animal pasturage	50	50
Animal enclosure	200	400
Earthen silage storage trench or pit	100	200
<b>Animal Wastes</b>		
Land application of liquid or slurry	200	400
Land application of solids	200	400
Solids stockpile	200	400
Storage basin or lagoon	400	1,000
Storage tank	200	400
<b>MISCELLANEOUS:</b>		
Basements, pits, sumps	10	10
Cemeteries	200	200
Cisterns	50	100
Flowing streams or other surface water bodies	50	50
Railroads	100	200
Private wells	200	400
Solid waste landfills and disposal sites	1,000	1,000
GHEX loop boreholes	200	200

<sup>1</sup> Deep and shallow wells, as defined in IAC 567-40.2(455B): A deep well is a well located and constructed in such a manner that there is a continuous layer of low permeability soil or rock at least five feet thick located at least 25 feet below the normal ground surface and above the aquifer from which water is to be drawn. A shallow well is a well located and constructed in such a manner that there is not a continuous layer of low permeability soil or rock (or equivalent retarding mechanism acceptable to the department) at least five feet thick, the top of which is located at least 25 feet below the normal ground surface and above the aquifer from which water is to be drawn.

<sup>2</sup> The separation distances are dependent upon two factors: the type of piping that is in the existing sewer or drain, as noted in the table, and that the piping was properly installed in accordance with the standards.

<sup>3</sup> Solid wastes are those derived from the treatment of water or wastewater. Certain types of solid wastes from water treatment processes may be land-applied within the separation distance on an individual, case-by-case basis.

<sup>4</sup> Solid waste means garbage, refuse, rubbish, and other similar discarded solid or semisolid materials, including but not limited to such materials resulting from industrial, commercial, agricultural, and domestic activities.

(Section 93.04 – Ord. 205 – Nov. 19 Supp.)

**93.05 INSPECTION.** The City shall have the right to inspect properties in close proximity to public water supplies for the purpose of determining compliance with this chapter, as follows:

1. The Superintendent and other duly authorized representatives of the City bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purposes of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling and testing in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
2. While performing the necessary work on private properties referred to in subsection 1 above, the Superintendent or duly authorized representatives of the City shall observe all safety rules applicable to the premises and the property owner shall be held harmless for injury or death to the City personnel. The City shall indemnify the property owner against loss or damage to property by City personnel and against liability claims and demands for personal injury or property damage asserted against the property owner and growing out of the inspection operation, except as such may be caused by negligence or failure of the property owner to maintain safe conditions.

**93.06 VIOLATIONS.** Provisions for violation of this chapter shall be as follows:

1. Any person found to be violating this chapter shall be served by the City with written notice stating the nature of the violation and providing a reasonable time limit for the satisfactory correction thereof. The offender shall, within the period of time stated in such notice, permanently cease all violations.
2. Any person who shall continue any violation beyond the time limit provided for in subsection 1 above shall be guilty of a simple misdemeanor. Each 24-hour period in which any such violation shall continue shall be deemed a separate offense.
3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall become liable to the City for any expense, loss or damage occasioned the City by reason of such violation.

[The next page is 453]



## CHAPTER 95

# SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

95.01 Purpose  
95.02 Definitions  
95.03 Superintendent  
95.04 Prohibited Acts  
95.05 Sewer Connection Required

95.06 Service Outside the City  
95.07 Right of Entry  
95.08 Use of Easements  
95.09 Special Penalties

**95.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of the chapters of this Code of Ordinances pertaining to Sanitary Sewers is to establish rules and regulations governing the treatment and disposal of sanitary sewage within the City in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

**95.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in these chapters, unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, the following terms are defined:

1. "B.O.D." (denoting Biochemical Oxygen Demand) means the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five days at 20 degrees C, expressed in milligrams per liter or parts per million.
2. "Building drain" means that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a building drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste, and other drainage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer, beginning five feet (one and one-half meters) outside the inner face of the building wall.
3. "Building sewer" means that part of the horizontal piping from the building wall to its connection with the main sewer or the primary treatment portion of an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system conveying the drainage of one building site.
4. "Combined sewer" means a sewer receiving both surface run-off and sewage.
5. "Customer" means any person responsible for the production of domestic, commercial, or industrial waste that is directly or indirectly discharged into the public sewer system.
6. "Garbage" means solid wastes from the domestic and commercial preparation, cooking and dispensing of food, and from the handling, storage, and sale of produce.
7. "Industrial wastes" means the liquid wastes from industrial manufacturing processes, trade, or business as distinct from sanitary sewage.
8. "Inspector" means the person duly authorized by the Council to inspect and approve the installation of building sewers and their connections to the public sewer system; and to inspect such sewage as may be discharged therefrom.
9. "Natural outlet" means any outlet into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake, or other body of surface or groundwater.
10. "On-site wastewater treatment and disposal system" means all equipment and devices necessary for proper conduction, collection, storage, treatment, and disposal of wastewater from four or fewer dwelling units or other facilities serving the equivalent of 15 persons (1,500 gpd) or less.

11. “pH” means the logarithm of the reciprocal of the weight of hydrogen ions in grams per liter of solution.
12. “Public sewer” means a sewer in which all owners of abutting properties have equal rights, and is controlled by public authority.
13. “Sanitary sewage” means sewage discharging from the sanitary conveniences of dwellings (including apartment houses and hotels), office buildings, factories, or institutions, and free from storm, surface water, and industrial waste.
14. “Sanitary sewer” means a sewer that carries sewage and to which storm, surface, and ground waters are not intentionally admitted.
15. “Sewage” means a combination of the water-carried wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions, and industrial establishments, together with such ground, surface, and storm waters as may be present.
16. “Sewage treatment plant” means any arrangement of devices and structures used for treating sewage.
17. “Sewage works” or “sewage system” means all facilities for collecting, pumping, treating, and disposing of sewage.
18. “Sewer” means a pipe or conduit for carrying sewage.
19. “Sewer service charges” means any and all charges, rates or fees levied against and payable by customers, as consideration for the servicing of said customers by said sewer system.
20. “Slug” means any discharge of water, sewage, or industrial waste that in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow exceeds for any period of duration longer than 15 minutes more than five times the average 24-hour concentration or flows during normal operation.
21. “Storm drain” or “storm sewer” means a sewer that carries storm and surface waters and drainage but excludes sewage and industrial wastes, other than unpolluted cooling water.
22. “Superintendent” means the Superintendent of sewage works and/or of water pollution control of the City or any authorized deputy, agent, or representative.
23. “Suspended solids” means solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in water, sewage, or other liquids, and that are removable by laboratory filtering.
24. “Watercourse” means a channel in which a flow of water occurs, either continuously or intermittently.

**95.03 SUPERINTENDENT.** The Superintendent shall exercise the following powers and duties:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

1. **Operation and Maintenance.** Operate and maintain the City sewage system.
2. **Inspection and Tests.** Conduct necessary inspections and tests to assure compliance with the provisions of these Sanitary Sewer chapters.
3. **Records.** Maintain a complete and accurate record of all sewers, sewage connections and manholes constructed showing the location and grades thereof.

**95.04 PROHIBITED ACTS.** No person shall do, or allow, any of the following:

1. Damage Sewer System. Maliciously, willfully, or negligently break, damage, destroy, uncover, deface, or tamper with any structure, appurtenance, or equipment that is a part of the sewer system.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)*

2. Surface Run-Off or Groundwater. Connect a roof downspout, sump pump, exterior foundation drain, areaway drain, or other source of surface run-off or groundwater to a building sewer or building drain that is connected directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer.

3. Manholes. Open or enter any manhole of the sewer system, except by authority of the Superintendent.

4. Objectionable Wastes. Place or deposit in any unsanitary manner on public or private property within the City, or in any area under the jurisdiction of the City, any human or animal excrement, garbage, or other objectionable waste.

5. Septic Tanks. Construct or maintain any privy, privy vault, septic tank, cesspool, or other facility intended or used for the disposal of sewage except as provided in these chapters.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3f])*

6. Untreated Discharge. Discharge to any natural outlet within the City, or in any area under its jurisdiction, any sanitary sewage, industrial wastes, or other polluted waters, except where suitable treatment has been provided in accordance with subsequent provisions of these chapters.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3f])*

**95.05 SEWER CONNECTION REQUIRED.** The owners of any houses, buildings, or properties used for human occupancy, employment, recreation or other purposes, situated within the City and abutting on any street, alley or right-of-way in which there is now located, or may in the future be located, a public sanitary or combined sewer, are hereby required to install, at such owner's expense, suitable toilet facilities therein and a building sewer connecting such facilities directly with the proper public sewer, and to maintain the same all in accordance with the provisions of these Sanitary Sewer chapters, such compliance to be completed within 60 days after date of official notice from the City to do so provided that said public sewer is located within 200 feet of the property line of such owner and is of such design as to receive and convey by gravity such sewage as may be conveyed to it. Billing for sanitary sewer service will begin the date of official notice to connect to the public sewer.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3f])*

*(IAC, 567-69.1[3])*

**95.06 SERVICE OUTSIDE THE CITY.** The owners of property outside the corporate limits of the City so situated that it may be served by the City sewer system may apply to the Council for permission to connect to the public sewer upon the terms and conditions stipulated by resolution of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.4[2 & 3])*

**95.07 RIGHT OF ENTRY.** The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees of the City bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purposes of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling and testing in accordance with the provisions of these Sanitary Sewer chapters. The Superintendent or representatives shall

have no authority to inquire into any processes including metallurgical, chemical, oil, refining, ceramic, paper, or other industries beyond that point having a direct bearing on the kind and source of discharge to the sewers or waterways or facilities for waste treatment.

**95.08 USE OF EASEMENTS.** The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees of the City bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all private properties through which the City holds a duly negotiated easement for the purposes of, but not limited to, inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, repair, and maintenance of any portion of the sewage works lying within said easement. All entry and subsequent work, if any, on said easement, shall be done in full accordance with the terms of the duly negotiated easement pertaining to the private property involved.

**95.09 SPECIAL PENALTIES.** The following special penalty provisions shall apply to violations of these Sanitary Sewer chapters:

1. Notice of Violation. Any person found to be violating any provision of these chapters except subsections 1, 3, and 4 of Section 95.04, shall be served by the City with written notice stating the nature of the violation and providing a reasonable time limit for the satisfactory correction thereof. The offender shall, within the period of time stated in such notice, permanently cease all violations.
2. Continuing Violations. Any person who shall continue any violation beyond the time limit provided for in subsection 1 hereof shall be in violation of this Code of Ordinances. Each day in which any such violation shall continue shall be deemed a separate offense.
3. Liability Imposed. Any person violating any of the provisions of these chapters shall become liable to the City for any expense, loss, or damage occasioned the City by reason of such violation.

## CHAPTER 96

### BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS

96.01 Permit  
96.02 Permit Fee  
96.03 Plumber Required  
96.04 Excavations  
96.05 Connection Requirements

96.06 Interceptors Required  
96.07 Sewer Tap  
96.08 Inspection Required  
96.09 Property Owner's Responsibility  
96.10 Abatement of Violations

**96.01 PERMIT.** No unauthorized person shall uncover, make any connection with or opening into, use, alter, or disturb any public sewer or appurtenance thereof without first obtaining a written permit from the City. The application for the permit shall set forth the location and description of the property to be connected with the sewer system and the purpose for which the sewer is to be used, and shall be supplemented by any plans, specifications, or other information considered pertinent. The permit shall require the owner to complete construction and connection of the building sewer to the public sewer within 60 days after the issuance of the permit, except that when a property owner makes sufficient showing that due to conditions beyond the owner's control or peculiar hardship, such time period is inequitable or unfair, an extension of time within which to comply with the provisions herein may be granted. Any sewer connection permit may be revoked at any time for a violation of these chapters.

**96.02 PERMIT FEE.** The person who makes the application shall pay a fee in the amount of \$100.00 to the Clerk to cover the cost of issuing the permit and supervising, regulating, and inspecting the work.

**96.03 PLUMBER REQUIRED.** All installations of building sewers and connections to the public sewer shall be made by a State-licensed plumber.

**96.04 EXCAVATIONS.** All trench work, excavation, and backfilling required for the installation of a building sewer shall be performed in accordance with the provisions of the *State Plumbing Code* and the provisions of Chapter 135 of this Code of Ordinances.

**96.05 CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS.** Any connection with a public sanitary sewer must be made under the direct supervision of the Superintendent and in accordance with the following:

1. **Old Building Sewers.** Old building sewers may be used in connection with new buildings only when they are found, on examination and test conducted by the owner and observed by the Superintendent, to meet all requirements of this chapter.
2. **Separate Building Sewers.** A separate and independent building sewer shall be provided for every occupied building; except where one building stands at the rear of another on an interior lot and no private sewer is available or can be constructed to the rear building through an adjoining alley, court, yard, or driveway. In such cases the building sewer from the front building may be extended to the rear building and the whole considered as one building sewer.
3. **Installation.** The installation and connection of the building sewer to the public sewer shall conform to the requirements of the *State Plumbing Code* and applicable rules and regulations of the City. All such connections shall be made gastight and

watertight. Any deviation from the prescribed procedures and materials must be approved by the Superintendent before installation.

4. Water Lines. When possible, building sewers should be laid at least 10 feet horizontally from a water service. The horizontal separation may be less, provided the water service line is located at one side and at least 12 inches above the top of the building sewer.

5. Size. Building sewers shall be sized for the peak expected sewage flow from the building with a minimum building sewer size of four inches.

6. Alignment and Grade. All building sewers shall be laid to a straight line to meet the following:

- A. Recommended grade at one-fourth inch per foot.
- B. Minimum grade of one-eighth inch per foot.
- C. Minimum velocity of two feet per second with the sewer half full.
- D. Any deviation in alignment or grade shall be made only with the written approval of the Superintendent and shall be made only with approved fittings.

7. Depth. Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. The depth of cover above the sewer shall be sufficient to afford protection from frost.

8. Sewage Lifts. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage carried by such drain shall be lifted by approved artificial means and discharged to the building sewer.

9. Pipe Specifications. Building sewer pipe shall be free from flaws, splits, or breaks. Materials shall be as specified in the *State Plumbing Code* except that the building sewer pipe, from the property line to the public sewer, shall comply with the current edition of one of the following:

- A. Clay sewer pipe – A.S.T.M. C-700 (extra strength).
- B. Extra heavy cast iron soil pipe – A.S.T.M. A-74.
- C. Ductile iron water pipe – A.W.W.A. C-151.
- D. P.V.C. – SDR26 – A.S.T.M. D-3034.

10. Bearing Walls. No building sewer shall be laid parallel to or within three feet of any bearing wall that might thereby be weakened.

11. Jointing. Fittings, type of joint and jointing material shall be compatible with the type of pipe used, subject to the approval of the Superintendent. Solvent-welded joints are not permitted.

12. Unstable Soil. No sewer connection shall be laid so that it is exposed when crossing any watercourse. Where an old watercourse must of necessity be crossed or where there is any danger of undermining or settlement, cast iron soil pipe or vitrified clay sewer pipe thoroughly encased in concrete shall be required for such crossings. Such encasement shall extend at least six inches on all sides of the pipe. The cast iron pipe or encased clay pipe shall rest on firm, solid material at either end.

13. Preparation of Basement or Crawl Space. No connection for any residence, business or other structure with any sanitary sewer shall be made unless the basement

floor is poured, or in the case of a building with a slab or crawl space, unless the ground floor is installed with the area adjacent to the foundation of such building cleared of debris and backfilled. The backfill shall be well compacted and graded so that the drainage is away from the foundation. Prior to the time the basement floor is poured, or the first floor is installed in buildings without basements, the sewer shall be plugged and the plug shall be sealed by the Superintendent. Any accumulation of water in any excavation or basement during construction and prior to connection to the sanitary sewer shall be removed by means other than draining into the sanitary sewer.

**96.06 INTERCEPTORS REQUIRED.** Grease, oil, sludge and sand interceptors shall be provided by gas and service stations, convenience stores, car washes, garages, and other facilities when, in the opinion of the Superintendent, they are necessary for the proper handling of such wastes that contain grease in excessive amounts or any flammable waste, sand or other harmful ingredients. Such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. When required, such interceptors shall be installed in accordance with the following:

1. Design and Location. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity as specified in the *State Plumbing Code*, to be approved by the Superintendent, and shall be located so as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection.
2. Construction Standards. The interceptors shall be constructed of impervious material capable of withstanding abrupt and extreme changes in temperature. They shall be of substantial construction, watertight and equipped with easily removable covers that shall be gastight and watertight.
3. Maintenance. All such interceptors shall be maintained by the owner at the owner's expense and shall be kept in continuously efficient operations at all times.

**96.07 SEWER TAP.** Connection of the building sewer into the public sewer shall be made at the "Y" branch, if such branch is available at a suitable location. If no properly located "Y" branch is available, a saddle "Y" shall be installed at the location specified by the Superintendent. The public sewer shall be tapped with a tapping machine and a saddle appropriate to the type of public sewer shall be glued or attached with a gasket and stainless steel clamps to the sewer. At no time shall a building sewer be constructed so as to enter a manhole unless special written permission is received from the Superintendent and in accordance with the Superintendent's direction if such connection is approved.

**96.08 INSPECTION REQUIRED.** All connections with the sanitary sewer system before being covered shall be inspected and approved, in writing, by the Superintendent. As soon as all pipe work from the public sewer to inside the building has been completed, and before any backfilling is done, the Superintendent shall be notified and the Superintendent shall inspect and test the work as to workmanship and material; no sewer pipe laid underground shall be covered or trenches filled until after the sewer has been so inspected and approved. If the Superintendent refuses to approve the work, the plumber or owner must proceed immediately to correct the work.

**96.09 PROPERTY OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY.** All costs and expenses incident to the installation, connection, and maintenance of the building sewer shall be borne by the owner. The owner shall indemnify the City from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be occasioned by the installation of the building sewer.

**96.10 ABATEMENT OF VIOLATIONS.** Construction or maintenance of building sewer lines, whether located upon the private property of any owner or in the public right-of-way, which construction or maintenance is in violation of any of the requirements of this chapter, shall be corrected, at the owner's expense, within 30 days after date of official notice from the Council of such violation. If not made within such time, the Council shall, in addition to the other penalties herein provided, have the right to finish and correct the work and assess the cost thereof to the property owner. Such assessment shall be collected with and in the same manner as general property taxes.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3])*



## CHAPTER 97

### USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS

97.01 Storm Water  
97.02 Surface Waters Exception  
97.03 Prohibited Discharges  
97.04 Restricted Discharges

97.05 Restricted Discharges; Powers of Superintendent  
97.06 Special Facilities  
97.07 Control Manholes  
97.08 Testing of Wastes

**97.01 STORM WATER.** No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any storm water, surface water, groundwater, roof run-off, sub-surface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water, or unpolluted industrial process waters to any sanitary sewer. Storm water and all other unpolluted drainage shall be discharged to such sewers that are specifically designated as combined sewers or storm sewers or to a natural outlet approved by the Superintendent. Industrial cooling water or unpolluted process waters may be discharged on approval of the Superintendent, to a storm sewer, combined sewer, or natural outlet.

**97.02 SURFACE WATERS EXCEPTION.** Special permits for discharging surface waters to a public sanitary sewer may be issued by the Council upon recommendation of the Superintendent where such discharge is deemed necessary or advisable for purposes of flushing, but any permit so issued shall be subject to revocation at any time when deemed to the best interests of the sewer system.

**97.03 PROHIBITED DISCHARGES.** No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes to any public sewers:

1. Flammable or Explosive Material. Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas.
2. Toxic or Poisonous Materials. Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance, or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant, including but not limited to cyanides in excess of two milligrams per liter as CN in the wastes as discharged to the public sewer.
3. Corrosive Wastes. Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than 5.5 or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment, and personnel of the sewage works.
4. Solid or Viscous Substances. Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the sewage works such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.
5. Excessive B.O.D., Solids or Flow.
  - A. Any waters or wastes: (i) having a five-day biochemical oxygen demand greater than 300 parts per million by weight; or (ii) containing more than 350 parts per million by weight of suspended solids; or (iii) having an

average daily flow greater than two percent of the average sewage flow of the City, shall be subject to the review of the Superintendent.

B. Where necessary in the opinion of the Superintendent, the owner shall provide, at the owner's expense, such preliminary treatment as may be necessary to: (i) reduce the biochemical oxygen demand to 300 parts per million by weight; or (ii) reduce the suspended solids to 350 parts per million by weight; or (iii) control the quantities and rates of discharge of such waters or wastes. Plans, specifications, and any other pertinent information relating to proposed preliminary treatment facilities shall be submitted for the approval of the Superintendent and no construction of such facilities shall be commenced until said approvals are obtained in writing.

**97.04 RESTRICTED DISCHARGES.** No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged the following described substances, materials, waters, or wastes if it appears likely in the opinion of the Superintendent that such wastes can harm either the sewers, sewage treatment process, or equipment, have an adverse effect on the receiving stream or can otherwise endanger life, limb, public property, or constitute a nuisance. In forming an opinion as to the acceptability of these wastes, the Superintendent will give consideration to such factors as the quantities of subject wastes in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, nature of the sewage treatment process, capacity of the sewage treatment plant, degree of treatability of wastes in the sewage treatment plant, and other pertinent factors. The substances restricted are:

1. High Temperature. Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than 150 degrees F (65 degrees C).
2. Fat, Oil, Grease. Any water or waste containing fats, wax, grease or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of 100 milligrams per liter or 600 milligrams per liter of dispersed or other soluble matter.
3. Viscous Substances. Water or wastes containing substances that may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between 32 degrees F and 150 degrees F (0 degrees to 65 degrees C).
4. Garbage. Any garbage that has not been properly shredded, that is, to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half inch in any dimension.
5. Acids. Any waters or wastes containing strong acid iron pickling wastes, or concentrated plating solution whether neutralized or not.
6. Toxic or Objectionable Wastes. Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, and similar objectionable or toxic substances; or wastes exerting an excessive chlorine requirement, to such degree that any such material received in the composite sewage at the sewage treatment works exceeds the limits established by the Superintendent for such materials.
7. Odor or Taste. Any waters or wastes containing phenols or other taste or odor producing substances, in such concentrations exceeding limits that may be established by the Superintendent as necessary, after treatment of the composite sewage, to meet the requirements of State, federal, or other public agencies of jurisdiction for such discharge to the receiving waters.

8. Radioactive Wastes. Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the Superintendent in compliance with applicable State or federal regulations.
9. Excess Alkalinity. Any waters or wastes having a pH in excess of 9.5.
10. Unusual Wastes. Materials that exert or cause:
  - A. Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids (such as, but not limited to, Fullers earth, lime slurries, and lime residues) or of dissolved solids (such as, but not limited to, sodium chloride and sodium sulfate).
  - B. Excessive discoloration (such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions).
  - C. Unusual B.O.D., chemical oxygen demand or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the sewage treatment works.
  - D. Unusual volume of flow or concentration of wastes constituting "slugs" as defined herein.
11. Noxious or Malodorous Gases. Any noxious or malodorous gas or other substance that, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, is capable of creating a public nuisance or hazard to life or of preventing entry into sewers for their maintenance and repair.
12. Damaging Substances. Any waters, wastes, materials, or substances that react with water or wastes in the sewer system to release noxious gases, develop color of undesirable intensity, form suspended solids in objectionable concentration or create any other condition deleterious to structures and treatment processes.
13. Untreatable Wastes. Waters or wastes containing substances that are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the sewage treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the sewage treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.

**97.05 RESTRICTED DISCHARGES; POWERS OF SUPERINTENDENT.** If any waters or wastes are discharged or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters contain the substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in Section 97.04 and which in the judgment of the Superintendent may have a deleterious effect upon the sewage works, processes, equipment, or receiving waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the Superintendent may:

1. Rejection. Reject the wastes by requiring disconnection from the public sewage system;
2. Pretreatment. Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers;
3. Controls Imposed. Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge; and/or
4. Special Charges. Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer charges under the provisions of Chapter 99.

**97.06 SPECIAL FACILITIES.** If the Superintendent permits the pretreatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent and subject to the requirements of all applicable codes, ordinances, and laws. Where preliminary treatment or flow-equalizing facilities are provided for any waters or wastes, they shall be maintained continuously in satisfactory and effective operation by the owner at the owner's expense.

**97.07 CONTROL MANHOLES.** When required by the Superintendent, the owner of any property serviced by a building sewer carrying industrial wastes shall install a suitable control manhole together with such necessary meters and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling, and measurement of the wastes. Such manhole, when required, shall be accessibly and safely located, and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Superintendent. The manhole shall be installed by the owner at the owner's expense, and shall be maintained by the owner so as to be safe and accessible at all times.

**97.08 TESTING OF WASTES.** All measurements, tests, and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in this chapter shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*, published by the American Public Health Association, and shall be determined at the control manhole provided, or upon suitable samples taken at said control manhole. In the event that no special manhole has been required, the control manhole shall be considered to be the nearest downstream manhole in the public sewer to the point at which the building sewer is connected. Sampling shall be carried out by customarily accepted methods to reflect the effect of constituents upon the sewage works and to determine the existence of hazards to life, limb, and property. (The particular analyses involved will determine whether a 24-hour composite of all outfalls of a premises is appropriate or whether a grab sample or samples should be taken. Normally, but not always, B.O.D. and suspended solids analyses are obtained from 24-hour composites of all outfalls whereas pH's are determined from periodic grab samples).

## CHAPTER 98

### ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS

98.01 When Prohibited  
98.02 When Required  
98.03 Compliance with Regulations  
98.04 Permit Required

98.05 Discharge Restrictions  
98.06 Maintenance of System  
98.07 Systems Abandoned  
98.08 Disposal of Septage

**98.01 WHEN PROHIBITED.** Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, it is unlawful to construct or maintain any on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system or other facility intended or used for the disposal of sewage.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3f])*

**98.02 WHEN REQUIRED.** When a public sanitary sewer is not available under the provisions of Section 95.05, every building wherein persons reside, congregate or are employed shall be provided with an approved on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system complying with the provisions of this chapter.

*(IAC, 567-69.1[3])*

**98.03 COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS.** The type, capacity, location, and layout of a private on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system shall comply with the specifications and requirements set forth by the Iowa Administrative Code 567, Chapter 69, and with such additional requirements as are prescribed by the regulations of the County Board of Health.

*(IAC, 567-69.1[3 & 4])*

**98.04 PERMIT REQUIRED.** No person shall install or alter an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system without first obtaining a permit from the County Board of Health.

**98.05 DISCHARGE RESTRICTIONS.** It is unlawful to discharge any wastewater from an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system (except under an NPDES permit) to any ditch, stream, pond, lake, natural or artificial waterway, drain tile or to the surface of the ground.

*(IAC, 567-69.1[3])*

**98.06 MAINTENANCE OF SYSTEM.** The owner of an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system shall operate and maintain the system in a sanitary manner at all times and at no expense to the City.

**98.07 SYSTEMS ABANDONED.** At such time as a public sewer becomes available to a property served by an on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system, as provided in Section 95.05, a direct connection shall be made to the public sewer in compliance with these Sanitary Sewer chapters and the on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system shall be abandoned and filled with suitable material.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3f])*

**98.08 DISPOSAL OF SEPTAGE.** No person shall dispose of septage from an on-site treatment system at any location except an approved disposal site.

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## CHAPTER 99

### SEWER SERVICE CHARGES

**99.01 Sewer Service Charges Required**  
**99.02 Special Rates**  
**99.03 Private Water Systems**

**99.04 Payment of Bills**  
**99.05 Lien for Nonpayment**  
**99.06 Special Agreements Permitted**

**99.01 SEWER SERVICE CHARGES REQUIRED.** Every customer shall pay to the City sewer service charges in the amount of 65 percent of the bill for water and water service attributable to the customer for the property served.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**99.02 SPECIAL RATES.** Where, in the judgment of the Superintendent and the Council, special conditions exist to the extent that the application of the sewer charges provided in Section 99.01 would be inequitable or unfair to either the City or the customer, a special rate shall be proposed by the Superintendent and submitted to the Council for approval by resolution.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**99.03 PRIVATE WATER SYSTEMS.** Customers whose premises are served by a private water system shall pay sewer charges based upon the water used as determined by the City either by an estimate agreed to by the customer or by metering the water system at the customer's expense. Any negotiated or agreed-upon sales or charges shall be subject to approval of the Council.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**99.04 PAYMENT OF BILLS.** All sewer service charges are due and payable under the same terms and conditions provided for payment of a combined service account as contained in Section 92.04 of this Code of Ordinances. Sewer service may be discontinued or disconnected in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 92.05 if the combined service account becomes delinquent, and the provisions contained in Section 92.08 relating to lien notices shall also apply in the event of a delinquent account.

**99.05 LIEN FOR NONPAYMENT.** Except as provided for in Section 92.07 of this Code of Ordinances, the owner of the premises served and any lessee or tenant thereof shall be jointly and severally liable for sewer service charges to the premises. Sewer service charges remaining unpaid and delinquent shall constitute a lien upon the property or premises served and shall be certified by the Clerk to the County Treasurer for collection in the same manner as property taxes.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

**99.06 SPECIAL AGREEMENTS PERMITTED.** No statement in these chapters shall be construed as preventing a special agreement, arrangement, or contract between the Council, and any industrial concern whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be accepted subject to special conditions, rate, and cost as established by the Council.

