DIVINE LITURGY INTENTIONS	Maronite Synaxarion
Sunday, November 24th 8:30am Gary Myers by Clarissa and Allan Moser 11:00am Deacon Bob Foster (1 Yr. Anniv.) by Barbara Foster Charlotte Fehrenbach by Sdn. Chuck and Mary Beth Abraham	St. Catherine the Virgin, Martyr
Monday, November 25th No Service	St. Clement I, Pope and Martyr
Tuesday, November 26th 9:00am Divine Liturgy	St. Peter, Patriarch of Alexandria, Martyr
Wednesday, November 27th 9:00am Divine Liturgy	St. James the Intercisus, Martyr
Thursday, November 28th Thanksgiving Day 9:00am – Divine Liturgy	St. Stephen the Younger, Martyr
Friday, November 29th 9:00am Divine Liturgy	St. Saturninus and Sisinius, Martyrs
Saturday, November 30th 9:00am Divine Liturgy	St. Andrew the Apostle
Sunday, December 1st 8:30am Chris Hamad on his birthday by Sandy Hamad and family 11:00am Elie El-Asmar by the OLC Caregivers	The Prophet Nahum

Please don't forget to offer intentions for your Loved ones; living or deceased.

We believe in the Power of the Eucharist



Welcome New Parishioners

Please register at our parish office

DIVINE LITURGY SCHEDULE

Sunday 8:30am. & 11:00am
Monday No Service
Tuesday 9:00am
Wednesday 9:00am
Thursday No Service
Friday 9:00am
Saturday 9:00am

CONFESSION

Available following Saturday
Divine Liturgy
or by appointment

SACRAMENTS

Baptism & Chrismation
Contact the Parish Office

Marriage

Contact the Parish Office at least 6 months before the wedding

Sick Calls & Anointing

Notify Fr. Ron Through the Parish Office

DEACON Thomas Maroon, Sr.

<u>SUBDEACON</u> Paul Boulos <u>SUBDEACON</u> Chuck Abraham

CAREGIVERS Chuck Abraham

Website:

www.Ourladyofthecedarschurch.org

Email:

Ourladyofthecedarschurch@gmail.com

Banquet Hall / Caterer:

Tangier at the Cedars

Angelica George (330) 418-4778

FATHER RONALD EID (330) 666-3598 EXT. 100

PARISH OFFICE HOURS TUESDAY – FRIDAY 9:00AM – 1:00PM

November 24, 2024

Announcement To The Virgin Mary

"Do not be afraid, Mary, for you have found favor with God. Behold, you will conceive in your womb and bear a son, and you shall name him Jesus."

Luke 1:30



READINGS

THIS SUNDAY

Announcement to the Virgin Mary

Galatians 3:15-22 Luke 1:26-38 2 Samuel 7:8-17

EPISTLE READERS

Sunday, November 24

8:30am – Stephanie Hamad 11:00am – Layla Roland

Sunday, December 1

8:30am – Tom Jesser, Jr. 11:00am – Michelle Reyes

Sunday, December 8

8:30am – Cheryl Christ 11:00am – Monique Binkley

Sunday, December 15

8:30am – Chris Abraham 11:00am - Mike Kelly

Coming Events

Parish Advisory Board Meeting - TBA

Ladies' Guild Meeting – 11-24-24

Men's Club Meeting - TBA

<u>Caregivers' Meeting - 12-1-24</u> (Following 8:30 Liturgy)

Next special collection:

December 8th

Maronite Patriarchal Charities

Next First Friday Divine Liturgy
And Adoration
will be held on
Friday, December 6th

Counting our Blessings

Weekly Collection November 10, 2024 \$3,175.00

Thank you for your generosity!

