

P8000 Pressure Transmitter

PRODUCT DATA



GENERAL

The model P8000 HVAC pressure transmitters are ideal for sorts of general HVAC applications when considering performance, reliability, stability and compact size. The output signal of the sensing bridge is in converted to be a standardized current/voltage signal through surface mount technology circuit board. This high level signal output with considerably low noise system is packaged in a rugged stainless steel housing to resist the harsh and critical conditions. Each transmitter is inspected and calibrated 100% to ensure its quality.

APPLICATIONS

- HVAC Systems
- Hydraulic Systems
- Pneumatic Systems
- Compressor & Pump control
- Medical care appliance

FEATURES

- Applicable in gas & liquid media
- High accuracy
- Thermal compensation
- Compact construction
- Full Mis-wire protection between all signal and power lines
- Stainless steel Wetted part

SPECIFICATION

Performance and Characteristics

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Accuracy | $\leq \pm 0.25\%FS^*$ |
| Zero Tolerance: | $\pm 0.5\%FS$ |
| Span Tolerance: | $\pm 0.5\%FS$ |
| Long term Stability | $\pm 0.2\%FS/Year$ |
| Thermal Effect | $0.015\%FS/^{\circ}C$ |

Environment Characteristics

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Media Temp. Range | $-40 \sim +105^{\circ}C$ |
| Storage Temp. Range | $-40 \sim +105^{\circ}C$ |
| Compensated Range | $-40 \sim +105^{\circ}C$ |
| Weatherproof Rating | IP65 |

Physical Characteristics

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Fitting Material | 304 Stainless steel |
| Sensing Element | 17-4PH Stainless steel |
| Pressure Fitting | G1/4 male |
| (Connection) | 1/4-18NPT Male |
| Electrical Connector | DIN 9.4mm (P8000A/B) DIN43650A(P8000AD/BD) |

Note:

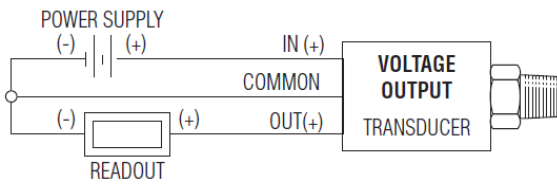
*: includes Non-linearity, Hysteresis & Repeatability

All wetted parts including fitting & sensor will be contacted with the media directly.

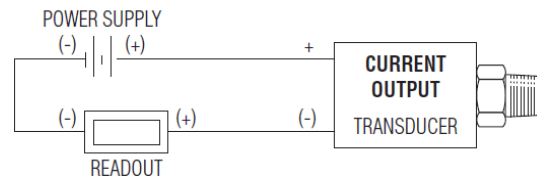
Electrical Data

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Output Signal | 4-20mA / 0-10VDC |
| Power Requirement | 14-30VDC (0-10VDC) 8-24VDC (4-20mA) |
| Loop Current | Max 5.5mA (No load is ok on Voltage output) |
| Load Resistance | (Current output) (Supply voltage-8V)*50 Ohms |

Voltage Wiring Diagram

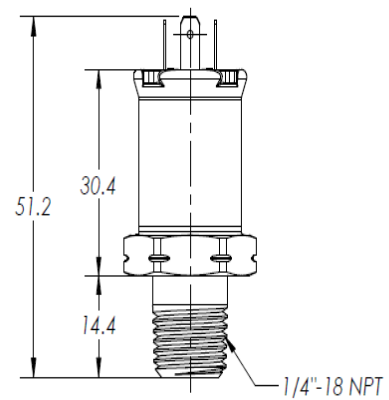
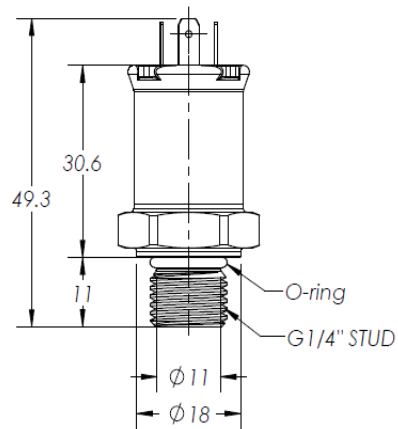


Current Wiring Diagram

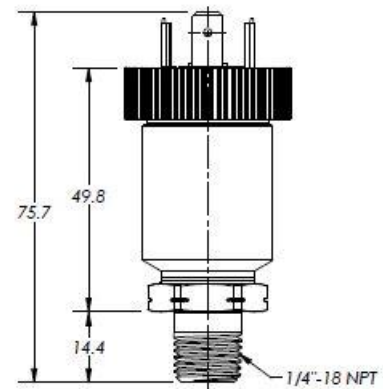
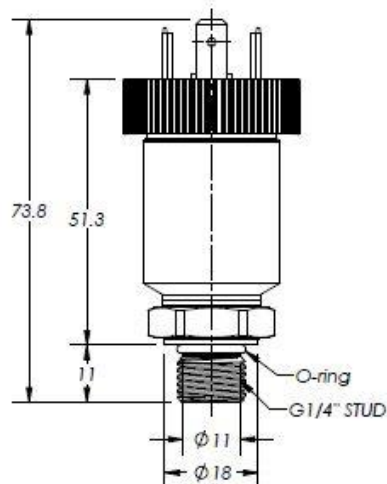


Dimension (mm)

P8000A/P8000B



P8000AD/P8000BD



Ordering & Selection Information

| OS No. | | Pressure Range | Proof Pressure (bar) | | Burst Pressure (bar) | | Pressure Fitting | Output Type |
|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|----|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------|
| DIN9.4mm | DIN43650A | | | | | | | |
| P8000A0007G | P8000AD0007G | 0...7 bar | 3xFS | 21 | 40xFS | 280 | G ¼ Male | 4-20mA |
| P8000A0010G | P8000AD0010G | 0...10 bar | 3xFS | 30 | 40xFS | 400 | | |
| P8000A0016G | P8000AD0016G | 0...16 bar | 3xFS | 48 | 40xFS | 640 | | |
| P8000A0020G | P8000AD0020G | 0...20 bar | 3xFS | 60 | 40xFS | 800 | | |
| P8000A0025G | P8000AD0025G | 0...25 bar | 3xFS | 75 | 40xFS | 1000 | | |
| P8000B0007G | P8000BD0007G | 0...7 bar | 3xFS | 21 | 40xFS | 280 | | 0-10V |
| P8000B0010G | P8000BD0010G | 0...10 bar | 3xFS | 30 | 40xFS | 400 | | |
| P8000B0016G | P8000BD0016G | 0...16 bar | 3xFS | 48 | 40xFS | 640 | | |
| P8000B0020G | P8000BD0020G | 0...20 bar | 3xFS | 60 | 40xFS | 800 | | |
| P8000B0025G | P8000BD0025G | 0...25 bar | 3xFS | 75 | 40xFS | 1000 | | |
| P8000A0007T | P8000AD0007T | 0...7 bar | 3xFS | 21 | 40xFS | 280 | 1/4-18 NPT | 4-20mA |
| P8000A0010T | P8000AD0010T | 0...10 bar | 3xFS | 30 | 40xFS | 400 | | |
| P8000A0016T | P8000AD0016T | 0...16 bar | 3xFS | 48 | 40xFS | 640 | | |
| P8000A0020T | P8000AD0020T | 0...20 bar | 3xFS | 60 | 40xFS | 800 | | |
| P8000A0025T | P8000AD0025T | 0...25 bar | 3xFS | 75 | 40xFS | 1000 | | |
| P8000B0007T | P8000BD0007T | 0...7 bar | 3xFS | 21 | 40xFS | 280 | | 0-10V |
| P8000B0010T | P8000BD0010T | 0...10 bar | 3xFS | 30 | 40xFS | 400 | | |
| P8000B0016T | P8000BD0016T | 0...16 bar | 3xFS | 48 | 40xFS | 640 | | |
| P8000B0020T | P8000BD0020T | 0...20 bar | 3xFS | 60 | 40xFS | 800 | | |
| P8000B0025T | P8000BD0025T | 0...25 bar | 3xFS | 75 | 40xFS | 1000 | | |

Wiring Diagram

| OS No. | P8000A/P8000B | | | P8000AD/P8000BD | | |
|---------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pin No. | Voltage | Current | Photo | Voltage | Current | Photo |
| 1 | Vout | N/A |  | VSupply | Vsupply |  |
| 2 | Vsupply | Vsupply | | GND | Return | |
| 3 | N/A | N/A | | Vout | N/A | |
| 4 | GND | Return | | N/A | N/A | |

Automation and Control Solutions

Honeywell Environmental & Combustion Controls (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.
158 NanHai Road, TEDA
Tianjin, 300457, PRC

Subject to change without notice.

VFF Series IMMERSION TEMPERATURE SENSOR

PRODUCT DATA



GENERAL

The VFF Immersion Temperature Sensor is used in heating, cooling or domestic hot water applications requiring fast response temperature measurement.

TYPES

| OS no. | Sensor element / sensor length | Sensing range |
|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| VFF00-75P65 | PT1000 / 75 mm | -20...+140 °C (-4...+284 °F) |
| VFF00-220P65 | PT1000 / 220 mm | |
| VFF00-300P65 | PT1000 / 300 mm | |
| VFF10-75P65 | NTC10kΩ / 75 mm | -20...+110 °C (-4...+230 °F) |
| VFF10-220P65 | NTC10kΩ / 220 mm | |
| VFF10-300P65 | NTC10kΩ / 300 mm | |
| VFF20-75P65 | NTC20kΩ / 75 mm | -20...+140 °C (-4...+284 °F) |
| VFF20-220P65 | NTC20kΩ / 220 mm | |
| VFF20-300P65 | NTC20kΩ / 300mm | |

FEATURES

- Fast response time
- Operating range of -20...+140 °C (with NTC10kΩ: -20... +110 °C)
- Easy installation
- Adjustable well length
- Stainless steel body material

SPECIFICATIONS

Nominal value

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| VFF00 (PT1000) | 1000 Ω at 0 °C |
| VFF10 (NTC10kΩ) | 10 kΩ at 25 °C |
| VFF20 (NTC20kΩ) | 20 kΩ at 25 °C |

Accuracy

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|
| VFF00 (PT1000) | IEC751 Class B ±0.3 °C at 0 °C (32 °F) |
| VFF10 (NTC10kΩ) | ±0.2 °C at 25 °C (77 °F) |
| VFF20 (NTC20kΩ) | ±0.2 °C at 25 °C (77 °F) |

Sensitivity

| | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| VFF00 (PT1000) | ≈ 3.85 Ω / K |
| VFF10 (NTC10kΩ) | ≈ -440 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear) |
| VFF20 (NTC20kΩ) | ≈ -934.5 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear) |

Response time

$\tau_{63} < 2.5$ seconds (using brass / stainless steel well)

Well

Pressure rating PN16 (nominal)

Max. flow rate in water at

16 bar and < 140°C (VFF10: <110 °C)

| | |
|---------------|---------|
| 75 mm length | 8 m/s |
| 220 mm length | 1.5 m/s |
| 300 mm length | 0.5 m/s |

Medium

Mineral and synthetic oil, glycol-water mixture, domestic hot water, swimming pool water

Material

Stainless steel, 1.4571

Dimensions

ø 4 mm, length ~ 75/220/300 mm

Outlet size

R1/2"

Tightening torque

10 ±2 Nm, 13-mm wrench

Cable

Length 2.5 m

Protection class

IP 65

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

The wiring of the temperature sensor must be in accordance with the overall wiring circuit diagram. The terminals are not polarized; thus, even if the wires are connected in reverse, no malfunction will occur.

DIMENSIONS

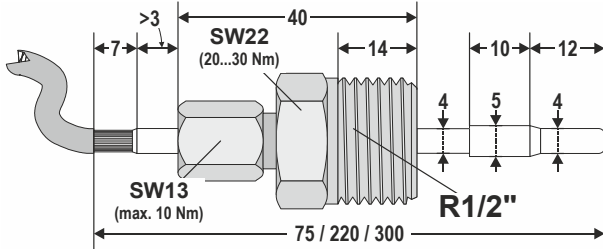


Fig. 1. Dimensions (in mm)

MOUNTING

NOTE: Do not dismount the device by pulling the connection cable – which is sheathed with silicone and therefore easily damaged by mechanical stress.

Screw the device into place with a max. torque of 10 ± 2 Nm. The device should be inserted so that the tip is well past the laminar flow at the inner wall of the pipe (min. 25 mm) – ideally at the middle of the pipe, though this may result in excessive mechanical stress of the well in the event of high flow rates. See also Fig. 2 through Fig. 4.

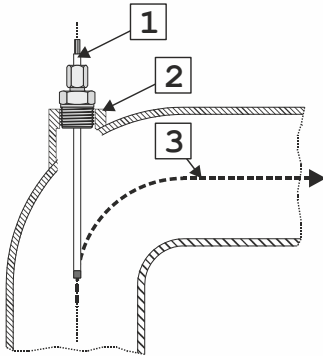


Fig. 2. \leq DN50, elbow pipe

1. Temperature sensor (max. torque = 10 ± 2 Nm)
2. Weld junction with the screw thread
3. Direction of flow

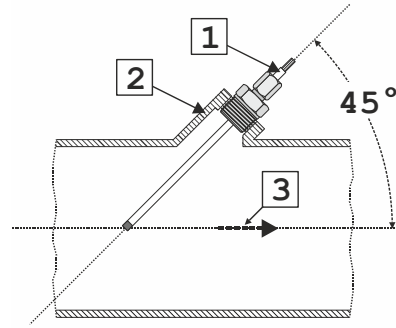


Fig. 3. \leq DN50, straight pipe

1. Temperature sensor (max. torque = 10 ± 2 Nm)
2. Weld junction with the screw thread
3. Direction of flow

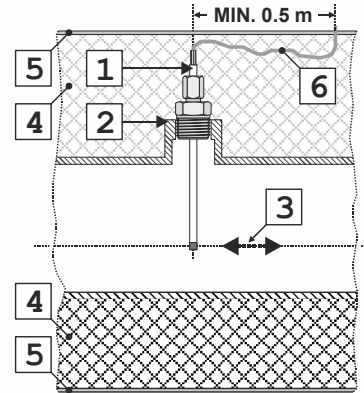


Fig. 4. DN65...150, coldwater application

1. Temperature sensor (max. torque = 10 ± 2 Nm)
2. Weld junction with the screw thread
3. Flow in either direction
4. Insulation material
5. Water vapor barrier
6. Minimum 0.5 meter through insulation material before exit.

Honeywell

Manufactured for and on behalf of the Connected Building Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Rolle, Z.A. La Pièce 16, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Home and Building Technologies

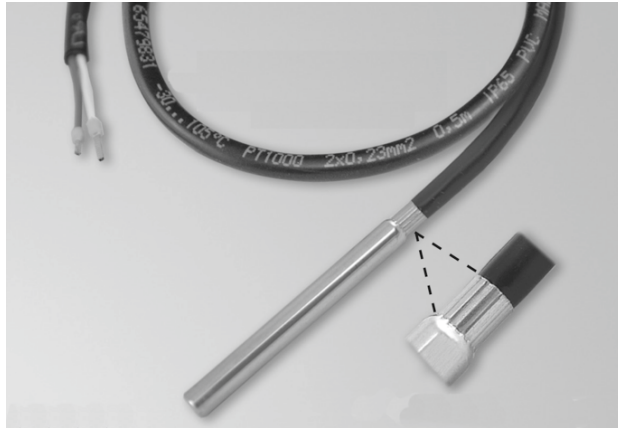
Honeywell GmbH
 Böblinger Strasse 17
 71101 Schönaich, Germany
 Phone +49 (0) 7031 637 01
 Fax +49 (0) 7031 637 740
<http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com>

EN0B-0721GE51 R1219F

Subject to change without notice

KTFxx CABLE-TYPE BULB TEMPERATURE SENSORS

PRODUCT DATA



GENERAL

The KTFxx cable-type bulb temperature sensors can be used as strap-on sensors or immersion sensors.

The sensors can be employed for hot and cold water installations in systems using Pt1000, NTC 10k, or NTC 20k temperature sensing elements.

NOTE: Immersion well not included. For information on immersion well options, see VF Immersion Temperature Sensors – Product Data (Product Literature No.: EN0B-0724GE51).

FEATURES

- Pt1000, NTC 10k, or NTC 20k temperature sensing element
- Stainless steel probes, IP65 rating
- High accuracy

Models

| OS no. | sensor type | description | temperature range |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| KTF00-65-2M | Pt1000 | 2-meter cable | -30...+105 °C (-22...+221 °F) |
| KTF10-65-2M | NTC 10k | 2-meter cable | |
| KTF20-65-2M | NTC 20k | 2-meter cable | |
| KTF10-65-2M-B | NTC 10k | 2-meter cable, pack of 50 | |
| KTF20-65-2M-B | NTC 20k | pack of 50 KTF20-65-2M | |
| KTF20-65-5M-B | NTC 20k | 5-meter cable, pack of 50 | |
| KTF00-65-2M-300 | Pt1000 | 2-meter cable | -20...+260 °C (-4...+500 °F) |

Accessory

When securing new sensors into old-style VFxx immersion wells, order the accessory VF-SPRING.

SPECIFICATION

Nominal value

| | |
|---------|------------------------|
| Pt1000 | 1000 Ω at 0 °C (32 °F) |
| NTC 10k | 10 kΩ at 25 °C (77 °F) |
| NTC 20k | 20 kΩ at 25 °C (77 °F) |

Accuracy

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Pt1000 (IEC751 Class B) | ±0.3 °C at 0 °C (32 °F) |
| NTC 10k | ±0.2 °C at 25 °C (77 °F) |
| NTC 20k | ±0.2 °C at 25 °C (77 °F) |

Sensitivity

| | |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| Pt1000 | ≈ 3.85 Ω / K |
| NTC 10k | -440 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear) |
| NTC 20k | ≈ -934.5 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-lin.) |

Time constant

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| Immersion well appl. | < 30 sec |
|----------------------|----------|

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Sensor sleeve material | stainless steel (1.4571) |
| Cable sheath material | PVC (excepting the KTF00-65-2M-300, which has PTFE) |
| Electrical connection | 2-m or 5-m cable, 2x0.22 mm ² |
| Ambient Limits (wiring box) | |
| Storage temperature | -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F) |
| Humidity | 5...95% rh, non-condensing |
| Safety | IP65 as per EN 60529 |
| Dimensions | see Fig. 1 on page 2 |

DIMENSIONS

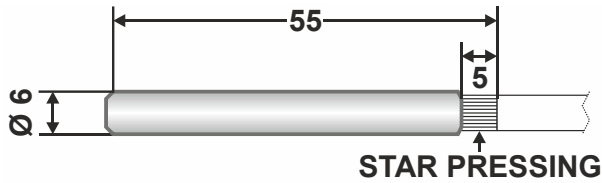


Fig. 1. Dimensions of the cable-type bulb sensor in mm

WIRING

| wiring run | max. length |
|----------------------|----------------|
| sensor to controller | 200 m (660 ft) |

Offset due to wire resistance per 10 m of distance from sensor to controller, when using the KTF00-65-2M (Pt1000):

| type of wire | temperature offset Pt1000 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0.5 mm ² (AWG20) | 0.18 °C (0.324 °F) |
| 1.0 mm ² (AWG17) | 0.09 °C (0.162 °F) |
| 1.5 mm ² (AWG15) | 0.06 °C (0.108 °F) |

INSTALLATION

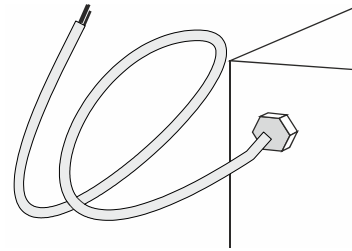


Fig. 2. Mounting into the immersion well

NOTE: Use shielded wiring in areas with high EMI. Keep 15 cm (5.9") minimum distance between sensor lines and 230 Vac power lines.

Honeywell

Manufactured for and on behalf of the Connected Building Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Rolle, Z.A. La Pièce 16, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Home and Building Technologies

Honeywell GmbH
 Böblinger Strasse 17
 71101 Schönaich, Germany
 Phone +49 (0) 7031 637 01
 Fax +49 (0) 7031 637 740
<http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com>

EN0B-0720GE51 R0819H

Subject to change without notice

SF00, SF10, SF20 STRAP-ON TEMPERATURE SENSORS

PRODUCT DATA



GENERAL

The SF00, SF10, and SF20 Strap-On Temperature Sensors are used for temperature measurement on warm/hot water pipes or solar collectors.

The sensors are suitable for use in systems using Pt 1000, NTC 10k, or NTC 20k temperature sensing elements.

FEATURES

- Pt 1000, NTC 10k, or NTC 20k temperature sensing element
- Wide sensing range
- High accuracy

SPECIFICATION

Nominal value

| | |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| Pt 1000 | 1000 Ω at 0 °C (32 °F) |
| NTC 10k | 10 k Ω at 25 °C (77 °F) |
| NTC 20k | 20 k Ω at 25 °C (77 °F) |

Accuracy

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Pt 1000 (IEC751 Class B) | ± 0.3 K at 0 °C (32 °F) |
| NTC 10k, NTC 20k | ± 0.2 K at 25 °C (77 °F) |

Sensitivity

| | |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Pt 1000 | ≈ 3.85 Ω / K |
| NTC 10k | -440 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear) |
| NTC 20k | ≈ -934.5 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear) |

Time constant

< 30 s

Electrical connection

SF00/SF10/SF20 terminals for 2 x 1.5 mm² cable

Ambient limits (housing)

| | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Storage temperature | -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F) |
| Humidity | 5...95% rh, non-condensing |

Safety (terminal box)

Protection class IP54 / IP65 as per EN 60529

Flame retardant

UL94-V0 rated plastic enclosure
T_{max} = 120 °C (enclosure)

Dimensions

See Fig. 1 on pg. 2

DIMENSIONS

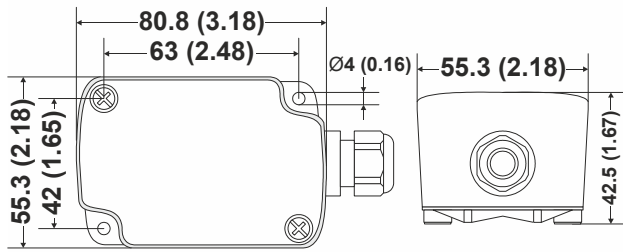


Fig. 1. Housing, dimensions in mm (inches)

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

The wiring of the temperature sensor must be in accordance with the overall wiring circuit diagram.

The terminals are not polarized. Thus, connecting the wires in reverse will not result in any malfunction.

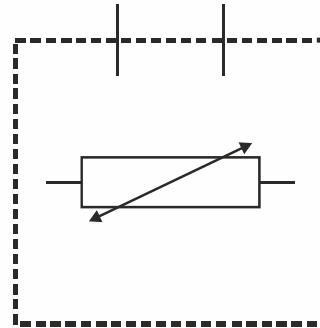


Fig. 2. SF00, SF10, SF20 wiring

MODELS

| part | sensor type | operating temp. | IP rating |
|----------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| SF00-B54 | Pt 1000 | -30 ... +110 °C (-22 ... +230 °F) | IP54 |
| SF00-B65 | Pt 1000 | | IP65 |
| SF10-B54 | NTC 10kΩ | | IP54 |
| SF10-B65 | NTC 10kΩ | | IP65 |
| SF20-B54 | NTC 20kΩ | | IP54 |
| SF20-B65 | NTC 20kΩ | | IP65 |

INSTALLATION

| wiring run | max. length |
|----------------------|----------------|
| sensor to controller | 200 m (660 ft) |

Offset due to wire resistance per 10 m of distance from sensor to controller, when using the SF00-Bxx (Pt 1000):

| type of wire | temperature offset Pt 1000 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0.5 mm ² (AWG20) | 0.18 °C (0.324 °F) |
| 1.0 mm ² (AWG17) | 0.09 °C (0.162 °F) |
| 1.5 mm ² (AWG15) | 0.06 °C (0.108 °F) |

NOTE: Use shielded wiring in areas with high EMI. Keep 15 cm (5.9") minimum distance between sensor lines and 230 Vac power lines.

Honeywell

Manufactured for and on behalf of the Connected Building Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Rolle, Z.A. La Pièce 16, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Home and Building Technologies

Honeywell GmbH
 Böblinger Strasse 17
 71101 Schönaich, Germany
 Phone +49 (0) 7031 637 01
 Fax +49 (0) 7031 637 740
<http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com>

HSL-LS Series

Liquid Level Switch

Honeywell HSL-LS series liquid level switches are mainly used for water level control. Float ball level switch Built-in micro switch. Float ball generally is hanged above the water, when the liquid level rises and the float ball is immersed by the liquid and tilts, triggering the microswitch will trigger and send control signals.



Basic Parameters

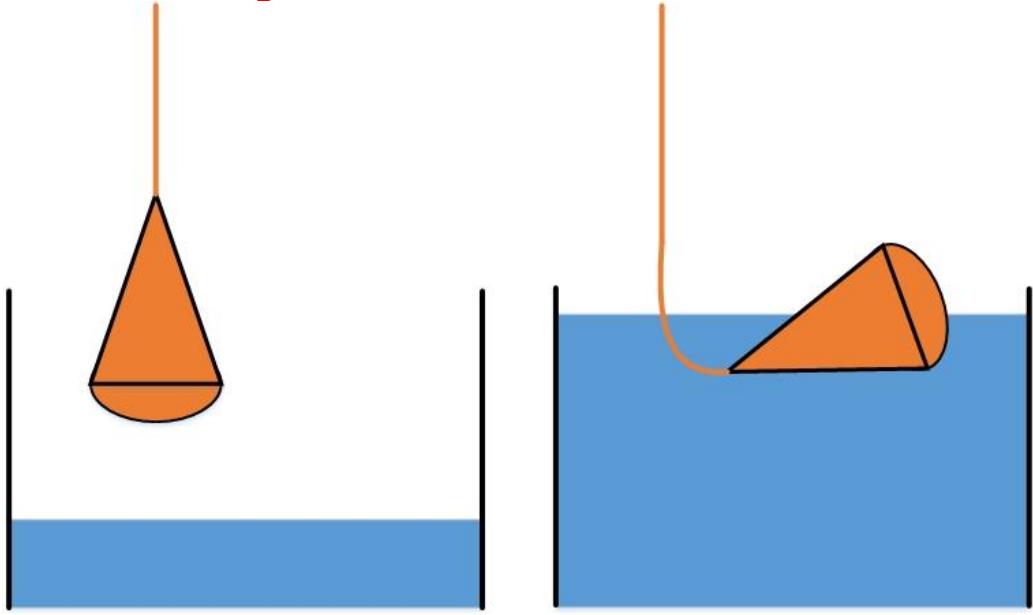
| | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Medium type | Sewage, wastewater, liquid containing solid impurities, etc. |
| Medium temp. | Max 80°C |
| Medium density | 950~1050 kg/m ³ |
| IP rated | IP68 |
| Switch capability | 5 (3) A, 250V 5A for the resistive load; 3A for the inductive load |
| Storage temp. | 0 ~ 40 °C |
| Cable protective cover material | PVC |
| Cable gauge | 3x0.5mm ² |
| Housing material | Polypropylene |

Order Information and Technical Specification

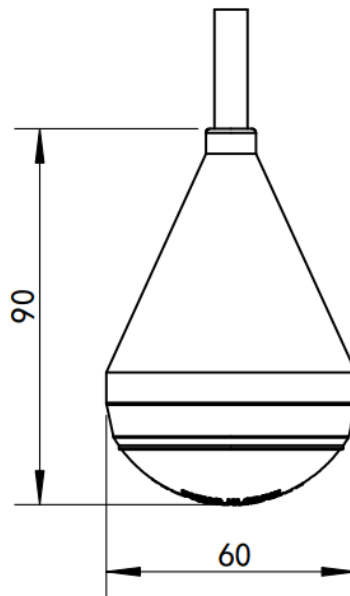
| SKU | Cable length | Weight* (kg) |
|----------|--------------|--------------|
| HSL-LS05 | 5m | 0.34 |
| HSL-LS10 | 10m | 0.56 |
| HSL-LS20 | 20m | 1.00 |

* The real weight may be slightly different; table data is for reference only.

Installation and Wiring



Dimension (mm)



HSCM Series

Carbon Monoxide Sensors

Honeywell HSCM series carbon monoxide sensors are mainly used to detect carbon monoxide concentration in indoor air where carbon monoxide is generated in parking lots and other places. The sensors can output analog signals and switching signals, and can also transmit detection data through the Modbus RTU protocol for ventilation control.



Features

- Use eco-friendly electrochemical carbon monoxide sensor.
- Optional display function, LCD digital display shows clearly.
- Optional alarm relay output, and the alarm concentration value can be set by dip switches.
- Multiple software and hardware protection design ensures high stability.
- Integrated RS485 terminal resistor to facilitate on-site debugging (Modbus models only).
- RS485 isolation design can isolate high voltage and enhance immunity to ground loops and common-mode signal interference (Modbus models only).

Order Information and Technical Specification

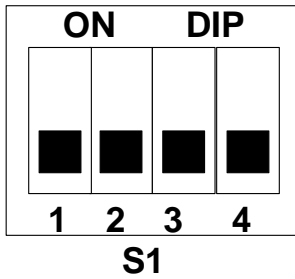
| SKU | Measuring Range | Analog Output or Protocol | Display | Alarm Relay Output |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| HSCM-R100U | 0-100PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO | NO |
| HSCM-R100UL | 0-100PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES | NO |
| HSCM-R100US | 0-100PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO | YES |
| HSCM-R100ULS | 0-100PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES | YES |
| HSCM-R100M | 0-100PPM | Modbus RTU | NO | NO |
| HSCM-R100ML | 0-100PPM | Modbus RTU | YES | NO |
| HSCM-R400U | 0-400PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO | NO |
| HSCM-R400UL | 0-400PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES | NO |
| HSCM-R400US | 0-400PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO | YES |
| HSCM-R400ULS | 0-400PPM | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES | YES |
| HSCM-R400M | 0-400PPM | Modbus RTU | NO | NO |
| HSCM-R400ML | 0-400PPM | Modbus RTU | YES | NO |

Basic Parameters

| | |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sensing element | Eco-friendly electrochemical carbon monoxide sensor |
| Measuring Range | 0 to 100PPM or 0 to 400PPM |
| Accuracy @ 25°C | ±5PPM or ±5% of measuring value greater |
| Repeatability | ±2% |
| Stability | ≤ 5% / Year Signal attenuation |
| Zero Point Drift (Based on temperature) | ≤±10PPM @ 0°C to 50°C |
| Display Resolution | 1PPM |
| Responding Time (T90) | No more than 45 Seconds |
| Power Supply | 24VDC ±20%; 24VAC ± 20%, 50/60Hz Class 2/ SELV |
| Power Consumption | 1VA MAX |
| Analog Output | 0-10V, 2-10V, 4-20mA, select by DIP Setting |
| Analog Output Load | 4-20mA: ≤500 Ω, Current Consumption≤ 20mA 0-10V/2-10V: ≥5 KΩ, Current Consumption≤1mA |
| Analog Output Resolution | Modbus: 1 PPM 0-10V/2-10V: 25 mV 4-20mA: 0.04mA |
| Alarm relay output settings | 0-100PPM: 25PPM, 60PPM or 80PPM by DIP setting 0-400PPM: 25PPM, 60PPM or 150PPM by DIP setting The relay alarm output is off by default, and a DIP switch needs to be set to activate the relay alarm.. After the alarm is generated, the alarm will be cleared when the carbon monoxide concentration value is 9PPM (maximum value) or 3% below the set value. |
| Relay Specification | 1x SPDT, 2A / 30 VDC, 0.5A/125VAC Resistive load |
| Number of connected Modbus RTU devices | A maximum of 64 devices can be connected to a single network segment |
| Operation Environment | -20°C to 50°C, 15% to 90% RH (Non-condensing) |
| Operation Atmospheric Pressure | 0.9 to 1.1 times standard atmospheric pressure |
| Storage Environment | -20°C to 50 °C, 15% to 95% RH (Non-condensing) |
| Protection Standard | IP30 (GB4208/IEC60529) |
| Maximum Service Life | More than 7 years |
| Housing Materials | PC (UL94-V0) |
| Certification | CE (EN IEC 61326-1:2021); China RoHS |

Function & DIP Setting

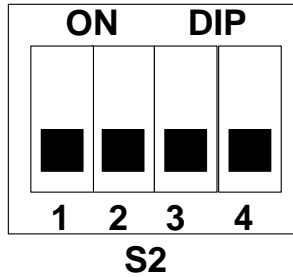
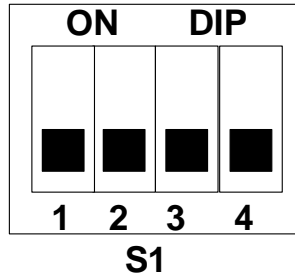
A. Analog Output Type



| DIP No. | No. S1-1 | Do.S1-2 & Do. S1-3 | No. S1-4 |
|----------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Function | Calibration (Only for production process) | Analog output option | Reserved |

| Select analog output signal type: DIP No. S1-2 and No. S1-3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| DIPs Position | <p>ON DIP</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </table> <p>S1</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | <p>ON DIP</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </table> <p>S1</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | <p>ON DIP</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </table> <p>S1</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Analog Output | 4-20mA (Default) | 0-10V | 2-10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

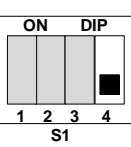
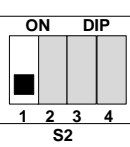
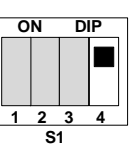
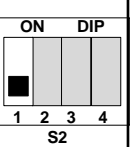
B. Analog and Alarm Relay Output Type



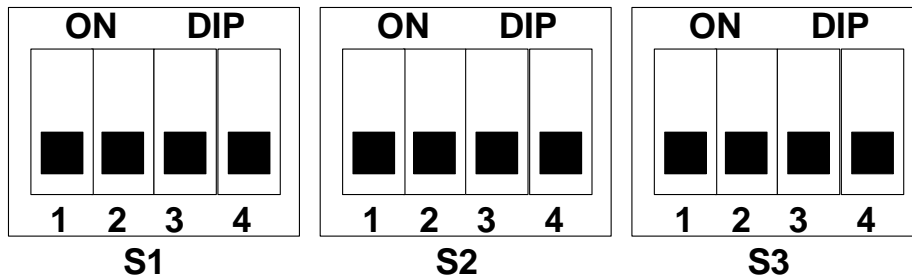
| DIP No. | No. S1-1 | Do.S1-2 & Do. S1-3 | No. S1-4 & No. S2-1 | No. S2-2 to No. S2-4 |
|----------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Function | Calibration (Only for production process) | Analog output option | Set carbon monoxide concentration alarm value | Reserved |

| Select analog output signal type: DIP No. S1-2 and No. S1-3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| DIPs Position | <p>ON DIP</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </table> <p>S1</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | <p>ON DIP</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </table> <p>S1</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | <p>ON DIP</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </table> <p>S1</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Analog Output | 4-20mA (Default) | 0-10V | 2-10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

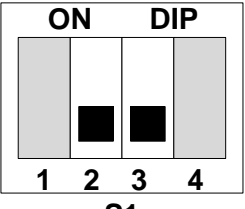
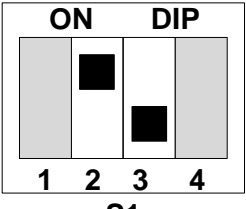
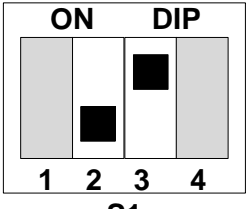
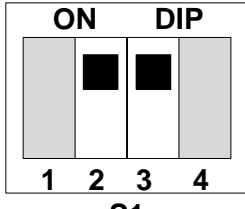
Function & DIP Setting

