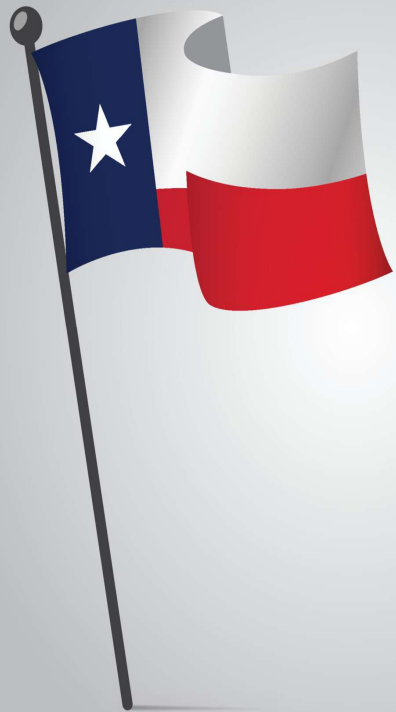


Proposed Amendments to the Texas Constitution 2025

**Presented by
Election Integrity Project of Nueces County
10-13-2025**



TEXAS



Dates for Voting in Nueces County:

- Early Voting October 20-25 from 8am to 5pm
- Early Voting October 27-29 from 8am to 5pm
- Early Voting October 31-31 from 7am to 7pm
- Election Day Voting November 4 from 7am to 7pm



We've passed the deadline to register to vote already.

Applications to vote by mail must be received by Nueces County by Oct. 24.

To work as a Poll Worker:

- Must be a registered Voter in Nueces County
- Must be an American citizen
- Must have voted in the last Primary election
- Must be approved as a Poll Worker by Nueces County Elections Department if you want to work Early Voting
- Must be approved by a political party if you want to work Election Day
- Approvals took place in August. Sometimes last-minute approvals are allowed if needed.
- Must attend local training at Nueces County Courthouse: 10-16 at 1pm or 10-17 at 10am



What are we voting on?



- Proposition 1: SJR 59
- Proposition 2: SJR 18
- Proposition 3: SJR 5
- Proposition 4: HJR 7
- Proposition 5: HJR 99/HB1399
- Proposition 6: HJR 4
- Proposition 7: HJR 133
- Proposition 8: HJR 2
- Proposition 9: HJR 1
- Proposition 10: SJR 84
- Proposition 11: SJR 85
- Proposition 12: SJR 27
- Proposition 13: SJR 2/SB 4
- Proposition 14: SJR 3
- Proposition 15: SJR 34
- Proposition 16: SJR 37
- Proposition 17: HJR 34/HB 247



All of these were filed, voted on and passed both chambers of the Texas Legislature this year. Our elected officials agreed that the People of Texas needed to approve these before they become law.

Why is this important?



- When we amend our Texas Constitution, it's amended forever, until it's changed, which rarely happens.
- It costs us and future generations, who will pay for our decisions.
- So, we have to live with the consequences of a one-time vote.



All of this comes out of the taxes we pay!

If all 17 amendments pass, it costs taxpayers about \$192K per amendment just to implement the changes and print and record them.



Other significant financial impacts include (but are not limited to):

- Prop 4: Costs a minimum of \$1B more dollars/year until 2035
- Prop 11: Costs a minimum of \$1.2 B more dollars
- Prop 14: Costs a minimum of \$3B more dollars

First: See New State Laws Affecting this Election Cycle

- No loitering or electioneering during the voting period within 100 feet of an outside polling place entrance **or within 20 feet of a designated curbside voting parking space.**
- Must have a sign (large font/easily readable) that says electioneering is prohibited within 20 feet of the curbside voting space. The SOS says to **measure 20 feet from the end of the curbside parking space**, and place the additional distance marker sign there.
- Now we make **2 trips for curbside voting**: First we deliver a form for curbside Voter to sign, affirming they are physically unable to enter the polling place without personal assistance or likelihood of injuring their health, and that they are requesting to vote curbside. Once the form is signed, we return inside to the Poll Pad and use Voter's photo ID to check them in on the Poll Pad. **This gives us additional time to verify the photo of the Voter.**
- If Voter refuses to sign the Curbside Voter Statement, they will not be able to vote curbside. We tell them they can still vote inside. They **may not vote provisionally curbside.**
- **The transporter who accompanies a Voter who has signed the Curbside Voter Statement is eligible to vote curbside without also completing a Curbside Voter Statement.**
- **Additional passengers are not eligible to vote curbside unless they sign the form indicating they are incapable of going inside. If one of them came inside initially to say there's a curbside Voter, that is proof enough that they are capable of going inside.**
- An election officer who delivers a ballot to a curbside Voter **may not** provide assistance in marking the ballot, unless they sign the Election Worker Assistance Sheet – every time they assist a curbside voter.