[The next page is 481]



## CHAPTER 105

# SOLID WASTE CONTROL

105.01 Purpose  
105.02 Definitions  
105.03 Sanitary Disposal Required  
105.04 Health and Fire Hazard  
105.05 Open Burning Restricted

105.06 Separation of Yard Waste Required  
105.07 Littering Prohibited  
105.08 Toxic and Hazardous Waste  
105.09 Waste Storage Containers  
105.10 Prohibited Practices

**105.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of the chapters in this Code of Ordinances pertaining to Solid Waste Control and Collection is to provide for the sanitary storage, collection, and disposal of solid waste and, thereby, to protect the citizens of the City from such hazards to their health, safety and welfare as may result from the uncontrolled disposal of solid waste.

**105.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in these chapters the following terms are defined:

1. “Collector” means any person authorized to gather solid waste from public and private places.
2. “Discard” means to place, cause to be placed, throw, deposit, or drop.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 455B.361[1])*
3. “Dwelling unit” means any room or group of rooms located within a structure and forming a single habitable unit with facilities that are used or are intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking, and eating.
4. “Garbage” means all solid and semisolid, putrescible animal and vegetable waste resulting from the handling, preparing, cooking, storing, serving and consuming of food or of material intended for use as food, and all offal, excluding useful industrial by-products, and includes all such substances from all public and private establishments and from all residences.  
*(IAC, 567-100.2)*
5. “Landscape waste” means any vegetable or plant waste except garbage. The term includes trees, tree trimmings, branches, stumps, brush, weeds, leaves, grass, shrubbery, and yard trimmings.  
*(IAC, 567-20.2[455B])*
6. “Litter” means any garbage, rubbish, trash, refuse, waste materials, or debris not exceeding 10 pounds in weight or 15 cubic feet in volume. Litter includes but is not limited to empty beverage containers, cigarette butts, food waste packaging, other food or candy wrappers, handbills, empty cartons, or boxes.  
*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 455B.361[2])*
7. “Owner” means, in addition to the record titleholder, any person residing in, renting, leasing, occupying, operating or transacting business in any premises, and as between such parties the duties, responsibilities, liabilities and obligations hereinafter imposed shall be joint and several.

8. "Refuse" means putrescible and non-putrescible waste, including but not limited to garbage, rubbish, ashes, incinerator residues, street cleanings, market and industrial solid waste and sewage treatment waste in dry or semisolid form.

(IAC, 567-100.2)

9. "Residential premises" means a single-family dwelling and any multiple-family dwelling up to and including eight separate dwelling units.

10. "Residential waste" means any refuse generated on the premises as a result of residential activities. The term includes landscape waste grown on the premises or deposited thereon by the elements, but excludes garbage, tires, trade wastes and any locally recyclable goods or plastics.

(IAC, 567-20.2[455B])

11. "Rubbish" means non-putrescible solid waste consisting of combustible and non-combustible waste, such as ashes, paper, cardboard, tin cans, yard clippings, wood, glass, bedding, crockery, or litter of any kind.

(IAC, 567-100.2)

12. "Sanitary disposal" means a method of treating solid waste so that it does not produce a hazard to the public health or safety or create a nuisance.

(IAC, 567-100.2)

13. "Sanitary disposal project" means all facilities and appurtenances (including all real and personal property connected with such facilities) that are acquired, purchased, constructed, reconstructed, equipped, improved, extended, maintained, or operated to facilitate the final disposition of solid waste without creating a significant hazard to the public health or safety, and which are approved by the Director of the State Department of Natural Resources.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 455B.301)

14. "Solid waste" means garbage, refuse, rubbish, and other similar discarded solid or semisolid materials, including but not limited to such materials resulting from industrial, commercial, agricultural, and domestic activities. Solid waste may include vehicles, as defined by Section 321.1 of the *Code of Iowa*. Solid waste does not include any of the following:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 455B.301)

A. Hazardous waste regulated under the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6921-6934.

B. Hazardous waste as defined in Section 455B.411 of the *Code of Iowa*, except to the extent that rules allowing for the disposal of specific wastes have been adopted by the State Environmental Protection Commission.

C. Source, special nuclear, or by-product material as defined in the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended to January 1, 1979.

D. Petroleum contaminated soil that has been remediated to acceptable State or federal standards.

E. Steel slag which is a product resulting from the steel manufacturing process and is managed as an item of value in a controlled manner and not as a discarded material.

**105.03 SANITARY DISPOSAL REQUIRED.** It is the duty of each owner to provide for the sanitary disposal of all refuse accumulating on the owner's premises before it becomes a

nuisance. Any such accumulation remaining on any premises for a period of more than 30 days shall be deemed a nuisance and the City may proceed to abate such nuisances in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 50 or by initiating proper action in district court.

*(Code of Iowa, Ch. 657)*

**105.04 HEALTH AND FIRE HAZARD.** It is unlawful for any person to permit to accumulate on any premises, improved or vacant, or on any public place, such quantities of solid waste that constitute a health, sanitation or fire hazard.

**105.05 OPEN BURNING RESTRICTED.** No person shall allow, cause or permit open burning of combustible materials where the products of combustion are emitted into the open air without passing through a chimney or stack, except that open burning is permitted in the following circumstances:

*(IAC, 567-23.2[455B] and 567-100.2)*

1. Disaster Rubbish. The open burning of rubbish, including landscape waste, for the duration of the community disaster period in cases where an officially declared emergency condition exists, provided that the burning of any structures or demolished structures is conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Section 61.145.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3a])*

2. Trees and Tree Trimmings. The open burning of trees and tree trimmings at a City-operated burning site, provided such burning is conducted in compliance with the rules established by the State Department of Natural Resources.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3b])*

3. Flare Stacks. The open burning or flaring of waste gases, provided such open burning or flaring is conducted in compliance with applicable rules of the State Department of Natural Resources.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3c])*

4. Landscape Waste. The disposal by open burning of landscape waste originating on the premises. However, the burning of landscape waste produced in clearing, grubbing and construction operations shall be limited to areas located at least one-fourth mile from any building inhabited by other than the landowner or tenant conducting the open burning. Rubber tires shall not be used to ignite landscape waste.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3d])*

5. Recreational Fires. Open fires for cooking, heating, recreation, and ceremonies, provided they comply with the limits for emission of visible air contaminants established by the State Department of Natural Resources. Rubber tires shall not be burned in a recreational fire.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3e])*

6. Training Fires. Fires set for the purpose of conducting bona fide training of public or industrial employees in firefighting methods, provided that the training fires are conducted in compliance with rules established by the State Department of Natural Resources.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3g])*

7. Controlled Burning of a Demolished Building. The controlled burning of a demolished building by the City, subject to approval of the Council, provided that the controlled burning is conducted in accordance with rules and limitations established by the State Department of Natural Resources.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[3j])*

8. Variance. Any person wishing to conduct open burning of materials not permitted herein may make application for a variance to the Director of the State Department of Natural Resources.

*(IAC, 567-23.2[2])*

**105.06 SEPARATION OF YARD WASTE REQUIRED.** All yard waste shall be separated by the owner or occupant from all other solid waste accumulated on the premises and shall be composted or burned on the premises or hauled to the City's yard waste disposal site. As used in this section, "yard waste" means any debris such as grass clippings, leaves, garden waste, brush, and trees. Yard waste does not include tree stumps.

**105.07 LITTERING PROHIBITED.** No person shall discard any litter onto or in any water or land, except that nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the authorized collection and discarding of such litter in or on areas or receptacles provided for such purpose. When litter is discarded from a motor vehicle, the driver of the motor vehicle shall be responsible for the act in any case where doubt exists as to which occupant of the motor vehicle actually discarded the litter.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 455B.363)*

**105.08 TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS WASTE.** No person shall deposit in a solid waste container or otherwise offer for collection any toxic or hazardous waste. Such materials shall be transported and disposed of as prescribed by the Director of the State Department of Natural Resources. As used in this section, "toxic and hazardous waste" means waste materials, including (but not limited to) poisons, pesticides, herbicides, acids, caustics, pathological waste, flammable or explosive materials, and similar harmful waste that requires special handling and that must be disposed of in such a manner as to conserve the environment and protect the public health and safety.

*(IAC, 567-100.2)*

*(IAC, 567-102.13[2] and 400-27.14[2])*

**105.09 WASTE STORAGE CONTAINERS.** Every person owning, managing, operating, leasing, or renting any premises, dwelling unit or any place where refuse accumulates shall provide and at all times maintain in good order and repair portable containers for refuse in accordance with the following:

1. Container Specifications. Waste storage containers shall comply with the following specifications:

- A. Residential. Residential waste containers, whether they are reusable, portable containers or heavy-duty disposable garbage bags, shall be of sufficient capacity, and leak-proof and waterproof. Disposable containers shall be securely fastened, and reusable containers shall be fitted with a fly-tight lid that shall be kept in place except when depositing or removing the contents of the container. Reusable containers shall also be lightweight and of sturdy construction and have suitable lifting devices.

- B. Commercial. Every person owning, managing, operating, leasing or renting any commercial premises where an excessive amount of refuse accumulates and where its storage in portable containers as required above is impractical, shall maintain metal bulk storage containers approved by the City.

2. Storage of Containers. Residential solid waste containers shall be stored upon the residential premises. Commercial solid waste containers shall be stored upon

private property, unless the owner has been granted written permission from the City to use public property for such purposes. The storage site shall be well drained and fully accessible to collection equipment, public health personnel, and fire inspection personnel. All owners of residential and commercial premises shall be responsible for proper storage of all garbage and yard waste to prevent materials from being blown or scattered around neighboring yards and streets.

3. Location of Containers for Collection. Containers for the storage of solid waste awaiting collection shall be placed outdoors at some easily accessible place by the owner or occupant of the premises served.

4. Nonconforming Containers. Solid waste placed in containers that are not in compliance with the provisions of this section will not be collected.

**105.10 PROHIBITED PRACTICES.** It is unlawful for any person to:

1. Unlawful Use of Containers. Deposit refuse in any solid waste containers not owned by such person without the written consent of the owner of such containers.

2. Interfere with Collectors. Interfere in any manner with solid waste collection equipment or with solid waste collectors in the lawful performance of their duties as such, whether such equipment or collectors be those of the City, or those of any other authorized waste collection service.

3. Incinerators. Burn rubbish or garbage except in incinerators designed for high temperature operation, in which solid, semisolid, liquid, or gaseous combustible refuse is ignited and burned efficiently, and from which the solid residues contain little or no combustible material, as acceptable to the Environmental Protection Commission.

4. Scavenging. Take or collect any solid waste that has been placed out for collection on any premises, unless such person is an authorized solid waste collector.

[The next page is 489]

## CHAPTER 106

### COLLECTION OF SOLID WASTE

106.01 Collection Service  
106.02 Collection Vehicles  
106.03 Loading  
106.04 Frequency of Collection  
106.05 Bulky Rubbish

106.06 Right of Entry  
106.07 Contract Requirements  
106.08 Collection Fees  
106.09 Lien for Nonpayment

**106.01 COLLECTION SERVICE.** The City shall provide by contract for the collection of solid waste, except bulky rubbish as provided in Section 106.05, from residential premises only. The owners or operators of commercial, industrial, or institutional premises shall provide for the collection of solid waste produced upon such premises.

**106.02 COLLECTION VEHICLES.** Vehicles or containers used for the collection and transportation of garbage and similar putrescible waste or solid waste containing such materials shall be leak-proof, durable and of easily cleanable construction. They shall be cleaned to prevent nuisances, pollution, or insect breeding and shall be maintained in good repair.

*(IAC, 567-104.9[455B])*

**106.03 LOADING.** Vehicles or containers used for the collection and transportation of any solid waste shall be loaded and moved in such a manner that the contents will not fall, leak, or spill therefrom, and shall be covered to prevent blowing or loss of material. Where spillage does occur, the material shall be picked up immediately by the collector or transporter and returned to the vehicle or container and the area properly cleaned.

**106.04 FREQUENCY OF COLLECTION.** All solid waste shall be collected from residential premises at least once each week and from commercial, industrial and institutional premises as frequently as may be necessary, but not less than once each week.

**106.05 BULKY RUBBISH.** Bulky rubbish that is too large or heavy to be collected in the normal manner of other solid waste may be collected by the collector upon request in accordance with procedures established by the Council.

**106.06 RIGHT OF ENTRY.** Solid waste collectors are hereby authorized to enter upon private property for the purpose of collecting solid waste, as required by this chapter; however, solid waste collectors shall not enter dwelling units or other residential buildings.

**106.07 CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.** No person shall engage in the business of collecting, transporting, processing or disposing of solid waste from residential premises for the City without first entering into a contract with the City. This section does not prohibit an owner from transporting solid waste accumulating upon premises owned, occupied or used by such owner, provided such refuse is disposed of properly in an approved sanitary disposal project. Furthermore, a contract is not required for the removal, hauling, or disposal of earth and rock material from grading or excavation activities, provided that all such materials are conveyed in tight vehicles, trucks or receptacles so constructed and maintained that none of the material being transported is spilled upon any public right-of-way.

**106.08 COLLECTION FEES.** The collection and disposal of solid waste as provided by this chapter are declared to be beneficial to the property served or eligible to be served and there shall be levied and collected fees therefor in accordance with the following:

*(Goreham vs. Des Moines, 1970, 179 NW 2nd, 449)*

1. Schedule of Fees. The fee for solid waste collection and disposal service, used or available, shall be:

A. Each occupied single-family residence shall be charged \$14.75 per month for solid waste removal plus \$6.60 per month for operation and maintenance of the sanitary landfill.

B. Each occupied dwelling unit of a multiple-family dwelling shall be charged \$14.75 per month for solid waste removal plus \$6.60 per month for operation and maintenance of the sanitary landfill.

C. Each non-dwelling user of any City utilities shall be charged \$6.60 per month for operation and maintenance of the sanitary landfill.

*(Subsection 1 – Ord. 225 – Apr. 22 Supp.)*

2. Payment of Bills. All fees are due and payable under the same terms and conditions provided for payment of a combined service account as contained in Section 92.04 of this Code of Ordinances. Solid waste collection service may be discontinued in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 92.05 if the combined service account becomes delinquent, and the provisions contained in Section 92.08 relating to lien notices shall also apply in the event of a delinquent account.

*(Section 106.08 – Ord. 206 – Jan. 20 Supp.)*

**106.09 LIEN FOR NONPAYMENT.** Except as provided for in Section 92.07 of this Code of Ordinances, the owner of the premises served and any lessee or tenant thereof are jointly and severally liable for fees for solid waste collection and disposal. Fees remaining unpaid and delinquent shall constitute a lien upon the property or premises served and shall be certified by the Clerk to the County Treasurer for collection in the same manner as property taxes.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.84)*

[The next page is 521]



## CHAPTER 110

# ELECTRIC UTILITY

110.01 Purpose	110.05 Extension Policies
110.02 Definitions	110.06 Other Service Fees
110.03 Service Rules of the Municipal Electric Utility	110.07 Electric Heat Incentive Program
110.04 Rates	110.08 Responsibility for Utility Bills

**110.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to provide for the operation of the municipal electric utility. The provisions of this chapter, including service rules and regulations adopted in accordance with these provisions, apply to customers both inside and outside the City, whether or not such customers have a contract for electric service with the City.

**110.02 DEFINITIONS.** For purposes of this chapter:

1. “Consumer” or “customer” means, in addition to any person or legal entity receiving electric service from municipal electric utility, the owner of the property served, and as between such parties the duties, responsibilities, liabilities and obligations hereinafter imposed shall be joint and several.
2. “Electric Utility” means all facilities of the municipal electric utility for producing, transmitting and distributing electricity.

**110.03 SERVICE RULES OF THE MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC UTILITY.** The Council shall adopt, by resolution, appropriate operating rules governing the municipal electric utility, which shall be entitled “Service Rules of the Municipal Electric Utility.”

**110.04 RATES.** The rates for electric service shall be as follows:

1. Residential Service. Residential service is applicable to residential customers for all domestic uses in single-family dwellings and individually metered apartments within the service territory of the Electric Utility. This schedule includes the use of motors of not more than 5 horsepower individual capacity, water heating units not exceeding 5kW simultaneous capacity: and space heating and air conditioning.
  - A. Service Available. Single-phase, 60 hertz, 120/240 volt, 400 amp max., 3-wire, single meter.
  - B. Monthly Rate:
    - (1) Customer Charge (no kWh) \$17.25 (minimum bill) plus
    - (2) Energy Charge - all kWh @ \$0.10167/kWh  
*(Paragraph B – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.)*
  - C. Sales Tax. Sales tax to be added to all electric bills so as to be in compliance with the provisions of the laws of Iowa.
  - D. Prompt Payment Provisions. All charges are net. If the bill is not paid or mailed and postmarked by the twentieth day after the billing date, a late payment charge of one and one-half percent per month will apply. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline for payment without penalty will be extended to the next working day.

E. Load Control. Load management monthly rates and incentive credits will be applied to monthly bills for each residential customer meeting the requirements of the respective program in accordance with the “Electric Heat Incentive Program Policy Bulletin EH-1.” Summer rate applies to months May through September and winter rate applies to months October through April. Credit amount may be changed from time to time as determined by Northwest Iowa Power Cooperative (NIPCO) policies. Load Management Monthly Rates apply to the second “Electric Heat” meter and shall be as follows:

(1) Energy Charge:

All kWh @ Summer \$0.08237/kWh

Winter \$0.07310/kWh

*(Subparagraph (1) – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.)*

F. Energy Cost Adjustment. All energy usage is subject to provisions of an Energy Cost Adjustment feature, if implemented by the City Council.

2. Small Commercial Service. Small commercial service is applicable to any commercial, industrial or farm load within the service territory of the Electric Utility, with an average monthly usage of 7,500 kWh, or less, for all purposes. Service may be single or three phase.

A. Service Available: Single-phase, 60 hertz, 120/240 volt, 400 amp max., 3-wire, single meter; or three-phase, 60 hertz, at available voltages and configurations.

B. Monthly Rate:

(1) Customer Charge (no kWh): \$21.00 (minimum bill) plus

(2) Energy Charge: all kWh @ \$0.11534/kWh

*(Paragraph B – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.)*

C. Sales Tax. Sales tax to be added to all electric bills so as to be in compliance with the provisions of the laws of Iowa.

D. Prompt Payment Provisions. All charges are net. If the bill is not paid or mailed and postmarked by the twentieth day after the billing date, a late payment charge of one and one-half percent per month will apply. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline for payment without penalty will be extended to the next working day.

E. Load Control. Load management monthly rates and incentive credits will be applied to monthly bills for each small commercial customer meeting the requirements of the respective program in accordance with the “Electric Heat Incentive Program Policy Bulletin EH-1.” Summer rate applies to months May through September and winter rate applies to months October through April. Credit amount may be changed from time to time as determined by Northwest Iowa Power Cooperative (NIPCO) policies. Load Management Monthly Rates apply to the second “Electric Heat” meter and shall be as follows:

- (1) Energy Charge,
- |           |        |               |
|-----------|--------|---------------|
| All kWh @ | Summer | \$0.09604/kWh |
|           | Winter | \$0.08677/kWh |
- (Subparagraph (1) – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.)*

F. Energy Cost Adjustment. All energy usage is subject to provisions of an Energy Cost Adjustment feature, if implemented by the City Council.

3. Large Commercial Service. Large commercial service is applicable to any commercial or industrial load within the service territory of the Electric Utility, with an average monthly usage of more than 7,500 kWh, for all purposes.

A. Service Available: Three-phase, 60 hertz, 240/120 V, 208 Y/120 V, or 480 Y/277 V, 4-wire, or standard primary voltage available at point of delivery. Special voltages may be provided at the discretion of the utility. Utility furnishes only one transformer bank and/or one meter.

B. Monthly Rate:

- (1) Customer Charge (no kWh) \$40.00 (minimum bill) plus
- (2) Energy Charge all kWh @ \$0.04363/kWh plus
- (3) Demand Charge: all kW @ \$17.67/kW

*(Paragraph B – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.)*

C. Metered Demand. The metered demand for any month shall be the maximum kilowatt demand established by the consumer for any 15-minute interval during the month as indicated or recorded by a demand meter.

D. Power Factor Adjustment. If the customer's average monthly power factor falls below 90 percent, leading or lagging, the utility may adjust the metered demand by the ratio of 90 percent to the measured average monthly power factor, expressed as a percentage.

Example:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Metered Demand} &= 739 \text{ kW} \\ \text{Average Monthly Power Factor} &= 73.0\% \\ \text{Ratio} &= 90/73 = 1.2329 \\ \text{Adjusted Demand} &= (739)(1.2329) = 911 \text{ kW}\end{aligned}$$

E. Adjusted Demand. The adjusted demand consists of the metered demand adjusted for power factor, if applicable.

F. Billing Demand. The demand to be billed shall be the adjusted demand for the month but not less than 50 percent of the highest adjusted demand during the preceding 11 months.

G. Primary Metering. The utility will furnish and install primary metering when service is taken by the consumer and metered at primary voltage. If the consumer owns and installs all necessary primary and transformers beyond point of service, a two percent discount will apply to demand and energy charges to allow for losses and investment return. If the customer is metered at primary voltage, but Electric Utility owns the primary and transformers, a one percent discount will apply to demand and energy charges to allow for losses. If service is taken at primary voltage (that is, customer owns primary and

transformers) and metered at secondary voltage, a one percent discount will apply to demand and energy charges to allow for investment return.

H. Sales Tax. Sales tax to be added to all electric bills so as to be in compliance with the provisions of the laws of Iowa.

I. Prompt Payment Provisions. All charges are net. If the bill is not paid or mailed and postmarked by the twentieth day after the billing date, a late payment charge of one and one-half percent per month will apply. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline for payment without penalty will be extended to the next working day.

J. Energy Cost Adjustment. All energy usage is subject to provisions of an Energy Cost Adjustment feature, if implemented by the City Council.

4. Municipal Service. Municipal service is applicable to any electrical load under the jurisdiction of City, plus service to the McNiff Legion Post, Anthon Fire Department, and Anthon Community Center.

A. Service Available: Single- or Three-phase, 60 hertz, 240/120 V, or 480 Y/277 V, 3 or 4-wire, or standard primary voltage available at point of delivery. Special voltages may be provided at the discretion of the utility.

B. Monthly Rate:

(1) Customer Charge (no KWH) \$8.00 (minimum bill) plus

(2) Energy Charge: all kWh @ \$0.07561/kWh  
(*Paragraph B – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.*)

C. Sales Tax. Sales tax (if applicable) to be added to all electric bills so as to be in compliance with the provisions of the laws of Iowa.

D. Prompt Payment Provisions. All charges are net. If the bill is not paid or mailed and postmarked by the twentieth day after the billing date, a late payment charge of one and one-half percent per month will apply. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline for payment without penalty will be extended to the next working day.

E. Energy Cost Adjustment. All energy usage is subject to provisions of an Energy Cost Adjustment feature, if implemented by the City Council.

5. Street Lighting. Street lighting service is applicable to all energy associated with furnishing of street lighting by the Electric Utility.

A. Service Available: Single-phase, 60 hertz, 120/240 volt, 2 or 3-wire, or as otherwise available.

B. Monthly Rate:

(1) Customer Charge (no KWH) \$5.00 (minimum bill) plus

(2) Energy Charge: all kWh @ \$0.07125/kWh  
(*Paragraph B – Ord. 227 – Jun. 22 Supp.*)

C. Energy Cost Adjustment. All energy usage is subject to provisions of an Energy Cost Adjustment feature, if implemented by the City Council.

**110.05 EXTENSION POLICIES.** The City shall provide electric service to all persons located within its service territory. As a condition of service, each customer, including

customers living outside the corporate limits, shall agree to observe all rules and regulations established by the Council for the operation of the municipal electric system.

1. Standard and Three-Phase Service Extensions. The utility shall provide standard overhead lateral service extensions without charge to the customer. Underground lateral service extensions shall be installed by the utility up to 200 feet, or less, of service, with any excess to be billed at current market price for wire. The trenching will be at the customer's expense, as coordinated through the City. Installation of three-phase extensions may require an additional charge or advance of construction costs if, in the judgment of the utility, expected revenue does not justify the additional costs associated with such extensions. The utility will designate a junction point for the connection of the customer's secondary underground service lateral. The junction point will be a service pedestal or junction box, the terminals of the padmount transformer, or a meter enclosure. For residential service extensions, the utility will install, own, operate, and maintain all facilities on the source side of the junction point, including the junction enclosure and connections. The customer will install, own, operate, and maintain all secondary cables, conduit, and related service equipment specified by the utility. For commercial service extensions, the customer may be required to install a transformer pad, constructed to utility specifications. All utility easements requested by the utility to provide service to the designated junction point shall be granted to the utility by the customer, without cost.

2. Extensions at Primary Voltages. Three-phase extensions and extension at primary voltages may require a customer contribution in aid of construction or an advance for construction costs. The amount of such contribution or advance will be determined by the governing body of the utility. In making the determination, the governing body shall consider estimated construction costs, estimated revenue and contributions required from similarly situated customers. The advance shall be credited to the customer's account in equal monthly installments over a 10-year period. Any balance remaining upon termination of the service by the depositor shall revert to the utility.

3. Extensions to New Subdivisions. Extensions to newly platted subdivisions of four or more lots may require a contribution in aid of construction or an advance for construction costs in an amount determined by the utility governing body. In making the determination, the governing body shall consider estimated construction costs, estimated revenue and contributions required from similarly situated customers.

4. Temporary Service. Where service is likely to be temporary by determination of the municipal utility, the municipal utility shall supply temporary electric service upon payment of an advance contribution in aid of construction payment equal to related costs. The utility will provide a standard single-phase, 120/240 volt, 60 or 100 Ampere, temporary service for a cash deposit of \$50.00. When service facilities are removed, any contribution in aid of construction payment in excess of actual costs will be refunded. The municipal utility shall also require a customer deposit. The customer will be billed for service at the applicable rate schedule.

#### **110.06 OTHER SERVICE FEES.**

1. Service Connection Fee. A service connection fee not exceeding the usual cost of sixty days of service shall apply to each new service connection and to reconnection of service to a premises where service has been disconnected and is being reconnected for a new customer.

*(Ord. 199 – Nov. 18 Supp.)*

2. Interest on Customer Deposits. No interest shall be paid on customer deposits.
3. Temporary Disconnection or Reconnection. Charges for temporary disconnection and reconnection made for the convenience of the customer shall be as follows:
  - A. No charge shall apply to disconnections of short duration made during normal business hours and necessary for such purposes as rewiring, changes in customer piping or appliances, remodeling, and construction.
  - B. A charge of \$20.00 shall apply when either disconnection or reconnection is required after regular business hours of the utility.
  - C. A charge equal to the sum of the monthly minimum bill shall apply when the period of disconnection includes a billing period for which no minimum bill is assessed.
4. Service Calls. The customer shall be billed for the cost of services not the responsibility of the utility as follows:
  - A. No charge shall be made where the trouble is found to be on the customer's side of the meter. The customer shall be advised to contact a qualified electrician or contractor to remedy the problem.
  - B. The customer shall be held responsible for his or her actions which cause damage to or loss of the utility's equipment or structures located on property occupied by the customer. The customer shall be charged for the direct cost of labor and materials for each service call where the trouble is found to be on the facilities belonging to the utility, but due to the customer's actions, such as, but not limited to, digging without calling Iowa One Call for a buried cable locate.
5. Customer Requested Meter Tests. Meter tests requested by the customer shall be performed by an outside testing contractor. The customer shall be billed for the direct cost of such test, where the meter is found to be within the allowable tolerance.
6. Returned Check Charge. A service charge of \$30.00 shall apply to each check returned unpaid by the bank on which it was drawn.
7. Posting Fee. A delinquency notice posting fee of \$30.00 shall be charged for the posting of any second notice at a delinquent customer's address within 24 hours of any disconnection.
8. Service Reconnection Fee. When service is disconnected because of an action or omission by the customer or because of nonpayment of a bill or deposit, the customer shall be required to pay a reconnection charge equal to the sum of three months' minimum charges. A charge of \$20.00, in addition to the reconnection charge, shall apply whenever reconnection is required after normal business hours of the utility.
9. Seasonal. Loads in any class that are seasonal in nature and require a separate transformer installation shall incur an additional monthly charge of \$0.75 per KVA of transformer capacity installed. Examples of this type of load include: crop dryers, irrigation, water pumps.
10. Basis of Cost. Where the cost of labor is to be assessed to a customer, the cost for work performed during regular business hours of the utility shall be based on an hourly rate of \$40.00 per employee. For work performed after regular hours, the cost shall be based on an hourly rate of \$60.00 per employee. For service performed for the

utility by contract, the customer shall be billed for the full cost to the utility, plus an administrative charge of five percent. Where the cost of materials is to be assessed to the customer, the cost shall be deemed to be the replacement cost at the time of installation.

**110.07 ELECTRIC HEAT INCENTIVE PROGRAM.** The Council shall adopt, by resolution, appropriate operation rules governing the electric heat incentive program, which shall be entitled "Electric Heat Incentive Program."

**110.08 RESPONSIBILITY FOR UTILITY BILLS.** All landlords shall be responsible for tenants' utility bills to the City. The Clerk shall send a copy of the delinquent utility bill to every landlord on a monthly basis.

[The next page is 533]



## CHAPTER 111

# TELEPHONE FRANCHISES

111.01 Qwest

111.02 Western Iowa Telephone Association

### 111.01 QWEST.

1. Franchise Granted. Qwest, a corporation, its successors and assigns are hereby granted the right to use and occupy the streets, alleys and other public places of the City for a term of 25 years from the effective date of the ordinance codified by this chapter,<sup>†</sup> for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating a general telephone system within the City.
2. Police Power. The rights herein granted are subject to the exercise of the police power as the same now is or may hereafter be conferred upon said City.

