

# Path-Chek Hygiene Salmonella Media

(Cat. nr. PC020)

Path-Chek Hygiene Salmonella Media is intended for the detection of important food pathogens on food contact surfaces in food handling and manufacturing environments after cleaning and sanitizing has been performed. Path-Chek Hygiene Salmonella Media should be considered as a fundamental component of Good Manufacturing Practice and an integral component of any HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points) plan.

# 1. PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection consists of two components (available separately):

- 1. A pre-moistened **Path-Chek Hygiene Swab** which assists in the removal of bacteria on test surfaces, particularly from dry surfaces. The composition of the wetting agent also ensures that any residual sanitising agents on test surfaces are neutralised. The swabs have a small breakpoint (nick) approximately 45 mm from the end of the swab. This is to assist in breaking the swab off at an appropriate length when it is placed into the tube of specific growth medium.
- The Path-Chek Pathogen Detection Broth. Individual detection broths are available for Coliforms, Salmonella species and Listeria species. Each broth comprises a buffered growth medium containing growth promoters, selective agents and a specific indicator system.

#### 2. KIT CONTENTS

- 100 x 3 mL Salmonella media vial

# 3. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Path-Chek Hygiene Swabs (100 piece) cat. nr. PCS100
- Incubator, set to 35 37 °C
- Incubator, set to 25 °C
- Rack to hold tubes during incubation
- Template 10 x 10 cm to assist with sampling (See Warnings and Precautions)

# 2. PROCEDURE

1) Carefully remove the cap from the pre-moistened Path-Chek Hygiene swab (See Precautions).

- 2) Thoroughly swab a standard sample area (10 x 10 cm), rotating the swab as the sample is being collected.
  - If sample areas are irregular develop a standard sampling procedure which is documented and used consistently. Label the swab tube with the sample details.
- 3) If the swab cannot be transferred immediately into the Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection Broth, return it to its holding tube and store in a cool place. Swabs may be held at a maximum temperature of 20 °C for up to 24 hours
- 4) Place the swab into the Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection Broth at an angle with the tip of the swab against the side of the tube. Press down on the shaft of the swab. The shaft of the swab will break at breakpoint of the swab, 45 mm from the swab tip. (See Precautions) Replace the cap and label the Pathogen Detection Broth tube with the sample details.
- 5) Place inoculated tubes into a suitable rack and incubate at the appropriate temperature for the appropriate time (See Below).
- 6) Observe for colour changes and record the results.

## 3. INCUBATION

PATHOGEN BROTH	INCUBATION CONDITIONS	
Salmonella	36 ± 1 ºC for 18 – 24 hours	

#### 4. INTERPRETATION

A **POSITIVE** result which indicates the presence of a particular pathogen is indicated by the development of a specific color change (See Below).

A **NEGATIVE** result which indicates the absence of a particular pathogen is indicated by no color change in the Path-Chek Pathogen Detection Broth (See Below).

	PATHOGEN BROTH	INTERPRETATION		
		NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	
	Salmonella	Purple	Black	

#### 5. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Path-Chek Pathogen Detection Broth may grow potentially dangerous pathogens. All positive samples should be handled

using precautions appropriate for the handling of infectious materials.

When collecting samples aseptic procedures should be used. Do not touch the swab tip with hands or fingers.

If a template is used during sampling, it must be sanitized, rinsed and dried before using again.

Follow Good Microbiological Practices where appropriate.

#### 6. STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection Broths should be stored at  $2-8\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  when not in use. The pre-moistened sample swabs should be stored at  $4-25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Components should not be used after the expiry date printed on the carton label.

#### 7. OPTIONAL CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Presumptive positive tests may be confirmed by sub-culturing the Path-Chek Detection Broth onto an appropriate selective agar plate medium for the pathogen being sought. After incubation at  $35-37^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 24-48 hours, plates should be examined for colonies resembling the pathogen being sought. Any suspicious colonies should be further identified using more definitive tests.

See below for further suggestions that conform to recognised international standard methods such as AOAC, USFDA etc.

PATHOGEN	CONFIRMATION PROCEDURES		
DETECTION BROTH	ISOLATION MEDIA	CONFIRMATION TESTS	
Salmonella	XLD BISMUTH SULPHITE	Microgen® GNA ID Microgen ®Salmonella Latex	

# 8. DISPOSAL

# After reading, the tests may be:

- 1. autoclaved and disposed of in the normal manner, OR
- 2. Incinerated.

# 9. LIMITATIONS

- Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen is intended as a screening test. Positive results should, if required, be confirmed by standard bacteriological methods.
- Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen has not been validated for testing food or uncleaned food surfaces. The use of Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen for these purposes may result in false positive results.
- 3. The absence of a colour change does not necessarily imply the absence of target bacteria. Reasons for this may include:
  - a. Inadequate neutralization of sanitizing agents.
  - **b.** Numbers of target organisms are below the detection level of the test.

- **c.** The target organisms, although present may be severely damaged and unable to be resuscitated.
- 4. A colour change indicative of the target organism may arise due to the presence of excessively high numbers of other organism species.

Non target organisms that when in sufficiently high numbers (> $10^6$  per swab) may result in false positive test results.

The potential cause of false positive results is the presence of organisms of enteric origins. The occurrence of false positive results may be an important indicator of poor cleaning and sanitising practices.

#### 10. PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Comprehensive sensitivity and specificity data is available for all pathogen detection products. Please refer to: Extended User Instructions for Path Chek Hygiene swabbing kits. As a general guide to product sensitivity refer to the following table.

Target	Direct	Wet Surface	Dry Surface
Organism	Inoculation (1)	(2)	(3)
Salmonella	<5 CFU	<5 CFU	

#### Notes:

- (1) Organisms inoculated directly onto swab.
- (2) Organisms recovered from a standard 100cm<sup>2</sup> wet surface.
- (3) Organisms recovered from a standard 100cm<sup>2</sup> surface, dried and then recovered.