More New State Laws Affecting this Election Cycle

- If 4 or more election officers are present at the polling place - 2 election officers – preferably from different parties - must deliver a ballot to the curbside Voter. SoS says **2 election officers MUST deliver the ballot on Election Day, and only 1 during Early Voting.**
- To the person transporting the Voter(s), we must ask if they have simultaneously transported 7 or more Voters during the early voting period (and on election day). If they have, they must sign a form that contains their name and address and whether the person is providing more assistance. **Not filling out the form is a Class A Misdemeanor for the transporter.**
- If the Voter's transporter refuses to sign the form for transporting 7 or more curbside Voters, the **Voter can still vote curbside**, if they sign the Curbside Voter Statement.
- If a Voter is unable to sign their name or is unable to make a mark on the Curbside Voter Statement, **anyone in their car can act as that Voter's witness**, providing their printed name, signature, and residence address.
- Election Worker Assistance Sheet is public information. However, SB 1540 amended Election Code by adding confidentiality protections for a current or former election official, volunteer, or designee of an election official. If you want to protect your personal information from being disclosed while responding to public information requests, fill out Form 21-19 Request for Confidentiality Under Texas Government Code.

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Prescribed by Secretary of State

Sections 64.0322, 64.034, Texas Election Code

9/2025

Election Worker Assistance Sheet **Hoja de Asistencia para Trabajadores Electorales**

Type of Election	Polling Location
Date of Election	Authority Conducting Election

	Name of Voter (Nombre del Votante)	Printed Name of Assistant (Nombre del Asistente en Letra de Molde)	Address of Assistant (Dirección del Asistente)	Relationship of Assistant to Voter (Relación del Asistente al Votante)	Did you receive or accept any form of compensation or other benefit from a candidate, campaign, or political committee? (Recibió o aceptó cualquier forma de compensación u otro beneficio de un candidato, campaña o comité político?)	
1					Yes	No
2					Yes	No
3					Yes	No
4					Yes	No
5					Yes	No
6					Yes	No
7					Yes	No
8					Yes	No
9					Yes	No
10					Yes	No

Type of Election	Polling Location
Date of Election	Authority Conducting E

CURBSIDE VOTER STATEMENT (DECLARACIÓN DE LOS VOTANTES QUE VOTAN DESDE LA ACERA)

Oath: "I swear (or affirm) under penalty of perjury that I am physically unable to enter the polling place without personal assistance or likelihood of injuring my health, or I am requesting a reasonable accommodation under Section 1.022, Election Code. Therefore, I am requesting to vote outside the polling place." (**Juramento:** "Juro (o afirmo) bajo pena de perjurio que soy físicamente incapaz de entrar al lugar de votación sin asistencia personal o con riesgo de afectar mi salud, o que solicito una adaptación razonable en virtud bajo la Sección 1.022 del Código Electoral. Por lo tanto, solicito votar fuera del lugar de votación".)

Printed Name of Voter (Nombre impreso del votante) _____ Signature of Voter (Firma del Votante) _____ 	Printed Name of Voter (Nombre impreso del votante) _____ Signature of Voter (Firma del Votante) _____
Printed Name of Voter (Nombre impreso del votante) _____ Signature of Voter (Firma del Votante) _____ 	Printed Name of Voter (Nombre impreso del votante) _____ Signature of Voter (Firma del Votante) _____

The above oaths were sworn and subscribed to before me this _____ day of _____, 20 _____.
 Los juramentos anteriores fueron jurados y suscritos ante mí en la fecha arriba.

***Witness Information only required if voter is unable to sign.
 See back for instructions. (La información del testigo solo es
 necesaria si el votante no puede firmar. Consulte las
 instrucciones en el reverso.)**

 Signature of Election Officer

 Printed Name of Election Officer

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 Prescribed by Secretary of State
 Sections 64.009, 64.034, Texas Election Code
 9/2025

Type of Election	Polling Location
Date of Election	Authority Conducting Election

**INFORMATION OF PERSON WHO PROVIDED TRANSPORTATION
 TO A TOTAL OF SEVEN OR MORE CURBSIDE VOTERS DURING EARLY VOTING AND ELECTION DAY/ INFORMACIÓN DE LA PERSONA
 QUE PROPORCIONÓ EL TRANSPORTE A UN TOTAL DE SIETE O MÁS VOTANTES EN LA ACERA DURANTE LA VOTACIÓN ADELANTADA
 Y EL DÍA DE LAS ELECCIONES**