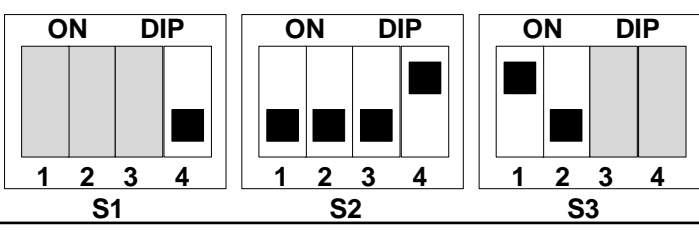
| Set carbon monoxide concentration alarm value : DIP NO. S1-4 and No. S2-1 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIP Position |  |  |  |  |
| 0 to 100PPM | Disable (Default) | 25PPM | 60PPM | 80PPM |
| 0 to 400PPM | Disable (Default) | 25PPM | 60PPM | 150PPM |

C. Modbus Communication Type



| DIP No. | No. S1-1 | No. S1-2 & No. S1-3 | No. S1-4 to No.S3-2 | No. S3-3 | No. S3-4 |
|----------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Function | Calibration (Only for production process) | Modbus Baud Rate | Modbus Address | Reserved | RS485 Terminal Resistor |

| Set Modbus Baud Rate: DIP No.S1-2 and No. S1-3 | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIPs Position |  |  |  |  |
| Baud Rate | 9600 (Default) | 4800 | 19200 | 38400 |

| Set Modbus address: DIP No. S1-4 to No. S3-2 | |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIPs Position |  |
| How to set Modbus address | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> DIPs No. S1-4 to No. S3-2 represent 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 and 64 respectively. DIPs up to indicate selected number The sum of the selected numbers is the Modbus address code. <p>As shown in the picture above: DIP No. S2-4 and No. S3-1 are selected, $16+32=48$, so the address code setting value is 48.</p> |

| Set the mode of RS485 terminal resistor: DIP No.S3-4 | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| DIP Position | | |
| Mode | Enable (Default) | Disable |

Modbus RTU Protocol

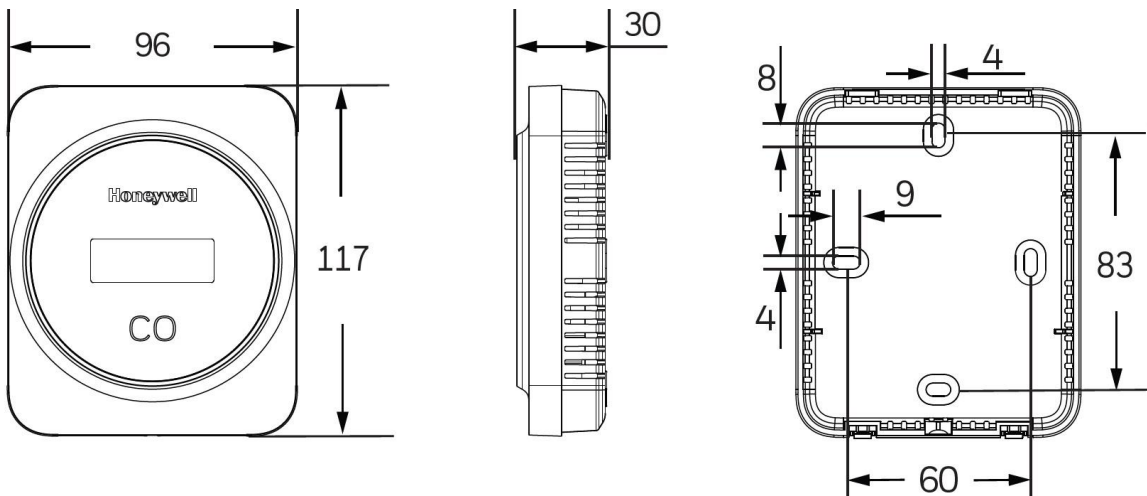
Register Address Information

| ID | ID function | Function | Qty. | Readable (R) /Writable (W) | Data Type |
|------|-------------------|----------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 0x01 | Gas Concentration | Current gas concentration Unit: PPM | 1 | R | short |
| 0x02 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x03 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x04 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x05 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x06 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x07 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x08 | Running time | Unit: day | 1 | R | short |
| 0x09 | Error Code | 0=Normal; 2=System Error | 1 | R | short |

Function Code Information

| Code | Function | Error Code | Exception Code |
|------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|
| 0x03 | Read holding register | 0x83 | 01 or 02 or 03 |
| 0x06 | Write single register | 0x86 | 01 or 02 or 03 |
| 0x10 | Write Multiple Registers | 0x90 | 01 or 02 or 03 |

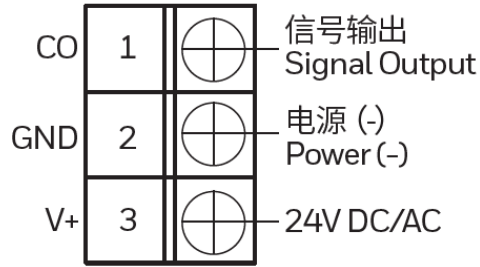
Dimension (mm)



Wiring diagrams and instructions

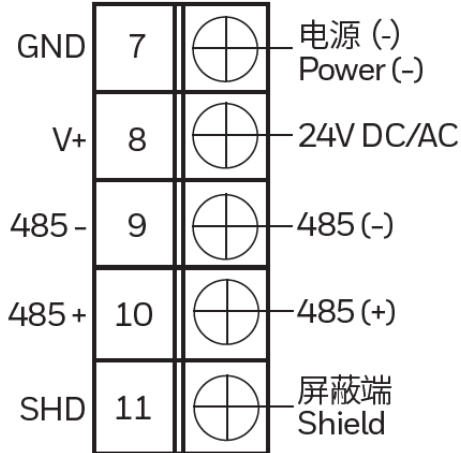
0-10V/2-10/4-20mA Analog Output Type

| SKU |
|-------------|
| HSCM-R100U |
| HSCM-R100UL |
| HSCM-R400U |
| HSCM-R400UL |



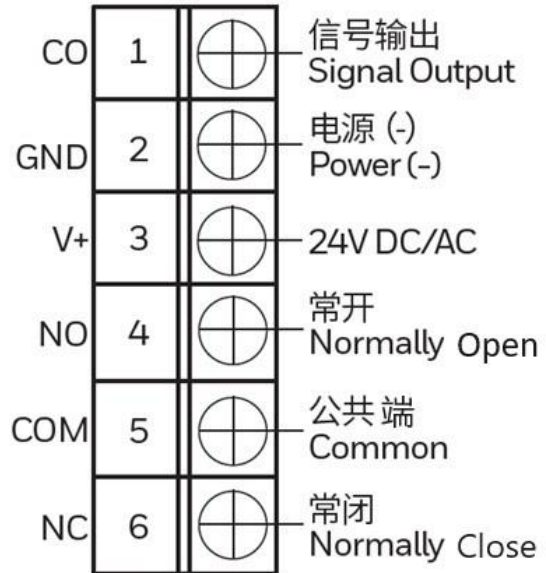
Modbus Communication Type

| SKU |
|-------------|
| HSCM-R100M |
| HSCM-R100ML |
| HSCM-R400M |
| HSCM-R400ML |



Analog and Alarm Relay Output Type

| SKU |
|--------------|
| HSCM-R100US |
| HSCM-R100ULS |
| HSCM-R400US |
| HSCM-R400ULS |



Tip: When the alarm is output, the NO point is turned on.

Tips:

1. The terminals support AWG15 to AWG22 line types.
2. The maximum lengths of different conductors are as follows.

| Line Type | AWG15 | AWG16 | AWG17 | AWG18 | AWG20 | AWG22 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Max length | 300 Meters | 300 Meters | 150 Meters | 150 Meters | 150 Meters | 50 Meters |

3. RS485 wiring requires a shielded cable with a maximum allowable length of 1200 meters.

Installation, Application and Responsibility Statement

1. Please read the sensor installation instructions carefully before installing and commissioning the device. Operation and application not in accordance with installation instructions may result in product failure and damage. Please comply with local laws, health and safety regulations, technical standards and regulations.
2. It is prohibited to be used in explosive or hazardous environments, prohibited to be used in flammable or flammable gas environments, and prohibited to be used as a safety or emergency stop device. Improper application may cause personal injury and loss.
3. Pay attention to anti-static during installation.
4. Carbon monoxide sensors should be installed at a reasonable height and meet relevant regulatory requirements. Do not install the sensor near doors, windows, air outlets or other known air disturbances. Avoid areas with vibration or rapid temperature changes.
5. RS485 communication lines need to be shielded wires. Do not place communication lines and cables in the same pipe. Please disconnect the power supply before making any connections to prevent electrical faults, electric shock or equipment damage. Make all connections in accordance with national and local codes.
6. When connecting multiple devices, pay attention to the polarity of the power supply to avoid damage to the devices.
7. The sensor is a precision device. If the transportation conditions are poor or the installation is improper, the sensor components may be permanently damaged and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed.
8. For applications that require higher sensor accuracy, be sure to calibrate regularly. It is recommended to recalibrate every 6 to 12 months.
9. For use beyond the technical specifications marked on this product, please consult Honeywell. Honeywell assumes no liability for damages resulting from incorrect application of its products.
10. The carbon monoxide sensor will be interfered by the gas below and affect the measurement accuracy, so it needs to be paid attention to in the application.

| interfering gas | Test concentration (PPM) | Equivalent reading value |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Carbon monoxide | 100 | 100 |
| Hydrogen | 500 | 200 |
| Methane | 5000 | 0 |
| Iso-butane | 2500 | 0 |
| Carbon dioxide | 5000 | 0 |
| Carbon di-sulfide | 25 | 0 |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 10 | 0 |
| Nitric oxide | 30 | 0 |
| Nitrogen dioxide | 30 | <30 |
| Ammonia | 100 | 0 |
| Ethyl acetate | 200 | 0 |
| Heptane | 500 | 0 |
| Ethanol | 2000 | <30 (Exposure time is 30 minutes) |
| Hexa-methyl di-siloxan | 10 | 0 (Exposure time is 40 minutes) |



Honeywell Building Technologies
Greater China Building Business
Website: www.honeywell.com.cn
Service Hotline: 400-842-8487

© 2023 Honeywell International Inc.
All specifications are subject to change without

**THE
FUTURE
IS
WHAT
WE
MAKE IT**

Honeywell

HSH-E series

Outside Temp. & Relative Humidity Sensors

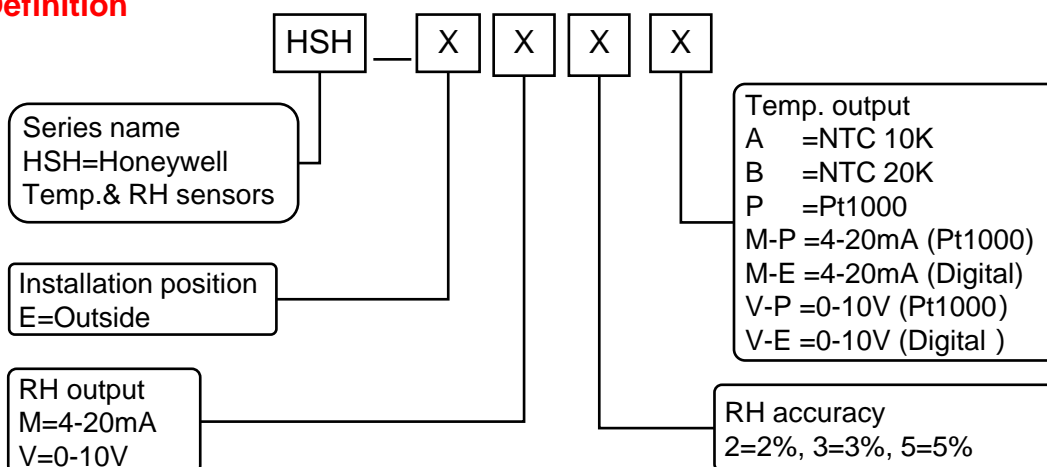
Honeywell HSH-E series Outside temperature & relative humidity sensors are applied to measure the outside air temperature and relative humidity. The HSH-E series outside temperature & relative humidity sensors have a variety of control signal outputs and can be compatible with a variety of automatic control systems.



Basic Parameters

| | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measuring Temp. Range | | -40 ~ 60 °C |
| Working Environment | | -40~60°C, 0~95%RH (Non condensation) |
| Humidity Accuracy @ 25°C and 24VDC | 2% | 20~80%: ±2%; 0-95%: ±3% |
| | 3% | 20~80%: ±3%; 0-95%: ±5% |
| | 5% | 20~80%: ±5%; 0-95%: ±9% |
| Power Supply | 0-10V | 24 VDC/24VAC±20% |
| | 4-20mA | 24 VDC ±20% |
| IP Rated | | IP65 |
| Wire conduct Diameter | | 0.33~1.65mm ² |
| Storage Temp. | | -40 ~ 70 °C |
| Housing Material | | PC (Fire rating: UL94-V0) |
| Certification | | EN IEC 61000-6-3:2021, EN IEC 61000-6-2:2019 EN IEC 60730-1:2016+A1, EN IEC 60730-2-9:2019+A1 |

Definition



Order information and Technical Specification

| SKU | RH Output | RH accuracy | Temp. Output | Temp. sensor element type | Temp. Accuracy* |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| HSH-EM2A | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM2B | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM2P | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EM2M-P | 4~20mA | 2% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM2M-E | 4~20mA | 2% | 4~20mA | Digital** | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3A | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3B | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3P | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EM3M-P | 4~20mA | 3% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3M-E | 4~20mA | 3% | 4~20mA | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5A | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5B | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5P | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EM5M-P | 4~20mA | 5% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5M-E | 4~20mA | 5% | 4~20mA | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2A | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2B | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2P | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EV2V-P | 0~10V | 2% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2V-E | 0~10V | 2% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3A | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3B | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3P | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EV3V-P | 0~10V | 3% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3V-E | 0~10V | 3% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5A | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5B | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5P | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EV5V-P | 0~10V | 5% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5V-E | 0~10V | 5% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |

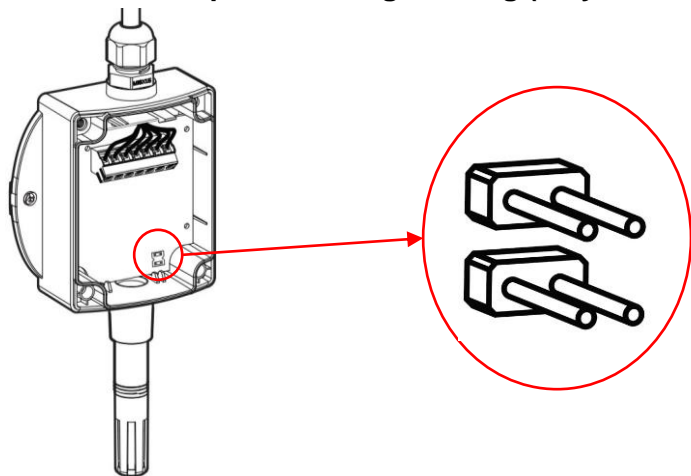
* 1. For the passive output type sensors, the temperature accuracy is the sensing element temperature accuracy. For the current and voltage signal output type sensors, the temperature accuracy is the transmitter accuracy when the power supply is 24VDC.

* 2. The temperature accuracy in the table above is the accuracy of the specified temperature point.

** Temperature sensor element type is **Digital** refers to the sensor type is PN junction type digital temperature sensing element, **Digital** is for short.

Temperature range setting and Wiring diagrams

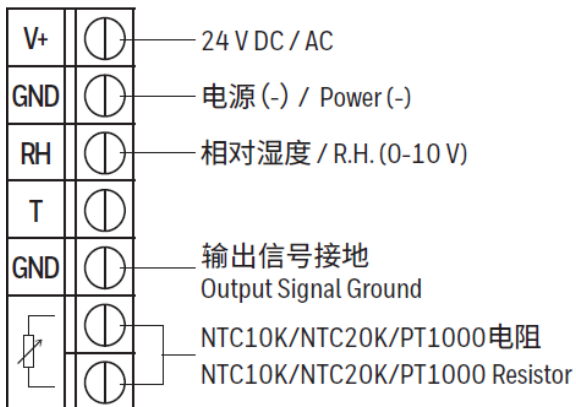
1. Measure Temperature range setting (only for 0-10V and 4-20mA output)



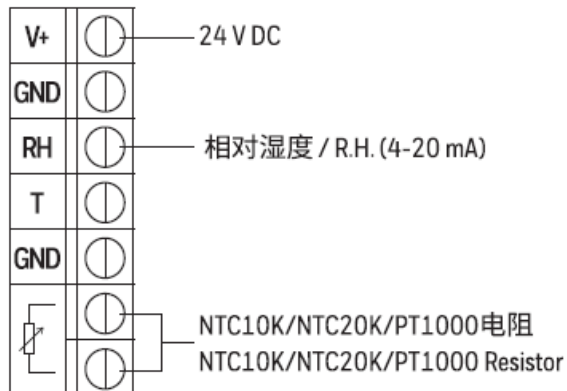
| Jumper | Temp. Range |
|--------|----------------------------|
| | -40°C ~ 60 °C (default) |
| | -20°C ~ 50 °C |
| | 0°C ~ 50 °C |

2. Wiring Diagrams: Wiring according to the wiring diagram corresponding to the model.

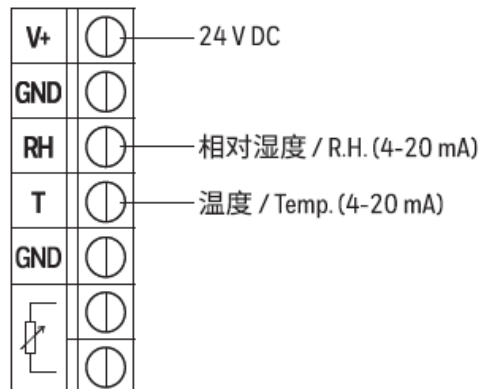
| SKU |
|----------|
| HSH-EV2A |
| HSH-EV2B |
| HSH-EV2P |
| HSH-EV3A |
| HSH-EV3B |
| HSH-EV3P |
| HSH-EV5A |
| HSH-EV5B |
| HSH-EV5P |



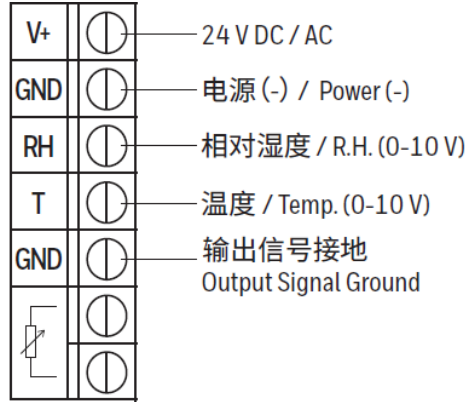
| SKU |
|----------|
| HSH-EM2A |
| HSH-EM2B |
| HSH-EM2P |
| HSH-EM3A |
| HSH-EM3B |
| HSH-EM3P |
| HSH-EM5A |
| HSH-EM5B |
| HSH-EM5P |



| SKU |
|------------|
| HSH-EM2M-X |
| HSH-EM3M-X |
| HSH-EM5M-X |



| SKU |
|------------|
| HSH-EV2V-X |
| HSH-EV3V-X |
| HSH-EV5V-X |

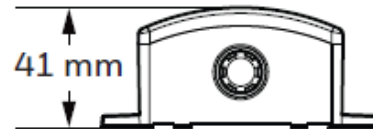
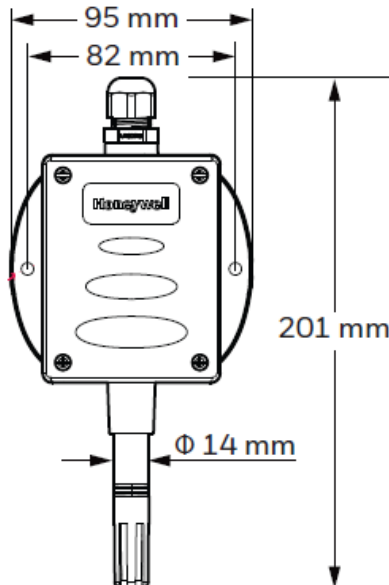


Tips:

1. Connection terminals are suitable for AWG15~22.
2. Due to the influence of wire resistance, the length of the cable between the sensor and the controller will cause the temperature drift. The details are as follows.

| Wire gauge | permissible cable length | PT1000 Temp. drift every 10 meters cable | NTC10K / NTC20K Temperature shift |
|------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| AWG 22 | 50m | 0.272K | Negligible |
| AWG 20 | 150m | 0.173K | |
| AWG 18 | 150m | 0.109K | |
| AWG 17 | 150m | 0.086K | |
| AWG 16 | 300m | 0.069K | |
| AWG 15 | 300m | 0.054K | |

Dimension



HSDP-W Series

Liquid Differential Pressure Transmitters

Honeywell HSDP-W Series Liquid Differential Pressure Transmitters are mainly used for the measurement of liquid pressure. The sensitive element of the liquid differential pressure transmitters is a solid piezoresistive sensitive chip, and the part in contact with the measured liquid is the corrugated diaphragm on both sides of the transmitters, and the space between the sensitive chip and the corrugated diaphragm is filled with silicone oil. The measured differential pressure acts on the corrugated diaphragm and is transmitted to the sensitive chip through silicone oil. Using the piezoresistive effect of semiconductor silicon materials, the conversion of differential pressure and electrical signals is realized. Since the output signal of the Wheatstone bridge on the sensitive chip has a good linear relationship with the differential pressure, accurate measurement of the measured differential pressure can be realized.

Features

- Using temperature compensation and high temperature screening to achieve stable and reliable performance.
- Fully sealed structure by laser welding.
- Various control signal outputs (0-10V, 4-20mA, Modbus RTU)
- 1-meter extension cable for easy wiring




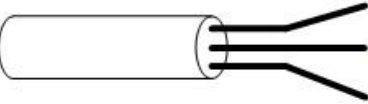
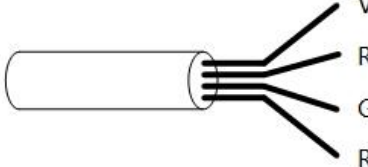
Basic Parameters

| SKU Group | HSDP-WxxxxA HSDP-WxxxxV | HSDP-WxxxxM | HSDP-WxxxxAL |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Output Signal /Protocol | HSDP-WxxxxA:4-20mA HSDP-WxxxxV:0-10V | Modbus RTU | 4-20mA |
| Sensor Type | Piezoresistive Differential Pressure Sensor | | |
| Operation mode | Only Positive sensing is allowed (positive sensing means high pressure side pressure is greater than low pressure side pressure) Negative sensing is not allowed (Negative sensing means high pressure side pressure lower than low pressure side pressure) | | |
| Accuracy | Full Scale(FS) > 200 kPa: $\pm 0.25\%$ FS Full Scale(FS) \leq 200 kPa: $\pm 0.5\%$ FS (This accuracy is met within the compensation temperature) | | |
| Stability | $\pm 0.2\%$ F.S / Year (Full Scale > 200 kPa) $\pm 0.5\%$ F.S / Year (Full Scale \leq 200 kPa) | | |
| Compensation Temperature Range | -10°C to 60 °C | -10°C to 70 °C | -10°C to 60 °C |
| Reaction Time | 50ms | 200ms | 50ms |
| Overload Pressure | Positive sensing: $\leq 2 \times$ FS Negative sensing is not allowed | | |
| Rupture Pressure | Positive sensing: $\leq 3 \times$ FS Negative sensing: < 200kPa | | |
| Single side Max Static Pressure | ≤ 20 MPa | | |
| Static Pressure Impact | $\pm 0.05\%$ F.S / 100kPa | | |
| Applicable Medium | Cold & Hot water or glycol solution with a maximum concentration of 50%, incombustible gas | | |
| Medium Temp. | -20°C to 70°C | -20°C to 70°C | -20°C to 80°C |
| Operation Temp. | -20°C to 70°C | -20°C to 70°C | -20°C to 80°C |
| Storage Temp. | -20°C to 85°C | -20°C to 85°C | -20°C to 85°C |
| Power Supply | 12V to 28V DC(4-20mA) 15V to 28V DC(0-10VDC) | 3.6V to 28VDC | 16V to 28V DC |
| Connection | Female thread G1/4 | | |
| Protection standard | IP68 (EN 60529) | IP68 (EN 60529) | IP65 (EN 60529) |
| Wiring | Lead Wire:1m ($\Phi 7.4$ mm cable) | Lead Wire:1m ($\Phi 7.4$ mm cable) | Hersman Joint With 1 meter cable ($\Phi 6$ mm cable) |
| Certification | CE (EN 61000-6-2: 2005, EN 61000-6-4: 2007+A1: 2011) RoHS | | |
| Materials | Housing : SS304 Sensing diaphragm : 316L Cable : PEC O-ring sealing : FPM | Housing : SS304 Sensing diaphragm : 316L Cable : PUR O-ring sealing : FPM LED housing : ABS | |

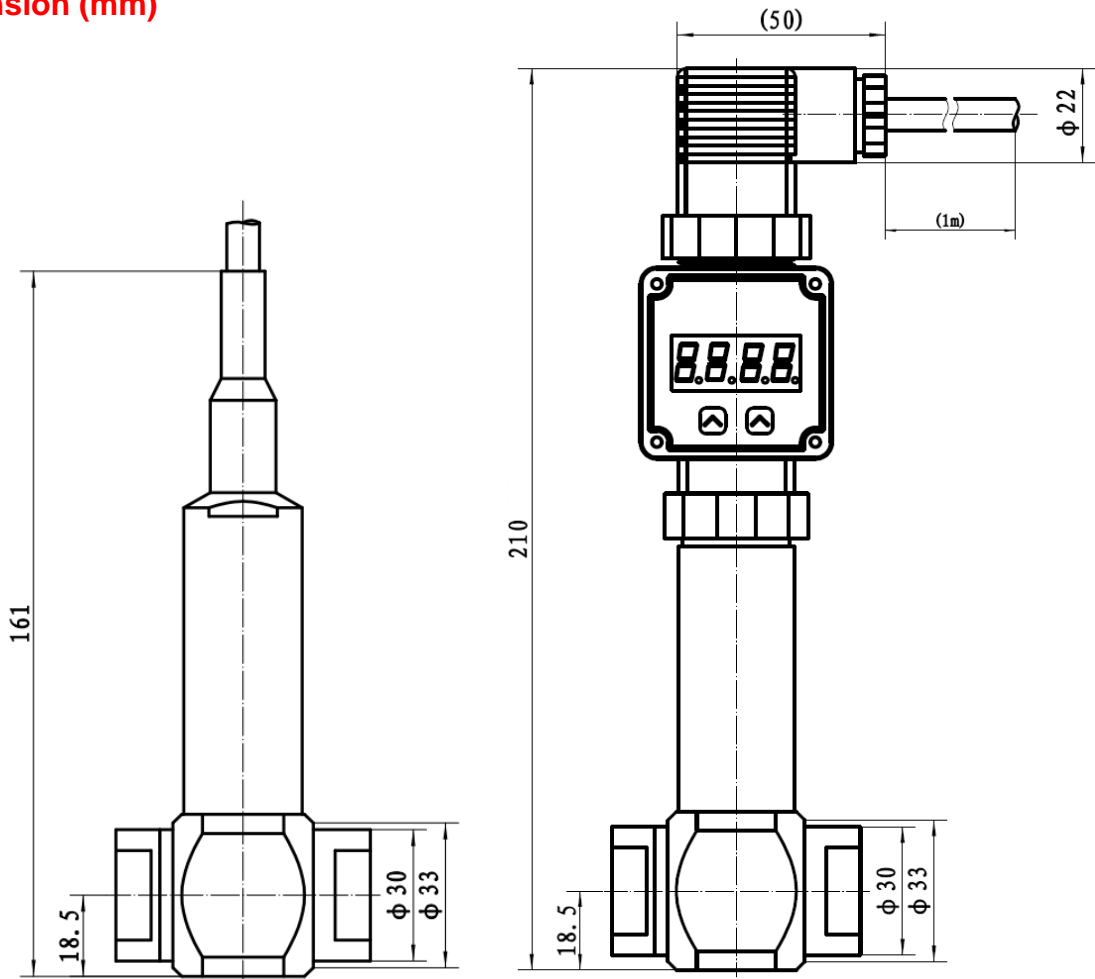
Order Information and Technical Specification

| SKU | Full Scale | Output Signal /Protocol | Display Option |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| HSDP-W0035A | 0 to 35kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W0070A | 0 to 70kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W0100A | 0 to 100kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W0200A | 0 to 200kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W0350A | 0 to 350kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W0700A | 0 to 700kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W1000A | 0 to 1000kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W2000A | 0 to 2000kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W3500A | 0 to 3500kPa | 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-W0035V | 0 to 35kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W0070V | 0 to 70kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W0100V | 0 to 100kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W0200V | 0 to 200kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W0350V | 0 to 350kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W0700V | 0 to 700kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W1000V | 0 to 1000kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W2000V | 0 to 2000kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W3500V | 0 to 3500kPa | 0-10V | NO |
| HSDP-W0035AL | 0 to 35kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W0070AL | 0 to 70kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W0100AL | 0 to 100kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W0200AL | 0 to 200kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W0350AL | 0 to 350kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W0700AL | 0 to 700kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W1000AL | 0 to 1000kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W2000AL | 0 to 2000kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W3500AL | 0 to 3500kPa | 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-W0035M | 0 to 35kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W0070M | 0 to 70kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W0100M | 0 to 100kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W0200M | 0 to 200kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W0350M | 0 to 350kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W0700M | 0 to 700kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W1000M | 0 to 1000kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W2000M | 0 to 2000kPa | Modbus | NO |
| HSDP-W3500M | 0 to 3500kPa | Modbus | NO |

Wiring

| Output Signal/Protocol | Wiring diagrams |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4-20mA |  <p>V+ Red 0V/Out Black</p> |
| 0-10V |  <p>V+ Red Out White GND Black</p> |
| Modbus RTU |  <p>V+ Red RS485B White GND Black RS485A Yellow & Green</p> |

Dimension (mm)



HSFT Series

Frost Protection Thermostat

Honeywell HSFT series frost protection thermostat consists of a gas-filled temperature sensing bulb with long coil and function body of setting and controlling. When the temperature detected by the temperature sensing is higher (or lower) than the set temperature, the body outputs a on/off control signal. The on/off control signal can be used to control switch equipment, including solenoid valves, electric valves, audible and visual alarm equipment, etc. .



Features

- High control accuracy and small minimum temperature difference;
- Long mechanical life and strong vibration resistance;
- Wide operating environment temperature for various applications;
- Easy operation and easy installation.

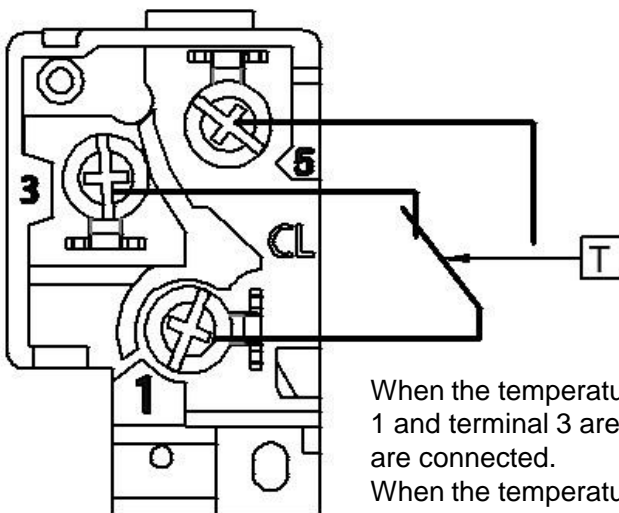
Order Information and Technical Specification

| SKU | Length of coil | Weight |
|-----------|----------------|--------|
| HSFT-180A | 1.8 meters | 630g |
| HSFT-300A | 3.0 meters | 673g |
| HSFT-600A | 6.0 meters | 778g |

Basic Parameters

| Reset | Automatic |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Switch Type | SPDT |
| Switch Capacity | 5VAC to 240VAC, 16A |
| Set Temp. Range | -10 °C to 10 °C |
| Min Temp. Set Scale | 1 K |
| Temp. Differential | 2 K |
| Repetitive Error | 1.5 K |
| Operation Environment | - 30°C to 55 °C, 0 to 95% RH (Noncondensing) |
| Max Overload Temp | 120°C (Up to an hour) |
| Storage Environment | - 30°C to 60 °C, 0 to 95% RH (Noncondensing) |
| Protection Standard | IP65 |
| Housing Material | ABS (UL94-V0) |
| Wiring Terminal | Screw terminals for cables of less than 2.5mm ² |
| Wiring Hole | M16x1.5 for three-core cable of ϕ 5 to ϕ 10 mm |

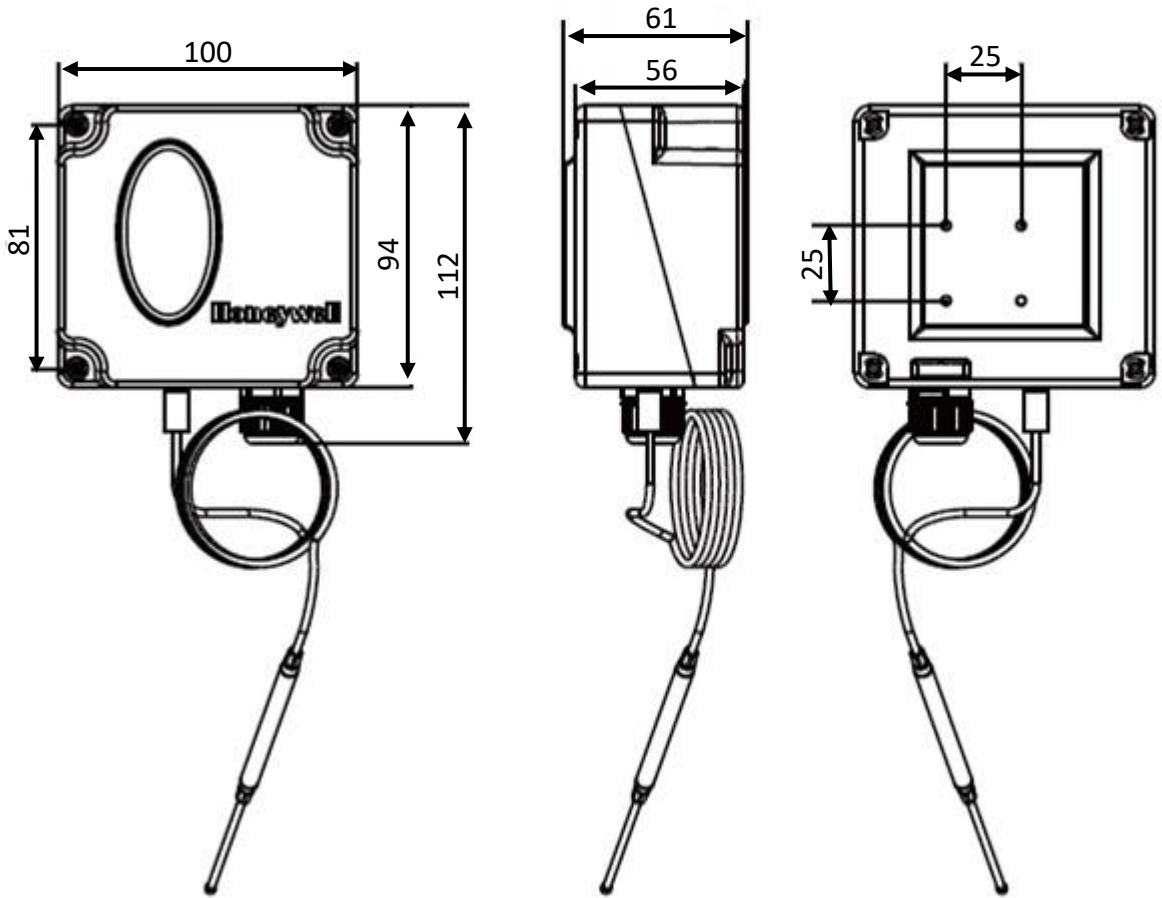
Wiring diagrams and instructions



When the temperature drops to the set low temperature, terminal 1 and terminal 3 are disconnected, and terminal 1 and terminal 5 are connected.

