## Topic 1. Number and Algebra (MATH AI SL)

1) The product of $8 \times 10^{8}$ and $9 \times 10^{12}$ must be written as $\qquad$ . And the quotient of $8 \times 10^{-12}$ and $2 \times 10^{-15}$ must be written as $\qquad$ .
2) The expression below means to $\qquad$ the $\qquad$ sequence from $\qquad$ to
$\qquad$ .

$$
\sum_{x=4}^{100} 2 \times 3^{x}
$$

In this example, the common $\qquad$ is $\qquad$ .
3) Simple interest is calculated by multiplying $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ . It forms an
$\qquad$ sequence because the $\qquad$ amount gets $\qquad$ every year.
4) The common difference is calculated by $\qquad$ $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ from $\mathrm{U}_{2}$. An approximate could be found by finding the $\qquad$ of several differences.
5) The common ratio is calculated by $\qquad$ $\mathrm{U}_{2}$ by $\mathrm{U}_{1}$. An approximate could be found by $\qquad$ the ratios or by making an $\qquad$ model.
6) To get the real interest rate, one should subtract the $\qquad$ rate from the
$\qquad$ rate.
7) For depreciation, it is important to use a $\qquad$ multiplier. For example, a 20\% decrease becomes $\qquad$ .
8) You should understand indices. For example, $\left(x^{2}\right)^{-4}$ can be written as $\qquad$ . This is useful for calculus.
9) You must understand logarithms and how to change them to $\qquad$ form and vice versa. For example, $\log x=2$ can be written as $\qquad$ and $e^{x}=5$ can be written as $\qquad$ .
10) If a number has been rounded to one d.p. and the solution is $x=5.4$, you must know that the lower bound is $\qquad$ and the upper bound is $\qquad$ . This can be written an inequality like this $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
11) When using TVM solver for financial applications, it is important to understand that payments, if present, must always take place at the $\qquad$ of the year. Also, payments must be entered with a $\qquad$ sign. If applicable to your calculator, it is important to note that either the $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ need to be $\qquad$ but not both. $\qquad$ is the number of $\qquad$ not necessarily the number of $\qquad$ .
12) You must know how to solve systems of three equations. This is one way of forming a quadratic model. An example is solving for $x, y$ and $z$ in the following system:

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
2 x+4 y+z=8 \\
5 x+2 y-4 z=10 \\
3 x-8 y-2 z=12
\end{array}\right.
$$

Solve this one and write solutions below:

