

Reference Guide for Disinfection in Simulation

by David Shablak, NRP, CHSOS - William Belk, NRP, FP-C

Handwashing:



Cleaning vs Disinfecting:

Cleaning is the physical washing away of contaminants using soap and water. Disinfecting is the use of chemicals to kill germs remaining on a surface. 1

Surfaces should always be cleaned before disinfecting. 12

EPA "List -N"

List of chemicals known by the EPA to kill contagion. This list can be focused based on what you are looking to disinfect, such as COViD. 3

Guidelines for Cleaning Manikins:

- Clean all manikins with soap and water prior to disinfecting.
- Laerdal and CAE recommend disinfecting with 70% isopropyl alcohol.
- CPR manikin faces can be disinfected with a sodium hypochlorite solution. 4
- Do not scrub manikin skins

Best Practices for Sim Center Cleaning:

Hard Surfaces: Clean with soap and water prior to disinfecting. Be sure to disinfect all commonly touched surfaces such as doorknobs, light switches, and water fountains. Follow guidelines and safety recommendations for each chemical according the EPA's List N.

Clothing and Fabric: Do not shake. Wash with hottest water setting the fabric will allow. Use disposable or washable hamper liners. 1

Consider wipeable/disposable covers for touch screens and keyboards.

Soft Surfaces: Launder if possible or use an approved cleaner from List N or the manufacturer. ^{1 3}



varies per manufacturers quidelines. Refer to EPA List N for dwell time of specific chemicals. 3



Sodium Hypochlorite Solution: ¹∕₃ cup of bleach (1000ppm minimum) per gallon of water.

Remove jewelry

and rinse hands

with warm running

water. Use friction

to lather soap

entirely over both hands. Wash

thoroughly under running water.

Turn off faucet with wrist/elbow. Dry hands with a disposable towel or electric air dryer. If handwash-

ing is not available: Rub an

adequate amount of antiseptic

the antiseptic dry on its own. 6

Contact Time (Dwell Time):

The amount of time a disinfectant

surface to properly kill contagions;

need to remain visibly wet on a

hand sanitizer on all surfaces. Let

Contact time 1 minute on surface. 1

Disinfection with UV:

UV changes the structure of genetic material and prevents replication of germs. Shading and shadowing can prevent UV light from effectively disinfecting surfaces.⁸ Caution: UV can burn your eyes and skin causing lasting damage.⁹



Use manufacturer guidelines for cleaning. If none, use an alcohol based cleaner of at least 70% isopropyl alcohol and allow to dry.

Avoid bleach/alcohol/abrasives on touch screens! 1

VR Equipment:

Electronics:

- Use disposable covers and disinfect between users.
- Wet with 70% alcohol solution or other disinfectant and allow to completely dry.
- Do not use any cleaners on the lenses. Avoid UV light due to potential for burning the screens.

Common disinfectants:

- Quaternary Ammonium, the most common ingredient on List-N.³
- Sodium Hypochlorite, the main ingredient in bleach.
- Hydrogen Peroxide.
- Do not mix cleaning chemicals. Always follow the manufacturer's guidelines.
- Isopropyl Alcohol with a percentage higher than 70% will evaporate too quickly to allow it to kill contagions.



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