When the temperature rises to the set high temperature, terminal 1 and terminal 3 are connected, and terminal 1 and terminal 5 are disconnected.

Dimension (mm)



Honeywell Building Technologies
Greater China Building Business
Website: www.honeywell.com.cn
Service Hotline: 400-842-8487

© 2023 Honeywell International Inc.
All specifications are subject to change without notice

**THE
FUTURE
IS
WHAT
WE
MAKE IT**

Honeywell

AQS-KAM-xx, AQS 71-KAM-T, AQS-KAM-RH-V

CO₂ TEMPERATURE HUMIDITY TRANSMITTERS

PRODUCT DATA & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



FEATURES

- Calibration-free technology
- Outstanding long-term stability
- Maintenance free
- universal mounting flange

SPECIFICATION

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Power supply | 24 Vac, ±20% (SELV) 15...35 Vdc |
| Power consumption | 0.6 W |
| Max. current consumption | 0.35 A (0.3 sec / 15 sec) |
| Ambient Limits | |
| Operating temperature | -20...+60 °C (-4...+140 °F) |
| Transport and storage | -20...+60 °C (-4...+140 °F) |
| Humidity | 0...95% rh, non-condensing |

Safety

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Protection class | III as per EN 60730-1 |
| Protection standard | Housing IP65 as per EN60529 Probe IP20 |
| Housing material | Flame retardant V0 as per UL94 |
| Housing | plastic (PC) |
| Dimensions | see Fig. 1 on page 3 |
| Mounting | duct, M16x1,5 cable inlet |

CO₂ Sensor

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Output signal | 0...10 V |
| Output current | -1 mA < I _L < 1 mA |
| Output scaling | 0...10 V = 0...2000 ppm CO ₂ |

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Accuracy (CO ₂ at 25°C [77°F], 1013 mbar) | 0...2000 ppm < ± (50 ppm +2% of measured value) |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Temperature stability: | typ. ± (1 + CO ₂ conc. [ppm] / 1000) ppm / K (-20 ... +45 °C) |
| Response time | τ ₆₃ < 100 sec at 3 m/s |
| Warm-up time | < 5 min |

Temperature

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Output signal | 0...10 V |
| Output Current | -1 mA < I _L < 1 mA |
| Output scaling | 0...10 V = 0...50 °C |
| Accuracy (20 °C [68 °F]) | ± 0.3 K |
| Response time | τ ₆₃ < 50 sec. at 3 m/s |
| AQS-KAM-RH-V | τ ₆₃ < 60 sec. at 3 m/s |

GENERAL

The AQS Temperature Transmitters set new standards in CO₂ measurements in HVAC applications. Operation is based on the infrared principle. A calibration-free procedure compensates for aging of the infrared source and ensures outstanding long-term stability. The AQS provide 0...10 V analog output for CO₂ and temperature and are designed for HVAC applications (contact Honeywell for special applications). They are suitable for direct wiring with universal and voltage-controlled inputs. Additionally, the AQS-KAM-xx Temperature Transmitters feature a built-in passive temperature sensor. The AQS-KAM-RH-V Temperature Sensor is equipped with a relative humidity sensor. See also following table.

Table 1. List of devices

| OS number | CO ₂ + temp. output | temp. output (passive) | rel. humidity output |
|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| AQS-KAM-00 | 0...10 V | Pt1000 | -- |
| AQS-KAM-01 | | Ni1000 | -- |
| AQS-KAM-10 | | NTC10kΩ | -- |
| AQS-KAM-20 | | NTC20kΩ | -- |
| AQS 71-KAM-T | | -- | -- |
| AQS-KAM-RH-V | | -- | 0...10 V |

NOTE: Avoid strong mechanical stress and improper handling. The cable gland and housing cover must be screwed tightly against gas penetration, to avoid incorrect measurements.

Table 2. Troubleshooting

| Error | Possible cause | Remedies |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unrealistic results | Skewed installation | Air inlet and probe tip must be perpendicular to air flow. |
| | Low air velocity | Air velocity must be > 1 m/sec (200 ft/min). |
| | Housing not tight | Seal cover and gland tightly. |
| Long response time | Contamination of sensor or probe | Check sensor and probe for soiling and clean, as necessary. |

Passive Temp. Sensors (AQS-KAM-xx)

Output 2-wire
 Wire resistance (typ.) 0.4 Ω (terminal-sensor)

NTC10kΩ

Nominal value 10kΩ ±0.5% at 25 °C
 Accuracy ±0.2 °C at 25 °C
 Response time (typ.) $t_{63} < 120$ s at 3 m/s air velocity
 Sensitivity (typ.) -440 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear)

NTC20kΩ

Nominal value 20kΩ ±0.5% at 25 °C
 Accuracy ±0.2 °C at 25 °C
 Characteristic NTC20kΩ (see EN0B-0476GE51)
 Response time (typ.) $t_{63} < 120$ s at 3 m/s air velocity
 Sensitivity (typ.) ≈ -934.5 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear)

Ni1000

Nominal value 1000 Ω at 0 °C
 Accuracy ±0.4 °C at 0 °C
 Characteristic DIN 43760
 Sensitivity (typ.) ≈ 6.18 Ω / K

Pt1000

Nominal value 1000 Ω at 0 °C
 Accuracy (IEC751 Cl. B) $0.3 + 0.005 \cdot |t|$ at 0 °C
 Characteristic see EN0B-0476GE51
 Sensitivity (typ.) ≈ 3.85 Ω / K

Relative humidity (AQS-KAM-RH-V)

Working range 0...95% RH, non-condensing
 Output 0...10 V prop. to 0...100% RH
 Accuracy at 20 °C typ. ±2% RH, max. ±3% RH in range of 20...80% RH

NOTE: Temperature / relative humidity / CO₂ accuracy may differ, depending on various environmental conditions (e.g., air velocity or temperature difference between the air temperature and the ambient temperature).

WIRING

| wiring run | maximum length |
|----------------------|----------------|
| sensor to controller | 200 m (660 ft) |

NOTE: Installation of the sensor near high EMI-emitting devices may lead to faulty measurements. Use shielded wiring in areas with high EMI. Keep 15 cm (5.9") min. distance between sensor lines and 230 Vac power lines. Use two transformers: one for sensors and actuators and one for the controller.

DIMENSIONS

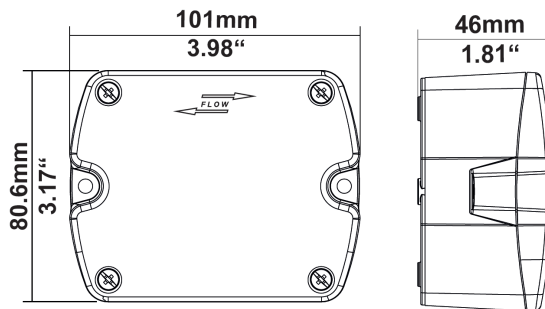
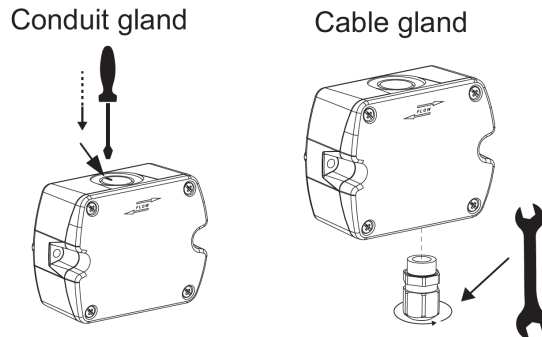


Fig. 1. Housing dimensions (mm)

MOUNTING



Screw with torque of 1.5 Nm for break-through. Recommended tightening torque: 3.5 Nm.

Fig. 2. Assembly of conduit / cable gland

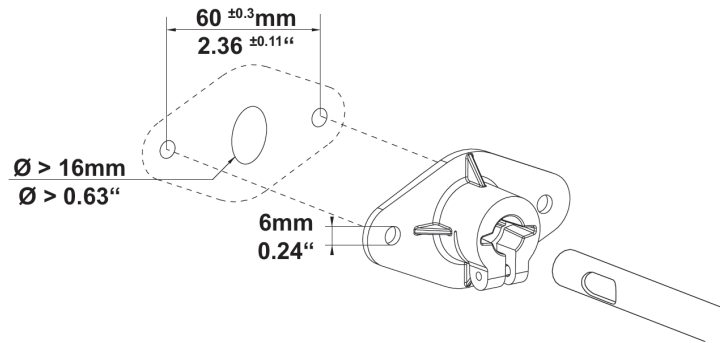


Fig 3. Flange mounting on duct

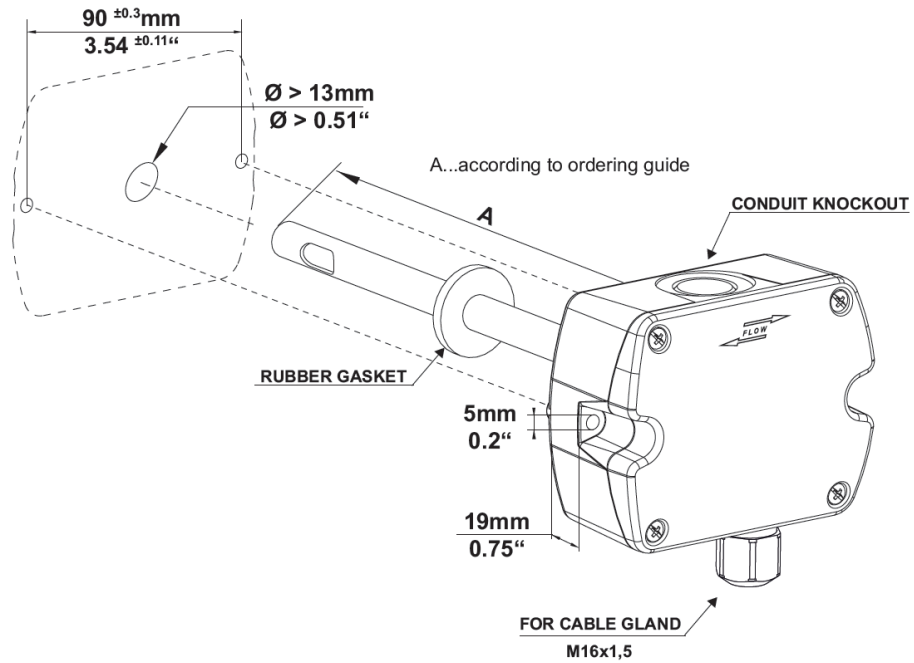


Fig. 4. Direct mounting on duct (probe length A = 200 mm)

WIRING

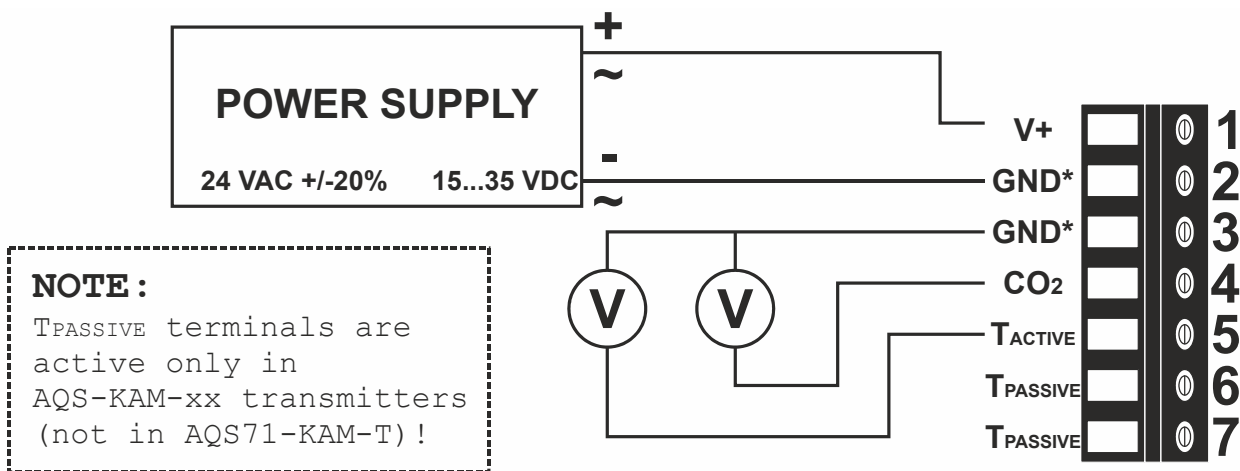


Fig. 5. Wiring diagram for AQS-KAM-xx and AQS71-KAM-T (not AQS-KAM-RH-V)

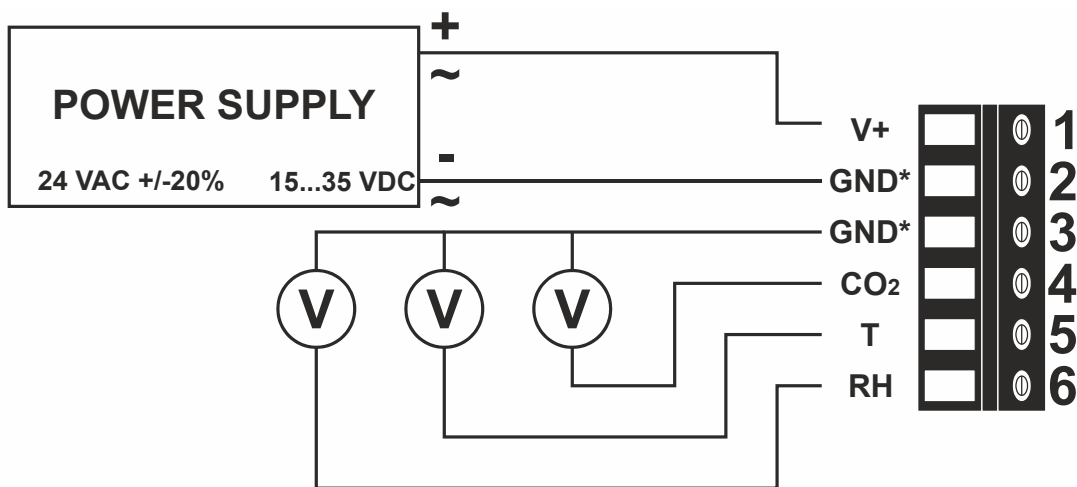


Fig. 5. Wiring diagram for AQS-KAM-RH-V

***IMPORTANT**

For failure-free operation and performance according to specifications, it is essential that the supply GND and the measurement GND be wired separately!



Manufactured for and on behalf of the Environmental & Energy Solutions Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Rolle, Z.A. La Pièce 16, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Home and Building Technologies

Honeywell GmbH
Böblinger Strasse 17
71101 Schönaich, Germany
Phone +49 (0) 7031 637 01
Fax +49 (0) 7031 637 740
<http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com>

AV-D-10 and AV-R-10

AIR VELOCITY TRANSMITTERS

PRODUCT DATA



GENERAL

The AV-D-10 Duct-Mounted and AV-R-10 Remote Air Velocity Transmitters are designed for highly accurate measurement of air velocity up to 20 m/s (2000 ft/min). They feature a thin-film sensor which operates according to the hot-film anemometer principle. The mounting flange permits a continuous adjustment of immersion depth at the duct. The output signal, measuring range, and response time can be adjusted by shifting a jumper on the circuit board. These air velocity transmitters are suitable for use in all systems capable of accepting 0...10 VDC inputs and are ideal for accurate and reliable measurement in building automation and ventilation applications. For special applications, please contact Honeywell.

ACCURACY

The anemometer is temperature-compensated. The measurement principle establishes a relationship between the flow and the heat capacity of air. Thus, at lower air pressure, the actual flow speed is higher than the indicated flow speed. This is expressed by the following equation:

$$V_{\text{actual}} = V_{\text{indicated}} * 1013 \text{ mbar} / \text{Pressure}_{\text{real}} \text{ (in mbar)}$$

MOUNTING

NOTE: The accurate and reliable determination of air velocity depends on the correct positioning of the probe. Accurate measurements are possible only if the probe is installed in a location with low-turbulence flow. Extreme mechanical and unspecified strain and corrosive environments and condensation must be avoided. See also AV-R-10 and AV-D-10 – Mounting Instructions (MU1B-0620GE51).

FEATURES

- Highly accurate measurement of air velocities of up to 20 m/s (2000 ft/min).
- Mounting flange permits continuous adjustment of immersion depth at duct.
- Response time (t_{90}), measuring range, and output signal (0...10 V / 4...20 mA) can all be independently reset by shifting jumpers on the circuit board.
- Self-compensation for changes in air temperature.

SPECIFICATION

Measuring range

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Working range | 2...10 m/s (6...2000 ft/min) 2...15 m/s (6...3000 ft/min) 2...20 m/s (6...4000 ft/min) |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Accuracy | ±(0.2 m/s + 3% of m.v.) at 20 °C (68 °F), 45% r.H., 1013 hPa |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Response time T_{90} | typ. 4 s (default) or 1 s (constant temperature) |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

General

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Power supply | 24 VAC/DC ±20% (SELV) |
| Output | 0...10 V, 4...20 mA (default); -1 mA < I_L < 1 mA R_L < 500 Ω (linear, 3 wires) |
| Current consumption | max. 170 mA (AC), max. 70 mA (DC) |
| Electrical connection | screw terminals, max. 1.5 mm ² (AWG 16) |
| Cable gland | M16x1.5 |
| Approvals | CE |
| Housing material | Polycarbonate, UL94V-0 approved |
| Protection class | Enclosure IP65 / NEMA 4, remote probe IP20 |
| Storage temperature | -30...+60 °C (-22...+140 °F) |
| Working temp. probe | -25...+50 °C (-13...+122 °F) |
| Working temp. electronics | -10...+50 °C (+14...+122 °F) |
| Working humidity | 5...95% r.H. (non-condensing) |

Dimensions

see Fig. 1 on page 2

MODELS

| Order no. | Cable length | Immersion depth |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------|
| AV-D-10 | -- | 50...200 mm |
| AV-R-10 | 1 meter | 50...300 mm |

DIMENSIONS

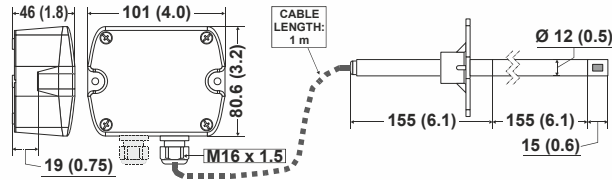


Fig. 1. Dimensions, AV-R-10, in mm (inches)

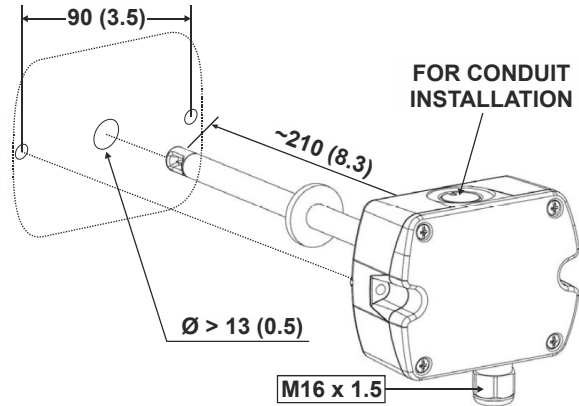


Fig. 2. Dimensions, AV-D-10, in mm (inches)

WIRING

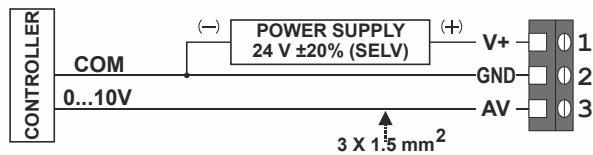


Fig. 3. Wiring

NOTE: Use shielded wiring in areas with high EMI. Keep 15 cm (5.9") minimum distance between sensor lines and 230 VAC power lines.

SETTINGS

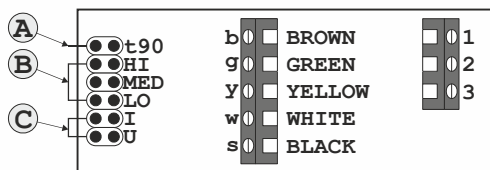


Fig. 4. Jumpers (A = response time; B = measuring range; C = output signal)

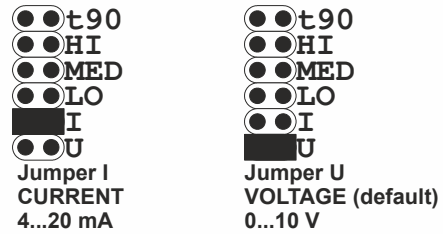


Fig. 5. Selection of output signal

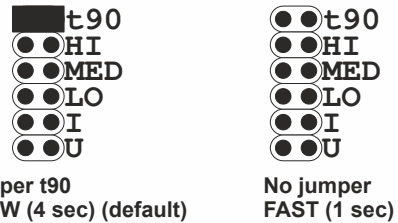


Fig. 6. Selection of response time

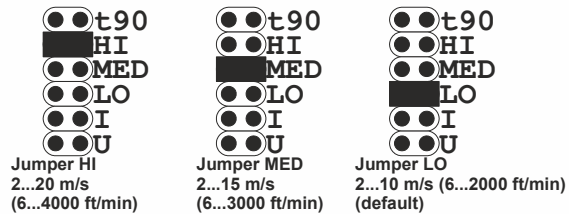


Fig. 7. Selection of measuring range

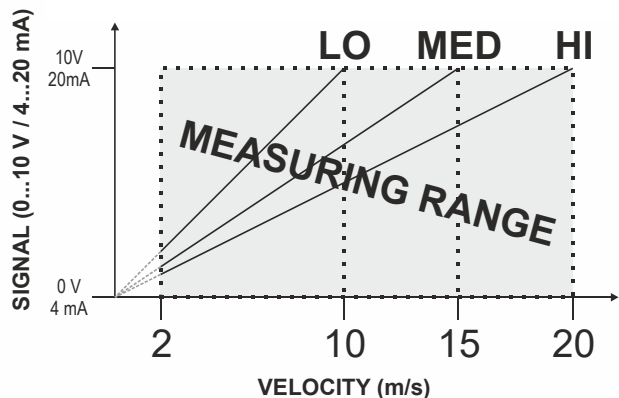


Fig. 8. Signal when jumper set to LO, MED, and HI



Manufactured for and on behalf of the Connected Building Division of Honeywell Products and Solutions SARL, Z.A. La Pièce, 16, 1180 Rolle, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Home and Building Technologies

Honeywell GmbH
 Böblinger Strasse 17
 71101 Schönaich, Germany
 Phone +49 (0) 7031 637 01
 Fax +49 (0) 7031 637 740
 http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com

HSDP2-A Series

Air Differential Pressure Transmitter

Honeywell HSDP2-A series Air Differential Pressure Transmitters are mainly used to measure air differential pressure or gauge pressure. They are applied to air pressure control of central air-conditioning air system, VAV and fan control, environmental pollution control, pressure difference control of clean room, smoke hood control, oven pressurization and boiler ventilation control, etc.



Features

- High-precision MEMS micro-pressure core body.
- Wide temperature range compensation and sensitive pressure response.
- Manual zero pressure value correction can be performed on site.
- Screwless clamshell buckle design for easy wiring and setting.

Order Information and Technical Specification

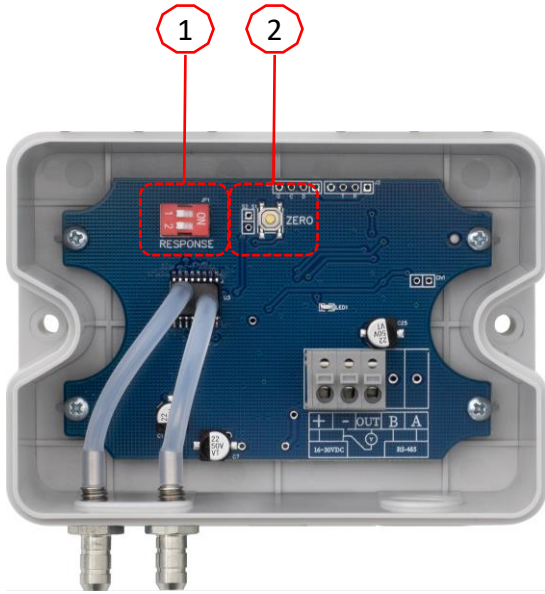
| SKU | Max measuring range (Pa) | Output signal |
|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| HSDP2-A500A1 | 0 to 500 | 4-20mA |
| HSDP2-A500V1 | 0 to 500 | 0-10V |
| HSDP2-A500A2 | -500 to 500 | 4-20mA |
| HSDP2-A500V2 | -500 to 500 | 0-10V |
| HSDP2-A1000A1 | 0 to 1000 | 4-20mA |
| HSDP2-A1000V1 | 0 to 1000 | 0-10V |
| HSDP2-A1000A2 | -1000 to 1000 | 4-20mA |
| HSDP2-A1000V2 | -1000 to 1000 | 0-10V |

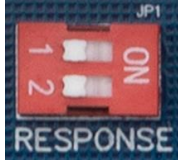

Basic Parameters

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Accuracy | 0-500Pa : $\pm 1.0\%FS^*$ @ 25°C |
| | Others: $\pm 1.0\%FS$ (within Compensation Temperature Range) |
| Stability | Typical value: 0.1%FS / Year, Max value: 0.2%FS / Year |
| Compensation Temperature Range | -10°C to +60°C |
| Applicable Medium | Air and Neutral Gas |
| Medium Temp. Range | -20°C to +70°C |
| Operation Environment | -20°C to +70°C, 0 to 95%RH (Non-condensing) |
| Storage Environment | -40°C to +70°C, 0 to 95%RH (Non-condensing) |
| Power Supply | 0-10V : 16 to 30VDC 4-20mA : 10 to 30VDC |
| Power Consumption | $\leq 1.5W$ |
| Operation Current | 0-10V : < 20mA 4-20mA : 4-20mA |
| Max Circuit Load | 4-20mA: $\leq [(U-10V)/0.02A] \Omega$; 0-10V: $\geq 10k\Omega$ |
| Reaction Time | 0.5S, 1S, 2S, 4S (DIP setting) |
| Overload Pressure | Maximum 15 times the rated pressure or 10KPa, subject to the above minimum pressure |
| Protection Standard | IP65 (EN 60529) |
| Housing Material | Housing: PC Core sealing ring: Silicone Rubber |
| Accessory | 2 meters PVC hose |
| Certification | CE (EN IEC 61000-6-1: 2019; EN IEC 61000-6-3:2021); RoHS |

* FS is the abbreviation of Full scale.

Functions and Parameter Settings











| # | Function | Large picture |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Reaction time setting |  |
| 2 | Manual Zero Reset |  |

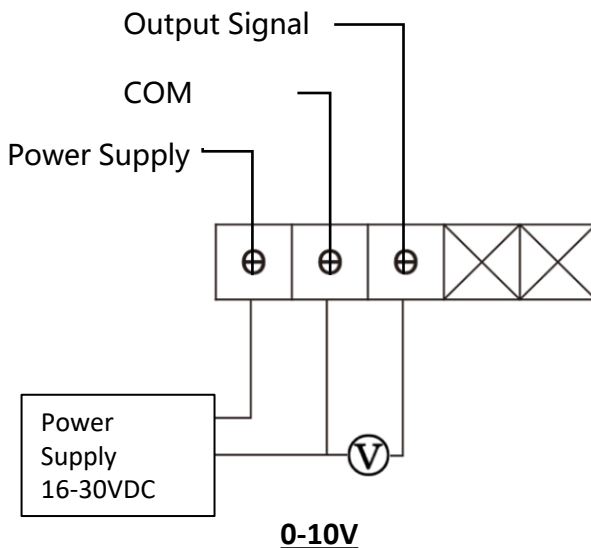
Manual Zero Reset

When the pressure difference between the positive and negative pressure inlets is zero, use this reset button to calibrate the zero pressure value. When the reset button is pressed, the LED lights up at the same time.

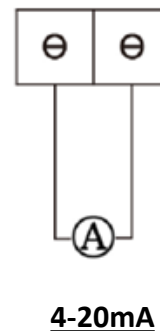
Reaction Time Setting

| DIP Switch | 0.5s | 1s | 2s | 4s |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |

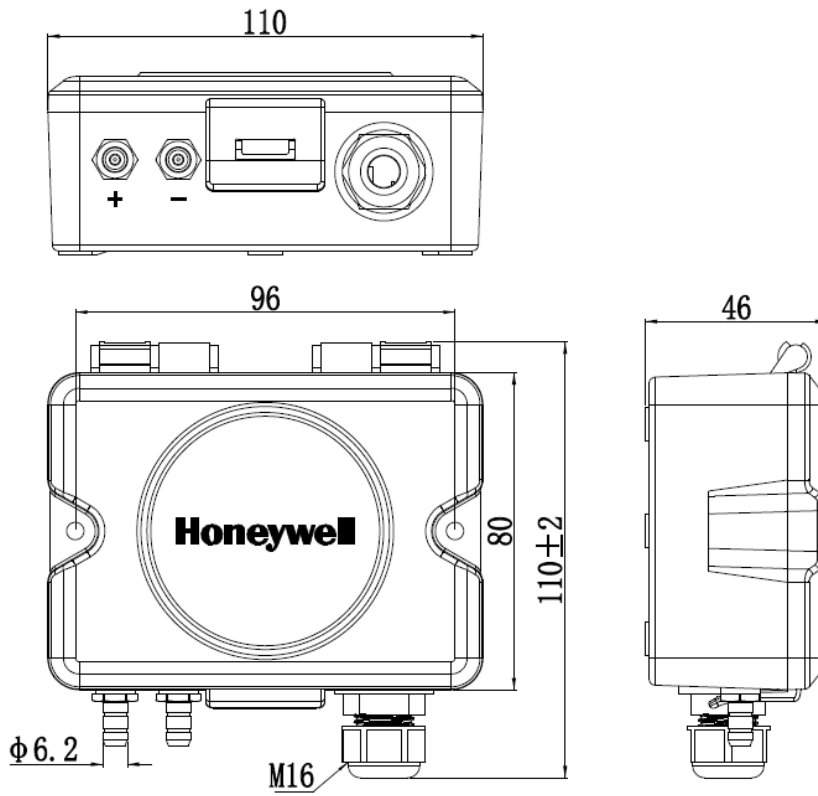
Wiring



The two connection terminals of 4-20mA output are non-polar, and the power input and signal output terminals are not defined.



Dimension (mm)



HSDP-A Series

Air Differential Pressure Transmitter

Honeywell HSDP-A series Air Differential Pressure Transmitters are mainly used to measure air differential pressure or gauge pressure. They are applied to air pressure control of central air-conditioning air system, VAV and fan control, environmental pollution control, pressure difference control of clean room, smoke hood control, oven pressurization and boiler ventilation control, etc.



Features

- High-precision MEMS micro-pressure core body.
- Wide temperature range compensation and sensitive pressure response.
- A variety of functional parameters can be set by DIP switches, and the product has a wide range of applications.
- Optional display function, 5-digit LCD digital display shows clearly.
- Manual zero pressure value correction can be performed on site.
- Screwless clamshell buckle design for easy wiring and setting.



Order Information and Technical Specification

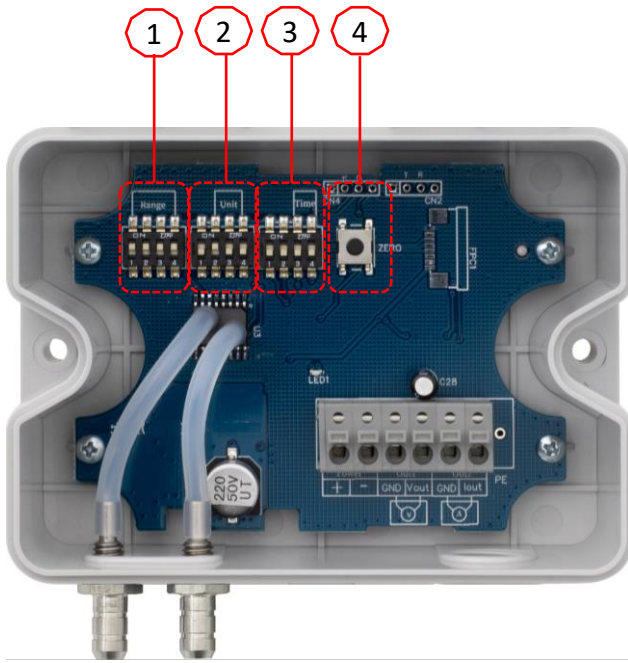
| SKU | Max measuring range (Pa) | Output signal or Communication Protocol | Display Option |
|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| HSDP-A100U | -100 to 100 | 0-10V and 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-A1000U | -1000 to 1000 | 0-10V and 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-A10000U | -10000 to 10000 | 0-10V and 4-20mA | NO |
| HSDP-A100UL | -100 to 100 | 0-10V and 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-A1000UL | -1000 to 1000 | 0-10V and 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-A10000UL | -10000 to 10000 | 0-10V and 4-20mA | YES |
| HSDP-A100M | -100 to 100 | Modbus RTU | NO |
| HSDP-A1000M | -1000 to 1000 | Modbus RTU | NO |
| HSDP-A10000M | -10000 to 10000 | Modbus RTU | NO |
| HSDP-A100ML | -100 to 100 | Modbus RTU | YES |
| HSDP-A1000ML | -1000 to 1000 | Modbus RTU | YES |
| HSDP-A10000ML | -10000 to 10000 | Modbus RTU | YES |

Basic Parameters

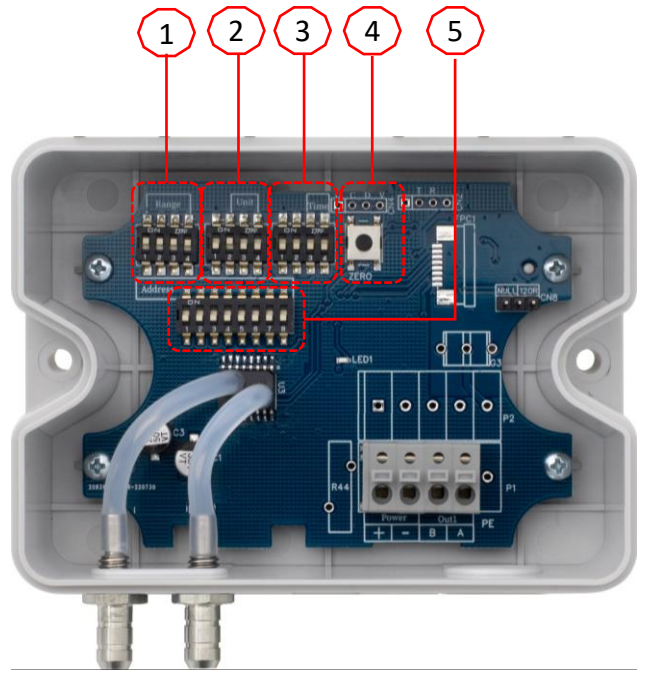
| | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Accuracy | HSDP-A100xx | $\pm 1.0\%FS^*$ @ 25°C |
| | HSDP-A1000xx HSDP-A10000xx | $\pm 1.0\%FS$ (within Compensation Temperature Range) |
| Stability | HSDP-A100xx | $\pm 2\%FS$ / Year |
| | HSDP-A1000xx HSDP-A10000xx | $\pm 0.25\%FS$ / Year |
| Compensation Temperature Range | -10°C to +60°C | |
| Applicable Medium | Air and Neutral Gas | |
| Medium Temp. Range | -20°C to +70°C | |
| Operation Environment | -20°C to +70°C, 0 to 95%RH (Non-condensing) | |
| Storage Environment | -40°C to +70°C, 0 to 95%RH (Non-condensing) | |
| Power Supply | 0-10V and 4-20mA: 12 to 30VDC/24VAC $\pm 20\%$ Modbus: 9 to 30VDC | |
| Power Consumption | $\leq 1.5W$ | |
| Operation Current | 0-10V and 4-20mA: $\leq 30mA$ RS485: $< 20mA$ | |
| Max Circuit Load | 4-20mA: $\leq 250\Omega$; 0-10V: $\geq 10k\Omega$ | |
| Reaction Time | 0.5S, 1S, 2S, 4S (DIP setting) | |
| Connection number for RS485 RTU devices | A maximum of 64 devices can be connected to a single network segment | |
| Overload Pressure | HSDP-A100xx | 5KPa |
| | HSDP-A1000xx | 10KPa |
| | HSDP-A10000xx | 80KPa |
| Protection standard | IP65 (EN 60529) | |
| Housing Material | Housing: PC Core sealing ring: Silicone Rubber | |
| Accessory | 2 meters PVC hose | |
| Certification | CE (EN IEC 61000-6-1: 2019; EN IEC 61000-6-3:2021); RoHS | |

* FS is the abbreviation of Full scale.

