BORN TO BREATH TOBACCO FACT SHEETS

Tobacco companies spend \$8.4 billion a year ALMOST \$1 MILLION EVERY HOUR to market their deadly & addictive products



Who are the tobacco companies targeting?



Commercial tobacco companies have used **native** imagery to sell tobacco products for decades and continue to do so today. These companies misappropriate tribal cultural images for profit.³

A recent congressional investigation found that the e-cigarette manufacturer JUUL targeted at least 8 American Indian tribes with price discounts and referral program pitches in an effort to promote its products. 3

American Indians and Alaska Natives use tobacco more than any other racial or ethnic group in the U.S. ³ People who see tobacco promotions in places where tobacco is sold are more likely to smoke.⁴

Rural adults' use of any tobacco product is at higher rates than the California general population.⁴ Youth in rural areas are less likely to be exposed to anti-tobacco messages in the media.⁵

Rural youth start smoking at earlier ages.⁶

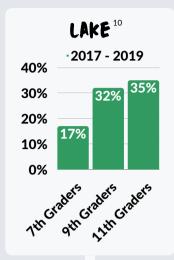
Local Statistics

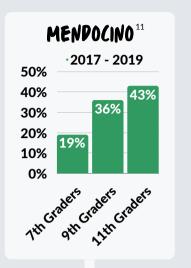
Exposure to tobacco marketing in stores increases tobacco experimentation and use by youth and is more powerful than peer pressure. Middle school youth exposed to tobacco products in a retail setting multiple times per week are twice as likely to start smoking.

YOUTH THAT HAVE EVER TRIED E-CIGARETTES.

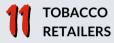








CRESCENT CITY



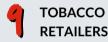
4 per 2,500 residents 12

EUREKA



3.25 per 2,500 residents 12

LAKEPORT



4.5 per 2,500 residents ¹²

VKIAH



4 per 2,500 residents 12

Call To Action

- Smart tobacco policies can help create an environment where community leaders and families feel empowered to reject the culture of tobacco use and choose healthier, tobacco-free futures.
- Local retail licensing policies can reduce youth access to tobacco by banning the sale of all flavored tobacco products, address retail density, tobacco displays and advertising proximity to youth friendly areas, and tobacco free pharmacies.
- Ask communities to pass smoke free policies to protect community spaces such as fairs, rodeos, and shared shared living spaces such as apartment complexes.
- · Smokefree outdoor air laws can protect rural Californians from the secondhand smoke they want to avoid.









- 1. https://truthinitiative.org/research-resources/targeted-communities/tobacco-use-lgbt-communities
- 2. The Association between Point-of-Sale Advertising Bans and Youth Experimental Smoking: Findings from the Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS). DECEMBER, 2015. AIMS Public Health, 2 (4): 832-843 DOI: 10.3934/publichealth.2015.4.832
- $3. \ \underline{https://truthinitiative.org/research-resources/targeted-communities/tobacco-use-american-indianalaska-native-community}$
- 4. https://tobaccofreeca.com/story-of-inequity/rural/#:~:text=The%20California%20Health%20Collaborative%27s%20Gold%20Country%20Rural% $\underline{20 Regional, reduce \%20 exposure \%20 to \%20\ second hand \%20 smoke \%20\ and \%20 to bacco \%20\ use.}$
- 5. https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/disparities/geographic/index.htm
- 6. https://tobaccofreeca.com/story-of-inequity/rural/
- 7. https://www.tobaccofreekids.org/assets/factsheets/0072.pdf
- 8. https://data.calschls.org/resources/Del Norte County 1719 Sec CHKS.pdf
- 9. https://data.calschls.org/resources/Humboldt County 1719 Sec CHKS.pdf
- 10. https://data.calschls.org/resources/Lake County 1719 Sec CHKS.pdf
- 11. https://data.calschls.org/resources/Mendocino_County_1719_Sec_CHKS.pdf
- 12. https://cthat.org/