**111.02 WESTERN IOWA TELEPHONE ASSOCIATION.** Western Iowa Telephone Association is granted the non-exclusive right, power, privilege and authority to construct, install, lease, operate and maintain a telephone exchange system including and with the necessary notes, wires, line and appliances and other equipment upon, under and over the street, alleys and public places in the City for 25 years, from April 2004 to April 2029.<sup>‡</sup>

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** Ordinance No. 828, adopting a telephone franchise for the City, was passed and adopted on August 9, 1982. Voters approved the franchise at an election held on September 28, 1982.

<sup>‡</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** Ordinance No. 110, adopting a telephone franchise for the City, was passed and adopted on April 12, 2004.

[The next page is 539]

## CHAPTER 112

### CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISES

112.01 Franchise Granted  
112.02 Rights Conferred By Franchise  
112.03 Installation of Cable System  
112.04 Relocation of Property  
112.05 Rates and Charges  
112.06 Indemnification

112.07 Payment to City  
112.08 Franchise Termination  
112.09 Local Office or Agent  
112.10 Map  
112.11 Discontinuance of Service  
112.12 Sharing Revenues

**112.01 FRANCHISE GRANTED.** Pursuant to law, a nonexclusive franchise is granted to ComServ to construct, own and operate a cable television system in the City. This nonexclusive franchise is granted for a period of 15 years, said period to commence March 1, 1995, and end March 1, 2010. This franchise grant shall vest all the rights, privileges and immunities of a cable television system with ComServ; however, the nonexclusive franchise shall be subject to and conditional upon all the terms, duties and obligations of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and this chapter. <sup>†</sup>

#### **112.02 RIGHTS CONFERRED BY FRANCHISE.**

1. This chapter confers upon the Grantee the nonexclusive right, authority, power and franchise to establish, construct, acquire, own, operate and maintain a cable television system within the City and to render, furnish and sell such service to the inhabitants of the City and to use and occupy the streets and other public places within the corporate limits of the City as the same now exist or may hereafter exist for its cable system, including the right to enter and construct, erect, locate, relocate, repair and rebuild in, on, under, along, over and across the streets, alleys, avenues, parkways, lanes, bridges, to make use of all land dedicated or acquired for public use, and other public property and places and locations approved by the City Engineer, in the City, all towers, poles, cables, amplifiers, conduits and other facilities owned, leased or otherwise used by Grantee for the furnishing of cable television service within the City during the continuance of the franchise hereby granted and in accordance with the laws and regulations of the United States of America, the State and ordinances and regulations of the City.

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#### **<sup>†</sup> EDITOR'S NOTES:**

Ordinance No. 82-12 adopting a cable TV franchise for the City was passed and adopted on December 13, 1982. Voters approved the franchise at an election held on March 1, 1983. Pursuant to an agreement entered into by the City, the franchise has been transferred to Douglas Cable Communications, L.P. Ordinance No. 51, adopted February 13, 1995, extended the franchise for a period of 15 years from March 1, 1995, to March 1, 2010. Pursuant to Ordinance No. 114, adopted July 11, 2005, the franchise was transferred and assigned to Advanced Network Communications, L.L.C. Ordinance No. 175, adopted September 8, 2014, extended the franchise to October 17, 2024.

Ordinance No. 112 adopting a second cable television franchise for the City was passed and adopted on May 10, 2004. Western Iowa Telephone Association is granted the nonexclusive right, power, privilege and authority to construct, install, lease, operate and maintain a video services platform including and with the necessary nodes, wires, line and appliances and other equipment upon, under and over the street, alleys and public places in the City for 25 years, from May 2004 to May 2029.

2. The poles used for the Grantee's distribution system shall be those erected and maintained by anyone authorized to maintain poles in the streets or public ways, when and where practicable. It is contemplated that reasonable standard pole attachment agreements will be entered into. Grantee shall have the right to set its own pole lines for its distribution system; however, when it deems it economically feasible to do so. In any areas where electric or telephone utilities are now underground and in any new subdivisions or new additions where said utilities are underground, the Grantee will lay its cable underground.
3. The City reserves the right of reasonable regulation of the erection, construction or installation of any facilities by the Grantee and to reasonably designate where such facilities are to be placed within the public ways and places.

#### **112.03 INSTALLATION OF CABLE SYSTEM.**

1. The Grantee shall have commenced and accomplished significant construction of the cable system facilities authorized in this chapter within 12 months after the effective date of the ordinance codified herein, and shall thereafter equitably and reasonably extend energized trunk cable to such percentage of its franchised area as will accomplish completion of the cable system within 15 months after the effective date of said ordinance.
2. The installation of the cable system shall be in accordance with the requirements of the *National Electric Safety Code* of the American Insurance Association, latest edition, all applicable laws, ordinances, rules and regulations of the FCC, the State and of the City affecting electrical installations and building, now or hereafter in effect.
3. The Grantee, subject to the rights of adjoining property owners, at its expense, shall have the authority to trim trees upon any overhanging streets, alleys, sidewalks and public places of the City so as to prevent the branches of such trees from coming in contact with the wires and cables of Grantee, all trimming to be done under the supervision and direction of the City.
4. The Grantee shall, at its expense, protect, support, temporarily disconnect, relocate or remove any property of the Grantee located upon streets, rights-of-way and easements of the City, when required by the City because of traffic conditions, public safety, street vacation, street construction, change or establishment of street grade, installation of sewers, drains, water pipes, power lines, signal lines and tracks or any other type of structure or improvement by the City; if the Grantee fails to do so, the City may cause the necessary work to be completed and Grantee shall pay the City the cost thereof within 10 days after receipt of any itemized account.

**112.04 RELOCATION OF PROPERTY.** The Grantee, at the request of any person holding a permit issued by the City, shall temporarily remove, raise or lower its wires or cables to permit the moving of buildings or equipment. The expense of such temporary removal, raising or lowering shall be paid by the person requesting the same and the Grantee may require such payment in advance. The Grantee shall be given not less than 48 hours' advance notice to arrange for such temporary wire or cable change.

#### **112.05 RATES AND CHARGES.**

1. All rates and charges made by the Grantee for its services shall be fair, reasonable, uniform and designed to meet all necessary costs of service, including a fair

rate of return on net valuation of its properties devoted thereto under efficient and economic management. All subscribers to the services of the Grantee under this chapter shall be on a purely voluntary basis, and may be terminated at any time by the customer. Such services shall be maintained so as not to interfere with the existing television and radio reception within the City.

2. Grantee shall have the authority to promulgate such rules and regulations, terms and conditions of its business as shall reasonably be necessary to enable the Grantee to exercise its rights and perform its services under this franchise and to assume uninterrupted services to each and all of its customers.

**112.06 INDEMNIFICATION.** The Grantee agrees to hold and save the City harmless from any and all liability that may arise out of the construction, maintenance, operation or use of Grantee's system and works and the providing of such services and to provide and keep in force adequate liability insurance therefor, to the extent of bodily injury limits of \$500,000/\$500,000 and a property damage limit of \$300,000/\$300,000, naming the City as an additional insured, as its interest may appear. Grantee shall also provide and maintain insurance under a broad form automobile policy, with \$100,000/\$300,000/\$100,000 coverage limits and worker's compensation insurance with statutory limits. All insurance shall be issued by a company authorized to do business in the State and shall be provided before the Grantee, its successors or assigns thereof shall commence the construction or other operations mentioned in this section. The City shall notify the Grantee's representative or employee in the City, if any, within 10 days after the presentation of any demand or claim that may arise, whether by suit or otherwise, against the City. Grantee shall maintain on file with the Clerk at all times a current certificate of insurance. All insurance policies shall, if possible, provide for not less than 30 days' notice of cancellation.

**112.07 PAYMENT TO CITY.** In consideration of the rights, privileges and franchise hereby granted, and as compensation to the City for the use of its public ways and places by the Grantee, and to properly regulate the activities of the Grantee, the Grantee shall, on or before the last day of January and the last day of July of each year in which the franchise is effective, pay to the City a sum equal to three percent of the gross basic subscriber revenues for cable television service within the existing corporate limits of the City for the preceding six-month period ending on the last day of December and the last day of June, respectively. The books of the Grantee shall be open to inspection by authorized agents of the City at all reasonable times to verify the accuracy of the computation and correctness of the report which shall accompany the payment. Grantee shall keep books and records pursuant to established practices using generally accepted accounting procedures.

**112.08 FRANCHISE TERMINATION.** The City may terminate the franchise and all rights therein granted in the event the Grantee or its successors or assigns thereof shall fail to comply with any of the terms and conditions of this chapter. The City may exercise such right of termination by mailing notice thereof by registered mail or certified mail to the Grantee unless within 30 days after such mailing full compliance with the terms and conditions has been effected. Upon termination or forfeiture of its franchise, the Grantee shall, within a reasonable time, remove its cables, wires, and appliances from the City streets, lanes, avenues, sidewalks, alleys, bridges, highways, easements and other public places within the City, and shall restore such streets and other public places to their original condition.

**112.09 LOCAL OFFICE OR AGENT.** Grantee shall maintain a local office, or local agent, in the City or provide toll-free telephone service so as to provide adequate service during all

usual business hours and have a listed telephone so that messages, complaints and requests for service or repairs or adjustments may be received at any time without toll charges.

**112.10 MAP.** In addition to other provisions set out herein, the Grantee shall file with the City and obtain approval of a proper map showing and describing the exact location or proposed location of all of its facilities within the City's streets, alleys, public ways, dedicated easements and secure from the proper City officials approval for the location of, the erection of, either above or below ground, facilities so as not to interfere with existing public utility franchises, excluding the necessity of securing prior approval of the City if and when said Grantee obtains pole attachment agreements with existing public utilities for the joint use of poles that may now be existing or may hereafter be erected by such public utilities.

**112.11 DISCONTINUANCE OF SERVICE.** In the event of discontinuance of cable service by Grantee, the Grantee agrees to bargain in good faith with any subsequent cable service Grantee and the City, as its interest may appear, regarding all fixtures and installations in existence at that time.

**112.12 SHARING REVENUES.** The Grantee agrees to negotiate with the City regarding the sharing with the City in any revenues generated as a result of power company usage of the cable system for energy/power management during peak load demand times and any other local or educational broadcasting.

[The next page is 551]

## CHAPTER 120

# LIQUOR LICENSES AND WINE AND BEER PERMITS

120.01 License or Permit Required  
120.02 General Prohibition  
120.03 Investigation

120.04 Action by Council  
120.05 Prohibited Sales and Acts  
120.06 Amusement Devices

**120.01 LICENSE OR PERMIT REQUIRED.** No person shall manufacture for sale, import, sell, or offer or keep for sale, alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer without first securing a liquor control license, wine permit, or beer permit in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 123 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.22, 123.122 & 123.171)*

**120.02 GENERAL PROHIBITION.** It is unlawful to manufacture for sale, sell, offer or keep for sale, possess or transport alcoholic liquor, wine or beer except upon the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions enumerated in Chapter 123 of the *Code of Iowa*, and a license or permit may be suspended or revoked or a civil penalty may be imposed for a violation thereof.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.2, 123.39 & 123.50)*

**120.03 INVESTIGATION.** Upon receipt of an application for a liquor license, wine or beer permit, the Clerk may forward it to the Police Chief, who shall then conduct an investigation and submit a written report as to the truth of the facts averred in the application. The Fire Chief may also inspect the premises to determine if they conform to the requirements of the City. The Council shall not approve an application for a license or permit for any premises that does not conform to the applicable law and ordinances, resolutions, and regulations of the City.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.30)*

**120.04 ACTION BY COUNCIL.** The Council shall either approve or disapprove the issuance of the liquor control license or retail wine or beer permit and shall endorse its approval or disapproval on the application, and thereafter the application, necessary fee and bond, if required, shall be forwarded to the Alcoholic Beverages Division of the State Department of Commerce for such further action as is provided by law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.32[2])*

**120.05 PROHIBITED SALES AND ACTS.** A person or club holding a liquor license or retail wine or beer permit and the person's or club's agents or employees shall not do any of the following:

1. Sell, dispense, or give to any intoxicated person, or one simulating intoxication, any alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[1])*

2. Sell or dispense any alcoholic beverage on the premises covered by the license or permit, or permit its consumption thereon between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. on a weekday, and between the hours of 2:00 a.m. on Sunday and 6:00 a.m. on the following Monday; however, a holder of a liquor control license or retail wine or beer permit granted the privilege of selling alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer on Sunday may sell or dispense alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer between the hours of 6:00 a.m. on Sunday

and 2:00 a.m. of the following Monday, and further provided that a holder of any class of liquor control license or the holder of a Class “B” beer permit may sell or dispense alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer for consumption on the premises between the hours of 6:00 a.m. on Sunday and 2:00 a.m. on Monday when that Monday is New Year’s Day and beer for consumption off the premises between the hours of 6:00 a.m. on Sunday and 2:00 a.m. on the following Monday when that Sunday is the day before New Year’s Day.  
*(Ord. 221 – Aug. 21 Supp.)*

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2b] and 123.150)*

3. Sell alcoholic beverages, wine, or beer to any person on credit, except with a bona fide credit card. This provision does not apply to sales by a club to its members, to sales by a hotel or motel to bona fide registered guests or to retail sales by the managing entity of a convention center, civic center, or events center.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2c])*

4. Employ a person under 18 years of age in the sale or serving of alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer for consumption on the premises where sold.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2f])*

5. In the case of a retail beer or wine permittee, knowingly allow the mixing or adding of alcohol or any alcoholic beverage to beer, wine, or any other beverage in or about the permittee’s place of business.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2i])*

6. Knowingly permit any gambling, except in accordance with Iowa law, or knowingly permit any solicitation for immoral purposes, or immoral or disorderly conduct on the premises covered by the license or permit.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2a])*

7. Knowingly permit or engage in any criminal activity on the premises covered by the license or permit.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2j])*

8. Keep on premises covered by a liquor control license any alcoholic liquor in any container except the original package purchased from the Alcoholic Beverages Division of the State Department of Commerce and except mixed drinks or cocktails mixed on the premises for immediate consumption. However, mixed drinks or cocktails that are mixed on the premises and are not for immediate consumption may be consumed on the licensed premises, subject to rules adopted by the Alcoholic Beverages Division.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2d])*

9. Reuse for packaging alcoholic liquor or wine any container or receptacle used originally for packaging alcoholic liquor or wine; or adulterate, by the addition of any substance, the contents or remaining contents of an original package of an alcoholic liquor or wine; or knowingly possess any original package that has been reused or adulterated.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2e])*

10. Allow any person other than the licensee, permittee, or employees of the licensee or permittee to use or keep on the licensed premises any alcoholic liquor in any bottle or other container that is designed for the transporting of such beverages, except as allowed by State law.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[2g])*



11. Sell, give, possess, or otherwise supply a machine that is used to vaporize an alcoholic beverage for the purpose of being consumed in a vaporized form.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.49[21])*

12. Permit or allow any person under 21 years of age to remain upon licensed premises unless over 50 percent of the dollar volume of the business establishment comes from the sale and serving of prepared foods. This provision does not apply to holders of a class “C” beer permit only.

**120.06 AMUSEMENT DEVICES.** The following provisions pertain to electrical or mechanical amusement devices possessed and used in accordance with Chapter 99B of the *Code of Iowa*. (Said devices are allowed only in premises with a liquor control license or beer permit, as specifically authorized in said Chapter 99B.)

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 99B.57)*

1. As used in this section, “registered electrical or mechanical amusement device” means an electrical or mechanical device required to be registered with the Iowa Department of Inspection and Appeals, as provided in Section 99B.53 of the *Code of Iowa*.

2. It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 to participate in the operation of a registered electrical or mechanical amusement device.

3. It is unlawful for any person owning or leasing a registered electrical or mechanical amusement device, or an employee of a person owning or leasing a registered electrical or mechanical amusement device, to knowingly allow a person under the age of 21 to participate in the operation of a registered electrical or mechanical amusement device.

4. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly participate in the operation of a registered electrical or mechanical amusement device with a person under the age of 21.

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## CHAPTER 121

# CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO PERMITS

121.01 Definitions  
121.02 Permit Required  
121.03 Application  
121.04 Fees  
121.05 Issuance and Expiration

121.06 Refunds  
121.07 Persons Under Legal Age  
121.08 Self-Service Sales Prohibited  
121.09 Permit Revocation

**121.01 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter the following terms are defined:  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.1*)

1. “Alternative nicotine product” means a product, not consisting of or containing tobacco, that provides for the ingestion into the body of nicotine, whether by chewing, absorbing, dissolving, inhaling, snorting, or sniffing, or by any other means. “Alternative nicotine product” does not include cigarettes, tobacco products, or vapor products, or a product that is regulated as a drug or device by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
2. “Cigarette” means any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco, or any substitute for tobacco, irrespective of size or shape and irrespective of tobacco or any substitute for tobacco being flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient, where such roll has a wrapper or cover made of paper or any other material. However, cigarette shall not be construed to include cigars.
3. “Place of business” means any place where cigarettes, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products are sold, stored, or kept for the purpose of sale or consumption by a retailer.
4. “Retailer” means every person who sells, distributes or offers for sale for consumption, or possesses for the purpose of sale for consumption, cigarettes, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products, irrespective of the quantity or amount or the number of sales, or who engages in the business of selling tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products to ultimate consumers.
5. “Self-service display” means any manner of product display, placement, or storage from which a person purchasing the product may take possession of the product, prior to purchase, without assistance from the retailer or employee of the retailer, in removing the product from a restricted access location.
6. “Tobacco products” means the following: cigars; little cigars; cheroots; stogies; periques; granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready rubbed and other smoking tobacco; snuff; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine-cut and other chewing tobaccos; shorts or refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco; and other kinds and forms of tobacco prepared in such manner as to be suitable for chewing or smoking in a pipe or otherwise, or for both chewing and smoking, but does not mean cigarettes.
7. “Vapor product” means any noncombustible product, which may or may not contain nicotine, that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, that can be used to produce vapor from a solution or other substance. “Vapor product” includes

an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, or similar product or device, and any cartridge or other container of a solution or other substance, which may or may not contain nicotine, that is intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, or similar product or device. "Vapor product" does not include a product regulated as a drug or device by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

### **121.02 PERMIT REQUIRED.**

1. Retail Cigarette Permits. It is unlawful for any person, other than a holder of a retail permit, to sell cigarettes, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products at retail and no retailer shall distribute, sell, or solicit the sale of any cigarettes, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products within the City without a valid permit for each place of business. The permit shall, at all times, be publicly displayed at the place of business so as to be easily seen by the public and the persons authorized to inspect the place of business.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.13)*

2. Retail Tobacco Permits. It is unlawful for any person to engage in the business of a retailer of tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products at any place of business without first having received a permit as a retailer for each place of business owned or operated by the retailer.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.47A)*

A retailer who holds a retail cigarette permit is not required to also obtain a retail tobacco permit. However, if a retailer only holds a retail cigarette permit and that permit is suspended, revoked, or expired, the retailer shall not sell any tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products, during such time.

**121.03 APPLICATION.** A completed application on forms furnished by the State Department of Revenue or on forms made available or approved by the Department and accompanied by the required fee shall be filed with the Clerk. Renewal applications shall be filed at least five days prior to the last regular meeting of the Council in June. If a renewal application is not timely filed, and a special Council meeting is called to act on the application, the costs of such special meeting shall be paid by the applicant.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.13 & 453A.47A)*

**121.04 FEES.** The fee for a retail cigarette or tobacco permit shall be as follows:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.13 & 453A.47A)*

<b>FOR PERMITS GRANTED DURING:</b>	<b>FEE:</b>
July, August or September	\$ 75.00
October, November or December	\$ 56.25
January, February or March	\$ 37.50
April, May or June	\$ 18.75

**121.05 ISSUANCE AND EXPIRATION.** Upon proper application and payment of the required fee, a permit shall be issued. Each permit issued shall describe clearly the place of business for which it is issued and shall be nonassignable. All permits expire on June 30 of each year. The Clerk shall submit a duplicate of any application for a permit to the Alcoholic Beverages Division of the Department of Commerce within 30 days of issuance.

**121.06 REFUNDS.** A retailer may surrender an unrevoked permit and receive a refund from the City, except during April, May, or June, in accordance with the schedule of refunds as provided in Section 453A.13 or 453A.47A of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, 453A.13 & 453A.47A)*

**121.07 PERSONS UNDER LEGAL AGE.** A person shall not sell, give, or otherwise supply any tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, vapor products, or cigarettes to any person under 21 years of age. The provision of this section includes prohibiting person under 21 years of age from purchasing tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, vapor products, and cigarettes from a vending machine. If a retailer or employee of a retailer violates the provisions of this section, the Council shall, after written notice and hearing, and in addition to the other penalties fixed for such violation, assess the following:

1. For a first violation, the retailer shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of \$300.00. Failure to pay the civil penalty as ordered under this subsection shall result in automatic suspension of the permit for a period of 14 days.
2. For a second violation within a period of two years, the retailer shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,500.00 or the retailer's permit shall be suspended for a period of 30 days. The retailer may select its preference in the penalty to be applied under this subsection.
3. For a third violation within a period of three years, the retailer shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,500.00 and the retailer's permit shall be suspended for a period of 30 days.
4. For a fourth violation within a period of three years, the retailer shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,500.00 and the retailer's permit shall be suspended for a period of 60 days.
5. For a fifth violation within a period of four years, the retailer's permit shall be revoked.

The Clerk shall give 10 days' written notice to the retailer by mailing a copy of the notice to the place of business as it appears on the application for a permit. The notice shall state the reason for the contemplated action and the time and place at which the retailer may appear and be heard.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.2, 453A.22 and 453A.36[6])*

*(Section 121.07 – Ord. 210 – Sep. 20 Supp.)*

**121.08 SELF-SERVICE SALES PROHIBITED.** Except for the sale of cigarettes through a cigarette vending machine as provided in Section 453A.36[6] of the *Code of Iowa*, a retailer shall not sell or offer for sale tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, vapor products, or cigarettes through the use of a self-service display.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.36A)*

**121.09 PERMIT REVOCATION.** Following a written notice and an opportunity for a hearing, as provided by the *Code of Iowa*, the Council may also revoke a permit issued pursuant to this chapter for a violation of Division I of Chapter 453A of the *Code of Iowa* or any rule adopted thereunder. If a permit is revoked, a new permit shall not be issued to the permit holder for any place of business, or to any other person for the place of business at which the violation occurred, until one year has expired from the date of revocation, unless good cause to the contrary is shown to the Council. The Clerk shall report the revocation or suspension of a retail

permit to the Alcoholic Beverages Division of the Department of Commerce within 30 days of the revocation or suspension.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 453A.22)*

## CHAPTER 122

# PEDDLERS, SOLICITORS, AND TRANSIENT MERCHANTS

122.01 Purpose	122.10 Time Restriction
122.02 Definitions	122.11 Revocation of License
122.03 License Required	122.12 Hearing
122.04 Application for License	122.13 Record and Determination
122.05 License Fees	122.14 Appeal
122.06 Bond Required	122.15 Effect of Revocation
122.07 License Issued	122.16 Rebates
122.08 Display of License	122.17 License Exemptions
122.09 License Not Transferable	122.18 Charitable and Nonprofit Organizations

**122.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to protect residents of the City against fraud, unfair competition, and intrusion into the privacy of their homes by licensing and regulating peddlers, solicitors, and transient merchants.

**122.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter the following terms are defined:

1. “Peddler” means any person carrying goods or merchandise who sells or offers for sale for immediate delivery such goods or merchandise from house to house or upon the public street.
2. “Solicitor” means any person who solicits or attempts to solicit from house to house or upon the public street any contribution or donation or any order for goods, services, subscriptions or merchandise to be delivered at a future date.
3. “Transient merchant” means any person who engages in a temporary or itinerant merchandising business and in the course of such business hires, leases or occupies any building or structure whatsoever, or who operates out of a vehicle that is parked anywhere within the City limits. Temporary association with a local merchant, dealer, trader or auctioneer, or conduct of such transient business in connection with, as a part of, or in the name of any local merchant, dealer, trader, or auctioneer does not exempt any person from being considered a transient merchant.

**122.03 LICENSE REQUIRED.** Any person engaging in peddling, soliciting or in the business of a transient merchant in the City without first obtaining a license as herein provided is in violation of this chapter.

**122.04 APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.** An application in writing shall be filed with the Clerk for a license under this chapter. Such application shall set forth the applicant’s name, permanent and local address, and business address if any. The application shall also set forth the applicant’s employer, if any, and the employer’s address, the nature of the applicant’s business, the last three places of such business and the length of time sought to be covered by the license. An application fee of \$2.00 shall be paid at the time of filing such application to cover the cost of investigating the facts stated therein.

**122.05 LICENSE FEES.** The following license fees shall be paid to the Clerk prior to the issuance of any license.

1. Solicitors. In addition to the application fee for each person actually soliciting (principal or agent), a fee for the principal of \$10.00 per year.
2. Peddlers or Transient Merchants.
  - A. For one day.....\$ 5.00
  - B. For one week .....\$ 10.00
  - C. For up to six (6) months .....\$ 20.00
  - D. For one year or major part thereof.....\$ 25.00

**122.06 BOND REQUIRED.** Before a license under this chapter is issued to a transient merchant, an applicant shall provide to the Clerk evidence that the applicant has filed a bond with the Secretary of State in accordance with Chapter 9C of the *Code of Iowa*.

**122.07 LICENSE ISSUED.** If the Clerk finds the application is completed in conformance with the requirements of this chapter, the facts stated therein are found to be correct, and the license fee paid, a license shall be issued immediately.

**122.08 DISPLAY OF LICENSE.** Each solicitor or peddler shall keep such license in possession at all times while doing business in the City and shall, upon the request of prospective customers, exhibit the license as evidence of compliance with all requirements of this chapter. Each transient merchant shall display publicly such merchant's license in the merchant's place of business.

**122.09 LICENSE NOT TRANSFERABLE.** Licenses issued under the provisions of this chapter are not transferable in any situation and are to be applicable only to the person filing the application.

**122.10 TIME RESTRICTION.** All peddler's and solicitor's licenses shall provide that said licenses are in force and effect only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.

**122.11 REVOCATION OF LICENSE.** Following a written notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the Clerk may revoke any license issued pursuant to this chapter for the following reasons:

1. Fraudulent Statements. The licensee has made fraudulent statements in the application for the license or in the conduct of the business.
2. Violation of Law. The licensee has violated this chapter or has otherwise conducted the business in an unlawful manner.
3. Endangered Public Welfare, Health, or Safety. The licensee has conducted the business in such manner as to endanger the public welfare, safety, order, or morals.

The Clerk shall send the written notice to the licensee at the licensee's local address. The notice shall contain particulars of the complaints against the licensee, the ordinance provisions or State statutes allegedly violated, and the date, time, and place for hearing on the matter.

**122.12 HEARING.** The Clerk shall conduct a hearing at which both the licensee and any complainants shall be present to determine the truth of the facts alleged in the complaint and notice. Should the licensee, or authorized representative, fail to appear without good cause, the Clerk may proceed to a determination of the complaint.



**122.13 RECORD AND DETERMINATION.** The Clerk shall make and record findings of fact and conclusions of law, and shall revoke a license only when upon review of the entire record the Clerk finds clear and convincing evidence of substantial violation of this chapter or State law.

**122.14 APPEAL.** If the Clerk revokes or refuses to issue a license, the Clerk shall make a part of the record the reasons for such revocation or refusal. The licensee, or the applicant, shall have a right to a hearing before the Council at its next regular meeting. The Council may reverse, modify, or affirm the decision of the Clerk by a majority vote of the Council members present and the Clerk shall carry out the decision of the Council.

**122.15 EFFECT OF REVOCATION.** Revocation of any license shall bar the licensee from being eligible for any license under this chapter for a period of one year from the date of the revocation.

**122.16 REBATES.** Any licensee, except in the case of a revoked license, shall be entitled to a rebate of part of the fee paid if the license is surrendered before it expires. The amount of the rebate shall be determined by dividing the total license fee by the number of days for which the license was issued and then multiplying the result by the number of full days not expired. In all cases, at least \$5.00 of the original fee shall be retained by the City to cover administrative costs.

**122.17 LICENSE EXEMPTIONS.** The following are excluded from the application of this chapter.

1. Newspapers. Persons delivering, collecting for, or selling subscriptions to newspapers.
2. Club Members. Members of local civic and service clubs, Boy Scout, Girl Scout, 4-H Clubs, Future Farmers of America, and similar organizations.
3. Local Residents and Farmers. Local residents and farmers who offer for sale their own products.
4. Students. Students representing the Anthon-Oto School District conducting projects sponsored by organizations recognized by the school.
5. Route Sales. Route delivery persons who only incidentally solicit additional business or make special sales.
6. Resale or Institutional Use. Persons customarily calling on businesses or institutions for the purposes of selling products for resale or institutional use.

**122.18 CHARITABLE AND NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS.** Authorized representatives of charitable or nonprofit organizations operating under the provisions of Chapter 504 of the *Code of Iowa* desiring to solicit money or to distribute literature are exempt from the operation of Sections 122.04 and 122.05. All such organizations are required to submit in writing to the Clerk the name and purpose of the cause for which such activities are sought, names and addresses of the officers and directors of the organization, the period during which such activities are to be carried on, and whether any commissions, fees or wages are to be charged by the solicitor and the amount thereof. If the Clerk finds that the organization is a bona fide charity or nonprofit organization, the Clerk shall issue, free of charge, a license containing the above information to the applicant. In the event the Clerk denies the exemption,

the authorized representatives of the organization may appeal the decision to the Council, as provided in Section 122.14 of this chapter.