Functions and Parameter Settings



0-10V and 4-20mA output models



Modbus communication models

| DIP zone | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enlarged picture of DIPs | | | |
| Function | Measuring range setting | DIP1: Auto-zero setting DIP 2, 3 and 4: range unit setting | DIP 2: Baud rate setting (Modbus model only) DIP 3 and 4: Reaction time setting |
| DIP zone | 4 | 5 | |
| Enlarged picture of DIPs | | | |
| function | Manual Zero reset button | Modbus address code setting (Modbus model only) | |

Measuring Range Setting

1. Default DIP switches position and Measuring range

| DIP switches position | SKU | Pa | mmH2O | mbar | inH2O | mmHG | kPa |
|-----------------------|---------------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|
| | HSDP-A100xx | ±100.0 | ±10.00 | ±1.000 | / | / | / |
| | HSDP-A1000XX | ±1000.0 | ±100.0 | ±10.0 | ±4.00 | ±7.50 | ±1.000 |
| | HSDP-A10000xx | ±10000.0 | ±1000.0 | ±100.00 | ±40.00 | ±75.00 | ±10.000 |

“±” in above sheet means bidirectional range, for example: ±100Pa means the range is -100 Pa to 100 Pa.

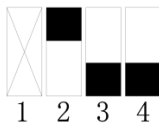
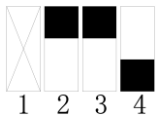
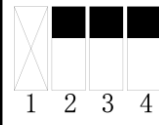
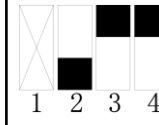
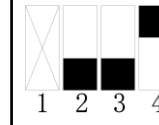
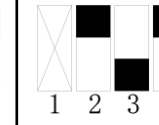
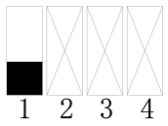
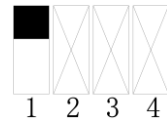
2. Measuring Range Setting: Set No.2 to No.4 DIP switch

| DIP switches position | SKU | Pa | mmH2O | mBar | inH2O | mmHg | kPa |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------|----------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| | HSDP-A100XX | 10.0 | 1.00 | 0.100 | / | / | / |
| | HSDP-A1000XX | 100 | 10.0 | 1.00 | 0.40 | 0.75 | 0.100 |
| | HSDP-A10000XX | 1,000 | 100.0 | 10.00 | 4.00 | 7.50 | 1.000 |
| | HSDP-A100XX | 25.0 | 2.50 | 0.250 | / | / | / |
| | HSDP-A1000XX | 250 | 25.0 | 2.50 | 1.00 | 1.87 | 0.250 |
| | HSDP-A10000XX | 2,500 | 250.0 | 25.00 | 10.00 | 18.75 | 2.500 |
| | HSDP-A100XX | 50.0 | 5.00 | 0.500 | / | / | / |
| | HSDP-A1000XX | 500 | 50.0 | 5.00 | 2.00 | 3.750 | 0.500 |
| | HSDP-A10000XX | 5,000 | 500.0 | 50.00 | 20.00 | 37.50 | 5.000 |
| | HSDP-A100XX | 75.0 | 7.50 | 0.750 | / | / | / |
| | HSDP-A1000XX | 750 | 75.0 | 7.50 | 3.00 | 5.62 | 0.750 |
| | HSDP-A10000XX | 7,500 | 750.0 | 75.00 | 30.00 | 56.20 | 7.500 |
| | HSDP-A100XX | 100.0 | 10.00 | 1.000 | / | / | / |
| | HSDP-A1000XX | 1,000 | 100.0 | 10.0 | 4.00 | 7.50 | 1.000 |
| | HSDP-A10000XX | 10,000 | 1,000.00 | 100.00 | 40.00 | 75.00 | 10.000 |

3. Unidirectional or bidirectional range setting: set No.1 DIP switch

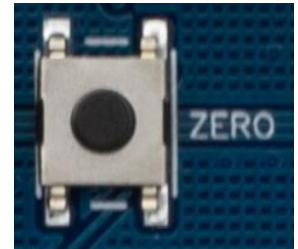
| DIP switches position | Introductions |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | The range remains unidirectional: 0 is the minimum value, and the range value set by the DIP No.2 to No.4 is the maximum value. For example: HSDP-A1000XX, the range value set by DIP No.2 to No. 4 is 1000Pa, and the range is unidirectional (positive), then the actual range is 0-1000Pa. |
| | The range becomes bidirectional: from negative to positive with zero in the middle. For example: HSDP-A1000XX, the range value set by DIP No.2 to No.4 is 1000Pa, after the range is set to bidirectional, the zero point is in the middle, and the actual range becomes -500Pa to 500Pa. |

Measuring Range Units and Auto-zero Settings

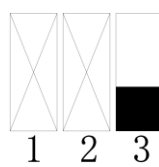
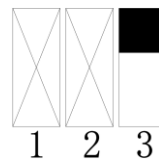
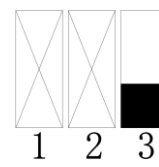
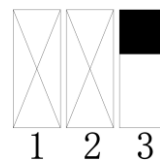
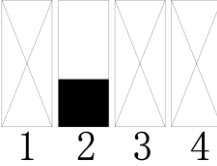
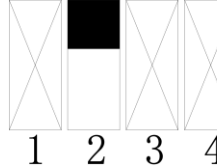
| Unit Setting | Pa | mmH2O | mBar | inH2O | mmHg | kPa |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Set DIP No.2 to No.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Auto-zero Setting |  | | |  | | |
| Set DIP No.1 | Do not start Auto-zero reset at boot (default) | | | Start Auto-zero reset at boot | | |

Automatic and Manual Zero reset

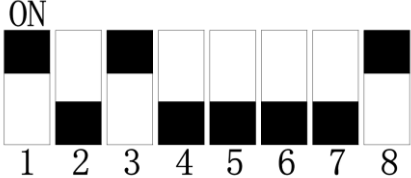
1. When the automatic zero reset is turned on, please ensure that there is no differential pressure between the positive and negative air inlets when power on, and the auto-zero reset data will not be saved.
2. If you choose not to start auto-zero reset after power on, you can manually reset it through the manual zero reset button. Open the panel and short press the manual reset button to reset, please keep the positive and negative air inlets without differential pressure to reset manually.



Reaction time and baud rate (Modbus models) settings

| Reaction time | 0.5s | 1s | 2s | 4s |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Set DIP No.3 and No.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Set Baud rate |  | |  | |
| Set DIP No.2 Only Modbus models | Baud rate: 9600 | | Baud rate: 19200 | |

Modbus ID Address Code Setting

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---|----|----|----|-----|
| ON |  | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 |
| ADDRESS | | | | | | | |

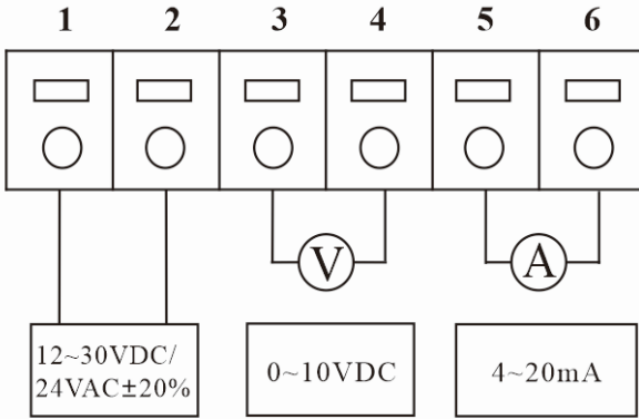
Dial to the ON side, add the corresponding numbers on the "ADDRESS" zone to get the address code.

Example for left picture: 1+4+128=133 (0X85H)

Note: Only when the DIP address is 0, the device ID address can be modified by software. For details about the Modbus setting method, please refer to the product installation manual.

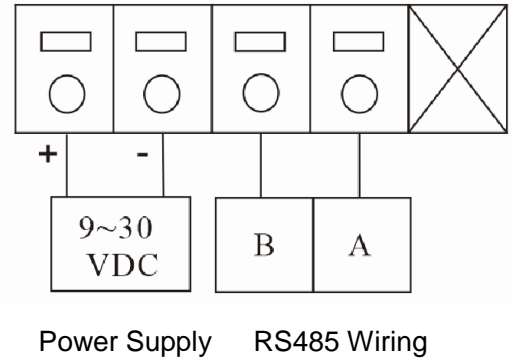
Wiring

0-10V and 4-20mA output models



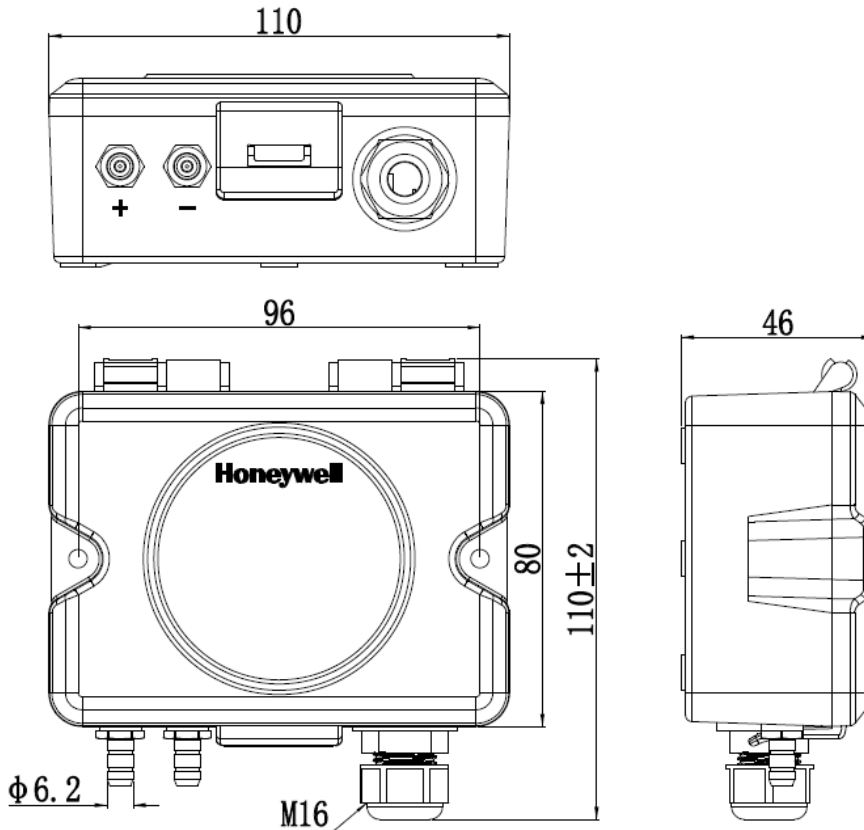
- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 Power supply Positive | 2 Power supply Negative |
| 3 Output signal ground | 4 Output 0-10V |
| 5 Output signal ground | 6 Output 4-20mA |

Modbus communication models



Power Supply RS485 Wiring

Dimension (mm)



LF20, PF20 DUCT TEMPERATURE SENSORS

PRODUCT DATA



FEATURES

- NTC 20k temperature sensing element
- Wide sensing range
- High accuracy

Models

| OS no. | sensor type | IP rating | probe length, in mm (in.) | sensing range |
|--------------|------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| LF20-1P65-5M | NTC 20k | 65 | 157 (6.18) | -30...+80 °C (-22...+176 °F) |
| LF20-3P65-5M | NTC 20k | 65 | 307 mm (12.07) | |
| PF20-65-2M | NTC 20k | 65 | 2-m cable | -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F) |
| PF20-65-5M | NTC 20k | 65 | 5-m cable | |
| LF-MF | mounting flange; bulk pack of 10 flanges | | | |

GENERAL

The LF20 and PF20 Duct Temperature Sensors are used in ventilating and air conditioning systems to measure discharge, return, or outside air temperature. They are designed for duct mounting.

The sensors are suitable for use in systems using NTC 20k temperature sensing elements.

SPECIFICATION

Nominal value

NTC 20k 20 k Ω at 25 °C (77 °F)

Accuracy

NTC 20k ± 0.2 °C at 25 °C (77 °F)

Sensitivity

NTC 20k ≈ -934.5 Ω / K at 25 °C (non-linear)

Time constant

< 30 s

Sensor sleeve material

stainless steel (1.4571)

Cable sheath material

PVC

Electrical connection

2-m or 5-m cable, 2x0.22 mm²

Ambient Limits (wiring box)

Storage temperature -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F)

Humidity 5...95% rh, non-condensing

Protection class

IP54 / IP65 as per EN 60529

Dimensions

See below.

DIMENSIONS

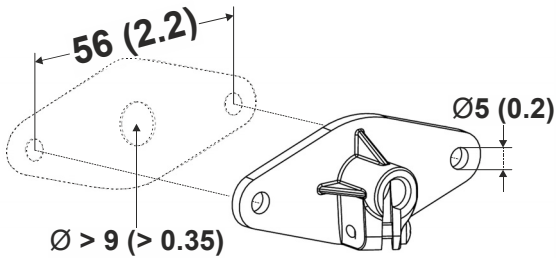


Fig. 1. Mounting flange LF-MF, dimensions in mm (inches)

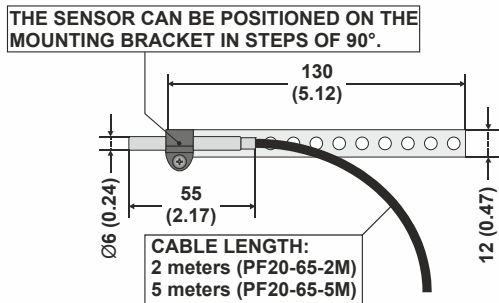


Fig. 2. Dimensions of the PF20 duct sensor in mm (inches)

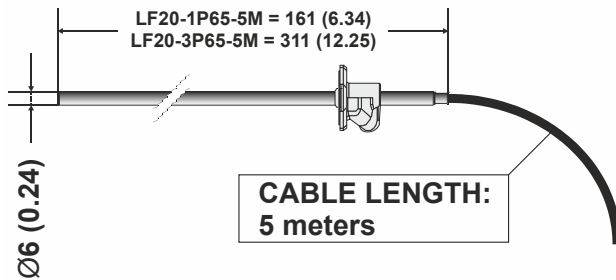


Fig. 3. Dimensions of the LF20-xP65-5M duct sensor in mm (inches)

WIRING

| wiring run | max. length |
|----------------------|----------------|
| sensor to controller | 200 m (660 ft) |

NOTE: Use shielded wiring in areas with high EMI. Keep 15 cm (5.9") minimum distance between sensor lines and 230 Vac power lines.

Honeywell

Manufactured for and on behalf of the Connected Building Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Rolle, Z.A. La Pièce 16, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Home and Building Technologies

Honeywell GmbH
 Böblinger Strasse 17
 71101 Schönaich, Germany
 Phone +49 (0) 7031 637 01
 Fax +49 (0) 7031 637 740
<http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com>

EN0B-0723GE51 R1219

Subject to change without notice

H7080B

Temperature/Humidity Duct Sensor

SPECIFICATION DATA



Application

H7080B series duct mounting humidity and temperature sensors are designed for environmental monitoring and control applications in industrial, commercial and general building. These sensors can be used for discharge, or return air control.

Features

- 4~20mA/ 0~10VDC or resistance output for temperature
- 4~20mA/ 0~10VDC output for humidity
- Duct mounted
- Excellent linearity
- Good long term stability
- High reliability
- Wide sensing range
- Easy installation

Specifications

Relative Humidity

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measurement Range: | 0~100%RH |
| Output: | 4~20mA or 0~10VDC |
| Accuracy: | 2%, 3%, 5%RH (25°C, 20~80%RH) 5%, 9%RH (25°C, 0%~20% and 80%~100%RH) |
| Long Term Stability: | 1%RH per year |

Temperature

| | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Temperature Sensor: | NTC10K, NTC20K, Pt1000 |
| Measurement Range: | 0~50°C (resistance output) -10~40°C or 0~70°C (transducer) |
| Output: | 4~20mA or 0~10VDC NTC10K, NTC20K, Pt1000 |
| Accuracy: | ±0.2K at 25°C for NTC10K sensor ±0.2K at 25°C for NTC20K sensor ±0.3K at 0°C for Pt1000 sensor ±0.5°C (-10~40°C or 0~70°C) for transducer |

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Power Supply: | 24 VAC ±15% /24 VDC ±10% |
| Current Output Load: | 500 Ohms Max |
| Voltage Output Load: | 10K Ohms Min |
| Current Consumption: | DC 70mA Max, AC 190mA Max |
| Working Temperature: | -30°C~+70°C |
| Transport and Storage Temperature: | -40°C~+70°C |
| Housing Material: | Plastic (PC-ABS) Flame retardant acc. with UL94-V0 |
| Protection Standard: | IP54 |
| EMC Conformity: | EN 61000-6-1 EN 61000-6-3 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 |

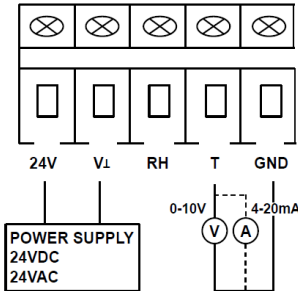


Models

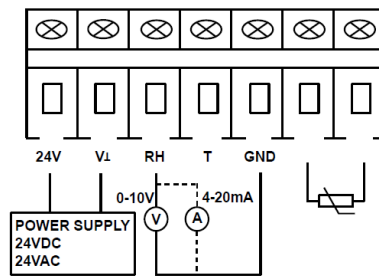
| OS Number | Humidity Output | Humidity Accuracy | Temperature Output Type | Temperature Range |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| C7080A3240 | NA | NA | 4~20mA/0-10V | -10°C~40°C |
| C7080A3270 | NA | NA | 4~20mA/0-10V | 0°C~70°C |
| H7080B3102 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±2% | Pt1000 | 0°C~50°C |
| H7080B3242 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±2% | 4~20mA/0-10V | -10°C~40°C |
| H7080B3272 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±2% | 4~20mA/0-10V | 0°C~70°C |
| H7080B2103 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±3% | NTC20K | 0°C~50°C |
| H7080B1103 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±3% | NTC10K | 0°C~50°C |
| H7080B3103 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±3% | Pt1000 | 0°C~50°C |
| H7080B3243 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±3% | 4~20mA/0-10V | -10°C~40°C |
| H7080B3273 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±3% | 4~20mA/0-10V | 0°C~70°C |
| H7080B2105 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±5% | NTC20K | 0°C~50°C |
| H7080B1105 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±5% | NTC10K | 0°C~50°C |
| H7080B3105 | 4~20mA/0-10V | ±5% | Pt1000 | 0°C~50°C |

Wiring

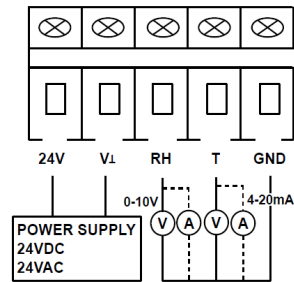
- For temperature output model:
- For temperature sensor & humidity output:
- For temperature & humidity output model:



C7080A3240
C7080A3270



H7080B3102 H7080B2103
H7080B1103 H7080B3103
H7080B2105 H7080B1105
H7080B3105



H7080B3242
H7080B3272
H7080B3243
H7080B3273

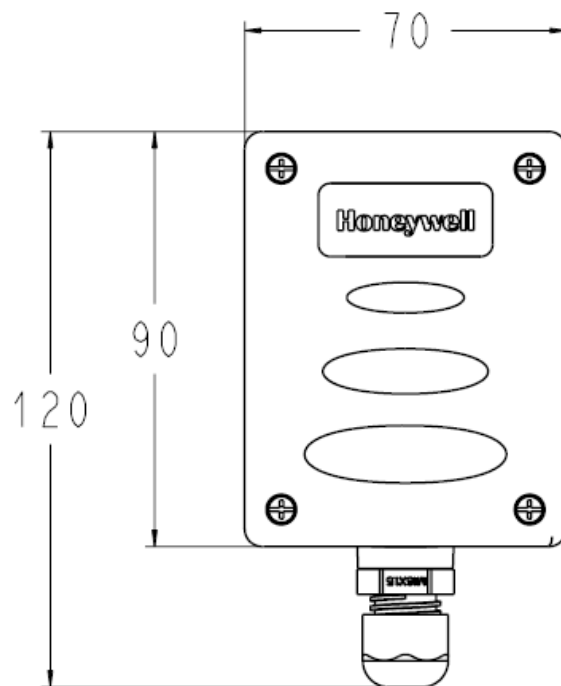
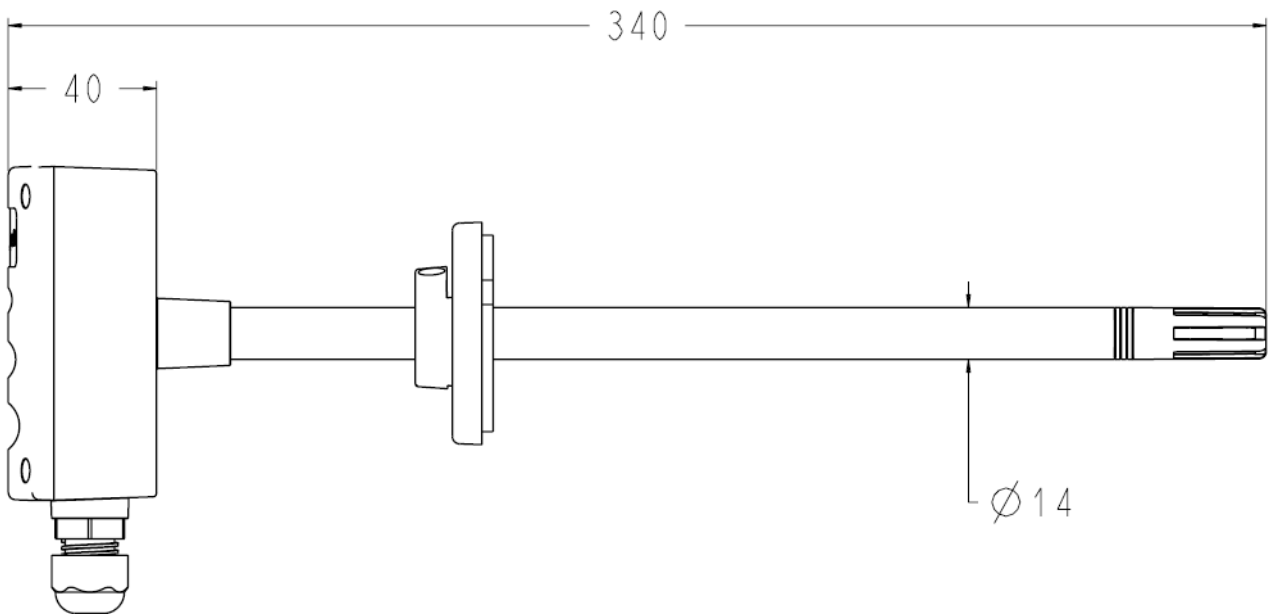
Note:

1. Output is voltage mode (0-10V) when load resistance is over 10kΩ.
2. Output is current mode (4-20mA) when load resistance is less than 500Ω. 500Ω is recommended.
3. Power on again after load resistor switch.
4. Field wiring AWG 18 to 24 connects to a terminal block on the PCB.
5. Maximum length 200m (current output recommended).
6. Offset for temperature sensor due to wire resistance per 10m distance from sensor to controller:

| Wiring of Type | Pt1000 | NTC |
|--------------------------------|--------|------------|
| 1.0mm ² (Awg18) | 0.11K | negligible |
| 0.5mm ² (Awg20) | 0.18K | |
| 0.34mm ² (Awg22) | 0.28K | |

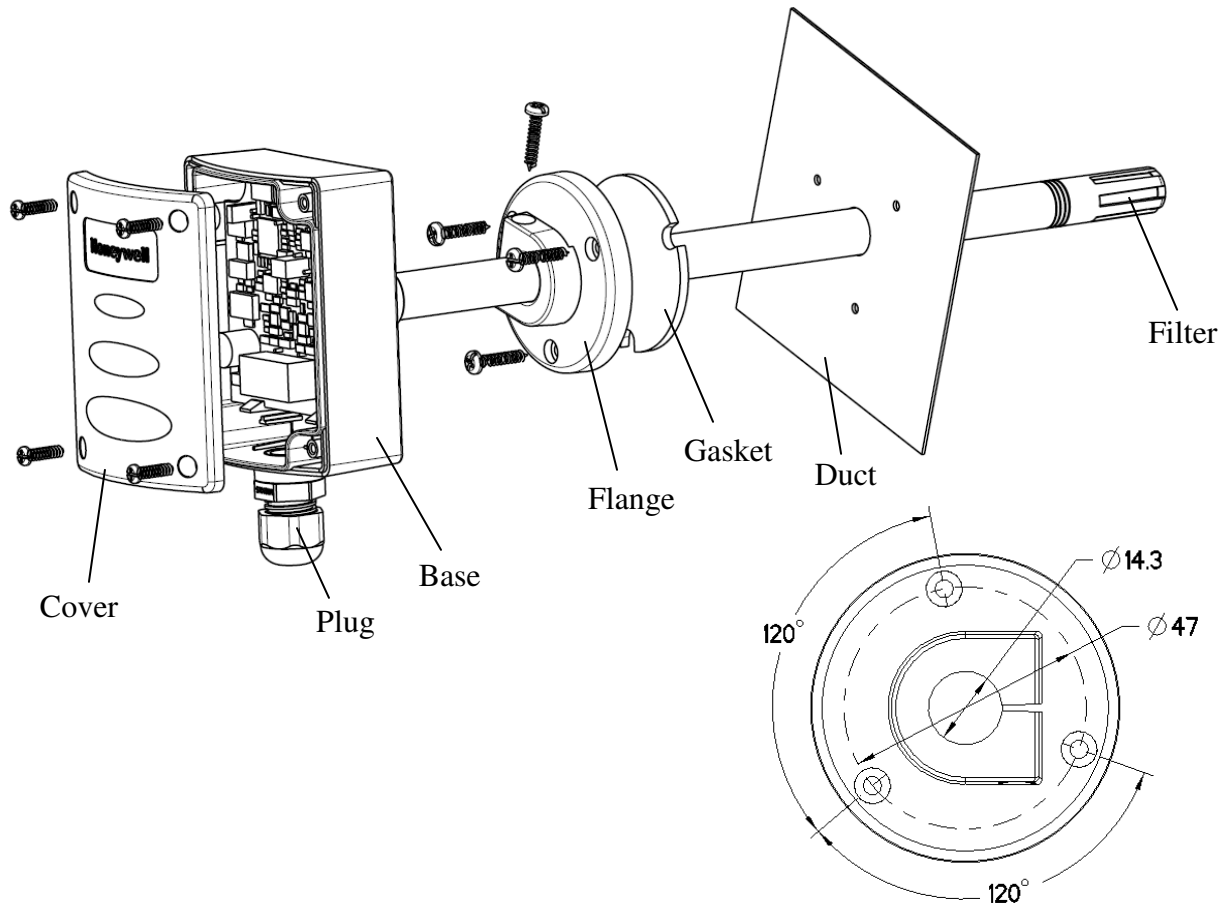
Dimension

Dimension in mm



Installation

Dimension in mm



INSTALLATION:

- Drilling a mounting hole on the duct near measuring point.
- Use enclosed screws to install the flange with gasket on the duct. Insert the probe pipe into flange and duct.
- Fix the probe pipe on the flange by enclosed screw.
(Note: Plug face to the bottom direction)
- Unscrew & open the front cover of the product.
- Lead wire from DDC or PLC panel through plug. Using screw driver to connect each wire to the terminals of the transducer module according to field wiring diagram.
- Tighten the waterproof plug around the wires.
- Put front cover back and tighten front cover by screws.

ATTENTION:

Absolutely avoid extreme mechanical and unspecified strain.

When using a 24 VAC transformer, use an isolated Transformer (Class II). If sharing the transformer with your controller, valve, actuator, or any other device, be sure to connect all of the devices with the proper polarity, since most controllers are earth grounded. Failure to do so may result in damage to the transducer, your controller, or any other devices that are attached due to a ground loop problem.

The product is equipped with stainless steel filter: since the sensor is an ESD-sensitive device, you should avoid touching the sensor cap during operation.

For maintenance purposes it is recommended, that you observe the valid ESD-safety precautions!

Please don't use in corrosive environment.

Honeywell

Automation and Control Solutions

Honeywell International Inc.
1985 Douglas Drive North
Golden Valley, MN 55422

Honeywell Environmental & Combustion
Controls (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.
158 NanHai Road, TEDA
Tianjin, 300457, P.R.C.

HST-P series

Immersion Temperature sensor

Honeywell HST-P Series Immersion Temperature Sensors are designed for liquid temperature measurement in pipe system of HVAC. Sensors are available in a variety of length probes and wells for a variety of pipe diameters.

The HST-P series immersion temperature sensors have a variety of control signal outputs and can be compatible with a variety of automatic control systems.



Basic parameter

| | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Standard Resistance | NTC 10K | 10 k Ω @ 25 °C |
| | NTC 20K | 20 k Ω @ 25 °C |
| | PT1000 | 1000 Ω @ 0°C |
| Temperature Element Accuracy | NTC 10K | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| | NTC 20K | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| | 0-10V | 0.2K @ 0°C (Temp. element is PT1000) |
| | 4-20mA | 0.2K @ 0°C (Temp. element is PT1000) |
| Sensitivity | NTC 10K | $\geq 420\Omega @ 25^\circ\text{C}$ Non-linear |
| | NTC 20K | $\geq 912\Omega @ 25^\circ\text{C}$ Non-linear |
| | PT1000 | $\geq 3.9\Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Measuring Temp. Range | | -40 ~ 150 °C |
| Working environment | | -40~70°C, 0~95%RH (Non condensation) |
| Time constant | | $\leq 35\text{S}$ |
| Power Supply | 0-10V | 15~35VDC/24VAC $\pm 20\%$ |
| | 4-20mA | 18.5~35VDC (RL=500 Ω) 8.5~35VDC (RL=0 Ω) |
| IP rated | | IP65 |
| Wiring | | 0.8~1.5mm ² |
| Storage Temp. | | -30 ~ 70 °C |
| Well connection | | G1/2-14 |
| Material | Housing | PC (Fire rating : UL94-V0, Cable entry gland UL94-V2) |
| | Probe and well | SS304 |

Order information and Parameters

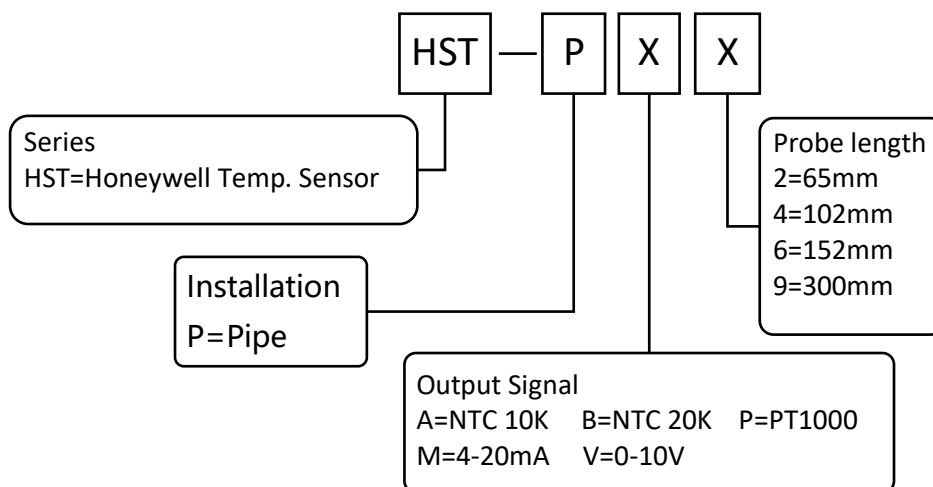
| SKU | Output Signal | Probe Length | Well* | Well SKU** |
|---------|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| HST-PA2 | NTC 10K | 65mm | Containing | HST-P102 |
| HST-PA4 | NTC 10K | 102mm | Containing | HST-P104 |
| HST-PA6 | NTC 10K | 152mm | Containing | HST-P106 |
| HST-PA9 | NTC 10K | 300mm | Containing | HST-P109 |
| HST-PB2 | NTC 20K | 65mm | Containing | HST-P102 |
| HST-PB4 | NTC 20K | 102mm | Containing | HST-P104 |
| HST-PB6 | NTC 20K | 152mm | Containing | HST-P106 |
| HST-PB9 | NTC 20K | 300mm | Containing | HST-P109 |
| HST-PP2 | PT1000 | 65mm | Containing | HST-P102 |
| HST-PP4 | PT1000 | 102mm | Containing | HST-P104 |
| HST-PP6 | PT1000 | 152mm | Containing | HST-P106 |
| HST-PP9 | PT1000 | 300mm | Containing | HST-P109 |
| HST-PM2 | 4-20mA | 65mm | Containing | HST-P102 |
| HST-PM4 | 4-20mA | 102mm | Containing | HST-P104 |
| HST-PM6 | 4-20mA | 152mm | Containing | HST-P106 |
| HST-PM9 | 4-20mA | 300mm | Containing | HST-P109 |
| HST-PV2 | 0-10V | 65mm | Containing | HST-P102 |
| HST-PV4 | 0-10V | 102mm | Containing | HST-P104 |
| HST-PV6 | 0-10V | 152mm | Containing | HST-P106 |
| HST-PV9 | 0-10V | 300mm | Containing | HST-P109 |

* One sensor SKU contains sensor and well.