Electronic Giving

If you would like to make your Sunday contributions, or give a donation please scan the QR Code below:



In Thanksgiving
For each new morning
with its light,
For rest and shelter of the
night,
For health and food,
For love and friends,
For everything thy
goodness sends. Annen



Thanksgiving Day

Thanksgiving Day, annual national holiday in the United States and Canada celebrating the harvest and other blessings of the past year. Americans generally believe that their Thanksgiving is modeled on a 1621 harvest feast shared by the English colonists (Pilgrims) of Plymouth and the Wampanoag people. The American holiday is particularly rich in legend and symbolism, and the traditional fare of the Thanksgiving meal typically includes turkey, bread stuffing, potatoes, cranberries, and pumpkin pie. With respect to vehicular travel, the holiday is often the busiest of the year, as family members gather with one another.

Plymouth's Thanksgiving began with a few colonists going out "fowling," possibly for turkeys but more probably for the easier prey of geese and ducks, since they "in one day killed as much as...served the company almost a week." Next, 90 or so Wampanoag made a surprise appearance at the settlement's gate, doubtlessly unnerving the 50 or so colonists. Nevertheless, over the next few days the two groups socialized without incident. The Wampanoag contributed venison to the feast, which included the fowl and probably fish, eels, shellfish, stews, vegetables, and beer. Since Plymouth had few buildings and manufactured goods, most people ate outside while sitting on the ground or on barrels with plates on their laps. The men fired guns, ran races, and drank liquor, struggling to speak in broken English and Wampanoag. This was a rather disorderly affair, but it sealed a treaty between the two groups that lasted until King Philip's War (1675–76), in which hundreds of colonists and thousands of Native Americans lost their lives.

The New England colonists were accustomed to regularly celebrating "Thanksgivings," days of prayer thanking God for blessings such as military victory or the end of a drought. The U.S. Continental Congress proclaimed a national Thanksgiving upon the enactment of the Constitution, for example. Yet, after 1798, the new U.S. Congress left Thanksgiving declarations to the states; some objected to the national government's involvement in a religious observance, Southerners were slow to adopt a New England custom, and others took offense over the day's being used to hold partisan speeches and parades. A national Thanksgiving Day seemed more like a lightning rod for controversy than a unifying force.

Thanksgiving Day did not become an official holiday until Northerners dominated the federal government. While sectional tensions prevailed in the mid-19th century, the editor of the popular magazine Godey's Lady's Book, Sarah Josepha Hale, campaigned for a national Thanksgiving Day to promote unity. She finally won the support of President Abraham Lincoln. On October 3, 1863, during the Civil War, Lincoln proclaimed a national day of thanksgiving to be celebrated on Thursday, November 26.

The holiday was annually proclaimed by every president thereafter, and the date chosen, with few exceptions, was the last Thursday in November. President Franklin D. Roosevelt, however, attempted to extend the Christmas shopping season, which generally begins with the Thanksgiving holiday, and to boost the economy by moving the date back a week, to the third week in November. But not all states complied, and, after a joint resolution of Congress in 1941, Roosevelt issued a proclamation in 1942 designating the fourth Thursday in November (which is not always the last Thursday) as Thanksgiving Day.

As the country became more urban and family members began to live farther apart, Thanksgiving became a time to gather together. The holiday moved away from its religious roots to allow immigrants of every background to participate in a common tradition. Thanksgiving Day football games, beginning with Yale versus Princeton in 1876, enabled fans to add some rowdiness to the holiday. In the late 1800s parades of costumed revelers became common. In 1920 Gimbel's department store in Philadelphia staged a parade of about 50 people with Santa Claus at the rear of the procession. Since 1924 the annual Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parade in New York City has continued the tradition, with huge balloons since 1927. The holiday associated with Pilgrims and Native Americans has come to symbolize intercultural peace, America's opportunity for newcomers, and the sanctity of home and family.



CANTICLE OF MARY

(Luke 1:46-55)

The soul rejoices in the Lord

My soul proclaims the greatness of the Lord, my spirit rejoices in God my Savior for he has looked with favor on his lowly servant.

From this day all generations will call me blessed: the Almighty has done great things for me, and holy is his Name.