[The next page is 567]

## CHAPTER 123

### HOUSE MOVERS

123.01 House Mover Defined  
123.02 Permit Required  
123.03 Application  
123.04 Bond Required  
123.05 Insurance Required  
123.06 Permit Fee

123.07 Permit Issued  
123.08 Public Safety  
123.09 Time Limit  
123.10 Removal by City  
123.11 Protect Pavement  
123.12 Overhead Wires

**123.01 HOUSE MOVER DEFINED.** A “house mover” means any person who undertakes to move a building or similar structure upon, over or across public streets or property when the building or structure is of such size that it requires the use of skids, jacks, dollies, or any other specialized moving equipment.

**123.02 PERMIT REQUIRED.** It is unlawful for any person to engage in the activity of house mover as herein defined without a valid permit from the City for each house, building or similar structure to be moved. Buildings of less than 100 square feet are exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

**123.03 APPLICATION.** Application for a house mover’s permit shall be made in writing to the Clerk. The application shall include:

1. Name and Address. The applicant’s full name and address and, if a corporation, the names and addresses of its principal officers.
2. Building Location. An accurate description of the present location and future site of the building or similar structure to be moved.
3. Routing Plan. A routing plan approved by the Mayor, street superintendent, and public utility officials. The route approved shall be the shortest route compatible with the greatest public convenience and safety.

**123.04 BOND REQUIRED.** The applicant shall post with the Clerk a penal bond in the minimum sum of \$5,000.00 issued by a surety company authorized to issue such bonds in the State. The bond shall guarantee the permittee’s payment for any damage done to the City or to public property, and payment of all costs incurred by the City in the course of moving the building or structure.

**123.05 INSURANCE REQUIRED.** Each applicant shall also file a certificate of insurance indicating that the applicant is carrying public liability insurance in effect for the duration of the permit covering the applicant and all agents and employees for the following minimum amounts:

1. Bodily Injury – \$50,000.00 per person; \$100,000.00 per accident.
2. Property Damage – \$50,000.00 per accident.

**123.06 PERMIT FEE.** A permit fee of \$10.00 shall be payable at the time of filing the application with the Clerk. A separate permit shall be required for each house, building or similar structure to be moved.

**123.07 PERMIT ISSUED.** Upon approval of the application, filing of bond and insurance certificate, and payment of the required fee, the Clerk shall issue a permit.

**123.08 PUBLIC SAFETY.** At all times when a building or similar structure is in motion upon any street, alley, sidewalk or public property, the permittee shall maintain flag persons at the closest intersections or other possible channels of traffic to the sides, behind and ahead of the building or structure. At all times when the building or structure is at rest upon any street, alley, sidewalk or public property the permittee shall maintain adequate warning signs or lights at the intersections or channels of traffic to the sides, behind and ahead of the building or structure.

**123.09 TIME LIMIT.** No house mover shall permit or allow a building or similar structure to remain upon any street or other public way for a period of more than 12 hours without having first secured the written approval of the City.

**123.10 REMOVAL BY CITY.** In the event any building or similar structure is found to be in violation of Section 123.09, the City is authorized to remove such building or structure and assess the costs thereof against the permit holder and the surety on the permit holder's bond.

**123.11 PROTECT PAVEMENT.** It is unlawful to move any house or building of any kind over any pavement, unless the wheels or rollers upon which the house or building is moved are at least one inch in width for each 1,000 pounds of weight of such building. If there is any question as to the weight of a house or building, the estimate of the City as to such weight shall be final.

**123.12 OVERHEAD WIRES.** The holder of any permit to move a building shall see that all telephone, cable television and electric wires and poles are removed when necessary and replaced in good order, and shall be liable for the costs of the same.

## CHAPTER 124

# MOBILE FOOD VENDORS

124.01 Definitions  
124.02 Permit Required  
124.03 Permit Application  
124.04 Location

124.05 Operating Standards  
124.06 Application Fees  
124.07 Suspension or Revocation of Permit

### 124.01 DEFINITIONS.

1. “Mobile food unit” means any type of food establishment that is a readily movable vehicle (on wheels), that is self-propelled (driven), or can be pulled or pushed to a location and used for the vending of food or beverage items to the public.
2. “Mobile food vendor” means a person engaged in the business of selling food or beverages from a mobile food unit.

**124.02 PERMIT REQUIRED.** It shall be unlawful for any person to prepare, sell, or serve food or beverages to the public from a mobile food unit within the corporate limits of the City without first obtaining a mobile food vendor permit from the City. This permit is in addition to any other State or federal permits, certifications, and licenses required of mobile food vendors. A mobile food vendor permit shall be subject to the following:

1. A mobile food vendor permit shall be a single use permit for each day the mobile food vendor intends to operate within the City limits. Permits expire at 2:00 a.m. the day after the date for which the permit is issued.
2. Each mobile food unit shall be permitted separately. No permit transfer between mobile food units is allowed.
3. Permits are location specific. Multiple locations will require additional permits.
4. Mobile food units shall comply with the State of Iowa requirements for health inspections, licensing, safety, and fire code requirements and display its licensing in full view of the public in or on the unit.
5. The following shall be exempt from the requirement of this section:
  - A. Vendors granted permission in conjunction with a community special event sponsored or organized by a community organization and/or the City;
  - B. Nonprofit, community organizations, and individuals conducting not-for-profit or fundraising activities; and
  - C. Temporary booths or mobile food units operated by City residents earning \$2,000.00 or less in annual revenue, and where no alcoholic beverages are sold.
6. Notwithstanding anything herein, the City Council may by resolution impose additional or amended requirements with regard to permitting and operating standards for mobile food units for the Register’s Annual Great Bicycle Ride Across Iowa (RAGBRAI).

**124.03 PERMIT APPLICATION.**

1. Filing. Permit applications shall be filed with the City Clerk for approval sufficiently in advance of the proposed date for which the permit will apply. No application request shall be accepted unless it conforms to the requirements of this chapter. This includes a completed application, all of the required materials and information prescribed, and the required application fee.
2. Application Contents. Application must include the following information:
  - A. Full name of the applicant.
  - B. Applicant's contact information including mailing address, phone number, and email address.
  - C. State health inspection certificate with the classification level of the State license.
  - D. Photographs of the mobile food unit from the front, side, and back.
  - E. Make, model, and year of the vehicle to be used and license plate number.
  - F. Approvals, if any, of food establishment owners within twelve hundred (1200) feet of the expected operating area of the mobile food unit.
3. Nonconforming Applications. Applications not meeting the requirement of this chapter shall be rejected. If an application is rejected, the applicant may correct and re-submit the application during regular business hours.
4. Right to Appeal. Any applicant whose application for a permit was denied may appeal to the City Council at its next regularly scheduled meeting by filing with the City Clerk a written request for an appeal to the Council at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting. As a result of this appeal, the Council may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the City Clerk to not issue the permit. If the application for a permit is denied, the applicant is not eligible for the issuance of a permit under this chapter for a period of one (1) year from the date the permit application was denied.
5. Issuance of Permit. Upon completion of the review process and a determination of compliance with the applicable requirements, the City Clerk may issue a mobile food unit permit.
6. Application Deemed Withdrawn. Any application received shall be deemed withdrawn if it has been held in abeyance, awaiting the submittal of additional requested information from the applicant, and if the applicant has not communicated in writing with the City and made reasonable progress within thirty (30) days from the last notification from the City to the applicant. The application fee shall not be refundable. Any application deemed withdrawn shall require submission of a new application and fees to begin a new review and approval process.

**124.04 LOCATION.** A mobile food unit may be parked on public property or street as approved in the permit application or as part of a City approved event. Mobile food units are prohibited from parking within twelve hundred (1200) feet from the main entrance of an establishment that sells prepared food or beverages from one (1) hour before the establishment's opening to one (1) hour after closing without approval from the food establishment owner.

**124.05 OPERATING STANDARDS.** Mobile food vendors must adhere to the following regulations:

1. Mobile food units within three hundred (300) feet of property used or zoned for residential purposes shall only operate between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. All other mobile food units shall close by 2:00 a.m.
2. Mobile food units shall only serve patrons who are on foot; no drive-up service to the mobile food unit shall be provided or allowed.
3. All mobile food units shall maintain a minimum separation from buildings of ten (10) feet as measured to the closest building element including awning or canopies, tents, or membrane structures. Location of the mobile food unit shall not impede pedestrians entering or exiting a building.
4. The window or area where a patron orders and receives their purchase shall be located so as not to require a patron to stand, or create a line, that may cause pedestrians to be in the public right-of-way, vehicle travel lane, including parking lot drive aisles, or similar situation that may create a potential safety hazard. Adequate space for patrons waiting for their order must be available on the property where the mobile food unit is located.
5. Signs are limited to those that are attached to the exterior of the mobile unit and must be mounted flat against the unit and not project more than six (6) inches from the exterior of the unit. In addition, each mobile unit may have up to two (2) freestanding signs, banners, flags, or similar items if such item is placed within ten (10) feet of the mobile unit and so long as such item(s) does not interfere with traffic or create a safety hazard. Off premises signs directing patrons to the mobile unit are prohibited.
6. During business hours, the mobile food vendor shall provide a trash receptacle for use by customers and shall keep the area around the mobile food unit clear of litter and debris at all times.
7. All mobile food units shall be located in such a manner as to not create a safety hazard, such as blocking emergency access to buildings and the site, obstructing access to fire hydrants, impeding entering and exiting from a building, creating a visual impediment for the motoring public at drive entrances, intersections, pedestrian crossings, or similar movement and access.

**124.06 APPLICATION FEES.** At the time of permit application, the applicant shall pay to the City the applicable application fee. The fee will be set by resolution of the City Council and may be modified from time to time as the Council deems appropriate.

**124.07 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF PERMIT.**

1. Grounds. The City may suspend or revoke a permit to a mobile food vendor for any of the following reasons:
  - A. The applicant has made fraudulent statements in his/her application for the permit or in the conduct of his/her business.
  - B. The applicant has violated this chapter or any other chapter of this Code or has otherwise conducted his/her business in an unlawful manner.
  - C. The applicant has conducted his/her business in such a manner as to endanger the public welfare, safety, order, or morals.

D. The City has received and investigated three (3) or more found complaints during the previous twelve (12) months related to the manner in which the licensee is conducting business.

2. Notice of Revocation; Right of Appeal. The City shall cause notice of the permit revocation to be served in person by a City official or by mail to the permit holder's local address, which notice shall specify the reason(s) for such action, at which time operations of the permit holder must cease within the corporate limits of the City. The permit holder may appeal the permit revocation to the City Council at its next regularly scheduled meeting by filing with the City Clerk a written request for an appeal to the City Council at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting. The City Council may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision to revoke the permit. If revocation is affirmed, no refund of any permit fee paid shall be made. Upon the revocation of a permit, the applicant is not eligible for the issuance of a new permit under this chapter for a period of one (1) year from the date the permit revocation is personally provided or deposited in the U.S. Mail to the address of the permit holder.

*(Ch. 124 – Ord. 223 – Apr. 22 Supp.)*

[The next page is 585]



## CHAPTER 135

### STREET USE AND MAINTENANCE

135.01 Removal of Warning Devices	135.08 Burning Prohibited
135.02 Obstructing or Defacing	135.09 Excavations
135.03 Placing Debris On	135.10 Property Owner's Responsibility for Maintenance
135.04 Playing In	135.11 Failure to Maintain
135.05 Traveling on Barricaded Street or Alley	135.12 Dumping of Snow
135.06 Use for Business Purposes	135.13 Driveway Culverts
135.07 Washing Vehicles	

**135.01 REMOVAL OF WARNING DEVICES.** It is unlawful for a person to willfully remove, throw down, destroy or carry away from any street or alley any lamp, obstruction, guard or other article or things, or extinguish any lamp or other light, erected or placed thereupon for the purpose of guarding or enclosing unsafe or dangerous places in said street or alley without the consent of the person in control thereof.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)*

**135.02 OBSTRUCTING OR DEFACING.** It is unlawful for any person to obstruct, deface or injure any street or alley in any manner.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)*

**135.03 PLACING DEBRIS ON.** It is unlawful for any person to throw or deposit on any street or alley any glass, glass bottle, nails, tacks, wire, cans, trash, garbage, rubbish, litter, offal, leaves, grass or any other debris likely to be washed into the storm sewer and clog the storm sewer, or any substance likely to injure any person, animal or vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.369)*

**135.04 PLAYING IN.** It is unlawful for any person to coast, sled, or play games on streets or alleys, except in the areas blocked off by the City for such purposes.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2])*

**135.05 TRAVELING ON BARRICADED STREET OR ALLEY.** It is unlawful for any person to travel or operate any vehicle on any street or alley temporarily closed by barricades, lights, signs, or flares placed thereon by the authority or permission of any City official, police officer or member of the Fire Department.

**135.06 USE FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.** It is unlawful to park, store or place, temporarily or permanently, any machinery or junk or any other goods, wares, and merchandise of any kind upon any street or alley for the purpose of storage, exhibition, sale or offering same for sale, without permission of the Council.

**135.07 WASHING VEHICLES.** It is unlawful for any person to use any public sidewalk, street, or alley for the purpose of washing or cleaning any automobile, truck equipment, or any vehicle of any kind when such work is done for hire or as a business. This does not prevent any person from washing or cleaning his or her own vehicle or equipment when it is lawfully parked in the street or alley.

**135.08 BURNING PROHIBITED.** No person shall burn any trash, leaves, rubbish, or other combustible material in any curb and gutter or on any paved or surfaced street or alley.

**135.09 EXCAVATIONS.** No person shall dig, excavate, or in any manner disturb any street, parking or alley except in accordance with the following:

1. Permit Required. No excavation shall be commenced without first obtaining a permit. A written application for such permit shall be filed with the City and shall contain the following:
  - A. An exact description of the property, by lot and street number, in front of or along which it is desired to excavate;
  - B. A statement of the purpose, for whom and by whom the excavation is to be made;
  - C. The person responsible for the refilling of said excavation and restoration of the street or alley surface; and
  - D. Date of commencement of the work and estimated completion date.
2. Public Convenience. Streets and alleys shall be opened in the manner that will cause the least inconvenience to the public and admit the uninterrupted passage of water along the gutter on the street.
3. Barricades, Fencing and Lighting. Adequate barricades, fencing and warning lights meeting standards specified by the City shall be so placed as to protect the public from hazard. Any costs incurred by the City in providing or maintaining adequate barricades, fencing or warning lights shall be paid to the City by the permit holder/property owner.
4. Insurance Required. Each applicant shall also file a certificate of insurance indicating that the applicant is carrying public liability insurance in effect for the duration of the permit covering the applicant and all agents and employees for the following minimum amounts:
  - A. Bodily Injury - \$50,000.00 per person; \$100,000.00 per accident.
  - B. Property Damage - \$50,000.00 per accident.
5. Restoration of Public Property. Streets, sidewalks, alleys and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored to the condition of the property prior to the commencement of the work, or in a manner satisfactory to the City, at the expense of the permit holder/property owner.
6. Inspection. All work shall be subject to inspection by the City. Backfill shall not be deemed completed, and no resurfacing of any improved street or alley surface shall begin, until such backfill is inspected and approved by the City. The permit holder/property owner shall provide the City with notice at least 24 hours prior to the time when inspection of backfill is desired.
7. Completion by the City. Should any excavation in any street or alley be discontinued or left open and unfinished for a period of 24 hours after the approved completion date, or in the event the work is improperly done, the City has the right to finish or correct the excavation work and charge any expenses for such work to the permit holder/property owner.

8. Responsibility for Costs. All costs and expenses incident to the excavation shall be borne by the permit holder and/or property owner. The permit holder and owner shall indemnify the City from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be occasioned by such excavation.
9. Notification. At least 48 hours prior to the commencement of the excavation, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, the person performing the excavation shall contact the Statewide Notification Center and provide the center with the information required under Section 480.4 of the *Code of Iowa*.
10. Permit Issued. Upon approval of the application and filing of insurance certificate, a permit shall be issued. A separate permit shall be required for each excavation.
11. Permit Exemption. Utility companies are exempt from the permit application requirement of this section. They shall, however, comply with all other pertinent provisions.

**135.10 PROPERTY OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTENANCE.** The abutting property owner shall maintain all property outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines upon public streets and shall keep such area in a safe condition, free from nuisances, obstructions, and hazards. In the absence of a curb, such property shall extend from the property line to that portion of the public street used or improved for vehicular purposes. The abutting property owner shall not be required to remove diseased trees or dead wood on the publicly owned property or right-of-way. Maintenance includes, but is not limited to, timely mowing, trimming trees and shrubs, and picking up litter and debris. The abutting property owner may be liable for damages caused by failure to maintain the publicly owned property or right-of-way.<sup>†</sup>

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2c])*

**135.11 FAILURE TO MAINTAIN.** If the abutting property owner does not perform an action required under the above section within a reasonable time, the City may perform the required action and assess the cost against the abutting property for collection in the same manner as a property tax.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2e])*

**135.12 DUMPING OF SNOW.** It is unlawful for any person to throw, push, or place or cause to be thrown, pushed or placed, any ice or snow from private property, sidewalks, or driveways onto the traveled way of a street or alley so as to obstruct gutters, or impede the passage of vehicles upon the street or alley or to create a hazardous condition therein; except where, in the cleaning of large commercial drives in the business district it is absolutely necessary to move the snow onto the street or alley temporarily, such accumulation shall be removed promptly by the property owner or agent. Arrangements for the prompt removal of such accumulations shall be made prior to moving the snow.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2])*

**135.13 DRIVEWAY CULVERTS.** The property owner shall, at the owner's expense, install any culvert deemed necessary under any driveway or any other access to the owner's property, and before installing a culvert, permission must first be obtained from the City. In the event repairs are needed at any time with respect to culverts, it shall be the responsibility of the

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** See also Section 136.04 relating to property owner's responsibility for maintenance of sidewalks.

property owner to make such repairs, and, in the event the owner fails to do so, the City shall have the right to make the repairs. If the property owner fails to reimburse the City for the cost of said repairs, the cost shall be certified to the County Treasurer and specially assessed against the property as by law provided.

[The next page is 593]

## CHAPTER 136

# SIDEWALK REGULATIONS

136.01 Purpose	136.11 Interference with Sidewalk Improvements
136.02 Definitions	136.12 Awnings
136.03 Removal of Snow, Ice, and Accumulations	136.13 Encroaching Steps
136.04 Property Owner's Responsibility for Maintenance	136.14 Openings and Enclosures
136.05 City May Order Repairs	136.15 Fires or Fuel on Sidewalks
136.06 Sidewalk Construction Ordered	136.16 Defacing
136.07 Permit Required	136.17 Debris on Sidewalks
136.08 Sidewalk Standards	136.18 Merchandise Display
136.09 Barricades and Warning Lights	136.19 Sales Stands
136.10 Failure to Repair or Barricade	

**136.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to enhance safe passage by citizens on sidewalks, to place the responsibility for the maintenance, repair, replacement, or reconstruction of sidewalks upon the abutting property owner and to minimize the liability of the City.

**136.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter the following terms are defined:

1. "Broom finish" means a sidewalk finish that is made by sweeping the sidewalk when it is hardening.
2. "Established grade" means that grade established by the City for the particular area in which a sidewalk is to be constructed.
3. "One-course construction" means that the full thickness of the concrete is placed at one time, using the same mixture throughout.
4. "Owner" means the person owning the fee title to property abutting any sidewalk and includes any contract purchaser for purposes of notification required herein. For all other purposes, "owner" includes the lessee, if any.
5. "Portland cement" means any type of cement except bituminous cement.
6. "Sidewalk" means all permanent public walks in business, residential or suburban areas.
7. "Sidewalk improvements" means the construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, or removal, of a public sidewalk and/or the excavating, filling or depositing of material in the public right-of-way in connection therewith.
8. "Wood float finish" means a sidewalk finish that is made by smoothing the surface of the sidewalk with a wooden trowel.

**136.03 REMOVAL OF SNOW, ICE, AND ACCUMULATIONS.** The abutting property owner shall remove snow, ice, and accumulations promptly from sidewalks. If a property owner does not remove snow, ice, or accumulations within a reasonable time, the City may do so and assess the costs against the property owner for collection in the same manner as a property tax. Property owners and tenants are liable to pedestrians for injuries due to failure to keep their sidewalks clear of snow and ice.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2b & e])*

**136.04 PROPERTY OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTENANCE.** The abutting property owner shall maintain in a safe and hazard-free condition any sidewalk outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines or, in the absence of a curb, any sidewalk between the property line and that portion of the public street used or improved for vehicular purposes. The property owner is liable for injuries to pedestrians due to their failure to keep the sidewalk in proper repair.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2c])*

**136.05 CITY MAY ORDER REPAIRS.** If the abutting property owner does not maintain sidewalks as required, the Council may serve notice on such owner, by certified mail, requiring the owner to repair, replace or reconstruct sidewalks within a reasonable time and if such action is not completed within the time stated in the notice, the Council may require the work to be done and assess the costs against the abutting property for collection in the same manner as a property tax.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2d & e])*

**136.06 SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION ORDERED.** The Council may order the construction of permanent sidewalks upon any street or court in the City and may specially assess the cost of such improvement to abutting property owners in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 384 of the *Code of Iowa*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.38)*

**136.07 PERMIT REQUIRED.** No person shall remove, reconstruct, or install a sidewalk unless such person has obtained a permit from the City and has agreed in writing that said removal, reconstruction, or installation will comply with all ordinances and requirements of the City for such work.

**136.08 SIDEWALK STANDARDS.** Sidewalks repaired, replaced, or constructed under the provisions of this chapter shall be of the following construction and meet the following standards:

1. Cement. Portland cement shall be the only cement used in the construction and repair of sidewalks.
2. Construction. Sidewalks shall be of one-course construction.
3. Sidewalk Base. Concrete may be placed directly on compact and well-drained soil. Where soil is not well drained, a three-inch sub-base of compact, clean, coarse gravel or sand shall be laid. The adequacy of the soil drainage is to be determined by the City.
4. Sidewalk Bed. The sidewalk bed shall be so graded that the constructed sidewalk will be at established grade.
5. Length, Width and Depth. Length, width and depth requirements are as follows:
  - A. Residential sidewalks shall be at least four feet wide and four inches thick, and each section shall be no more than four feet in length.
  - B. Business District sidewalks shall extend from the property line to the curb. Each section shall be four inches thick and no more than six feet in length.
  - C. Driveway areas shall be not less than six inches in thickness.

6. Location. Residential sidewalks shall be located with the inner edge (edge nearest the abutting private property) on the property line, unless the Council establishes a different distance due to special circumstances.
7. Grade. Curb tops shall be on level with the centerline of the street, which is the established grade.
8. Elevations. The street edge of a sidewalk shall be at an elevation even with the curb at the curb or not less than one-half inch above the curb for each foot between the curb and the sidewalk.
9. Slope. All sidewalks shall slope one-fourth inch per foot toward the curb.
10. Finish. All sidewalks shall be finished with a broom finish or wood float finish.
11. Curb Ramps and Sloped Areas for Persons with Disabilities. If a street, road, or highway is newly built or reconstructed, a curb ramp or sloped area shall be constructed or installed at each intersection of the street, road, or highway with a sidewalk or path. If a sidewalk or path is newly built or reconstructed, a curb ramp or sloped area shall be constructed or installed at each intersection of the sidewalk or path with a street, highway, or road. Curb ramps and sloped areas that are required pursuant to this subsection shall be constructed or installed in compliance with applicable federal requirements adopted in accordance with the Federal Americans with Disabilities Act, including (but not limited to) the guidelines issued by the Federal Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 216C.9)*

**136.09 BARRICADES AND WARNING LIGHTS.** Whenever any material of any kind is deposited on any street, avenue, highway, passageway or alley when sidewalk improvements are being made or when any sidewalk is in a dangerous condition, it shall be the duty of all persons having an interest therein, either as the contractor or the owner, agent, or lessee of the property in front of or along which such material may be deposited, or such dangerous condition exists, to put in conspicuous places at each end of such sidewalk and at each end of any pile of material deposited in the street, a sufficient number of approved warning lights or flares, and to keep them lighted during the entire night and to erect sufficient barricades both at night and in the daytime to secure the same. The party or parties using the street for any of the purposes specified in this chapter shall be liable for all injuries or damage to persons or property arising from any wrongful act or negligence of the party or parties, or their agents or employees or for any misuse of the privileges conferred by this chapter or of any failure to comply with provisions hereof.

**136.10 FAILURE TO REPAIR OR BARRICADE.** It is the duty of the owner of the property abutting the sidewalk, or the owner's contractor or agent, to notify the City immediately in the event of failure or inability to make necessary sidewalk improvements or to install or erect necessary barricades as required by this chapter.

**136.11 INTERFERENCE WITH SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS.** No person shall knowingly or willfully drive any vehicle upon any portion of any sidewalk or approach thereto while in the process of being improved or upon any portion of any completed sidewalk or approach thereto, or shall remove or destroy any part or all of any sidewalk or approach thereto, or shall remove, destroy, mar or deface any sidewalk at any time or destroy, mar, remove or deface any notice provided by this chapter.

**136.12 AWNINGS.** It is unlawful for a person to erect or maintain any awning over any sidewalk unless all parts of the awning are elevated at least eight feet above the surface of the sidewalk and the roof or covering is made of duck, canvas or other suitable material supported by iron frames or brackets securely fastened to the building, without any posts or other device that will obstruct the sidewalk or hinder or interfere with the free passage of pedestrians.

**136.13 ENCROACHING STEPS.** It is unlawful for a person to erect or maintain any stairs or steps to any building upon any part of any sidewalk without permission by resolution of the Council.

**136.14 OPENINGS AND ENCLOSURES.** It is unlawful for a person to:

1. Stairs and Railings. Construct or build a stairway or passageway to any cellar or basement by occupying any part of the sidewalk, or to enclose any portion of a sidewalk with a railing without permission by resolution of the Council.
2. Openings. Keep open any cellar door, grating, or cover to any vault on any sidewalk except while in actual use with adequate guards to protect the public.
3. Protect Openings. Neglect to properly protect or barricade all openings on or within six feet of any sidewalk.

**136.15 FIRES OR FUEL ON SIDEWALKS.** It is unlawful for a person to make a fire of any kind on any sidewalk or to place or allow any fuel to remain upon any sidewalk.

**136.16 DEFACING.** It is unlawful for a person to scatter or place any paste, paint, or writing on any sidewalk.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)*

**136.17 DEBRIS ON SIDEWALKS.** It is unlawful for a person to throw or deposit on any sidewalk any glass, nails, glass bottle, tacks, wire, cans, trash, garbage, rubbish, litter, offal, or any other debris, or any substance likely to injure any person, animal, or vehicle.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2])*

**136.18 MERCHANDISE DISPLAY.** It is unlawful for a person to place upon or above any sidewalk, any goods or merchandise for sale or for display in such a manner as to interfere with the free and uninterrupted passage of pedestrians on the sidewalk; in no case shall more than three feet of the sidewalk next to the building be occupied for such purposes.

**136.19 SALES STANDS.** It is unlawful for a person to erect or keep any vending machine or stand for the sale of fruit, vegetables or other substances or commodities on any sidewalk without first obtaining a written permit from the Council.

[The next page is 599]



## CHAPTER 137

# VACATION AND DISPOSAL OF STREETS

137.01 Power to Vacate  
137.02 Notice of Vacation Hearing  
137.03 Findings Required

137.04 Disposal of Vacated Streets or Alleys  
137.05 Disposal by Gift Limited

**137.01 POWER TO VACATE.** When, in the judgment of the Council, it would be in the best interest of the City to vacate a street, alley, portion thereof, or any public grounds, the Council may do so by ordinance in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.  
(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[2a]*)

**137.02 NOTICE OF VACATION HEARING.** The Council shall cause to be published a notice of public hearing of the time at which the proposal to vacate shall be considered.

**137.03 FINDINGS REQUIRED.** No street, alley, portion thereof, or any public grounds shall be vacated unless the Council finds that:

1. Public Use. The street, alley, portion thereof, or any public ground proposed to be vacated is not needed for the use of the public, and therefore, its maintenance at public expense is no longer justified.
2. Abutting Property. The proposed vacation will not deny owners of property abutting on the street or alley reasonable access to their property.

**137.04 DISPOSAL OF VACATED STREETS OR ALLEYS.** When in the judgment of the Council it would be in the best interest of the City to dispose of a vacated street or alley, portion thereof or public ground, the Council may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 364.7, *Code of Iowa*.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.7*)

**137.05 DISPOSAL BY GIFT LIMITED.** The City may not dispose of real property by gift except to a governmental body for a public purpose or to a fair.

(*Code of Iowa, Sec. 174.15[2] & 364.7[3]*)

**EDITOR'S NOTE**

Certain ordinances, not codified herein, vacating the following streets and alleys have been adopted and are specifically saved from repeal and remain in full force and effect.