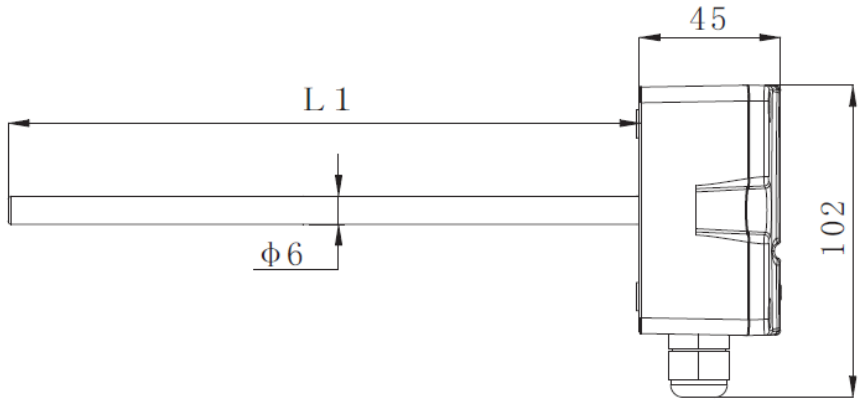
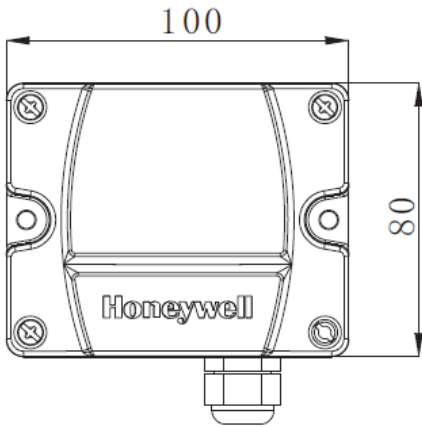
** Well can be purchased separately as an accessory.

Accessory: HST-PS (Installation Seat)

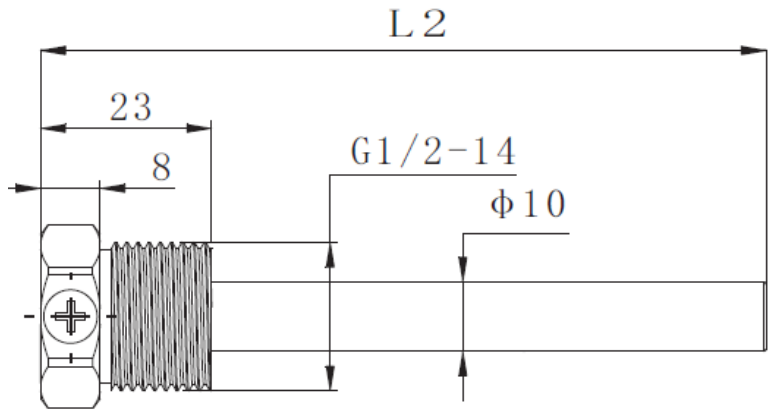
Definition



Dimension

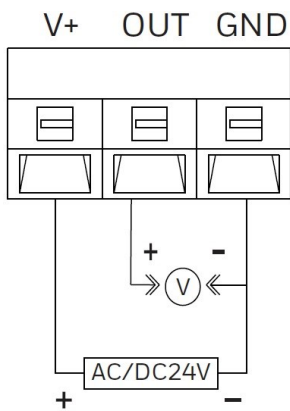


| Probe Nominal length | L1 | Well SKU | Well length L2 |
|----------------------|-------|----------|----------------|
| 65mm | 65mm | HST-P102 | 65mm |
| 102mm | 102mm | HST-P104 | 102mm |
| 152mm | 152mm | HST-P106 | 152mm |
| 300mm | 300mm | HST-P109 | 300mm |

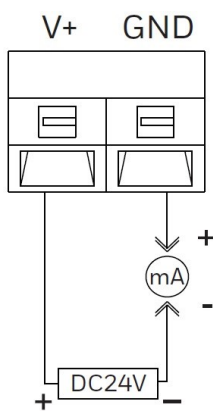


Wiring

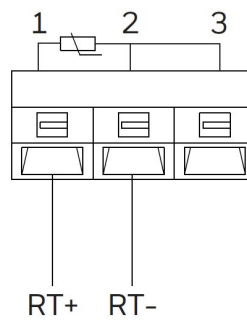
0-10V



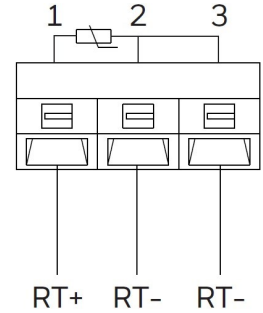
4-20mA



NTC10K/NTC20K/PT1000 Two-wire Circuit



NTC10K/NTC20K/PT1000 Three-wire Circuit



Honeywell Building Technologies

Greater China Building Business
 Website: www.honeywell.com.cn
 Service Hotline: 400-840-2233

© 2021 Honeywell International Inc.

All specifications are subject to change without notice.

THE
 FUTURE
 IS
 WHAT
 WE
 MAKE IT

Honeywell

Outside Light Level Sensor

Outside Light Level Sensor



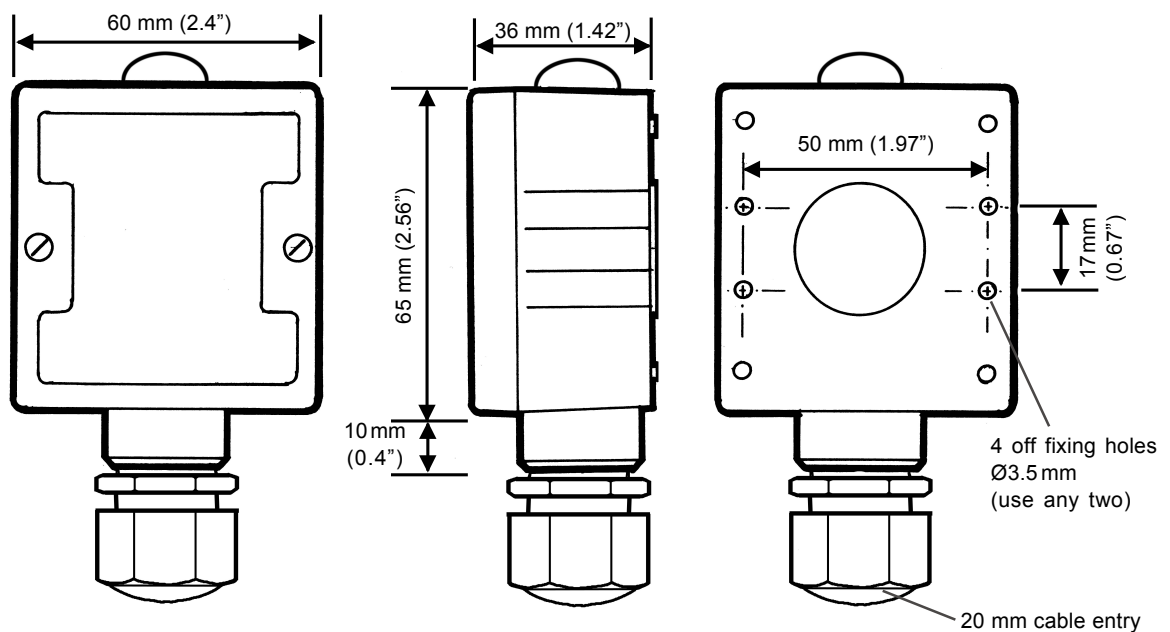
Description

The Outside Light Level Sensor is an accurate lux calibrated light level sensor which can be used for monitoring and control applications. The enclosure is IP65 rated complete with M20 cable gland making it ideal for external use. The signal output is 4 to 20 mA loop powered and the lux range is selectable at installation from the following: 0 to 1000, 0 to 2000, 0 to 4000, 0 to 8000, or 0 to 20000 lux.

Features

- multi-range, site selectable
- 4 to 20 mA output
- IP65 housing
- Ideal for outside light level measurement

Physical



FUNCTIONALITY

The sensor is mounted into a IP65 housing providing a polarity independent, loop powered 4 to 20mA signal proportional to the light level (lux) range selected.

OPERATIONAL DATA

Typical Daylight Conditions

| illuminance (lux) | Description |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| 15 to 20 | dusk |
| 2000 | reasonable daylight |
| 20000+ | bright sunlight |

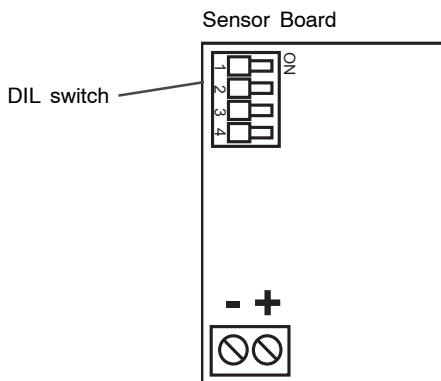
Recommended Service Illuminations

| illuminance (lux) | Description |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 20 | minimum service illuminance in outside circulation areas |
| 30 | outdoor stores, stockyards |
| 50 | exterior walkways, and car parks |
| 75 | docks and quays |
| 150 | circulation areas in industry, stores, and stockrooms |
| 200 | minimum service illuminance on task |
| 500 | general office and retail sales areas |
| 1500 | fine bench and machine work, and precision assembly |

Note:- Hand held meters generally have $\pm 10\%$ error

Switch Settings

Inside the sensor is a 4way DIL switch which can be used to select the lux range.



| sw1 | sw2 | sw3 | sw4 | Range (lux) |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|
| On | On | On | On | 1000 |
| Off | On | On | On | 2000 |
| Off | Off | On | On | 4000 |
| Off | Off | Off | On | 8000 |
| Off | Off | Off | Off | 20000 |

Default settings are for 2000 Lux

INSTALLATION

The sensor should be located on a north facing wall, out of direct sunlight. It should not be close to a light source such as street lighting.

The installation involves:

Choose location

Remove lid and mount sensor through the 2 mounting holes (do not drill the sensor box)

Route cable through cable gland

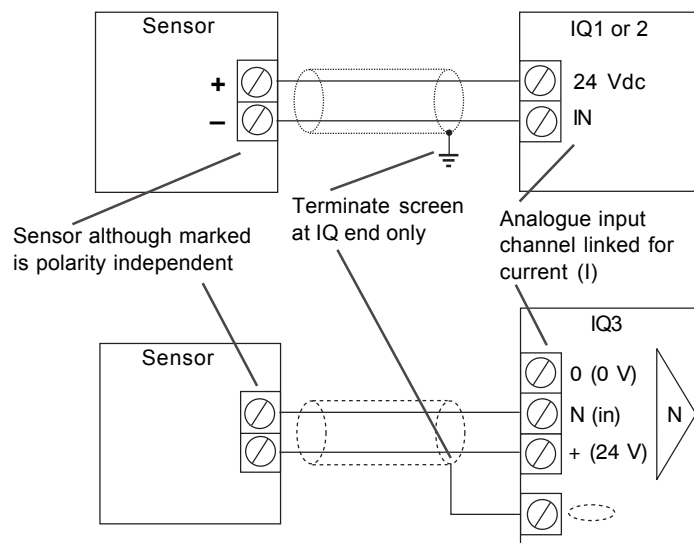
Select required range (see table above)

Connect to IQ controller

Set up strategy

Test


CONNECTIONS



PRODUCT CODE

LLO

DISPOSAL



WEEE Directive :

At the end of their useful life the packaging and product should be disposed of via a suitable recycling centre.

Do not dispose of with normal household waste.
Do not burn.

SPECIFICATION

| | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Range | :Selectable see table |
| Output | :4 to 20 mA |
| Accuracy | :±5 % (of selected range) |
| Power supply | :12 to 33 V |
| Spectral range | :330 nm to 720 nm |
| Cosine response | :Typically ±50° |
| Ambient Limits | |
| temperature | :-25 to +70 °C (-13 ° to +158°F) |
| humidity | :0 to 95 %RH |
| Connections | :1.5 mm ² cross sectional area cable (16 AWG) maximum |
| Dimensions | :60 mm w x 75 mm h x 36 mm d (2.4" x 2.95" x 1.42") |
| Weight | :90 gms (2.93 ozs) |
| Enclosure | :Flame retardant polycarbonate |
| Environmental protection | :IP65 (NEMA 4) |

Input channels and sensor scaling

For IQ controllers link input channel for current, I, and set up the sensor type scaling; the recommended method of setting up the sensor type scaling is to use SET.

For all IQ2 series controllers with firmware of version 2.1 or greater, or IQ3 series controllers, one of the following SET Unique Sensor References should be used:

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Light I 1k | (1000 lux) |
| Light I 2k | (2000 lux) |
| Light I 4k | (4000 lux) |
| Light I 8k | (8000 lux) |
| Light I 20k | (20000 lux) |

Alternatively, or for the other lux ranges, set scaling mode to 5 (characterise) and enter the scaling manually as defined in the table below. Note that for IQ3 the scaling mode and exponent (E) do not need to be set up.

| Range (lux) | | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 8000 | 20000 |
|-------------|------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Y | input type | 2 (current mA) | | | | |
| E | Exponent | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| U | Upper | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 8000 | 20000 |
| L | Lower | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| P | Points | 2 | | | | |
| x | lx | Ox | | | | |
| 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 20 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 8000 | 20000 |

System Accuracy (including controller):

| | |
|-------|--------------|
| 1000 | :± 50 lux |
| 2000 | :± 100.5 lux |
| 4000 | :± 201 lux |
| 8000 | :± 402 lux |
| 20000 | :± 1005 lux |

For all other IQ controllers see the Sensor Scaling Reference Card TB100521A.

Please send any comments about this or any other Trend technical publication to techpubs@trendcontrols.com

©2009 Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, ECC Division. All rights reserved. Manufactured for and on behalf of the Environmental and Combustion Controls Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Z.A. La Pièce, 16, 1180 Rolle, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative.

Trend Control Systems Limited reserves the right to revise this publication from time to time and make changes to the content hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revisions or changes.

Trend Control Systems Limited

Albery House, Springfield Road, Horsham, West Sussex, RH12 2YF, UK. Tel:+44 (0)1403 211888 Fax:+44 (0)1403 241608 www.trendcontrols.com

Trend Control Systems USA

6670 185th Avenue NE, Redmond, Washington 98052, USA. Tel: (425)897-3900, Fax: (425)869-8445 www.trendcontrols.com

HSH-D series

Duct Temp. & Relative Humidity Sensors



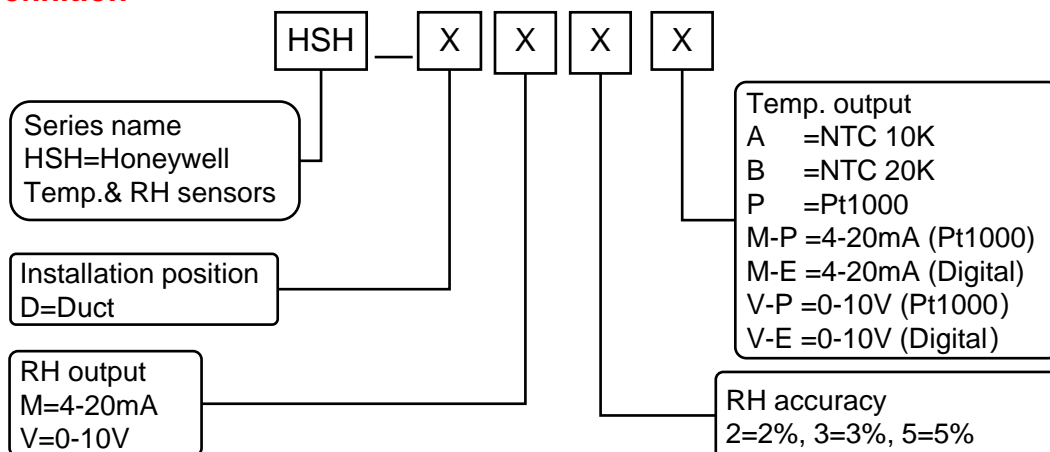
Honeywell HSH-D series duct temperature & relative humidity sensors are applied to measure the HVAC duct air temperature and relative humidity.

The HSH-D series duct temperature & relative humidity sensors have a variety of control signal outputs and can be compatible with a variety of automatic control systems

Basic Parameters

| | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measuring Temp. Range | | -40 ~ 60 °C |
| Working Environment | | -40~60°C, 0~95%RH (Non condensation) |
| Humidity Accuracy @ 25°C and 24VDC | 2% | 20~80%: ±2%; 0-95%: ±3% |
| | 3% | 20~80%: ±3%; 0-95%: ±5% |
| | 5% | 20~80%: ±5%; 0-95%: ±9% |
| Power Supply | 0-10V | 24 VDC/24VAC±20% |
| | 4-20mA | 24 VDC ±20% |
| IP Rated | | IP65 |
| Wire conduct Diameter | | 0.33~1.65mm ² |
| Storage Temp. | | -40 ~ 70 °C |
| Housing Material | | PC (Fire rating: UL94-V0) |
| Certification | | EN IEC 61000-6-3:2021, EN IEC 61000-6-2:2019 EN IEC 60730-1:2016+A1, EN IEC 60730-2-9:2019+A1 |

Definition



Order information and Technical Specification

| SKU | RH Output | RH accuracy | Temp. Output | Temp. sensor element type | Temp. Accuracy* |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| HSH-DM2A | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM2B | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM2P | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-DM2M-P | 4~20mA | 2% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM2M-E | 4~20mA | 2% | 4~20mA | Digital** | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM3A | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM3B | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM3P | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-DM3M-P | 4~20mA | 3% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM3M-E | 4~20mA | 3% | 4~20mA | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM5A | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM5B | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM5P | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-DM5M-P | 4~20mA | 5% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DM5M-E | 4~20mA | 5% | 4~20mA | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV2A | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV2B | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV2P | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-DV2V-P | 0~10V | 2% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV2V-E | 0~10V | 2% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV3A | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV3B | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV3P | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-DV3V-P | 0~10V | 3% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV3V-E | 0~10V | 3% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV5A | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV5B | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV5P | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-DV5V-P | 0~10V | 5% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-DV5V-E | 0~10V | 5% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |

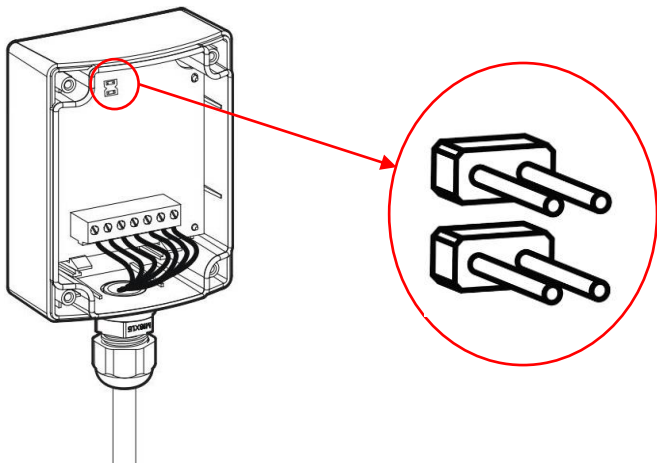
* 1. For the passive output type sensors, the temperature accuracy is the sensing element temperature accuracy. For the current and voltage signal output type sensors, the temperature accuracy is the transmitter accuracy when the power supply is 24VDC.

* 2. The temperature accuracy in the table above is the accuracy of the specified temperature point.

** Temperature sensor element type is **Digital** refers to the sensor type is PN junction type digital temperature sensing element, **Digital** is for short.

Temperature range setting and Wiring diagrams

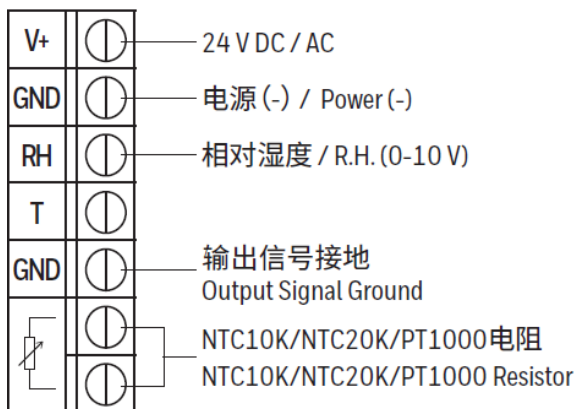
1. Measure Temperature range setting (only for 0-10V and 4-20mA output)



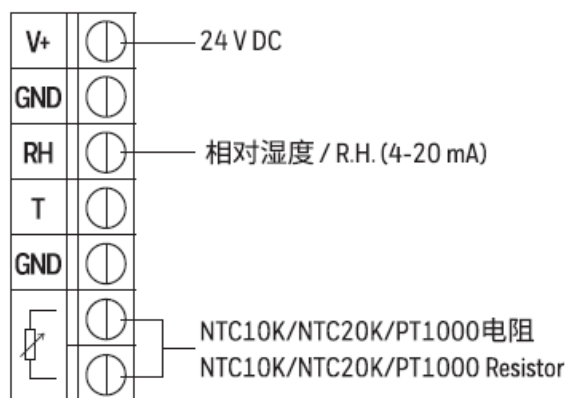
| Jumper | Temp. Range |
|--------|----------------------------|
| | -40°C ~ 60 °C (default) |
| | -20°C ~ 50 °C |
| | 0°C ~ 50 °C |

2. Wiring Diagrams: Wiring according to the wiring diagram corresponding to the model.

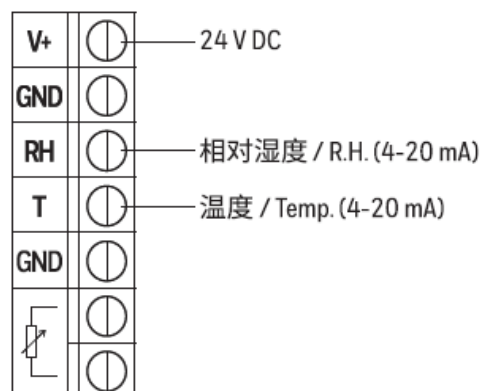
| SKU |
|----------|
| HSH-DV2A |
| HSH-DV2B |
| HSH-DV2P |
| HSH-DV3A |
| HSH-DV3B |
| HSH-DV3P |
| HSH-DV5A |
| HSH-DV5B |
| HSH-DV5P |



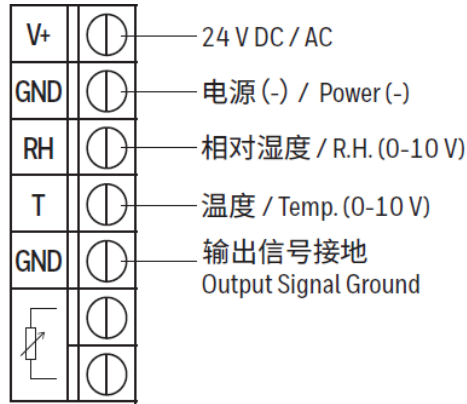
| SKU |
|----------|
| HSH-DM2A |
| HSH-DM2B |
| HSH-DM2P |
| HSH-DM3A |
| HSH-DM3B |
| HSH-DM3P |
| HSH-DM5A |
| HSH-DM5B |
| HSH-DM5P |



| SKU |
|------------|
| HSH-DM2M-X |
| HSH-DM3M-X |
| HSH-DM5M-X |



| SKU |
|------------|
| HSH-DV2V-X |
| HSH-DV3V-X |
| HSH-DV5V-X |



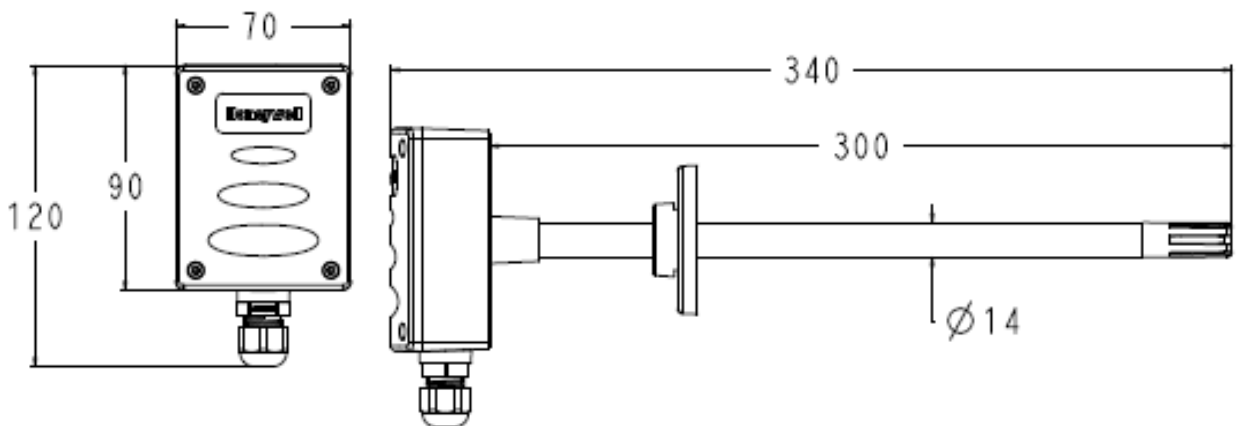
Tips:

1. Connection terminals are suitable for AWG15~22.
2. Due to the influence of wire resistance, the length of the cable between the sensor and the controller will cause the temperature drift. The details are as follows.

| Wire gauge | permissible cable length | PT1000 Temp. drift every 10 meters cable | NTC10K / NTC20K Temperature shift |
|------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| AWG 22 | 50m | 0.272K | Negligible |
| AWG 20 | 150m | 0.173K | |
| AWG 18 | 150m | 0.109K | |
| AWG 17 | 150m | 0.086K | |
| AWG 16 | 300m | 0.069K | |
| AWG 15 | 300m | 0.054K | |

Dimension

Unit: mm



HSH-E series

Outside Temp. & Relative Humidity Sensors

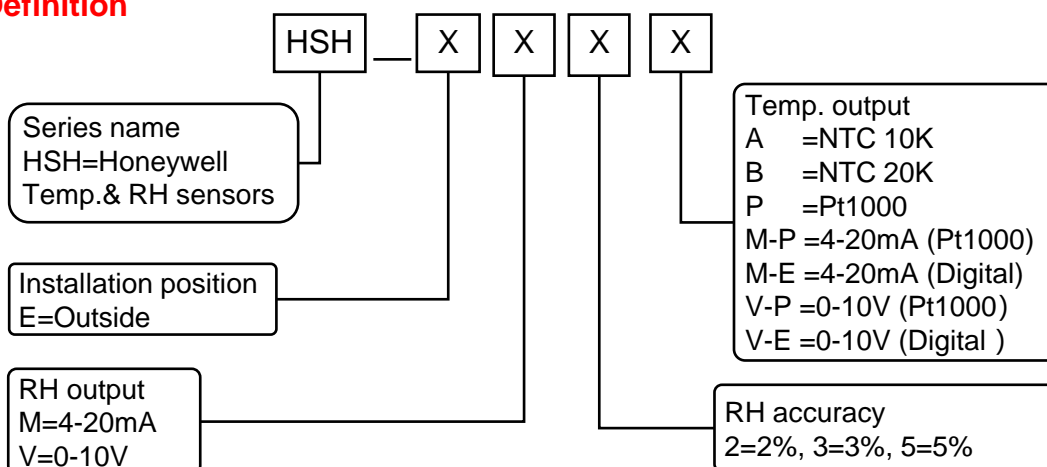
Honeywell HSH-E series Outside temperature & relative humidity sensors are applied to measure the outside air temperature and relative humidity. The HSH-E series outside temperature & relative humidity sensors have a variety of control signal outputs and can be compatible with a variety of automatic control systems.



Basic Parameters

| | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measuring Temp. Range | | -40 ~ 60 °C |
| Working Environment | | -40~60°C, 0~95%RH (Non condensation) |
| Humidity Accuracy @ 25°C and 24VDC | 2% | 20~80%: ±2%; 0-95%: ±3% |
| | 3% | 20~80%: ±3%; 0-95%: ±5% |
| | 5% | 20~80%: ±5%; 0-95%: ±9% |
| Power Supply | 0-10V | 24 VDC/24VAC±20% |
| | 4-20mA | 24 VDC ±20% |
| IP Rated | | IP65 |
| Wire conduct Diameter | | 0.33~1.65mm ² |
| Storage Temp. | | -40 ~ 70 °C |
| Housing Material | | PC (Fire rating: UL94-V0) |
| Certification | | EN IEC 61000-6-3:2021, EN IEC 61000-6-2:2019 EN IEC 60730-1:2016+A1, EN IEC 60730-2-9:2019+A1 |

Definition



Order information and Technical Specification

| SKU | RH Output | RH accuracy | Temp. Output | Temp. sensor element type | Temp. Accuracy* |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| HSH-EM2A | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM2B | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM2P | 4~20mA | 2% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EM2M-P | 4~20mA | 2% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM2M-E | 4~20mA | 2% | 4~20mA | Digital** | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3A | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3B | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3P | 4~20mA | 3% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EM3M-P | 4~20mA | 3% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM3M-E | 4~20mA | 3% | 4~20mA | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5A | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5B | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5P | 4~20mA | 5% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EM5M-P | 4~20mA | 5% | 4~20mA | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EM5M-E | 4~20mA | 5% | 4~20mA | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2A | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2B | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2P | 0~10V | 2% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EV2V-P | 0~10V | 2% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV2V-E | 0~10V | 2% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3A | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3B | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3P | 0~10V | 3% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EV3V-P | 0~10V | 3% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV3V-E | 0~10V | 3% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5A | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | 10K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5B | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | 20K NTC | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5P | 0~10V | 5% | Resistance Value | PT1000 | 0.2K @ 0°C |
| HSH-EV5V-P | 0~10V | 5% | 0-10V | PT1000 | 0.3K @ 25°C |
| HSH-EV5V-E | 0~10V | 5% | 0-10V | Digital | 0.3K @ 25°C |

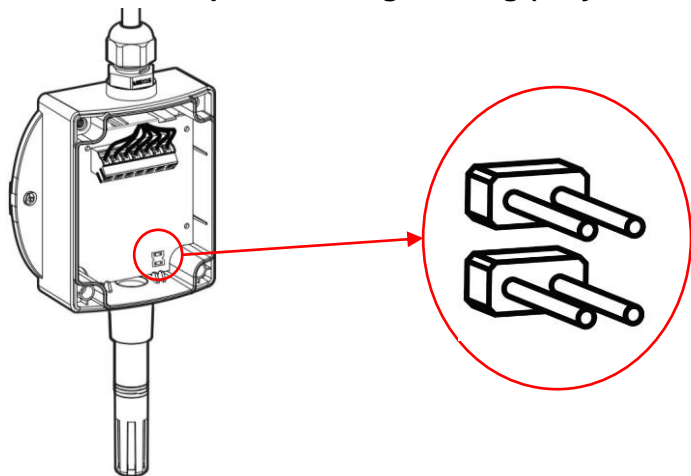
* 1. For the passive output type sensors, the temperature accuracy is the sensing element temperature accuracy. For the current and voltage signal output type sensors, the temperature accuracy is the transmitter accuracy when the power supply is 24VDC.

* 2. The temperature accuracy in the table above is the accuracy of the specified temperature point.

** Temperature sensor element type is **Digital** refers to the sensor type is PN junction type digital temperature sensing element, **Digital** is for short.

Temperature range setting and Wiring diagrams

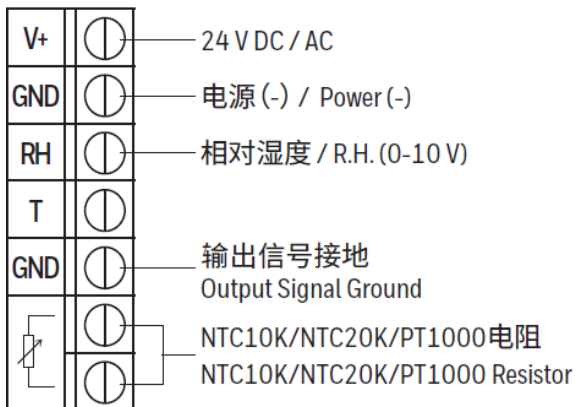
1. Measure Temperature range setting (only for 0-10V and 4-20mA output)



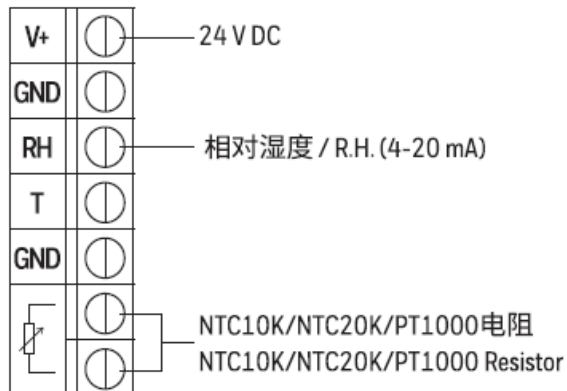
| Jumper | Temp. Range |
|--------|----------------------------|
| | -40°C ~ 60 °C (default) |
| | -20°C ~ 50 °C |
| | 0°C ~ 50 °C |

2. Wiring Diagrams: Wiring according to the wiring diagram corresponding to the model.

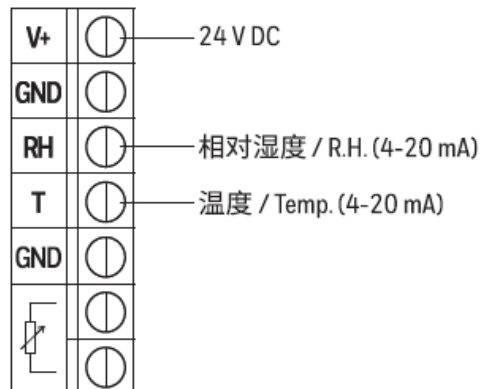
| SKU |
|----------|
| HSH-EV2A |
| HSH-EV2B |
| HSH-EV2P |
| HSH-EV3A |
| HSH-EV3B |
| HSH-EV3P |
| HSH-EV5A |
| HSH-EV5B |
| HSH-EV5P |



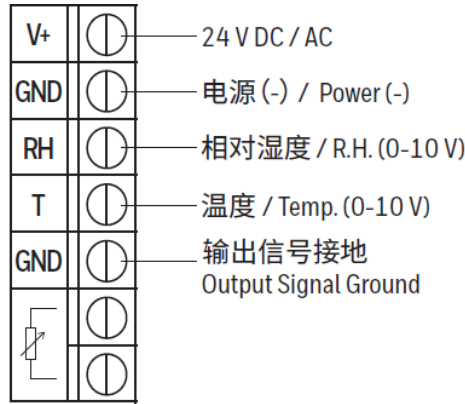
| SKU |
|----------|
| HSH-EM2A |
| HSH-EM2B |
| HSH-EM2P |
| HSH-EM3A |
| HSH-EM3B |
| HSH-EM3P |
| HSH-EM5A |
| HSH-EM5B |
| HSH-EM5P |



| SKU |
|------------|
| HSH-EM2M-X |
| HSH-EM3M-X |
| HSH-EM5M-X |



| SKU |
|------------|
| HSH-EV2V-X |
| HSH-EV3V-X |
| HSH-EV5V-X |

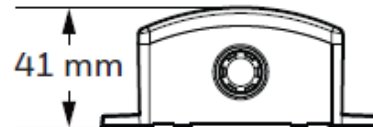
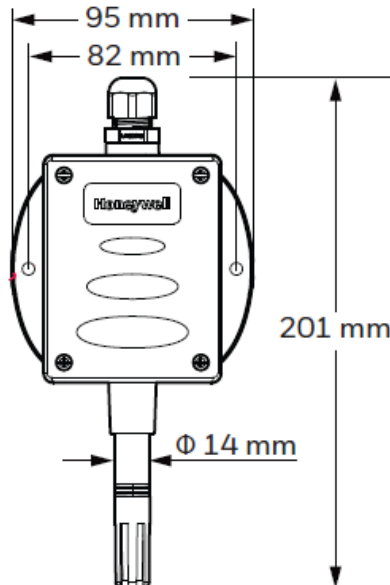


Tips:

1. Connection terminals are suitable for AWG15~22.
2. Due to the influence of wire resistance, the length of the cable between the sensor and the controller will cause the temperature drift. The details are as follows.

| Wire gauge | permissible cable length | PT1000 Temp. drift every 10 meters cable | NTC10K / NTC20K Temperature shift |
|------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| AWG 22 | 50m | 0.272K | Negligible |
| AWG 20 | 150m | 0.173K | |
| AWG 18 | 150m | 0.109K | |
| AWG 17 | 150m | 0.086K | |
| AWG 16 | 300m | 0.069K | |
| AWG 15 | 300m | 0.054K | |

Dimension

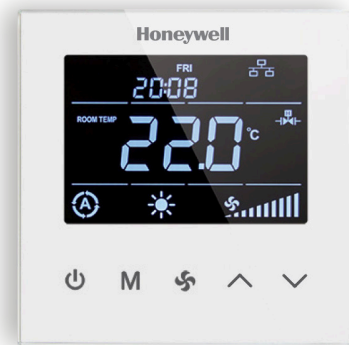


TB3 SERIES COMMUNICATING THERMOSTATS

For 2-pipe and 4-pipe Fan Coil Units

Features

- Manual or automatic 3-speed fan control
- On/Off (TB3140) and Modulating (TB3240) Valves Control
- Auto, Heat, Cool and Ventilation modes
- Manual or automatic heating/cooling changeover
- Universal input for external sensor or windows/energy saving contact etc.
- Automatic heating/cooling changeover via changeover sensor
- User setpoint limitation
- Clock and time schedule functions
- Partial/Full keypad lock
- Configurable user parameters
- BACnet MS/TP communication
- Modern styling and capacitive touch buttons
- Blue backlight LCD
- Different colour options; black and white
- EU box flush-mount



Applications

TB3 Series Fan Coil Thermostats used in individual rooms or zones in buildings. It is designed for two and four pipe fan coil units. TB3 Series has one universal input as external sensor or open/close contact input, three relay fan outputs, two relay valve outputs (TB3140), two analogue valve outputs (TB3240) and one EIA-485 (BACnet MS/TP). It controls the fan coil unit depending on the internal room sensor or external return sensor temperature.

