PLAN NOW, BE PREPARED LATER

Create a household plan of action to ensure proper quarantine or isolation in case of potential or confirmed Covid-19 sickness.

For essential activities outside of home, such as work or groceries, limit the number of household members leaving the home.

If required to share a car, keep distance, wear a mask, and allow for fresh air to circulate.

Stay home as much as possible, do not gather with others outside of your household, and do not accept any visitors.

When in public or sick at home, wear a mask, avoid crowds, and social distance.

Wash your hands often with soap and water or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer, both for at least 20 seconds.

Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue or inside your elbow. Do not touch eyes, nose, or mouth with unwashed hands.

Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces, like door handle, phone, or steering wheel.

Have at least two weeks of essential supplies, medicines, and food for your household, especially for those at greater risk for serious complications.

Upon return home, remove jacket and shoes, and leave them outside of home. Wash your hands. If possible, change out of clothes and shower.

Choose a room that can be used to separate sick household members from others and think through logistics around safe conduct and care.

Talk to your employer about their emergency operations plan.

Maintain a healthy lifestyle, including regular exercise, healthy diet, adequate rest, and daily supplements as needed (e.g. Vitamin D, multivitamins, Vitamin C, Vitamin B12).

Consult your traditional practitioner and health professional on ways to further support your health.

If people at higher risk must care for children in their household, the children in their care should not have contact with individuals outside the household.

Create an emergency contact list in case of sickness so that you can notify others and seek support if needed.

Covid-19 relief support: 1.833.956.1554 or navajohipsolidarity.org

More info on Covid-19: CDC.gov/coronavirus

Content is not intended to be a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. Always seek the advice of your physician or other qualified health provider with any questions you may have regarding a medical condition.