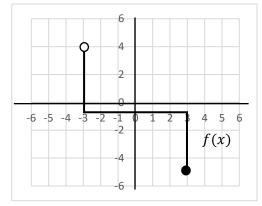
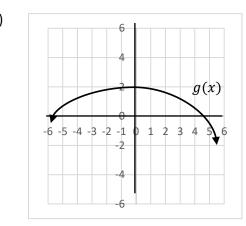
Functions Practice Test

- 1. For the following graphs
 - i. State the **domain** and **range** and the **equations** of any asymptotes.
 - ii. Note whether the graph shows a function or relation.

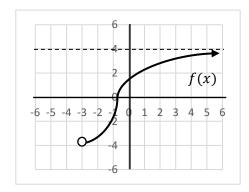
a)



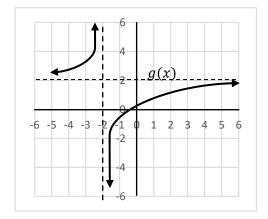
b)



c)



iii. Below is the graph of g(x). State the equations of the asymptotes and the domain and range.



2. Given that f(x) = 3x + 2 and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 4$, solve the following:

a) f(2)

b) g(3)

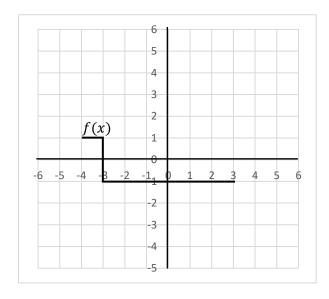
c) f(-3)

d) f(x) = 17

e) $f^{-1}(11)$

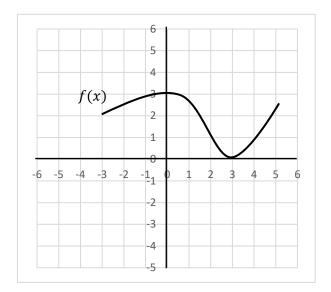
f) g(x) = 46

3. Consider the following, f(x)



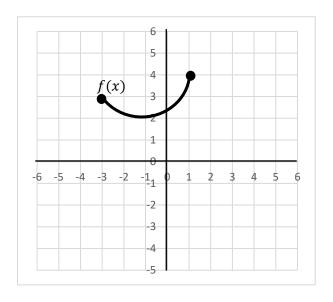
- a) Find the value of f(2)
- b) State why it is impossible to determine the value of f(-3)

4. Consider the following function, f(x)



- a) Find the value of the following:
 - i. f(4)
 - ii. $f^{-1}(2)$
- b) Sketch $f^{-1}(x)$ on the same axis
- c) State the range of $f^{-1}(x)$

5. Consider the following function, f(x)



- a) Justify why this is a function and not a relation.
- b) State the value of f(1)
- c) Draw and label the inverse function on the graph, $f^{-1}(x)$
- d) State the domain and range for f(x) and , $f^{-1}(x)$. What do you notice?

6.	Given that $g(x) = x^2 - 4x + 4$, where $-4 \le x \le 4$, use your GDC to make a detailed sketch, labelling
	all key points:

7.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3} - 4$$
, where $-5 \le x \le 8$

Make a detailed sketch, labelling all key points and stating the equation of the asymptotes.