<i>Signature of Person that Provided Transportation Firma de la persona que proporcionó el transporte</i>	<i>Printed Name of Person that Provided Transportation Nombre en letra de molde de la persona que proporcionó el transporte</i>	<i>Address of Person that Provided Transportation Dirección de la persona que proporcionó el transporte</i>	<i>Did the person who provided transportation function as an assistant to the voter under Chapter 64, Subchapter B in addition to providing transportation to the polling place? ¿La persona que proporcionó el transporte actuó como asistente del votante en virtud del Capítulo 64, Subcapítulo B, además de proporcionar transporte al lugar de votación?</i>	
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No
			Yes/Sí	No/No

Instructions:

A person that provides transportation to 7 or more curbside voters to the polling place during early voting and on election day must complete and sign this form.
 If the person that provided transportation also assists the voter, the person must repeat the Oath of Assistance aloud and sign it prior to rendering assistance.
 If the person that provided transportation translates for the voter, the person must repeat the Oath of Interpreter aloud and sign it prior to translating.
 A person commits a Class A Misdemeanor if the person intentionally fails to complete this form.

CURBSIDE DISTANCE MARKER

NO ELECTIONEERING OR LOITERING BETWEEN THIS POINT AND THE SPACE DESIGNATED FOR CURBSIDE VOTING

Electioneering or loitering within the distance marker constitutes a Class C misdemeanor. A Class C misdemeanor is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.

MARCADOR DE DISTANCIA EN LA ACERA

NO SE PERMITE HACER CAMPAÑA ELECTORAL NI MERODEAR ENTRE ESTE PUNTO Y EL ESPACIO DESIGNADO PARA VOTAR EN LA ACERA.

Hacer campaña electoral o merodear dentro del marcador de distancia constituye un delito menor de Clase C. Un delito menor de Clase C se castiga con una multa que no excederá los 500 dólares.

The curbside distance marker shall be posted at least 20 feet from the parking area designated for curbside voting.
(Sec. 85.036, Texas Election Code).

CURBSIDE VOTING SPACE

Espacio Para Votación en la Acera

ONLY available for voters who are physically unable to enter the polling place without personal assistance or likelihood of injuring the voter's health.

Electioneering or loitering is prohibited within 20 feet of this curbside voting space. An electioneering or loitering violation is a Class C Misdemeanor.

SOLO disponible para votantes que no pueden físicamente entrar al lugar de votación sin asistencia personal o probabilidad de afectar su salud.

Está prohibido hacer campaña electoral o merodear dentro de un radio de 20 pies de este espacio de votación en la acera. Una infracción por hacer campaña electoral o merodear constituye un delito menor de Clase C.

**CALL OR TEXT TO REQUEST ASSISTANCE FROM AN
ELECTION OFFICER AT THE POLLING PLACE**

**LLAME O ENVÍE UN MENSAJE DE TEXTO PARA SOLICITAR
ASISTENCIA DE UN FUNCIONARIO ELECTORAL EN EL LUGAR
DE VOTACIÓN**

Call/Llame (XXX) XXX-XXXX

Text/Texto a _____ to (XXX) XXX-XXXX

(Polling Place Name or Number, if applicable)

DISTANCE MARKER

NO ELECTIONEERING OR LOITERING BETWEEN THIS POINT AND THE ENTRANCE TO THE POLLING PLACE

Electioneering or loitering within the distance marker constitutes a Class C misdemeanor. A Class C misdemeanor is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.

MARCADOR DE DISTANCIA

NO SE PERMITE HACER CAMPAÑA ELECTORAL NI MERODEAR ENTRE ESTE PUNTO Y LA ENTRADA AL LUGAR DE VOTACIÓN.

Hacer campaña electoral o merodear dentro del marcador de distancia constituye un delito menor de Clase C. Un delito menor de Clase C se castiga con una multa que no excederá los 500 dólares.

The distance marker shall be posted at least 100 feet from any entrance to the building. (Sec. 85.036, Texas Election Code).



Back to the Proposed Constitutional Amendments: EIPNC focuses on Proposition 16:

“The constitutional amendment clarifying that a voter must be a United States citizen.”



While Texas law and United States law requires Voters to be U.S. citizens, neither requires PROOF of U.S. Citizenship. This amendment doesn't do that either, but it does prevent future local policies from expanding voting rights to non-citizens. It also provides long-term security by making it a part of the Texas Constitution, and reduces the risk of future motivated changes in election law.



