

## Empathy and When Is It Too Much

Empathy is a critical skill in the workplace; it fosters a positive and collaborative environment. It helps you understand others, strengthen relationships, boost creativity, and communicate effectively. Overall, empathetic workplaces lead to healthier employees and greater business impact.

When one thinks of empathy, we've all heard the saying "walk a mile in my shoes". It suggests that one cannot truly understand another person's situation without experiencing it themselves. Sometimes, the shoes simply don't fit. As stated, empathetic leadership is a crucial leadership trait, but like any other quality, it is possible to overdo it and it can present challenges when taken to extremes.

Here are some key points to consider when thinking about whether you can overdo empathy:

- 1.Emotional Drain: Empathetic leaders often absorb and process the emotions of others. While this fosters connection, it can lead to emotional exhaustion. Constantly carrying the emotional weight of team members may impact the leader's own well-being.
- 2. Objective Decision-Making: Balancing empathy with the need for tough decisions can be challenging. Leaders may hesitate to make choices that could cause distress or disappointment. However, avoiding necessary decisions can affect organizational outcomes.
- 3.**Impact on Accountability**: Excessive empathy might lead to avoiding holding team members accountable for their actions or performance issues. It's essential to strike a balance between understanding their circumstances and ensuring that expectations and standards are met.
- 4. **Toxic Empathy**: While empathy is essential, excessive sympathy can lead to negative consequences. Signs of toxic empathy include compromising values, sacrificing personal time, and neglecting one's own needs. This can result in anxiety, burnout, poor accountability, and reduced productivity.

Effective leaders can move from empathy to compassion. Acknowledging that one cannot fully understand another's experience is crucial. Sometimes, despite good intentions, leaders may come across as inauthentic. Compassion combines understanding with action. It acknowledges suffering and seeks to alleviate it. Unlike empathy, which can weigh leaders down, compassion uplifts and motivates them to make positive changes.

Empathetic leadership is valuable, but leaders must recognize its limitations and find a healthy balance. Being attuned to team members' emotions while maintaining objectivity and self-care is essential for effective leadership.

Be Inspired. Be Inspiring. Stacie

"I'LL WALK A MILE IN YOUR SHOES. AND NOW I'M A MILE AWAY.
AND I'VE GOT YOUR SHOES". - KINGS OF LEON

## Client Story

Operations Manager at a Tech Firm

Leading and managing colleagues after a reduction in workforce (RIF): My client was struggling to balance his approach with empathy, strategic thinking, and driving deliverables. This wasn't his first experience with a RIF, however, he did have a few team members where this was their first.

His first priority was recognizing the ripple effect with survivor's guilt, grief, fear, and overwhelm. His strategy was to focus on boosting employee engagement - check in with each team member, creating a safe space for open communication for staff to "feel all the feels". He wanted to have as much information from his leaders in order to address the tough questions coming from his staff. His next steps in keeping the team engaged was to be intentional about recognizing efforts, this helped him in maintaining team motivation and productivity.

Focusing on people is the best first step. He was very empathetic to the notion that everyone was already stretched too thin. Now with fewer colleagues to handle the workload, strategic delegation became my client's best offense (and defense). Being able to understand the people first - the strengths, capacity, feelings, and needs - he set out in ensuring work was distributed efficiently to the right role. As he balanced the emotional elements of the team, work still needed to get done. He set clear expectations for work performance and deliverables, encouraged collaboration, and recognized team work.

His team worked very cross functionally. My client's third priority was to set up a small group of his peers where each could check in and monitor how the greater team members were doing. He thought this would create a larger support network to help not only his team members, but others as well, move past the RIF.