Notes on Usage

Please, read this datasheet carefully. TB3 Series thermostat safety rules in accordance with the latest technological developments designed and manufactured. To avoid injury and property damage safety warnings must be observed.

Security Advice-Caution

Assembly, maintenance, diagnostic and repair must be done by authorized service. The power supply of the device is 220VAC (TB3140) and 24V AC/DC (TB3240) and it has no internal fuse. External protection with max C10A (TB3140), C5A (TB3240) circuit breaker required in all cases. Disconnect from power supply before separating front plate.



Ordering Information

| SPECIFICATIONS | | | | |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| PRODUCT CODE | DESCRIPTION | COLOUR | POWER | COMMUNICATION |
| TB3240B/U | 3 Digital Outputs (Relay) Fan Control 2 Analog Outputs (0-10V) Valve Control 1 Universal Input | Black | 24 V AC/DC 50/60Hz | EIA-485(BACnet MS/TP) |
| TB3240W/U | 3 Digital Outputs (Relay) Fan Control 2 Analog Outputs (0-10V) Valve Control 1 Universal Input | White | 24 V AC/DC 50/60Hz | EIA-485(BACnet MS/TP) |
| TB3140B/U | 3 Digital Outputs (Relay) Fan Control 2 Relay Outputs Valve Control 1 Universal Input | Black | 220 VAC, 50/60Hz | EIA-485(BACnet MS/TP) |
| TB3140W/U | 3 Digital Outputs (Relay) Fan Control 2 Relay Outputs Valve Control 1 Universal Input | White | 220 VAC, 50/60Hz | EIA-485(BACnet MS/TP) |

| TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FEATURE | RECOMMENDED |
| Power Supply | 24V AC/DC 50/60Hz (for TB3240B/TB3240W) 100~220VAC 50/60Hz (for TB3140B/TB3140W) |
| Power Consumption | Max ~3.0 VA |
| Electrical Connection | Terminal Connectors |
| Battery for Real Time Clock (RTC) | Lithium CR1220 3.3V |
| UI Input Measuring Range | -10°C ... +100°C (+14°F ... +212°F) |
| Displayed Resolution | 0.1°C (1°F) |
| Inputs | 1 Universal Input (NTC 10K or Dry Contact) |
| Outputs | 3 Digital Outputs (3 x 5(2) A Relay) 2 Relay Valve Outputs (2 x 5(2) A Relay)(TB3140) 2 Analog Outputs (2 x 0-10V)(TB3240) |
| Temperature Accuracy | 0.3 deg C |
| Operating Temperature Range | 10-55 deg C |
| Communication | 1 x EIA-485(BACnet MS/TP) |
| Temperature Setting | 5°C ... 40°C (Adjustable) (41°F ... 104°F (Adjustable) |
| Dimensions | 86 x 86 x 52 mm |
| Mounting | Flush Mounted (Standard EU box) |

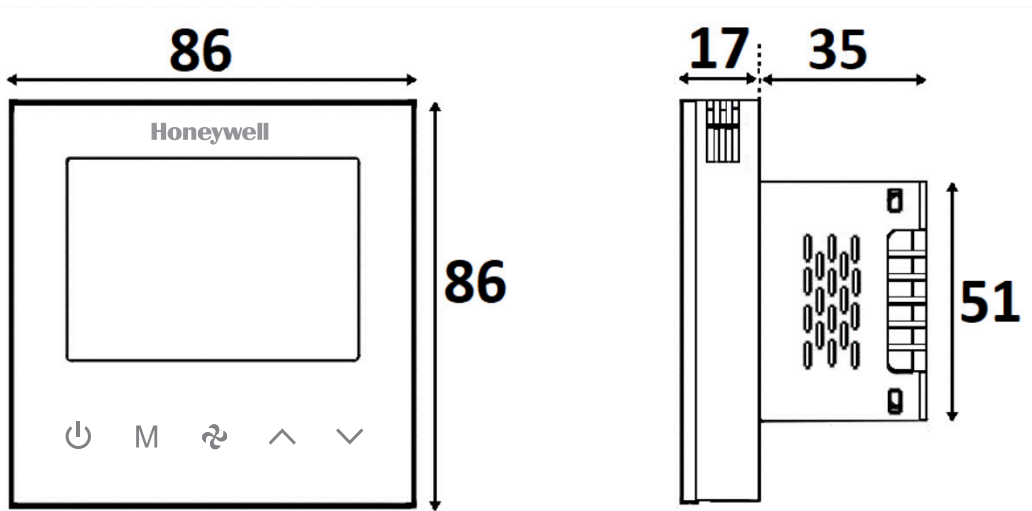
Mounting Location

Thermostat is suggested to be installed indoor, a place with around 1.5m height above the floor where represents the average room temperature. It should be away from direct sunlight, any cover or any heat source, to avoid false signal for temperature control.

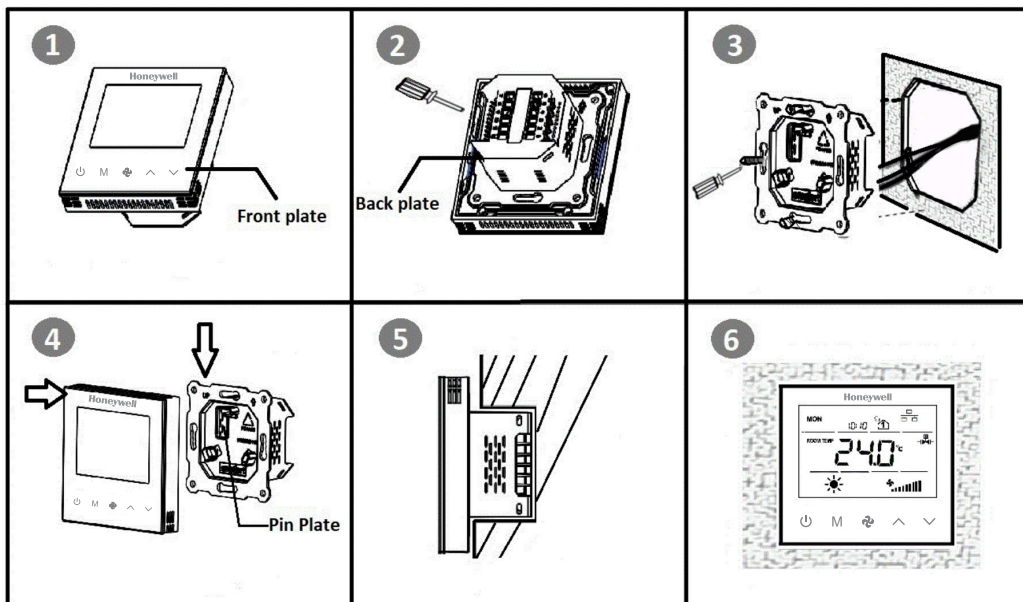


CAUTION: Power off supply at circuit breaker or fuse before installation to avoid fire, shock or death!

Dimension (mm)



Mounting Location



Note: This Communicating thermostat is suitable for mounting on Standard 75 * 75 * 47 mm Honeywell recommended back box as per BS4662:2006 + A1:2009 standard or equivalent

Please follow below instructions during mounting.

Step 1: Take the thermostat out from the package. Get the datasheet inside the package.

Step 2: Connect the wires well according to the wiring diagram below.

Step 3: Separate the front plate and the back plate, and then use screwdriver to fix the back plate into the electric box with 4 screws.

Step 4: Attach the front plate to the back plate, making sure the pin plates on each side are well matched.

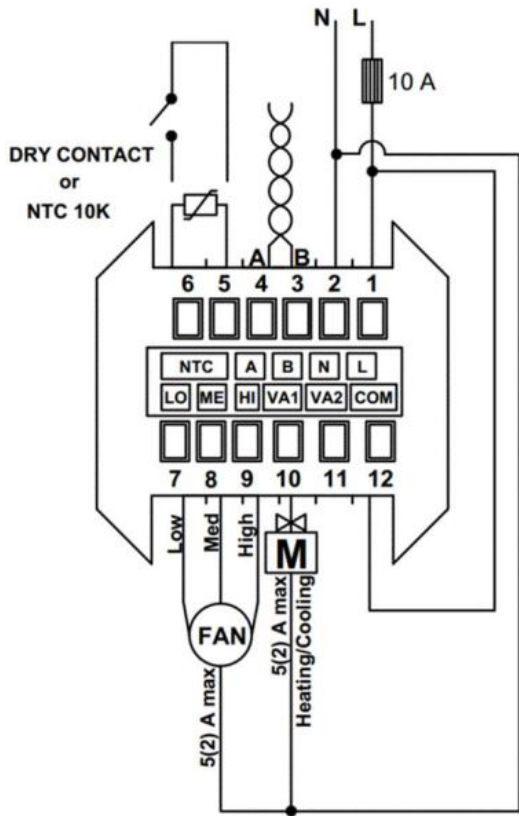
Step 5: Refer to the picture after installation.

Step 6: Power on the thermostat to work.

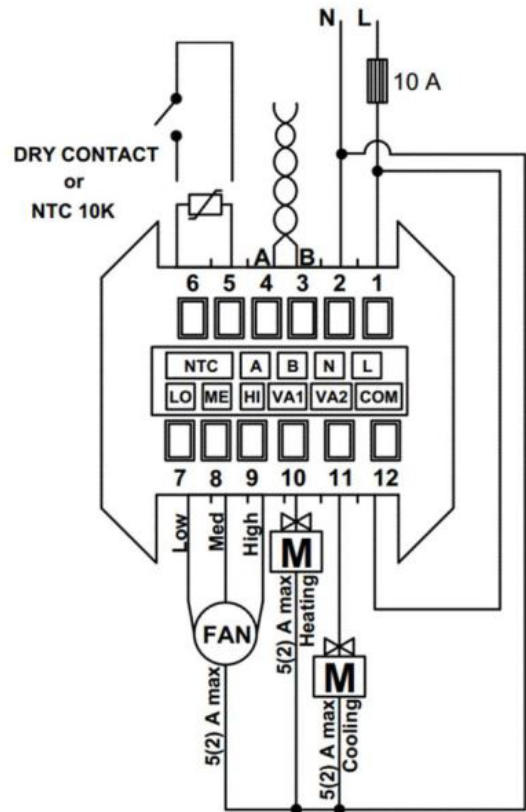
Connection Diagrams

For TB3140 on/off connection diagram

Connection Diagram for 2-Pipe Fan Coil

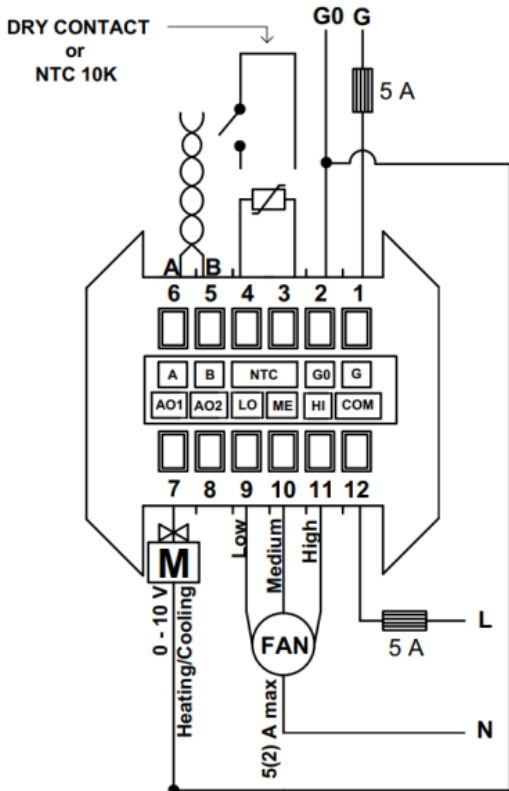


Connection Diagram for 4-Pipe Fan Coil

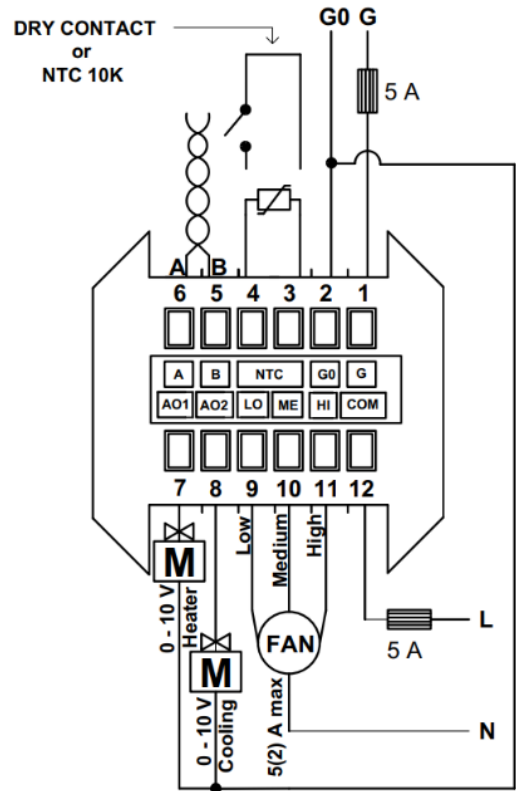


For TB3240 Modulating connection diagram

Connection Diagram for 2-Pipe Fan Coil



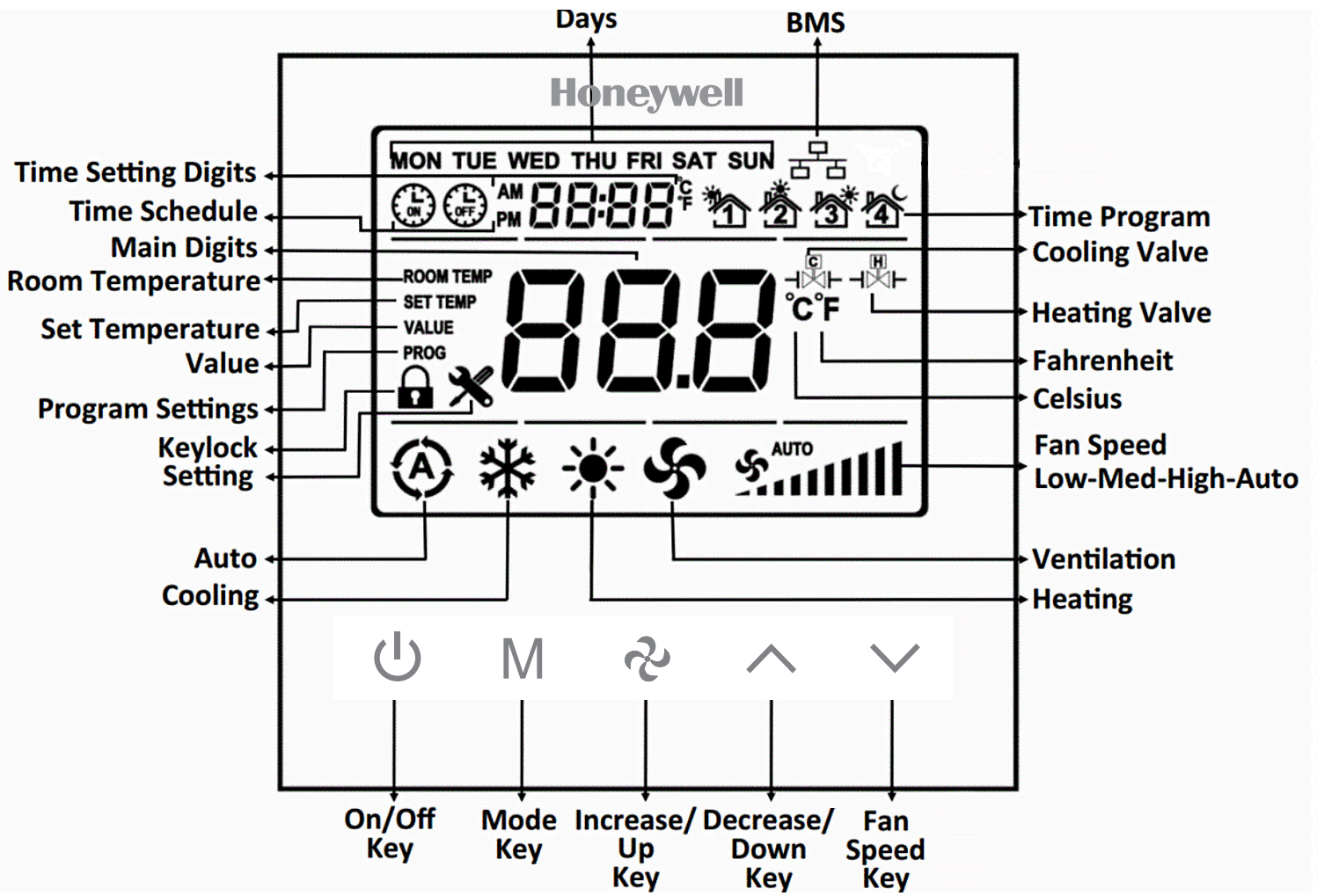
Connection Diagram for 4-Pipe Fan Coil



NOTE: Thermostat has no internal fuse. External protection with max C 5 A circuit breaker required in all cases. Isolate the cables of NTC-dry contact from 230 V(TB3140), 24V AC/DC(TB3240) power supply.

- 5A Fuse not included in Product supply

Display and Operations



User Settings

- **Mode Selection:** When the “M” key is pressed, the mode change for 2-Pipe Systems is in the form of Cooling, Heating and Ventilation; Auto, Cooling, Heating and Ventilation for 4-Pipe Systems.

- **Fan Selection:** When the “” key is pressed, fan speed can be changed as Low, Med, High, Auto.

- **Time Setting:** When pressing the “M” key for 3 seconds, year digits flashes on the panel. “M” key is pressing once again, month digit flashes on the panel. “M” key is pressing once again, day digit flashes on the panel. “M” key is pressing once again, hour digit flashes on the panel. “M” key is pressing once again, minute digit flashes on the panel. “M” key is pressing once again, day of week digit flashes on the panel. Year, month, day, hour, minute, day of week can be changed by “▲” and “▼” keys.

Order: Year -> Month -> Day -> Hour -> Minute -> Day Of Week

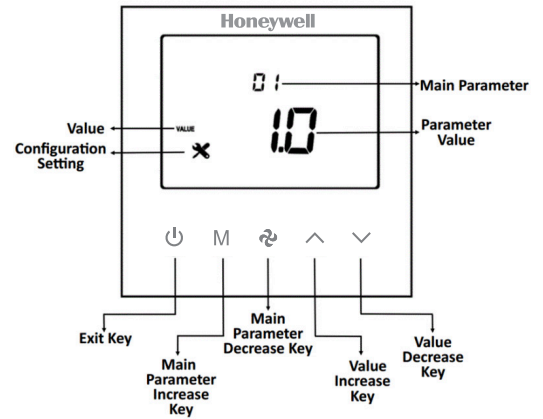
- **Schedule Operations:** Be sure to set clock setting, before making schedule operation. After setting day, to enter the Schedule menu, press the “M” key one time. While in the Schedule menu, “Monday opening time hour digit” can be flashed. “M” key is pressing once again, “Monday opening time minute digit” flashes on the panel. Press the “M” key to enter the “Monday closing time hour digit” can be flashed. “M” key is pressing once again, “Monday closing time minute digit” flashes on the panel. While the digits flashing, hour and minute can be changed by “▲” and “▼” keys. Press the “M” key (one or more times) to select the other day of week.

- **Key Lock Operation:** When pressing “M” and “▲” key, key lock digit displays on the panel. The panel locked. When the panel is locked, press the “M” and “▲” keys to unlock panel. “Key Lock” options can be changed via parameter P6. To lock two or more buttons at the same time; sum the numbers of the buttons. To lock mode key and on/off key, 1 (on/off) and 2 (mode) should be added and written 3. To lock setpoint and fan speed, 4 (setpoint) and 8 (fan speed) should be added and written 12.

Configuration

Configuration Menu Description

When the device on or off position, press together “Main Parameter Increase Key” “M” and Value Decrease Key “▼” for 3 seconds, to enter the Configuration Menu. You can exit the Configuration Menu by pressing Exit Key. Parameter setting screen will return to main screen without any action in 30 seconds. All parameters are stored within an EEPROM ensuring no data loss if the Thermostat is powered off.



Universal Input (Parameter P32 or via BACnet)

External Sensor for room (parameter P32 = 1)

The device operates according to external temperature sensor value read from universal input.

- External Sensor (parameter P32 = 2)

The device operates according to internal temperature sensor value. The temperature read from the universal input can be monitored from **P36**.

- Changeover sensor (parameter P32 = 3)

If “Universal Input” value is selected as changeover, “dead zone” cannot be used.

Changeover sensor only valid when “Fan Coil Type” is set to 2.

When the water temperature is above **P34** the thermostat changes over to heating mode. It stays in heating mode until the temperature falls below **P33**.

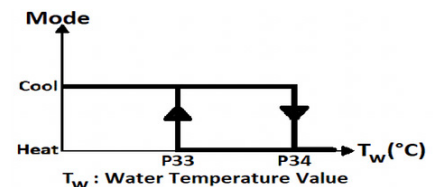
When the water temperature is below **P33**, the thermostat changes over to cooling mode. It stays in cooling mode until the temperature rises above **P34**.

- Windows contact/Energy saving-On/Off (NC Contact) (parameter P32 = 4)

When this contact is closed, the device is in the "ON" position. When this condition is not met, the device shows “OPEN” on the panel and the outputs of the device are passive.

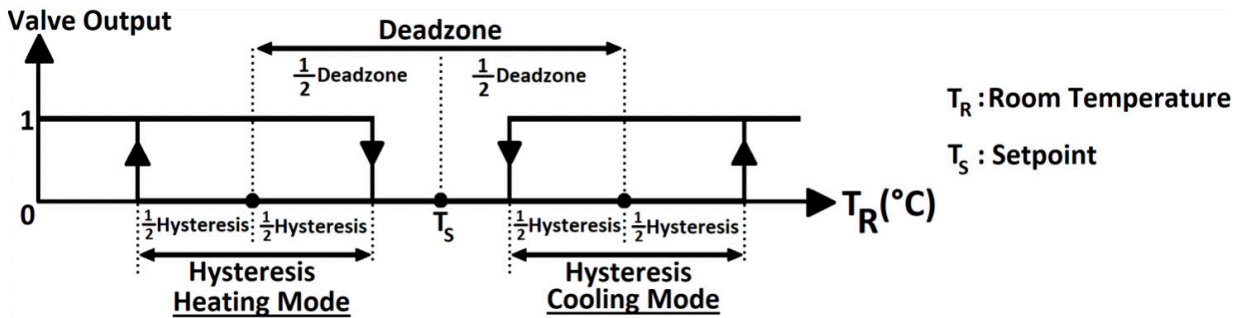
- Windows contact/Energy saving-Off/On (NO Contact) (parameter P32 = 5)

When this contact is opened, the device is in the "ON" position. When this condition is not met, the device shows “OPEN” on the panel and the outputs of the device are passive.



Hysteresis (Parameter P40 or via BACnet)

The output diagram of the valve according to the relation between TS and TR is given below.



Fan/Valve Control Selection (Parameter P41 or via BACnet)

In valve independent mode, the fan operates according to manual fan selection or automatic fan control. When valve is closed, the fan will go on to operate.

In valve dependent mode, the fan will be closed when the valve is closed. If the valve is open, the fan will operate according to manual fan selection or automatic fan control.

Restore Factory Setting (Parameter P45 or via BACnet)

The device can load the factory setting parameters via parameter P45, by changing the value to "1", and pressing button "Exit Key" (⏏). The display shows top and bottom lines loaded step by step during reload process approximately 3 seconds.

Alarms

Alarm Code will appear on the screen, during alarm. If there is more than one alarm, alarms are shown alternately.

- Onboard Sensor Alarm

If the onboard sensor is broken down from the device displayed "AL01" on the panel and "Err" on the Main Digits. During the alarm, device outputs will be closed. During the alarm, If the "Universal Input" is selected to "External Sensor", the device continues normal operation.

- External Sensor Alarm

If the "Universal Input" is selected to "External Sensor" also the sensor is broken down, displayed "AL02" on the panel and "Err" on the Main Digits. During the alarm, device outputs will be closed. "Universal Input" is set to "Not Used" to eliminate the alarm.

- Changeover Sensor Alarm

If the "Universal Input" is selected to "Changeover Sensor" also the sensor is broken down, displayed "AL03" on the panel and "Err" on the Main Digits. During the alarm, device outputs will be closed. "Universal Input" is set to "Not Used" to eliminate the alarm.

Configuration Menu Parameters

| NO | NAME OF PARAMETER | PARAMETER DEFINITION | FACTORY DEFAULT |
|----|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| P1 | Hardware Version | Device hardware version | 1.8 |
| P2 | Firmware Version | Device firmware version | 1.0 |
| P3 | Setpoint High Limit | Range: 5°C ... 40°C (Range: 41°F ... 104°F) | 30°C (86°F) |
| P4 | Setpoint Low Limit | Range: 5°C ... 40°C (Range: 41°F ... 104°F) | 5°C (41°F) |
| P5 | Main Screen | 0 = Room temperature 1 = Setpoint temperature 2 = Swap Room Temperature and Setpoint Temperature | 0 |

| | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| P6 | Key Lock | 0 = Unlocked 1 = Lock On/Off 2 = Lock Mode 4 = Lock Setpoint 8 = Lock Fan Speed 16 = Lock Time Settings 32 = Lock Time Schedule Settings 63 = Locked All (*) To lock two or more buttons at the same time; sum the numbers of the buttons. To lock setpoint and fan speed, 4 (Setpoint) and 8 (Fan Speed) should be added and written 12. | 0 |
| P7 | Celsius or Fahrenheit | 0 = Celsius 1 = Fahrenheit | 0 |
| P8 | Time Format | 0 = 24 hours clock 1 = 12 hours clock (AM/PM) (*) The system Time Format is 24 hours clock. This parameter adjusts how to clock format on the panel/screen will shows. | 1 |
| P9 | Time Schedule Enable | 0 = Disable 1 = Enable | 1 |
| P10 | Screen Saver | 0 = Screen Saver Disabled 1 = Display On 2 = Display Off 3 = Only Room Temperature 4 = Room Temperature and Clock 5 = Swap Room Temperature and Setpoint with Clock | 4 |
| P11 | Screen Saver Mode Delay | Range: 10 ... 150 seconds | 60 sec. |
| P12 | LCD Brightness | Range: 1 ... 5 stage | 5 |
| P13 | Buzzer Stage | Range: 0 ... 5 stage | 3 |
| P14 | Power Failure | This parameter adjusts the condition that the device will continue when the power failure. 0 = Device starts off 1 = Device starts on 2 = Keep State Before Power Failure | 2 |
| P15 | Screen Off State Status | 0: Screen off 1: Room Temperature 2: Room Temperature and Off 3: Room Temperature and Clock | 1 |
| P16 (*) | Valve Proportional Band | This parameter determines proportionally the output value of the valve depending on the difference between Room Temperature and Set Point. Range: 1 ... 100 => 0.1°C ... 10°C | 20 |
| P17 P29 | Reserved | - | - |
| P30 | Fan Coil Type | 2 = 2 pipe system 4 = 4 pipe system | 4 |
| P31 | Internal Temperature Sensor Calibration | Range: -10°C ... 10°C and 0.1°C steps (Range: -18°F ... 18°F and 1°F steps) | 0°C (0°F) |
| P32 | Universal Input | 0 = Not used 1 = External Temperature sensor for room (NTC 10K) 2 = External Temperature sensor (NTC 10K) 3 = Changeover sensor (NTC 10K) 4 = Windows contact/Energy saving-On/Off (NC Contact) 5 = Windows contact/Energy saving-Off/On (NO Contact) | 0 |
| P33 | Changeover Temperature for Cooling | Range: 10°C ... 25°C. Only valid when P32 is set to 3 (Range: 50°F ... 77°F. Only valid when P32 is set to 3) | 16°C (60°F) |
| P34 | Changeover Temperature for Heating | Range: 26°C ... 45°C. Only valid when P32 is set to 3 (Range: 78°F ... 113°F. Only valid when P32 is set to 3) | 28°C (82°F) |
| P35 | Mode Change Delay | Range: 0 ... 255 minutes | 3 min. |
| P36 | Universal Input Temperature | If P32 is "1", "2" or "3", this parameter shows the sensor temperature. | 0°C (0°F) |
| P37 | Universal Input Temperature Calibration | Range: -10°C ... 10°C and 0.1°C steps (Range: -18°F ... 18°F and 1°F steps) | 0°C (0°F) |
| P38 | Auto Mode Enable | 0 = Disable (Only valid when P30 is set to 4) 1 = Enable | 1 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| P39 | Dead Zone | Range: 0°C ... 15°C. Only valid when P38 is set to 1 (Range: 0°F ... 27°F. Only valid when P38 is set to 1) | 2°C (3°F) |
| P40 | Hysteresis | Range: 0°C ... 15°C (Range: 0°F ... 27°F) | 1°C (1°F) |
| P41 | Fan/Valve Control Selection | 0 = Valve independent 1 = Valve dependent | 1 |
| P42 | Fan Stage Change Delay | Range: 0 ... 5 seconds | 2 sec. |
| P43 | Fan Off Delay | Range: 0 ... 60 seconds | 0 sec. |
| P44 | BMS Icon Enable | 0 = Disable 1 = Enable | 1 |
| P45 | Restore Factory Setting | 0 = Factory Setting Disable 1 = Factory Setting Started | 0 |
| P46 | Baudrate | 1 = 9600bps 3 = 38400bps 2 = 19200bps 4 = 76800bps | 4 |
| P47 | MAC Address | Range: 001 ... 127 | 1 |

(*): Only valid for TB3240x model.

BACnet Parameters

8, n, 1

MAC Address: 1 ... 127. **Default 1**

Baudrate : 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800. **Default 76800**

Note 1: The MAC address can be changed via configuration menu.

Note 2: Device Instance Number (Device ID) is automatically calculated as below;

Device ID = 17 * 1000 + MAC

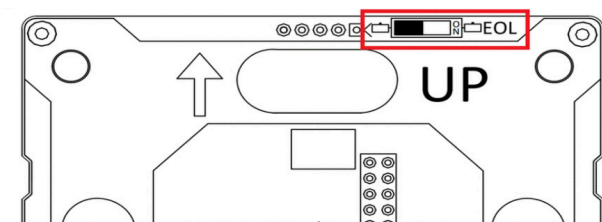
For example: Mac: 1 => Device ID = 17 * 1000 + 1 = 17001

When the MAC address is changed via configuration menu, the Device ID is automatically recalculated to avoid network ID conflict.

As a property of Device Object, Device ID value is writable via BACnet between 0 and 4194302. Once the Device ID is changed via BACnet, Device ID automatic calculation mentioned above is ineffective.

Note 3: MAC address and baudrate changings will become effective after power off and power on.

End Of Line (EOL) Resistor



Flip the TB Series thermostat front plate, you will see the EOL resistor DIP Switch at the top right corner. The default is **OFF** position (Left). If you would like to enable EOL (120 Ohm) resistor, change it to **ON** Position (Right).