He has mercy on those who fear him in every generation.

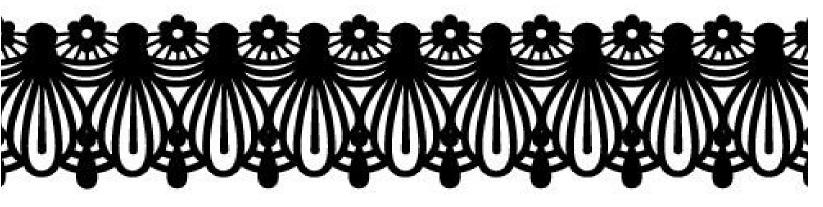
He has shown the strength of his arm, he has scattered the proud in their conceit.

He has cast down the mighty from their thrones, and has lifted up the lowly.

He has filled the hungry with good things, and the rich he has sent away empty.

He has come to the help of his servant Israel for he has remembered his promise of mercy, the promise he made to our fathers, to Abraham and his children for ever.

Glory to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Spirit, as it was in the beginning, is now, and will be for ever. Amen.





Selfless Kindness: Loving Others as God Loves Us

Dear Friends in Christ,

This week, let us reflect on the powerful lesson of humility and selfless love that St. Paul gives us in his letters. In Philippians, he writes, *"Do nothing out of selfish ambition or vain conceit. Rather, in humility, value others above yourselves."* And in his first letter to the Corinthians, he reminds us, *"If I give all I possess to the poor and give over my body to hardship that I may boast, but do not have love, I gain nothing."* These words challenge us to look deeply at our motives and intentions, especially when it comes to the kindness we show others.

Often, we go about acts of kindness with hidden expectations or hopes for recognition, approval, or even something in return. Sometimes, we act as "people pleasers," focusing on making others happy or gaining their favor, rather than truly serving out of love. But when we do things only to receive praise or approval, or when we act kindly with the thought of what we might gain in return, we're not practicing true Christian love. Our actions become empty and lack the spirit of humility that Christ taught us.

True kindness is not transactional; it doesn't say, "I'll do this for you if you do something for me." It asks for nothing in return because it is rooted in God's love, which is self-giving and unconditional. St. Paul calls us to be "God-pleasers" rather than "people-pleasers." This doesn't mean we ignore others or care about their feelings less, but it means that our deepest concern is living in a way that pleases God. We are invited to love as God loves: freely, fully, and with no strings attached.

This week, I encourage us all to practice unselfish kindness in our daily lives. Let's examine our motives and seek to act purely for the glory of God, with hearts centered on His love. When we approach others with true humility, valuing them as God values them, our kindness is filled with grace and becomes a reflection of God's own love.

May our acts of kindness spring from genuine love, and may we find joy in serving as Christ served—selflessly, humbly, and always for the glory of God.

In Christ's peace, Fr. Ronald

Saints Joachim and Anne's Story

In the Scriptures, Matthew and Luke furnish a legal family history of Jesus, tracing ancestry to show that Jesus is the culmination of great promises. Not only is his mother's family neglected, we also know nothing factual about them except that they existed. Even the names "Joachim" and "Anne" come from a legendary source written more than a century after Jesus died.

The heroism and holiness of these people however, is inferred from the whole family atmosphere around Mary in the Scriptures. Whether we rely on the legends about Mary's childhood or make guesses from the information in the Bible, we see in her a fulfillment of many generations of prayerful persons, herself steeped in the religious traditions of her people.

The strong character of Mary in making decisions, her continuous practice of prayer, her devotion to the laws of her faith, her steadiness at moments of crisis, and her devotion to her relatives—all indicate a close-knit, loving family that looked forward to the next generation even while retaining the best of the past.

Joachim and Anne—whether these are their real names or not—represent that entire quiet series of generations who faithfully perform their duties, practice their faith, and establish an atmosphere for the coming of the Messiah, but remain obscure.