1. The alleys lying south of and the full width of Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3), Four (4) and Five (5), Block Twenty-three (23) of Cherokee and Western Town Lot and Land Company's annex to Anthon
2. A strip of land thirty-three (33) feet wide, extending eastward on Arnold Street from the junction of Arnold Street and Third Avenue and running parallel with and lying between Lot Four (4), Block One (1), Arnold's First Addition, and all of Block Three (3) of Arnold's Second Addition to the Town of Anthon
3. An alley twenty (20) feet wide extending in a westerly direction from Second Avenue to Miller Avenue, all in Block One (1) Cherokee and Western Town Lot and Land Company's Second Annex to Anthon
4. An alley twenty feet wide extending in an easterly direction from Fourth Avenue to Fifth Avenue, all in Block 17, Original Town of Anthon
5. The east and west alley twenty feet wide in Block One (1), Arnold's First Addition to the Town of Anthon, from the east line of Third Avenue east to the west line of Lot 38
6. Division Street, from the east line of Fourth Avenue, 580 feet east to the east line of Lot Forty-eight (48)
7. That part of Bridge Street lying between the easterly line of State Highway Number 31 and the westerly line of Miller Avenue
8. All except the west 125 feet of the alley extending east and west in Block 6, Original Town of Anthon
9. That alley extending east and west and lying between Block 6, Cherokee and western Town Lot and Land Company's 2nd Annex to the Town of Anthon and Block 5, Original Town of Anthon
10. The east-west alley which lies on the south side of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and lies on the north of Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 in Block 16, Original Town of Anthon, except reserving unto the City a 20-foot easement for utilities (Ordinance adopted August 1, 1977)
11. The east-west alley and part of the north-south alleys which lie from West Main Street north on west Lot 10, then east dividing Lots 6, 5, 4, 3, 2 on the north from Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 to the south, then south to West Main Street on the west edge of Lot 1, all in Section 1, Moores Addition, Original Town of Anthon, except reserving unto the City a 20-foot easement for utilities (Ordinance adopted October 3, 1977)
12. The north-south alley which lies on the East Side of Lots 1, 2, and 3 and lies on the west of Lots 22, 23 and 24, in Block 2, Lucas Subdivision "B" of Anthon, Iowa, except reserving unto the City a 20-foot easement for utilities (Ordinance No. 45 adopted December 13, 1993)

[The next page is 605]

**CHAPTER 138**  
**STREET GRADES**

**138.01 Established Grades**

**138.02 Record Maintained**

**138.01 ESTABLISHED GRADES.** The grades of all streets, alleys and sidewalks, which have been heretofore established by ordinance, are hereby confirmed, ratified, and established as official grades.

**138.02 RECORD MAINTAINED.** The Clerk shall maintain a record of all established grades and furnish information concerning such grades upon request.

EDITOR'S NOTE			
The following ordinances not codified herein, and specifically saved from repeal, have been adopted establishing street and/or sidewalk grades and remain in full force and effect.			
ORDINANCE NO.	ADOPTED	ORDINANCE NO.	ADOPTED

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## CHAPTER 139

# NAMING OF STREETS

139.01 Naming New Streets  
139.02 Changing Name of Street  
139.03 Recording Street Names

139.04 Official Street Name Map  
139.05 Revision of Street Name Map

**139.01 NAMING NEW STREETS.** New streets shall be assigned names in accordance with the following:

1. Extension of Existing Street. Streets added to the City that are natural extensions of existing streets shall be assigned the name of the existing street.
2. Resolution. All street names, except streets named as a part of a subdivision or platting procedure, shall be named by resolution.

**139.02 CHANGING NAME OF STREET.** The Council may, by resolution, change the name of a street.

**139.03 RECORDING STREET NAMES.** Following official action naming or changing the name of a street, the Clerk shall file a copy thereof with the County Recorder, County Auditor and County Assessor.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 354.26)*

**139.04 OFFICIAL STREET NAME MAP.** Streets within the City are named as shown on the Official Street Name Map, which is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this chapter. The Official Street Name Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor, and bearing the seal of the City under the following words: "This is to certify that this is the Official Street Name Map referred to in Section 139.04 of the Code of Ordinances of Anthon, Iowa."

**139.05 REVISION OF STREET NAME MAP.** If in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, changes are made in street names, such changes shall be entered on the Official Street Name Map promptly after the change has been approved by the Council with an entry on the Official Street Name Map as follows: "On (date), by official action of the City Council, the following changes were made in the Official Street Name Map: (brief description)," which entry shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the Clerk.

[The next page is 625]

## CHAPTER 140

### USE OF PROPERTY AND RIGHT-OF-WAY

140.01 Purpose and Rule of Interpretation	140.11 Above-Ground Cables, Wires, Conduits and Poles
140.02 Franchise, License or Lease Required	140.12 Assignment
140.03 Fees Required	140.13 Forfeiture
140.04 Limit on Term	140.14 Application
140.05 Placement of Facilities	140.15 Home Rule
140.06 Indemnification and Bond	140.16 New Technologies
140.07 Regulation by the City	140.17 Construction Within the Public Right-of-Way
140.08 Construction and Excavation	140.18 Permit
140.09 City Construction and Paving	140.19 Penalties
140.10 Design Notice to City	

**140.01 PURPOSE AND RULE OF INTERPRETATION.** The Council finds it is necessary for the City to establish uniform rules and controls to ensure public safety and provide efficient delivery of services by the City and others wishing to utilize streets and other public property for the delivery of utility or other services, in order to protect public and private investment, ensure orderly use of public property and ensure the health, safety and welfare of the population, to provide for the regulation and administration of the public streets and other public property and secure the rights of the City to a return on its investment in public property. This chapter is to be interpreted in light of these findings for the benefit of the public and users of the streets and other public property.

**140.02 FRANCHISE, LICENSE OR LEASE REQUIRED.** No person shall use the public right-of-way or other public property without first obtaining a franchise, license or lease from the City. The City shall not enter into or issue any franchise, license or lease that grants exclusive rights. An application for a license or lease shall be filed with the City Clerk on a form provided by the City and shall include as a minimum the following information: the name, address and telephone number of the applicant; the name, address, and telephone number of a person whom the City may notify or contact at any time concerning the license or lease; an engineering site plan showing the proposed location of the facilities including any manholes, the size, type and proposed depth of any conduit or plan showing the proposed location of the facilities including any manholes, the size, type and proposed depth of any conduit or other enclosures; and any additional information the City may require. All licenses or leases required by this section shall be granted by the Council.

**140.03 FEES REQUIRED.** No franchise, license or lease for the use of public right-of-way or other public property shall be granted without requiring the Grantee thereof to pay a reasonable and competitively neutral fee for the use of public right-of-way or other public property. The fees will be as follows:

1. The usage fee shall be five percent of the gross receipts.
2. A license or lease fee will be assessed on all new licenses or leases for space in the right-of-way. This license or lease fee is a one-time fee for the term of the license or lease. Payment is expected when the license or lease is signed; however, a payment schedule may be entered into between the City and the licensee or lessee. Any payment schedule must require full payment of the fee by the end of the fifth year of the license or lease. If the license or lease is renewed, a new license or lease fee will be assessed. The fee shall be \$1,000.00.

3. In addition to the license or lease fee, an annual right-of-way management fee will be assessed on July 1 of each year that the license or fee is in force. The fee is based on the number of linear feet of wire laid in the City right-of-way, and reflects the actual management cost the City incurs while managing the right-of-way. The fee is established as follows: \$.10 per linear foot.

4. In addition to the license or lease fee and annual management fee, any person or other entity shall pay a fee every time such person's facility requires excavation in the right-of-way. This fee will cover costs for street degradation and replacement, inspection and obstruction and routing of pedestrian and vehicle traffic. The established fee is \$1,000.00. All or part of this fee may be waived if work is done in conjunction with City construction.

**140.04 LIMIT ON TERM.** No franchise, license or lease for use of the public right-of-way or other public property shall be granted for a term of more than 15 years.

**140.05 PLACEMENT OF FACILITIES.** The facilities, fixtures and equipment of the distribution, transmission or sale of any utility services or services provided under license or lease or easement shall be placed and maintained so as not to unnecessarily or unreasonably interfere with the travel on the streets, highways, avenues, alleys, bridges and public places in the City. Such facilities, fixtures and equipment shall not interfere with the proper use of the same, including, but not limited to, ordinary drainage, or the functioning of the sewers, underground pipe or other property of the City. In the event that facilities, fixtures and equipment of any person located within a public right-of-way must be relocated because of paving, road construction or road reconstruction, sewer construction or sewer reconstruction, or the construction or reconstruction of public drainage systems or similar public works or the construction or reconstruction of the facilities of any City-owned utility, such relocation, at the written request of the City, shall be completed by the owner of such facilities at the owner's cost. The City shall upon request of any person or other entity holding a franchise, license or lease, review any plans for the construction of facilities, fixtures and equipment within the public right-of-way and advise the person of any conflict such construction may have with planned or anticipated public improvements, but failure of the City to so advise such person will not relieve the owner of such facilities of its obligations under this chapter. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the City Clerk may require placement of equipment or facilities belonging to any holder of a franchise, license or lease be limited to locations designated by the Clerk if such limitation is deemed by the Clerk to be necessary to protect the integrity or use of present and future users of the public right-of-way or other public property.

**140.06 INDEMNIFICATION AND BOND.** The holder of any franchise, license or lease shall indemnify and hold the City harmless at all times during the term of the franchise, license or lease from and against all claims for injury or damage to any person or property, including payments under worker's compensation laws, caused by the construction, erection, operation or maintenance of its facilities, fixtures or equipment, or the negligence of its contractors or its employees. In case of any suit or action at law being commenced against the City, upon any claim for damage arising out of any loss, injury or damage claimed to have been caused by any installation, improvement, obstruction or excavation made or left in, under or upon such street, sidewalk, alley or public place by the holder of a franchise, license or lease, its agents, contractors or employees, upon being notified in writing by the City of such action or proceeding, the holder of said franchise, license or lease shall appear and make proper defense thereto at the expense of the holder of the franchise, license or lease; and if any judgment or decree shall in any such case be rendered against the City therein, the holder of said franchise,



license or lease shall assume, pay and satisfy such judgment or decree, with the cost thereof. Immediately upon issuance of the franchise, license or lease, the holder of the franchise, license or lease shall purchase general liability insurance. The amount of insurance shall be a minimum of \$1,000,000.00 with a maximum deductible of \$5,000.00. The holder of the franchise, license or lease shall file with the Clerk a certificate of insurance which clearly discloses on its face coverage in conformity with these requirements. Upon request of the City, the holder of the franchise, license or lease shall submit a certified copy of the policy.

**140.07 REGULATION BY THE CITY.** The City reserves the right to make reasonable general regulations for the use of streets and other public property which unless otherwise specifically provided shall apply to any holder of a franchise, license or lease.

**140.08 CONSTRUCTION AND EXCAVATION.** A written permit will be obtained from the Clerk whenever it becomes necessary for the holder of any franchise, license or lease to excavate in streets or public grounds of the City. Such permits shall state a particular part or point of the street where the excavation is to be made and the length of time in which such permit shall authorize the work to be done. An exception to a requirement for a permit shall be made in cases of emergency involving public safety, in which case a permit will be obtained at the earliest opportunity after the work has started. In making excavations in the streets, the holder of any franchise, license or lease shall proceed with such work as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the public. The holder of any franchise, license or lease shall properly protect, according to safety standards generally accepted at the time of placement, as may be determined from time to time by the Clerk, all excavations and obstructions by proper placement of shoring, surface plates, barricades, warning lights and such other or additional devices as circumstances may warrant. If in the opinion of the Clerk, such excavation or obstruction is not properly and safely protected, the Clerk shall notify such holder of a franchise, license or lease, who shall immediately comply with such reasonable instructions. Immediately after use, any trenches for excavations which the holder of a franchise, license or lease has opened shall be filled. However, no trench or excavation in the streets shall be filled or covered without giving the City the right to inspect the same. All backfilling in streets will be according to City specifications. Temporary street surfacing will be placed in such excavations as soon as the same has been backfilled. Pavements, sidewalks, curbs and gutters or other portions of streets and public places opened, disturbed or damaged shall be promptly restored and replaced with like materials at the expense of the holder of a franchise, license or lease and left in as good condition as before the opening, disturbance or damage occurred. In the event like replacement materials are not available, the holder of the franchise, license or lease shall notify the Clerk, who must approve the use of any alternate materials. In the event that the holder of a franchise, license or lease fails to comply with the provision of this section, after having been given reasonable notice, the City may do such work as may be needed to properly repair such pavements, sidewalks, curbs and gutters or other portions of streets and public places and the cost thereof shall be repaired to the City by the holder of the franchise, license or lease. In cases where a cut or disturbance is made in a section of street paving or sidewalks, but causes greater disturbance than to just the area cut, rather than replace only the area cut, the holder of a franchise, license or lease shall replace that area as may be ordered by the Clerk, which in no event shall exceed the panel or panels disturbed.

**140.09 CITY CONSTRUCTION AND PAVING.** Whenever the City shall pave or repave any street or shall change the grade line of any street or public place or shall construct or reconstruct any conduit, water main service or water connection, sewer or other City-owned public works or City-owned utility, it shall be the duty of the holder of any franchise, license or lease, when so ordered by the City, to relocate its service lines and other property in the streets

or other public places at its own expense so as to conform to the established grade or line of such street or public place and so as not to interfere with the public improvements so constructed or reconstructed. In the case of other public improvements, including but not limited to urban renewal projects, the City may require the holder of a franchise, license or lease to relocate its poles, service lines and appurtenances in the streets at the owner's expense. The City may at its discretion assign personnel for inspection of excavation and related work being performed by the holder of a franchise, license or lease. Should the holder of the franchise, license or lease fail or refuse to do and perform the things provided in this section, the City may, after reasonable notice, perform the work and charge the expense thereof to the holder of the franchise, license or lease and the holder of the franchise, license or lease shall promptly pay said charges.

**140.10 DESIGN NOTICE TO CITY.** The holder of a franchise, license or lease shall promptly, upon request, furnish the Clerk a detailed map or maps of its distribution system both within the City limits and the area within two miles surrounding the City unless that area is within another City. The holder of a franchise, license or lease shall thereafter update the map or maps at least annually or upon request, showing all subsequent additions or deletions to the distribution system. Prior to any excavation by the City or its agents, a representative must contact the holder of any franchise, license or lease regarding current information on the location of underground lines or facilities in the area concerned. The obligation to contact the holder of a franchise, license or lease under this section shall be satisfied if contact is made with the corporation organized pursuant to Code of Iowa Chapter 480 or an entity with a similar function utilized by both the City and the Company, currently the Iowa One Call System.

**140.11 ABOVE-GROUND CABLES, WIRES, CONDUITS AND POLES.** All cables, wires, and conduits shall be placed underground except where above-ground connection to buildings or other locations above ground are reasonably necessary. Such above-ground connection shall be by means of poles located, as far as reasonably practical, within alleys. No such poles shall be installed or erected until the City Engineers have approved the proposed location, construction and pole heights.

**140.12 ASSIGNMENT.** No sale or assignment of any franchise, license or lease of the use of the public right-of-way or other public property shall be effective until it is approved by the Council and until the holder thereof has filed in the office of the Clerk written notice of the proposed sale, transfer, disposition or assignment, such notice to clearly summarize the proposed procedure and the terms and conditions thereof. Such approval by the City shall not be unreasonably withheld. The proposed vendee, assignee or lessee shall similarly file an instrument, duly executed, reciting such proposal, accepting the terms of the franchise, license or lease and agreeing to perform all of the conditions thereof.

**140.13 FORFEITURE.** The violation of any material portion of a franchise, license or lease by the holder thereof or its successors or assigns or its failure promptly to perform any of the provisions of this chapter shall be cause for forfeiture of said franchise, license or lease and the termination of all rights thereunder. Such forfeiture shall be accomplished by ordinance of the City after written notice to the holder thereof and a continuation of the violation, failure or default specified on the notice for at least 30 days from the date the notice was served.

**140.14 APPLICATION.** This chapter shall apply to all franchises, licenses or leases and easements granted by the City, including all existing franchises, licenses or leases and easements.

**140.15 HOME RULE.** This chapter is intended to be and shall be construed as consistent with the reservation of local authority contained in the 25th Amendment to the Iowa Constitution granting cities Home Rule powers. To such end, any limitation on the power of the City contained herein is to be strictly construed and the City reserves to itself the right to exercise all power and authority to regulate and control its local affairs and all ordinances and regulations of the City shall be enforceable against the holder of any franchise, license or lease.

**140.16 NEW TECHNOLOGIES.** Should, within the term of any franchise, license or lease, developments within the field for which the grant was made offer to the holder thereof the opportunity to effectively, efficiently and economically serve its customers through use of a substance or material other than those for which the grant was originally made, then the holder of the franchise, license or lease may petition the Council, which, with such requirements or limitation as it deems necessary to protect public health, safety and welfare, may allow the use of such substances under the terms and conditions of the franchise, license or lease.

**140.17 CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.** No person shall perform any construction or make improvements to the property outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines upon public streets without first obtaining a permit from the City Clerk. In the absence of a curb, such property shall extend from the property line to that portion of the public street used or improved for vehicular purposes. *(Ord. 197 – Oct. 18 Supp.)*

**140.18 PERMIT.** The applicant for a construction permit must be a person with the legal authority to take action in accordance with the permit. In general, this means that applications should be made by the owners or lessees of the subject property or their agents, or persons who have contracted to purchase property contingent upon their ability to acquire the necessary permits, or their agents.

The applicant must be submitted on an approved form and must be complete. An application shall be complete when it contains all the information necessary for the Mayor to decide whether construction is appropriate.

A construction permit may be issued only after review and approval of the submitted application by the Mayor. An application and plan shall only be approved upon determination that the construction, if completed as proposed, will not impede the flow of water within the right-of-way.

*(Section 140.18 – Ord. 197 – Oct. 18 Supp.)*

**140.19 PENALTIES.** The failure of a person to obtain a permit as provided for in this ordinance shall be deemed to have committed a municipal infraction and shall be subject to the penalties set forth in Chapter 3 of the Code of Ordinances.

If a person performs construction or makes improvements in the right-of-way without first obtaining a permit, the City may perform the required action to put the property back into the same condition as it was prior to the unauthorized construction, keeping an accurate account of the expense incurred. The itemized expense account shall be filed with the Clerk, who shall pay such expenses on behalf of the City.

The Clerk shall send a statement of the total expense incurred by certified mail to the property owner who has failed to obtain a permit as provided for in this ordinance, and if the amount shown by the statement has not been paid within one month, the Clerk shall certify the costs to the County Treasurer and such costs shall then be collected with, and in the same manner as, general property taxes.

*(Section 140.19 – Ord. 197 – Oct. 18 Supp.)*

[The next page is 645]

## CHAPTER 145

### DANGEROUS BUILDINGS

145.01 Enforcement Officer  
145.02 General Definition of Unsafe  
145.03 Unsafe Building  
145.04 Notice to Owner

145.05 Conduct of Hearing  
145.06 Posting of Signs  
145.07 Right to Demolish; Municipal Infraction  
145.08 Costs

**145.01 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.** The Mayor is responsible for the enforcement of this chapter.

**145.02 GENERAL DEFINITION OF UNSAFE.** All buildings or structures that are structurally unsafe or not provided with adequate egress, or that constitute a fire hazard, or are otherwise dangerous to human life, or that in relation to existing use constitute a hazard to safety or health, or public welfare, by reason of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, obsolescence, or abandonment, are, for the purpose of this chapter, unsafe buildings. All such unsafe buildings are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition, or removal in accordance with the procedure specified in this chapter.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657A.1 & 364.12[3a])*

**145.03 UNSAFE BUILDING.** “Unsafe building” means any structure or mobile home meeting any or all of the following criteria:

1. Various Inadequacies. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of: (i) dilapidation, deterioration, or decay; (ii) faulty construction; (iii) the removal, movement, or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building; (iv) the deterioration, decay, or inadequacy of its foundation; or (v) any other cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse.
2. Manifestly Unsafe. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
3. Inadequate Maintenance. Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, because of dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction, or otherwise, is determined by any health officer to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation or in such condition that it is likely to cause sickness or disease.
4. Fire Hazard. Whenever any building or structure, because of dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, or other cause, is determined by the Fire Marshal or Fire Chief to be a fire hazard.
5. Abandoned. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is abandoned for a period in excess of six months so as to constitute such building or portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.

**145.04 NOTICE TO OWNER.** The enforcement officer shall examine or cause to be examined every building or structure or portion thereof reported as dangerous or damaged and, if such is found to be an unsafe building as defined in this chapter, the enforcement officer shall give to the owner of such building or structure written notice stating the defects thereof. This notice may require the owner or person in charge of the building or premises, within 48 hours

or such reasonable time as the circumstances require, to commence either the required repairs or improvements or demolition and removal of the building or structure or portions thereof, and all such work shall be completed within 90 days from date of notice, unless otherwise stipulated by the enforcement officer. If necessary, such notice shall also require the building, structure, or portion thereof to be vacated forthwith and not reoccupied until the required repairs and improvements are completed, inspected, and approved by the enforcement officer.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*

1. Notice Served. Such notice shall be served by sending by certified mail to the owner of record, according to Section 364.12[3h] of the *Code of Iowa*, if the owner is found within the City limits. If the owner is not found within the City limits, such service may be made upon the owner by registered mail or certified mail. The designated period within which said owner or person in charge is required to comply with the order of the enforcement officer shall begin as of the date the owner receives such notice.
2. Hearing. Such notice shall also advise the owner that he or she may request a hearing before the Council on the notice by filing a written request for hearing within the time provided in the notice.

**145.05 CONDUCT OF HEARING.** If requested, the Council shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the following:

1. Notice. The owner shall be served with written notice specifying the date, time and place of hearing.
2. Owner's Rights. At the hearing, the owner may appear and show cause why the alleged nuisance shall not be abated.
3. Determination. The Council shall make and record findings of fact and may issue such order as it deems appropriate.<sup>†</sup>

**145.06 POSTING OF SIGNS.** The enforcement officer shall cause to be posted at each entrance to such building a notice to read: "DO NOT ENTER. UNSAFE TO OCCUPY. CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA." Such notice shall remain posted until the required demolition, removal or repairs are completed. Such notice shall not be removed without written permission of the enforcement officer and no person shall enter the building except for the purpose of making the required repairs or of demolishing the building.

**145.07 RIGHT TO DEMOLISH; MUNICIPAL INFRACTION.** In case the owner fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with the notice to repair, rehabilitate, or to demolish and remove the building or structure or portion thereof, the Council may order the owner of the building prosecuted as a violator of the provisions of this chapter and may order the enforcement officer to proceed with the work specified in such notice. A statement of the cost of such work shall be transmitted to the Council. As an alternative to this action, the City may utilize the municipal infraction process to abate the nuisance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*

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<sup>†</sup> **EDITOR'S NOTE:** Suggested forms of notice and of a resolution and order of the Council for the administration of this chapter are provided in the APPENDIX to this Code of Ordinances. Caution is urged in the use of this procedure. We recommend you review the situation with your attorney before initiating procedures and follow his or her recommendation carefully.

**145.08 COSTS.** Costs incurred under Section 145.07 shall be paid out of the City treasury. Such costs shall be charged to the owner of the premises involved and levied as a special assessment against the land on which the building or structure is located, and shall be certified to the County Treasurer for collection in the manner provided for other taxes. In addition, the City may take any other action deemed appropriate to recover costs incurred.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*

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## CHAPTER 146

# MANUFACTURED AND MOBILE HOMES

### 146.01 Definitions

### 146.02 Conversion to Real Property

### 146.03 Foundation Requirements

#### **146.01 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter the following terms are defined:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 435.1)*

1. “Manufactured home” means a factory-built structure built under the authority of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5403 which was constructed on or after June 15, 1976, and is required by federal law to display a seal from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
2. “Manufactured home community” means any site, lot, field, or tract of land under common ownership upon which ten or more occupied manufactured homes are harbored, either free of charge or for revenue purposes, and includes any building, structure or enclosure used or intended for use as part of the equipment of the manufactured home community.
3. “Mobile home” means any vehicle without motive power used or so manufactured or constructed as to permit its being used as a conveyance upon the public streets and highways and so designed, constructed or reconstructed as will permit the vehicle to be used as a place for human habitation by one or more persons; but also includes any such vehicle with motive power not registered as a motor vehicle in Iowa. A mobile home means any such vehicle built before June 15, 1976, which was not built to a mandatory building code and which contains no State or federal seals.
4. “Mobile home park” means any site, lot, field or tract of land upon which three or more mobile homes or manufactured homes, or a combination of any of these homes, are placed on developed spaces and operated as a for-profit enterprise with water, sewer or septic, and electrical services available.

The term “manufactured home community” or “mobile home park” is not to be construed to include manufactured or mobile homes, buildings, tents, or other structures temporarily maintained by any individual, educational institution, or company on its own premises and used exclusively to house said entity’s own labor or students. The manufactured home community or mobile home park shall meet the requirements of any zoning regulations that are in effect.

**146.02 CONVERSION TO REAL PROPERTY.** A mobile home or manufactured home that is located outside a manufactured home community or mobile home park shall be converted to real estate by being placed on a permanent foundation and shall be assessed for real estate taxes except in the following cases:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 435.26 & Sec. 435.35)*

1. **Retailer’s Stock.** Mobile homes or manufactured homes on private property as part of a retailer’s or a manufacturer’s stock not used as a place for human habitation.
2. **Existing Homes.** A taxable mobile home or manufactured home that is located outside of a manufactured home community or mobile home park as of January 1, 1995,

shall be assessed and taxed as real estate, but is exempt from the permanent foundation requirement of this chapter until the home is relocated.

**146.03 FOUNDATION REQUIREMENTS.** A mobile home or manufactured home located outside of a manufactured home community or mobile home park shall be placed on a permanent frost-free foundation system that meets the support and anchorage requirements as recommended by the manufacturer or required by the *State Building Code*. The foundation system must be visually compatible with permanent foundation systems of surrounding residential structures. Any such home shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the *State Building Code*.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 103A.10 & 414.28)*

[The next page is 663]

## CHAPTER 148

# INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE

### 148.01 International Property Maintenance Code

### 148.02 Modifications

**148.01 INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE.** Except as hereinafter modified, the 2015 Edition of the *International Property Maintenance Code*, published by the International Code Council (ICC), is hereby specifically incorporated by reference and shall be known as the Property Maintenance Code of the City of Anthon, Iowa, except for such portions as are modified herein, to regulate and govern the conditions and maintenance of all property, buildings and structures; to provide the standards for supplied utilities and facilities and other physical things and conditions essential to ensure that residential structures are safe, sanitary and fit for occupation and use; to authorize the condemnation of buildings and structures unfit for human occupancy and use, and the demolition of such existing structures; and to provide for the issuance of permits and collection of fees therefor. A copy of the *International Maintenance Code* is available for public reference in City Hall.

**148.02 MODIFICATIONS.** Certain sections and portions of sections of the *International Property Maintenance Code* are hereby amended, modified, or deleted as set for below.

1. Section 302.4 – Subsection 302.4 is amended by adding the following references: “Weeds and plant growth shall also comply with Chapter 152 of this Code of Ordinances.”
2. Section 302.8 – Subsection 302.8 is amended by adding the following references: “Motor vehicles in exterior areas shall also comply with Chapter 51 of this Code of Ordinances.”
3. Section 304.3 – Subsection 304.3 is amended by adding the following references: “Building numbering shall also comply with Chapter 150 of this Code of Ordinances.”
4. Section 304.14 – “[DATE] to [DATE]” shall be replaced with “April to October.”
5. Section 308.1, 308.2 and 308.3 – Add the following references: “Property owners and occupants shall also comply with the requirements of Chapters 95-99 (Sewers) and Chapter 105-106 (Garbage Collection) of this Code of Ordinances.”
6. Section 506.1 – Add the following references: “Sewer connections or other on-site private sewage disposal systems shall also comply with Chapter 98 of this Code of Ordinance.”
7. Section 507.1 – Add the following reference: “Property owners and occupants shall also comply with the requirements of Chapter 50, Nuisances, of this Code of Ordinances.”
8. Section 602.3 – “[DATE] to [DATE]” shall be replaced with “September to May.”
9. Section 602.4 – “[DATE] to [DATE]” shall be replaced with “September to May.”

10. The title “code official” as used throughout the 2015 *International Property Maintenance Code* shall refer to the Building Inspector/Code Enforcement Officer of the City, and such title shall be considered synonymous and may be used interchangeably.

*(Ch. 148 – Ord. 209 – Jun. 20 Supp.)*

[The next page is 675]

## CHAPTER 150

# BUILDING NUMBERING

### 150.01 Definitions

### 150.02 Owner Requirements

### 150.03 Building Numbering Plan

**150.01 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined:

1. “Owner” means the owner of the principal building.
2. “Principal building” means the main building on any lot or subdivision thereof.

**150.02 OWNER REQUIREMENTS.** Every owner shall comply with the following numbering requirements:

1. Obtain Building Number. The owner shall obtain the assigned number to the principal building from the Clerk.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3d])*

2. Display Building Number. The owner shall place or cause to be installed and maintained on the principal building the assigned number in a conspicuous place to the street in figures not less than two and one-half inches in height and of a contrasting color with their background.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3d])*

3. Failure to Comply. If an owner refuses to number a building as herein provided, or fails to do so for a period of 30 days after being notified in writing by the City to do so, the City may proceed to place the assigned number on the principal building and assess the costs against the property for collection in the same manner as a property tax.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3h])*

**150.03 BUILDING NUMBERING PLAN.** Building numbers shall be assigned in accordance with the building numbering plan on file in the office of the Clerk.