While this doesn't affect Federal elections, it does apply to Texas elections.

This proposed amendment meets EIPNC's mission and priorities.



Proposition 1:

"The constitutional amendment providing for the creation of the permanent technical institution infrastructure fund and the available workforce education fund to support the capital needs of educational programs offered by the Texas State Technical College System."

Proposition 2:

"The constitutional amendment prohibiting the imposition of a tax on the realized or unrealized capital gains of an individual, family, estate, or trust."

Proposition 3:

"The constitutional amendment requiring the denial of bail under certain circumstances to persons accused of certain offenses punishable as a felony."

Proposition 4:

"The constitutional amendment requiring the denial of bail under certain circumstances to persons accused of certain offenses punishable as a felony."





Proposition 5:

"The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to exempt from ad valorem taxation tangible personal property consisting of animal feed held by the owner of the property for sale at retail."



Proposition 6:

"The constitutional amendment prohibiting the legislature from enacting a law imposing an occupation tax on certain entities that enter into transactions conveying securities or imposing a tax on certain securities transactions."



Proposition 7:

"The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to provide for an exemption from ad valorem taxation of all or part of the market value of the residence homestead of the surviving spouse of a veteran who died as a result of a condition or disease that is presumed under federal law to have been service-connected."

Proposition 8:

"The constitutional amendment to prohibit the legislature from imposing death taxes applicable to a decedent's property or the transfer of an estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, or gift."



Proposition 9:

"The constitutional amendment to authorize the legislature to exempt from ad valorem taxation a portion of the market value of tangible personal property a person owns that is held or used for the production of income."



Proposition 10:

"The constitutional amendment to authorize the legislature to provide for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of the appraised value of an improvement to a residence homestead that is completely destroyed by a fire."



Proposition 11:

"The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to increase the amount of the exemption from ad valorem taxation by a school district of the market value of the residence homestead of a person who is elderly or disabled."

Proposition 12:

"The constitutional amendment regarding the membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, the membership of the tribunal to review the commission's recommendations, and the authority of the commission, the tribunal, and the Texas Supreme Court to more effectively sanction judges and justices for judicial misconduct."



Proposition 13:

"The constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district from \$100,000 to \$140,000."

Proposition 14:

"The constitutional amendment providing for the establishment of the Dementia Prevention and Research Institute of Texas, establishing the Dementia Prevention and Research Fund to provide money for research on and prevention and treatment of dementia, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and related disorders in this state, and transferring to that fund \$3 billion from state general revenue."

Proposition 15:

"The constitutional amendment affirming that parents are the primary decision makers for their Children."



Proposition 17:

"The constitutional amendment to authorize the legislature to provide for an exemption from ad valorem taxation of the amount of the market value of real property located in a county that borders the United Mexican States that arises from the installation or construction on the property of border security infrastructure and related improvements."

Constitutional Amendment Voting Recommendations by Organization

	Prop 1	Prop 2	Prop 3	Prop 4	Prop 5	Prop 6	Prop 7	Prop 8	Prop 9	Prop 10	Prop 11	Prop 12	Prop 13	Prop 14	Prop 15	Prop 16	Prop 17
EIPNC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
EIN	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A
TPPF	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TPR	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Grassrts	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
TFR	Anti-T/N	Pro-T/Y	neutral	Anti-T/N	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y	neutral	neutral	Pro-T/Y	Anti-T/N	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y	Pro-T/Y
TX Score	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TTP	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

Key:

EIPNC: Election Integrity Project of Nueces County. doesn't endorse candidates/measures. Investigation errors are ours alone. Do your own research.

EIN: Election Integrity Network, founded nationwide and spreading state-by-state.

TPPF: Texas Public Policy Foundation, based in Austin.

TPR: Texas Policy Research. Vigorous debate for future generations, not temporary convenience.

Grassrts: Grassroots America. Fiscal & Personal Responsibility, Limited Govt, Rule of Law & State Sovereignty. Uses TPR recommendations.

TFR: Texans for Fiscal Responsibility. Using taxes responsibly, not saying yes or no, but "anti-taxpayer", "pro-taxpayer" or "neutral".

TX Score: Texas Scorecard. Doesn't recommend but presents TTP, TFR and TPR's recommendations.

TTP: True Texas Project. Constitutional government, national sovereignty, fiscal & personal responsibility, rule of law, & faith & family values.



**See our EIP Handout with
Pro's and Con's
of each Proposed
Constitutional Amendment**

