HOW TO CARE FOR YOUR ENCAUSTIC PAINTING

An encaustic paint film is stable in a temperature range of approximately 40-125°F. Wax is more fragile in the cold and becomes extremely brittle in freezing temperatures. If you would drop the painting is cold temperatures it will shatter. The wax paintings will begin to shift at 125°F. The wax begins to be workable at 150°F, and it becomes liquid at 162°F. Very hot days can soften the wax somewhat, but will cause no real damage.

IF YOU MUST TRANSPORT THE PAINTING IN HOT OR COLD WEATHER SIMPLY FIRST COVER THE ENTIRE WAX SURFACE WITH WAX PAPER, THEN CARDBOARD, AND SOME FORM OF INSULATION. WHEN THAT PAINTING IS AT ROOM TEMPERATURE REMOVE THE WAX PAPER AND UNWRAP THE PAINTING. WHEN IN VERY HOT WEATHER THE WAX PAPER WILL STICK TO THE PAINTING BUT WILL CAUSE NO DAMAGE AS LONG AS IT IS REMOVED AT ROOM TEMPERATURE.

Do not hang your painting in direct sunlight. You should never put any fine art in direct sun, but with encaustic there could be more immediate consequences. If you are nervous about the placement of the painting just feel the surface of the wax. If it is warm the painting needs to be moved to an area with less direct sunlight. It should always feel cool to the touch.

Encauste does not need to be under glass. I do not frame my work with glass. If encased in glass and hung in direct sunlight, the glass will magnify the light and the space between painting and glass can heat up dramatically causing the painting to melt and shift. The paints have a damar resin in its formula; this cures and hardens the wax over time making the paint less vulnerable to damage. It's like varnishing the painting from within...so it doesn't need glass. However, you can still take your fingernail and scratch the surface. Remember that the edges of the painting are very fragile.

You will need to buff your painting when it seems dull or hazed over. The painting should always be shiny. Buffing brings out all the colors in the piece. When the painting is "young" or recently finished, that resin has not yet had time to cure and harden. It will therefore go back to a matte looking surface after buffing the first few times. As time goes by and the mixture has had a chance to cure and harden, (could take up to 6 months) it will keep its buffed polished look. At this point, it also sheds dust and dirt more readily. When the painting is at room temperature or cooler take a soft **100% lint-free cotton cloth** (they are used for buffing cars) and buff the painting like you would buff a waxed car. Do not buff painting if it is over 75°F. **Do not buff hard enough to create heat.** Buff once a month.

ENCAUSTIC PAINTS ARE PERHAPS THE MOST DURABLE FORM OF PAINTING, EVIDENCED BY THE FAIYÛM MUMMY POR-TRAITS IN EGYPT, WHICH HAVE SURVIVED OVER 2000 YEARS WITHOUT CRACKING, FLAKING, OR FADING. WAX HAS SEVERAL INHER-ENT QUALITIES THAT ALLOW IT TO WITHSTAND THE TEST OF TIME: IT IS A NATURAL ADHESIVE AND PRESERVATIVE; IT IS MOISTURE RE-SISTANT, MILDEW AND FUNGUS RESISTANT, AND UNAPPETIZING TO INSECTS. WAX PAINT ALSO DOES NOT CONTAIN SOLVENTS OR OILS SO THEY WILL NOT DARKEN OR YELLOW WITH AGE. LEAVING THE PAINTING AS FRESH AS THE DAY IT WAS PAINTED.

PLEASE CONTACT ME IF YOU ANY MORE QUESTIONS • JESSIE@JESSIEFRITSCH.COM OR 715-252-4125

JESSIE FRITSCH ENCAUSTICS • BUZZ IN ART STUDIOS • STEVENS POINT, WI • JESSIE FRITSCH.COM