OFF Position



ON Position

TB3240 Series BACnet Registers

| NO | OBJECT | VALUE | OBJECT NAME | FUNCTION | DEFAULT | READ (R)/ WRITE (W) |
|----|--------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|------------------------|
|----|--------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|------------------------|

Analog Inputs

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Analog Input #1 | -9.9°C ... 99.9°C (14.1°F ... 211.8°F) | Room Temperature | This parameter shows the room temperature value. | - | R |
| 2 | Analog Input #2 | -9.9°C ... 99.9°C (14.1°F ... 211.8°F) | Universal Input Temperature | If "Universal Input" is "1", "2" or "3", this parameter shows the sensor temperature. | - | R |

Analog Values for TB3140x

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|
| 1 | Analog Value #1 | 0 ... 3 | Mode | 0 = Fan Only 1 = Heat 2 = Cool 3 = Auto | 3 | R/W |
| 2 | Analog Value #2 | 1 ... 4 | Fan Speed | 1 = Stage 1 2 = Stage 2 3 = Stage 3 4 = Auto | 1 | R/W |
| 3 | Analog Value #3 | Set Point Low Limit ... Set Point High Limit | Set Point | This parameter is the desired room temperature value. | 21°C (69.8°F) | R/W |
| 4 | Analog Value #4 | 5°C ... 40°C (41°F ... 104°F) | Set Point High Limit | This parameter adjusts the high limit for desired room temperature. | 30°C (86°F) | R/W |
| 5 | Analog Value #5 | 5°C ... 40°C (41°F ... 104°F) | Set Point Low Limit | This parameter adjusts the low limit for desired room temperature. | 5°C (41°F) | R/W |
| 6 | Analog Value #6 | 0 ... 63 | Key Lock | 0 = Unlocked 1 = Lock On/Off 2 = Lock Mode 4 = Lock Setpoint 8 = Lock Fan Speed 16 = Lock Time Settings 32 = Lock Time Schedule Settings 63 = Locked All (*) To lock two or more buttons at the same time; sum the numbers of the buttons. To lock setpoint and fan speed, 4 (Setpoint) and 8 (Fan Speed) should be added and written 12. | 0 | R/W |
| 7 | Analog Value #7 | 0 ... 2 | Power Failure | This parameter adjusts the condition that the device will continue when the power failure. 0 = Device starts off 1 = Device starts on 2 = Keep State Before Power Failure | 2 | R/W |
| 8 | Analog Value #8 | 2 ... 4 | Fan Coil Type | 2 = 2 Pipe System 4 = 4 Pipe System | 4 | R/W |
| 9 | Analog Value #9 | -10°C ... 10°C (-18°F ... 18°F) | Internal Temperature Sensor Calibration | | 0°C (0°F) | R/W |
| 10 | Analog Value #10 | 0 ... 5 | Universal Input | 0 = Not Used 1 = External temperature sensor for room (NTC 10K) 2 = External temperature sensor (NTC 10K) 3 = Changeover sensor (NTC 10K) 4 = Windows contact/Energy saving-On/Off (NC Contact) 5 = Windows contact/Energy saving-Off/On (NO Contact) | 0 | R/W |
| 11 | Analog Value #11 | 10°C ... 25°C (50°F ... 77°F) | Changeover Temperature for Cooling | If "Universal Input" is set to "3", this parameter adjusts changeover temperature for cooling mode. | 16°C (60.8°F) | R/W |
| 12 | Analog Value #12 | 26°C ... 45°C (78.8°F ... 113°F) | Changeover Temperature for Heating | If "Universal Input" is set to "3", this parameter adjusts changeover temperature for heating mode. | 28°C (82.4°F) | R/W |
| 13 | Analog Value #13 | 0 min. ... 255 min. | Mode Change Delay | This parameter adjusts delay time between heat and cool modes. | 3 min. | R/W |
| 14 | Analog Value #14 | -10°C ... 10°C (-18°F ... 18°F) | Universal Input Temperature Calibration | | 0°C (0°F) | R/W |
| 15 | Analog Value #15 | 0°C ... 15°C (0°F ... 27°F) | Dead Zone | If "Mode" is set to "Auto", this parameter adjusts dead zone. | 2°C (3.6°F) | R/W |
| 16 | Analog Value #16 | 0°C ... 15°C (0°F ... 27°F) | Hysteresis | This parameter adjusts hysteresis. | 1°C (1.8°F) | R/W |
| 17 | Analog Value #17 | 0 sec. ... 5 sec. | Fan Stage Change Delay | This parameter adjusts delay of the changing range the fan. | 2 sec. | R/W |
| 18 | Analog Value #18 | 0 sec. ... 60 sec. | Fan Off Delay | This parameter adjusts delay of the closing time the fan. | 0 sec. | R/W |

| | | | | | | |
|----|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|
| 19 | Analog Value #19 | 0 ... 3 | Fan Status | 0 = Off 2 = Med 1 = Low 3 = High | 0 | R |
| 20 | Analog Value #20 | 0 ... 3 | Alarm | This parameter indicates the alarm state. 0 = No alarm 1 = Onboard Sensor Alarm 2 = External Sensor Alarm 3 = Changeover Sensor Alarm | 0 | R |
| 21 | Analog Value #21 | 2017 ... 2099 | Current Year | This parameter adjusts the current year. | 2020 | R/W |
| 22 | Analog Value #22 | 1 ... 12 | Current Month | This parameter adjusts the current month. | - | R/W |
| 23 | Analog Value #23 | 1 ... 31 | Current Day | This parameter adjusts the current day. | - | R/W |
| 24 | Analog Value #24 | 00 ... 23 | Current Hour | This parameter adjusts the current hour. | - | R/W |
| 25 | Analog Value #25 | 00 ... 59 | Current Minute | This parameter adjusts the current minute. | - | R/W |
| 26 | Analog Value #26 | 1 ... 4 | Baudrate | 1 = 9600bps 2 = 19200bps 3 = 38400bps 4 = 76800bps | 4 | R/W |

Analog Values for TB3240x

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|
| 1 | Analog Value #1 | 0 ... 3 | Mode | 0 = Fan Only 1 = Heat 2 = Cool 3 = Auto | 3 | R/W |
| 2 | Analog Value #2 | 1 ... 4 | Fan Speed | 1 = Stage 1 2 = Stage 2 3 = Stage 3 4 = Auto | 1 | R/W |
| 3 | Analog Value #3 | Set Point Low Limit ... Set Point High Limit | Set Point | This parameter is the desired room temperature value. | 21°C (69.8°F) | R/W |
| 4 | Analog Value #4 | 5°C ... 40°C (41°F ... 104°F) | Set Point High Limit | This parameter adjusts the high limit for desired room temperature. | 30°C (86°F) | R/W |
| 5 | Analog Value #5 | 5°C ... 40°C (41°F ... 104°F) | Set Point Low Limit | This parameter adjusts the low limit for desired room temperature. | 5°C (41°F) | R/W |
| 6 | Analog Value #6 | 0 ... 63 | Key Lock | 0 = Unlocked 1 = Lock On/Off 2 = Lock Mode 4 = Lock Setpoint 8 = Lock Fan Speed 16 = Lock Time Settings 32 = Lock Time Schedule Settings 63 = Locked All (*) To lock two or more buttons at the same time; sum the numbers of the buttons. To lock setpoint and fan speed, 4 (Setpoint) and 8 (Fan Speed) should be added and written 12. | 0 | R/W |
| 7 | Analog Value #7 | 0 ... 2 | Power Failure | This parameter adjusts the condition that the device will continue when the power failure. 0 = Device starts off 1 = Device starts on 2 = Keep State Before Power Failure | 2 | R/W |
| 8 | Analog Value #8 | 2 ... 4 | Fan Coil Type | 2 = 2 Pipe System 4 = 4 Pipe System | 4 | R/W |
| 9 | Analog Value #9 | -10°C ... 10°C (-18°F ... 18°F) | Internal Temperature Sensor Calibration | | 0°C (0°F) | R/W |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|
| 10 | Analog Value #10 | 0 ... 5 | Universal Input | 0 = Not Used 1=External temperature sensor for room (NTC 10K) 2 = External sensor for room (NTC 10K) 3 = Changeover sensor (NTC 10K) 4 = Windows contact/Energy saving-On/Off (NC Contact) 5 = Windows contact/Energy saving-Off/On (NO Contact) | 0 | R/W |
| 11 | Analog Value #11 | 10°C ... 25°C (50°F ... 77°F) | Changeover Temperature for Cooling | If "Universal Input" is set to "3", this parameter adjusts changeover temperature for cooling mode. | 16°C (60.8°F) | R/W |
| 12 | Analog Value #12 | 26°C ... 45°C (78.8°F ... 113°F) | Changeover Temperature for Heating | If "Universal Input" is set to "3", this parameter adjusts changeover temperature for heating mode. | 28°C (82.4°F) | R/W |
| 13 | Analog Value #13 | 0 min. ... 255 min. | Mode Change Delay | This parameter adjusts delay time between heat and cool modes. | 3 min. | R/W |
| 14 | Analog Value #14 | -10°C ... 10°C (-18°F ... 18°F) | Universal Input Temperature Calibration | | 0°C (0°F) | R/W |
| 15 | Analog Value #15 | 0°C ... 15°C (0°F ... 27°F) | Dead Zone | If "Mode" is set to "Auto", this parameter adjusts dead zone. | 2°C (3.6°F) | R/W |
| 16 | Analog Value #16 | 0°C ... 15°C (0°F ... 27°F) | Hysteresis | This parameter adjusts hysteresis. | 1°C (1.8°F) | R/W |
| 17 | Analog Value #17 | 0 sec. ... 5 sec. | Fan Stage Change Delay | This parameter adjusts delay of the changing range the fan. | 2 sec. | R/W |
| 18 | Analog Value #18 | 0 sec. ... 60 sec. | Fan Off Delay | This parameter adjusts delay of the closing time the fan. | 0 sec. | R/W |
| 19 | Analog Value #19 | 0 ... 3 | Fan Status | 0 = Off 2 = Med 1 = Low 3 = High | 0 | R |
| 20 | Analog Value #20 | 1 ... 100 | Valve Proportional Band | This parameter determines proportionally the output value of the fan depending on the difference between Room Temperature and Set Point. Range: 0.1°C ... 10°C | 20 | R/W |
| 21 | Analog Value #21 | 0 ... 100 | VA1 State | 0V.. 10V | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | Analog Value #22 | 0 ... 100 | VA2 State | 0V.. 10V | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | Analog Value #23 | 0 ... 3 | Alarm | This parameter indicates the alarm state. 0 = No alarm 1 = Onboard Sensor Alarm 2 = External Sensor Alarm 3 = Changeover Sensor Alarm | 0 | R |
| 24 | Analog Value #24 | 2017 ... 2099 | Current Year | This parameter adjusts the current year.. | 2020 | R/W |
| 25 | Analog Value #25 | 1 ... 12 | Current Month | This parameter adjusts the current month. | - | R/W |
| 26 | Analog Value #26 | 1 ... 31 | Current Day | This parameter adjusts the current day. | - | R/W |
| 27 | Analog Value #27 | 00 ... 23 | Current Hour | This parameter adjusts the current hour. | - | R/W |
| 28 | Analog Value #28 | 00 ... 59 | Current Minute | This parameter adjusts the current minute. | - | R/W |
| 29 | Analog Value #29 | 1 ... 4 | Baudrate | 1 = 9600bps 2 = 19200bps 3 = 38400bps 4 = 76800bps | 4 | R/W |

Binary Inputs

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Binary Input #1 | 0 ... 1 | Universal Input Digital Input Value | 0 = Off 1 = On | - | R |
|----------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|

Binary Values for TB3140x

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----|
| 1 | Binary Value #1 | 0 ... 1 | Start/Stop | 0 = Stop 1 = Start | 1 | R/W |
| 2 | Binary Value #2 | 0 ... 1 | Celsius or Fahrenheit | 0 = Celsius 1 = Fahrenheit | 0 | R/W |
| 3 | Binary Value #3 | 0 ... 1 | Auto Mode Enable | 0 = Disable 1 = Enable | 1 | R/W |
| 4 | Binary Value #4 | 0 ... 1 | Fan/Valve Control Selection | 0 = Valve Independent 1 = Valve Dependent | 1 | R/W |
| 5 | Binary Value #5 | 0 ... 1 | VA1 Status | 0 = Valve Closed 1 = Valve Opened | - | R |
| 6 | Binary Value #6 | 0 ... 1 | VA2 Status | 0 = Valve Closed 1 = Valve Opened | - | R |
| 7 | Binary Value #7 | 0 ... 1 | Restore Factory Setting | 0 = Factory Setting Disable 1 = Factory Setting Started | 0 | R/W |

Binary Values for TB3240x

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----|
| 1 | Binary Value #1 | 0 ... 1 | Start/Stop | 0 = Stop 1 = Start | 1 | R/W |
| 2 | Binary Value #2 | 0 ... 1 | Celsius or Fahrenheit | 0 = Celsius 1 = Fahrenheit | 0 | R/W |
| 3 | Binary Value #3 | 0 ... 1 | Auto Mode Enable | 0 = Disable 1 = Enable | 1 | R/W |
| 4 | Binary Value #4 | 0 ... 1 | Fan/Valve Control Selection | 0 = Valve Independent 1 = Valve Dependent | 1 | R/W |
| 5 | Binary Value #5 | 0 ... 1 | Restore Factory Setting | 0 = Factory Setting Disable 1 = Factory Setting Started | 0 | R/W |

For more information

<https://buildings.honeywell.com/>

**Honeywell Building Technologies
Building Management Systems**

Emaar Business Park, Sheikh Zayed Road Building
No. 2, 2nd floor, 201 Post Office Box 232362
Dubai, United Arab Emirates
Tel: +971 44541704

Honeywell Teknoloji A.Ş.

Cayir Cad. No:7 Kat:1
Icerenkoy 34752 Istanbul, Turkey
Tel: +90 216 578 71 10
Faks: +90 216 575 66 37

www.honeywell.com

© 2020 Honeywell International Inc.

**THE
FUTURE
IS
WHAT
WE
MAKE IT**

Honeywell

HSCD Series

Carbon Dioxide Sensor

Honeywell HSCD series carbon dioxide (CO₂) sensors include two types: indoor installation and duct installation. They are mainly used for detecting carbon dioxide concentration in air of indoor and duct.

Features

- Use high-precision single/dual-wavelength NDIR sensors.
- Optional display function, LCD digital display shows clearly.
- CO₂ sensing component module can be replaced on site.
- Multiple software and hardware protection design ensures high stability.
- CO₂ sensors can be manually calibrated on site.
- The air duct type adopts a screw-free clamshell snap-on design, making wiring and commissioning easy.
- Integrated RS485 matching resistor to facilitate on-site commissioning (Modbus models only).
- RS485 isolation design can isolate high voltage and enhance immunity to ground loops and common-mode signal interference (Modbus models only).



Order Information and Technical Specification

| SKU | Installation | Sensing component | Output signal or Protocol | Display |
|-----------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| HSCD-R1U | Room | Single wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO |
| HSCD-R1UL | Room | Single wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES |
| HSCD-R2U | Room | Dual wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO |
| HSCD-R2UL | Room | Dual wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES |
| HSCD-R2M | Room | Dual wavelength NDIR | Modbus RTU | NO |
| HSCD-R2ML | Room | Dual wavelength NDIR | Modbus RTU | YES |
| HSCD-D1U | Duct | Single wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO |
| HSCD-D1UL | Duct | Single wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES |
| HSCD-D2U | Duct | Dual wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | NO |
| HSCD-D2UL | Duct | Dual wavelength NDIR | 0-10V/2-10V//4-20mA | YES |
| HSCD-D2M | Duct | Dual wavelength NDIR | Modbus RTU | NO |
| HSCD-D2ML | Duct | Dual wavelength NDIR | Modbus RTU | YES |

Basic Parameters

| | |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CO ₂ Measurement principle | Single Wavelength NDIR: Single Wavelength non-dispersive infrared Dual Wavelength NDIR: Dual Wavelength non-dispersive infrared |
| Sensor Accuracy* (@ 25°C) | Single Wavelength NDIR: ±40PPM ±3% of measuring value Dual Wavelength NDIR: ±30PPM ±3% of measuring value |
| Repeatability | ±20PPM ± 1% of measuring value |
| Temperature Dependence | ± 2.5 PPM / K (Dual Wavelength NDIR) |
| Display Resolution | 1 PPM |
| Responding Time (T63) | A. Sensing Module Responding Time : Single Wavelength NDIR: ≤30S Dual Wavelength NDIR: ≤20S B. Whole Unit Responding Time (Typically): Room Installation Type Single Wavelength NDIR: ≤75S Dual Wavelength NDIR: ≤45S Duct Installation type (air flowrate=4 m/s) Single Wavelength NDIR: ≤60S Dual Wavelength NDIR: ≤50S |
| Warm-up Time | Single Wavelength NDIR: ≤ 60 S Dual Wavelength NDIR: ≤ 120 S |
| Power Supply | 19.2~35VDC SELV; 24VAC ± 20% 50/60Hz Class 2 |
| Power Consumption | ≤ 3VA |
| Analog Output Load | 0-10V / 2-10V : Min 5 KΩ 4-20mA: Max 500 Ω |
| Analog Output Resolution | 0-10V / 2-10V : 10mV 4-20mA: 0.02mA |
| Analog Output Conversion Accuracy | 0-10V / 2-10V : ± (20mV+2% Output Value) 4-20mA: ± (0.3mA+2% Output Value) |
| Measuring Range | 0 to 9999 PPM |
| Measurement Range with Guaranteed Accuracy | 400 to 2000 PPM |
| Analog Output Range | 0 to 2000 PPM |
| Number of connected Modbus RTU devices | A maximum of 64 devices can be connected to a single network segment |
| Operation Environment | Single Wavelength NDIR: 0 °C to 50 °C , 0 to 85 %RH (Non-condensing) Dual Wavelength NDIR: 0°C to 50 °C , 0 to 95 %RH (Non-condensing) |
| Storage Environment | Single Wavelength NDIR: -20 °C to 50 °C , 0 to 85 %RH (Non-condensing) Dual Wavelength NDIR: -20 °C to 50 °C , 0 to 95 %RH (Non-condensing) |
| Protection Standard (GB4208/IEC60529) | Duct Installation type: IP65/NEMA 4; IP20 for probe Room Installation Type: IP30 |
| Automatic Self-Calibration Function | Available (On by default) |
| Calibration-free Service Life | 10 Years (ACS function enabled) |
| Housing Materials | PC (UL94-V0) |
| Certification | CE (EN IEC 61326-1:2021); China RoHS |

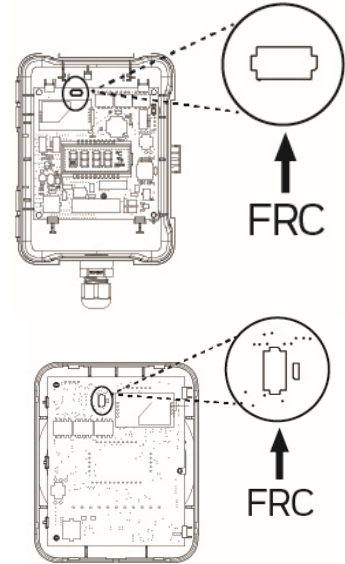
* 1. The carbon dioxide sensor is an optical sensor based on the infrared detection principle, so the accuracy of the sensor will deviate under continuous vibration.

2. The carbon dioxide sensor is a precision device. After handling, transportation and installation, the sensing accuracy may deviate. It will return to normal after being powered on for at least 7 days.

Function & Setting

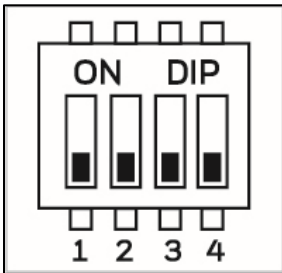
1. User manual forced re-calibration (FRC) operation

- 1) Power on the Sensor product and place it in an outdoor atmospheric environment or a 400PPM carbon dioxide standard gas environment. The product needs to be covered to avoid sunlight and strong winds;
- 2) Anti-static measures need to be taken, long press the button (FRC) on the PCB board for 4 seconds;
- 3) For products without an LCD version, the LED will flash slowly, on for 2 seconds and off for 2 seconds (indicating that it is being calibrated); for products with an LCD version, "CALI" will be displayed as shown on the right.
- 4) The stability of the ambient carbon dioxide concentration must be maintained during the calibration process. The calibration ends automatically after 11 minutes and the product returns to normal operation.



2. DIP setting

A. Analog output type

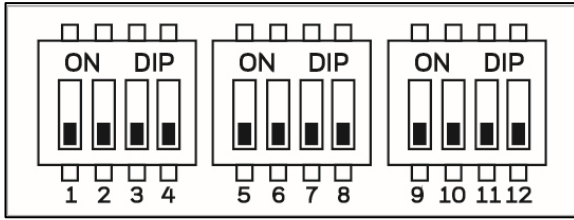


| | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| DIP No. | No. 1 | No.2 & No.3 |
| Function | Automatic Self-Calibration (ASC) | Analog output option |

| Set status of ASC: DIP NO.1 | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| DIP Position | | |
| Automatic Self-Calibration (ASC) | Enable (Default) | Disable |

| Select analog output signal type: DIP No.2 and No.3 | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|
| DIPs position | | | |
| Analog output | 4-20mA (Default) | 0-10V | 2-10V |

B . Modbus Communication Type

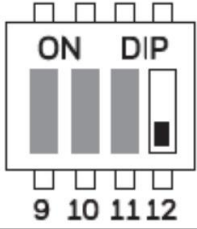
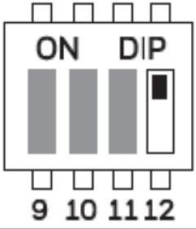


| DIP No. | No. 1 | No.2 & No.3 | No.4 to No.10 | No.11 | No.12 |
|----------|-------|------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Function | ASC | Modbus Baud Rate | Modbus Address | Reserved | RS485 Terminal Resistor |

| Set the mode of ASC: DIP NO.1 | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| DIP Position | | |
| Automatic Self-Calibration (ASC) | Enable (Default) | Disable |

| Set Modbus baud rate: DIP No.2 and No.3 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|------|-------|-------|
| DIPs Position | | | | |
| Baud rate | 9600 (Default) | 4800 | 19200 | 38400 |

| Set Modbus address: DIP No.4 to No.10 | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIPs Position | |
| How to set Modbus address | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> DIPs No.4 to No.10 represent 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 and 64 respectively. DIPs up to indicate selected number The sum of the selected numbers is the Modbus address code. <p>As shown in the picture above: DIP No.8 and No.9 are selected, $16+32=48$, so the address code setting value is 48.</p> |

| Set the mode of RS485 terminal resistor: DIP No.12 | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIP Position |  |  |
| Mode | Enable (Default) | Disable |

Modbus RTU Protocol

Register Address Information

| ID | ID function | Function | Qty. | Readable (R) /Writable (W) | Data Type |
|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|-----------|
| 0x01 | Gas Concentration | Current gas concentration Unit: PPM | 1 | R | short |
| 0x02 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x03 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x04 | ASC Status | ASC status, 0-Disable; 1-Enable | 1 | R | short |
| 0x05 | FRC Target Value | FRC Target Value Unit: PPM 400ppm) | 1 | R/W | short |
| | | Modify FRC Value by writing to this ID (Rang is 400 to 1000ppm) | | | |
| 0x06 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x07 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x08 | Reserved | | 1 | R | short |
| 0x09 | Error Code | 0=Normal; 1=Sensor Error; 2=System Error | 1 | R | short |

Function Code Information

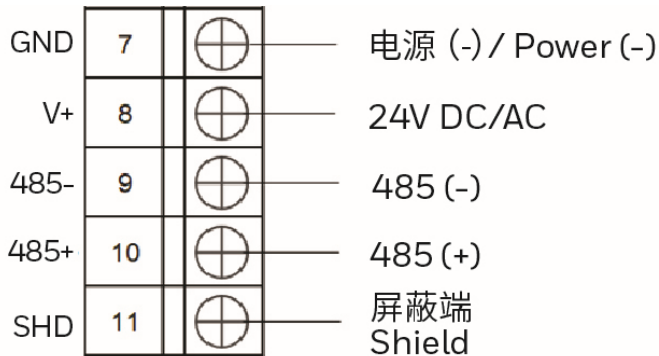
| Code | Function | Error Code | Exception Code |
|------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|
| 0x03 | Read holding register | 0x83 | 01 or 02 or 03 |
| 0x06 | Write single register | 0x86 | 01 or 02 or 03 |
| 0x10 | Write Multiple Registers | 0x90 | 01 or 02 or 03 |

Wiring diagrams and instructions

0-10V/2-10/4-20mA Analog Output Type



Modbus Communication Type



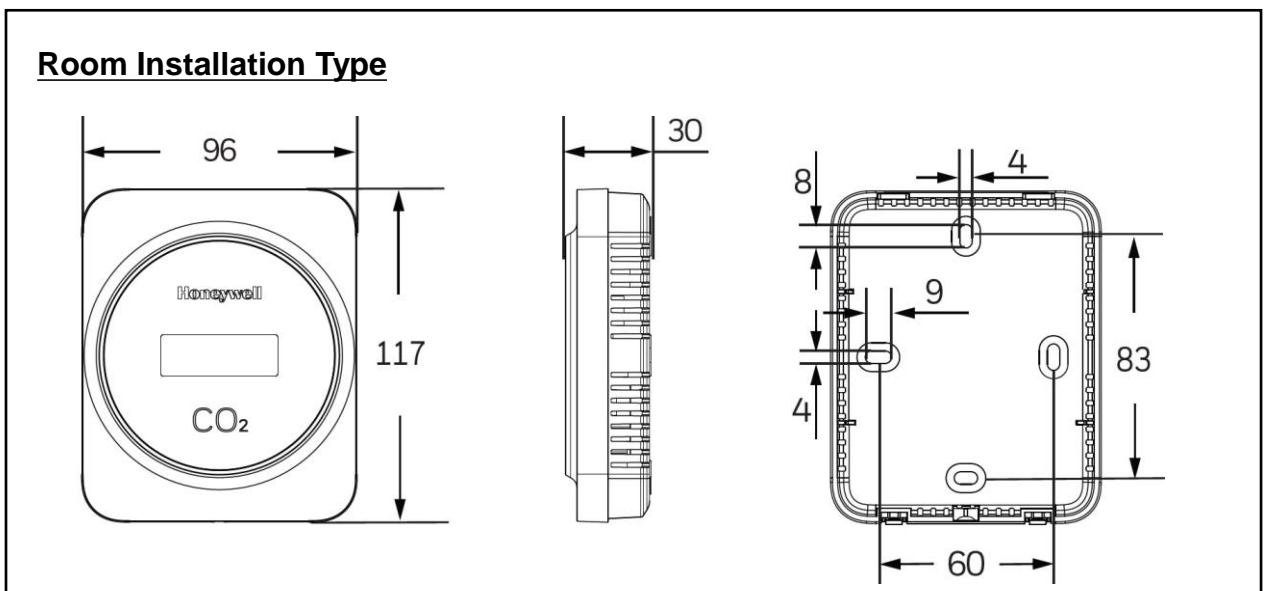
Tips:

1. The terminals support AWG15 to AWG22 line types.
2. The maximum lengths of different conductors are as follows.

| Line Type | AWG15 | AWG16 | AWG17 | AWG18 | AWG20 | AWG22 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Max length | 300 Meters | 300 Meters | 150 Meters | 150 Meters | 150 Meters | 50 Meters |

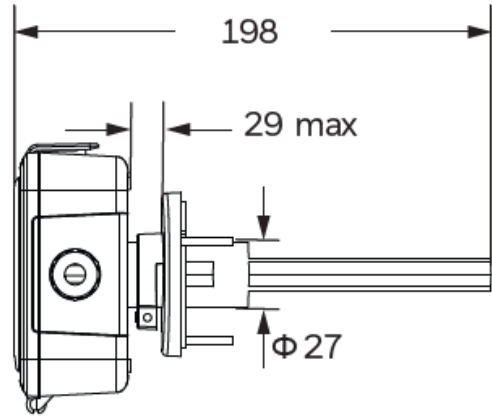
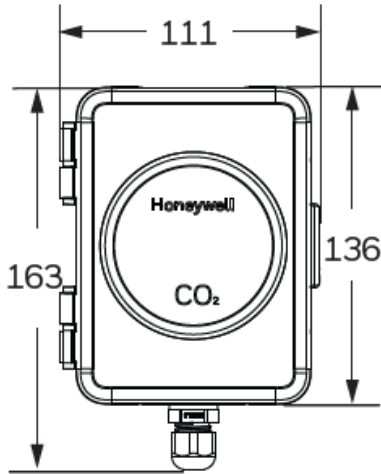
3. RS485 wiring requires a shielded cable with a maximum allowable length of 1200 meters.

Dimension (mm)

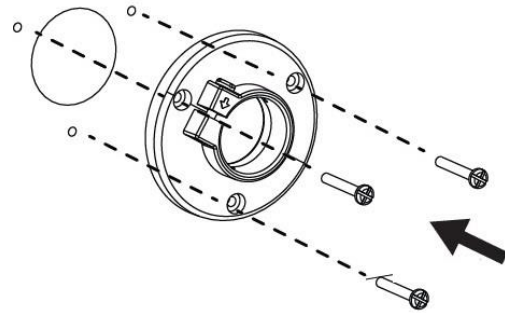
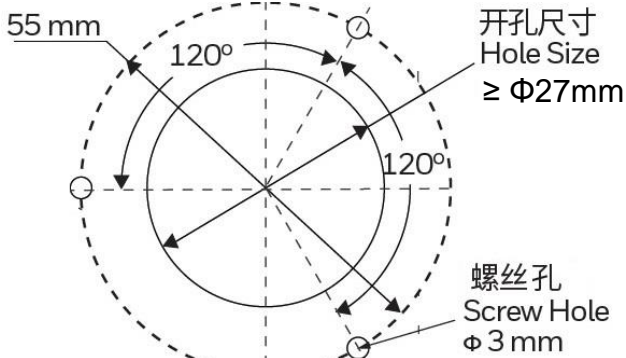


Dimension (mm)

Duct Installation Type



Fixed flange and conduit mounting hole



INDOOR AIR QUALITY SENSOR TR50

The Honeywell TR50 IAQ Sensor is an advanced, configurable device for commercial buildings. This sensor monitors:

- Temperature (T)
- Relative Humidity (RH)
- Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)
- Particulate Matter (PM1.0, PM2.5, PM10)
- Total Volatile Organic Compound (TVOC)

Flexible building automation system integration via BACnet MS/TP, Modbus, Sylk™ Bus (coming soon) protocols. Customizable display and sensor thresholds with stable long-term accuracy for minimal maintenance or recalibration.



FEATURES AND BENEFITS

MULTI-SENSOR

You spend 90% of your time indoors. Know more about the air in your building.

Easy integration with third party controllers or Honeywell Optimizer controllers, with the added option for utilizing the Healthy Buildings Dashboard or the Intelligent Building Optimizer to help ensure that ventilation and filtrations are always optimized for the best productivity, and energy outcomes.

BUILT TO LAST

Long Term Stability is ensured by us accurate and resilient sensors that come pre-calibrated from the factory and do not need to be re-calibrated in the field.

The ability for over the wire firmware updates ensures time savings when upgrades are available, useful to enhance existing features, and any bug fixes.

BUILT FOR FLEXIBILITY

The LED ring light changes colors from green to yellow to red based on the parameter levels detected.

The colored LED can also be switched to a neutral mode with only white light.

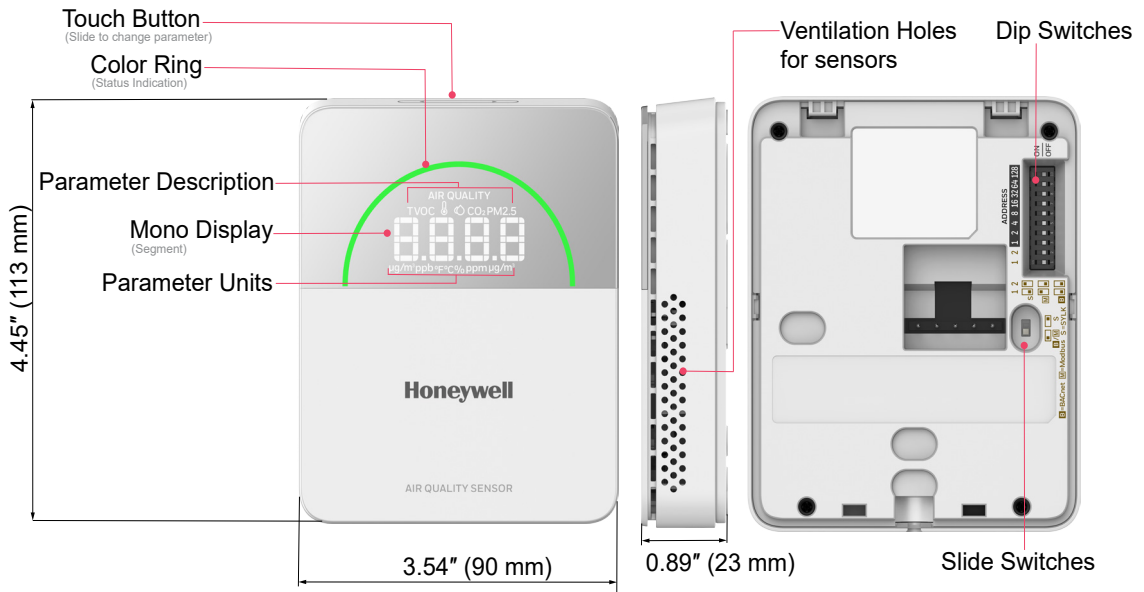
Show the users why parameters are important by locking certain ones so they are always visible and hiding the ones, you do not want to see.

AIR QUALITY SCORE

With a novel sixth output that the sensor provides - users in the space and facility managers, too, can see a simple numerical score out of one hundred that shows them how good the air quality is.

This Air Quality index is calculated based on CO₂, PM2.5, and TVOC detected for the TR50-5D and only CO₂ for the TR50-3D.

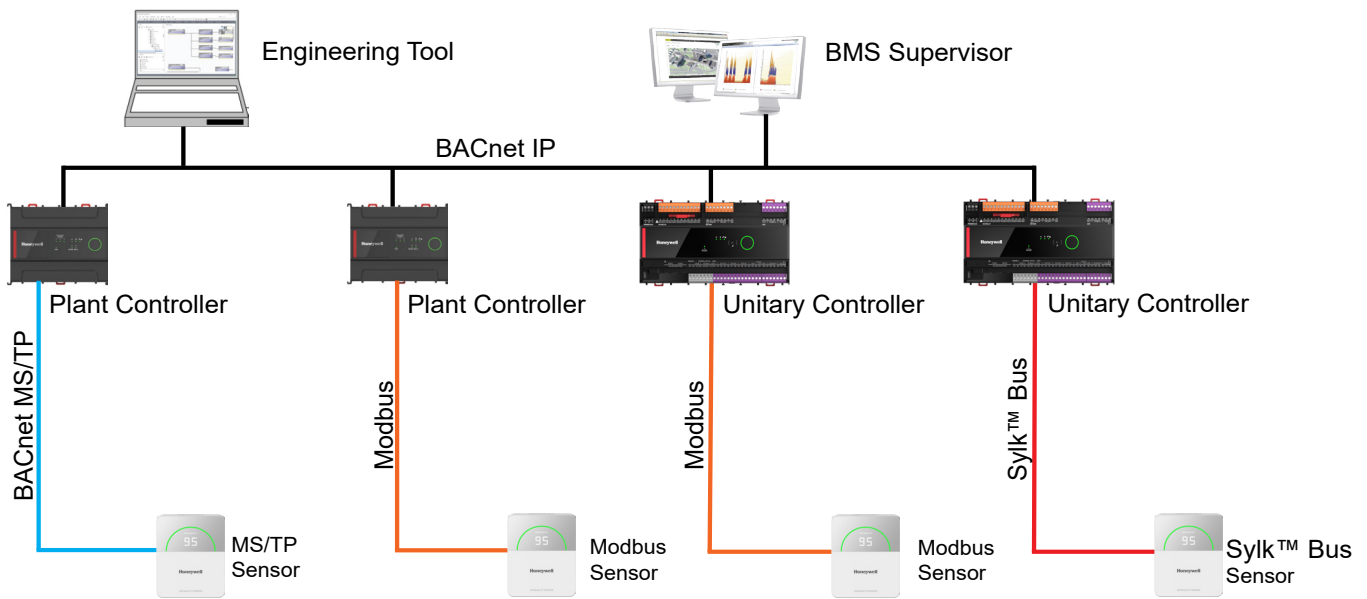
OVERVIEW AND DIMENSIONS



All the dimensions are in inches (mm).

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

There are many flexible ways a TR50 can be integrated into a BMS as shown below.



ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NUMBER | SENSORS | COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL | DISPLAY | POWER |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| TR50-5D | Temperature, Humidity, CO ₂ , PM2.5 and TVOC | BACnet, Modbus, *Sylk™ | Yes | 24 VAC/VDC |
| TR50-5N | Temperature, Humidity, CO ₂ , PM2.5 and TVOC | BACnet, Modbus, *Sylk™ | No | 24 VAC/VDC |
| TR50-3D | Temperature, Humidity and CO ₂ | BACnet, Modbus, *Sylk™ | Yes | 24 VAC/VDC or Sylk™ |
| TR50-3N | Temperature, Humidity and CO ₂ | BACnet, Modbus, *Sylk™ | No | 24 VAC/VDC or Sylk™ |

** indicates 3-in-1 sensors can be used with Sylk™ as an emulated TR40, full Sylk™ compatibility with the Optimizer controllers is coming soon.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

GENERAL

| PARAMETER | SPECIFICATION |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Detection Parameters | - Temperature (T) - Relative Humidity (RH) - Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) - Particular Matter (PM1, PM2.5 and PM10) - Total Volatile Organic Compound (TVOC) |
| Display | Mono segment display |
| Power Supply | Direct : 24 VAC/VDC ± 20 % Sylk™ : Honeywell Sylk™ Bus Technology |
| Power Consumption | TR50-5D : 24 VAC, 3.8 VA, 24 VDC, 1.5 W TR50-5N : 24 VAC, 3.8 VA, 24 VDC, 1.4 W TR50-3D : 24 VAC, 3.2 VA, 24 VDC Sylk™ Bus, 0.9 W TR50-3N : 24 VAC, 3.2 VA, 24 VDC Sylk™ Bus, 0.8 W |
| Operating Temperature | 32 - 122 °F (0 - 50 °C) |
| Operating Humidity | 0-95 % RH, non-condensing |
| Storage Temperature | -40 to 150 °F (-40 to 65.5 °C) |
| Communication | BACnet MS/TP, Modbus over RS-485, or Sylk™ Bus |
| Net weight | 0.42 lbs. (189 grams) |
| Enclosure | Polycarbonate |
| IP protection level | IP20 |
| Junction Box compatibility | US single vertical, BS single, ME single, EUR single |
| Surface mount | The device can be mounted on drywall, stone, etc. in retrofit cases. |
| Touch Button | Use to switch screens from one parameter to another. |

USER INTERFACE

PARAMETER SPECIFICATION

The LED light behavior can be configured into two modes. It shows LED behavior, air quality, sensor reading level or sensor health.

| | LED Behavior | Air Quality Level | Sensor Reading Level | Sensor Health |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Color Mode | Green | Good | Good | |
| | Yellow | Medium | Medium | |
| | Red | Poor | Poor (For CO ₂ , PM2.5 and TVOC) | Sensor Failure |
| Neutral Mode | White On | Good | Good | |
| | White Breath | Medium | Medium | |
| | White Blink | Poor | Poor (For CO ₂ , PM2.5 and TVOC) | Sensor Failure |

SENSING

| PARAMETER | DETAIL | SPECIFICATION | |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Temperature | Measuring range | 32 - 122 °F (0 - 50 °C) | |
| | Sensor output resolution | 0.1 °F (0.1 °C) | |
| | Accuracy | ± 1.8 °F (± 1 °C) | |
| Humidity | Measuring range | 0 - 100 % RH | |
| | Sensor output resolution | 0.1 % RH | |
| | Accuracy | ±3 % RH @ 20 - 80 % RH in Room Temperature | |
| CO ₂ | Measuring range | 0-9999 ppm | |
| | Sensor output resolution | 1 ppm | |
| | Accuracy | ± 75 ppm @ 400- 1000 ppm. ± 40 ppm ± 5 % reading @ 1001-2000 ppm | |
| PM1.0 PM2.5 PM10 | Measuring Range | 0 - 5000 µg/m ³ | |
| | Sensor output resolution | 1 µg/m ³ | |
| | Accuracy (According to GRIMM Technology) | PM1.0 | ± 10 µg/m ³ , 0-100 µg/m ³ 101-500 µg/m ³ , ± 10 % reading |
| | | PM2.5 | ± 10 µg/m ³ , 0-100 µg/m ³ 101-500 µg/m ³ , ± 10 % reading |
| | | PM10 | ± 25 µg/m ³ 0-100 µg/m ³ 101-500 µg/m ³ , ± 25 % reading |
| | TVOC | Measuring range | 0-9999 ppb |
| Sensor output resolution | | 0.1 ppb | |
| Accuracy (According to Alcohol Volatilization) | | ± 25 % reading | |

DISPLAY OPTIONS*

| PARAMETER | SPECIFICATION |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Air Quality | Indoor Air Quality |
| Sensor Reading | Temperature, Humidity, CO ₂ |
| | PM2.5, TVOC (TR50-5D only) |
| Error Code | In case of sensor failure, the display will show the sensor name and Err . For example, in the case of PM2.5 sensor failure, the display will show the error code as Err^{PM2.5} . If more than one sensor fails, the display will switch among those failure sensors. |

**Only available in TR50-5D and TR50-3D models.

SCALABILITY

The TR50 IAQ Sensors are open protocol and can connect to any controller using BACnet and Modbus. The Sylk-Bus™ connectivity is compatible with the Honeywell Optimizer Suite controllers and has limited compatibility with the Honeywell Spyder Classic models.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Purpose of Control | Operating Control |
| Construction of Control | Independently Mounted Control |
| Type of Action | Type 1 |
| Pollution Degree | 2 |
| Rated Impulse Voltage | 500 V |

STANDARDS AND COMPLIANCES

| | |
|------|----------------------------|
| RoHS | IEC63000 |
| CE | EN 60730-1 EN 60730-2-9 |
| FCC | CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart B |
| UL | UL 60730-1 UL 60730-2-9 |
| ISED | ICES - 003 issue 7 |

CALIBRATION

The devices come pre-calibrated out of the box and do not need to be recalibrated before installation. Our high precision sensors ensure that the devices do not need to be recalibrated regularly over their lifetime either.

If the device readings start to drift or you see anomalous data, you can recalibrate the sensor by providing an offset with a new sensor reading (more details in the User Guide).

Honeywell Building Technology

715 Peachtree Street NE,
Atlanta, GA 30308

building.honeywell.com

Honeywell Products & Solutions Sàrl

ZA La Pièce 16,
1180 Rolle, Switzerland.

building.honeywell.com

UK Importer Address

Honeywell Building Technologies
Building 5 Carlton Park
King Edward Avenue
Narborough, Leicester LE19 3EQ.

@U.S. Registered Trademark
© 2023 Honeywell International Inc.
31-00565ENG-01 | Rev.03-23

EU Importer Address

Honeywell GmbH
Strahlenberger Str. 110-112
63067 Offenbach am Main
Germany

HAQ61 Series

Integrated Room Air Sensor

Honeywell HAQ61 series room air quality sensor is an integrated air sensor which can simultaneously detect five air parameters: air Temperature & Relative humidity, CO₂ concentration, PM2.5 concentration and formaldehyde (HCHO) concentration, and calculate and display the concentration of Total Volatile Organic Compound (TVOC).

With a built-in Modbus protocol, Honeywell HAQ61 series air quality sensor can be connected with the control compatible with Modbus protocol to upload the air parameters.

There are two versions available: with display and without display. The version with display can display 6 types of air quality parameters on a split screen, and display the air quality with a face symbol according to the PM2.5 data.

Product Features

- Compact and sleek design
- Built-in high-precision sensors can accurately, stably and continuously measure various air parameters.
- Built-in Modbus protocol (RS485 communication) can achieve real-time data transmission.
- TFT screen (version with screen) for wide field of view and clear display with data display on split screen.
- Displaying the indoor air quality data according to PM2.5, and displaying the air quality level, PM1.0 and PM10 data at the same time.
- 86 junction box in-wall mounting for easy installation.

Order information

| SKU | description |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| HAQ61L | Integrated room air sensor with LCD, black panel |
| HAQ61B | Integrated room air sensor without LCD, black panel |
| HAQ61BW | Integrated room air sensor without LCD, white panel |



Technical Specifications

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Communication Interface | Modbus, RS485 |
| Power supply | 110~240VAC, 50/60Hz, ≤100mA |
| IP Rating | IP40 |
| Operation environment | RH≤95% (non-condensing) |
| Temperature Measurement Range | -10 ~ 55°C (±1°C) |
| Humidity Measurement Range | 0 ~ 99%RH, ±5%RH |
| PM2.5 | 0 ~ 999 ug/m ³ 0~100ug/m ³ : ±15ug/m ³ ; >100ug/m ³ : ±15% |
| CO ₂ | 400~2000 PPM, ± (50PPM+5% of reading) |
| HCHO TVOC | 0 ~ 999ppb 0 ~ 100ppb: ±20ppb; 100~999ppb: ±20% reading |
| Display | TFT |
| Housing Material | PC+ABS |
| Dimensions | 86*86*60mm |
| Storage Conditions | -25°C~55°C, RH≤93% |



Interface & Installation Instructions

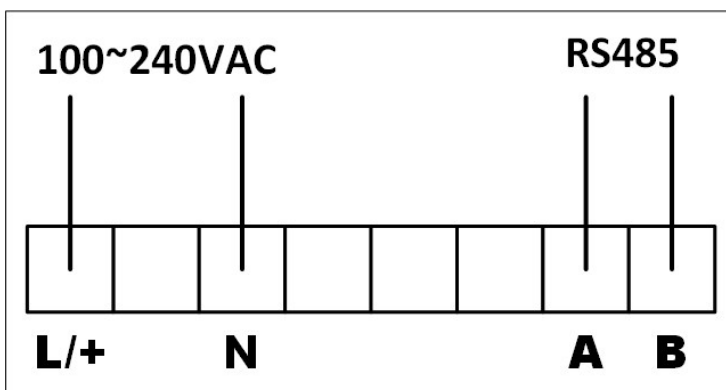
Key Instructions (LCD type)

| Pressing method | Function |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Short pressing (< 1 s) | Switching on or off the screen |
| Short pressing (> 1 s) | Displaying the current 485 communication address code |
| Long pressing (> 10 s) | Reset the 485 communication address as 1 (without LCD type only has this function) |

Air Quality Level Reference (LCD type)

| Face symbol | PM2.5 | Corresponding to national standard air quality level |
|-------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 😊 | 0~75 | Superior to good |
| 😐 | 76~115 | Mild contamination |
| 😞 | ≥116 | Medium contamination to severe contamination |

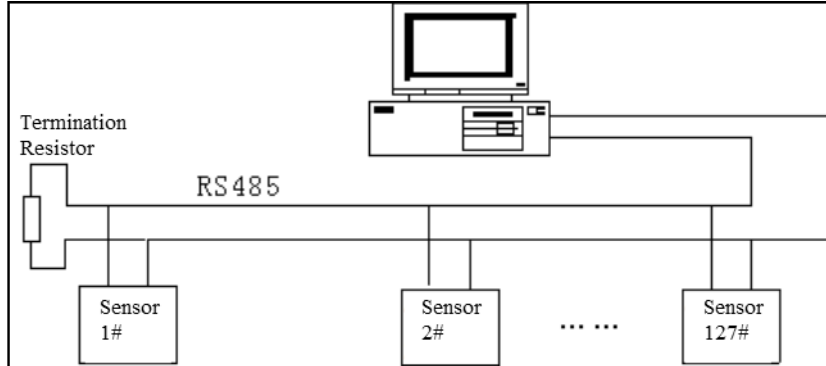
Wiring diagram



Modbus Protocol Instruction

1. Network Structure and Wiring

The standard MODBUS communication network for multi-function air sensor is a bus-type network structure and supports networking of 1 to 127 multi-function air sensor(s) (the specific number is determined by Modbus gateway or controller parameters). The farthest sensor in the network shall be usually connected to a 120 Ohm matched resistor in parallel at both terminals of the communication line. The standard communication connection medium is shielded twisted pair.



2. RTU Frame Format of Modbus Protocol

The master-slave communication method is adopted for MODBUS protocol. Each communication is initiated by the master station, and the slave station responds to the master station command to send back data.

Word Format

Address Range: 1~254, configurable;

Baud Rate: 38400, configurable;

Check: No parity, not configurable

Data Bits: 8 bits, not configurable; start bit: 1 bit, not configurable; stop bit: 1 bit, not configurable;

Default Factory Parameters of RS485

| Name | Address | Baud rate | Parity check | Data bit | Start bit | Stop bit |
|-----------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Factory default | 1 | 38400 | No parity check | 8 Bits | 1 Bit | 1 Bit |

Frame Format

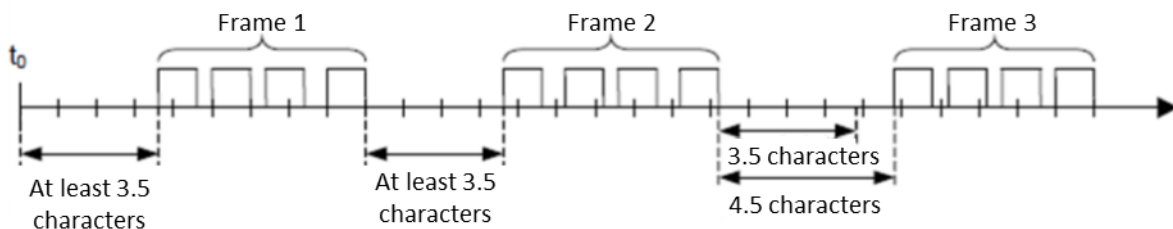
The MODBUS RTU format (hexadecimal format) is adopted for the multifunctional air sensor, and its frame structure is as shown in the table below.

| Master station RTU message frame | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| Device address | Function code | Register address | Register length | CRC check | |
| 8 Bits | 8 Bits | 16 Bits | 16 Bits | CRCH | CRCL |

| Slave station RTU message frame | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| Device address | Function code | Data | CRC check | |
| 8 Bits | 8 Bits | n sets of 8Bits | CRCH | CRCL |

Notes:

(1) The MODBUS protocol specifies that the start or end of the frame is realized by 3.5char time of delay between frames, as shown in the figure below.



(2) Device address: The communication address of the sensor is unique in the communication network: The factory default is 0x01

(3) Function code: The function code specified by the Modbus protocol.

| Function code | Description of function |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 03H | Reading the register data (i.e., reading the measurement data) |
| 10H | Setting the register (i.e., setting the address) |

(4) Register address and register length: The parameters in the master station command are registered starting from the register address, and the reading length is N registers of the register length.

(5) Slave station response data: Number of bytes and N-digit-bit data.

(6) Error check code (CRC check): This protocol uses CRC16 (cyclic redundancy check), including 2 bits, i.e., 16-bit binary number. The CRC code is calculated by the sending device and placed at the tail of the sending information frame. The device receiving the information recalculates the CRC of the received information, and compares whether the calculated CRC is consistent with the received one. If not, it indicates an error and the erroneous data will be discarded (whether it is sent or received).

In the CRC calculation, only 8 data bits, the start bit and the stop bit are used. If there is a parity check bit, it also includes a parity check bit, which is not involved in the CRC calculation.

Instruction: Calculation method of CRC check code:

- a. Set a 16-bit register as 1 wholly;
- b. Store the low eight bits of the high byte XOR register of the message data into the register;
- c. Shift the register to the right (the highest position is 0) and store the lower bit shifted out at the flag bit;
- d. If the flag bit is 1, the XOR register of 1010000000000001 shall be used; if the flag bit is 0, continue to perform step c;
- e. Repeat steps c and d until shift for eight times;
- f. XOR next-bit byte and register;
- g. Repeat steps c to e, until the XOR and shift of all message data and register for 8 times;
- h. At this moment, the CRC check code is in the register, and the high bit is sent first.

3.List of Communication Address and Descriptions

| Address | Type | Contents description | Unit | Number of registers |
|---------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 0x0001 | R/W | Device address | / | |
| 0x0002 | W | Baud Rate | / | |
| 0x000a | R | Temperature (int type); temperature value/10 is the actual temperature value | °C | |
| 0x000b | R | Humidity (int type) | %RH | |
| 0x000c | R | PM1.0 (uint type) | ug/m ³ | |
| 0x000d | R | PM2.5 (uint type) | ug/m ³ | |
| 0x000e | R | PM10 (uint type) | ug/m ³ | |
| 0x000f | R | CO ₂ concentration value (uint type) | ppm | |
| 0x001a | R | Formaldehyde concentration value (uint type) | mg/m ³ | |
| 0x001b | R | VOC concentration value (uint type) | mg/m ³ | |

Data format description:

The data occupies 1 register and includes 2 bytes in total. Lower 8 bits are transmitted before higher 8 bits

Example: If 015E is the CO₂ concentration value, 01 is the high byte, 5E is the low byte and two bytes form the CO₂ concentration value. When 015E is converted into a decimal number 350, it means that the CO₂ concentration value currently acquired is 350ppm.

4. Communication demonstrations

(1) PM2.5 Reading

The return frame format of the device: 01 03 02 xx xx crcH crcL;

the sending frame format of the master station: 01 03 00 0D 00 01 15 C9

| Master device sending | Number of bytes | Sending content | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Slave device address | 1 | 01H | Sending to the slave device with the address of 01 |
| Function code | 1 | 03H | Read register |
| Initial address | 2 | 000DH | Initial address of data |
| Data length | 2 | 0001H | Reading 1 register |
| CRC check code | 2 | 15C9H | CRC code calculated by the master device |

| Slave device response | Number of bytes | Sending content | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Slave device address | 1 | 01H | From the slave device with the address of 01 |
| Function code | 1 | 03H | Read register |
| Number of bytes | 1 | 02H | |
| Register data | 2 | xxxxH | The contents of memory at address 001D |
| CRC code | 2 | CRC | CRC code calculated by the slave device |

2) Set the device address as 0x16 (device address 1-254)

the sending frame format of the master station: : 01 06 00 01 00 16 59 C4

| Master device sending | Number of bytes | Sending content | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Slave device address | 1 | 01H | Sending to the slave device with the address of 01 |
| Function code | 1 | 06H | Write register |
| Register address | 2 | 0001H | The address is 0001H |
| Save data | 2 | 0016H | Data 0016 |
| CRC code | 2 | 59C4H | CRC code calculated by the master device |

The return frame format of the device: 01 06 00 01 00 16 59 C4

| Slave device response | Number of bytes | Sending content | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Slave device address | 1 | 01H | Sending to the slave device with the address of 01 |
| Function code | 1 | 06H | Writing single register |
| Register address | 2 | 0001H | Register address |
| Data | 2 | 00016H | Data |
| CRC code | 2 | 59C4H | CRC code calculated by the master device |

Note: The modified address takes effect immediately, and the device does not need to be powered on again. After the address is modified, the new address shall be used for communication.

5. Baud Rate Setting

Master station sending frame format: 01 10 00 02 00 01 02 00 60 A7 9A

| Master device sending | Number of bytes | Sending content | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Slave device address | 1 | 01H | Sending to the slave device with the address of 01 |
| Function code | 1 | 10H | Function code |
| Register address | 2 | 0002H | Address: 0002 |
| Number of registers | 2 | 0001 | Number of register: 1 |
| Number of bytes | 2 | 02 | Number of bytes: 2 |
| Baud rate | 2 | 00 60H | Refer to the baud rate table for the set baud rate |
| CRC check code | 2 | xxxxH | CRC code acquired by the master device |

Device return frame format: 01 10 00 02 00 01 A0 09

| Slave device response | Number of bytes | Sending content | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Slave device address | 1 | 01H | Sending to the slave device with the address of 01 |
| Function code | 1 | 10H | Function code |
| Register address | 2 | 0002H | Address: 0002 |
| Number of registers | 2 | 0001H | Refer to the baud rate table for the set baud rate |
| CRC check code | 2 | xxxxH | CRC code acquired by the master device |

Reference Baud Rate

| Numerical Value | Baud Rate |
|-----------------|-----------|
| 00 0C | 1200 |
| 00 18 | 2400 |
| 00 30 | 4800 |
| 00 60 | 9600 |
| 00 C0 | 19200 |
| 01 80 | 38400 |
| 02 40 | 56700 |
| 04 80 | 115200 |
| 05 00 | 128000 |
| 0A 00 | 256000 |

Note: The modified baud rate takes effect immediately, and the device does not need to be powered on again. After the baud rate is modified, the new baud rate shall be used for communication.

Honeywell Environmental and Combustion
Controls (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.

No. 158, Nanhai Road, Tianjin Economic-
Technological Development Area

Postal Code: 300457

Tel: +86-22-66287000

HBT-FDA-SS01-JAN-2021-V01-EN

© 2020 Honeywell, all rights reserved. These
documents are subject to change without
further notice.

THE
FUTURE
IS
WHAT
WE
MAKE IT

Honeywell

C6000A001

CO Transmitter

SPECIFICATION



Feature

- 4~20 mA / 2~10 VDC output
- High reliability & accuracy
- Wide sensing range
- Rapid response

Specification

| | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CO Sensor | Electrochemical |
| Measurement Range | 0~250ppm |
| Signal Output | 4~20mA / 2~10VDC |
| Accuracy | ±5% @25C. 50% RH (0~100 ppm) ±10% @25C. 50%RH (100~250 ppm) |
| Coverage area | 465m ² (Recommended) |
| Reaction time | <45 second to 90% of final value |
| Power Supply | 24 VAC/VDC (12~36V) |
| Current Output Load | 500Ω Max. |
| Calibration | Factory calibrated |
| Electrical Connection | Terminals for 2x1.5 mm ² cable |
| Ambient Limits (Housing) | |
| Storage Temperature | -10~+50 °C (-14~122°F) |
| Humidity | 5...95% rh, non-condensing |
| Safety (Terminal box) | |
| Protection class | IP30 as per EN 60529 |
| Flame retardant | UL94-V0 rated plastic enclosure T _{max} =120°C (enclosure) |
| Certification | CE |

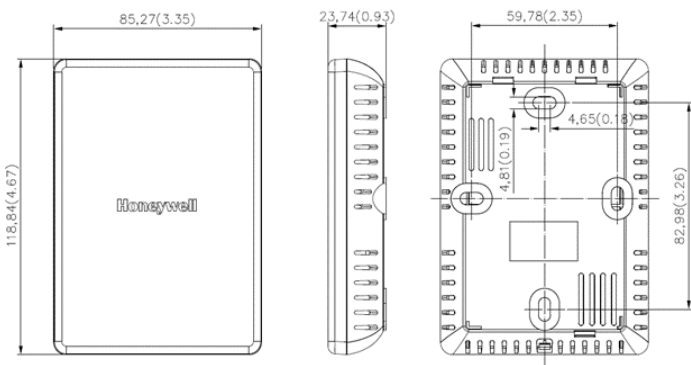
Application

CO transmitter can be used in HVAC system, hospitals , greenhouse. .

Order Information

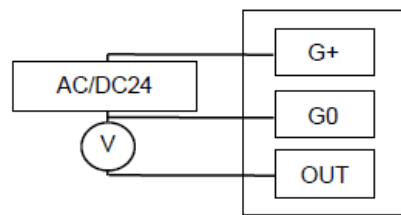
| Model | IP | Output | Temperature Range |
|-----------|------|-----------------|-------------------|
| C6000A001 | IP30 | 4~20mA /2~10VDC | -10..+50 °C |

Size mm (inch)



Wiring

Voltage Output (RL > 2.5KΩ at 24V DC)



Terminal Definition

Voltage Output, 3-wire

| | | |
|----|-----|-----------|
| 1. | G+ | AC/DC 24V |
| 2. | G0 | Ground |
| 3. | OUT | 2~10V |

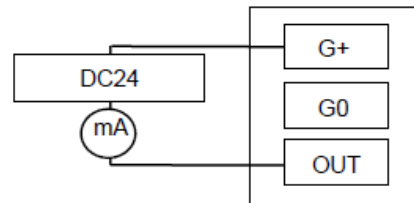
Current Output, 2-wire

| | | |
|----|-----|---------|
| 1. | G+ | DC 24V |
| 2. | OUT | 4~20 mA |

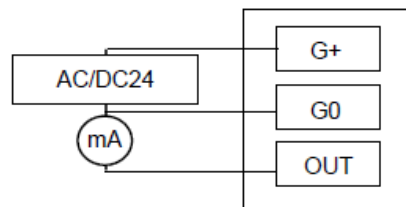
Current Output, 3-wire

| | | |
|----|-----|-----------|
| 1. | G+ | AC/DC 24V |
| 2. | G0 | Ground |
| 3. | OUT | 4~20 mA |

Current Output (RL < 500Ω at 24V DC)



2-wire



3-wire

Honeywell

Subject to change without notice.

C7110A1010 ROOM AIR QUALITY SENSOR

SPECIFICATION DATA & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



GENERAL

The C7110A1010 Room Air Quality Sensor is suitable for measuring air quality in rooms, offices, and production bays.

This mixed gas sensor can be used to control ventilation plants. It detects unpleasant odors, tobacco smoke, and vapors emitted by such materials as furniture, carpets, paint, glue, etc. As proven in practice, this device detects those substances typically present in air having a poor quality, some of which may otherwise go undetected by room occupants, themselves. This sensor has proven itself in numerous applications over many years.

NOTE: The mixed gas sensor does not measure or indicate the concentration of individual gases, and thus cannot be used for the monitoring or control of specific substances.

Models

| order no. | description | output signal |
|------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| C7110A1010 | Room Air Quality Sensor | 0...10 Vdc |

FEATURES

- Measurement of a variety of air quality factors
- Output signal: 0...10 Vdc, indicated by yellow status LED on front cover
- Trimming potentiometer to adjust output signal
- Easy installation and wiring connection

SPECIFICATION

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supply voltage | 15...30 Vdc / 24 Vac (+/-20%) |
| Power consumption | < 1 W |
| Output signal | 0...10 Vdc (increases as air quality worsens); adjustable via trimming potentiometer |
| Min. impedance of load | 5 kOhm (at output) |
| Weight /Dimensions | approx. 125 g / see page 3 |
| Electrical connection | Screw terminal block for conductors up to 1.5 mm ² |

Air Quality Sensor

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Sensitivity/Linearity | see Fig. 1 on page 2 |
| Dynamic behavior | see Fig. 6 on page 4 |

Ambient Limits

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Transport/storage temp. | -30...+60 °C (-22...+140 °F) |
| Operating temperature | 0...+50 °C (+32...+122 °F) |
| Humidity | 5...95%rh, non-condensing |

Safety

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Protection class | III as per EN60730-1 |
| Protection standard | IP30 as per EN60529 |
| Flame retardant | Plastic ABS, V0 as per UL94 |
| EMC environments | residential, commercial, light industrial, and industrial |

FUNCTION

The device contains a heated tin dioxide semiconductor sensor, the electrical conductivity of which varies in proportion to the concentration of reducing agents in the ambient air. This leads to a voltage at the measuring element which is amplified to an output voltage of 0 to 10 Vdc.

The following particles and gases can be detected: cigarette smoke, hydrogen, carbon monoxide, ethanol, ammonia, etc. In contrast to CO₂ sensors, which selectively measure the concentration of only one type of gas, the C7110A1010 is a mixed gas sensor and as such functions as a broadband detector, i.e. the sensor signal does not indicate the type of gas or its concentration in ppm (parts per million). The complex and constantly changing composition of room air makes it necessary to perform broadband air quality measurement using such a broadband detector.

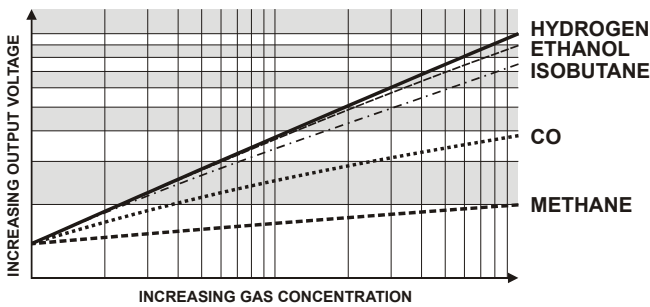


Fig. 1. Output voltage as a function of gas concentration

INSTALLATION

Wiring

All wiring must comply with local electrical codes and ordinances or as specified on installation wiring diagrams. Wall module wiring can be sized from 16 to 22 AWG (1.5 to 0.34 mm²), depending on the application. The maximum length of wire from a device to a wall module is 1000 ft (305 m). Twisted pair wire is recommended for wire runs longer than 100 ft (30.5 m).

Keep wiring at least one ft (305 mm) away from large inductive loads such as motors, line starters, lighting ballast, and large power distribution panels.

Run wall module wiring separately from 50 Vac or greater power wiring.

CAUTION

Low Voltage Equipment.

Risk of equipment damage.

The 24 Vac power source for this product must be a safety isolating transformer. A transformer that is CE certified and meets the Low Voltage Device (LVD) requirements must be used in Europe for all installations of this product.

Positioning

To avoid falsifying the measuring results, the device should be installed at sites at which typical air quality prevails.

Direct exposure to sunlight and drafts should be avoided.

If the device is mounted on a standard flush box, the end of the installation tube in the flush box must be sealed so to avoid any draft in the tube falsifying the measuring result.

Maintain a mounting clearance of approx. 4 in. (10 cm) to the right-hand side of the module in order to allow free airflow to the air quality sensor.

Mounting

1. The cover of the air quality sensor is fixed by a tab on the underside of the unit; to disassemble the cover and the sub-base, see Fig. 2. To access all of the mounting holes, pull off the perforated cover, bend down slightly the tab to release the printed circuit board, and leverage the printed circuit board out (see Fig. 3).

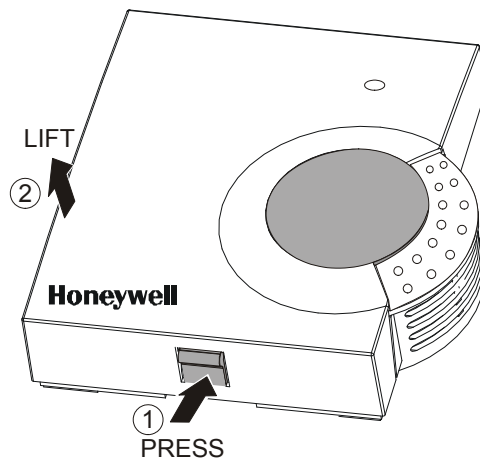


Fig. 2. Cover disassembly

2. a) Mount the sensor onto the wall outlet box, or
b) bore wall holes as specified in Fig. 3 and mount the wall module with appropriate screws.

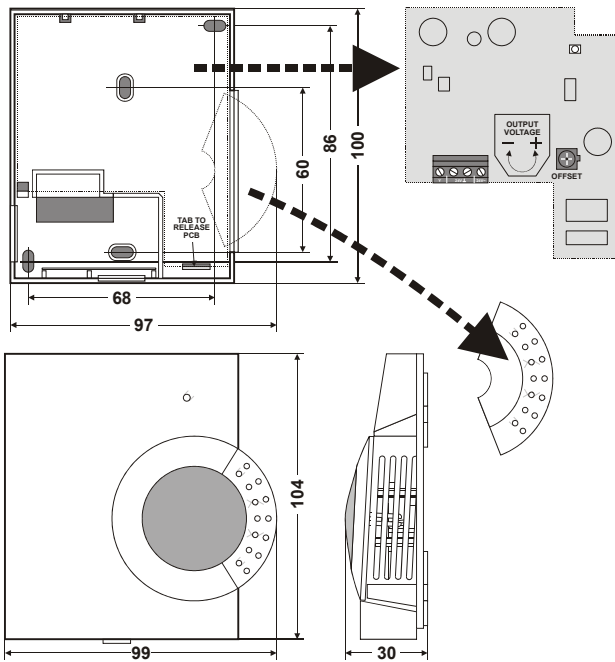


Fig. 3. Dimensions and mounting holes (mm)

IMPORTANT

Screw-type terminal blocks are designed to accept no more than one 16 AWG (1.5 mm²) conductor.

3. After re-inserting the printed circuit board and the perforated plate, connect the wires to the terminal block as follows:
 - a) Strip 3/16 in. (5 mm) of insulation from the conductor.
 - b) Insert the wire in the required terminal location (see Fig. 5) and tighten the screw to complete the termination.
4. Adjust the trimming potentiometer (see section "Adjusting the Offset Signal").
5. Remount the cover as shown in Fig. 4 and make sure that the tab on the underside engages.
6. The sensor is now operational. When the air quality deteriorates, the voltage of the output signal will rise.

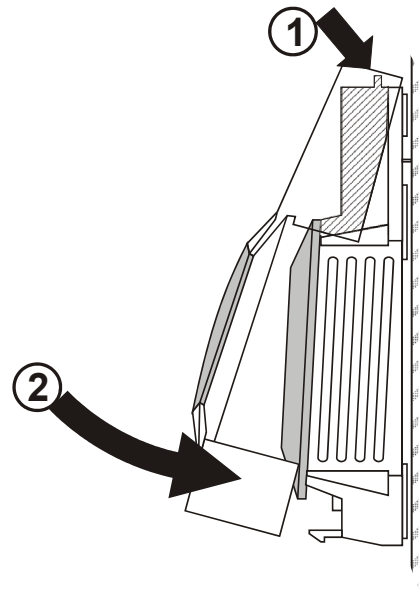


Fig. 4. Cover assembly

Adjusting the Offset Signal

After mounting the device, the output signal should be adjusted in accordance with expected ambient conditions and individual preferences.

The output signal is adjusted using the trimming potentiometer located on the sensor board (see Fig. 5).

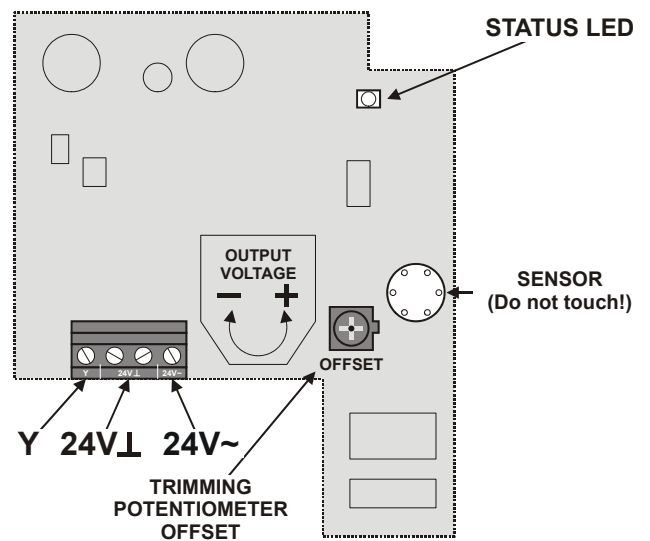


Fig. 5. Wiring Connection and Trimming Potentiometer

The offset of the output signal is increased or lowered by means of this potentiometer. The yellow status LED (see Fig. 5) indicates the corresponding signal strength:

- Turning the trimming potentiometer clockwise (CW) decreases the output signal (minimum brightness is reached at an output signal of 1.5 V)
- Turning the trimming potentiometer counterclockwise (CCW) increases the output signal (maximum brightness is reached at an output signal of 9 V).

The sensor cannot distinguish pleasant from unpleasant smells. The final determination of whether air quality is satisfactory or not must be made by the persons living or working in the room. Moreover, various air compositions are occurring in different rooms.

Thus, the default (factory) setting of the setpoint is provisional, only. The setpoint must be optimized to correspond to the subjective feelings of the room occupants.

Adjustment Procedure:

1. Connect sensor and switch operating voltage on.
2. Ensure good air conditions close to the sensor (by means of ventilation, etc.).
3. After approx. 30 minutes of operation, verify the output signal. The voltage level should lie in the range 1...3 V. Correct an excessively high or excessively low voltage level using the trimming potentiometer: The trimming potentiometer should be turned clockwise (CW) until the yellow status LED is almost extinguished. The output signal will then amount to approx. 1.5 V (max. brightness is reached at 9 V).

NOTE: When first operating the device or after the device has been powered down for more than 4 weeks (e.g., during storage), the output signal may vary during the first 48 hours of operation. In this case, you should verify the output signal after 48 hours of operation.

EXAMPLE OF DYNAMIC BEHAVIOR

Fig. 6 shows the dynamic characteristics of the C7110A1010, monitored during test measurements in a sample room. This voltage diagram as a function of different occupancy conditions is only an example and must be proven for other ambient conditions.

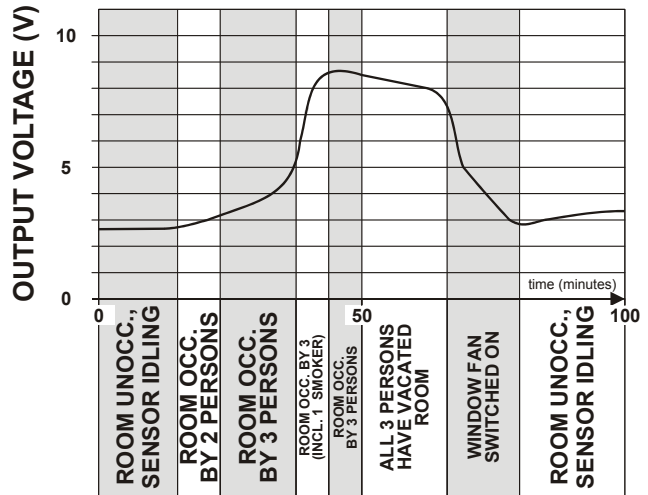


Fig. 6. Dynamic behavior of the C7110A1010

Honeywell

Manufactured for and on behalf of the Environmental and Combustion Controls Division of Honeywell Technologies Sàrl, Rolle, Z.A. La Pièce 16, Switzerland by its Authorized Representative:

Automation and Control Solutions

Honeywell GmbH
 Böblinger Strasse 17
 71101 Schönaich, Germany
 Phone: (49) 7031 63701
 Fax: (49) 7031 637493
<http://ecc.emea.honeywell.com>
 Subject to change without notice. Printed in Germany

EN0B-0644GE51 R1109A