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## CHAPTER 151

### TREES

151.01 Purpose	151.07 Enforcement Period
151.02 Definition	151.08 Removal of Trees
151.03 Trees in Parking	151.09 Removal of Stumps
151.04 Planting Restrictions	151.10 Disease Control
151.05 Vision	151.11 Inspection and Removal
151.06 Duty to Trim Trees	151.12 Rate

**151.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to beautify and preserve the appearance of the City by regulating and providing for the planting, care and removal of trees.

**151.02 DEFINITION.** For use in this chapter, “parking” means that part of the street, avenue, or highway in the City not covered by sidewalk and lying between the lot line and the curb line or, on unpaved streets, that part of the street, avenue, or highway lying between the lot line and that portion of the street usually traveled by vehicular traffic.

**151.03 TREES IN PARKING.** The owners of all lots or parcels of land are hereby granted the right and privilege of planting and maintaining trees on the parking in front of and beside their property, except as hereinafter provided, and upon the express condition that the right is reserved to the City at any time to use the same for street or sidewalk purposes and to remove all trees therefrom, or other things growing thereon, and providing further that all trees shall be planted and maintained in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

**151.04 PLANTING RESTRICTIONS.** No tree shall be planted in any parking or street except in accordance with the following:

1. Alignment. All trees planted in any street shall be planted in the parking midway between the outer line of the sidewalk and the curb. In the event a curb line is not established, trees shall be planted on a line 10 feet from the property line.
2. Spacing. Trees shall not be planted on any parking that is less than nine feet in width, or contains less than 81 square feet of exposed soil surface per tree. Trees shall not be planted closer than 25 feet from street intersections (property lines extended) and 10 feet from a driveway, alley or fire hydrant. If it is at all possible, trees should be planted inside the property lines and not between the sidewalk and the curb.
3. Prohibited Trees. No person shall plant in any street any fruit-bearing tree or any tree of the kinds commonly known as cottonwood, poplar, box elder, Chinese elm, evergreen, soft maple, willow, or black walnut.
4. Utilities. No tree may be planted in the parking under or within 10 lateral feet of any overhead utility wire or over or within five lateral feet of any underground water line, sewer line, transmission line or other utility.

**151.05 VISION.** No tree shall be maintained upon the parking in such a manner as to interfere with the clear vision of drivers of vehicles, or within 25 feet of any intersection, and any trees existing contrary to the provisions hereof may be removed by the Public Works Superintendent without compensation to the abutting property owners.

**151.06 DUTY TO TRIM TREES.** The owner or agent of the abutting property shall keep the trees on, or overhanging the street, trimmed so that all branches will be at least 15 feet above the surface of the street and eight feet above the sidewalks and do not interfere with or obscure utility wires or street lights.

**151.07 ENFORCEMENT PERIOD.** If the abutting property owner fails to trim or maintain the trees as required in this chapter, the City may serve notice on the abutting property owner. The notice shall be by certified mail and allow five days after mailing said notice as a period of time to eliminate the violations. Return receipt with signature is not required for this notice. If the owner fails to act within the prescribed five-day time period, the City may perform or cause to be performed the required action and assess the costs against the property for collection in the same manner as a property tax.

**151.08 REMOVAL OF TREES.** The Public Works Superintendent shall remove or cause or order to be removed any tree on the parking which by reason of its nature is injurious to sewers, electric power lines, gas lines, water lines or other public improvements. The Public Works Superintendent shall additionally remove any trees on the parking, not on private property, which are dead or have become diseased, or which constitute a danger to the public, or which may otherwise be declared a nuisance.

**151.09 REMOVAL OF STUMPS.** It shall be the duty of the owner or agent of the abutting or adjacent property to remove any tree stumps in the parking so that the stump does not project above the surface of the ground.

**151.10 DISEASE CONTROL.** Any dead, diseased or damaged tree or shrub which may harbor serious insect or disease pests or disease injurious to other trees is hereby declared to be a nuisance.

**151.11 INSPECTION AND REMOVAL.** The Council shall inspect or cause to be inspected any trees or shrubs in the City reported or suspected to be dead, diseased or damaged, and such trees and shrubs shall be subject to the following:

1. City Property. If it is determined that any such condition exists on any public property, including the strip between the curb and the lot line of private property, the Council may cause such condition to be corrected by treatment or removal. The Council may also order the removal of any trees on the streets of the City which interfere with the making of improvements or with travel thereon.

2. Private Property. If it is determined with reasonable certainty that any such condition exists on private property and that danger to other trees or to adjoining property or passing motorists or pedestrians is imminent, the Council shall notify by certified mail the owner, occupant or person in charge of such property to correct such condition by treatment or removal within 14 days of said notification. If such owner, occupant, or person in charge of said property fails to comply within 14 days of receipt of notice, the Council may cause the condition to be corrected and the cost assessed against the property.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12[3b & h])*

**151.12 RATE.** The rate at which a property owner shall be assessed for the City's performance of the required action under this chapter shall be fifty dollars (\$50.00) per hour, with a minimum charge of fifty dollars (\$50.00).

[The next page is 685]



## CHAPTER 152

### WEEDS AND GRASS

152.01 Purpose  
152.02 Definitions  
152.03 Cutting Specification

152.04 Noxious Weeds  
152.05 Enforcement Period  
152.06 Additional Violation

**152.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to provide for the cutting and mowing of all lawns and lots so as to beautify and preserve the appearance of the City and to provide for such cutting and mowing by the City and for the assessment of the cost and expenses thereof to the property in the event of the owner's failure to comply after due notice.

**152.02 DEFINITIONS.** For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined:

1. "Curb," "curb line" or "curbing" means the outer boundaries of a street at the edge of that portion of the street usually traveled by vehicular traffic.
2. "Cut," or "mow" means to mechanically maintain the growth of grass, weeds or brush at a uniform height.
3. "Owner" means a person owning private property in the City and any person occupying or in control of private property in the City.
4. "Parking" means that part of the street, avenue or highway in the City not covered by a sidewalk and lying between the lot line or property line and the curb line; or on unpaved streets, that part of the street, avenue or highway lying between the lot line and that portion of the street usually traveled by vehicular traffic.

**152.03 CUTTING SPECIFICATION.** Every owner shall cut, mow and maintain all grass, weeds and brush upon the owner's property and adjacent to the curb line or outer boundary of any street, which includes the parking area abutting the owner's property, to a height not to exceed eight inches.

**152.04 NOXIOUS WEEDS.**

1. Every owner shall cut and control noxious weeds upon the owner's property and adjacent to the curb line or outer boundary of any street, which includes the parking area abutting the owner's property, by cutting noxious weeds to ground level or use of herbicides to eliminate or eradicate such weeds.
2. Noxious weeds include any weed growth or plant designated as noxious by the State Department of Natural Resources rules and regulations or by the *Code of Iowa*.

**152.05 ENFORCEMENT PERIOD.** If the owner refuses or fails to cut, mow and maintain all grass, weeds and brush as required in this chapter, the City may serve notice on the last known owner or person in control. The notice shall be by certified mail and allow five days after mailing said notice as a period of time to eliminate the violations. Return receipt with signature is not required for this notice. If the owner fails to act within the prescribed five-day time period, the City may perform or cause to be performed the required action and assess costs against the property for collection in the same manner as a property tax.

**152.06 ADDITIONAL VIOLATION.** Any owner who violates the provisions of this chapter will be given one notice per summer and the City will be authorized to respond to additional violations without additional written notice being given.

[The next page is 701]

## CHAPTER 155

# BUILDING AND LAND USE REGULATIONS

155.01 Purpose	155.16 Restricted Residence District
155.02 Building Official	155.17 Prohibited Use
155.03 Permit Required	155.18 Exceptions
155.04 Application	155.19 Notice Requirements
155.05 Fee	155.20 Front Yard Requirements
155.06 Amendments	155.21 Side Yard Requirements
155.07 Application Approved	155.22 Rear Yard Requirements
155.08 Erosion Control	155.23 Residential Dwelling Standards
155.09 Action by Council	155.24 Garages and Other Accessory Buildings
155.10 Application Denied; Appeal	155.25 Fences
155.11 Restrictions	155.26 Existing Lots
155.12 Condition of the Permit	155.27 Variances
155.13 Posting of Permit	155.28 Certifying Ordinances
155.14 Revocation	155.29 Abatement of Violation
155.15 Permit Void	

**155.01 PURPOSE.** The purpose of this chapter is to provide and establish reasonable rules and regulations for the erecting and altering of buildings in the City, as well as the use and occupancy of such buildings.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)*

**155.02 BUILDING OFFICIAL.** The Mayor is the Building Official and is responsible for the administration and enforcement of this chapter.

**155.03 PERMIT REQUIRED.** No building or other structure shall be erected or altered within the City without first receiving a permit. A permit is required for work such as new homes, additions, patios, decks, porches, garages, accessory buildings, or for work that would change the outside dimensions of an existing building. A permit is not required for interior remodeling, roofing, window replacement, or siding a building. The construction of a fence does not require a building permit, but the construction of such fence shall comply with standards established in this chapter.

**155.04 APPLICATION.** Application shall be made in writing, filed with the Building Official and contain the following information:

1. Name. The name and address of the applicant.
2. Location. The street address and full legal description of the property.
3. Proposed Work. The nature of work proposed to be done.
4. Use. The use for which the structure is or will be used.
5. Plans. Application for permits shall be accompanied by such drawings of the proposed work, including such floor plans, sections, elevations and structural details, as the Building Official may require. There shall also be filed a diagram or sketch in a form and size acceptable to the Building Official with all dimensions figured, showing accurately the size and location of the lot to be built upon, and the location and size of the building or structure to be erected or altered.

**155.05 FEE.** A permit fee, as established by resolution of the Council, shall be paid to the City prior to issuance of the permit. In the event that work has commenced without first obtaining a permit, the permit fee shall be doubled. The payment of such double fee shall not relieve any persons from fully complying with the requirements of this chapter in the execution of the work.

**155.06 AMENDMENTS.** Nothing shall prohibit the filing of amendments to an application or to a plan or other record accompanying same, at any time before the completion of the work for which the permit was sought. Such amendments, after approval, shall be filed with and be deemed a part of the original application.

**155.07 APPLICATION APPROVED.** It is the duty of the Building Official to examine applications for permits within a reasonable time after filing. If, after examination, the Building Official finds no objection to the same and it appears that the proposed work will be in compliance with the laws and ordinances applicable thereto, the Building Official shall forward findings to the Council for its approval or disapproval.

**155.08 EROSION CONTROL.** When a land-disturbing activity, as defined in the Code of Iowa, is to occur as a part of a project for which a permit hereunder is sought, no permit shall be issued unless there is on file with the City a soil erosion control plan which covers the proposed project and is approved by the Soil Conservation District Commissioners.

**155.09 ACTION BY COUNCIL.** After receiving the findings of the Building Official, the Council shall, within a reasonable time, either approve or disapprove the application. If disapproved, the Council shall state its reasons for disapproval and notify the applicant of same. If approved, the Council shall instruct the Building Official to issue the building permit to the applicant. Said permit shall be issued in duplicate, one copy for the applicant and one copy to be retained in the City records.

**155.10 APPLICATION DENIED; APPEAL.** If the Building Official denies an application for permit, the reasons for such denial shall be stated and the applicant notified of such denial and of the right to appeal to the Council. The Council upon appeal may affirm, modify, or reverse the determination of the Building Official; provided, however, no application shall be approved and permit issued which would result in an abrogation of the intent and purpose of this chapter.

**155.11 RESTRICTIONS.** No permit for the erection or alteration of a building or similar structure shall be granted unless it definitely appears that such erection or alteration shall not cause or be the source of the following:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)*

1. Noise. Any undue noise.
2. Electrical Interference. Any undue radio or television interference.
3. Odors. Any offensive odors.
4. Refuse. Any offensive or unsightly refuse.
5. Smoke. Any offensive or undue smoke.
6. Fire Hazard. Any fire hazard.
7. Appearance. Any unsightliness due to the appearance of any building or structure on the premises.

8. Congestion. Any undue gathering, congregating, parking of cars or undue congestion of people or traffic.
9. Other. Any effect that will be obnoxious, offensive, dangerous, or injurious to the health, welfare, and safety of citizens.

**155.12 CONDITION OF THE PERMIT.** All work performed under any permit shall conform to the approved application and plans, and approved amendments thereof. The location of all new construction as shown on the approved plan, or an approved amendment thereof, shall be strictly adhered to. It is unlawful to reduce or diminish the area of a lot or plot of which a plan has been filed and has been used as the basis for a permit, unless a revised plan showing the proposed change in conditions shall have been filed and approved, provided that this shall not apply when the lot is reduced by reason of a street opening or widening or other public improvement.

**155.13 POSTING OF PERMIT.** A copy of the permit shall be kept on the premises open to public inspection during the prosecution of the work and until the completion of same. The Building Official may require a certified copy of the approved plans to be kept on the premises at all times from the commencement of the work to the completion thereof. The Building Official shall be given at least 24 hours' notice of the starting of the work under a permit.

**155.14 REVOCATION.** The Building Official may revoke a permit or approval issued under the provisions of this chapter in case there has been any false statement or misrepresentation as to a material fact in the application or plans on which the permit or approval was based.

**155.15 PERMIT VOID.** The permit becomes null and void if work or construction authorized is not commenced within 60 days, or if construction or work is suspended or abandoned for a period of 120 days at any time after work is commenced, or if the work is not completed within the time frame specified in the building permit. Extensions to these time frames may be granted by an affirmative vote of three-fourths of all of the members of the Council.

**155.16 RESTRICTED RESIDENCE DISTRICT.** The following area is hereby defined and established as a restricted residence district:

All that area lying within the corporate limits of the City except the commercial area as designated on the Official Restricted Residence District Map. The Official Restricted Residence District Map, on file in the office of the Clerk, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this chapter.<sup>†</sup>

**155.17 PROHIBITED USE.** No building or other structure, except residences, schoolhouses, churches, and other similar structures, shall be erected, altered, used, or occupied within the restricted residence district as defined herein without first receiving from the Council a special use permit. No such special use permit shall be issued without the affirmative vote of three-fourths of all of the members of the Council.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)*

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<sup>†</sup> See Editor's Note at the end of this chapter ordinances amending the Restricted Residence District Map.

**155.18 EXCEPTIONS.** The provisions of the preceding section shall have no application to any business, store, shop, or factory existing and in operation in a restricted residence district on March 13, 1989, except in the matter of reconstruction, alteration or change in use of the structure.

**155.19 NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.** Whenever a restricted residence district is established or its boundaries changed, a public hearing must be held, notice of which shall be given at least seven days in advance of the hearing and in the manner prescribed in Section 18.05 of this Code of Ordinances. In no case shall the public hearing be held earlier than the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting following the published notice.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)*

**155.20 FRONT YARD REQUIREMENTS.** Within the restricted residence district there shall be a front yard of not less than 25 feet (measured from the front lot line), except as follows:

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)*

1. Between Existing Buildings. Where a building is to be erected on a parcel of land that is within 100 feet of existing buildings on both sides, the minimum front yard shall be a line drawn between the closest front corners of the adjacent buildings on the two sides, or
2. Adjacent to Existing Building. Where a building is to be erected on a parcel of land that is within 100 feet of an existing building on one side only within the same block, such building may be erected as close to the street as a line drawn from the closest front corner of that building to a point 25 feet back from the front lot line measured at the center of the lot on which the proposed building is to be erected.
3. Double Frontage. Where lots have a double frontage, the front yard as required herein shall be provided on both streets.

**155.21 SIDE YARD REQUIREMENTS.** Within the restricted residence district no building shall be erected closer than five feet to either side lot line.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)*

**155.22 REAR YARD REQUIREMENTS.** Within the restricted residence district there shall be a rear yard provided for each principal building of not less than 25 feet (when measured from the rear lot line) or 40 percent of the depth of the lot, whichever amount is smaller.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 414.24)*

**155.23 RESIDENTIAL DWELLING STANDARDS.** All residential dwelling units shall meet the following minimum standards:

1. The dwelling unit must have a minimum width of 22 feet for at least 65 percent of the length of the dwelling unit, said dimension to be exclusive of attached garages, porches or other accessory structures.
2. All dwelling units including attached garages shall be placed on a permanent frost-free foundation.
3. All dwelling units shall provide for a minimum of 900 square feet of floor space.
4. All dwelling units shall have a minimum roof pitch of 3:12. This requirement shall not apply to manufactured housing if the housing otherwise complies with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5403.

**155.24 GARAGES AND OTHER ACCESSORY BUILDINGS.** A garage or other similar accessory building may be built in a rear yard, but such garage or accessory building shall not occupy more than 30 percent of a rear yard. In addition, the garage or accessory building shall not be nearer than five feet to any side or rear lot line, except that when a garage is entered from an alley it shall not be located closer than ten feet to the alley line, and except that a garage that is located closer than ten feet to the rear line of the main building shall provide the side yard for the main building. Also, a garage or accessory building may be built in a side yard if compliance is made with the same side yard requirements as for the main building.

**155.25 FENCES.**

1. **Frames.** The frame of a fence, including posts and supports, shall be placed on the inside of the fence. This section does not apply to fences erected as of the effective date of this Code of Ordinances.
2. **Materials.** Fences shall be constructed of material commonly used for landscape fencing such as masonry block, lumber, chain-link, wrought iron or natural plantings, but shall not include corrugated sheet metal or salvage material. The owner of a fence shall provide and maintain a two-foot setback from adjoining property for the purpose of fence maintenance access.
3. **Height.** Fences and walls not exceeding six feet in height are permitted within the limits of side and rear yards. A fence or wall not exceeding four feet in height is permitted within the limits of front yards. In the case of retaining walls supporting embankments, the above requirements shall apply only to that part of the wall above the ground surface of the retained embankment.
4. **Placement.** Front yard fences shall be no closer than six inches to the lot line. Front yard hedges and trees shall be no closer than three feet to the front lot line. Side and rear yard fences shall be no closer than two feet to any side or rear yard lot line. Side and rear yard hedges and trees shall be no closer than three feet to any side or back yard lot line. No fence shall be erected within 30 feet of the intersection of two street lines.

**155.26 EXISTING LOTS.** No yard or lot existing on the March 13, 1989, shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements established in this chapter.

**155.27 VARIANCES.** Variances to minimum yard or fence requirements may be approved by securing an affirmative vote of three-fourths of all of the members of the Council. Said variance must include the reason for a variance, why the variance was granted and specific description of the property for which the variance was granted.

**155.28 CERTIFYING ORDINANCES.** Within 15 days of the effective date of the adoption of any amendments to the provisions of this chapter, the Clerk shall certify such amendment to the County Recorder.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.11)*

**155.29 ABATEMENT OF VIOLATION.** Any building or structure erected, altered, used or occupied in violation of this chapter shall be determined a nuisance, and the same may be abated by the City or by any property owner within said district in the manner provided for the abatement of nuisances.

EDITOR'S NOTE			
The following ordinances have been adopted amending the Official Restricted Residence District Map of the City and have not been codified herein, but are specifically saved from repeal and are in full force and effect.			
ORDINANCE	ADOPTED	ORDINANCE	ADOPTED
46	January 10, 1994		
49	July 11, 1994		
167	September 30, 2013		

[The next page is 725]



## CHAPTER 160

# FLOOD PLAIN REGULATIONS

160.01 Statutory Authority, Findings of Fact and Purpose	160.13 Flood Plain Development Permit Required
160.02 Definitions	160.14 Application for Permit
160.03 Lands to Which Chapter Applies	160.15 Action on Application
160.04 Compliance	160.16 Construction and Use to Be as Provided in Application and Plans
160.05 Abrogation and Greater Restrictions	160.17 Variances
160.06 Interpretation	160.18 Factors Upon Which the Decision to Grant Variances Shall be Based
160.07 Warning and Disclaimer of Liability	160.19 Conditions Attached to Variances
160.08 Severability	160.20 Nonconforming Uses
160.09 General Flood Plain Management Standards	160.21 Penalties for Violations
160.10 Special Floodway Standards	160.22 Amendments
160.11 Special Shallow Flooding Areas Standards	
160.12 Administration	

### 160.01 STATUTORY AUTHORITY, FINDINGS OF FACT AND PURPOSE.

1. Statutory Authority. The Legislature of the State of Iowa has in Chapter 364, *Code of Iowa*, as amended, delegated the power to cities to exercise any power and perform any function that said cities deem appropriate to protect and preserve the rights, privileges, and property of the City or of its residents, and to preserve and improve the peace, safety, health, welfare, comfort, and convenience of its residents.

2. Findings of Fact.

A. The flood hazard areas of the City of Anthon are subject to periodic inundation, which can result in loss of life and property, health, and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base, all of which adversely affect the public health, safety, and general welfare of the community.

B. These flood losses, hazards, and related adverse effects are caused by: (i) the occupancy of flood hazard areas by uses vulnerable to flood damages, which create hazardous conditions as a result of being inadequately elevated or otherwise protected from flooding; and (ii) the cumulative effect of obstructions on the flood plain, causing increases in flood heights and velocities.

3. Statement of Purpose. It is the purpose of this chapter to protect and preserve the rights, privileges, and property of the City and its residents and to preserve and improve the peace, safety, health, welfare, and comfort and convenience of its residents by minimizing those flood losses described in Section 160.01(2)(A) of this chapter with provisions designed to:

A. Restrict or prohibit uses that are dangerous to health, safety, or property in times of flood or which cause excessive increases in flood heights or velocities.

B. Require that uses vulnerable to floods, including public facilities that serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction or substantial improvement.

C. Protect individuals from buying lands that may not be suited for intended purposes because of flood hazard.

D. Assure that eligibility is maintained for property owners in the community to purchase flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Program.

**160.02 DEFINITIONS.** Unless specifically defined below, words or phrases used in this chapter shall be interpreted to give them the meaning they have in common usage and to give this chapter its most reasonable application.

1. "Base flood" means the flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. (See "100-year flood.")
2. "Basement" means any enclosed area of a building which has its floor or lowest level below ground level (subgrade) on all sides. (Also see "lowest floor.")
3. "Development" means any manmade change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, or drilling operations.
4. "Existing construction" means any structure for which the start of construction commenced before the effective date of the first flood plain management regulations adopted by the community and may also be referred to as "existing structure."
5. "Existing factory-built home park or subdivision" means a factory-built home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the factory-built homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) was completed before the effective date of the first flood plain management regulations adopted by the community.
6. "Expansion of existing factory-built home park or subdivision" means the preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the factory-built homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).
7. "Factory-built home" means any structure designed for residential use which is wholly or in substantial part made, fabricated, formed, or assembled in manufacturing facilities for installation or assembly and installation on a building site. For the purpose of this chapter, factory-built homes include mobile homes, manufactured homes, and modular homes and also includes recreational vehicles that are placed on a site for greater than 180 consecutive days and not fully licensed for and ready for highway use.
8. "Factory-built home park" means a parcel or contiguous parcels of land divided into two or more factory-built home lots for sale or lease.
9. "Flood" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas resulting from the overflow of streams or rivers or from the unusual and rapid runoff of surface waters from any source.
10. "Flood elevation" means the elevation floodwaters would reach at a particular site during the occurrence of a specific flood. For instance, the 100-year flood elevation is the elevation of floodwaters related to the occurrence of the 100-year flood.

11. “Flood Insurance Rate Map” (FIRM) means the official map prepared as part of (but published separately from) the Flood Insurance Study and which delineates both the flood hazard areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.
12. “Flood plain” means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water as a result of a flood.
13. “Flood plain management” means an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damages and promoting the wise use of flood plains, including but not limited to emergency preparedness plans, flood control works, flood proofing, and flood plain management regulations.
14. “Flood proofing” means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures, including utility and sanitary facilities, which will reduce or eliminate flood damage to such structures.
15. “Floodway” means the channel of a river or stream and those portions of the flood plains adjoining the channel which are reasonably required to carry and discharge floodwaters or flood flows so that confinement of flood flows to the floodway area will not cumulatively increase the water surface elevation of the base flood by more than one foot.
16. “Floodway fringe” means those portions of the flood plain, other than the floodway, which can be filled, leveed, or otherwise obstructed without causing substantially higher flood levels or flow velocities.
17. “Historic structure” means any structure that is:
  - A. Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places, maintained by the Department of Interior, or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing in the National Register;
  - B. Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
  - C. Individually listed on a State inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
  - D. Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either: (i) by an approved State program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or (ii) directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.
18. “Lowest floor” means the floor of the lowest enclosed area in a building including a basement except when all the following criteria are met:
  - A. The enclosed area is designed to flood to equalize hydrostatic pressure during floods with walls or openings that satisfy the provisions of Section 160.09(4)(A); and
  - B. The enclosed area is unfinished (not carpeted, dry-walled, etc.) and used solely for low damage potential uses such as building access, parking, or storage; and

C. Machinery and service facilities (e.g., hot water heater, furnace, electrical service) contained in the enclosed area are located at least one foot above the 100-year flood level; and

D. The enclosed area is not a basement as defined in this section.

In cases where the lowest enclosed area satisfies criteria A, B, C and D above, the lowest floor is the floor of the next highest enclosed area that does not satisfy the criteria above.

19. “Minor projects” means small development activities (except for filling, grading and excavating) valued at less than \$500.00.

20. “New construction” (new buildings, factory-built home parks) means those structures or development for which the start of construction commenced on or after the effective date of the first flood plain management regulations adopted by the community.

21. “New factory-built home park or subdivision” means a factory-built home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the factory-built homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of the first flood plain management regulations adopted by the community.

22. “100-year flood” means a flood, the magnitude of which has a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year or which, on the average, will be equaled or exceeded at least once every 100 years.

23. “Recreational vehicle” means a vehicle that is:

A. Built on a single chassis;

B. Four hundred (400) square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection;

C. Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck; and

D. Designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as a temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

24. “Routine maintenance of existing buildings and facilities” means repairs necessary to keep a structure in a safe and habitable condition that do not trigger a building permit, provided they are not associated with a general improvement of the structure or repair of a damaged structure. Such repairs include:

A. Normal maintenance of structures such as re-roofing, replacing roofing tiles and replacing siding;

B. Exterior and interior painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work;

C. Basement sealing;

D. Repairing or replacing damaged or broken window panes;

E. Repairing plumbing systems, electrical systems, heating or air conditioning systems and repairing wells or septic systems.

25. “Special flood hazard area” means the land within a community subject to the 100-year flood. This land is identified as Zone A, AE, A1-A30, AO, and AH on the Flood Insurance Rate Map.

26. “Start of construction” includes substantial improvement, and means the date the development permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement or permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as pouring of a slab or footings, the installation of pile, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a factory-built home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling, nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

27. “Structure” means anything constructed or erected on the ground or attached to the ground, including (but not limited to) buildings, factories, sheds, cabins, factory-built homes, storage tanks, and other similar uses.

28. “Substantial damage” means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damage condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

29. “Substantial improvement” means any improvement to a structure which satisfies either of the following criteria:

A. Any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure, either: (i) before the start of construction of the improvement; or (ii) if the structure has been “substantially damaged” and is being restored, before the damage occurred. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of State or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications that have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions. The term also does not include any alteration of a historic structure, provided the alteration will not preclude the structure’s designation as a historic structure.

B. Any addition that increases the original floor area of a building by 25 percent or more. All additions constructed after the effective date of the first flood plain management regulations adopted by the community shall be added to any proposed addition in determining whether the total increase in original floor space would exceed 25 percent.

30. “Variance” means a grant of relief by a community from the terms of the flood plain management regulations.

31. “Violation” means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community’s flood plain management regulations.

**160.03 LANDS TO WHICH CHAPTER APPLIES.** The provisions of this chapter apply to all lands and uses that have significant flood hazards. The Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for Woodbury County, City of Anthon, Panel 19193C0313D, dated September 29, 2011, which was prepared as part of the Woodbury County Flood Insurance Study, shall be used to identify such flood hazard areas and all areas shown thereon to be within the boundaries of the 100-year flood shall be considered as having significant flood hazards. Where uncertainty exists with respect to the precise location of the 100-year flood boundary, the location shall be determined on the basis of the 100-year flood elevation at the particular site in question. The City of Anthon Flood Insurance Study is hereby adopted by reference and is made a part of this chapter for the purpose of administering flood plain management regulations.

**160.04 COMPLIANCE.** No structure or land shall hereafter be used and no structure shall be located, extended, converted, or structurally altered without full compliance with the terms of this chapter and other applicable regulations that apply to uses within the jurisdiction of this chapter.

**160.05 ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS.** It is not intended by this chapter to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing easements, covenants, or deed restrictions. However, where this chapter imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this chapter shall prevail. All other ordinances inconsistent with this chapter are hereby repealed to the extent of the inconsistency only.

**160.06 INTERPRETATION.** In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this chapter shall be held to be minimum requirements and shall be liberally construed in favor of the governing body and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other powers granted by State statutes.

**160.07 WARNING AND DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY.** The standards required by this chapter are considered reasonable for regulatory purposes. This chapter does not imply that areas outside the designated areas of significant flood hazard will be free from flooding or flood damages. This chapter shall not create liability on the part of the City or any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this chapter or any administrative decision lawfully made hereunder.

**160.08 SEVERABILITY.** If any section, clause, provision or portion of this ordinance is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court or competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this ordinance shall not be affected thereby.

**160.09 GENERAL FLOOD PLAIN MANAGEMENT STANDARDS.** All uses must be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage and meet the following applicable performance standards. Where 100-year flood data has not been provided in the Flood Insurance Study, the Iowa Department of Natural Resources shall be contacted to determine: (i) whether the land involved is either wholly or partly within the floodway or floodway fringe; and (ii) the 100-year flood level. The applicant will be responsible for providing the Department of Natural Resources with sufficient technical information to make such determination.

