DAYLILY CHARACTERISTICS ABBREVIATIONS

DISPLAY

Flower is growing in the display garden, however there is not enough increase available for sale at this time.

SCAPE HT

Measurement from ground level to the tip of the scape in full inches. This is where the flower will bloom.

FLOWER SIZE

The diameter of the flower in inches measured from tip to tip at the widest point as the flower naturally stands.

MINI (Mi) Daylilies with flowers less than three inches in diameter. They may be on dwarf, medium or tall scapes.

SEASON

EE - Extra Early (Late June*)

(NE OHIO)

A very few daylilies commence bloom earlier then 2-4 weeks before mid-season. These are Extra Early.

E - Early (Early July*)

Daylilies that commence bloom 2-4 weeks before mid-season are considered Early.

EM - Early Midseason (Early July*)

Daylilies that commence bloom 1-2 weeks before mid-season are Early-Mid.

M - Midseason (Mid July*)

Daylilies that commence bloom at "peak bloom" time are Mid.

ML - Late Midseason (Late July*)

Daylilies that commence bloom 1-2 weeks after mid-season bloom are Mid-Late.

L - Late (August*)

Daylilies that commence bloom 2-4 weeks after mid-season are considered Late.

VL - Very Late (Late August and Early September*)

A very few daylilies commence bloom later than 2-4 weeks after mid-season. These are Very Late.

*Based on a typical year in Geauga County Ohio

REBLOOM (Re)

Some daylily cultivars have more than one cycle of bloom during a single season. These are known as reblooming

or recurrent daylilies. Some of these blooms early, have a rest period, and then rebloom. Others have a succession of bloom periods, one after another for several months. Cultivars which repeat in one location may not do so in other areas.

another, as repeat bloom is often influenced by climate and weather conditions

FOLIAGE HABIT

Evergreen (Evr)

These daylilies retain their foliage throughout the year. In the north, these plants over winter as a mound of frozen pale green foliage. Evergreens may resume growth during a mid-winter thaw in mild climates.

Semi-evergreen (Sev)

The foliage of these daylilies dies back nearly to the ground in very cold climates. Some green will be seen near

the base. Generally, semi-evergreens wait until spring to resume growth.

Dormant (Dor)

These daylilies lose their foliage completely before or shortly after frost and over winter with pointed foliage buds, usually just beneath the soil surface. Dormants will resume growth in spring.

FORM

SINGLE (SING)

Most daylily flowers have six segments in two whorls, consisting of three petals and three sepals, and are known as single flowers.

DOUBLE (DBL)

These are daylilies with more than six segments. Doubles appear in two forms. Extra segments may appear in the center of the flower, giving a peony effect, or may appear layered, as one complete flower inside another.

DAYLILY CHARACTERISTICS ABBREVIATIONS

SPIDER (SPD)

On a Spider, the petals and sepals are much longer in proportion to their width than a normal flower. A SPIDER is a daylily whose petal length to width ratio is at least 4.0:1.

UNUSUAL FORM (UFO)

Includes *crispate* (pinched, twisted, or quilled floral segments); *cascading* (narrow curling or cascading segments); and *spatulate* (segments markedly wider at the end like a kitchen spatula).

PLOIDY(Tet/Dip)

Used in hybridizing. Tet (Tetraploids have 44 chromosomes); Dip (Diploids have 22 chromosomes)

HYBRIDIZER

The name of the daylily breeder.

Fragrance

<u>Daylilies</u> have a very light, pleasing scent. Some <u>cultivars</u> are more heavily scented than others.

(Frag) (VFrag)

Scent may vary with the time of the day and weather conditions. VFRAG indicates very fragrant.

NOCTURNAL (Noc)

A <u>flower</u> that opens sometime after late day and remains open during the night and perhaps all or part

of the following day (in which case it may also be an extended bloomer.)

Extended Bloom (Ext)

A daylily that remains open 16 hours or more.