1. All Development. All development within the areas of significant flood hazard shall:
  - A. Be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.
  - B. Use construction methods and practices that will minimize flood damage.

- C. Use construction materials and utility equipment that are resistant to flood damage.
  - D. Obtain all other necessary permits from Federal, State, and local governmental agencies including approval when required from the Iowa Department of Natural Resources.
2. Residential Buildings. All new or substantially improved residential structures shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated a minimum of one foot above the 100-year flood level. Construction shall be upon compacted fill, which shall, at all points, be no lower than one foot above the 100-year flood level and extend at such elevation at least 18 feet beyond the limits of any structure erected thereon. Alternate methods of elevating (such as piers) may be allowed, subject to favorable consideration by the City Council, where existing topography, street grades, or other factors preclude elevating by fill. In such cases, the methods used must be adequate to support the structure as well as withstand the various forces and hazards associated with flooding. All new residential structures shall be provided with a means of access that will be passable by wheeled vehicles during the 100-year flood.
3. Nonresidential Buildings. All new or substantially improved nonresidential buildings shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated a minimum of one foot above the 100-year flood level, or together with attendant utility and sanitary systems, be flood proofed to such a level. When flood proofing is utilized, a professional engineer registered in the State shall certify that the flood proofing methods used are adequate to withstand the flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces and other factors associated with the 100-year flood; and that the structure, below the 100-year flood level, is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. A record of the certification indicating the specific elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum) to which any structures are flood proofed shall be maintained by the Administrator.
4. All New and Substantially Improved Structures.
- A. Fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor (not including basements) that are subject to flooding shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
    - (1) A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.
    - (2) The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade.
    - (3) Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

Such areas shall be used solely for parking of vehicles, building access, and low damage potential storage.

- B. New and substantially improved structures must be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral

movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy.

C. New and substantially improved structures must be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities that are designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.

5. Factory-Built Homes.

A. All factory-built homes, including those placed in existing factory-built home parks or subdivisions, shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the structure is a minimum of one foot above the 100-year flood level.

B. All factory-built homes, including those placed in existing factory-built home parks or subdivisions, shall be anchored to resist flotation, collapse or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors.

6. Utility and Sanitary Systems.

A. On-site waste disposal and water supply systems shall be located or designed to avoid impairment to the system or contamination from the system during flooding.

B. All new and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwaters into the system as well as the discharge of effluent into floodwaters. Wastewater treatment facilities (other than on-site systems) shall be provided with a level of flood protection equal to or greater than one foot above the 100-year flood elevation.

C. New or replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system. Water supply treatment facilities other than on-site systems shall be provided with a level of protection equal to or greater than one foot above the 100-year flood elevation.

D. Utilities such as gas or electrical systems shall be located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage to the system and the risk associated with such flood damaged or impaired systems.

7. Storage of Flammable Materials and Equipment. Storage of equipment and materials that are flammable, explosive, or injurious to human, animal, or plant life is prohibited unless elevated a minimum of one foot above the 100-year flood level. Other material and equipment must either be similarly elevated or: (i) not subject to major flood damage and anchored to prevent movement due to floodwaters; or (ii) readily removable from the area within the time available after flood warning.

8. Flood Control Structures. Flood control structural works such as levees, flood walls, etc. shall provide, at a minimum, protection from a 100-year flood with a minimum of three feet of design freeboard and shall provide for adequate interior drainage. In addition, structural flood control works shall be approved by the Department of Natural Resources.

9. Watercourse Alterations. Watercourse alterations or relocations must be designed to maintain the flood carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion.



In addition, such alterations or relocations must be approved by the Department of Natural Resources.

10. Subdivision. Subdivisions (including factory-built home parks and subdivisions) shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damages and shall have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood damage. Development associated with subdivision proposals (including the installation of public utilities) shall meet the applicable performance standards of this chapter. Subdivision proposals intended for residential use shall provide all lots with a means of access that will be passable by wheeled vehicles during the 100-year flood. Proposals for subdivisions greater than five acres or 50 lots (whichever is less) shall include 100-year flood elevation data for those areas located within the area of significant flood hazard.

11. Accessory Structures.

A. Detached garages, sheds, and similar structures accessory to a residential use are exempt from the 100-year flood elevation requirements where the following criteria are satisfied:

- (1) The structure shall not be used for human habitation.
- (2) The structure shall be designed to have low flood damage potential.
- (3) The structure shall be constructed and placed on the building site so as to offer minimum resistance to the flow of floodwaters.
- (4) The structure shall be firmly anchored to prevent flotation which may result in damage to other structures.
- (5) The structure's service facilities such as electrical and heating equipment shall be elevated or flood proofed to at least one foot above the 100-year flood level.

B. Exemption from the 100-year flood elevation requirements for such a structure may result in increased premium rates for flood insurance coverage of the structure and its contents.

12. Recreational Vehicles.

A. Recreational vehicles are exempt from the requirements of subsection 5 of this section regarding anchoring and elevation of factory-built homes when the following criteria are satisfied.

- (1) The recreational vehicle shall be located on the site for less than 180 consecutive days; and
- (2) The recreational vehicle must be fully licensed and ready for highway use. A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system and is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities and security devices and has no permanently attached additions.

B. Recreational vehicles that are located on the site for more than 180 consecutive days or are not ready for highway use must satisfy requirements of subsection 5 of this section regarding anchoring and elevation of factory-built homes.

13. Pipeline Crossings. Pipeline river and stream crossings shall be buried in the streambed and banks or otherwise sufficiently protected to prevent rupture due to channel degradation and meandering.

**160.10 SPECIAL FLOODWAY STANDARDS.** In addition to the general flood plain standards, uses within the floodway must meet the following applicable standards. The floodway is that portion of the flood plain which must be protected from developmental encroachment to allow the free flow of floodwaters. Where floodway data have been provided in the flood insurance study, such data shall be used to define the floodway. Where no floodway data has been provided, the Department of Natural Resources shall be contacted to provide a floodway delineation. The applicant will be responsible for providing the Department of Natural Resources with sufficient technical information to make such determination.

1. No use shall be permitted in the floodway that would result in any increase in the 100-year flood level. Consideration of the effects of any development on flood levels shall be based upon the assumption that an equal degree of development would be allowed for similarly situated lands.
2. All uses within the floodway shall:
  - A. Be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.
  - B. Use construction methods and practices that will minimize flood damage.
  - C. Use construction materials and utility equipment that are resistant to flood damage.
3. No use shall affect the capacity or conveyance of the channel or floodway of any tributary to the main stream, drainage ditch, or any other drainage facility or system.
4. Structures, buildings, and sanitary and utility systems, if permitted, shall meet the applicable general flood plain standards and shall be constructed or aligned to present the minimum possible resistance to flood flows.
5. Buildings, if permitted, shall have a low flood damage potential and shall not be for human habitation.
6. Storage of materials or equipment that are buoyant, flammable, explosive, or injurious to human, animal, or plant life is prohibited. Storage of other material may be allowed if readily removable from the floodway within the time available after flood warning.
7. Watercourse alterations or relocations (channel changes and modifications) must be designed to maintain the flood carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion. In addition, such alterations or relocations must be approved by the Department of Natural Resources.
8. Any fill allowed in the floodway must be shown to have some beneficial purpose and shall be limited to the minimum amount necessary.
9. Pipeline river or stream crossings shall be buried in the streambed and banks or otherwise sufficiently protected to prevent rupture due to channel degradation and meandering or due to the action of flood flows.

**160.11 SPECIAL SHALLOW FLOODING AREAS STANDARDS.** In addition to the general flood plain standards, uses within shallow flooding areas must meet the following applicable standards.

1. In shallow flooding areas designated as an AO Zone on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), the minimum flood proofing/flood protection elevation shall be equal to the number of feet as specified on the FIRM (or a minimum of two feet if no number is specified) above the highest natural grade adjacent to the structure.
2. In shallow flooding areas designated as an AH Zone on the Flood Insurance Rate Map, the minimum flood proofing/flood protection elevation shall be equal to the elevation as specified on the FIRM.

**160.12 ADMINISTRATION.** The City Clerk shall implement and administer the provisions of this chapter and will herein be referred to as the Administrator. Duties and responsibilities of the Administrator shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

1. Review all flood plain development permit applications to assure that the provisions of this chapter will be satisfied.
2. Review all flood plain development permit applications to assure that all necessary permits have been obtained from Federal, State, and local governmental agencies including approval when required from the Department of Natural Resources for flood plain construction.
3. Record and maintain a record of the elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum) of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new or substantially improved structures.
4. Record and maintain a record of the elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum) to which all new or substantially improved structures have been flood proofed.
5. Notify adjacent communities and/or counties and the Department of Natural Resources prior to any proposed alteration or relocation of a watercourse and submit evidence of such notifications to the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
6. Keep a record of all permits, appeals, and such other transactions and correspondence pertaining to the administration of this chapter.

**160.13 FLOOD PLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT REQUIRED.** A flood plain development permit issued by the Administrator shall be secured prior to any flood plain development (any manmade change to improved and unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations) including the placement of factory-built homes.

**160.14 APPLICATION FOR PERMIT.** Application for a flood plain development permit shall be made on forms supplied by the Administrator and shall include the following information:

1. Work To Be Done. Description of the work to be covered by the permit for which application is to be made.

2. Location. Description of the land on which the proposed work is to be done (i.e., lot, block, tract, street address, or similar description), which will readily identify and locate the work to be done.
3. Use or Occupancy. Indication of the use or occupancy for which the proposed work is intended.
4. Flood Elevation. Elevation of the 100-year flood.
5. Floor Elevation. Elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum) of the lowest floor (including basement) of buildings or of the level to which a building is to be flood proofed.
6. Cost of Improvement. For buildings being improved or rebuilt, the estimated cost of improvements and market value of the building prior to the improvements.
7. Other. Such other information as the Administrator deems reasonably necessary (e.g., drawings or a site plan) for the purpose of this chapter.

**160.15 ACTION ON APPLICATION.** The Administrator shall, within a reasonable time, make a determination as to whether the proposed flood plain development meets the applicable standards of this chapter and shall approve or disapprove the application. For disapprovals, the applicant shall be informed, in writing, of the specific reasons therefor. The Administrator shall not issue permits for variances except as directed by the Council.

**160.16 CONSTRUCTION AND USE TO BE AS PROVIDED IN APPLICATION AND PLANS.** Flood plain development permits, issued on the basis of approved plans and applications, authorize only the use, arrangement, and construction set forth in such approved plans and applications and no other use, arrangement, or construction. Any use, arrangement, or construction at variance with that authorized shall be deemed a violation of this chapter. The applicant shall be required to submit certification by a professional engineer or land surveyor, as appropriate, registered in the State, that the finished fill, building floor elevations, flood proofing, or other flood protection measures were accomplished in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, prior to the use or occupancy of any structure.

**160.17 VARIANCES.** The City Council may authorize upon request in specific cases such variances from the terms of this chapter that will not be contrary to the public interest, where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of this chapter will result in unnecessary hardship. Variances granted must meet the following applicable standards:

1. Cause. Variances shall only be granted upon: (i) a showing of good and sufficient cause; (ii) a determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant; and (iii) a determination that the granting of the variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing local codes or ordinances.
2. Prohibited. Variances shall not be issued within any designated floodway if any increase in flood levels during the 100-year flood would result. Consideration of the effects of any development on flood levels shall be based upon the assumption that an equal degree of development would be allowed for similarly situated lands.
3. Required To Afford Relief. Variances shall only be granted upon a determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.

4. Notice To Applicant. In cases where the variance involves a lower level of flood protection for buildings than what is ordinarily required by this chapter, the applicant shall be notified in writing over the signature of the Administrator that: (i) the issuance of a variance will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25.00 for \$100.00 of insurance coverage; and (ii) such construction increases risks to life and property.

5. Approval. All variances granted shall have the concurrence or approval of the Department of Natural Resources.

**160.18 FACTORS UPON WHICH THE DECISION TO GRANT VARIANCES SHALL BE BASED.** In passing upon applications for variances, the Council shall consider all relevant factors specified in other sections of this chapter and:

1. The danger to life and property due to increased flood heights or velocities caused by encroachments.
2. The danger that materials may be swept on to other land or downstream to the injury of others.
3. The proposed water supply and sanitation systems and the ability of these systems to prevent disease, contamination, and unsanitary conditions.
4. The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner.
5. The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the City.
6. The requirements of the facility for a flood plain location.
7. The availability of alternative locations not subject to flooding for the proposed use.
8. The compatibility of the proposed use with existing development and development anticipated in the foreseeable future.
9. The relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and flood plain management program for the area.
10. The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles.
11. The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of the floodwaters expected at the site.
12. The cost of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including maintenance and repair of public utilities (sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems), facilities, streets and bridges.
13. Such other factors relevant to the purpose of this chapter.

**160.19 CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO VARIANCES.** Upon consideration of the factors listed in Section 160.18, the Council may attach such conditions to the granting of variances as it deems necessary to further the purpose of this chapter. Such conditions may include, but not necessarily be limited to:

1. Modification of waste disposal and water supply facilities.
2. Limitation of periods of use and operation.

3. Imposition of operational controls, sureties, and deed restrictions.
4. Requirements for construction of channel modifications, dikes, levees, and other protective measures, provided such are approved by the Department of Natural Resources and are deemed the only practical alternative to achieving the purposes of this chapter.
5. Flood proofing measures.

**160.20 NONCONFORMING USES.**

1. A structure or the use of a structure or premises which was lawful before the passage or amendment of this chapter, but which is not in conformity with the provisions of this chapter, may be continued subject to the following conditions:
  - A. If such use is discontinued for six consecutive months, any future use of the building premises shall conform to this chapter.
  - B. Uses or adjuncts thereof that are or become nuisances shall not be entitled to continue as nonconforming uses.
2. If any nonconforming use or structure is destroyed by any means, including flood, it shall not be reconstructed if the cost is more than 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred, unless it is reconstructed in conformity with the provisions of this chapter. This limitation does not include the cost of any alteration to comply with existing State or local health, sanitary, building, or safety codes or regulations or the cost of any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places, provided that the alteration shall not preclude its continued designation.

**160.21 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS.** Violations of the provisions of this chapter or failure to comply with any of the requirements shall constitute a misdemeanor. Any person who violates this chapter or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than \$500.00 or imprisoned for not more than 30 days. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the City of Anthon from taking such other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy violation.

**160.22 AMENDMENTS.** The regulations and standards set forth in this chapter may from time to time be amended, supplemented, changed, or repealed. No amendment, supplement, change, or modification shall be undertaken without prior approval from the Department of Natural Resources.

# INDEX TO CODE OF ORDINANCES

## CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER

---

<b>ABANDONED BUILDINGS</b> .....	145
<b>ABANDONED OR UNATTENDED REFRIGERATORS</b> .....	41.08
<b>ABANDONED UTILITY CONNECTIONS</b>	
On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems .....	98.07
Water Service .....	90.04
<b>ABANDONED VEHICLES</b> .....	80
<i>See also</i> Impounding Vehicles .....	70.06
<i>See also</i> State Code Traffic Regulations .....	62.01
<b>ABANDONMENT OF CATS AND DOGS</b> .....	55.04
<b>ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES</b> .....	50
<b>ACCESSORY BUILDINGS</b> .....	155.24
<b>ACCOUNTING RECORDS</b> .....	7.07
<b>AIR POLLUTION</b> .....	50.02(8)
<i>See also</i> <b>ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLATION</b> .....	3.02
<b>ALCOHOL</b>	
Consumption and Intoxication .....	45
Liquor Licenses and Wine and Beer Permits .....	120
Open Containers in Motor Vehicles.....	62.01(49) and (50)
Social Host Liability .....	45.01(1)
<b>ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES AND SNOWMOBILES</b> .....	75
<b>AMBULANCE SERVICE</b>	
<i>See</i> <b>EMERGENCY RESCUE SERVICES</b> .....	35
<b>AMUSEMENT DEVICES</b> .....	120.06
<b>ANGLE PARKING</b> .....	69.03 and 69.04
<b>ANIMAL PROTECTION AND CONTROL</b>	
Abandonment of Cats and Dogs .....	55.04
Animal Neglect .....	55.02
Annoyance or Disturbance .....	55.08
At Large Prohibited.....	55.06
Confinement of Animals Suspected of Having Rabies .....	55.12
Damage or Interference by Animals .....	55.07
Dangerous and Vicious Animals.....	57
Duty to Report Attacks.....	55.11
Impounding .....	55.13 - 55.15
Livestock .....	55.03 and 55.05
Pet Awards Prohibited.....	55.16
Rabies Vaccination.....	56.05
Urban Chickens .....	58
Vicious Dogs.....	57

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>ANTENNA AND RADIO WIRES</b> .....	41.09
<b>APPOINTMENTS</b>	
By Council.....	17.05
By Mayor.....	15.03
<b>ASSAULT</b> .....	40.01
<b>ATTORNEY FOR CITY</b> .....	20
<b>AUTOMOBILE REPAIR ON PUBLIC PROPERTY</b> .....	69.05(2)
<b>AWNINGS</b> .....	136.12
<b>BARBED WIRE AND ELECTRIC FENCES</b> .....	41.10
<b>BEER, LIQUOR, AND WINE CONTROL</b>	
<i>See</i> <b>ALCOHOL</b>	
<b>BICYCLES</b> .....	76
<i>See also</i> Clinging to Vehicles.....	62.04
<i>See also</i> State Code Traffic Regulations .....	62.01
<b>BILLBOARDS</b> .....	50.02(6) and 62.06
<b>BONDS</b>	
City Officials .....	5.02
House Movers.....	123.04
Public Bonds, Records of .....	18.08(3)
Transient Merchants .....	122.06
<b>BUDGET</b>	
Amendments.....	7.06
Preparation .....	7.05
<b>BUILDING AND LAND USE REGULATIONS</b> .....	155
<b>BUILDING MOVERS</b> .....	123
<b>BUILDING NUMBERING</b> .....	150
<b>BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS</b> .....	96
<b>BUILDINGS, DANGEROUS</b> .....	145
<b>BULKY RUBBISH</b> .....	106.05
<b>BURNING</b>	
Burning on Streets and Alleys .....	135.08
Fires in Parks .....	47.03
Fires or Fuel on Sidewalks .....	136.15
Open Burning Restricted .....	105.05
Yard Waste .....	105.06



	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>BUSINESS DISTRICT</b> .....	60.02(1)
<i>See also:</i>	
Bicycles on Sidewalks.....	76.08(1)
Sidewalks .....	136.08(5)(B)
<b>CABLE TELEVISION</b> .....	112
<b>CAR WASHING ON STREETS</b> .....	135.07
<b>CHARTER</b> .....	2
<b>CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO</b>	
Permits .....	121
Possession by Minors.....	46.02
<b>CITY ATTORNEY</b> .....	20
<b>CITY CHARTER</b> .....	2
<b>CITY CLERK</b> .....	18
<b>CITY COUNCIL</b>	
Appointments by .....	17.05
Compensation.....	17.06
Meetings.....	17.04 and 5.06
Number and Term .....	2.04 and 17.01
Powers and Duties.....	17.02 and 17.03
<b>CITY ELECTIONS</b> .....	6
<b>CITY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES</b>	
Appointments by Council .....	17.05
Appointments by Mayor .....	15.03
Bonds .....	5.02
City Attorney.....	20
City Clerk.....	18
City Council .....	17
City Treasurer.....	19
Conflict of Interest .....	5.07
Discretionary Powers .....	1.13
Extension of Authority .....	1.07
Gifts to.....	5.11
Harassment of.....	41.05
Indemnity of .....	1.04
Mayor .....	15
Oath of Office .....	5.01

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>CITY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES (continued)</b>	
Police Chief .....	30
Powers and Duties .....	5.03
Removal of an Officer's Communication or Control Device.....	41.07
Removal of Appointed Officers and Employees .....	5.09
Representation by City Attorney .....	20.09
Resignations .....	5.08
Sewer Superintendent.....	95.03
Vacancies .....	5.10
Water Superintendent .....	90.02
<b>CITY OPERATING PROCEDURES .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CITY POWERS.....</b>	<b>1.03</b>
<b>CITY SEAL.....</b>	<b>18.13</b>
<b>CIVIL CITATIONS .....</b>	<b>3.04</b>
<b>CLINGING TO VEHICLE .....</b>	<b>62.04</b>
<b>COASTERS, SKATEBOARDS AND IN-LINE SKATES .....</b>	<b>76.14</b>
<b>CODE OF IOWA TRAFFIC REGULATIONS .....</b>	<b>62.01</b>
<b>CODE OF ORDINANCES</b>	
Altering.....	1.10
Amendments to.....	1.08
Catchlines and Notes .....	1.09
Definitions of Terms .....	1.02
Rules of Construction.....	1.06
Validity .....	1.11
<b>COMPENSATION</b>	
Changes in .....	17.02(7)
City Attorney .....	20.01
City Clerk .....	18.01
Council Members .....	17.06
Mayor .....	15.04
Mayor Pro Tem .....	16.04
Set by Council .....	17.02(7)
Treasurer.....	19.02
<b>CONFLICT OF INTEREST .....</b>	<b>5.07</b>
<b>CONTRACT LAW ENFORCEMENT .....</b>	<b>30.11</b>
<b>CONTRIBUTING TO DELINQUENCY.....</b>	<b>46.03</b>
<b>COUNCIL .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>COUNCIL MEETINGS.....</b>	<b>17.04</b>
<b>CRIMINAL MISCHIEF .....</b>	<b>42.02</b>

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>CROSSWALKS</b>	
Designation and Maintenance .....	61.02
Parking Prohibited in .....	69.06(1)
Pedestrians in Crosswalks .....	65.08
<b>CURFEW</b> .....	46.01
<b>DANGEROUS BUILDINGS</b> .....	145
<b>DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, DISTRIBUTING OF</b> .....	41.01
<b>DANGEROUS TOYS (THROWING AND SHOOTING)</b> .....	41.12
<b>DEFACING PROCLAMATIONS AND NOTICES</b> .....	42.03
<b>DEPOSIT FOR UTILITIES</b> .....	92.09
<b>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</b> .....	7.03(2)
<b>DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY</b> .....	42.02
<b>DISCRETIONARY POWER OF CITY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES</b> ....	1.13
<b>DISORDERLY CONDUCT</b> .....	40.03
<b>DOGS</b> .....	55
<i>See also</i> <b>ANIMALS</b>	
<b>DRIVEWAY CULVERTS</b> .....	135.13
<b>DRUG PARAPHERNALIA</b> .....	41.15
<b>DUTCH ELM DISEASE</b> .....	50.02(10)
<b>EASEMENTS, USE OF</b> .....	95.08
<b>ELECTIONS</b>	
Duties of Clerk .....	18.12
Procedures .....	6
<b>ELECTRIC UTILITY</b> .....	110
<b>EMERGENCY RESCUE SERVICES</b> .....	35
<b>ENGINE BRAKES AND COMPRESSION BRAKES</b> .....	62
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLATIONS</b> .....	3.02
<b>EXCAVATIONS</b>	
Sewer .....	96.04
Streets .....	135.09
Water .....	90.09
<b>EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY</b> .....	1.07
<b>FAILURE TO DISPERSE</b> .....	40.05
<b>FALSE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION</b> .....	41.03

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>FALSE REPORTS</b>	
Of Catastrophe.....	40.03(5)
To Public Safety Entities.....	41.02
<b>FENCES</b>	
Barbed Wire and Electric Fences .....	41.10
Blocking Public and Private Ways.....	50.02(5)
Building Requirements.....	155.25
<b>FIGHTING</b> .....	40.03(1)
<b>FINANCE OFFICER</b> .....	7.02
<b>FINANCES</b> .....	7
<b>FINANCIAL REPORTS</b> .....	7.08
<b>FIRE DEPARTMENT</b>	
<i>See</i> <b>EMERGENCY RESCUE SERVICES</b> .....	35
<b>FIRE HAZARD CONDITIONS</b>	
Health and Fire Hazard.....	105.04
Storing of Flammable Junk .....	50.02(7)
Unsafe Buildings .....	145
Weeds and Brush.....	50.02(9)
<b>FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS CONNECTIONS</b> .....	91.03
<b>FIRES</b>	
In Parks.....	47.03
On Sidewalks.....	136.15
Open Burning Restricted.....	105.05
<b>FIREWORKS</b> .....	41.14
<b>FISCAL MANAGEMENT</b> .....	7
<b>FLAG, DISRESPECT OF</b> .....	40.03(6)
<b>FLOOD PLAIN REGULATIONS</b> .....	160
<b>FORM OF GOVERNMENT</b> .....	2.02
<b>FRAUD</b> .....	42.05
<b>FUNDS</b> .....	7.04
<b>FUNERAL SERVICE, DISRUPTION OF</b> .....	40.03(8)
<i>See also</i> State Code Traffic Regulations .....	62.01
<b>GANG ACTIVITY</b> .....	50.02(11)
<b>GARAGES AND ACCESSORY BUILDINGS</b> .....	155.24
<b>GARBAGE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL</b> .....	105 and 106
<b>GIFTS TO CITY OFFICIALS</b> .....	5.11
<b>GOLF CARTS</b> .....	77

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>GRADES OF STREETS, ALLEYS AND SIDEWALKS .....</b>	138
<b>HANDICAPPED PARKING</b>	
<i>See</i> Persons with Disabilities Parking .....	69.07
<b>HARASSMENT</b>	
Of Other Persons .....	40.02
Of Public Officers and Employees.....	41.05
<b>HAZARDOUS WASTE.....</b>	105.08
<i>See also</i> Prohibited and Restricted Discharges to Sewer System.....	97.03 and 97.04
<b>HITCHHIKING .....</b>	67.02
<b>HOUSE MOVERS .....</b>	123
<b>HOUSE NUMBERS.....</b>	150
<b>HOUSES OF ILL FAME .....</b>	50.02(11)
<b>IMPOUNDING</b>	
Animals .....	55.13
Vehicles.....	70.06 and 80.02
<b>INDEMNITY AGREEMENT, PERMITS AND LICENSES .....</b>	1.04
<b>INTERFERENCE WITH OFFICIAL ACTS.....</b>	41.06
<b>INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE.....</b>	148
<b>INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS .....</b>	7.03(2)
<b>JUNK AND JUNK VEHICLES.....</b>	51
<i>See also</i> Storing of Flammable Junk .....	50.02(7)
<b>LEGAL OPINIONS .....</b>	20.06
<b>LIBRARY .....</b>	21
<b>LICENSES</b>	
Dogs .....	56
Drivers.....	62.01
Liquor.....	120
Peddlers, Solicitors and Transient Merchants .....	122
<i>See also</i> Issuance of Licenses and Permits.....	18.10
<i>See also</i> <b>PERMITS</b>	
<b>LIQUOR LICENSES AND WINE AND BEER PERMITS .....</b>	120
<b>LITTERING</b>	
Debris on Sidewalks.....	136.17
Park Regulations .....	47.04
Placing Debris on Streets .....	135.03
Solid Waste Control .....	105.07

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>LIVESTOCK</b> .....	55.03 and 55.05
<b>LOAD AND WEIGHT RESTRICTIONS, VEHICLES</b> .....	66
<b>LOITERING</b> .....	40.04
<b>MANUFACTURED AND MOBILE HOMES</b> .....	146
<i>See also:</i>	
Factory-Built Homes (Flood Plain Regulations) .....	160.09(5)
<b>MAYOR</b>	
Appointments .....	15.03
Compensation .....	15.04
Powers and Duties .....	15.02
Term of Office .....	15.01
Voting .....	15.05
<i>See also</i> <b>CITY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES</b>	
<b>MAYOR PRO TEM</b> .....	16
<b>MEETINGS</b>	
Council Meetings .....	17.04
Procedures for Notice and Conduct of .....	5.06
Publication of Minutes of Council Meetings .....	18.03
<b>METERS, WATER</b> .....	91
<b>MINORS</b> .....	46
<i>See also:</i>	
Amusement Devices .....	120.06
Employment for Serving of Alcohol .....	120.05(4)
In Licensed Premises .....	120.05(12)
Persons Under Legal Age .....	45.01
Persons Under Legal Age .....	121.07
<b>MOBILE FOOD VENDORS</b> .....	124
<b>MOBILE HOMES</b> .....	146
<b>MUNICIPAL INFRACTIONS</b> .....	3
<i>See also</i> <b>MUNICIPAL INFRACTION ABATEMENT PROCEDURE</b> .....	50.07
<b>NAMING OF STREETS</b> .....	139
<b>NOISE</b>	
Annoyance or Disturbance (Barking Dogs) .....	55.08
Disorderly Conduct .....	40.03(2) and 40.03(8)
Quiet Zones .....	62.05
Truck Parking .....	69.09 (3)
<b>NOMINATIONS FOR ELECTIVE OFFICES</b> .....	6
<b>NUISANCE ABATEMENT PROCEDURE</b> .....	50
<b>NUMBERING OF BUILDINGS</b> .....	150
<b>OATH OF OFFICE</b> .....	5.01

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>OFFENSIVE SMELLS AND SUBSTANCES</b> .....	50.02(1) and (2)
<i>See also</i> Restricted Discharges to Sanitary Sewer System.....	97.04
<b>OFF-ROAD MOTORCYCLES AND UTILITY VEHICLES</b> .....	75
<b>ONE-WAY TRAFFIC</b> .....	68
<b>ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS</b> .....	98
<b>OPEN BURNING</b> .....	105.05
<b>OPEN CONTAINERS IN MOTOR VEHICLES</b> .....	62.01(49) and (50)
<b>OPEN MEETINGS</b> .....	5.06
<b>OPERATING PROCEDURES</b> .....	5
<b>PARADES REGULATED</b> .....	60.08
<b>PARK REGULATIONS</b> .....	47
<i>See also</i> Parks, Cemeteries and Parking Lots (Speed Limits).....	63.03
<b>PARKING REGULATIONS</b>	
Angle Parking.....	69.03 and 69.04
Illegal Purposes .....	69.05
No Parking Zones.....	69.08
Park Adjacent to Curb.....	69.01 and 69.02
Parking of Bicycles .....	76.11
Parking Prohibited.....	69.06
Parking Violations.....	70.03 and 70.04
Persons With Disabilities Parking.....	69.07
Recreational Vehicles.....	69.11
Snow Removal .....	69.10
Truck Parking Limited .....	69.09
<b>PEACE OFFICERS</b>	
Failure to Assist.....	41.04
Interference with .....	41.06
Obedience to.....	60.07
Powers and Authority under Traffic Code .....	60
Qualifications .....	30.03
Removal of an Officer's Communication or Control Device .....	41.07
Training .....	30.04
<i>See also</i> <b>POLICE DEPARTMENT</b> .....	30
<b>PEDDLERS, SOLICITORS AND TRANSIENT MERCHANTS</b> .....	122
<b>PEDESTRIANS</b> .....	67
<i>See also:</i>	
Crosswalks .....	61.02
State Code Traffic Regulations .....	62.01
Yield to Pedestrians in Crosswalks .....	65.08

---

 CHAPTER OR SECTION  
NUMBER
 

---

**PENALTIES**

Abatement of Violation of Sewer Connection Requirements .....	96.10
Additional Penalties – Cigarette and Tobacco Permits .....	121.07
Curfew Violations .....	46.01(6)
Municipal Infractions .....	3
Special Penalties (Sanitary Sewer Regulations).....	95.09
Special Penalty (Bicycle Regulations) .....	76.13
Standard Penalty for Violation of Code of Ordinances.....	1.14
Traffic Code Violations.....	70

**PERMITS**

Beer and Wine .....	120
Building.....	155.03
Cigarette and Tobacco.....	121.02
Fireworks.....	41.14
Flood Plain Development.....	160.13
House Mover .....	123.02
Mobile Food Vendors.....	124.02
On-Site Wastewater System.....	98.04
Parade .....	60.08(2)
Persons with Disabilities Parking.....	69.07
Public Right-of-Way .....	140.18
Sewer Connection.....	96.01
Sidewalks .....	136.07
Street Excavation.....	135.09(1)
Urban Chickens .....	58
Vehicles, Excess Size and Weight.....	66.02
Vending Machines and Sales Stands on Sidewalks.....	136.19
Water System Connection.....	90.05

*See also* Issuance of Licenses and Permits..... 18.10

*See also* **LICENSES**

**PERSONAL INJURIES**..... 1.05

**PET AWARDS PROHIBITED** ..... 55.16

**PETTY CASH FUND** ..... 7.03(3)

**PLAY STREETS** ..... 62.02

*See also* Playing in Streets..... 135.04

**POLICE DEPARTMENT** ..... 30

**POLLUTION**

Air Pollution.....	50.02(8)
Environmental Violations.....	3.02
Incinerators Required .....	105.10
Open Burning Restricted.....	105.05
Prohibited Discharges to Public Sewer .....	97.03
Restricted Discharges to Sewer System .....	97.04
Toxic and Hazardous Wastes .....	105.08
Water Pollution.....	50.02(4)



	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>POWERS AND DUTIES</b>	
City Clerk .....	18.02
City Council .....	17.02 and 17.03
City Officers Generally .....	2.03
Mayor .....	15.02
Mayor Pro Tem .....	16.02
Municipal Officers .....	5.03
Police Chief.....	30.07
<b>PRIVATE PROPERTY</b> .....	42
<b>PRIVATE WATER SYSTEMS (SEWER CHARGES)</b> .....	99.03
<b>PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PROPERTY</b>	
Criminal Mischief .....	42.02
Damage to Sewer System.....	95.04(1)
Defacing Proclamations or Notices.....	42.03
Fraud .....	42.05
Injury to Library Books or Property.....	21.08
Littering Prohibited .....	105.07
Park Regulations .....	47
Public and Private Property.....	42
Sidewalk Regulations.....	136
Street Excavations .....	135
Theft.....	42.06
Trees and Shrubs on Public Property .....	151
Trespassing.....	42.01
Unauthorized Entry .....	42.04
<i>See also</i> <b>PUBLIC PROPERTY AND RIGHT-OF-WAY</b> .....	140
<b>PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY</b> .....	41
<b>PUBLIC NOTICES</b> .....	18.05(1)
<b>PUBLIC OFFENSES</b>	
Littering Prohibited .....	105.07
Public and Private Property.....	42
Public Health and Safety .....	41
Public Peace .....	40
<i>See also</i> <b>SIDEWALK REGULATIONS</b> .....	136
<i>See also</i> <b>STREET EXCAVATIONS</b> .....	135
<b>PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS</b> .....	18.05
<b>RABIES VACCINATION</b> .....	56.05
<b>RECORDS</b>	
Accounting .....	7.07
Maintenance by Clerk .....	18.08
Minutes of Council Meetings.....	5.06(3)
Public Records, Access to .....	5.04
Transfer to Successors.....	5.05

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>REMOVAL OF APPOINTED OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES .....</b>	<b>5.09</b>
<b>REPRESENTATION OF CITY EMPLOYEES .....</b>	<b>20.09</b>
<b>RESIGNATION OF ELECTED OFFICERS .....</b>	<b>5.08</b>
<b>RESTRICTED RESIDENCE DISTRICT .....</b>	<b>155.16</b>
<b>RIGHT TO ENTER</b>	
Sewer Service Inspection and Sampling .....	95.07
Solid Waste Collection .....	106.06
Use of Easements .....	95.08
Warrants .....	1.12
Water Meter Service.....	91.09
<b>SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM</b>	
Building Sewers and Connection Requirements .....	96
General Provisions .....	95
On-Site Wastewater Systems .....	98
Sewer Service Charges .....	99
Use of Public Sewers.....	97
<b>SEMITRAILERS NOT ALLOWED .....</b>	<b>66.05</b>
<b>SEWER RATES .....</b>	<b>99</b>
<b>SIDEWALKS</b>	
Barricades and Warning Lights .....	136.09
Bicycles on Sidewalks.....	76.08
Construction Standards.....	136.08
Debris on .....	136.17
Defacing .....	136.16
Encroaching Steps .....	136.13
Fires and Fuel on .....	136.15
Interference with Improvements.....	136.11
Maintenance .....	136
Openings and Enclosures .....	136.14
Parking Prohibited on Sidewalks .....	69.06(4)
Sales Stands and Merchandise Displays.....	136.18 and 136.19
Snow Removal .....	136.03
Vehicles Crossing Sidewalks .....	65.06
Vehicles on Sidewalks.....	62.03
<b>SKATES, COASTERS AND TOY VEHICLES</b>	
Clinging to Vehicle .....	62.04
<b>SNOW REMOVAL</b>	
From Sidewalks .....	136.03
From Streets .....	135.12
Parking .....	69.10
<b>SNOWMOBILES AND ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES .....</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>SOLICITORS, PEDDLERS AND TRANSIENT MERCHANTS .....</b>	<b>122</b>

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>SOLID WASTE CONTROL</b>	
Collection .....	106
General Provisions .....	105
<i>See also</i> Restricted Discharges to Sewer System .....	97.04
<b>SPEED REGULATIONS</b> .....	63
<b>STATE CODE TRAFFIC REGULATIONS</b> .....	62.01
<b>STOP OR YIELD REQUIRED</b> .....	65
<b>STORM WATER</b>	
Discharge to Sanitary Sewer Prohibited.....	95.04(2) and 97.01
Surface Water Exception.....	97.02
<b>STREET NAME MAP</b> .....	139.04 and 139.05
<b>STREETS AND ALLEYS</b>	
Billboards and Signs Obstructing View .....	50.02(6)
Blocking Public and Private Ways.....	50.02(5)
Excavations and Maintenance.....	135
Grades .....	138
Naming.....	139
Obstructing Use of Streets .....	40.03(7)
Vacation and Disposal.....	137
<i>See also</i> <b>TRAFFIC CODE</b>	
<b>TELEPHONE FRANCHISE</b> .....	111
<b>TERMS OF OFFICE</b>	
Clerk.....	18.01
Council .....	2.04 and 17.01
Mayor .....	2.05 and 15.01
Treasurer .....	19.01
<b>THEFT</b>	
Library Property .....	21.09
Public and Private Property.....	42.06
<b>TOBACCO PERMITS</b> .....	121
<b>TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS WASTE</b> .....	105.08
<b>TRAFFIC CODE</b>	
Administration of .....	60
Enforcement Procedures .....	70
General Regulations .....	62
Load and Weight Restrictions .....	66

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>TRAFFIC CODE (continued)</b>	
One-Way Traffic .....	68
Parking Regulations .....	69
Pedestrians.....	67
Speed Regulations .....	63
Stop or Yield Required.....	65
Traffic Control Devices.....	61
Turning Regulations .....	64
<b>TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES</b>	
Installation; Standards; Compliance.....	61
Traveling on Barricaded Street or Alley .....	135.05
<b>TRAFFIC REGULATIONS</b> .....	62.01
<b>TRANSIENT MERCHANTS, PEDDLERS, AND SOLICITORS</b> .....	122
<b>TREASURER</b> .....	19
<b>TREES</b>	
Disease Control .....	151.10
Dutch Elm Disease .....	50.02(10)
Duty to Trim Trees .....	151.06
Inspection and Removal of.....	151.11
Maintenance of Parking or Terrace .....	135.10
Obstructing View at Intersections .....	62.06
Open Burning Restrictions .....	105.05
Planting Restrictions.....	151.04
Removal of Stumps .....	151.09
Removal of Trees .....	151.08
Trees in Parking.....	151.03
Vision .....	151.05
Yard Waste .....	105.06
<b>TRESPASSING</b> .....	42.01
<b>TURNING REGULATIONS</b> .....	64
<b>UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY</b> .....	42.04
<b>UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY</b> .....	40.04
<b>URBAN CHICKENS</b> .....	58
<b>URBAN RENEWAL</b> .....	8
<b>URBAN REVITALIZATION</b> .....	9
<b>URINATING AND DEFECATING IN PUBLIC</b> .....	41.13
<b>UTILITIES</b>	
Cable Television.....	112
Electric .....	110
Sewer Service System .....	95 - 99
Telephone .....	111

	CHAPTER OR SECTION NUMBER
<b>UTILITIES (continued)</b>	
Water Service System .....	90 - 93
<b>U-TURNS</b> .....	64.02
<b>VACANCIES IN OFFICE</b> .....	5.10
<b>VACATING STREETS OR ALLEYS</b> .....	137
<b>VETO</b>	
Council May Override .....	17.03
Mayor's Authority .....	15.02(4)
<b>VICIOUS ANIMALS</b> .....	57
<b>VIOLATIONS</b>	
Cigarette and Tobacco Violations (Sale to Minors) .....	121.07
Environmental .....	3.02
Municipal Infractions .....	3
Parking .....	70
Special Penalties for Violation of Sanitary Sewer Regulations .....	95.09
Standard Penalty for Violation of Code of Ordinances .....	1.14
Traffic .....	62.01
<b>WARRANTS</b> .....	1.12
<b>WASTE STORAGE CONTAINERS</b> .....	105.09
<b>WASTEWATER SYSTEMS, ON-SITE</b> .....	98
<b>WATER POLLUTION</b> .....	50.02(4)
<b>WATER SERVICE SYSTEM</b>	
Connections; General Regulations .....	90
Meters .....	91
Rates .....	92
<b>WEAPONS</b>	
Discharging Weapons in City Limits .....	41.11
Taking Weapons During Arrest .....	30.10
Throwing and Shooting .....	41.12
<b>WEEDS AND GRASS</b> .....	152
<i>See also</i> Weeds and Brush .....	50.02(9)
<b>WELLS</b>	
<i>See</i> <b>PROTECTION OF PUBLIC WATER WELLS</b> .....	93
<b>WINE</b>	
<i>See</i> <b>ALCOHOL</b>	
<b>YARD REQUIREMENTS</b> .....	155.20 – 155.22
<b>YARD WASTE</b> .....	105.06
<b>YIELD REQUIRED</b>	65

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# APPENDIX TO CODE OF ORDINANCES

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## USE AND MAINTENANCE OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES

The following information is provided to assist in the use and proper maintenance of this Code of Ordinances.

### DISTRIBUTION OF COPIES

**1. OFFICIAL COPY.** The “OFFICIAL COPY” of the Code of Ordinances must be kept by the City Clerk and should be identified as the “OFFICIAL COPY.”

**2. DISTRIBUTION.** Other copies of the Code of Ordinances should be made available to all persons having a relatively frequent and continuing need to have access to ordinances which are in effect in the City as well as reference centers such as the City Library, County Law Library, and perhaps the schools.

**3. SALE.** The sale or distribution of copies in a general fashion is not recommended as experience indicates that indiscriminate distribution tends to result in outdated codes being used or misused.

**4. RECORD OF DISTRIBUTION.** The City Clerk should be responsible for maintaining an accurate and current record of persons having a copy of the Code of Ordinances. Each official, elected or appointed, should return to the City, upon leaving office, all documents, records and other materials pertaining to the office, including this Code of Ordinances.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13[4])*

### NUMBERING OF ORDINANCES AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES

It is recommended that a simple numerical sequence be used in assigning ordinance numbers to ordinances as they are passed. For example, if the ordinance adopting the Code of Ordinances is No. 163, we would suggest that the first ordinance passed changing, adding to, or deleting from the Code be assigned the number 164, the next ordinance be assigned the number 165, and so on. We advise against using the Code of Ordinances numbering system for the numbering of ordinances.

## **RETENTION OF AMENDING ORDINANCES**

Please note that two books should be maintained: (1) the Code of Ordinances, and (2) an ordinance book. We will assist in the maintenance of the Code of Ordinances book, per the Supplement Agreement, by revising and returning appropriate pages for the Code of Ordinances book as required to accommodate ordinances amending the Code. The City Clerk is responsible for maintaining the ordinance book and must be sure that an original copy of each ordinance adopted, bearing the signatures of the Mayor and Clerk, is inserted in the ordinance book and preserved in a safe place.

## **SUPPLEMENT RECORD**

A record of all supplements prepared for the Code of Ordinances is provided in the front of the Code. This record will indicate the number and date of the ordinances adopting the original Code and of each subsequently adopted ordinance which has been incorporated in the Code. For each supplemented ordinance, the Supplement Record will list the ordinance number, date, topic, and chapter or section number of the Code affected by the amending ordinance. A periodic review of the Supplement Record and ordinances passed will assure that all ordinances amending the Code have been incorporated therein.

## **DISTRIBUTION OF SUPPLEMENTS**

Supplements containing revised pages for insertion in each Code will be sent to the Clerk. It is the responsibility of the Clerk to see that each person having a Code of Ordinances receives each supplement so that each Code may be properly updated to reflect action of the Council in amending the Code.

## **AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES**

The Code of Ordinances contains most of the laws of the City as of the date of its adoption and is continually subject to amendment to reflect changing policies of the Council, mandates of the State, or decisions of the Courts. Amendments to the Code of Ordinances can only be accomplished by the adoption of an ordinance.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.2)*

The following forms of ordinances are recommended for making amendments to the Code of Ordinances:

## **ADDITION OF NEW PROVISIONS**

New material may require the addition of a new SUBSECTION, SECTION or CHAPTER, as follows:

## ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_

**AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE  
CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION LIMITING  
PARKING TO THIRTY MINUTES ON A PORTION OF SOUTH  
BOONE STREET**

**BE IT ENACTED** by the City Council of the City of Anthon, Iowa:

**SECTION 1. NEW SECTION.** The Code of Ordinances of the City of Anthon, Iowa, is amended by adding a new Section 69.16, entitled PARKING LIMITED TO THIRTY MINUTES, which is hereby adopted to read as follows:

**69.16 PARKING LIMITED TO THIRTY MINUTES.** It is unlawful to park any vehicle for a continuous period of more than thirty (30) minutes between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. on each day upon the following designated streets:

1. South Boone Street, on the west side, from Forest Avenue to Mason Drive.

**SECTION 2. REPEALER.** All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

**SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.** If any section, provision, or part of this ordinance shall be adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

**SECTION 4. WHEN EFFECTIVE.** This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its final passage, approval, and publication as provided by law.

Passed by the Council the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, and approved this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

First Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Second Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Third Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

I certify that the foregoing was published as Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

**DELETION OF EXISTING PROVISIONS**

Provisions may be removed from the Code of Ordinances by deleting SUBSECTIONS, SECTIONS or CHAPTERS as follows:

**ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_**

**AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA, BY REPEALING SECTION 65.02, SUBSECTION 5, PERTAINING TO THE SPECIAL STOP REQUIRED ON LAKE BOULEVARD**

**BE IT ENACTED** by the City Council of the City of Anthon, Iowa:

**SECTION 1. SUBSECTION REPEALED.** The Code of Ordinances of the City of Anthon, Iowa, is hereby amended by repealing Section 65.02, Subsection 5, which required vehicles traveling south on Lake Boulevard to stop at Second Place North.

**SECTION 2. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.** If any section, provision, or part of this ordinance shall be adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

**SECTION 3. WHEN EFFECTIVE.** This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its final passage, approval, and publication as provided by law.

Passed by the Council the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, and approved this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

First Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Second Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Third Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

I certify that the foregoing was published as Ordinance No.\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

**MODIFICATION OR CHANGE OF EXISTING PROVISION**

Existing provisions may be added to, partially deleted, or changed as follows:

**ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_****AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE  
CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA, BY AMENDING PROVISIONS  
PERTAINING TO SEWER SERVICE CHARGES**

**BE IT ENACTED** by the City Council of the City of Anthon, Iowa:

**SECTION 1. SECTION MODIFIED.** Section 99.02 of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Anthon, Iowa, is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

**99.02 RATE.** Each customer shall pay sewer service charges in the amount of 100 percent (100%) of the bill for water and water service attributable to the customer for the property served, but in no event less than ten dollars (\$10.00) per month.

**SECTION 2. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.** If any section, provision, or part of this ordinance shall be adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

**SECTION 3. WHEN EFFECTIVE.** This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its final passage, approval, and publication as provided by law.

Passed by the Council the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, and approved this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

First Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Second Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Third Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

I certify that the foregoing was published as Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

**ORDINANCES NOT CONTAINED IN THE  
CODE OF ORDINANCES**

There are certain types of ordinances which the City will be adopting which do not have to be incorporated in the Code of Ordinances. These include ordinances: (1) establishing grades of streets or sidewalks. (2) vacating streets or alleys. (3) authorizing the issuance of bonds. and (4) amending the zoning map.

*(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.8)*

**ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_****AN ORDINANCE VACATING THE ALLEY LYING IN BLOCK TWO  
(2) RAILROAD ADDITION TO ANTHON, IOWA**

Be It Enacted by the City Council of the City of Anthon, Iowa:

**SECTION 1.** The alley lying in Block Two (2), Railroad Addition to Anthon, Iowa, is hereby vacated and closed from public use.

**SECTION 2.** The Council may by resolution convey the alley described above to abutting property owners in a manner directed by the City Council.

**SECTION 3.** All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

**SECTION 4.** If any section, provision, or part of this ordinance shall be adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

**SECTION 5.** This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its final passage, approval, and publication as provided by law.

Passed by the Council the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, and approved this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

First Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Second Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Third Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

I certify that the foregoing was published as Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

These ordinances should be numbered in the same numerical sequence as any other amending ordinance and placed in their proper sequence in the ordinance book.

**SUGGESTED FORMS**

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**FIRST NOTICE – DANGEROUS BUILDING**

TO: (Name and address of owner, agent, or occupant of the property on which nuisance is located or the person causing or maintaining the nuisance).

You are hereby notified to abate the nuisance existing at (name location of nuisance) within \_\_\_\_ days from service of this notice or file written request for a Council hearing with the undersigned officer within said time limit.

The nuisance consists of (describe the nuisance and cite the law or ordinance) and shall be abated by (state action necessary to abate the particular nuisance).

In the event you fail to abate or cause to be abated the above nuisance, as directed, or file written request for hearing within the time prescribed herein, the City will take such steps as are necessary to abate or cause to be abated the nuisance and the cost will be assessed against you as provided by law.

Date of Notice: \_\_\_\_\_

City of Anthon, Iowa

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(enforcement officer)

**NOTICE OF HEARING ON DANGEROUS BUILDING**

TO: (Name and address of the owner, agent, or occupant of the property on which nuisance is located or the person causing or maintaining the nuisance).

You are hereby notified that the City Council of Anthon, Iowa, will meet on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ p.m., in the Council Chambers of the City Hall, at (address of City Hall) for the purpose of considering whether or not the alleged nuisance consisting of (describe the nuisance) on your property, locally known as \_\_\_\_\_, constitutes a nuisance pursuant to Chapter \_\_\_\_\_ of the Code of Ordinances of Anthon, Iowa, and should be abated by (state action necessary to abate the particular nuisance).

You are further notified that at such time and place you may appear and show cause why the said alleged nuisance should not be abated.

You are further notified to govern yourselves accordingly.

Date of Notice: \_\_\_\_\_

City of Anthon, Iowa

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(enforcement officer)



**RESOLUTION AND ORDER  
REGARDING DANGEROUS BUILDING**

**BE IT RESOLVED**, by the City Council of the City of Anthon, Iowa:

**WHEREAS**, notice has heretofore been served on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, on (property owner's name), through (agent's name or "none"), agent, to abate the nuisance existing at (legal description and address) within \_\_\_\_ days from service of said notice upon the said (name of owner or agent). and

(EITHER)

**WHEREAS**, a hearing was requested by the said (name of property owner or agent) and the same was held at this meeting and evidence produced and considered by the City Council.

(OR, ALTERNATE TO PRECEDING PARAGRAPH)

**WHEREAS**, the said owner (agent) named above has failed to abate or cause to be abated the above nuisance as directed within the time set, and after evidence was duly produced and considered at this meeting, and said owner has failed to file a written request for hearing, as provided, after being properly served by a notice to abate.

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the owner of said property, or said owner's agent (name of owner or agent) is hereby directed and ordered to abate the nuisance consisting of (describe the nuisance) by (state action necessary to abate) within \_\_\_\_ days after the service of this Order upon said owner or agent. and

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the enforcement officer be and is hereby directed to serve a copy of this Order upon the said property owner or agent named above. and

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that in the event the owner, or agent (name the owner or agent) fails to abate the said nuisance within the time prescribed above, then and in that event the City will abate the said nuisance and the cost will be assessed against the property and/or owner (owner's name) at (address), as the law shall provide.

Moved by \_\_\_\_\_ to adopt.

Adopted this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

**Note:** It is suggested by the blank space in the resolution that additional time be allowed the owner to abate the nuisance after the passage of the resolution before any action is taken on the part of the City to abate the same. In some instances, for the sake of public safety, the time element could be stricken from the resolution and immediate action be taken to abate the nuisance after the order is given.

**NOTICE TO ABATE NUISANCE**

TO: (Name and address of owner, agent, or occupant of the property on which the nuisance is located or the person causing or maintaining the nuisance).

You are hereby notified to abate the nuisance existing at (name location of nuisance) or file written request for a hearing with the undersigned officer within (hours or days) from service of this notice.

The nuisance consists of: (describe the nuisance) and shall be abated by: (state action necessary to abate the particular nuisance).

In the event you fail to abate or cause to be abated the above nuisance as directed, the City will take such steps as are necessary to abate or cause to be abated the nuisance and the costs will be assessed against you as provided by law.

Date of Notice: \_\_\_\_\_

City of Anthon, Iowa

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(designate officer initiating notice)

**NOTICE****REQUIRED SEWER CONNECTION**

TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Street Address)  
\_\_\_\_\_, Iowa

You are hereby notified that connection to the public sanitary sewer system is required at the following described property within \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_) days from service of this notice or that you must file written request for a hearing before the Council with the undersigned office within said time limit.

**Description of Property**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

The nearest public sewer line within \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_) feet of the above described property is located

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

In the event you fail to make connection as directed, or file written request for hearing within the time prescribed herein, the connection shall be made by the City and the costs thereof assessed against you as by law provided.

Date of Notice: \_\_\_\_\_

City of Anthon, Iowa

By: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name) (Title)

**NOTICE OF HEARING****REQUIRED SEWER CONNECTION**

TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Street Address)  
\_\_\_\_\_, Iowa

You are hereby notified that the City Council of Anthon, Iowa, will meet on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ m. in the Council Chambers of the City Hall for the purpose of considering whether or not connection to the public sanitary sewer system shall be required at the following described property:

**Description of Property**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

You are further notified that at such time and place you may appear and show cause why said connection should not be required.

You are further notified to govern yourselves accordingly.

Date of Notice: \_\_\_\_\_

City of Anthon, Iowa

By: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name) (Title)

**RESOLUTION AND ORDER**  
**REQUIRED SEWER CONNECTION**

**BE IT RESOLVED**, by the City Council of the City of Anthon, Iowa:

**WHEREAS**, notice has heretofore been served on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, on  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name of Property Owner)  
through \_\_\_\_\_, Agent,  
(Agent's Name or "None")

to make connection of the property described as

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

to the public sanitary sewer located \_\_\_\_\_  
within \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_\_) days from service of notice upon said owner or agent. and

(EITHER)

**WHEREAS**, a hearing was requested by the said owner or agent and the same was held at this meeting and evidence produced and considered by the City Council.

(OR AS ALTERNATE TO THE PRECEDING PARAGRAPH)

**WHEREAS**, the said owner or agent named above has failed to make such required connection within the time set, and after evidence was duly produced and considered at this meeting, and said owner or agent has failed to file a written request for hearing after being properly served by a notice to make such connection or request a hearing thereon.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the owner of said property, or said owner's agent, \_\_\_\_\_

(Name of Owner or Agent)

is hereby directed and ordered to make such required connection within \_\_\_\_\_ days after the service of this ORDER upon said owner or agent. and

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the City Clerk be and the same is hereby directed to serve a copy of this ORDER upon said property owner or agent named above. and

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that in the event the owner, or agent,

\_\_\_\_\_.

(Name of Owner or Agent)

fails to make such connection within the time prescribed above, then and in that event the City will make such connection and the cost thereof will be assessed against the property and/or owner

\_\_\_\_\_

(Owner's Name)

\_\_\_\_\_, as provided by law.

(Address)

Moved by \_\_\_\_\_ to adopt.

Seconded by \_\_\_\_\_.

AYES: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

NAYS: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

Resolution approved this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
City Clerk

## CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA

## APPLICATION FOR A BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ APPLICATION NO.: \_\_\_\_\_ FEE: \_\_\_\_\_

Applicant \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

Tel. No. (Bus.) \_\_\_\_\_ (Res.) \_\_\_\_\_

**FOR OFFICE USE ONLY**

\_\_\_\_ FEE PAID  
\_\_\_\_ PLOT DIAGRAM SUBMITTED  
\_\_\_\_ PLAN SUBMITTED  
\_\_\_\_ APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY SUBMITTED

I/WE HEREBY REQUEST A BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT TO:

☐ BUILD ☐ ALTER ☐ CHANGE THE USE OF

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY:

STREET ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

TYPE OF IMPROVEMENT: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

PRESENT USE: \_\_\_\_\_

PROPOSED USE: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

A *PLOT DIAGRAM*, showing lot lines, exact location and dimensions of all existing and proposed structures on the property, AND A *PLAN OF ANY PROPOSED WORK MUST ACCOMPANY THIS APPLICATION*.

\*\*\*\*\*

I have read Chapter \_\_\_\_\_ of the Code of Ordinances of Anthon, Iowa, and believe to the best of my knowledge, that the work proposed in this application would not violate any portion of this chapter.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Applicant's Signature)

**CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA**

**BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT**

PERMIT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ (Date)

APPLICATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
(Date of Application)

LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

\*\*\*\*\*

THIS PERMIT IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTER \_\_\_\_,  
“BUILDING AND LAND USE REGULATIONS” OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF  
ANTHON, IOWA.

APPROVED BY COUNCIL \_\_\_\_\_ (Date)

\*\*\*\*\*

THIS PERMIT ISSUED TO:

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Building Official



**CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA**

**APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY**

DATE \_\_\_\_\_ APPLICATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_

APPLICATION NO. OF BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT \_\_\_\_\_

\*\*\*\*\*

APPLICANT: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

TELEPHONE NO. (Business) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Home) \_\_\_\_\_

\*\*\*\*\*

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Applicant

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Building Official

CITY OF ANTHON, IOWA

CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

NO. \_\_\_\_\_

☐ PERMANENT

☐ TEMPORARY

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

C.O. APPLICATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_

BUILDING/LAND USE PERMIT NO. \_\_\_\_\_

DATE ISSUED: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

\*\*\*\*\*

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTER  
\_\_\_\_\_ OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF \_\_\_\_\_, IOWA,  
AND COMPLIES WITH ALL THE BUILDING AND HEALTH LAWS.

\*\*\*\*\*

THIS CERTIFICATE ISSUED TO:

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Building Official

